-- The proposed alliance by marriage between the reigning families of Rus-peach the President-not because it sia and Greece obtains peculiar significance doubts the right and Constitutional from the agitations existing among the power of the two Houses of Congress Greek population of the European Turkey.

-The Philadelphia Ledger claims the largest daily circulation, except one, in the United States, and the largest advertising receipts except one. Last year it received for advertising, \$311,37 90

-The project of an air line railroad between Washington and New York is again upon the rights of the people in some before Congress. Among the corporators are Simon Cameron, John W. Forney and Morton McMichael.

-"Brick" Pomeroy is out on a lecturing tour. The atmosphere of the Southern cities is so pleasant to him that he will hardly venture this way.

-The Chicagoians call the killing of a man out of jealousy only "Trussel work '-in honor of Mollie Trussel, the par- less reflects the views of a great ma-

-Friday, the twenty-second of February, is to be observed as a day of prayer | than at any other time. Why? Beand fasting by the Methodists of St. Louis.

-A New York Court has just decided that a gift presentation concert is no lottery and cannot be prosecuted as such.

died on Thursday last, at Lewisburg, Pa., in his eightieth year.

-John Patrick undertook to ride over the Utica and Black River Railroad last week, on the snow plow, but was knocked off, run over and killed. -Rev. George T. Williams the Vir-

ginia clergyman, who picked a lady's pock- probable than all other causes to et in a New York omnibus, has been held gether. If Congress can not take for trial.

-The house of Secretary Seward but a faction in opposition must inis now a resort for fugitive rebels. His house voke civil war, we ought all to know at Auburn was formerly a resort for fugitive it. And if it be necessary to im-

-Rev. Joseph M. Redding of Providence, R. I., has been arrested for indecent exposure of his person.

-Rev. B. H. Cheever, writing to the New York Methodist, proposes to erect a memorial church on the battle ground of cratic party has tried to carry every Gettysburg.

--By a general consolidation, the ures by a threat of civil war. John Camden and Amboy Railroad Company, has VAN BUREN at the Cooper Institute, gobbled up all the railroads in New Jersey. -Garibaldi has written a letter of Haven, and EDMUND BURKE at Con-

sympathy for the heroic and suffering cord, in 1867, resort to the same Greeks in the Island of Crete. -A severe thunder storm visited New York city, on Saturday last. The thun-

der shook the city like the explosion of a powder Magazine. -It is postively announced France that all the French soldiers will tend to settle all questions by peace-

leave Mexico on the 25th of February. -Rev. Luther Lee, the leader of Wesleyan Methodists of the United States, has issued a call for a meeting of all Wes- methods may be resumed. leyans in favor of returning to the M. E.

-A singular accident happened on the President has unquestionably atthe Atlantic & Great Western, last week. A tempted to subvert the Government, gentleman was sitting with his feet resting on the sill of one of the windows, which was open, and while the train was passing a truss bridge both his feet were taken off.

-Meadville has a new 1,500 pound any other Journal, he will be im-

-The Atlantic Hotel, at Titusville, is the only temperance house in that city, and is said to be quite popular.

-A man who represented himself as other rebels have lately fared. It as the Cashier of a National Bank at Washis one of those great and grave ington, insulted a young girl on the Atlan- measures which only extraordinary ing of last week. The girl asked protection of the passengers, when two or three of war-power is Constitutional. If the them seized the blackguard, took him to Constitutional authority be offensivethe rear end of the train and dropped him ly denied, the country may demand

-Three men, accused of forging bonds of Buena Vista County, Iowa, to the amount of \$40,000, have been arrested in

-The recent warm weather has nor flippantly invoke it. occasioned destructive freshets in many of the Western States.

-Four of the crew of the steam- will change it but the continuous folship City of Balh, from Boston for Savannah, ly of the President's party. If they have arrived at Charleston, S. C., and report and he are wise, they will paitently that their vessel was burned at sea off Cape await the action of the Committee.of twenty-six persons on board, they alone escaped.

-An accident on the Hannibal and state their nature so that the country St. Joseph (Mo.) Railroad, on Wednesday can clearly comprehend them, the night, caused by the breaking of a wheel, President, if wisely advised, will abide resulted in the death of one passenger and by the Constitution and the methods the wounding of fourteen others more or less seriously

-The Canadian Government have decided to place Government Police at Niagara Falls, to protect visitors from extortion, and has given a general hint to Mu- incline the country to judge dispasseum keepers.

- Joseph Miller, a prominent citi- Mad and reckless as his words and zen of Perry county, died at New Bloom- measures have been, fatally encourfield, last week. He had held several pubaging to the rebellious spirit, and de

--Alderman Reefer, of Harrisburg | mane citizens, his acts are not of ne a captain in the war of 1812, and at one time county commissioner, is dead. He was 78 -The Shamokin Herald says : John Government. An obstacle to the loy-

McEwen, whom we mentioned last week as al and generous purpose of the counhaving been injured by a fall of coal at the try he plainly is ; but not and obsta-Burnside Colliery, has since died from his cle, obviously, to be removed by iminjuries. -A woman in York county, died, sists a simple Constitutional process,

last week, to all appearances, but subsequently returned to mudane life, and related strange stories of what she had seen.

-George B. Y. Nensteel, a German music teacher, was killed in Washington township, York county, on Thursday week, by being struck by a tree which others were Democratic party comes to grief as

--Mrs. Raber, of Chapman town it made upon the nation. ship, Snyder county, ended the year 1866 by presenting her husband with three fat babies-one boy and two girls. "Tell Chap- The following are the States which man to crow."

E. W. McGinnes, Esq., a well known citized of Pottsville, and identified for many years with the coal mining interest. died suddenly at his home on Tuesday.

-Mr. and Mrs. Blackburn, of Col-Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, umbia, who are charged with fiendish abuse Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island, Tennes of their little daughter, have been committed to jail in default of \$3,000 bail each .-The little victim is at a hospital, and is re-

overing.

—Three distinct shocks of an earth
Delaware, Georgia, Florida, Kentucky, Louisana, Maryland, Missisquaks were felt at San Diego, California, on lina, Texas, Virginia. Total, 13.

Bradford Reporter.

impeachment is more imminent now

If the evidence laid before the

the process or the decision will fare

indeed strictly Constitutional, as the

that the issue be raised. But no

sensible man can be indifferent to

the importance of such action, and

will therefore neither passionately

This is undoubtedly the attitude of

the country at this moment. Nothing

If the Committee report that ample

grounds for impeachment exist, and

it prescribes. That, and that only,

sincerely believes in the justice of his

position. That, and that only, will

sionately the evidence of the defense.

structive of the hopes of loyal and hu-

cessity to be interpreted as conceived

with an intent of overthrowing the

peachment. But the moment he re-

that moment he judges himself. And

when the Democratic party declares

that it will resist Congress in its Con-

stitutional authority to try the Presi-

dent, the people will see to it that the

thoroughly as it did in the late war

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT .-

have up to this time ratified or reject-

Ratified by Connecticut, Illinois

Rejected by Alabama, Arkansas,

Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, New

ed the constitutional amendment:

The anniversary of Washington's birth-THE IMPEACHMENT. the 22d of February-will doubtless be se-It is well known that this paper lected as the occasion upon which to place does not favor the proposition to imthe old Declaration of Independence table and the celebrated Hancock chair in Independence Hall, Philadelphia. For many ears past these venerable relics have occu pied quarters in the Capitol buildings in to exercise such authority-not be-Harrisburg. Recently the chair met with cause it even doubts the guilt of the an accident, by which it was somewhat brok en, and the present Legislature passed a bill President, but it fails to discover the irecting the table and chair to be removed of the measure, and believes the into Philadelphia. Henceforth they will form terests of the country can be better a part of the collection of old-time relics that protected against his encroachments will in after years be looked upon by genrations yet unborn, with pleasure and veneraion. No more fitting place than Indepenother way. And we have reason to dence Hall could have been chosen in which suppose the views of the REPORTER to deposit these articles, which were so close on this subject are substantially in ly identified with the consummation of our harmony with the great majority of independence. They will be in the honored the Rpublican press throughout the tructure from which "Liberty" was first proclaimed. The 22d is a suitable day upon country. which to place them there, inasmuch as it But notwithstanding this attitude is the anniversary of the birth of the Father of the Republican press, which doubtof His Country-the immortal Washington whose achievements won for us the indepenjority of the party, the prospect of ence we have so long enjoyed. As it will

From Carrisburg.

pecial Correspondence of The Bradfor REPORTER.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 18, 1867.

the exercises intended to be held in conneccause of the attitude and action of tion with depositing the articles named in the Democratic party. The criminal folly of the friends of the President On Tuesday last the Legislature resumed who at the Democratic Conventions its duties after having had a most delightful -Robert Lyon, a soldier of 1812, and such papers as the Washington excursion to Pittsburg, for the purpose of isiting the Penitentiary, House of Refuge Constitutional Union and the Demo and other institutions dependent upon the cratic press generally, openly threat-State for support. The trip was enjoyed by ened armed resistance if Congress all who participated in it, and no doubt the Penitentiary and House of Refuge will be should exercise its express Constituenefitted by the visit. tional right of impeachment, has

The Constitutional Amendment having done more to make an impeachment een ratified by the Legislature is another vidence that Pennsylvania is loval to the ore. There was a great amount of speechan undeniably Constitutional step aking in favor of and against the Amend nent-speech-making that will hereafter damage and improve the strength of parties and the prospects of politicians. The Republicans in both branches took lofty and peach the President in order to prove emprehensive positions during this debate. that fact, while we are opposed to Their speeches show that the Republican the plan naturally, we say by all partizan progress, and that they cannot demeans let him be impeached. From riate from it without doing violence to their own sense of right and injustice to the fairest hopes of the nation. On the other hand. election and to secure all its meashe Democratic leaders clearly proved their determination to resist the logic of events .-They will neither see nor learn, accept or re spect the truth that the power of the nationin 1862, and James Broocs at New government is destined to become the s me law of the land-that that power is odged in the people—that the people delegate it to their representatives, and that no menace. It should not be disregardnovement on the part of the Government. ed. Such men should be taught, no act to promote its prosperity, and no blow whenever they invite the issue, that o defend its life, can be provided or struck the people of the United States are without the sanction of Congress. This is all that this amendment really seeks to esnot yet Mexicanized, and that they intablish-by punishing the treason which esaved the destruction of the Government, ful methods until they are openly opand providing unfailing guards against a re posed, and will then forcibly over surrence of the same evil. Let us hope that come the opposition, that peaceful the requisite number of States will speedily ratify the amendment notwithstanding the

Gov. GEARY's prompt approval of the Judiciary Committee shall show that int resolution ratifying the Constitutional Amendment has caused considerable swearng in copperhead circles. This was to be directly or indirectly, by usurpation expected. No act of a loyal man, looking or by corruption, or by inaction, wards making "treason odious," meets the pproval of traitors, and the signing of the whatever may be opinion of this or solution referred to gave the Democrats a plendid opportunity to exhibit their indigpeached and tried, and if convicted ation in the most profane manner imagin he will be removed from office. And whoever undertakes to resist by arms

The Legislative Committee, consisting o hree members of each branch, appointed t nvestigate the truth of the charges of "cor uption" circulated about the time of th lection of a U. S. Senator, has concluded its labors, and handed in its official report, manca and Cleveland, on Wednesday evenproduced to implicate any member of the egislature in the alleged corruption no were any of the distinguished persons named in connection with the office of United States Senator in any manner involve

The Legislature has instructed the Comnittee on Public Buildings to enquire into the propriety of enlarging the Governor's nce, and to present an estimate of the cost and plan, if found desirable. The Executive Mansion, in its present shape, is entirely unsuitable, for the purposes to which it has been appropriated, and the Governor cannot receive any of his official or political friends without encroaching upon the apartents intended for the use of his family. The proposed improvement is highly nece

ary and should be made without any dela-The Senate has passed finally the Hor ill repealing the provisions of an act relat ng to the fees of District Attorneys in cerain counties of the Commonwealth, so far s they relate to the county of Bradford

Also, a supplement to an act to change the mode of criminal proceedings in Erie and Union counties, extending the same to will be proof to the country that he Bradford county.

> Troy to increase taxation for borough pur-Also, an act relating to the sale of lands for taxes in Bradford, Warren and Potter

> In the House, the act to incorporate the Sullivan and Pocono Summit plank road and urnpike company, was, on the 12th, refer-The Senate Committee on Corporations as reported, as committed, a supplement to an act to compel the manufacturers of firkns, kegs and tubs, intended for the packing of butter or lard, in the counties of Erie. Crawford and Warren counties, to mark the

ounty of Bradford. The Senate has passed finally an act relative to the road laws in certain townships n Sullivan county.

Also, an act changing the time of meeting of the Auditors of Hillsgrove township, Sulivan county.

The Senate Committee on the Indiciar Local has reported, as committed, a bill to ange the venue in the case of the Comnonwealth of Pennsylvania vs. Jesse Mc-Carty, Joshua McCarty and Charles Norton, from the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of Sullivan county, to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bradford ounty and the bill passed finally. When brought up for final action the following lit-

tle debate took place: Mr. LANDON. Mr. Speaker, there was ne election board in Sullivan county that ad the hardihood, under the law of Pennylvania, to refuse deserters' votes; that board has been prosecuted; they do not wish to be tried in Sullivan county; they pray, there-fore, to have their trial in a more Christian

ounty than Sullivan county.

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I shall not nofrom Bradford [Mr. Landon] in relation to this bill. I simply ask that the bill be postponed to give an opportunity for a minority

Mr. JAOKSON. Mr. Speaker, so far as I ted.

am concerned I do not wish to throw any-thing in the way of having this bill consider-ed at any time. I am opposed to the pas-sage of the bill, and am ready to meet it at

Mr. LANDON. The court in Sullivan county meets on the 26th of this month; the case comes on, and if this bill can be delayed here then it is of no use. If the venue is changed, this bill must be passed at once; and I press it upon the consideration of the

The SPEAKER stated that it would take two-thirds vote to suspend the rules. On the question, Will the Senate suspend the rules and proceed to the second reading ofthe bill? the yeas and nays were required by Mr. Jackson and Landon, and were as

llows, viz: Yeas—Messrs. Bigham, Billingfelt, Browne (Lawrence), Brown (Mercer), Coleman, Con-nell, Cowles, Fisher, Graham, Haines, Jack-son, Landon, Lowry, M'Conaughy, Ridgway, Royer, Shoemaker, Stutzr Worthington and Hall, Spec

NAYS-Messrs. Burnett, ' Davis, Donovan Glatz, James, M'Candless, Randall, Schall, Searight, Wallace and Walls—11. So the question was determined in the af-firmative, and the bill afterwards passed fi-

Affairs are unusually quiet at the Capital. It is expected that the Legislatuze adjourn on the 21st of March. REX.

Personal and Political

-John Landes, for a number of also be a legal holiday, no doubt many memears President of the Lancaster (Pa.) Bank, bers of the Legislature will participate in died on Monday last. He had attained the ripe old age of eighty-eight years.

> -Gen. B. F. Butler, in a published card, denies that he has brought suit for libel against Mr. Pomeroy, the editor of the La Crosse Democrat. -Mrs. Emily M'Tavish, a grand-

daughter of Charles Carroll of Carrolton. died at Baltimore on the 2d inst., aged 74 years. -The House of Representatives of Kansas has refused to concur in the Senate's

resolution to amend the Constitution so as to allow negroes to vote. -An attempt to pass a bill restor-

Senate of Missouri, by a vote of 6 to 22. -- L. C. Baker, late chief of the detective force attached to the War Department, has been before the Reconstruction Committee as a witness, and in the course of his testimony, said he had a letter which leaders have marked out a straight line, for was written to Jeff Davis by Andrew Johnson, while the latter was Provisional Governor of Tennessee, offering, for a consideration, to place that State in the hands of the confederacy. The signature of this letter had been exhibited to and carefully examined by a private secretary of Johnson, who

> -A call is published, addressed to the workingmen of Connecticut, for a State Labor Convention at New-Haven, Feb. 22. to consider the expediency of nominating a State ticket, to appoint a State Central Committee, and to do any other business proper to be done at such Convention. -The temperance men of Michigan

at their State Convention, on the 8th inst., resolved not to organize a distinctive party, but to labor to secure the election of temperate men to office, under existing organizations, and with this view to attend mor generally the primary meetings. -The so-called "Bolting Bill," to

prevent the breaking up of a Legislature by members remaining away from the sessions, has passed the Indiana Senate by a vote of 26 to 16. It had previously passed the

-A Republican State Convention is to be held at Lansing. Mich., on the 7th of March next, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Chief-Justice, and two candidates for Regents of the University of Michigan.

-- The Minnesota House of Repre entatives, on the 8th inst., adopted an mendment to the State Constitution, striking out the word "white," by a unani mous

-There was a well-authenticated rumor last night, (says the Washington hronicle) that the president had finally re solved to abandon his costly Copperhead allies by proposing impartial suffrage and the ratification of the constitutional amendment. Was that thunder?"

-The President has withdrawn he nomination of Hon. George Bancroft as collector of the port of Boston. The great historian could not accept, the proffer.

-Hon. P. T. Barnum was Thursday ominated as the Republican candidate for ongress from the Fourth Congressional District of Connecticut. In the First District Hon. Henry C. Deming was re-nominated by acclamation.

REPORT OF THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE

Below we present to our readers the unanimous report of the Investigating Committee appointed on the United States Senator question. It will be observed from the report, that the committee has not been able to discover any evidence which impli-Also, the bill to authorize the borough of cates any one with using improper influence notwithstanding all the persons who made frequent charges of bribery and corruption, were invited to appear before it, and many were compelled by the strong arm of the law to testify; but their evidence did ed to the Committee on Roads and bridges. not implicate any one. The following is the report :

A committee appointed under a during the progress of the same; and joint resolution by the Legislature, passed January 8th, A. D. 1867, and charged with the duty of investiga- sons whose names shall be returned ting alleged improper influences in eight thereon, extending the same to the onnection with the election of a Uni- not be empannelled as jurors, the up that bill. His motion prevailed ted States Senator, on the 15th ult.. report the following as the result of their investigation in the premises: On the day upon which the commit-

tee was appointed, they met and or ganized, and at once proceeded to the examination of witnesses. The committee continued to meet from day to day until all the witnesses, suggested to them, had been examined.

They then gave a general invitation to any person to appear before the committee, and give such information as he might possess touching the subject under inquiry, and after waiting some ten days or more (no one appearing), the committee ceased their labors.

No evidence was produced to implicate any member of the Legislature of United States Senator in any manner therein involved.

The evidence in detail taken by the committee is herewith presented for the information of the two Houses .-All of which is respectfully submit-

ORIMINAL PROJECTINGS.

The provisions of the following act be complied with. to change the mode of Criminal Proand Union counties, has been extended to Bradford County, by the Legis-It will be seen that it enlarges the powers and duties of Justices of the Peace very materially. The law will be found in Pamphlet Laws for 1861, page 682 :--SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Sen-

ate and House of Representatives of

the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the several justices of the peace of the County of Erie and Union, be and are hereby authorized to hold monthly courts, with jurisdiction to hear and determine, in the manner hereinafter provided, the several offences and misdemeanors mentioned in the thirtieth, thirty-first, fortyfourth, forty-sixth, sixty-ninth, sevensecond, ninety-seventh, one hundred and third, one hundred and twelfth, one hundred and fortieth, one hundred and forty-eighth, and fifty-six sections of the act of the thirty-first day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty, entitled "An Act to consolidate, revise and amend the penal laws of this commonwealth. Section 2. That whenever any per-

son shall be brought before a justice on a warrant issued by said justice, founded on the oath or information of the party aggrieved, or of some one complaint or information shall be fully read aloud in the hearing of the defendant or party accused; and if ing rebels to the right to vote, failed in the the charge against him, the justice shall proceed to inquire into the circumstances of the case, so far as he misdemeanor in office. shall think best for a proper under-standing of the defendant's guilt, and shall proceed to pass sentence upon have the full force and effect of a quarter sessions in like cases, and per day, to be taxed as costs. the defendant shall be committed to the jail of the county until the sentence be complied with.

SECTION 3. If the defendant shall plead not guilty to the offence charged, and shall at the same time signify his determination to be tried by a jury of six, before the said justice. the justice shall make an entry to that effect upon his docket, and the defendant shall then enter into recognizance with good and sufficient sure ty or sureties, conditioned for his appearance before the said justice, at the ensuing monthly session, and not to depart without leave until discharged according to law; but if the defendant shall not enter into such recognizance as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the constable to keep him or her safely, until duly dischar ged by course of law; and in either case the justice shall proceed to the trial of the cause, in the manner pointed out in the following sections of this act; but if the defendant shall not signify his or her determination to be tried before said justice, the said justice shall proceed with the said defendant as if this act had not been passed.

Section 4. Whenever a defendant shall signify his or her determination to be tried by a jury of six, before the justice of the peace, for any of the offences of which a justice of the peace shall have jurisdiction, according to the provisions of the first sec tion of this act, in the manner pointed out in the foregoing section, the said justice, upon such demand, is hereby required to continue the cause to the ensuing monthly court, and to issue a venire, directed to any constable of the proper borough, city, or township, where the said cause is to be tried, commanding him to summon six good and lawful men, citizens of said township, city or borough, and having the qualifications of electors therein, who shall be in nowise of kin to either defendant or complainant, nor in any manner in terested, who shall be chosen as follows, to wit: The justice shall write in a panel the names of eighteen persons, from which the defendant or his agent or attorney shall strike one name, the complainant or prosecutor one, and so on alternately until each shall have stricken six names; and the remaining six shall constitute the jury, to be and appear before such justice at the time to which said cause shall have been adjourned, to serve as a jury for the trial of such cause: Provided, That in case eiher party shall neglect or refuse to aid in striking the jury as aforesaid, the justice shall strike the same in be half of such party. Section 5. That it shall be the duty

of such constable to make service of said venire, and to return the same same with the names of the persons by him summoned, at the time appointed for the trial of the cause. Section 6. That it shall be the further duty of such constable, to be in attendance on said court, at the time appointed for said trial, and if by reason of challenge for cause, sickness or other disability, the perthe sheriffs, in the courts of common dict.

LAW CHANGING THE MODE OF pass sentence accordingly, and the

SECTION 8. That the verdict of the ceedings originally passed for Erie jury shall be final and conclusive up- bill, and Mr. Eldridge in opposition to on all the questions of fact involved it. Mr. Stevens, at 2 o'clock, moved therein, and no writ of certiorari, or the previous question, but the House ed to Bradford County, by the Legis-lature, and only awaits the approval of error or appeal, shall be allowed for the review of such case of fact continued, Mr. Bingham having the of the Governor to become a law .- so tried by the jury; and in case the floor. Mr. Spalding moved to lay the proceedings shall be removed to a bill and all the amendments offered higher court upon certiorari or other- on the table, which was disagreed to wise, the district attorney shall there after conduct the proceedings in behalf of the commonwealth, and his ring fees shall be the same as upon indict- when Mr. Stevens being entitled t ments formed by the grand jury, to be taxed and paid as the other costs of the case; and if the proceedings peal for the passage of the bill. The shall be reversed on any certiorari or writ of error, sued out on behalf of so instructing the Committee to re the defendant, on account of any defect in the statement of the offence with which the party is charged, the effect that when any State shall court shall send the proceedings back have declared in favor of the Consti to the justice for a new trial, and direct the district attorney and sworn to by the prosecutor, and thereupon the defendant shall be required to en on the motion to refer, it was lost enter his plea to such amended information or accusation, and thereupon the new trial shall proceed before the justice as on the former hearing. Section 9. That whenever the jury

shall render a verdict of guilty, the justice shall proceed to pass sentence upon the defendant according to law, and with the like effect as if the defendant had plead guilty or been convicted in the court of quarter sessions; and any sentence of impris onment which may be imposed, shall only be inflicted in the jail of the proper county; and all fines imposacting for the party aggrieved, the school fund of the school district in which the offence was committed and it shall be the duty of the justice to receive the amount of the fine and the defendant shall plead guilty to pay it into the treasury of the proper district, and neglect to pay the same as aforesaid shall be considered a Section 10. That in all cases which

shall be tried by a jury under the provisions of this act, the justice of th the defendant, which sentence shall peace trying the same shall be enti tled to a fee of two dollars, and each sentence pronounced by the court of juror shall be entitled to fifty cents

Section 11. That when any person shall be summoned to attend as a juror, and shall fail to attend at the time and place specified in the venire having no reasonable excuse to assign for such failure, every such person shall be fined in any sum not exceeding ten dollars, for justice of the peace shall render judgment in the name of the common wealth, and issue execution therefore, and when collected shall pay the same into the township, borough or city school treasury, for the use of the common schools therein.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

Tuesday, Feb. 12, 1867.

In the Senate, yesterday, the Bank rupt Bill was called up by Mr. Poland Mr. Sumner said he wished an amendment adopted, prohibiting rebels from ecoming voluntary bankrupts. This ed to some statements by members regarding the treatment of Unio nen at the South. The bill was final ly passed by a vote of yeas 22, nays -absent or not voting 10. bill now goes back to the House for concurrence in amendments. Mr. Wilprovide for the payment of claims oyal persons for supplies furnished to the army. It provides for the ap ointment of Commissioners, named the resolution, for each one of the outhern States, who are to examine all claims presented, and ascertain whether or not the persons presenting such claims were loyal during within six months, and the Commis sioners to report to Congress. esolution was referred to the Com nittee on Military affairs. The Se ate took a recess until 7:30 o'clock but no quorum being present in the

evening, no business was transacted. In the House, Mr. Darling offered a preamble and resolution, which were adopted, setting forth that our ommercial marine is in a languish ing condition, and that great depres ion prevails in the ship-building i terest, and instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire inte the expediency of amending the Ta-riff Act by allowing a rebate of 10 per cent. of all duties imposed on goods imported in American bottoms Mr. Eliot's bill providing civil gov ernment for Louisiana was taken ur and speeches were made in oppos tion to it by Messrs. Boyer, Harding and Finck, Mr. Eliot closing the de bate in support of it. The question was then put, and the bill was pass ed by a vote of 113 yeas to 48 nays After a short recess the House me again in evening session to discuss the bill providing a military government for the Southern States. The debate occupied the entire evening Messrs. Kelley, Maynard, Garfield and others, speaking in favor of its adoption. It will be further considered to-day.

Wednesday, Feb. 13, 1867. In the Senate yesterday the Clerk

of the House announced the passage

by that body of Mr. Eliot's Louisiana Bill, whereupon Mr. Wade moved to by the venire, or any of them, shall postpone all other business and take Philadelphia. This is the second said constable shall fill the panel by a vote of 23 yeas to 19 nays. It from the bystanders, as is done by required unanimous consent, however, to proceed to its consideration, pleas; and the said constable shall and as Mr. Hendricks objected, the be allowed for his attendance on said | bill will come up for action to-day. A | appointed him after the adjournment, court, one dollar per day, to be tax- number of bills relating to army mated in the bill of costs; and at the ters were reported from the Military close of the trial, the jury shall be Committee. A dispatch from Denver conducted by the constable to some City was read, informing the Senate private and convenient place, where that a large mass meeting assembled they may deliberately and without there had declared that the people of interruption consult upon their ver- the Territory were largely in favor of a State organization. The bill pro-Section 7. That the competence viding for the purchase of League and credibility of witnesses, the form Island for a naval depot came up, of the oaths to jurors and witnesses, and gave rise to a lengthy debate, and the constable who shall wait up- participated in by Messrs. Foster, in on the jury, shall be the same as in opposition to the proposed purchase, the trial of the same offences in the and Messrs. Grimes and Cattell in facourt of quarter sessions, and the vor of it. Pending the discussion the 26th of February. The call is in the alleged corruption, nor were jury shall have the same jurisdiction the Senate went into executive sesany of the distinguished persons and control over the payment of sion, and then took a recess until 7 named in connection with the office costs: Provided, That the county o'clock. At the evening session the shall in no case be liable for either House bill providing military governthe prosecutor's or the defendant's ment for the Southern States was reject of the meeting is the organiza bill of costs; and the justice, in case ceived, but objection being made to the jury shall, by their verdict, di- its immediate consideration, it goes rect that the prosecutor or the de- over. A number of bills relative to fendant shall pay the whole or any the District of Columbia were receiv- ance Society and Publishing Hous part of the costs, shall proceed to ed, after which the Senate adjourned. in New-York.

The bill providing for military govparty who shall be thus sentenced, shall be committed until the sentence up for discussion in the House yes ernment for the Southern States cam terday. Messrs. Van Horn, Schenck and Boutwell spoke in favor of the to the Judiciary Committee proposition to refer included a proviport an amendment offered by Mr. Blaine. This amendment was to the tutional Amendment and impartial suffrage, it shall be relieved of military restraint. The vote being takby 69 yeas to 85 nays. The bill was then passed by a vote of 109 yeas to 55 nays. The bill has received some trivial amendments, but was passed substantially as printed. The House then took a recess until 7 o'clock. At that hour the House reassembled when the Internal Revenue Tax Bil came up for consideration, and Mr Morrill addressed the House at length

> Friday, Feb. 15. After numerous reports of Com nittees had been received in the Senate, yesterday, the House bill providing military government for the Southern States was taken up .-Mr. Stewart spoke in favor of Mr. Blaine's amendment, which provides that whenever a State shall accept the Constitutional Amendment and permit impartial suffrage, military restraint shall be removed. Without that amendment, Mr. Stewart contended, the bill was harsh and unjust. The bill was debated, nearly every member participating, until 4:30 o'clock, at which time a recess until 7 was taken. At the evening session the bill was again under con sideration, several amendments were offered, and elaborate explanations of their import given. At 12:30 a motion to adjourn was lost, and the debate continued until the hour of our going to press.

on the subject.

The House, yesterday, after disposing of a large number of private claims, proceeded to the consideration of a bill, reported from the Military Committee, providing for the equali zation of bounties. The bill proposes to pay all soldiers who did not relarger bounty, a sum equal to \$100 for each year's service Schenck, Chairman of the Committee explained the bill at length, stating that it would require from \$75,000 000 to \$100,000,000 to pay the sum proposed. Numerous amendments were suggested, but as Mr. Schenck had moved the previous question, he refused to accept any of them. The vote having been taken, the House seconded the previous question by a vote of 74 yeas to 72 nays, but on a subsequent vote refused to put the main question, thus leaving open to amendment. Several amendnents were then offered and acted upon, after which the bill was passed by a vote of 95 yeas to 68 nays. After the transaction of considerable ousiness of minor importance, the House took a recess until 7 o'clock. At the evening session the House, in Committee of the Whole, discussed the bill to amend the Internal Revenue Laws. The question was on an amendment proposing a tax of five dollars per thousand on cigars, and the subject was fully discussed, fifteen or twenty members participating in the debate. At a late hour a vote was taken, but there not being a quorum present, the Committee rose and the House adjourned.

THE INDIANS .- Since the advent of the Pilgrim Fathers, the Indians have dwindled down from 15,000,000 to 297,774 persons, and maintaining their nomadic and intractable char acter, require each a mile square of territory for support, while a few acres, at most, will keep a white man Besides this, we have a perpetual annual expenditure of \$3,500,000 to appropriate for their support-but it is only fair to state, that the government agents, who have the handling of this money, get full one half of it Then we have to thrash them for depredations committed on the agents and trappers, who cheat and provoke them to wrong doing, which costs one or two hundred dollars each more Last year, 7,909 Navajoes were held by us as prisoners in New Mexico at an expense of \$1,500,000. Valuable population, these Indians!

RENEGADES REJECTED BY THE SENATE. -One of the best acts of the United States Senate, during the present session, was the rejection on Tuesday last of the nominations of William F. Johnston, as Collector of the Port of Philadelphia, and Joseph R. Flani gan, as Naval Officer of the Port o time that Johnston has been rejected by the Senate. The President nomi nated him last summer, and the Sen ate rejected him, and then Andy re and the Senate has thrown him overboard again. Now for the renegade Cowan. He has recently been nominated by the President to a foreign mission, and there is not a true Re publican or a Republican paper in the State, that does not urge his rejection by the Senate, and we hope that body will gratify their wishes.

A State Temperance Convention is called to meet at Harrisburg, Pa., on issued by the chief officers of the order of Good Templars and Sons of Temperance in the State. One obtion of a State Association that shall be auxiliary to the National Temper

New Advertisements

CRAND PRIZE CONCERT

PRESENTATION FESTIVAL n aid of the maintenance and education of t estitute children of our Soldiers, Sailors, a

others that may come to us for protection, AN APPEAL

TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE We, the Officers and Managers of the han's Home," located at Elmira, N. Y., for ducation and maintenance of the destitute ren of our Soldiers, Sailors, and all other and second the destitute the symmetry soldier the symmetry soldier.

ones, earnestly solicit the sympathies and cooperation, in our Concert and Grand Presentation Festival, of all who desire with us to see the "Orphan's Home" enabled to receive and cafor all the needy, who seek its shelter and patention. Mrs. DAVID DECKER, President

" P. A. LAFRANCE, Vice " LUTHER CALDWELL, S The Concert and Festival will open at ELY HALL, ELMIRA, N. Y.

TUESDAY, MARCH 19th, 186

ON

as soon as all tickets are sold, and o \$20,000 in presents in such lawful man they may determine. For the Concert and tival there be i suce 20,000 Tickets at on LAR EACH and 20,000 Presents, being one cent for ever ticket.

LIST OF PRESENTS TO BE AWARDED Prize of U. S. Greenbacks, "Grand Piano,

Fine Rosewood Melodeon.
Gold Hunting Eng. Lever Wated
Gold Lever Hunting Watches, \$150
Fine Sewing Machine,

Silver Hunting LeverWatches Fine Silver Plated Ice Pitchers, \$1

" " Cake Baskets, Castors, \$15 Silver Plated Goblets, Setts of silver plated Tea Spoons, Pearl Handle Knives, Desks, Pens, Ebony holder & box, Pair silver plated Butter Knives, ladies' and Gents', Pensil

900 Ladies' and Gents' Pencil, 000 Pocket Knives, 000 Pens and Holders, 3,436 Large Engravings, Making in the aggregate 20,000 Presents, valued at

HOW TO OBTAIN TICKETS Orders may be sent to us by mail, in n Express, or Post Office orders, enclosing cent stamp for return postage. Single Tell. Ten tic kets \$9. REFERENCES.—Hon. John I. Nicks, Elmin State Senator; Hon. E. P. Brooks, Elmin; A. Scott, Mayor, the Common Council of El A. Scou, Mayor, the Common Council of Era, and every business man in the city, All orders for tickets must be addressed 120 Water street, Elmira, N. Y., or ALEX. I EN, Agent, Towanda, Pa.

G. W. BRINK, Managing Agent Feb. 19, 1867.

BEWARE OF DECEPTION have been informed that certain pa ave been traveling the country offering to t a discount, a certain promisory note.: y T. Humphrey, for \$1,000, bearing farch 1866, payable to Platt & Co., one room date, and under-signed by me. My: from date, and under-signed by me-having been obtained under such a that I have valid reasons for refusin farthing on the same, and having r value I once more forbid any and buying said note expecting me to pay part thereof. J Orwell, Feb. 14, 1867.—3t*

NOTICE.—All persons indebted: the firm of Henry Mercur & Co., may up before the first day of Merch,

TO SAVE COSTS.

All accounts unsettled at that time will be a the hands of a proper officer for collection Towarda, Feb. 21,1867. THE SPRING TERM OF HUNT'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LAI will commence on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1867. Appreciating the confidence with w she has been honored thus far, Miss Hun

reat satisfaction in being able at present those who may be intrusted to her ca ier those who may be intrusted to her care, advanta ge of a spacious, convenient and tractive School Room.

TERMS—Lower English Branches \$0,00; Her English Branches \$7 to \$8,00; French \$3 Latin \$2,50. An extra charge is made for Towanda, Feb. 14, 1867.

FARMER'S TAKE NOTICE. subscriber having purchased thermance's Improved Farm Gate, lowing towns, to wit: Albany, Arr Towanda, South Creek, Stan

Any man can make it. and any Those wishing to purchase town or tarm vill address WILLIAM DURAND, Herr N. B.—Gate Trimmings kept for sale Feb 14, 1867. NEW STORE IN ROM

The subscriber begs leave to call the ion of the citizens of EASTERN BRADFORD

DRUG AND BOOK STOR In the

To the fact that he has opened a

BOROUGH OF ROME. eing intimately acquainted with leading facturing, Importing, and Jobbing House is line, and having had extensive exper a both city and country trade, he flatters elf that, by low prices, and promptne curacy in business, he will merit the dence and patronage of the public. A the

PRACTICAL PHARMACY, Enables him to manufacture in the best er and keep on hand all the leading preions of the Pharmacopæia,

Prescriptions carefully and accurately

L. A. RIDGWA Rome, Jan. 30, 1867.

RUGS, MEDICINES, CHE CALS and Patent Medicines, at RIDGWAY'S NEW DRUG STOR EXTRA BARGAINS IN PAINT Oils, Varnishes, Benzine and Turpenting RIDGWAY'S NEW DRUG STORE

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nish, Sash, Cloth, Hair, Tooth, Nail other kinds of Brushes, at RIDGWAY'S NEW STOR A FINE ASSORTMENT OF TOY and Diaries for 1867, for sale at cost at RIDGWAY'S NEW STORE.

MANUFACTURERS AND porters agency for Genuine Italian V trings, Pianoes, Melodeons, Cabinet Org rass, Silver and all other kinds of Musical truments. Also Sheet Music and Musical f all kinds procured to order, at RIDGWAY'S NEW STOR

A LL THE LEADING WEEK and Monthly Publications, for sale at RIDGWAY'S NEW STORE BATH BRICK, CORKS, BOTTLE

ials, Breast Pumps, Nursing Bothes, Nipple Shells, Syringes, &c., at RIDGWAY'S NEW DRUG STORE