News from all Nations.

—A large cave has been explored near Bentonville, Ark., to the distance of nine miles. One chamber is 600 feet wide and 300 feet high.

—The Fire Department of Mobile Thursday celebrated its fiftieth anniversary by parading the principal streets. The day was observed as a holiday in that city.

—A murderous affray occurred at Hempstead, Texas, on Sunday last, in which three white men were killed and two whites and two blacks wounded. The affray was in consequence of a murder committed on the previous Friday.

—Gov. Jenkins, of Georgia, denies having advised non-action on the part of the Conservatives in the approaching election.

—Gen. Meade, on the 6th inst., published an order reciting the qualifications necessary for holding civil offices in Georgia.

—A million and a half dollars' worth of New-Orleans City bonds were sold in that City on Wednesday last by the Comptroller for eighty cents on the dollar.

—The Iowa Legislature adjourned *sine die* on Wednesday last.

—The President has signed the the treaty recently made with the North German Confederation, by Hon. George Bancroft, regulating the right of citizenship, &c.

—Returns from Michigan indicate the defeat of the new constitution by about 35,000 majority. Prohibition and annual session of the Legislature are also defeated by large majorities.

—The Republicans carry Wisconsin by an increased majority on the July election. They also show large gains in the city and town elections.

—Quite a severe shock of an earthquake was experienced in Portsmouth, N. H., and vicinity, early Thursday morning. The same shock was felt in Salem, Mass.

—The colonization ship, *Golconda*, sails from Baltimore on Wednesday next for Liberia. She stops at Savannah, and will take out over six hundred emigrants, the largest number ever taken at one time.

—After an interruption of fifteen months, connection has been resumed between the Troy and Boston Railroad, and the Bennington and Rutland Railroad, and the citizens of Troy are felicitating themselves accordingly.

—The number of letters mailed in Canada has increased greatly since the reduction in the rates of postage.

—Gen. Meade has declined to issue an order suspending the collection of taxes in Georgia.

—Mr. McMahal was recently injured at the machine works in Susquehanna depot, by the bursting of a grindstone.

—Andrew Arnold, a Young America boy of Tunkhannock, recently broke his leg while playing Sam Patch and jumping from high rocks.

—Dr. Peffer, of Abbottstown, Adams county, who killed his attendant, Mr. Cole, has been sent to the Lunatic Asylum, and is a violent maniac.

—All the business places in the 4th and 5th wards of Scranton were closed on the occasion of the funeral of the victims of the Diamond mine accident.

—Knights of Pythias is the name of a new secret benevolent association which is rapidly spreading throughout the State.

—The Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Rail Road company has uniformed its employees at the expense of the company.

—The Pennsylvania Rail Road has reduced the wages of all men working in the shops of the company about 7 3-10 per cent.

—The anniversary of the surrender of the rebel Gen. Lee was celebrated in Pottsville, on Thursday last with appropriate ceremonies.

—The remains of Susanna Bichlemm, an aged insane lady, who wandered away from Fishback on the 4th of last December, has been found in the woods near Port Clinton.

—Rev. A. D. Hepburn, of Carlisle, has been elected a Professor of Logic and the English Language in the Miami University, Oxford, Ohio.

—Thomas Hanlon, the noted Gymnast, died in Harrisburg on Sunday last, from injuries inflicted upon himself by butting his head against the jail wall, where he was confined as being insane.

—An unknown boy about 15 years old, was found dead on the top of a limekiln, in North Manheim township, Schuylkill county, on Wednesday morning of last week. He had died from suffocation.

—Two little girls aged respectively one and two years, were drowned on Sunday week, near Readsville, by a horse backing the wagon in which they and their mother were riding, into Kishacoquillas creek.

—On the 31st ult., Andrew Treas, a prominent citizen of Columbia county, was crushed to death by the wheels of a loaded wagon, which passed over him.

—John W. Hurn, proprietor of a large photograph gallery on Chestnut street, Philadelphia, has been held for trial before the criminal court, for indecent advances to little girls aged respectively 9 and 11 years.

—Hannah Gibbony died last week at West Chester, aged 98 years.

—The pay of the District Attorney of Philadelphia amounts to over $60,000.

—Gen. Sherman passed through Harrisburg on Sunday, on his way to Washington.

—Mrs. Delmar, one of the pioneers of Delmar, Tioga county, recently died at the age of 90 years.

—The Cadets of Temperance are flourishing in most towns of this State.

—The body of a dead male infant, about three days old, was found by some boys in the Little Schuylkill, at Tamaqua, a few days ago.

—The Indians on the Plains are renewing hostilities by burning ranches, &c.

—They have two young ladies at Great Bend, whose united weight is 440 pounds. A good armful for two young "fellers."

—Henry L. Beach, of Montrose, has patented a new horse rake. The first patent for a horse rake ever issued was to a Pennsylvanian.

—Gov. Wells of Virginia, Gen. Sickel's appointee, has entered on the duties of his office.

Bradford Reporter.

Towanda, Thursday, April 16, 1868.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
Gen. John P. [illegible] of Montgomery.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
Col. Jacob M. Campbell, of Cambria Co.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION was held a month ago. Yet the Central Committee has not been announced, and the preliminary work of the canvass remains untouched. This wasted month of comparative repose was the most valuable of the whole season for a Chairman of the Committee who rightly understood his duties and had a mind to do it. Let there be no further delay, but summon the Committee, and let it proceed, at once and with a will, to business.—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

—The above is certainly pertinent. What is the cause of the delay in the appointment of the Chairman of the State Central Committee. It cannot be that the pure and immaculate friends of Gov. QUAY, who in the language of the *State Guard*, "have taken possession of the Republican organization of the State," intend to cheat anybody. We can't believe that M'CLURE, and MANN, and KEMBLE, who are running the machine, would lie to anybody.

As far as Bradford is concerned, we believe we speak the unanimous sentiments of the Republicans when we say we don't care a farthing whether or not there is any State Central Committee. All we ask is that they will confine their attentions elsewhere, and not embarrass us with their ill-timed courtesies. We can get out our voters without foreign aid, and we intend, even if there never should be such a thing as a State Central Committee, to give such a majority for the State Ticket, in October, and for GRANT and WADE, in November, as will be a credit to us, and materially aid in swelling the victory in the State and Union.

THE RETIRING SENATORS.—The terms of eleven Senators expire with the present legislature, as follows:

2. Jacob E. Kidgway, Rep., Philadelphia.
4. George Connell, Rep., Philadelphia.
11. George Landon, Rep., Bradford.
12. L. D. Shoemaker, Rep., Luzerne.
18. Warren Coles, Rep., McKean.
18. A. Heistand Glass, Dem., York.
19. David M'Conaughy, Rep., Adams.
22. Harry White, Rep., Indiana.
23. William A. Wallace, Dem., Clearfield.
25. James L. Graham, Rep., Allegheny.
27. R. A. Brown, Rep., Lawrence.

Of the eleven Senators retiring, nine are Republicans and two Democrats. The two Democratic Senators have decidedly Democratic districts, and will have Democratic successors. Of the nine Republicans going out, seven have positive Republican districts, one (Luzerne) is reasonably certain to give a Democratic gain, while another (Franklin and Adams) is evenly balanced on a full vote, such as will be polled next fall.

☞ The cruel murder of Hon. Geo. W. Ashburn, a Union man, in his home, at Columbus, Georgia, by a band of traitors, on the night of the 30th of March, is a sample of the horrible reign of terror now prevailing against Union men in that section. The only cause for the assassination was that he was a Union man. About two o'clock in the morning his house was surrounded by a gang of well-dressed white men with blackened faces, the doors of his room broken down, and the poor old man literally shot to pieces. No police answered until the murderers had fled and Ashburn was dead.

☞ In the case of Mrs. GAINES, against the city of New Orleans, and two other cases, the Supreme Court rendered a decision re-establishing her claim under the will of Daniel Clark, her father. Mrs. Gaines, who was in the court, was congratulated on all sides after the reading of the opinion. Prominent lawyers who are fully posted as to the value of this property, says that this decision will undoubtedly make her the wealthiest woman in America. This has been a suit, that has lasted one-quarter of a century and the final justice of the verdict will be everywhere hailed with pleasure.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* says that the statement that Chief Justice CHASE furnished the article in the Washington *Intelligencer*, denying Senator WADE's eligibility to the Presidency as Mr. JOHNSON's successor, or that he furnished any of the arguments for it, or know anything about its preparation, or that he has expressed any opinion whatever on the subject, are all alike, and equally unfounded.

☞ The Reconstruction committee has decided that one Constitution should be submitted to the people of Florida for ratification at the coming election, and will recommend to the House that the Reed Constitution; as it is called which was adopted by a majority of the Convention, be accepted as the legal organic act of the state. It provides for impartial suffrage in compliance with the requirements of the Committee.

REDUCTION OF TAXES.—The President having signed the bill abolishing the taxes on manufactures and general industry, as completed by the conference committee, this burden will cease from the 1st of April. Its effect upon the industry of the country will be wholesome, and lead to largely increased investments in manufactures throughout our country.

WILSON ON GRANT.

The testimony multiplies, which ought to forever silence the base slanders which have made Gen. Grant a [illegible] Senator WILSON, to [illegible] reputation [illegible] equal to the best, and withal a faithful and consistent temperance man, takes occasion to testify in a recent letter:

"I have seen Gen. Grant in the camp, in his office, and at his own house and at dinner parties where liquors were freely used by others, but I have never seen him drink even a glass of wine, nor have I ever seen him when I had the slightest reason to think he was in the least degree under the influence of drink.

He also does not suffer the opportunity to pass to give an unqualified endorsment of the political status of Gen. GRANT.

Thirty-two years ago I fully committed myself to the anti-slavery cause, and I have striven with voice and vote to advance it to its final and crowning triumph. It was because I was an anti-slavery man, a radical Republican, because I believed the cause of equal and impartial liberty to be above the ambitions and interests of public men, and because I believe Gen. Grant would carry that cause to assure victory, that I turned to him as the Presidential candidate of the Republican party. I know him to be an honest, just and firm man, whose fidelity to his country and to the equal rights of all his country cannot be questioned.

Gladly would I have welcomed the nomination of some one of the veteran anti-slavery men, if such nomination could have assured the success of our cause in the great struggle of this year. But the pioneer anti-slavery men have ever been forced by the needs of their struggling cause to be self-sacrificing and self-forgetful.—That self-sacrificing spirit and self-forgetfulness have achieved glorious victories for humanity in the past, and I trust will win in the future the election of a President under whose administration the unity of the country will be assured, and the equal rights and privileges of all its citizens secured.

ASSASSINATION IN CANADA.—Great excitement has been created throughout the Dominion of Canada by the assassination of Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee, member of Parliment, which took place about half past two o'clock on Tuesday morning, at Ottawa. As he was about opening the door to enter his boarding house, he was shot dead by an unknown assassin. The murderer was so close that the fire singed his hair. McGee was a firm opponent of the Fenians, and it is supposed, so far as they have been able to investigate the matter, that the assassin is a Fenian from New York city. They claim that he was detailed for that purpose by the New York society, where lots were cast to see who the duty would fall upon. The Canadian Government has offered $5,000 reward for the arrest of the assassin, to which Ontario and Quebec added $5,000 each, and the Mayor of Ottawa $4,00.

☞ That is a very wise provision in Gen. Mead's order for the suppression of the Knk-Klux Klan, imposing on several countries or municipalities the expense incident to the maintaining passes, patrols, and the like, to aid in preventing the night operations of these sons of darkness. It rarely happens that similar organizations of outlaws can exist for any length of time against the will or opinion of the community where they operate. Some people, of course, objects of their hateful acts, will be their enemies; indeed, it may easily be that they are execrated by very many; but without much popular help they cannot live, and without popular hostility they cannot be rooted out. So that all plans which enlist men's sympathies and pockets aginst them are the most likely to be effective.

☞ It is remarkable how some of the more extreme Democrats are ready to adopt universal suffrage in the broadest sense. The *Chicago Times* proposed more than a year ago, that the Democratic party should go for enfranchising the negroes; and we now find in the *Constitutional Union*, conducted by the Hon. Thomas B. Florence in the District of Columbia, an enthusiastic letter advocating the extension of the right to vote to women also. These proposals would seem to be in per ect accord with the fundamental principale of the party; but we fancy it will be a long while before they are recognized as an essential part of its regular platform.—The more advanced thinkers may adopt them very soon, but the Democracy as a whole will be more slow and cautious.

SOLDIERS OF THE WAR OF 1812.—The Legislature has passed an Act which has been signed by the Governor, which gives to all soldiers who served two months in said war, or the widow of such soldier if he be deceased, a bounty of $40 and a yearly pension of $40, provided the applicant prove that he or she does not own real or personal property of the value of $500. Any soldier who has not served two months, if he was in an actual engagement with the enemy is entitled to the bounty, as is his widow also in the case of death. This Act revives the Act of 13th of March, 1865, which was repealed in 1867, with some additional provisions and regulations as to proof of service, death, &c.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT ON THE ERIE RAILROAD.

The following telegram was received by the Telegraph [illegible] at [illegible]

WAVERLY, [illegible], 1868.

The lightning express [illegible] the track near [illegible] Jersey, this morning, about 3 o'clock, killing 20, and wounding nearly 70 persons.

POLITICAL.

—The Delaware Republican State Convention is to be held at Dover on the 23d of April.

—A Conservative meeting was held at the theatre in Wilmington, N. C., on Wednesday night.

—The Hon. E. B. Washburne, of Illinois, will be renominated for Congress without opposition, and his re-election is regarded as certain.

—Lieutenant Gov. Bross publishes a letter in the Springfield State Journal, declining to be a candidate for Governor of Illinois.

—The Conferees appointed by the Republican Convention of several counties of the Twenty-third District, met at Freeport, last week, and elected Hon. Samuel A. Purviance, of Allegheny, and Colonel John M. Thompson, of Butler, as delegates to the Chicago Convention. The conference was unanimous for Grant. A resolution instructing for ex-Governor Curtin for Vice President was tabled, and a resolution denying the power and right of the State Convention to elect delegates for the district was passed.

—The reports from Washington that have been industriously circulated for some time, to the effect that a number of the Republican Senators had given out intimations that they would probably vote for the President's acquittal, are entirely discredited by well informed persons. The indications now are that a solid Republican vote will be cast in the Senate for his conviction. The loyal people of the nation will say amen!

—The New York *Tribune* says that General Carey, the member of Congress from the Cincinnati District, Ohio, is an independent Republican in the same sense that Judas Iscariot was an independent Christian.

—The New-Orleans *Picayune* suggests that the Democrats nominate General Hancock for President, "the man who has proved the best friend the South has had since the war ended, and whose brilliant career as a soldier should gain for him every Northern vote which is not sworn away to Radicalism."

—The Democratic Convention of South Carolina adjourned on the 3d. A full State ticket was nominated, including W. D. Porter for Governor, and candidates for Representatives in Congress. Delegates to the National Democratic Convention were also chosen. The whites are advised to vote, but under formal protest against the Reconstruction laws.

—Twenty-three States have held their State or District Republican Conventions, and appointed delegates to the Chicago Convention; and all have pronounced for Gen. Grant as their candidate for the Presidency.

—Gen. Milroy is one of the candidates for the Republican nomination for Congress as successor of the Hon. Goodlove S. Orth, of Indiana.

—Gen. Logan writes to a friend in Illinois: "I have never authorized the use of my name in connection with the Gubernatorial contest, and I will not accept the nomination under any circumstances."

—Judge Irwin, Democratic candidate for Governor of Georgia, has declined the nomination, and it is said that the ex-Rebel General Gordon has been recommended for the position by the Democratic State committee.

—When Andrew Johnson made profession of his fidelity to loyalty, he was bitterly denounced by the Democracy; but as soon as he became a champion of traitors and treason, Democracy took him to its bosom. The fact stamps the character of both.

—Do you ever see a Democratic paper say a word against any of the murdering clans of the Southern rebels? (Not much." The rebels may kill loyal men or burn their property, and northern Copperheads silently acquiesce in the outrages.—Their sympathy for rebels is complete.

—Hon. H. H. Starkweather, Member of Congress from the third district of Connecticut, has published an address to the Republicans of his district, congratulating them on the fact that they have increased their majority in nearly every town in New-London and Windham counties, and predicting that in November, with Gen. Grant as their leader, the State will be triumphantly carried by them.

The following Act giving Justices of the Peace jurisdiction in proceedings for violation of the License and Liquor laws, was signed by the Governor and became a law on the 28th of February. The manner of proceeding and jurisdiction is the same as provided for in the law to change the mode of criminal proceedings, which was extended to this county last year.

An Act supplementary to a supplement to an act to change the mode of criminal proceedings in Erie and Union counties, extending the same to Bradford county.

Be it enacted, &c., That the several justices of the peace in and for the said county of Bradford shall have like jurisdiction as provided in the act entitled "An Act to change the mode of criminal proceedings in Erie and Union counties, approved May first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and several supplements thereto, for any violation of any of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, prohibiting or restricting the sale of, or furnishing ardent spirits, malt or brewed liquors, wine or cider under any of the statute laws of said Commonwealth, including any violation aforesaid done or committed on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday.

Section 2. That any person or persons electing to be tried under the provisions of the aforesaid act of May first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, or in several supplements, so far as it relates to the county of Bradford, who after having been convicted shall remove the same by certiorari or otherwise to the court of quarter sessions, and who shall be discharged by the said court upon any informality of the record or proceedings, or upon any pretext not involving the merits, shall be liable to be tried for the offence charged, and it shall be the duty of the said court or any judge thereof who shall discharge any person or persons who shall have been convicted under the provisions of this act which [illegible] any informality in the proceedings or record of said person or persons, to order and direct the [illegible] to enter [illegible] their appearance at the next term of quarter sessions, in and for said county, to answer said charge or complaint in the same manner as if the defendant or defendants had been required by the justice before whom the proceedings were commenced to have entered into a recognizance for his or their appearance to the said term of court, and all cost under any o the said proceedings shall be a part of the legal costs of said suit, and the event thereof.

Section 3. That the pay of jurors under the provisions of this act, and the act to which this is a supplement, in and for said county of Bradford, shall be one dollar per day; also the said justices of the peace and constables of said county shall each be entitled to the sum of two dollars per day for each day necessarily required in the trial of any such cause, after the day on which the jury is selected, in addition to such other fees as they are now allowed by the law, except that the two dollars per day shall be in full for services rendered by said justices during the trial, and including the finding of the jury, and the sentence of the court.

IMPEACHMENT.

Thursday, April, 9 1868.

The Senate assembled at the usual hour, and immediately organized for the trial of the President. The Chief Justice called the Senate to order, the House Managers, the President's counsel, and members of the House took the seats assigned them, and Mr. BUTLER proceeded with the examination of the witnesses for the defense. Mr. W. H Wood, of Alabama, testified that in 1866 he applied to the President for an official position, and that after some conversation the President informed him that he could do nothing for him, as he sympathized with congress, and that his official patronage must be distributed among his own adherents. Mr. FOSTER BLODGETT testified that he had been for several years Postmaster at Augusta, Ga.; that in 1868 he was suspended from office by the President, and that, to the best of his knowledge, the Senate had never been notified of his suspension. Gen. THOMAS' letter accepting the appointment of Secretary of War *ad interim* was put in evidence, and Mr. BUTLER declared the case closed for the prosecution. Mr. CURTIS, of counsel for the President, then rose and commenced the opening argument for the defence. After speaking until nearly 4o'clock he asked permision to conclude his remarks to-morrow. His request was granted, and the Court adjourned.

Friday, April, 10 1868.

Upon the organization of the Senate for the trial of the President, Mr. CURTIS concluded his opening argument for the defence. Gen. THOMAS was then examined for the defence relative to the instructions he had received from the President when appointed Secretary *ad interim*. Objection was made to his testifying to conversations had with the President after the appointment had been made, but after a lengthy discussion, the Senate, by a vote of 42 to 10, decided to admit the testimony. Gen. THOMAS then denied ever having received any instructions from the President authorizing him to use force to obtain posession of the War Office. He was subjected to a severe cross-examination, when he stated in explanation of his threats to call the military to his aid, that he supposed his appointment authorised him to expel Mr. STANTON by force. No other witnesses were called, and the Court adjourned.

Saturday, April 11, 1868.

After the reading of the journal the Impeachment Managers moved a change of the twenty-first rule, so that as many might participate in the final argument, both of the Managers and of the counsel, as might desire to be heard. On objection, the motion went over. Gen. THOMAS then took the stand to correct certain statements made by himself on the previous day. He said that the instructions of the President had been for him to "take charge," not to "take possesion," of the office. After cross examination by Mr. BUTLER, Gen. SHERMAN's testimony was called for. At the very outset of his disposition a question as to the conversation which occurred between him and President JOHNSON in relation to the removal of Mr. STANTON, gave rise to an animated and protracted discussion as to whether any declarations of the President constituted competent evidence.—Messrs. STANBERY, BUTLER, EVARTS and WILSON spoke at a great length upon this point. The Chief Justice subsequently decided that the question was admissible within the vote of the Senate on the previous day, but the yeas and nays having been demanded, the question was excluded. The examination of Gen SHERMAN was afterwards resumed, and the witness had just testified that the President had offered him the Secretaryship of War on two different occasions, when the putting of a question in regard to further proceedings that were supposed to have occured between the Executive and the depouent again suggested an objection and a vote, by which latter proceeding the question was excluded. The debate on the admissibility of evidence was soon after recommenced and subsequent appeals were made to the member's votes on the subject. Finally counsel for the President stated that they had no more questions to propound to Gen. SHERMAN for the present, but they expected to reach the witness on Monday. An adjournment was then had.

Monday, April 13, 1868.

The Senate assembled at the usual hour, and in the usual form proceeded to the consideration of the Impeachment charges. The Chief Justice announced that the first business to be disposed of was Senator FRELINGHUYSEN's amendment to the twenty-first rule, which provides that as many of the Managers and the President's counsel as choose shall be allowed to speak on the final argument of the case. A suggestion that the trial shall proceed without further delay on this account, was incorporated in the amendment. After a lengthy debate, the Managers arguing in favor of the adoption of the amendment and counsel for the defence opposing it, the matter was, on motion, laid on the table. Lieut-Gen SHERMAN was called to the stand, and was asked if he had formed an opinion after the restoration of Mr. STANTON as to the necessity for another person being appointed Secretary of War. Objection was made to the question, and the matter was discussed at great length, after which the Senate decided not to admit the answer. He was then asked, "whether, before the removal of Mr. STANTON, he had advised the President that he should be removed and replaced?" and objection was again made. The Senate sustained the objection by a vote of 18 to 35, and the General was asked no further questions. Mr. E. J. MEIGS, Clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, was sworn, and produced from the records of the Court the affidavit and warrant under which Gen. THOMAS was arrested. This was objected to by the Managers, and argued at the great length, after which the Senate decided to admit the documents. Gen. SHERMAN was again called, and asked if the President, when he tendered him the position of Secretary of War *ad interim*, explained his purpose in so doing. Objection was made to this, but after debate the question was admitted. Gen. SHERMAN then related what occured at his interview with the President, at which time the President told him that a case for the courts to act upon could not be made up without an *ad interim* appointment. Several other questions were put and answered, after which the witness was dismissed, and the Court adjourned.

New Advertisements.

THE ASSORTMENT COMPLETE!

OUR STOCK, OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

Is receiving

LARGE ADDITIONS

Of Goods

Suited to the Spring Trade!

THE LATEST STYLES!

THE BEST QUALITY!

AT LOWEST RATES, AT

HUMPHREY BROTHERS.

Invoices of Prime Goods are

DAILY BEING OPENED

And are ready for the inspection of the public.

OUR OWN

MANUFACTURED GOODS,

On hand as usual. We are offering

BARGAINS, BARGAINS,

In order to close out the

ODD LOTS!

Carried over

FROM LAST YEARS' STOCK!

And will sell them

REGARDLESS OF COST!

ALSO,

Harness, Harness, Harness,

SADDLES, WHIPS,

BLANKETS!

Robes, and all goods connected with

The Saddlery Business!

TRUNKS, TRAVELLING BAGS,

VALISES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS,

HARNESS TRIMMINGS, &C.

Towanda, April 16, 1868.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

The subscribers are now receiving from New York a fine assortment of

GOODS IN THEIR LINE!

Consisting in part of

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS,

ALL WOOL DE LAINS,

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S DRESS GOODS,

Fancy Skirts, Shawls, Hoop Skirts,

GLOVES, HOSIERY, YANKEE NOTIONS,

&c., &c., &c.

All of which can be bought as cheap as the same quality of goods can be bought in Towanda. Their

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

Is being furnished with the latest styles of

BONNETS AND HATS

And a general assortment of Millinery Goods, with competent Milliners to suit the taste of all who may favor them with their patronage.

Special attention paid to

BLEACHING AND STRAW WORK

As we have an experienced Lady expressly for this department satisfaction guaranteed.

Main Street, directly opposite the Court House.

Towanda, April 16, 1868.—3m

Miscellaneous.

POWELL & CO.,

Are now receiving their

SPRING STOCK,

Which comprises

THE USUAL GREAT

VARIETY OF GOODS,

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,

All of which

ARE OFFERED

At the

Lowest Market Prices!

Towanda, April 7, 1868.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!

PROCLAMATION BY

COHEN & ROSENFIELD,

TOWANDA, PA.

WHEREAS, It seems to have pleased the inhabitants of Towanda, and vicinity, to recognise our fair way of dealing;

AND WHEREAS, We owe our sincere thanks to the community for extending to us so liberal a patronage until now;

AND WHEREAS, We deem it our duty to reciprocate all the favors bestowed upon us thus far;

We do hereby publicly PROCLAIM, that our great stock of

New Spring and Summer Goods,

Comprising everything in the

LINE OF CLOTHING!

Such as

Doeskin & Cassimere Pants,

And all the best styles Coats &c.

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS!

And the

LATEST STYLES HATS & CAPS,

Will be disposed of at such

REDUCED PRICES!

That will astonish the community. As our Goods are manufactured in New York expressly for this market, we can afford to sell as cheap as the next. We are bound to satisfy all who give us a call.

COHEN & ROSENFIELD.

Next door to Fox, Stevens, Mercur & Co.

Towanda, April 16, 1868.

We would call the attention of the public to the fact that we have opened a Branch Store in WYALUSING, (in the store formerly occupied by S. F. Taylor,) where we are prepared to sell at the same Low Rates. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

COHEN & ROSENFIELD.

Wyalusing, April 16, 1868.

Real Estate.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale his Farm in Sheshequin township, situate on the road leading from Ulster to Rome, about four miles from the latter place, containing 62 acres, 20 acres improved, which will be sold at a bargain. For further information apply to JAS. WOOD, Esq., Towanda.

April 7, 1868.—2m*

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The new house recently erected on the south side of Poplar street, near Western Avenue, is offered for sale. The building is 33 feet front by 31 feet deep, two stories high, with a good cellar same size. Price $3000.

Apply to GEO. F. CASH, on the premises.

Towanda, April 7, 1868.—tf

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Situated in Rome township, about one and a-half miles east of Rome Borough, containing 90 acres, about 70 acres improved, well watered, with dwelling house, out-buildings, good bearing and young orchard thereon. Terms reasonable, and time given for a portion of the purchase money. For further particulars inquire on the premises of

E. M. TOWNER.

Rome, April 1, 1868.—6t*o

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Situate in the northern part of Herrick township, 3 miles from LeRaysville, 2 miles from Herrickville, on the Valley road, running from Towanda to Montrose, about 12 miles from the former, and 20 miles from the last named place. Containing about 95 acres. About 50 acres well improved. 20 acres of timbered land with over 100 maple trees in the centre of the farm. The remainder in pasture, well watered. A good framed house, shop, 2 barns, large shed a young bearing orchard, principally grafted fruit. The farm well fenced. For terms and further particulars enquire of the subscriber.

March 26, 1868.—3t* E. N. KEELER.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—Located near the Depot, and valuable for a Hotel or residence. A bargain offered. Enquire of Dr. DEWITT, Towanda.

March, 19, 1868.—tf.

STORE AND TAVERN FOR RENT.—The subscriber will rent his Store and Tavern at Standing Stone, Pa. For terms, &c., apply to Joseph Powell, Towanda, Pa.

H. W. TRACY.

Standing Stone, Feb. 20, 1868.

FOR SALE.—A valuable Hotel Property with an established business, at Alba Boro'. Apply to

MONTANYE & WARD.

Aug. 21, 1867.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR TOWN PROPERTY.—3 Truck Farms of 10 acres each, within one mile of Towanda Borough. Apply to

MONTANYE & WARD, Agents.

Towanda, Nov. 16, 1867.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—The undersigned wishes to dispose of his farm, consisting of 60 acres, situate in Wyoming township, about one-half mile from Myersburg bordering on Wysox Creek. About 50 acres Improved. Comfortable dwelling, outbuildings &c.; and a large orchard thereon. Price $2,000 $800 down and the balance in yearly instalments. For further information inquire on the premises of A. NICHOLS, or G. GRANGER, Myersburg.

March 16, 1868.—6w.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale his farm in Wysox, nearly opposite Towanda. This farm contains 120 acres of land in a high state of improvement, with a splendid dwelling house, barns and outbuildings. It has a large never failing orchard stocked with good fruit of every description. It is in a good neighborhood within easy reach of the church and school privileges of Towanda borough. For terms of sale, &c., enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

MORGAN D. STRICKLAND.

Wysox, April 9, 1867.—tf*

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer for sale a very desirable farm, containing 100 acres, about 70 acres improved, with a good and well finished frame house, a good barn, good water, good fencing material, and well seeded. Located near F. & A. Ayers's Steam Mill, about 3½ miles from a Rail Road Depot and Canal, at Ulster; good land for grain or dairy, and will be sold cheap. A good title given, and possession given at once. Apply to

CODDING & RUSSELL.

Towanda, March 10, 1868.

Miscellaneous.

HARRY MIX'S HOT HOUSES.

FOR THE SEASON OF 1868.

Sincerely thanking my customers for the liberal patronage the past year, I have the satisfaction of informing them I have visited several cities and secured a fine stock of attractive new plants. The HOT HOUSE could not be in a more flourishing condition. I extend a cordial invitation to the ladies and gentlemen of Bradford and adjoining counties to call and see, should they visit Towanda, something new and choice; it might be rather inspiring to those having but little Floral taste.

Salvias, scarlet, blue, pink; Fuchsias, new and all the better varieties; Verbenas, the best variety cultivated; Begonias of sorts beautiful; Geraniums, fine collection including the new double scarlet; Pelargoniums, (some call them Lady Washington), fine variety very attractive New Petunias, double variagated and purple; Heliotropes; Coleus, four varieties, ornamental; Lantanas, white, pink, orange; Cupheas; Strawberry Geranium; Variegated; Centradenia; Roses; Lobelias; Pansies, from the finest named English and French sorts, splendid plants; Hyacinths, in pots, all varieties ready 1st of April; Kennelworth Variegated Parlor Ivy, and Ivy Geranium; Honey Suckles, fine variety; Hedrodendum; Carnations; assortment Licapodium; Ferns; Roses; Alba; Wegelias; Deutzias; Hydrange, variegated; Bipolepsia; Fabiana; Penstemens; Gazania Splendens; Tropeolum; Calceolarias Synonymous; Passion Plant; Bouvardias; Spirea collosa; Saxifraga Tricolor; Double Silene; Crape; large and small leaf Flowering Myrtle; Primroses; Wall Flower; Callas; Justicias; Centureas, and a variety too numerous to mention. Hanging Baskets.

CLIMBING ROSES—Cottage Cluster; Crimson, Prairie Queen, deep rose, Baltimore Bell, white, Seven Sisters' crimson, Gravilla, scarlet, Monthly Climbers, Lamarqui, pure white, Setna, armine, Pink Multiflora, Glory de Rosemond, crimson.

PERPETUAL ROSES—Hermosa, deep pink, Souvinier de Malmaison, deep blush, Archduke Charles, crimson, Agrippina, crimson, Louis Phillip, crimson, Augusta Mie, deep blush, Baron Proyost, rich pink, Cardinal Patrizzi, brilliant crimson; Gen. Washington, Gen. Jacqueminot, crimson, Geant des Battaile, crimson Lorraine, satin, Louis Vergere, carmine, Mad. Plantier, pure white, Mrs. C. Wood, brilliant red, Paeona crimson, Queen Victoria, pale blush, Rainc des Violet, dark violet, Triumph de Exposition, crimson, ex. I only mention a portion of the large number and variety of Roses all on their own roots in pots in fine condition beginning to bloom, truly beautiful.

DAHLAS, entire new set purchased in South Bergen, New Jersey, when in bloom, the most perfect bouquet and pompone Dahlas ready 1st of April, all in pots.

GRAPE VINES.—Salem $1, Rodgers No. 4 $1,50, No. 15 $1.50, No. 19 $1.50, splendid vines 2 year old, all in pots. Israella, Ionia, Allen's Hybrid and Anderondae, all in pots, 2 years old, $1,25 to $1,50 each, Delaware, Concord, Rebecca, Early Northern Muscadine, Diana, Hartford Hartford Prolific, all in pots, 50 cents each, Isabella, in pots 25 cents each, a few White Chaselas for cut door culture, in pots, 75 cents each. All grape vines may be turned out of pots with perfect safety from the first of May to the 1st of November. All Roses from 35 to 50 cents in pots. Grape Vines by the 1000 and Roses by the 100 at exceeding low rates.

VEGETABLE PLANTS.—Early Wakefield, one of the best sorts, (New York mechanic say) Early, Winningstadt, Early Large York, early Ox Heart early and late Cauliflowers, 8 cents per dozen. Sweet Mountain Pepper Plants, Sweet Spanish do, Cayenne do, Cherry Pepper do, 10 cents per dozen. 1 ste Bergen Cabbage Plants, Drumhead do, Flat Dutch do, 40 cents per 100. Purple Egg Plant, Scarlet do, new striped do 10 cents per doz. Keys Tomato, Perfected do, Feeges do, The Cook's Favorite do, early York, do, early Tilden do, etc., early Red do, Large Yellow do, 10 cents per dozen. Celery, White salad and Henderson's New Dwarf, 50 cents per 100. Plants of all kinds will be set out in cold frames or open air.

Toma to plants of all kinds, 8 cents per plants of all kinds, single plant in each pot, in fine condition, 8 cents, including pot, 8 cents without the pot. Cucumbers in pots 25 cents each. If agents who are reliable, and none others are wanted, desire to sell plants at different points in this and other counties, a handsome living percentage shall be allowed. Plants and all the products of the Houses can be forwarded in nice condition in moss. All orders will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of Grape Vines, Roses, Dahlas, Flowers and Vegetable plants will be found at Mercur & Mix's wholesale and retail Grocery and Provision Store, in Mr. C. Mercur's new block, after the 20th day of April. A very accommodating efficient gardener will be found at the garden at all times.

HARRY MIX.

Towanda Hot Houses, Feb. 12, 1868.

PITTSTON COAL.—The undersigned will deliver to order in Towanda, Pittston Coal at $6 per ton or $5 per ton at his yard in Wysox. Orders left at Taylor & Co.'s store will receive prompt attention.

MORRIS COOLBAUGH.

Wysox, April 2, 1868.—1m.

FLOUR.—Wheat Flour of all grades, Buckwheat Flour, Bran, Corn, Meal, Feed, &c., at

Dec. 15. W. A. ROCKWELL'S.