

News from all Nations.

Brevet Maj-General R. S. Granger has been assigned to command of the post of Richmond. Six young girls have been kidnapped in the streets of New York, within three weeks. A Mr. Brown, of Dayton, Ohio, has been fifty-four days without food or drink. Johnson and Seward are preparing for a Southern trip. D. D. T. Moore, of the Rural New Yorker, has gone South, on a tour of observation. Study Johnson and Wm. H. Sewell are going South to induce the negroes to vote for rebels. Maj. Gen. O. O. Howard has gone to Chicago, and will be absent about a week. Senator Wilson had a grand reception from the Republicans of Norfolk, Va. The Swiss Government will put on an army of observation on the French frontier. The Indians lately made a raid on the cattle near Fort Mitchell, and ran off a large number. Crime is greatly on the increase in Camden county, New Jersey. The Japanese embassy are in Washington. They have not yet made known their mission. It is said that the Turkish Government will make such liberal reforms as will satisfy or quiet the Cretan insurrectionists. A mortgage was recently recorded in Tipton county, Ind., amounting to eleven millions of dollars. Gen. Schofield has notified the Richmond Times that its insolent and seditious tone will not be tolerated hereafter. Maximilian and his Imperial forces have been repulsed at Queretaro. Gen. Miramon is reported mortally wounded. In Cayuta, Yates county, New York, last week, a little boy 7 years old, shot Miss Lockely, while playing with a gun, and killed her instantly. A soldier came home to Cleveland, a short time ago, and saw a monument erected to his own memory. He had been reported dead. In Minersville, Illinois, last week, an Englishman shot his dog and then blew his own brains out. He had often said, he would not live after his dog died. Eight thousand Chinamen are employed on the Central Pacific Railroad. They are temperate and industrious. Judge Magruder, a rebel of Maryland, has again outrageously set aside the civil rights bill, and refused to a colored man his rights in court. A meter has been invented to register the quantity of liquor distilled in each distillery. It has been adopted by the government. Ten thousand cords of wood, belonging to the New York Central Railroad, was destroyed by fire, at Syracuse, N. Y., on Monday last. Three hundred Irishmen are in prison in Ireland, charged with high treason, "for wearing of the green." Gen. Wool has been on trial in Baltimore, for false imprisonment. The suit was brought by rebels. Gen. W. was fined one cent, and each party was to pay half the costs. Charles B. Douglas, youngest son of Fred. Douglass, the famous colored lecturer, has been appointed to a first-class clerkship in the Freedmen's Bureau. The Legislature of Rhode Island has passed an act, prohibiting the advertising of certain quack medicines, such as abortion pills, &c. Illinois passed an eight hour law. The railroad and manufacturing companies have given notice to employees that their pay will be reduced in proportion. Gov. Jenkins, of Georgia, has written and published a letter advising resistance to the reconstruction act. Gen. Pope informs him that a repetition of such advice will result in his (the Governor's) removal from office. Miss Maria Young will be tried at Hollidaysburg, in July, on a charge of poisoning her father. Slad had made their way up the "Blue Juniata." This shows that they pass the dams. Frank McReynolds was mulcted in \$400 in Harrisburg, last week, for slandering Ella J. Etta. At least one hundred thousand dollars have been collected in Pennsylvania in aid of the Pope. A great mass convention of Sabbath Schools was held in Johnstown on Thursday, May 24. A gentleman has left two eggs at the office of the Columbia Republican, which are connected by a small cord, half an inch long, with a Siamese twin. Jacob Hill, a soldier of the war of 1812, died at Hanover on Tuesday morning. He had attained the good old age of seventy-six years. An aged lady, named Newhouse, perished in the snow, in Mill Creek township, Clearfield county, on the 13th of April. The dead body of an infant wrapped in old clothes, was found last week, in Emporium. The supposed mother has been arrested. George Weaver has been convicted of arson, in Harrisburg. Several cattle recently died in Buffalo Valley, Union county, from the effects of eating spoiled cucumber pickles. The brine proved fatal. Col. McClure, of the Franklin Repository, will spend the summer among the Rocky Mountains. His wife and son will accompany him. An old woman, named Mungold, while picking up coal that fell from the cars, in Altoona, was caught between two cars and killed, last week. J. Stanley Jones has gone South to recruit with Alex. Stephens, and other rebels, so as to what can be done to patch up the disorganized party.

Bradford Reporter.

Towanda, Thursday, May 9, 1867.

A WAR IN EUROPE.

Until quite recently, the present peace of Europe has been threatened, and the report, that a satisfactory adjustment is on foot, has no certainty in it. Still, it is hoped that the good sense of the leading spirits of the Old World, will hit upon some expedient to allay the jealousies and animosities existing between Prussia and France. For it is between these powers that war is threatened. Not that the people of these respective governments desire to shock each other, not a bit of it; but Count Bismarck, who rules Prussia, and Louis Napoleon, who rules France, have lately become very jealous of each other, and it is to gratify their private pique, that the people are to fight. We have no particular fancy for either of these rulers, and if they would go to work and pommel each other right effectually, we would not care which got the worst, or the best of it. We do not desire however, to see their poor subjects forced to destroy each other, to gratify these cowardly bullies. So far as numerical strength is concerned, however, the two nations are pretty nearly equal, and from this, the inference would naturally be, that a contest between the two powers, would be very doubtful. France in all her late wars has been successful, and as a war power has been considered superior to any other in Europe, until now, the late successes of Prussia, have, in the public judgment, made her the equal of France. A war between these two nations now, would be a very different thing from what it was under the First Napoleon, not because of the increased power of both, nor yet because of the immense improvement in war projectiles, but because of the elevation and advancement of the people in both countries in their civil and moral characteristics. In these particulars, the German and the Frenchman, have grown greatly, and as we believe, the former more than the latter. Prussians are the best educated people—so far as book learning is concerned—in the world. There all males must be sent to school a certain number of years, and all able-bodied ones must be soldiers for a period of years; and if we had to guess, or bet, on the result of a fair fight between Prussia and France, we would stake for the former; first because of her intelligence, and second because of her religion. The Prussians are Protestants, and the French Catholics; and we believe the easy triumph of Prussia over Austria, while the latter are as decidedly German as the former, and in physical and mental developments are their equals, there is no accounting for the great superiority of the Prussians over the Austrians, which has long been so thoroughly settled, even before the last quarrel, unless we be it on the ground of education and religion. In the war between Prussia and Austria, it was Protestantism and education against Catholicism and ignorance, and the former had an easy victory, as it should have had; and so it will be, we opine, if Prussia and France fight, notwithstanding the wonderful prestige which hangs over the war power of France. The immediate cause of a rupture in Europe, grows out of a dispute about the old Fortress and Province of Luxemburg, lying on the borders of Holland and Prussia. It contains about eight hundred and fifty square miles, and has a population of less than two hundred thousand souls. It belongs to Holland, but is essentially German in its institutions and its population. In virtue of its being a part of his possessions, the King of Holland was a member of the late German Confederacy, had a vote in the Diet, and furnished a military contingent for the Confederate armies. The city of Luxemburg, the capital of the Duchy, has one of the strongest fortresses in Europe, which has always been kept up at German expense, and garrisoned by German troops, usually, both formerly and at present, by those of Prussia. The city and its fortress together constitute one of those strongholds which the warring sovereigns of Europe have always watched with the utmost vigilance. Its natural position amidst precipitous rocks, and on one of the routes of communication between Germany and France, is alone sufficient to give it very great importance, and this importance has been enhanced by its historical connection with some of the decisive events of modern Europe. The recent dissolution of the German Confederation, it seems, has made the Duchy of Luxemburg, with its capital and fortress, a subject of some speculation and negotiation. It is so German to be of much use to Holland, and it has too commanding a position near the entrance to France, to be anything but an instrument of menace, if it is transferred to Prussia. Louis Napoleon, as was to be expected, lost no time in making overtures to Holland for its purchase and annexation to France. But as a Prussian garrison holds the city and its fortress, it is of course impossible to complete the bargain and

REPUBLICAN UNION CONVENTION.

Pursuant to call a Mass Convention assembled at the Court House in Towanda Monday evening May 6, 1867. Convention called to order by G. D. Montanye chairman of the County Committee. B. Laporte was appointed chairman and J. F. Chamberlin of Wyandoming and H. N. Williams of Canton were appointed Secretaries. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted, to wit, That H. L. Scott, J. M. Smith, A. H. Kingsbury, Josephus Campbell and Andrew Fee, be Senatorial Conference to meet with Conferees from Susquehanna and Wyoming Counties, for the purpose of selecting a delegate to represent this Senatorial District in the State Convention to be held at Williamsport, June 26, 1867. And Wm. A. Peck, Stephen Bullock, W. H. Carnahan, Jay Chaapel, Joseph Kingsbury, be representative conferees to meet with conferees from Sullivan Co., to elect two delegates to represent this representative district in said State Convention, and that they be instructed to support Wm. T. Davis and George D. Montanye as such representative delegates. Hon. George Landon was loudly called for and appeared upon the stand amid great applause, and proceeded to address the Convention in his usual eloquent and able manner. On motion the Convention then adjourned. Later advices from Mexico confirm the reports of the defeat of the Imperialists at Queretaro, the death of Miramon, and the flight of Maximilian. The Liberals at the battle of Queretaro fought under the leadership of Gen. Diaz, and are highly elated at their success. The Imperialists were in a starving condition previous to the fight, having been surrounded by their enemies for some time and entirely cut off from their supplies and all prospect of relief. The workmen of Chicago and their employers are now at sword's points regarding the eight-hour system of labor. The workmen insist that eight hours shall constitute a day's labor, and the employers refuse to accept it. Thursday the workmen, to the number of several hundred, visited several lumber-yards and shops and compelled them to close. The police were called into requisition, but no riot had occurred. Trouble is anticipated before matters can be adjusted. Messrs. Allis, Waters & Co., bankers in Rochester, N. Y., suspended on Tuesday, and made an assignment for the benefit of creditors. The liabilities are about \$75,000. The cause of this failure is understood to be Western Union Telegraph stock, of which the firm has carried a large quantity through the late decline. A duel was fought at Townsend Bridge, Ky., on Tuesday, between Noah S. Alexander and Isaac Hanson, both Kentuckians. Five shots were exchanged, when the seconds interfered and put a stop to the affair. Hanson received a slight wound in the hip, and Alexander escaped unhurt. A few nights ago a party of men went to the premises of one John Uhlendorff, Harmony Township, Forest County, Ohio, tied the old man, who is over 70 years of age, to the bed, and robbed him of over \$3,000 in money, making good their escape. Thousands of cattle have died in Kansas during the past Winter from exposure and lack of proper food. The mortality has been especially severe in the southern part of the State. One company has lost twelve thousand in two or three weeks. Senator Nye, owing to ill health arising from a former attack of fever prevalent at Panama, will not return to Nevada during the present recess of Congress. He will spend a portion of the time at Saratoga this summer, and will leave the city in a few days for that place. Abner W. C. Redmond, who was convicted of murder by the Circuit Court of Charlottesville, Va., and sentenced to fifteen years imprisonment in the Penitentiary, has been pardoned by Gov. Pierpont. Willis McManning was arrested at Gosport, Ind., Thursday, charged with the murder of John S. Johns, telegraph operator at that place, on Tuesday night. A watchman at New-London, Conn., on Tuesday morning, when the engineer and fireman had gone to breakfast, thought he would play engineer awhile on a locomotive. So he let steam on. He intended to go back, but the engine went ahead, and before he could reverse it, it went off the track into the river. Efforts were made on Tuesday to raise the engine, but it will take some time and the Company will have the pleasure of paying for the watchman's curiosity. We regret to learn that A. W. Benedict, Chief Clerk of the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, and one of the Secretaries of the Republican State Central Committee, died on Sunday last, at Huntingdon, of erysipelas. He was one of the ablest clerks the House ever had, and after the close of the late session, returned to his home in apparent good health. He was universally respected by the great number of persons whose acquaintance he had made during his public life. It is said that he was the first publisher of a daily paper in the City of Philadelphia. A Reading paper says: "One day, week before last, the family of Mr. Tetter, residing near the depot on the Reading and Columbia Railroad, in Spring township, were attracted to the yard by the screaming of a cat, when they found her engaged in a desperate combat with a monster black snake, measuring between five and six feet in length and 5 1/2 inches in circumference. After a desperate and exciting contest his snakeship caved in and laid prostrate before the victorious cat who continued the work of destruction until the life of the enemy became extinct. The Honesdale Republic says: On Thursday morning a large black bear, weighing in the neighborhood of the three hundred pounds, made its appearance in the upper part of our town, and after traversing through two or three streets, made its way over the hills, pursued by a large party of hunters. They followed it all day, and although repeatedly fired at, his bearship's health was good at the close of the day, though somewhat fatigued from the extra exertions he had undergone.

News of the Week

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Merchandise.

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During the past week a number of Government hands have been engaged in removing the remains of Union soldiers from the burying ground near the Washington county almshouse to the Antietam Cemetery. This work was commenced last winter, but was interrupted by the inclemency of the weather. The Hagerstown Herald says that, although none of the soldiers have been buried six years, there is little or nothing left of them but a few handfuls of bones. The iron-moulders belonging to the Union at Ironton, Ohio, are on a strike. Friday a few of the moulders went to work, when the strikers tried to run them out of town. A fight ensued, during which Charles Levent, one of the strikers, was killed. Three young men, traveling agents, or "chrummers," as they are called, connected with Boston and New-York houses, have been arrested for alleged connection with the murder of the man Fitzgibbon, at Montpelier, Vt., last Wednesday evening. The woolen factory of Charles Atkinson, at Fairport, ten miles from Rochester, was totally destroyed by fire Thursday morning. The loss is estimated at \$30,000. The property is insured for \$20,000. Four men were arrested at Fort Wayne on Wednesday for having robbed and attempted to murder a citizen named Fiegle. An excited mob soon gathered around them, and the prisoners were conveyed into the country by the officers and hidden to save them from being lynched. A farmer named Alfred Hoyt, living near Dundas, Minn., on Monday last killed his neighbor, Josiah Stanford, with an ax, almost severing his head from his body and cutting off both hands. Hoyt then proceeded to the house and attempted to murder Mrs. Stanford, but she evaded him until her two sons rescued her and seized the murderer. Hoyt says he is glad he killed the old man, and is only sorry that he did not kill the old woman. A quarrel respecting cattle running at large was the cause. Several extensive fires are reported as having occurred in different parts of the country Friday. In Chicago the Merchants' Hotel was entirely destroyed, involving a loss of \$150,000; insurance \$50,000. At Fond du Lac, Wis., the Lewis House and ten other buildings were burned—loss \$50,000. At Cincinnati a large soap and candle factory was destroyed—loss \$125,000. Newspapers which have published the advertisement of the trustees of the Agricultural College, relating to land for experimental farms, are requested to state that the time fixed for a meeting of the committee and for receiving proposals for the location has been changed from the 15th to the 22d of May next. The Old Capitol building, whose very name was a terror to persons of secession proclivities, blockading-runners, spies, &c., during the war, is now being demolished preparatory to the erection of a large hotel upon its site. A New York company is engaged in the enterprise, which will probably prove remunerative, owing to its adjacency to the present Capitol building, and its elevated and healthy location. The officers of the secret service division of the Treasury Department arrested in Philadelphia, on Monday last, a noted counterfeit named Stephen Payne, whose successful operations have rendered him dangerous to the moneyed interests of the country and to the public generally. The Richmond Times, in an editorial in Monday's issue, intimates that the military authorities should take action to prevent Senator Wilson, Mr. Conway, and other Radical speakers now canvassing the South, from pursuing their course. Charles B. Miller, one of the six express robbers was brought into court at Wilkes-Barre, last week and plead not guilty. Mr. Harding, attorney for the Commonwealth, stated to the jury that it was upon confessions made by Miller that the \$15,000 of bonds were recovered and the other five defendants were led to plead guilty at this court, and that these confessions were made under the promise of exchange. Col. Harvey made a counter statement, but the district attorney stated that he had no legal evidence to submit to the jury. The Judge charged the jury that any confessions made under a promise not to prosecute could not be given in evidence, and directed a verdict of not guilty to be entered.

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During the past week a number of Government hands have been engaged in removing the remains of Union soldiers from the burying ground near the Washington county almshouse to the Antietam Cemetery. This work was commenced last winter, but was interrupted by the inclemency of the weather. The Hagerstown Herald says that, although none of the soldiers have been buried six years, there is little or nothing left of them but a few handfuls of bones. The iron-moulders belonging to the Union at Ironton, Ohio, are on a strike. Friday a few of the moulders went to work, when the strikers tried to run them out of town. A fight ensued, during which Charles Levent, one of the strikers, was killed. Three young men, traveling agents, or "chrummers," as they are called, connected with Boston and New-York houses, have been arrested for alleged connection with the murder of the man Fitzgibbon, at Montpelier, Vt., last Wednesday evening. The woolen factory of Charles Atkinson, at Fairport, ten miles from Rochester, was totally destroyed by fire Thursday morning. The loss is estimated at \$30,000. The property is insured for \$20,000. Four men were arrested at Fort Wayne on Wednesday for having robbed and attempted to murder a citizen named Fiegle. An excited mob soon gathered around them, and the prisoners were conveyed into the country by the officers and hidden to save them from being lynched. A farmer named Alfred Hoyt, living near Dundas, Minn., on Monday last killed his neighbor, Josiah Stanford, with an ax, almost severing his head from his body and cutting off both hands. Hoyt then proceeded to the house and attempted to murder Mrs. Stanford, but she evaded him until her two sons rescued her and seized the murderer. Hoyt says he is glad he killed the old man, and is only sorry that he did not kill the old woman. A quarrel respecting cattle running at large was the cause. Several extensive fires are reported as having occurred in different parts of the country Friday. In Chicago the Merchants' Hotel was entirely destroyed, involving a loss of \$150,000; insurance \$50,000. At Fond du Lac, Wis., the Lewis House and ten other buildings were burned—loss \$50,000. At Cincinnati a large soap and candle factory was destroyed—loss \$125,000. Newspapers which have published the advertisement of the trustees of the Agricultural College, relating to land for experimental farms, are requested to state that the time fixed for a meeting of the committee and for receiving proposals for the location has been changed from the 15th to the 22d of May next. The Old Capitol building, whose very name was a terror to persons of secession proclivities, blockading-runners, spies, &c., during the war, is now being demolished preparatory to the erection of a large hotel upon its site. A New York company is engaged in the enterprise, which will probably prove remunerative, owing to its adjacency to the present Capitol building, and its elevated and healthy location. The officers of the secret service division of the Treasury Department arrested in Philadelphia, on Monday last, a noted counterfeit named Stephen Payne, whose successful operations have rendered him dangerous to the moneyed interests of the country and to the public generally. The Richmond Times, in an editorial in Monday's issue, intimates that the military authorities should take action to prevent Senator Wilson, Mr. Conway, and other Radical speakers now canvassing the South, from pursuing their course. Charles B. Miller, one of the six express robbers was brought into court at Wilkes-Barre, last week and plead not guilty. Mr. Harding, attorney for the Commonwealth, stated to the jury that it was upon confessions made by Miller that the \$15,000 of bonds were recovered and the other five defendants were led to plead guilty at this court, and that these confessions were made under the promise of exchange. Col. Harvey made a counter statement, but the district attorney stated that he had no legal evidence to submit to the jury. The Judge charged the jury that any confessions made under a promise not to prosecute could not be given in evidence, and directed a verdict of not guilty to be entered.

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Merchandise. Are now receiving their first...

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