

Newspaper advertisements to be  
published in the Standard from Oct.

## Standard Reporter

Towanda, Thursday, Sept. 19, 1867.

### THE REPRODUCTION

When Mr. Parsons, of New Haven, Conn., broached the subject of liquidating the public debt, nobody was surprised—it was so much like other acts of theirs, that people would have been surprised to have seen them lay down their opposition to the interests and welfare of the country, and become patriotic and zealous for its good. But when Major General B. F. Butler, of Boston, took up the parable of cheating the people, where Pendleton had left it, he had advanced it, then, indeed, to a new level. His speech was sufficient to destroy all confidence his friends had hitherto reposed in him, as a military genius, and now this last step has wrought his final overthrow as a statesman, and led people to doubt, if he is even an honest man.

In another communication we will

mention the recent movement among the soldiers to redeem their bonds by promising to redeem

them at a nominal value, and to give

"Hot Cream Soda" is a novel and excellent drink, advertised in New Haven, and strongly recommended to Good Temporalists.

— Senator Wilson has completed a history of the Reconstruction movement, which will be published in Hartford, at an early day.

— The Austrian Emperor is growing in popularity, for keeping educational matters away from the control of the Clergy.

— It is reported, that Garibaldi has no design of appealing to the American Government, on the ground that he is an American citizen.

— A damsel in Boston recently borrowed five hundred dollars, and gave herself as "collateral." This note, it is said, has one year to run.

— Southern Illinois is shipped to market, this year, fourteen thousand bushels of berries and three hundred and fifty thousand bushels of peaches.

— A lady of Washington, Mrs. Eliza Footh, has invented an improved cylinder paper machine, which is in use in Pittsburgh, Mass., and is said to save \$100 per day in the raw material consumed.

— One of the fashionable ladies of Boston, gorgeously arrayed and gaily dressed, lay upon the sidewalk of Summer street until a policeman called a cab, and took her home, Sunday afternoon.

— The Sublime Porte of Turkey refuses to take the advice of the European powers in regard to the Crete affair, and will take the consequences.

— The Rev. J. W. Butler was appointed by the Archdiocese of Canterbury to succeed Dr. Cohen as Bishop of Natal, but Mr. Butler has declined.

— The Philadelphia post office is now open at all times. Letters are delivered night or day, including Sundays.

— The Brighton House, near Chicago, was burned on Saturday last, together with the stables and two horses.

— New guano discoveries have been made in Chile, and the Republic thinks that it will also be found in the deserts of Atacama.

— The renewal of the Subsidy of \$100,000 for the establishment of a line of steamers to Europe, via the Straits of Magellan, has been effected.

— Michael Porter, of Willow Grove, N. J., aged 84, walked ten miles one day last week, and shot a deer. He has had 1000 birds on alternate days.

— The National Intelligencer, Johnson's organ, charges Gen. Grant with turning copperheads out of office in his department.

— The majority in Ohio against negro suffrage is 58,583. It was once as much as that against restricting the extension of slavery.

— Emigrants in large numbers are arriving in New Orleans. They go up the Mississippi to the new States and Territories.

— The climate of the sea coast in Walrusia is said to be milder in winter than that of Northern New York.

— Frank King, charged with murder, and several thieves and other criminals, recently escaped from the Holmesbury (N. Y.) jail.

— A terrible accident has fallen in the town of St. Thomas, in the West Indies, the town being nearly destroyed by a tornado, and 500 lives being lost.

— Another revolution seems certain in Mexico. Like the "democrats" in this country, the defeated party at the polls want to rule or rule.

— The cholera ravages have proved frightful in Nicaragua, 1,188 deaths having occurred in the department of San Leon alone from March to September.

— The whisky tax in Great Britain is \$2.50 per gallon, and it is collected.

— More people are out of employment in Philadelphia than there were in 1857.

— General Ewing, of Ohio, and ex-Governor Bramlette, of Kentucky, are now spoken of for Cabinet positions.

— Hon. William A. Darling has been nominated by the Republicans of New York for Mayor of that city.

— The idea of going to New York for a Secretary of the Treasury sounds like plunder by millions and honesty by thousands.

— The New Hampshire Democratic State Convention nominated J. G. Sinclair for Governor. Resolutions were adopted pledging loyalty to the Constitution, denouncing the Congressional plan of reconstruction and negro suffrage, and trusting over the recent elections.

— The gains which the Democrats made in the nearly balanced contests of Illinois, show a Democratic majority of 1,961, against a Democratic majority in 1864, for McClellan, of 2,451.

— The establishment of a National School of Mines is to be proposed to Congress at the coming session. About \$100,000 per annum are to be saved by a more scientific system in the working of our mines.

— A member of the Paris House of Rothschild got the news of the arrest of Garibaldi an hour and a half before it was received by the Government, and made 500,000 francs at the Bourse on the strength of it.

— Axel Bradley, of Union, ton, the other night, a pair of dark bay horses, one mare and one gelding (a light wagon, a set of silver plated harness, and two buffalo robes, for the horses or information where they may be found, a reward of \$100 is offered.

— There was a time when men, like

he was honored by nearly all the friends of the union. His administration at New Orleans was stern, bold, and uncompromising, and his policy was to make the South pay for the rebellion. His administration at New Orleans was sufficient to destroy all confidence his friends had hitherto reposed in him, as a military genius, and now this last step has wrought his final overthrow as a statesman, and led people to doubt, if he is even an honest man.

In another communication we will

mention the recent movement among the soldiers to redeem their bonds by promising to redeem

them at a nominal value, and to give

"Hot Cream Soda" is a novel and excellent drink, advertised in New Haven, and strongly recommended to Good Temporalists.

— Senator Wilson has completed a history of the Reconstruction movement, which will be published in Hartford, at an early day.

— The Austrian Emperor is growing in popularity, for keeping educational matters away from the control of the Clergy.

— It is reported, that Garibaldi has no design of appealing to the American Government, on the ground that he is an American citizen.

— A damsel in Boston recently bor-

wowed five hundred dollars, and gave herself as "collateral." This note, it is said, has one year to run.

— Southern Illinois is shipped to market, this year, fourteen thousand bushels of berries and three hundred and fifty thousand bushels of peaches.

— A lady of Washington, Mrs. Eliza Footh, has invented an improved cylinder paper machine, which is in use in Pittsburgh, Mass., and is said to save \$100 per day in the raw material consumed.

— The Sublime Porte of Turkey refuses to take the advice of the European powers in regard to the Crete affair, and will take the consequences.

— The Rev. J. W. Butler was appointed by the Archdiocese of Canterbury to succeed Dr. Cohen as Bishop of Natal, but Mr. Butler has declined.

— The Philadelphia post office is

now open at all times. Letters are delivered night or day, including Sundays.

— The Brighton House, near Chi-

ago, was burned on Saturday last, together with the stables and two horses.

— New guano discoveries have been made in Chile, and the Republic thinks that it will also be found in the deserts of Atacama.

— The renewal of the Subsidy of \$100,000 for the establishment of a line of steamers to Europe, via the Straits of Magellan, has been effected.

— Michael Porter, of Willow Grove, N. J., aged 84, walked ten miles one day last week, and shot a deer. He has had 1000 birds on alternate days.

— The National Intelligencer, Johnson's organ, charges Gen. Grant with turning copperheads out of office in his department.

— The majority in Ohio against negro suffrage is 58,583. It was once as much as that against restricting the extension of slavery.

— Emigrants in large numbers are arriving in New Orleans. They go up the Mississippi to the new States and Territories.

— The climate of the sea coast in Walrusia is said to be milder in winter than that of Northern New York.

— Frank King, charged with murder, and several thieves and other criminals, recently escaped from the Holmesbury (N. Y.) jail.

— A terrible accident has fallen in the town of St. Thomas, in the West Indies, the town being nearly destroyed by a tornado, and 500 lives being lost.

— Another revolution seems certain in Mexico. Like the "democrats" in this country, the defeated party at the polls want to rule or rule.

— The cholera ravages have proved

frightful in Nicaragua, 1,188 deaths

having occurred in the department of San Leon alone from March to September.

— The whisky tax in Great Britain is \$2.50 per gallon, and it is collected.

— More people are out of employment in Philadelphia than there were in 1857.

— General Ewing, of Ohio, and ex-Governor Bramlette, of Kentucky, are now spoken of for Cabinet positions.

— Hon. William A. Darling has been nominated by the Republicans of New York for Mayor of that city.

— The idea of going to New York for a Secretary of the Treasury sounds like plunder by millions and honesty by thousands.

— The New Hampshire Democratic State Convention nominated J. G. Sinclair for Governor. Resolutions were adopted pledging loyalty to the Constitution, denouncing the Congressional plan of reconstruction and negro suffrage, and trusting over the recent elections.

— The gains which the Democrats made in the nearly balanced contests of Illinois, show a Democratic majority of 1,961, against a Democratic majority in 1864, for McClellan, of 2,451.

— The establishment of a National School of Mines is to be proposed to Congress at the coming session. About \$100,000 per annum are to be saved by a more scientific system in the working of our mines.

— A member of the Paris House of

Rothschild got the news of the arrest of

Garibaldi an hour and a half before it was received by the Government, and made

500,000 francs at the Bourse on the strength of it.

— Axel Bradley, of Union, ton, the other night, a pair of dark bay horses, one mare and one gelding (a light wagon, a set of silver plated harness, and two buffalo robes, for the horses or information where they may be found, a reward of \$100 is offered.

— There was a time when men, like

he was honored by nearly all the friends of the union. His administration at New Orleans was stern, bold, and uncompromising, and his policy was to make the South pay for the rebellion. His administration at New Orleans was sufficient to destroy all confidence his friends had hitherto reposed in him, as a military genius, and now this last step has wrought his final overthrow as a statesman, and led people to doubt, if he is even an honest man.

In another communication we will

mention the recent movement among the soldiers to redeem their bonds by promising to redeem

them at a nominal value, and to give

"Hot Cream Soda" is a novel and excellent drink, advertised in New Haven, and strongly recommended to Good Temporalists.

— Senator Wilson has completed a history of the Reconstruction movement, which will be published in Hartford, at an early day.

— The Austrian Emperor is growing in popularity, for keeping educational matters away from the control of the Clergy.

— It is reported, that Garibaldi has no design of appealing to the American Government, on the ground that he is an American citizen.

— A damsel in Boston recently bor-

wowed five hundred dollars, and gave herself as "collateral." This note, it is said, has one year to run.

— Southern Illinois is shipped to market, this year, fourteen thousand bushels of berries and three hundred and fifty thousand bushels of peaches.

— New guano discoveries have been made in Chile, and the Republic thinks that it will also be found in the deserts of Atacama.

— The renewal of the Subsidy of \$100,000 for the establishment of a line of steamers to Europe, via the Straits of Magellan, has been effected.

— Michael Porter, of Willow Grove, N. J., aged 84, walked ten miles one day last week, and shot a deer. He has had 1000 birds on alternate days.

— The National Intelligencer, Johnson's organ, charges Gen. Grant with turning copperheads out of office in his department.

— The majority in Ohio against negro suffrage is 58,583. It was once as much as that against restricting the extension of slavery.

— Emigrants in large numbers are arriving in New Orleans. They go up the Mississippi to the new States and Territories.

— The climate of the sea coast in Walrusia is said to be milder in winter than that of Northern New York.

— Frank King, charged with murder, and several thieves and other criminals, recently escaped from the Holmesbury (N. Y.) jail.

— A terrible accident has fallen in the town of St. Thomas, in the West Indies, the town being nearly destroyed by a tornado, and 500 lives being lost.

— Another revolution seems certain in Mexico. Like the "democrats" in this country, the defeated party at the polls want to rule or rule.

— The cholera ravages have proved

frightful in Nicaragua, 1,188 deaths

having occurred in the department of San Leon alone from March to September.

— The whisky tax in Great Britain is \$2.50 per gallon, and it is collected.

— More people are out of employment in Philadelphia than there were in 1857.

— General Ewing, of Ohio, and ex-Governor Bramlette, of Kentucky, are now spoken of for Cabinet positions.

— Hon. William A. Darling has been nominated by the Republicans of New York for Mayor of that city.

— The idea of going to New York for a Secretary of the Treasury sounds like plunder by millions and honesty by thousands.

— The New Hampshire Democratic State Convention nominated J. G. Sinclair for Governor. Resolutions were adopted pledging loyalty to the Constitution, denouncing the Congressional plan of reconstruction and negro suffrage, and trusting over the recent elections.

— The gains which the Democrats made in the nearly balanced contests of Illinois, show a Democratic majority of 1,961, against a Democratic majority in 1864, for McClellan, of 2,451.

— The establishment of a National School of Mines is to be proposed to Congress at the coming session. About \$100,000 per annum are to be saved by a more scientific system in the working of our mines.

— A member of the Paris House of

Rothschild got the news of the arrest of

Garibaldi an hour and a half before it was received by the Government, and made

500,000 francs at the Bourse on the strength of it.

— Axel Bradley, of Union, ton, the other night, a pair of dark bay horses, one mare and one gelding (a light wagon, a set of silver plated harness, and two buffalo robes, for the horses or information where they may be found, a reward of \$100 is offered.

— There was a time when men, like

he was honored by nearly all the friends of the union. His administration at New Orleans was stern, bold, and uncompromising, and his policy was to make the South pay for the rebellion. His administration at New Orleans was sufficient to destroy all confidence his friends had hitherto reposed in him, as a military genius, and now this last step has wrought his final overthrow as a statesman, and led people to doubt, if he is even an honest man.

In another communication we will

mention the recent movement among the soldiers to redeem their bonds by promising to redeem