News from all Nations.

—A man named Henry Taylor, while out gunning with a companion last Sunday, in Leominster, Mass., accidently shot himself, and died almost immediately.

—Seven men who were fishing in dories belonging to the fishing vessels in Boston Harbor, were drowned during the gale of Saturday afternoon. They were all residents of South Boston, and nearly all leave families.

—A woman named Henrietta Meyer obtained a judgment in the Circuit Court, at St. Louis, against the Pacific Railroad for $5,000 damages, occasioned by the killing of her husband last July. Meyer was a flag man, and while signaling one train was run over by another coming from an opposite direction.

—Cars will be running over 860 miles of the Union Pacific Railroad on Monday next. President Johnson has placed Cornelius Wendell, of Washington, in the Board of Commissioners, and has removed Mr. White.

—A. R. Scott, of Harlem, Mo., was murdered on Thursday night by some unknown person, who called him to the door of his house and shot him. Mr. Scott was recently appointed one of the Judges of Election, and had furnished information to the Registers. His murder is attributed to political opponents.

—The Tenth Cavalry (colored) recently had a fight with 700 Cheyenne and Arrapahoe Indians at Buffalo Station. Nine Indians were killed, thirty wounded, and three soldiers wounded. An attack on Fort Dodge is anticipated, and all the troops are being moved in that direction.

—Comodore C. H. Poor has been promoted to be Rear-admiral, *vice* Rear-Admiral H. K. Hoff, retired.

—Minister Johnson has telegraphed that Great Britain proposes to refer the question of a mixed committee to settle the *Alabama* claims to the King of Prussia for arbitration, but he does not say that he has agreed to it, nor is it understood that this Government will give its consent to any such arrangement.

—Marshall S. P. Pollard, sentenced Aug. 31 to four months imprisonment and to pay a fine of $1,300 for distilling liquor in connection with his vinegar business without payment of tax, has been pardoned by the President.

—The young student who fell from the stairway of the third story of the Agricultural College near Bladensburg, Md., on Friday last, has since died from the injuries received. His name is not reported.

—The insurrectionists in Cuba are still committing depredations in various localities. Volunteer companies are organizing, however, for the support of the Government, and the bands of marranders are being dispersed. Heavy rains have interfered with recent military movements.

—A man has been arrested in San Francisco charged with having murdered Capt. Mitchell, of the United States steamer *Saginaw*, a few nights since. The accused says that the Captain, threatened his life, and he struck him in self-defence.

—Mr. Alexander Rea, of Centralia, Penn., one of the best citizens, was murdered on Saturday. He was driving over to the colliery of the Locust Mountain Coal and Iron Company, of which he was agent, for the purpose of finishing the payment of the hands, which had not been completed the day before. When about a mile from Centralia it is supposed he stopped at a watering trough to water his horse, and while doing this he was fired upon by unknown persons. Six bullets entered his body, killing him instantly. The body was rifled of about $500 and the murderers escaped.

—On Thursday night, five men armed with revolvers, jumped on board the canal-boat *Somerset* as it was passing under a bridge a few miles east of Buffalo, and threatening the captain and steersman with their weapons, robbed them of about $100 in money and some clothing. No clue to the robbers has been found.

—A very sad calamity occurred at Peabody, Mass., Tuesday afternoon. Three of the children of Byron Goodell—a boy and girl, (twins,) 5 years old, and a girl of 3—set fire to his barn while playing with matches, and were burned to death with it. The mother discovered the fire soon after it broke out, but was utterly powerless to save her children.

—The Legislature of Louisiana adjourned *sine die* at midnight of Tuesday. Among the last acts of the House was the passage of the five million city bond bill over the Governor's veto. The Senate, however, sustained the veto by a vote of 19 to 9.

—Col. Pope, the late Sheriff of St. Mary's Parish, La., who was recently assassinated, formerly commanded the Twenty-third Illinois Regiment instead of the Twenty-ninth, as has been stated. His body was sent North from New-Orleans in the steamer *Nicholas Longworth.*

—Fiske's building on Mill-street, Rochester, N. Y., was damaged by fire on Tuesday evening to the amount of several hundred dollars.

—The victor in the late prize fight on the Isle of Shoals, George Sheddons, has been arrested in Boston. He is to be tried for violation of the law against prize fighting.

—Eight boys were poisoned, Saturday, at Suncook, N. H., from eating Indian turnips for artichokes. Two have since died.

—Gen. Cassius Fairchild, United States Marshal for Wisconsin, and a brother of Gov. Fairchild, died at Milwaukee, Saturday morning, from a wound received at the battle of Shiloh. He was married on his death bed to a young lady of that city.

—Gov. Scott, of South Carolina, has issued a proclamation in which he says that information has been received that Samuel Murtishaw and William Fitzgerald were the murderers of the negro, Lee Nance, and offers a reward of $2,500 each, for their apprehension and delivery in jail, with proof to convict.

—Charles E. Gilbert, who was confined in the prison at Wethersfield, Conn., for a murder committed in New Britain, escaped by scaling the wall. A diligent search for him was made at once, but without success.

—Nearly all the heads of Departments, it is reported, are engaged upon their annual reports for submission to Congress. The Secretary of the Treasury has nearly completed the report for his Department. The President has not commenced his message.

—The Presidency of Harvard College has been offered to Rev. Dr. Andrew P. Peabody, the college preacher, and he is considering whether to accept it.

—It is rumored in Canada that a deficit of $162,000 has been discovered in the public accounts of the Province of Quebec.

—Information has been received at Havana to the effect that two hundred insurrectionists have surrendered to the Government troops at Manzanillo. A fight took place at Tunas, in which the rebels were defeated, losing all their equipments. The trouble is all confined to a small district in the interior.

Bradford Reporter.

Towanda, Thursday, Oct. 29, 1868.

National Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT

GEN. ULYSSES S. GRANT

FOR VICE PRESIDENT

HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

G. Morrison Coates,
Thomas M. Marshall,
William H. Barnes,
William J. Pollock,
Richard Wildey,
George W. Hill,
Watson P. Magill,
John H. Bringhurst,
Frank C. Hooton,
Isaac Eckert,
Maris Hoopes,
David M. Rank,
William Davis,
Winthrop W. Ketcham,
Samuel Knorr,
Benjamin F. Wagenseller,
Charle H. Mullen,
George W. Elder,
John Stewart,
Jacob Grafius,
James Sill,
Henry C. Johnson,
John K. Ewing,
William Frew,
Alexander W. Crawford,
James S. Rutan.

EVERY MAN TO HIS POST.

Friends of the Union, beware of a false confidence in the completeness of victory! You have succeeded in breaking and repelling the enemy's onset, and have driven them back for the moment demoralized and tempted to dispair of the contest. But we see them again rallying into line; they still obey the voices of leaders whom they cannot reject if they would; they will soon be, if they are not already, formed for another attack, and that one to be far more desperate and critical than the last. Despair will nerve their arms, and the fight they are again to give us will be to them one of life or death. They have all to gain and nothing to lose; you have everything to lose by suffering your first triumph to betray you into a final defeat.

Consider, Republican reader, that you have only the small majority of ten thousand in this State, in a total poll of nearly six hundred and fifty thousand votes. More than three hundred thousand citizens of Pennsylvania voted against you, and they will do it again if leaders can coax or drive them to the polls. Any evidences of wavering, or confusion, or of over-confident carelessness on your part, are a direct encouragement to the enemy, and will surely lead to your overthrow at the next trial. Standing to your post, on the other hand, every man of you, your ballots ready, your lines closed and presenting a compact front, resolute, vigilant and confident for your country's cause, the moral effect of the first repulse will be strengthened by your evident ability to repeat it, and you will find it a far easier task to hurl back and scatter an enemy knowing itself to be already whipped, in an irreparable rout.

You have but a few days for preparations. Let every day, and every evening, be improved. Remember that years must elapse before you can be again invited to similar duties and resposibilities. You have enjoyed repose, after the glorious exertions which gave you the preliminary victory. Time flies; wake up the slumbering, beat the long roll, and fall in! The enemy presumes upon your fatal reliance on past results, and hopes to find your numbers diminished. Let there be no stragglers, none asleep. Grant no leaves of absence; picket every road, so that you may see all the absentees and recall them to their duty. No citizen should leave home who is not sure to be at hand on Tuesday next. No expedient should be omitted now, to secure a victory in November, which has been found of service in winning the October election. Your Clubs should resume their regular meetings; let every lamp be trimed bright and its bearer ready at roll-call. Give your banners once more to the air; let your music be heard in all quarters of our crowded towns and float over every country hill; gather together and call in speakers to address you; take account of your neighborhoods, and let each district aim to exceed all others in its increased vote for the Hero of Appomatox, whose civic triumphs shall be green in history when even his military glories shall fade in the comparison.

Men and brethren, friends of the Union! We entreat you to heed these suggestions! For your own sake, if not for that of your children or your country, give these this short time to the Great Cause, as heartily and generously as you have already given to it months. Do not peril all you have won, by inviting a successful attack upon your lines flushed and disorganized by one triumph. A few days more of fidelity to your own principles, and all will be well—and well forever. Halt now, disarm, leave the field for the quiet of your homelier lives, and you will lose all. How bitterly you would then reproach yourselves for the criminal with which you laid down your arms too soon, and betrayed the Cause of the Republic, of Law and of Peace, to its ruin.

We write earnestly, for we feel that this cause is in danger from the carelessness of its friends. We know that the strain upon all nerves, upon all loyal hearts, has been a severe one, for months, and how the natural reaction tempts to a listless repose. But it is well to remember that no such anxious strain is now needed; *we all know* that what has been done, can be done again and that, if we will, the last hours of this campaign may witness our triumphant march from the first victory to the final rout of the rebels, our ranks swelling with hundreds of thousands of citizens who will flock to our standards, until the grand array of friends of the Union shall be a second time reviewed and dismissed, under the walls of the Capitol, by Ulysses S. Grant.

FORWARD.

Nothing remains to be done but to register in November the decree of October. The election of Grant and Colfax is placed beyond doubt or danger. With their triumph comes order; with an overwhelming majority comes peace; and while the maintainance of order in the rebel States, with force if necessary, is the almost universal demand of the American people, the hope of peace which will not require force, is their dearest wish. A mere majority of the votes of the people, or a bare majority in the electoral college for Grant, give us the power to keep violence under by the power of the Government; but an enormous vote at the polls will demonstrate the utter folly of continued violence.

A full vote, and its consequence, a mighty majority, is the object of that party which fights this civic battle under the banner, and with the object of "peace," On every vote cast for Grant, rely upon it, the safty of a Union man in the South depends, and the manifestation of power at the polls will render its existence unnecessary hereafter. Our victory is sure, but is not in our power to make it a bloodless one, and while the lives and property of our compatriots in the South are now assured of protection, let us see that this protection shall come from ballots, and not bullets. The issue is in our hands.—Another war to protect those who clung to us in our calamity, or a decision at the ballot-box so grand and positive that another war will be unnecessary.

Freemen! a nobler motive never animated a party. A nobler motto than ours never graced a banner, and a nobler leader never before led on a victorious host. One more charge, and an unconddititional surrender of the tottering Democracy will protect our land form bloodshed, our national honor from the stain of repudiation, and our form of free government from every danger and shame which our defeat, or mere success, might bring upon us. Forward, then, to another and final victory.

Now for Appomattox!—We have given the enemy their Gettysburg defeat; now for Appomattox! March on from conquering to conquest. Let not a jot or tittle of our organization or our zeal be abated. Follow up the victory and let Copperheads, treason and repudiation be driven from the country and from the world. Let no false security—no feeling that the victory is already won, lull the Republicans into inaction. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty," and it is the price of political success. Keep in line and keep battering away at the enemy's ramparts until sundown on the third day of November. Work! work hard. Act as if on the personal exertions of each man depended the fate of the country. We should have 30,000 majority for Grant and Colfax in Pennsylvania.—Of the honest, fair, legal vote of the State we have more than that majority to-day. At the November election, thousands of the imported Klu Klux from other States, will be home to vote. The Sharswood Naturalization machine has ground out its heaviest grist, and has suspended business since the defeat of all their schemes by the sturdy freemen on the last election day. They cannot poll so large an illegal vote in November, while the Republicans will have the votes of thousands for Grant who did not vote our ticket at the State election. Don't relax your efforts.—We must show an overwhelming popular majority, and force and Appomattox surrender.

☞ The Baltimore *Gazette* says in their nominees the Democracy "selected two candidates whose antecedents were widely different, although they now stand on a common platform.—The name of one was regarded as a pledge of good feith to the North.—That of the other as a similar pledge to the South." Now, which is which, according to the ideas of the *Gazette?* Was Seymour a "pledge of good faith to the North" by reason of his conduct during the war? Or was Blair a "pledge of good faith to the South" by reason of *his* conduct during the war? If it be the other way, then what is the South to think of Seymour, or the North to think of Blair?

The Democratic leaders are advertising for another candidate for President. Why not be honest for once with their followers and take Grant, who was the first choice of honest men of all parties?

☞ A stirring address from Hon. G. A. Grow, chairman of the Republican State Committee, congratulatory of the great victory in Pennsylvania, is published on our outside. Mr. Grow sounds the charge for another vigorous onslaught on the foe.

Republicans! Keep up your organizations. The enemy are in full retreat. The battle of Five Forks has been fought. "Push them!"—"Push them!"

If Seymour is forced to retire he will leave a vacancy very hard to fill; for nobody wants to walk into what is simply a ghastly sepulchre.

The rebel Democrats want to get rid of Seymour, but they do not propose to dismantle their rebel platform. That stands like a scaffold for any other victim.

WEST VIRGINIA O. K.

Returns from all of the counties in West Virginia, but four, shows a Republican majority in the State of between 4,000 and 5,000. The three Congressional Districts elect Republicans. The Legislature is largely Republican.

Mr. Grow.—The spirited address of Hon. Galusha A. Grow, Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, on the great victory over the rebel Democracy of Pennsylvania, (says the *Press*,) is a capital summary of the principles vindicated by that result, and an eloquent invocation to renewed exertions for the Presidential contest. In this connection we are gratified to notice the conscientions and unwearied exertions of Mr. Grow during the most exciting campaign in our history.—His speeches were frequent, able, and courteous, and his organization quiet, effective, and searching. Mr. Grow deserves the thanks of the whole Republican party for the manner in which he aided to marshal us to victory.

Legal proceedings were commenced Friday in the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia to contest the late election in that city. The Republican candidates for the offices of District Attorney, receiver of taxes, and Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas, filed the proper petitions, and notice was at once given to the opposing candidates. These offices are required to be contested within ten days after the election. The offices, such as Mayor, City Solicitor, City Comptroller, City Commissioner, &c., are allowed twenty days to file their specifications. These are now being prepared and will be presented in due time.

Don't Become Lukewarm.—We appeal to our Republican friends in the different districts not to abate their vigilance in the great work that is before them. We have given them, our foes, a good threshing, it is true, but they are not entirely lifeless.—Another and still severer drubbing must be administered to them in November! You know their weak points! Recanvass your districts—capture the stragglers from their camps—and when election day comes be prepared to assault their lines with even greater vigor than you did on Tuesday 13th. Keep on in the great and good work!

Keep on the Uniform.—Although we have achieved a glorious victory, we must not yet sit down to enjoy it. Another great battle is to be fought. "Wide Awakes," and "Boys in Blue," keep on your uniform, and re-fill the lanterns! Many a field has been finally lost by soldiers stopping in the first flush of victory, to enjoy the fruits thereof. Let it not thus be said of the Republican party in Bradford county! Let us re-form our lines, and continue in pursuit of the fleeing and demoralized foe. If we do this, our majority will be full 25,000 in November! Every man to his post again!

Great Meeting in New York.—An immense mass meeting to ratify the nomination of Gen Grant was held at Cooper Institute Thursday evening, in responce to a call by the leading merchants and professional men of New York City who have hitherto acted with the Democratic party. The hall was filled to overflowing, and an outside meeting was also organized. Hon. Francis B. Cutting presided, and addresses were made by Hon. Edward Pierrepont, Hon. James B. Belford, of Indiana, and others.

☞ The Electoral Ticket at the head of this paper is the GRANT & COLFAX Electoral Ticket, revised and sent to us by the Republican State Committee.

The active Republicans in every election district are requested to cut out the ticket herewith published, and preserve it for comparison and reference on the day of election. We must be on the alert for frauds at the hands of the Seymourites, until the votes are counted.

How the Democrats Might Win.—Some of the Democrats think that they might yet succeed with a change of candidates. So they might. Let them nominate Ulysses S. Grant for President, and Schuyler Colfax for Vice President, and they will stand an excellent chance of electing their candidates in November. It is their only chance, however.

Well Done.—Tioga County gives the Republican State Ticket 3361 majority. We warn the Republicans of Bradford that they must look out, or our neighbor county will strip us of our laurels. This large majority is the result of indefatigable labor! Cobb promises 3600 majority for Grant on Tuesday next.

The day for speeches has gone.—The hour for work is at hand. Let us "push things" on the 3d of November, and jubilate afterwards.—When Sheridan and Grant had whipped the rebels at Petersburg and Five Forks, they marched "on to Richmond."

Republicans! Keep up your organizations! Beware of over-confidence! Let not a man be absent from his club meetings before and his place at the polls on election day.

Republicans of Pennsylvania!—Your work is only half done. Finish it nobly on the 3d of November by giving Grant at least the Lincoln majority of 1864, 20,075.

CALIFORNIA.

Earthquake in San Francisco and neighboring Places—Nearly a Million Dollars Worth of Property Destroyed.

San Francisco, Wednesday, Oct, 21.

A heavy shock of earthquake was felt here at 7:50 o'clock this morning. The motion was east to west. Several buildings on Pine, Battery, and Samson streets, were thrown down, and a considerable number badly damaged. The ground settled, which threw buildings out of line. Several severe shocks have followed at intervals since, creating a general alarm among the people. The shock was felt with great severity at San Jose, where a number of buildings are considerably injured.

A survey of the city shows that the principle damage is confined to the lower portion, below Montgomery street, and among the old buildings on the made ground. Numerous houses in that portion of the city have been abandoned and pulled down. The Custom-house a brick building built on pile ground—which was badly shattered by the earthquake of October, 1865, is considered unsafe, and the officials have removed to the revenue buildings. Business in the lower part of the city is suspended. The streets are thronged with people and great excitement prevails. The parapet walls and chimneys of a number of buildings have been thrown down, causing loss of life. The damage will not exceed a million dollars.

At Oakland the shock was very severe, throwing down chimneys and greatly damaging a number of buildings. The ground opened in several places; and a strong sulpherous smell was noticed after the shock.

The court-house at San Leandro was demolished and one life lost.

From various portions of the country and in the vicinity of San Francisco Bay, the shock is reported as severe, and considerable damage is sustained. In many places the earth opened and water gushed forth.

The earthquake on Wednesday inflicted the greatest damage upon buildings erected upon made ground, although many walls were seriously cracked on the solid ground, and many chimneys thrown down. Nearly all the public buildings were injured more or less. There were thirty casualities reported, and five persons were killed. A second shock was felt on Thursday, at 2 o'clock P. M., causing great consternation, but doing little damage.

There was another shock of earthquake in California Friday morning at 2:15 o'clock; but it did no harm beyond sending the people of San Francisco shrieking with terror into the streets. The first of these shocks occured on Wednesday morning at 7:50 o'clock, and during that day there were felt altogether twelve shocks. On the evening of the same day at 7 o'clock another shock was felt. On the next day (Thursday) slight tremors were felt; and these were followed by the shocks of yesterday morning. A short time before the awful convulsion on the Pacific Coast of South America, two months ago, *there were premonitory shocks similar* to those we now hear of in California.

The Old "Wilmot District."—In the fall of 1844, when Francis R. Shunk, of blessed memory, was the Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, being closely pressed by adverse results in Philadelphia and elsewhere, he was saved from defeat by the splendid majorities given in the Wilmot district, in Northern Pennsylvania. The same counties in November following secured the vote of the State to James K. Polk, and made him President of of the United States. Look at them *now!* Bradford is reported at 3,800 Republican majority, Tioga at 3,500, and Susquehanna at 1,500; total Republican majority 8,800! Quere; *Where* and *who* are the "Democrats" *now?—Press.*

There are twenty Republican counties of the sixty-six in Pennsylvania that can add at least two hundred to their last majorities.

The rebel cry in the South is still "death to the Radicals." In the North the Democratic cry is "life and honor to the rebels."

Do not rely on Democrats staying at home on election day. Let every Republican vote early.

New Advertisements.

WICKHAM & BLACK'S

IS THE PLACE TO GET

CROCKERY!

As we have just received a large lot direct from the Pottery of E. Jark, Tunstall, England.

CHINA

From Haveland & Co., Simoges, France.

GLASSWARE

Of all kinds and prices.

LAMPS,

Hall, Table, Hand, &c., &c.

CHANDELIERS,

For Churches, Halls or Stores.

TOILET WARE,

In China, Earthen, and Japanned.

SILVER PLATED WARE,

Warranted of the best quality.

TOYS, FANCY GOODS,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

STONE WARE,

TABLE CUTLERY, LOOKING GLASSES, &C.

We offer to the TRADE goods at City Prices. Promising to do our best we respectfully ask you to give us a call.
Towanda, Oct. 1, 1868.

D. R. BAKER, *Master Millwright*, Is prepared to attend to all business in his line. He warrants all work done in a workmanlike manner. All orders by mail, or otherwise, addressed to me at Towanda, will be promptly attended to. June 4, 1868.—3m*

Towanda, Pa., June 26, 1868.

To all whom it may concern: I certify that I have this day appointed D. R. BAKER, of Towanda, Bradford county, Pa., an agent for the sale of *Bodines Jonval Turbine Water Wheel* for the counties of Bradford, Wyoming, Lycoming, Clinton, Clearfield, Tioga and Potter, in the State of Pennsylvania. Parties wanting these wheels can obtain them through him and he will give his personal attention to putting them in when desired. Parties by calling upon Mr. Baker, at Towanda, will be shown the wheel, and on application to him he will furnish illustrated pamphlets containing working tables, testimonials, &c., &c.

JAS. A. MACPHERSON,
General Agent for Pennsylvania, for Bodines Jonval Turbine Water Wheel.

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR Groceries cheap, at
Bramhall & Cowell's Cheap Store.

FINE SYRUPS AND MOLASSES at
McCABE & MIX'S.

New Advertisements.

STOVES ! STOVES ! STOVES !

Just received new line Stoves at

THE METROPOLITAN HARDWARE STORE,

ORWELL, PA.

Are attracting much attention. An immense variety of Stoves

ALWAYS ON HAND !

Stoves, coal or wood, that will suit you for

PARLOR, OFFICE, STORE, SCHOOL, SHOP,

CHURCH, BOAT, or COOKING STOVES

Come and see the new patterns—at least.

ONE LOOK BEFORE BUYING !

We keep all leading first-class Stoves for the opulent, or cheaper variety Stoves for the humblest. Examine for yourselves, your own interest.

S. N. BRONSON.

Orwell, Pa., Oct. 21, 1868.

LERAYSVILLE PHOTOGRAGH GALLERY.

—Satisfaction guaranteed.—Life size, Large Photograph Cabinet Pictures, Ambrotypes and Card Photographs, in the latest style and at reduced prices. Copying and enlarging done to order. We charge nothing extra for Groups, Babies pictures or Copperheads with long faces.

Call and see our specimens. Our stock of Albums, Frames, etc.

HARNDEN & CO.

LeRaysville, Oct. 22, 1868.

PRICE LIST.—CASCADE MILLS.

Best quality Winter Wheat Flour per hundred	$6 50 @ $7 00
Best quality Rye Flour per hundred	4 00
Corn Meal and Rye and Corn Feed	2 75
Buckwheat Flour, per hundred	3 50

A fair margin allowed to dealers. We pay cash for grain. Wheat $2 25 and $2 50, Rye, good, $1 50, Buckwheat 75 cents. Corn $1 25.

Custom grinding usually done at once, as the capacity of the mill is sufficient for a large amount of work.

H. B. INGHAM.

Camptown, May 7, 1868.

IN the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Penn'a.

Hassan Billings, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given, to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested; to appear on the 13th day of Nov. 1868, at 2 o'clock, p. m., before E. Overton, Jr., Register, at his office at Towanda, to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, Notice is hereby given, that he second and, third meetings of creditors of the said Bankrup required by the 27th and 28th sections of said Act, will be had before the said Register, at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS,

Oct. 29, '68 Clerk of said Court.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

Riley Sickler, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d-1866, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given, to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 13th day of NOVEMBER, 1868, at 10 o'clock, a. m., before said Court, at the office of EDWARD OVERTON, Esq., at Towanda, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given, that the second and Third Meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th Sections of said Act, will be had before said Register, at the same sime and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS.

Clerk U. S. Dist. Court for said District.

Oct. 21, 1868.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

Alonzo E. Benjamin a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given, to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 14th day of NOVEMBER, 1868, at 9 o'clock, a m, before Edward Overton, Jr, Esq., at his office in Towanda, to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further notice is hereby given, that the second and third meetings of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said Act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS,

Oct. 21, 1868, Clerk of said Court,

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

ISAAC N. LACEY, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, Notice is hereby given, to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 14th day of November, 1868, at 9 o'clock, a. m. before E. Overton, Jr., Esq., Register, at his office in Towanda, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt, And further, Notice is hereby given that the Second and Third Meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th Sections of said Act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS,

Oct. 22, 1868. Clerk of said Court.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

GEORGE SMITH, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 13th day of NOVEMBER, 1868, at 9 o'clock, a. m., before E. Overton, Jr., Esq., Register, at his office in Towanda, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, Notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third Meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th Sections of said Act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place.

S. C. McCANDLESS,

Oct. 22, 1868. Clerk of said Court.

NEW FRUIT AND FANCY

Grocery Store!

Near the Elwell House,

TOWANDA, PA.

Just started, a good supply of

FRUITS,

FOREIGN, DOMESTIC, CANNED & DRIED.

TEA, COFFEE, AND SPICES,

Nuts, Canies, Fruit Extracts,

&c. &c.

Constantly on hand, and will be sold cheap as the cheapest. Also the best quality of

BALTIMORE OYSTERS,

By measure, or can, or keg. Fresh and Fine

Remember the place

G. H. WOOD'S NEW STORE,

Between the Elwell House and Mercur's Block.

Towanda, Oct. 15, 1868.

TOWANDA COAL YARD !

ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS COALS:

The undersigned having leased the Coal Yard and Dock at the old "Barclay Basin," and just completed a large Coal House and Office upon the premises, are now prepared to furnish the citizens of Towanda and vicinity with the different kinds and sizes of the above named coals upon the most reasonable terms in any quantity desired. Prices at the Yard until further notice:

Large Egg	$5,50
Small Egg	5,50
Stove,	5,75
Chesnut,	5,00
"Barclay" Lump,	4,00
" Run of Mines,	3,50
" Fine for Blacksmith	3,0

The following additional charges will be made for delivering Coal within the Borough limits:

Per Ton,	50 cts.	extra for carrying in	50 cts
Half Ton	35 "	"	25 "
Quarter ton	25 "	"	25 "

☞ Orders must in all cases be accompanied with the cash.

D'A. OVERTON & CO.

Towanda, Oct. 1, 1868.—tf.

Miscellaneous.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS !

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES !

PROCLAMATION BY

COHEN & ROSENFIELD,

TOWANDA, PA.

WHEREAS, it seems to have pleased the inhabitants of Towanda, and vicinity, to recognise our fair way of dealing;

AND WHEREAS, We owe our sincere thanks to the community for extending to us so liberal a patronage until now;

AND WHEREAS, We deem it our duty to reciprocate all the favors bestowed upon us thus far;

We do hereby publicly PROCLAIM, that on great stock of

Fall & Winter Goods

SUCH AS BROADCLOTH, BEAVER.

Doeskin & Cassimere Suits,

Of all grades and of the latest styles will be disposed of at

REDUCED PRICES!

Our goods are manufactured in New York city by one of the members of the firm, therefore we are enabled to sell as cheap as the next, and wishing to reduce our stock, we will put our goods at such low rates as will enable anybody to buy a suit of clothes. We are receiving the

LARGEST STOCK of OVERCOATS

Ever brought to this market, such as Beaver, Chinchilla, Doeskin, &c., for Men and Boys wear. Call at the Clothing Store of

COHEN & ROSENFIELD,

And convince yourself of the fact that they do as they say and do not misrepresent any of their goods. We also call attention to our stock of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS!

Such as Cassimere and Woolen Overshirts, Undershirts and Drawers, overalls and overshirts, Gloves, Cordigan Jackets, Ties, Collars, Suspenders,

LATEST STYLES HATS & CAPS,

Which they also sell at Reduced Prices. Give us a call before buying elsewhere.

COHEN & ROSENFIELD.
Opposite Powell & Co.

Towanda, Oct. 21, 1868.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Wyalusing and vicinity that they have disposed of their old stock and have again opened at their old stand with an entire new stock of Ready Made Clothing which are of the best manufacture and of the latest style They have, Beaver, Chinchilla, Doeskin and Pilot Overcoats. Also a large assortment of Gents Furnishing Goods, such as Overshirts Undershirts, Drawers, Hats, Caps, &c., which they will sell at Reduced Prices. Having gained the confidence of the people by honest and fair dealing, they are sure of obtaining a share of their patronage. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

COHEN & ROSENFIELD.

Wyalusing, Oct 21, 1868.

TO THE FRIENDS OF EDUCATION AND LOVERS OF MUSIC.

We take pleasure in informing you that we have just opened in Towanda, on the corner of Bridge and Main Street, No. 3 Patton's Block, on Elegant New Book and Music Store, where every thing in the Book Stationery and music line may be found. Also Statuary, Paintings, Gold Pens, Spectacles, Eye Glasses Spy Glasses, Opera Glasses, and a general assortment of Musical Instruments, Yankee Notions and Fancy Articles.

Our Goods were all selected in the city with great care by experienced hands and bought with cash at a very low figure with a uiew to the wants of this community.

We feel confident we shall be able to offer bargains to all who will favor us wit their a patronage. Call and see us.

CROSS & CO.

C. F. CROSS. J. G. PATTON.

THIS IS PERSONAL TO ALL WHO READ IT.—Coss & Co., have just opened a splendid New Book and Music Store, in Patton's Block, Towanda, where they are selling everything in their line cheap for Cash. Call and see them and satisfy yourself that such is the case.

W. A. CHAMBERLIN

Has enlarged his store and has just received a large stock of Gold and Silver

AMERICAN WATCHES !

And a well selected assortment of SWISS WATCHES, all warranted to run well or the monep refunded. He keeps on hand a large assortment of the celebrated

SETH THOMAS CLOCK

Also an elegant assortment of the latest styles Gold

JEWELRY AND SILVER-WARE.

In the plated line, he has Rogers Brother

FORKS AND SPOONS!

Heavily plated

Breakfast & Dinner Castors,

Elegant treble plate double wall

ICE PITCHERS!

Handsome Cake Baskets,

BUTTER & BERRY DISHES,

Pickle Stands, Tea Bells, &c., &c., &c.

CHAMBERLIN is now keeping the

GROVER & BAKER'S

Family Sewing Machines.

These Machines are superior to all others for family use, for the following reasons:

They sew with two threads direct from the spools, and require no rewinding.

They are more easily understood and used, and less liable to derangement, than other machines.

They are capable of executing perfectly, without change of adjustment, a much greater variety of work than other machines.

The stitch made by these machines is much more firm, elastic, and durable, especially upon articles which require to be washed and ironed, than any other stitch.

This stitch, owing to the manner in which the under thread is unwrought, is much the most plump and beautiful in use, and retains this plumpness and beauty, even upon articles frequently washed and ironed, until they are worn out.

The structure of the seam is such, that, tho' it be cut or broken at intervals of only a few stitches, it will neither open, run, nor ravel, but remains firm and durable.

Unlike other machines, these fasten both ends of the seam by their own operation.

With these machines, while silk is used upon the right or face side of the seam, cotton may be used upon the other side without lessening the strength or durability of the seam. This can be done on no other machine, and is a great saving upon all articles stitched or made up with silk.

These machines, in addition to their superior merits as instruments for sewing, execute the most beautiful and permanent embroidery and ornamental work.

You can get Sewing Machine Needles, and all articles pertaining to the machine business.

WATCH AND CLOCK REPAIRING,

Done in the best manner, as usual, at low rates

Towanda, July 16, 1867.

Codding & Russell.

COSMOPOLITAN,
AMERICAN,
EMPIRE,
STERLING,
ORIENTAL,
AMERICAN BASE BURNER,
& LIGHT HOUSE,

S T O V E S,

TIN WARE,

ROGERS' BROS. & MERIDEN CO.,

Silver Plated Ware,

AND

House Furnishing Goods,

SPRINGS, AXLES,

HUBS, RIMS, SPOKES

AND

Carriage Trimmings.

LIME, CEMENT, SASH, DOORS,

AND THE VERY BEST BRANDS OF

PAINTS & OILS.

LEAD PIPE,

GAS-PIPE, BRASS, WOOD AND

IRON PUMPS!

TUCKER'S CHANDELIERS, PARLOR,

HALL AND

TABLE LAMPS!

AT CODDING & RUSSELL'S HARDWARE, IRON AND STOVE STORE, TOWANDA, PA.

Corn Shellers, Plows

THRESHERS, AND

FANNING MILLS!

Guns, Revolvers,

POWDER, SHOT, AND

CARTRIDGES.

ORIENTAL

Hot Air Furnaces,

IMPERIAL

FIRE PLACE HEATERS,

AND ALL KINDS

BASE BURNERS!

FAIRBANKS'

PLATFORM

AND

COUNTER SCALES!

KEROSENE OIL,

WINDOW GLASS

NEWARK VARNISH

DUPONT'S POWDER,

SUN BURNERS AND CHIMNEYS.

ELMIRA IRON,

AT WHOLESALE.

AT CODDING & RUSSDLL'S HARDWARE, IRON, AND STOVE STORE, TOW NDA, PA.

Miscellaneous.

TANNING & HARNESS MAKING

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership to be known as the firm of MAGEE & FULLER, for the purpose of carrying on the above business. Harness making and repairing done to order and all work warranted. Cash paid for hides.

GRIFFIN MAGEE.
EDGAR S. FULLER.

Camptown, Jan. 28, 1868.

WRAPPING PAPER!

FIVE TONS WRAPPING PAPER JUST RECEIVED,

Having secured the agency for one of the largest manufacturers in the country, we are now prepared to offer great inducements to merchants and others using Wrapping Paper. Our stock comprises everything in the line, and we respectfully solicit a portion of public patronage, as we are satisfied that we can sell goods as low as any establishment outside of the cities.

ALVORD & BARBER,

Towanda, Oct. 1, 1868 Mercur's New Block.

WARM MEALS, AT ALL HOURS

at G. W. MOFFITT'S Restaurant.—Persons coming to town for dinner, will do well to give him a call.

GEO. W MOFFITT

Towanda, June 11, 1868.

FOR SALE AT SCOTIA TANNERY

Plastering Hair at wholesale and retail, also Soap and Wagon Grease by the pound and barrel. Cash paid for Bark and Hides.

ADAM INNES.

Granville Centre, Pa., July 16, 1868.6m.

MISS HUNT'S SCHOOL FOR Young Ladies

will re-open on MONDAY the 31st day of AUGUST.

The year is divided into 4 terms of 10 weeks each.

TERMS.

English Branches	$6 50 @ $8 00
French and Latin, each	2 50 @ 4 00

Pupils will be received at any time, but no deduction will be made after admission for an absence of less than one half a term

Aug. 13, 1868.

SEMI ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF WYOMING INSURANCE COMPANY,

July 1st, 1868.

ASSETS.—BONDS.

United States Sixes of 1881,		$ 33,000
STOCKS.		
100 Shares First National Bank, Wilkes-Barre,	$13,500	
100 Shares Second National Bank Wilkes-Barre,	12,500	
103 Shares Wyoming National Bank, Wilkes-Barre,	6,400	
150 Shares Wilkes-Barre Gas Co.	8,550	
58 " " Bridge Company	4,350	
		41,300
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Cash Loans and Bonds,	$40,000	
Stock not called in,	25,000	
Judgments,	3,500	
Cash in Bank,	5,365	
Cash in hand and due from Agents,	17,450	
Other property	1,500	
Real Estate,	1,500	
		94,315
		$171,615
LOSSES.		
Losses paid in ten years,		$145,000
LIABILITIES.		
Unsettled Losses, not due,		3,550

T. B. CAMP, Agent.

First block below Ward House, 2d story.

Towanda, Sept. 2, 1868.—3m.

TOWANDA AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

TOWANDA, PENN'A.,

MANUFACTURES HUBS, SPOKES

BENT STUFF,

HEAVY AND LIGHT WAGONS,

GENERAL WOOD WORK.

WOOD TURNING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

SCROLL SAWING, PLANING, ETC., ETC

To Dealers in

HUBS, SPOKES & BENT STUFF,

We offer a

LARGE STOCK FROM WHICH TO SELECT.

The above are from the best

SECOND GROWTH HICKORY & OAK.

LIGHT AND HEAVY WAGONS ON HAND

We have the Broad and Narrow Guage.

☞ MILL PICKS made and dressed.

W. T. BISHOP, Superintendent

M. C. MERCUR, President.

Towanda, July 2, 1868.

FURNITURE!

NEW GOODS ! NEW GOODS !

NEATLY FINISHED

AT

POPULAR PRICES!

Consisting of

CHAMBER SETS, PARLOR SETS

DINING ROOM SETS,

MIRRORS, PICTURE FRAMES,

Photograph Frames, for everybody,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT FURNITURE,

Suited to this market. I have the best upholsterer in the country, and manufacture our own upholstered work.

REPAIRING AND JOBBING,

Done to order. Having an experience of 20 years in the business, I can confidently hope to please all who patronize me.

Don't forget the place. No. 155, Main st., two doors south of Beidleman's Block, Towanda, Pa.

S. T. DECKER.

Towanda, May 30, 1868.—tf.

HAT, CAP, AND FUR STORE!

The undersigned have opened a Store on the south side of Mercur's new block,

TOWANDA, PA.,

Where they intend to keep a full stock of

FASHIONABLE AND SEASONABLE

Goods, consisting of

HATS, CAPS, FURS,

TRAVELLING BAGS,

UMBRELLAS, CANES, GLOVES,

BUFFALO and WOLF ROBES, &c.

Which we will sell at the lowest possible Prices and respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of the public.

☞ Hats fitted with the American Conformater.

[illegible]

Towanda, Oct [illegible]

MUSIC, OR ANY OTHER ARTICLE

in our line, ordered at short notice by calling at the NEWS ROOM