News from all Nations.

—Traitors are laboring to get sanction for the repudiation of their debts.

—Great distress prevails among the laboring classes of Canada.

—The admission of Colorado as a State, will come up in Congress at an early day.

—Disappointed holders of tickets in gift enterprises are beginning to prosecute proprietors of such swindles for damages.

—The proposed Rock River Canal, to connect Green Bay with the Mississippi, will cost $14,900,000.

—The smuggled goods on the borders of Maine, last year, were valued at $60,000.

—The Detroit *Post* estimates the exported products of Michigan last year at $65,000,000.

—A fresh effort is being made in Baltimore to raise a monument to Edgar A. Poe.

—McGiven, the so-called spiritualist, has been indicated at Newark, N. J., for lewdness.

—An Iowa editor received a pair of gold scissors as a Christmas gift.

—The subject of contraction is to go before a committee of conference.

—It is proposed to build a suspension bridge across the Hudson, at some point on the Highlands.

—A girl in New York has gained a verdict against an old bachelor who offered her a pony for a kiss and then repudiated payment.

—The rise in gold is the effect of a combination of the speculators of New York. It is a robbery, and a very disgraceful one, at best.

—The St. Louis councils have repealed the Sunday law, whereby cars are allowed to run, beer shops keep open, and games of all kinds take place.

—By a treaty between France and Prussia, which was ratified last summer, a railway is to be built from Saarbruck to Saar-Quemund. This road will connect the railway system of the two countries.

—The Senate Judiciary Committee is undecided as to its action in reference to the House bill fixing what shall constitute a majority of the Supreme court.

—The Gettysburg Asylum Lottery will be compelled to pay tax on the sale of its tickets.

—There are now more applicants for appointment in the Treasury Department than when a change of administration takes place.

—In a late interview, General Sherman bluntly told the President that the officers of the army and navy would never consent to allow the rebels to put their feet upon the necks of loyal men.

—The Georgia unreconstructed evidently thought they would have a mild conservative beverage in Meade—"Isn't it," asks the Cincinnati *Commercial*, "rather strong?"

—For a stylish bonnet the Maine *Farmer* recommends a pumpkin seed trimmed with fur, the broad end to be worn in front to keep off the sun and wind.

—The woolen mills at Redfield, Maine, have been obliged to suspend operations on account of low water.

—There are only two companies of troops in Alaska. There have been neither deaths nor sickness among them; and they are comfortably sheltered and well supplied with provisions.

—The City Council of Columbus, Ohio, have passed an ordinance to build water works. It is to be submitted to the people for ratification.

—Portland boasts of being, in the way of city architecture, a hundred years ahead of what it would have been but for the great fire.

—When heirs in Japan quarrel about an estate they settle the difficulty by ripping themselves up. This the New York *Mail* calls splitting hairs with a vengeance.

—A destructive fire occurred in Westerly, Rhode Island, Sunday night.—Property was destroyed valued at $20,000.

—A great religious demonstration is to take place at the French Cathedral, in Montreal, before the departure of the Canadian Corps of the Pontificial Zouaves, on the occasion of blessing their banners.

—Soup kitchens are to be established in Quebec, and other means adopted for the relief of the city poor.

—The St. Lawrence river is frozen over in front of Quebec, and all attempts to break the ice by the ferry steamers has proved unavailing.

—The publication of the vote of St. Thomas on annexation to the United States was unofficial, as the authorities have refused to give details on the subject.

—About $100 in gold and silver was stolen from the Rev. O. J. Gibson, at Petersburg, Va., last week—money that he had saved since the war for the purpose of raising a granite shaft in his churchyard to the memory of the heroic dead buried there.

—Railroad enterprises are multiplying daily—the last of which is for the organization of a company to build a railroad from Pana, Ill., to Louisiana, Mo.

—Under the new consular system frauds have ceased, and there has been a saving to the Treasury of more than twenty millions in gold per annum.

—The Senate has ratified the commercial treaties with Venzuela and Madagascar.

—The Union men of Tennessee and Kentucky are anxious to prevent a contraction of the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau in those States.

—A valuable lead mine has been discovered in Punxutawney, Jefferson county. Immediately under the lead ore vein there is about two inches of Cannel or Anthracite coal.

—February 24 has been fixed for the trial of Surratt. It will be remembered that when this case was previously attacked the jury were discharged on account of disagreement and sickness.

—A destitute father in St. Louis had not enough money to procure a coffin for his dead child. So, taking the body in his arms, he carried it a long distance to the cemetery, but on arriving there discovered that he had neglected to obtain a burial certificate, and was compelled to retrace his steps and repeat his sad journey, carrying his dead child all the way.

—The Democracy of Nebraska have declared for Pendleton for President.

Bradford Reporter.

Towanda, Thursday, Jan. 30, 1868.

Union Republican State Convention.

The annual Union Republican State Convention will meet in the CITY OF PHILADELPHIA, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of MARCH, 1868, at ten o'clock, a. m., to make nominations for Auditor General and Surveyor General, and also to form an Electoral Ticket, and to choose four delegates at large to represent the State in a National Convention to be held at Chicago on the 20th of May, next, for the nomination of candidates for President and Vice-President, it being understood that each Congressional district will choose two delegates to said National Convention.

As heretofore, the State Convention will be composed of Representative and Senatorial delegates, chosen in the usual way, and equal in number to the whole of the Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly.

By order of the Union Republican State Committee.

F. JORDAN, *Chairman.*

GEO. W. HAMERSLY, J. ROBINY DUNGLISON, } *Secretaries.*

Harrisburg, Jan. 24, 1868.

Republican Mass Convention.

The Republicans of Bradford County will meet in Mass Convention, in the Court House, in Towanda Boro', on MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 3, 1868, for the purpose of electing Delegates to the Republican State Convention.

C. K. LADD,

Chairman County Committee.

MR. LANDON'S SPEECH.

The resolutions sustaining the action of the United States Senate in reinstating HON. E. M. STANTON, Secretary of War, being under consideration in the State Senate, Mr. LANDON made a most effective, eloquent and powerful speech, commanding the attention and applause of a crowded Chamber. The "*State Guard*" notices it in the following complimentary terms:—

"To say that it ranked with Mr. Laudon's best efforts, is to bestow upon it high praise, in view of the fact that he has no superiors and few equals in Pennsylvania as a popular orator. Eloquent in diction, forcible in argument, and pronounced with impressive earnestness, it commanded much attention throughout, from Senators and a crowded audience of ladies and gentlemen. Mr. L's ponderous logic and off-hand, striking illustrations served to dissipate into thin air the fallacious reasoning of his competitors in debate, and to clearly establish the justice and legality of the course of the Senate in Washington."

We trust that we shall have an opportunity at an early day, to afford the readers of the REPORTER the pleasure of seeing this great speech in its columns.

EUROPE.—Cable dispatches from London inform us of the repudiation by the British Government of the arrest of Mr. TRAIN. The London *Observer*, in its issue of Wednesday, asserts that by the last dispatches exchanged between Lord STANLEY and Secretary SEWARD, the *Alabama* correspondence is finally closed. The action of the United States House of Representatives, declaring the sympathy of the American nation with the Fenians, causes considerable feeling. Telegraphic advices from Copenhagen set forth the ratification, by the Lower House of the Regidag, of the transfer of St. Thomas and St. John to the United States. Telegrams from France announce that the Government has officially proclaimed the new army law a pledge of continued peace. Ten of the Paris liberal newspapers have been heavily fined for printing illegal reports of the proceedings of the Corps Legislatif. Saturday, a wild rumor was current that in case of war, Prussia had secured the use of the United States navy. Dispatches from Prague announce the recent occurrence and speedy suppression of serious anti-ministerial disturbances. Intelligence from Madrid and from Abyssinia is confirmatory of previous dispatches relative to an anticipated insurrection in Aragon, and an imminent battle between King THEODORUS and the rebels besetting his palace. The captives were at Magdola, alive and well.

☞ THE TRAITORS of the South have an original and desperate way of doing business of official charicter. In Mississippi, when an out and out rebel gets possession of an office like that of sheriff, he gives no bonds, and wields his authority deliberately to degrade and oppress Union men.—Wherever this is the case the South is left without civil government, and in States like Mississippi, where such derilect officers rob and oppress the blacks and drive off useful labor and mechanical skill, bankruptcy and misery are the result.

☞ THE rebels and Copperheads have embarked in a new warfare upon General Grant. Under the inspiration of Andrew Johnson they seem determined to destroy him in the popular confidence—if they can. Go on, Messieurs! You never did the cause of human liberty a greater service—not even when you attempted to make "treason honorable," as the endorsers of Andrew Johnson's treachery, and so proved your continued devotion to the cause of the rebellion.

☞ Generals Grant and Sheridan, by their close intimacy and unbroken friendship, it is said, annoyed Andrew Johnson exceedingly. The President is laboring, in an underhand way, to produce a rupture between these heroes, but will of course fail. He is better at making friendships among traitors than disturbing the relations of loyal hearts.

News of the Week

—Judge J. B. Keys, of Coyville Missouri, was killed on Tuesday last by a man named Williams. The Judge was standing in front of his store when three men on horseback rode up to him, and, without giving any warning, one of them pointed his revolver to the judge's heart and fired. The bullet pierced the victim's heart and caused instant death. A claim dispute between the deceased and his executioner is said to have caused the fatal and sad occurrence. Judge Keys was once probate judge of Greenwood county.

—A prize fight took place on Bloody Island, opposite St. Louis, Jan. 19, between Dennis Reardon, aged 18 years, and Thomas M'Cann, aged 17 years, which resulted in the death of the latter. The affair was conducted very quietly. No particulars are known. Reardon is sick. The others have been arrested.

—We learn from the Philadelphia papers, that for the purpose of testing the question between the Governor and Court of Quarter Sessions, in regard to the pardoning power of the latter, Attorney-General Brewster has served notice on the board of inspectors of the county prison, and superintendent, requiring them to keep certain prisoners until they have completed their full terms of sentence, unless discharged by pardon of the Governor or order of the Supreme Court of the State, on habeas corpus, and threatening legal process against said inspectors if the prisoners are discharged. It is understood this order will be obeyed, and the prisoners will then be brought before the Supreme Court on habeas corpus, the Attorney General strongly sustaining Governor Geary in the matter.

—The Brookville *Republican* gives an account of a man who, with one span of horses, hauled a log 95 feet long and measuring 23x26 in the middle, and then asks, who can beat this? It is hard to tell that, but we dare say the man who thus worked a span of horses ought himself to be well beaten.

—The Express Companies have recently been consolidated, and the "Express War" ended. By the new "arrangement," the earnings of the concern are to be divided among the several companies as follows: The Adams Company is to receive 29 per cent. the American 26¼, the United States 18, and the Merchant's Union 26¼. The rates of transportation were increased on and after the 1st instant.

—The Toronto *Telegraph* says:—"A correspondent at Halifax assures us that the distress of the fishermen of Nova Scotia is deplorable. The potato rot in Ireland did not come more suddenly or with more dreadful effect. Up to the end of November hope still suggested that the accustomed shoals of fish, which afford the population their winter's sustenance, might come. They failed utterly, and the result is hunger, disease, desolation and death.—To add, if possible, to the evil, unprincipled politicians are telling the people that the famine is one of the results of Confederation; that they were tricked and cheated into the Union, and the consequences starvation."

—The loss of property by fire in the United States during the year just closed amounted to $36,905,000. In 1866 it was over $66,000,000, and in 1865 over $43,000,000. These two years include an amount of loss by fire very nearly equal to the aggregate destruction of the nine previous years; that is, from 1856 to 1864.

—John Swaney, mate of the steamer Armadillo, and brother of Captain Swaney, killed Wm. H. Graves, of Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., on the steamer at St. Louis, on Thursday night last. Swaney had been drunk during the day, and attempted to quarrel with several persons aboard, and expressed a warm desire to blow out the brains of the clerk. Subsequently he fired at his brother, the captain, and later in the evening went to the table and began eating lunch. Graves entered shortly afterwards, when Swaney fiercely asked him if he came to rob. Graves answered pleasantly, when Swaney shot him, dragged the body to the edge of the hurricane deck and rolled it overboard. He then washed the blood from his hands with coffee from an urn on the lunch table, and went to bed, but was shortly afterwards arrested, and committed for murder in the first degree. Graves' body has not been recovered.

—A letter from Sitka gives the following account of the progress made in settling the country: The interference of the American authorities with the customs of the Indians has created discontent among them. Notwithstanding the rigors of the winter's season, many strange Indians are constantly appearing and disappearing. Some of them come from Victoria, and others from Simpson, but for what purpose is not known. It is expected that as the Russians remove and the population becomes Americanized, affairs will change for the better. In consequence of the exhorbitant prices demanded for game, and the knowledge of the fact that it is principally disposed of by the Indians surreptiously in exchange for liquor, General Davis issued an order requiring that whatever article of provisions the Indians wished to sell, must be exposed on the market place. In many instances the Indians detected in violating this order were arrested and the liquor confiscated, whereupon the whole tribe would appear at headquarters and demand their release. If refused, they hold a council in the war lodge, and the chiefs utter severe threats against the whites. The continuous rains have given place to snow and hail, continuing for days at a time. The thermometer is reported at 110 degrees below the freezing point. The unfavorable weather prevents the progress of the city improvements designed by the engineer, but some buildings are being erected. A billiard saloon, restaurants and a pawnbroker's shop have been opened. A number of burglaries are noticed, and brutal fights are not unfrequent.

—Charles Kean, the actor, died in London on Thursday. His father was an actor. Charles was born in Ireland, in 1811, educated at Drury Lane in 1827. His first part was that of Young Norval. In 1830 he visited this country and spent a part of two years. Returning to England, he won a higher position. He visited the United States again in 1839 in 1845 and in 1865. He married Ellen Tree in 1842, and she, as unsurpassed in her role as he in his, accompanied him on his last two visits here. He was a man of fine natural parts, good breeding, social culture and education, and lent honor to his calling.

The Conservative or National Union element of Philadelphia is excited because certain parties dared to visit Washington and represent to the President that they are *the* party. We hope these patriotic gentlemen will not deceive Mr. Johnson.—Poor man, he has trouble enough, without being deceived by his friends.

From Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 27, 1868.

Special Correspondence of the Reporter.

Another week has been numbered with the past, without leaving upon record any thing of special interest to your readers. The Legislature has not transacted any local business in which your county is concerned—and, in fact, it has done but little to interest anybody but the members and a few politicians. Several days were spent in making speeches upon the resolution endorsing Hon. E. M. STANTON. This little paper was intended to be passed without debate, merely as a compliment to the gentleman named, but the Democratic members could not permit this to be done. Denunciations of Mr. STANTON, of the most bitter character, were indulged in by the leading copperheads, thus provoking a protracted debate. If, as is alleged, the *actual services* of the Legislature cost the State a thousand dollars per hour, the copperheads are entirely responsible for the many thousands the treasury will have to pay for the time occupied in discussing the Stanton resolution. When the cry is raised during the next campaign, by the opposition, that the Legislature of 1868 squandered the public money, let it be fairly known by the people that the Copperhead Senators and Representatives were the *cause* of it, inasmuch as they provoked lengthy discussions when unnecessary, and endeavored to prevent legislation of any description looking to a saving of the State's funds, for the sole purpose of bringing the present Legislature into disrepute and thus aid in defeating the Republican party next fall.

Two amendments to the Constitution have been proposed, and will be, probably, submitted to the people at the next general election. One of them is intended to prevent the fixing of the salary of Senators or Representatives at a higher figure than seven hundred dollars per year, together with fifteen cents per mile (mileage) in going to and returning from each regular or extra session. The members shall in all cases, except for treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session, and in going to and returning from the same, and for any speech or debate in either House they shall not be questioned in any other place." The other resolution amends the first Section of the Third Article of the Constitution to read as follows: "In elections by the citizens *every freeman of the age of twenty-one years*, having resided in the election district where he offers to vote, ten days immediately preceeding such election, having paid a State or County tax within two years, assessed at least ten days before the election, and *able to read the Constitution*, shall enjoy the rights of an elector, &c."

A bill will probably be passed to the effect that whenever any taxable real estate shall be omitted to be assessed at the triennial assessment, the assessor, on notice thereof, shall forwith assess and return the same to the proper office, which assessment shall be subject to appeal, and shall continue until the triennial assessment.

An effort will be made to enact a law abolishing days of grace on negotiable paper. This would compel all notes to be paid at the expiration of the number of days for which they were drawn, without allowing the drawers the usual three days grace.

The Republican State Convention will be held one week after that of the Democracy, for the nomination of candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General, besides the transaction of other important business for the important campaign of 1868. Philadelphia is the place, and the 11th of March the day for holding the Convention.

Seventy-three dollars "conscience money," came into the hands of Governor GEARY, a few mornings since. It contained the following simple note: "To Gov. GEARY: This belongs to the State Treasury." The signature "A Conscientious Soldier," was the only mark attached. Somebody evidently became honest.

The subject of erecting a State Lunatic Hospital in Northern Pennsylvania, is receiving considerable attention.

Yours, in haste, REX.

MAIL ROBBERY.—On Saturday evening, Jan. 18, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock, the bag containing the great Western through mail, weighing a hundred and fifty or two hundred pounds, was taken from the platform by the baggage room door at the depot. The New York Express west, it will be remembered, was four hours late, Saturday evening. Its usual arriving time is 6:25, and it did not reach here, on account of an accident at Binghamton, until about 11 P. M. To meet the trains at the usual time, the mail driver, WILLIAM MORAN, had taken up all the mails to the depot, for the west as well as south, and deposited them in the baggage room, when he ascertained that the train was so late, and came down town, with the mail from the north, which arrives about 7 o'clock. Upon returning, about 8 o'clock, he found the large bag sitting outside, on the platform, by the baggage room door. This was explained by fact that the baggage master on the Northern Central train, in his haste, had made a mistake in getting out the mail bags for that road from the baggage room, and had dragged it into the car. When he found that he was wrong, he dragged it back again and left it outside by the door. The driver tho't that on account of its weight, it would be quite safe, and so went into the baggage room to wait the belated train's arrival. At 9 o'clock the bag was safe, and also at 10, the last time he looked, but when the train came up it was found to have disappeared.

City Marshal KNAPP was immediately informed of the robbery, and spent much of the night, with assistants, in searching for the bag. They were unsuccessful, but yesterday morning, the mail driver had his search rewarded, by finding the bag with all the papers, or nearly all, it originally contained, back of the wash house between the depot and canal. Every letter had been sorted out and probably taken off in one of the canvas bags, of which there were three inside the leather bag, destined for some intermediate westward point. The papers had not been injured. Further search revealed under boards in the vicinity, some additional papers and one letter in a large law envelope, which had been mailed by Col. E. L. PATRICK. A small box was also found, containing a knit hood, which had been sent by a gentleman of this city. It is not known that the bag contained much money, unless in small driblets. Probably, in so large a mail, there may have been found enough, in small sums, to reward the robbers for their labor. It is known, that there were two money orders, which had been sold for this mail, one of 30, directed to PATRIC SHERMAN, Milwaukee, Wis., and another of $5 to A. R. POTTER, Kalamazoo, Mich. Mail Detective HUNTSBERRY, of Tioga, was warned of the robbery, and we presume a thorough investigation, by Government detectives, will follow. Postmaster POST offers a reward of $100, for information which will lead to the detection of the robbers. Up to last evening, no trace had been discovered.—*Elmira Advertiser.*

PERSONAL.

—Beecher is in New England with a lecture on "Work and the Workman."

—Thurlow Weed has just passed his seventy-second birthday.

—Junius Henri Browne is writing a life of Henry Ward Beecher.

—Stephens, C. O. I. R., is shadowed Paris day and night by two English Policemen.

—E. C. Steadman is writing a novel in verse.

—Miss Thackeray's full name is said to be Euphemia Ellis Victoria Regina Sarah Thackeray.

—Launt Thompson is preparing his model for the colossal statue of Gen. Sedgwick in bronze, to be erected at West Point.

—Percival, the poet, lies buried at Hazel Green, Wis., with nothing to mark his grave.

—Miss Anna Dickinson rode from Winona to La Crosse, Wis., last Saturday, a distance of thirty miles, without a halt, and with only a single buffalo robe for shelter. The weather was severely cold, and the driver nearly perished, but the intrepid Anna went through.

—Is Charles R. Buckalew a Senator in Congress from Pennsylvania? As no one ever hears of him, the question is pertinent.

—Bishop Smith, of Kentucky, and not Bishop McIlvaine, is now the senior and presiding Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He is said to be a staunch loyalist.

—A man named Crawford has started to walk from Columbus, Ohio, to New Orleans, with the national flag over his shoulder.

—Rumors prevail at Havana that Rafael, an agent of Santa Anna, had sailed for New York, to issue bonds for Santa Anna, to enable him to prosecute his plans against the Mexican Government in Yucatan.

—The President has signified his intention to nominate W. D. Bishop, of Connecticut, for Commissioner of Patents.

—Mr. Stanton has denied emphatically that he has been advised by either Grant or Sherman to resign.

—The inventory of the estate of Elias Howe, Jr., filed in the Probate Court at Fairfield, Connecticut, amounts to about $618,900—all made out of sewing machines.

—John Jacob Astor died in New York last week, in the sixty-fifth year of his age. He was the second son of John Jacob Astor, and inherited great wealth.

—Reverdy Johnson's defeat in the Maryland Legislature, as a candidate for re-election to the United States Senate, is said to annoy that gentleman exceedingly.

—Hon. Noah Smith, principal legislative clerk of the United States Senate, died at the residence of his son, in Philadelphia, on Tuesday, 14th inst.

POLITICAL ITEMS.

—The National Union Republican Convention is to be held at Chicago, the 20th day of June next, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President.

—The Republican State Central Committee met at Harrisburg on Wednesday the 22d inst., and resolved to hold a State Convention on the 11th day of March next, in the city of Philadelphia, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General; also, to elect four delegates at large to the next National Convention. The delegates from the several Congressional districts are to be elected by the people of their respective districts.

—A. G. Thurman has been elected United States Senator from Ohio. The vote in the House stood 55 for Thurman and 49 for B. F. Wade. In the Senate the vote was 19 for Thurman and 18 for Wade. The most important of the acts of Judge Thurman, significant of his political sympathies, was that of giving clothing, etc., to rebel prisoners; though it is not known that Union prisoners ever received any attention at his hands. He takes the place of "brave old Ben Wade," one of the staunchest and truest of the friends of the Union in the Senate during the war. Wade will be more honored; while Thurman, we may trust, for the credit of the country will soon be forgotten.

—The Legislature of Maine on the 22d inst., chose delegates at large to the Republican National Convention, and adopted a resolution in favor of Gen. Grant as the candidate of the party for President.

—During the earliest stages of the rebellion, Hamilton, the newly elected U. S. Senator from Maryland, gave it his sympathy. We though he had some peculiar attraction to win him the confidence of the Legislature of that State.

—The Executive Council of Massachusetts on Friday of last week, by five votes to four, refused to confirm the nomination of Judge Thomas as Chief Justice of that State.

—The Reading *Gazette* denies having nominated Edgar Cowan for the Vice Presidency. More sarcasm at the expense of a renegade.

—Hon. Galusha A. Grow is urged for the Vice Presidency by the *Blairsville Press.*

—The Pittsburg *Post* announces itself as "the only Democratic Daily Paper in Western Pennsylvania."

—The Mahoning *Journal*, Dayton *Union*, and Columbus *Journal*—all of Ohio—support Gen. R. C. Schenck for the Vice Presidency.

—The unhappy Vallandigham received another evidence last week, of the ingratitude of republics, in the refusal of his Democratic brethren to nominate him Senator. But what would he have done, if he had succeeded. He would have lost his entire capital, for he would no longer have been a martyr.

—Hon. Wm. Hamilton was elected United States Senator, to succeed Hon. R. Johnson, by the Maryland Legislature, on the 17th inst. The vote stood as follows:

William T. Hamilton	58
General Swann	46
Judge Merrick	5

—The greatest activity now exists in both political parties in New Hampshire, and eminent speakers on both sides are soon to take the stump.

—It was lately resolved by a Democratic Convention in Crawfordsville, Indiana, that no soldier ought to be nominated to any civil office.

—Grant and Geary are the candidates for President and Vice President at the editorial head of the Middleburg *Post.*

New Advertisements.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale or Let on Main Street A valuable business stand. Appl to

MONTANYE & WARD.

Towanda, Jan. 29, 1868.

CANAL BOATS FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale

FIVE CANAL BOATS.

Four of which are second hand and one new, and all in good repair. These boats can be used on the Chenango Canal. also

FOUR TO JHO. MULES.

Terms made to suit purchasers.

WM. SIDELL.

Athens, Jan. 29, 1868.—3m

DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between E. B. Stone and H. A. Ross, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on hereafter in the mills by E. B. Stone & Bro., and in the store by H. A. Ross. Hoping by strict attention to business to merit our share of public patronage. Cash paid for all kinds of grain.

E. B. STONE.

H. A. ROSS.

Stevensville, Oct. 20, 1867.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS EXPERIENCE IN DENTISTRY.

J. S. SMITH, M. D., would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Bradford County that he is permanently located in Towanda, Pa., He would say that from his long and successful practice of TWENTY-FIVE YEARS duration he is familiar with all the different styles of work done in any and all Dental Establishments in city or country, and is better prepared than any other Dental operator in the vicinity to do work the best adapted to the many and different cases that present themselves. Attention to the Dentist, as he understands the art of making his own artificial teeth, and has facilities for doing the same. To those requiring under sets of teeth he would call attention to his new kind of work which consists of porcelain for both plate and teeth, and forming a continuous gum. It is more durable, more natural in appearance, and much better adapted to the gum than any other kind of work. Those in need of the same are invited to call and examine specimens. Teeth filled to last for years and extractions for life. Chloroform, Ether, and "Nitrous Oxide" administered with perfect safety, as over four hundred patients within the last four years can testify.

Office in Patton's Block. Jan. 23, 1868.

PROCLAMATION

BY

COHEN & ROSENFIELD,

TOWANDA, PA.

WHEREAS, It seems to have pleased the inhabitants of Towanda, and vicinity, to recognise our fair way of dealing;

AND WHEREAS, We owe our sincere thanks to the community for extending to us so liberal a patronage until now;

AND WHEREAS, We deem it our duty to reciprocate all the favors bestowed upon us thus far;

We do hereby publicly PROCLAIM, that our great

STOCK OF OVERCOATS,

As also of all kinds of the best kinds of

CLOTHING!

Is now ready to be disposed of at such

REDUCED PRICES!

That will astonish the community, as we want to make room for our

SPRING STOCK!

We are determined to sell our present stock at a sacrifice. The best way to convince yourselves is to call at

COHEN & ROSENFIELD.

Next door to Post, Stevens, Mercur & Co.

Towanda, Jan. 23, 1868.

SOMETHING NEW!

J. O. FROST,

Would call attention to the fact that he has started a

FURNITURE MANUFACTORY

In Towanda. In which he has the latest improved Machinery driven by Steam Power, and is now prepared to offer greater inducements to the public than ever to purchase their furniture of him. I have also added another

LARGE WARE-ROOM

To my store and am now exhibiting the largest and best stock of Furniture to be found in this region, which I am happy to say I can sell at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

To the Farmer I would say I can sell you more Furniture for a load of Oats or Wheat, or a tub of Butter, than you could buy with the same before the War. In my new Ware-room will be found fine

LIBRARY AND PARLOR SUITES!

In hair, cloth or reps, also in muslin, to be covered to order. I have also

CHAMBER SETS!

In walnut, Chesnut, &c., down to the most common, also Tuckers, Decamps, and Halls, Spring Beds, Spring Mattrasses, Husk Sea Grass, Moss, Hair and Sponge Mattrasses, Pillows, Comforters, Quilts, Blankets, Table Spreads, &c. Also Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Breakfast, Dining and Extension Tables, Marble Top Centre Tables, Sofas, Tete-a-tetes, Rockers, Easy Chairs, Piano Stools, Book Racks, What Nots, Children's Carriages, Children's Cradles and Cribs, Looking Glasses, Looking-glass Plates, Picture Frames, Photograph Ovals, Steel Engravings, Cards and Tassels, &c., in fact a full assortment of everything in the line. All of which will be sold cheap for cash.

Country Dealers supplied at Wholesale Prices

The public are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Store on Main Street, 2 doors south of Montanyes. I also keep on hand, a large assortment of

READY MADE COFFINS,

From the most common to the finest Mahogany or Rosewood, which will be furnished with or without Attendance with Hearse, at as low a price as the same *quality* can be purchased elsewhere. Dec., 1867.—yr.

NEW STEAM FLOURING MILL

IN STANDING STONE!

The subscribers having erected a new Steam Flouring Mill, at a heavy outlay, on the site of the old Distillery in Standing Stone Township would inform the people of Bradford County and vicinity, that they are prepared to attend to work in all its branches in the most approved manner.

Their mill has all the modern improvements, and built by skillful workmen; and one of the firm being a practical miller, they can guarantee their work.

They respectfully solicit the patronage of the public, pledging themselves to render perfect satisfaction to customers. Give us a call.

☞ We will keep on hand at all times, Flour and Feed, wholesale and retail, at lowest cash prices.

☞ The highest cash price paid for Grain.

ACKLA & VAUGHAN.

Standing Stone, Dec. 23, 1867.—3m.

PLANT FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, VINES AND FLOWERS!

Remember that at the

TOWANDA HOME NURSERY

You can buy ANYTHING you may want in the line of NURSERY TREES, VINES, SHRUBS and FLOWERS. If not on hand leave or give your order, and it will be carefully and satisfactorily filled. I can supply you with

THRIFTY APPLE TREES,

Splendidly rooted,

VERY FINE PEAR TREES,

Also, PLUM, CHERRY, QUINCE, SIBERIAN CRAB and PEACH TREES. Also, DWARF PEAR, CHERRY, PEACH and APPLE TREES, GRAPE VINES of all the best varieties, from 1 year to 3 years old. EVERGREENS, MOUNTAIN ASHES, HORSE CHESTNUTS, WILLOWS, &c., &c. Come and see, or send your orders.

E. M. WILLIS.

Towanda, Oct. 1, 1867.

Miscellaneous.

LOOK OUT FOR HOLIDAYS!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

W. A. CHAMBERLIN

Has enlarged his store and he just received a large stock of Gold and Silver

AMERICAN WATCHES!

And a well selected assortment of SWISS WATCHES, all warranted to run well or the money refunded. He keeps on hand a large assortment of the celebrated

SETH THOMAS CLOCK

Also an elegant assortment of the latest styles Gold

JEWELRY AND SILVER WARE.

In the plated line he has Rogers Brother

FORKS AND SPOONS!

Heavily plated

Breakfast & Dinner Castors,

Elegant treble plate double wall

ICE PITCHERS!

Handsome Cake Baskets,

BUTTER & BERRY DISHES,

Pickle Stands, Tea Bells, &c., &c., &c.

CHAMBERLIN is now keeping the

GROVER & BAKER'S

Family Sewing Machines.

These Machines are superior to all others for family use, for the following reasons:

They sew with two threads direct from the spools, and require no rewinding.

They are more easily understood and used, and less liable to derangement, than other machines.

They are capable of executing perfectly, without change of adjustment, a much greater variety of work than other machines.

The stitch made by these machines is much more firm, elastic, and durable, especially upon articles which require to be washed and ironed, than any other stitch.

This stitch, owing to the manner in which the under thread is unwrought, is much the most plump and beautiful in use, and retains this plumpness and beauty, even upon articles frequently washed and ironed, until they are worn out.

The structure of the seam is such, that, tho' it be cut or broken at intervals of only a few stitches, it will neither open, run, nor ravel, but remains firm and durable.

Unlike other machines, these fasten both ends of the seam by their own operation.

With these machines, while silk is used upon the right or face side of the seam, cotton may be used upon the other side without lessening the strength or durability of the seam. This can be done on no other machine, and is a great saving upon all articles stitched or made up with silk.

These machines, in addition to their superior merits as instruments for sewing, execute the most beautiful and permanent embroidery and ornamental work.

You can get Sewing Machine Needles, and all articles pertaining to the machine business.

MUSIC!

PIANOS, ORGANS AND MELODEONS!

You can get at CHAMBERLIN'S one of

DECKER BROTHERS UNEQUALLED

PATENT PIANO FORTES!

No better made in the States. Warranted seven years, and to stay in tune longer than any other. Keeps on hand the American, and Treat Lindsley & Co, celebrated

PARLOR ORGANS!

Which for sweetness of tone and style of finish cannot be surpassed. Are suitable for Churches Lodges, Seminaries, and the home circle. Also a general assortment of other musical instruments together with Violin, Violincello Strings Bridges, Ball Pieces, Rosin, Bow Hair, Keys, Resin, &c., &c.

Remember that I do not depend upon the sale of Musical Instruments for a living, consequently am willing to sell at a very small advance.

WATCH AND CLOCK REPAIRING,

Done in the best manner, as usual, at low rates.

Towanda, July 18, 1867.

FOX, STEVENS, MERCUR & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Having given up our RETAIL TRADE, we are now enabled to give our whole attention the selling of

GOODS AT WHOLESALE!

We have in store a large stock of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

And other goods in our line, which were purchased for CASH, from first hands, and which we offer to the trade on desirable terms.

We desire to call particular attention to our stock of

FINE NEW CROP TEAS,

Bought directly from the IMPORTERS, consisting of

HYSON, YOUNG HYSON,

IMPERIAL JAPAN AND OOLONG TEAS.

Which we offer at

NEW YORK JOBBING PRICES,

Guaranteeing the quality in all cases.

☞ We are daily receiving additions to our stock in all DEPARTMENTS, all of which are bought with special reference to the wants of this market.

One of our firm being a resident buyer in New York, of many years experience, enables us to take advantage of any favorable changes in the Market, and to keep our stock always full and complete.

Our business experience added to our facilities, enables us to offer great inducements to purchasers.

Orders by mail, or otherwise, will receive prompt and careful attention.

Towanda, Sept. 1, 1867.

FLOUR!

GET THE BEST.

FOUNTAIN'S PREMIUM FLOUR,

MADE FROM THE BEST

MICHIGAN WHITE WHEAT.

AND OTHER GOOD BRANDS,

Constantly arriving from our Mills in Michigan

Wholesale and Retail Dealers supplied cheap,

From our Store in the

HATHORN BUILDING,

Near the Erie Railway Depot, SENECA, N. Y.

J. H. FOUNTAIN & CO.

Dec. 19, 1867.

Miscellaneous.

CROCKERY!

AND

FANCY GOODS.

CROCKERY.

The largest and best assortment of Crockery yet opened in this County, will be sold cheap.

WICKHAM & BLACK.

GLASSWARE.

Lamps, Lanterns, Burners, Wicks, Chimneys, Chandeliers, &c. &c. at

WICKHAM & BLACK.

FANCY GOODS

in China, Lava, Parian Marble, Glass, Wood, &c. just received from Auction.

WICKHAM & BLACK.

SILVER Plated Goods of tasty patterns (and every piece warranted), received from the manufacturer.

WICKHAM & BLACK.

KNIVES, Forks, Spoons, &c. These lines of goods we either get direct of the importer or manufacturer.

WICKHAM & BLACK.

CHRISTMAS,

AT

WICKHAM & BLACK.

WHEELER & WILSON,

AND

SINGER SEWING MACHINES,

AT WICKHAM & BLACK'S

Towanda, Dec. 2, 1867.

RECEIVING THIS WEEK,

THE SECOND STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

IN GREAT VARIETY,

And Selling at the Recent Great Reduction in Prices!

TRACY & MOORE.

November 14, 1867.

A CARD.—Dr. VANBUSKIRK has obtained a License, as required, of the Goodyear Vulcanite Company, to Vulcanize Rubber as a base for Artificial Teeth, and has now a good selection of those beautiful carved Block Teeth, and a superior article of Black English Rubber, which will enable him to supply all those in want of sets of teeth, with those unsurpassed for beauty and natural appearance. Filling, Cleaning, Correcting Irregularities, Extracting, and all operations belonging to the Surgical Department skillfully performed. Chloroform administered for the extraction of Teeth when desired, an article being used for the purpose in which he has perfect confidence, having administered it with the most pleasing results during a practice of fourteen years.

Being very grateful to the public for their liberal patronage heretofore received, he would say that by strict attention to the wants of his patients, he would continue to merit their confidence and approbation. Office in Beideman's Block, opposite the Means House, Towanda, Pa. Dec. 20, 1867.—3m.

CALL AND SEE!

Great Inducements at

J. A. BRISTOL'S

ATHENS CARRIAGE FACTORY.

Open and Top Buggies, of the Latest Styles, and a variety of light and heavy Platform wagons; all of the best material and finish, at very low prices for the times. Also plain and fancy Sleighs—Long Sleighs and Bob Sleighs. Special care is taken in selection of stock and with the work. None but experienced workmen are employed in each branch of manufacture, and I am bound to give satisfaction to all who favor me with their custom. All work warranted.

J. A. BRISTOLL.

Athens, Pa., Dec. 3, 1867.—4w.

CHEAP PASSAGE FROM OR TO IRELAND OR ENGLAND!

GULON & CO.'S LINE OF STEAMSHIPS PLY OR TO QUEENSTOWN OR LIVERPOOL.

Williams & Guion's old "Black Star Line" of Liverpool Packets, sailing every week.

Swallow-tail Line of Packets from or to London, sailing twice a month.

Remittances to England, Ireland and Scotland payable on demand.

For further particulars, apply to Williams & Guion, 29 Broadway, New-York,