Agricultural.

Feeding Horses.

There has never been discovered any horses, for elegance of form and power of endurance, superior, or even equal to the steeds of Arabia. Probably most persons suppose that this superiority is entirely due to a difference in breed; but as there is no reason to believe that at the creation any horse was made better than his fellow, it must be concluded that the reason why many horses, and particularly American ones, are not so well suited to their places as the Arabian, is because their original qualities have become deteriorated, either by bad usage, wrong feeding, ignorance in breeding, or all combined: and I think the right feeding of a horse is as requisite a condition to health and strength as any other.

Dr. Smith, in his "Pilgrimage to Palestine," says that the Arab's usual method of feeding their horses is as follows: Four or five quarts of fine pounded or cut straw, in which from two to four quarts of large horse beans are mixed, are given regularly night and morning. While shedding their coat in spring, all that can be spared are allowed to range the mountains for fresh feed, about four weeks, when their regular diet is resumed. Upon this feed the Arabian and Turkish horses travel over the roughest routes from ten to fifteen hours in a day, for weeks in succession, without exhibiting fatigue. To compare this method of feeding with the old-fashioned American way, is but to discern the excellence of the former and the badness of the latter. Here many farmers, if they intend to keep a horse well, as they term it, stuff him with hay at any and every time they approach the stable. Horses need some time for digestion as well as men, and when kept continually distended, they often become "pot-bellied," and besides it costs far more to keep them than necessary, and renders them less useful than they would otherwise be. Lately, however, there has been quite an improvement made in feeding horses. I allude to the plan of chopping the fodder and mixing it with meal and water; this lessens the cost, and, perhaps, improves the horse; still this is open for objections, the principal of which is the practice of wetting the feed. No animal ever needs to wash down its feed; such treatment weakens the digestive powers, and generally, in time, acts like physic, and thereby lessens their strength. To feed a horse, or indeed any animal, correctly, requires considerable knowledge of its nature and constitution. A horse needs very nutritive feed, also something to keep up the distention of the stomach; for these purposes, meal or beans, mixed with a few quarts of fine chopped timothy hay, can be used, and fed regularly twice or thrice a day; the feed should not be wet much, only just moistened.—Again, a horse should be allowed to drink at stated times. There is more in regularity in tending a horse, than many persons have dreamed. Most men permit their horses to drink at every opportunity; but it is hazardous for horses to drink much cold water when they are warm and perspiring, as I have known them to die from drinking when heated.

I do not see why the same plan of feeding horses could not more generally be adopted with proportional advantages, if feeding cattle; but perhaps there is in the minds of many farmers, the objection that such a manner of feeding would necessiate more work and time, so as to counterbalance all profit derived from its adoption. There is, indeed, soundness in this objection, and I can hope for its removal only as the era of machinery advances. In England, many farmers have no such hinderance, as they employ steam engines on large farms—and would it not be more advantageous for American farmers to use steam more than they do? They could then with ease cut the fodder, turnips and other roots; thrash their grain; unload their hay by the aid of the horse-pitchfork; irrigate their land, and employ it in many other ways.—Ex.

Liming and Salting Hay.

A correspondent of the Western Rural communicates to that paper his experience in reference to liming hay for the purpose of absorbing moisture, and preventing the hay from becoming musty. He says: "My hay was rather moist when I put it in the mow. I salted it, as I always do, and limed it with air-slacked lime, putting on two or three quarts to the ton, at intervals, as when salting hay." The hay, when fed out in winter, he states, had no must about it, and was, in quality, equal to any that had been put up. The kind was, in part, a mixture of timothy and red-top, and one lot was made up of timothy and clover.

We have had no experience in liming hay for the purpose above indicated, and, therefore, cannot say that any bad result would flow from feeding hay treated in this way; but we should not care to use any great quantity of such kind of hay for stock, even though the lime had all the virtues claimed for preventing must, &c. As to salting hay in the mow, we have become well satisfied, for repeated trials, that it is a very bad practice. Salted hay injures stock by compelling the animal, at times, to take more salt in the system than is needed, thereby deranging the health, and sometimes producing serious losses. We have seen cows fed on hay salted in the mow, and apparently of good quality, which produced very bad results, running the stock down thin and poor, and necessitating an entire abandonment of its use. A very small quantity of salt or of lime used occasionally on hay might not produce any injurious effect on stock; but the trouble is, when the practice becomes established, it is apt to be used frequently, and in such quantities as to prove injurious. To make good hay, proper attention as to cutting and drying must be observed, and the application of no substance in the mow can be used as a substitute for certain operations in the field. A good hay tedder in the meadow is the best means of getting rid of moisture, and in providing against musty hay.

Recommendations for curing hay in the mow by the use of salt, lime, etc., are of very doubtful consistency, and for the most part do more hurt than good, since many persons will store their hay in a half-cured condition, depending on the salt or lime, to do what can only properly be done by well directed labor in the field. The making of good hay is an art very imperfectly practiced, as the condition of stock in spring often bears witness. There are many old farmers who seem to have very poor notions in reference to cutting, curing and storing hay, in order to to secure it in the best manner, and so that it will contain the most nutriment. Immense sums are annually lost to the country by carelessness and inattention in properly securing the hay crop. A good deal of hay stored, is little better than straw, and not from any fault of weather, but because improperly or left standing until the stems had become too far changed into woody fiber. There are seasons and times when it is very difficult to cure grass properly, but even in bad weather the judicious management of the spreader and haycap is to be preferred to curing in the mow with salt. And it is a question whether lime might not also prove injurious to stock when used in sufficient quantities to be serviceable in curing hay in the mow. If any of our readers have had any experience in the way suggested, we should be glad to hear from them on the subject.—*Utica Herald.*

How Farmers can keep their Farms Productive.

This subject is one of special interest, and deserves the attention of every agriculturist. By what method is the richness of the soil to be preserved and continued in a productive state? This question is based on the following assumptions, viz.: that the amount of produce depends on the quantity of manure supplied as food for plants, of whatever kind they may be. Although nature has furnished man with a soil of virgin richness and fertility, it cannot continue so while we draw from it yearly, and continually, our vast resources of food and clothing. The soil must be renovated, or it will cease to yield her increase for the supply of our wants. The farmers of the Southern States, by neglecting to renew their exhausted lands, have become poor, and in many instances have abandoned them, as worn out and worthless. Whereas, had they, from time to time, renewed the fertility of their lands with sutiable manure, there would not now be seen those vast, deserted and worn out plantations that exist in that section of the Union. If we do not renew the fertility of our soil, it will cease to recompense us for our toil.—We must expend money and labor upon it, in order to provide for our wants, and those of our families. In order to develope the resources that nature has imparted to the soil, it must be well tilled.

Suppose a man should take a quantity of new land for the purpose of gaining a livelihood, and should yearly plant it with corn, or sow it with wheat; if he should neglect to renew it, in a few years it would degenerate, and his crops would grow scanty and soon fail altogether. Now, what is necessary to keep his land in good condition is thorough cultivation, by draining (if it be wet,) and by careful and judicious manuring; deep plowing, also, and harrowing are necessary to pulverize the soil and give free passage for the roots of plants to descend. By thus conducting his farm, the owner may, for an indefinite time, reap a sure and plentiful reward, for his labor, and at the same time keep his lands in prime condition.

It is not judicious management of a farm to plant or sow one kind of grain from year to year, as this will soon exhaust the soil, unless highly manured. A rotation of crops is indispensable also to prevent the land from degenerating. As to the kind of fertilizers to be used, almost every farmer knows, or ought to know, what kinds are best adapted to his lands. Barn-yard, stable and hog manure, ashes, lime, guano, and all kinds of vegetation in a state of decay, are useful as manures, and should be carefully preserved for use.

Washing Horses Feet and Legs.

In the *Rural American* of April 15th, I noticed an article on the above subject, which it contains some valuable hints to owners of horses, I beg leave to differ in the main or essential part of the theory advanced. He says: "A good plan is to rub the mud off the horse as clean as possible with dry straw, and the next morning wash his legs as clean as soap and water will do it." Now the idea is, mud should never remain on horses' legs during the night to be washed off in the morning, and the horse driven immediately into the mud again, as would surely be the case if washed in the morning. It would be far better to rub the mud off in the morning than to wet the legs with water. The correct method is, to thoroughly cleanse and wash every particle of mud from their feet and lower part of their legs, with warm soap sads, and then cover them by winding small woolen blankets kept for the purpose, to remain on until perfectly dry, and no longer; this should be done immediately on putting them in the stable. The mud on the other portions of their body should be allowed to dry, and then be cleaned with card and brush.

In this connection allow me to answer an inquiry that appeared some time since in the *Rural*, viz: How to cure scratches? I have seen numerous applications recommended, and tried many of them, and have found the only sure method to treat them, is to cleanse the blood and system thoroughly, keep the feet as clean as possible, and use some application which will both kill the scratches and heal the feet; the only thing I have ever tried is one part tincture of myrrh, and two parts sweet oil, well mixed every time before using. For cleansing the blood, use a strong decoction of the barks of white ash, fagalder, poplar, black cherry and butternut, the roots of burdock, dandelion and sarsaparilla, about equal parts, to be given by mixing with ground feed; this will prove beneficial also to horses that are not troubled with this complaint. DICK REAPER.

Avoca, N. Y., 1866.

MANAGEMENT OF ROSES.—Roses may be propogated from cuttings as soon as their first bloom is over, and by budding at any time when the buds and bark are in proper condition. Remove decayed flowers and seed vessels from your rose-bushes, and they will bloom the more freely. Treat them to a dose of soapsuds occasionally from the laundry. Suffer no seed vessels to ripen upon any flowering plant, unless you wish to preserve it for any future sowing. Plants of which the strength is drawn to mature the seed vessels give a comparatively meagre show of bloom.—*Southern Cultivator.*

FEED LABORERS WELL.—We always found that it was infinitely better policy to set a good table and feed laborers well, than to ever give them a short meal, or try to get them to labor an unreasonable number of hours in a day. A good farmer will not seek to get extra work out of his laborers by turning day into twilight or night. Laborers regard this practice as an imposition, and will become morose and discontented at the exaction. Besides, exhausted nature requires a suitable time to recruit its energies, and should have it.

MANAGEMENT OF BUTTER.—Great care is required in salting or seasoning, whether for a distant or a home market. Over salted butter is not only less palatable to the taste but less healthful than fresh sweet butter. The same care is needed as to the box in which it is to be packed, whether it be a firkin in which it is to remain till used, or only in the box to take to market as fresh ump butter. The best and richest flavored article will be spoiled by sending it to the exhibition or to market in new and improper boxes.—*Massachusetts Ploughman.*

SWEET PICKLES.—Ripe cucumbers are very nice pickled in this way: Take off the skin, cut in slices after removing the seeds; let them stand in salt water over night. Take two quarts good vinegar and two pounds brown sugar, scald well and then pour over your cucumbers: repeat this every morning for a week and you will have a pickle that even poor teeth can masticate.

Hardware.

HARDWARE. CODDING & RUSSELL

HAVE A

LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS,

To which additions are daily being made, which they offer cheap for Cash. A large assortment of

COOKING STOVES,

Among the many desirable and beautiful patterns is the

CELECRATED AMERICAN.

This beautiful stove is unsurpassed for economy in fuel; is a perfect baker; is the best COOK STOVE in the market. Among their heating Stoves may be found a great variety suitable for every place where stoves are used.

STOVE PIPE AND SHEET IRON WORK.

Always on hand and made to order.

TINWARE,

A large stock manufactured from the very best material and by experienced workmen. A very full assortment of

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At New York prices.

HOUSE AND CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,

TOOLS FOR THE FARMER,

Tools for the House Joiner and Carpenter—Tools for Blacksmiths'—Tools for everybody.

WINDOW SASH AND GLASS, PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES, MACHINE OIL AND BENZOLE,

KDROSENE OIL, LAMPS, WICKS AND CHIMNEYS,

BELTING, TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

BRITTANNIA AND PLATED WARE,

Pumps, Lead Pipe, Chain Pumps, Water Pipes, Grindstones and fixtures,

KEROSENE LANTERNS,

JOB WORK done with dispatch. Lamps repaired. Fluid Lamps and Lanterns altered and fitted to burn Kerosene.

Grain, Old Iron, Casting and Wrought Scraps, Copper, Brass, Brittannia, Beeswax, Feathers and Rags taken in exchange for goods.

Highest price in cash paid for Sheep Pelts and Furs.

☞ OUR GOODS have been purchased on the pay down system and will be sold for READY PAY.

JOHN A. CODDING, } CODDING & RUSSELL
C. S. RUSSELL. }

Towanda, March 10, 1863.

MARSHALL BROTHERS!

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE!

TIN, COPPER, SHEET IRON, AND

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

TOWANDA, PENN'A.

Store one door south of the Post Office.

R. T. MARSHALL. W. K. MARSHALL.

MARSHALL BROTHERS

Wish to call the attention of the public to their new Stock of

HARDWARE,
FARMING IMPLIMENTS,
BLACK SMITHS' TOOLS,
and CARPENTERS' TOOLS.

Also, a large assortment of
Window Glass, Sash, Paints, Oils,
Putty, Varnishes, and Paint
and Varnish Brushes

of all kinds, which will be sold for the lowest Cash price.

Also, a fine assortment of

KEROSENE LAMPS

of every style and pattern to suit the public.

Lamps repaired and changed from Oil and Fluid to Kerosene.

Particular attention paid to the manufacturing of all kinds of

TIN WARE.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

We have on hand a fine article of

GLASS FRUIT JARS,

with improved self-sealing corks, and

HERMETICAL SEALING CANS,

which is one of the best cans used.

June 20, 1865.

Photographs.

SOMETHING NEW AT

GEORGE H. WOOD'S

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY,

TOWANDA, PA.

He has the pleasure of informing his old friends and patrons, that he is now prepared to make the new and beautiful style of

GEM FERROTYPES,

mounted on cards very cheap.

Also, Melainotypes for Lockets, Cases, or Frames, as well as all kinds of

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AS BEFORE IN

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Views taken of Houses on short notice.

COPYING DONE TO ORDER

In a few days.

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Albums kept on hand and will be sold cheap.

G. H. WOOD.

Dec. 6, 1864.

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Informs the public that he has removed his Photographic Gallery, to Montanye's lot, east side of Main St., two doors below Beidleman's Block, where he is now prepared to take Photographic Likenesses in the highest style of the art.

Ambrotypes, Melainotypes, and Ferotypes, in Cards, taken in a superior manner.

A good assortment of Photograph Albums, every style, kept constantly on hand. Also Photographs distinguished public men, military and civil, for sale.

Being now prepared to take Likenesses in the best manner, he is confident that he can give satisfaction to all who may call.

Towanda, April 3, 1866.

NEW PLANING MILL.

The undersigned having built a large and commodious Mill in the Borough of Towanda, and filled it with the most modern and improved machinery, for the manufacture of

WINDOW SASH, & BLINDS,

are prepared to fill orders, whether large or small, upon the shortest notice. We have also a large variety of MOULDINGS, of the latest style and pattern, which we can furnish much cheaper than they can be worked by hand.

PLANING,
TONGUEING,
GROVEING,
AND SCROLL
SAWING,

and all other work pertaining to Joinery, will be done to suit our customers.

Persons building, and not living more than twelve or fourteen miles distant, will find it largely for their interest to buy of us, or bring their lumber and have it worked by our machinery. Bring your grist of Flooring, or other lumber, and while your team is feeding, have it ground out and take it home with you.

We will pay CASH for PINE & HEMLOCK LUMBER delivered at our lumber yard. Come and see us, or if you can't come, write.

L. B. RODGERS & CO.

Towanda, Feb. 8, 1864.

SEWING MACHINES!

Having taken the Agency of the *two best* Machines yet made.

WHEELER & WILSON, AND SINGER.

We are now ready to supply all.

☞ MACHINES SOLD AT NEW YORK PRICES ☜

☞ No mistake—the above makes ARE THE BEST ☜

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☞ Silks, Thread, Oil, Soap, Needles, Oil Cans, Needle Cases, and extras kept on hand at our store. ☜

☞ We sell the thing that always pleases. ☜

Call and see our samples and get our prices.

WICKHAM & BLACK,

Nov. 20, 1865. Towanda, Pa.

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Bills receivable	40,000
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163 shares Wyoming Bank Stock	6,180
50 shares First Nat. Bank at Wilkes-Barre,	5,000
70 " Sec. " " " "	7,000
46 shares Wilks-Barre Bridge Stock	2,580
Real Estate	1,519
Judgments	102
Due from Agents and others	7,414
Cash in hand and in Bank	1,842

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Risks taken on all kinds of Property, at as low rates as by any other reliable Companies.

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Towanda, Feb. 7, 1866.—tf

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Capital.....$10,000,000

KENSINTON FIRE INSURANCE CO., *Philadelphia,*
Capital.....$300,000

Towanda, Feb. 20, 1866—tf

THE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

Office No. 242 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

This Company are now prosecuting the business of Insurance from loss or damage by FIRE on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, &c., throughout the State of Pennsylvania, on liberal terms, for long or short periods; or permanently of Buildings, by a deposit of Premium.

The prompt payment of claims for losses during the period of nearly 70 years that the Company has been in existence, entitles them to the confidence of the public.

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FARMERS MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MIDDLE PENNSYLVANIA,

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The Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Middle Pennsylvania was incorporated by the Pennsylvania Legislature, in the year 1859, for the Mutual Insurance of Country property only, and immediately thereafter commenced its operations on that principle, which has been strictly adhered to since.

All losses have been promptly paid out of the Premiums collected on application for insurance without making any assessments.

The Insurance of Country property only, the low rates charged for Insurance, and the prompt payment of losses are deemed a sufficient recommendation of the *Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Company* of Middle Pennsylvania, to all owners of safe class country property.

P. JOHNSON, Sec'y. WM. FULMER, Pres't.
C. M. MANVILLE,
March 5, '66. Agent, Towanda, Pa.

WARD HOUSE, TOWANDA, PENN'A

JOHN O. WARD

Respectfully informs the public that he has purchased this well-known Hotel, and taken possession of the same.

The Ward House will be thoroughly repaired and refurnished, and no labor nor expense will be spared to give satisfaction to guests.

The traveling public and persons visiting Towanda, are requested to continue the liberal patronage which the Ward House has hitherto employed. Having had considerable experience in the business, he is confident that with a strong determination to please, and with strict attention to the House, he can satisfy the requirments of those stopping at the House. 20dec65-tf

UNION CARRIAGE SHOP,

AT ALBA, PENN'A.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Western Bradford that he has commenced the Carriage and Wagon manufacturing business, in all its various branches in Alba borough, in the shop north of the Union Hotel. His foreman in the wood-shop will be N. M. REYNOLDS, who is well known to the people of this vicinity, having been in the business for the last 16 years. He will manufacture to order, and keep constantly on hand the latest styles of Buggys, both top and open, Platform, Democrat and Skeleton Wagons, Sleighs, Cutters, &c. His work will be done by the most experienced workmen, and great care will be taken in procurring the best timber, and the most substantial materials. He intends that the work turned out at his shop for style, durability and cheapness, shall not be excelled in the County. REPAIRING of all kinds done with despatch, in a subtantial manner on reasonable terms.—Give us a call. JAMES McINTYRE,

Alba, Bradford County, Pa., Feb. 20, 1866.—1y

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BARSTOW & GORE'S DRUG STORE!

NEW FIRM, NEW GOODS,

AND NEW PRICES!

The undersigned having formed a co-partnership in the Drug business, under the name of BARSTOW & GORE, at the old stand No. 4, Patton's Block, where they are daily receiving additions to their stock, from the most reliable importers and manufacturers, respectfully ask for a liberal share of public patronage. A large stock of

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES

Has just been received, and we are now prepared to supply the

WANTS OF THE PUBLIC WITH ALL ARTICLES

BELONGING TO THE TRADE.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS, FOR MEDICAL USE

ONLY. A FULL ASSORTMENT OF CONCENTRATED

BOTANIC, ECLECTIC AND HOMŒPATHIC MEDICINES.

ALL THE POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES.

PAINTS, OIL, VARNISH,

PAINT AND VARNISH BRUSHES,

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FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES OF EVERY KIND.

TILDEN'S ALCOHOLIC AND FLUID EXTRACTS,

ALKALOID AND RESINOIDS.

All the Best Trusses,

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS,

Shoulder Braces,

BREAST PUMPS, NIPPLE SHELLS, AND SHIELDS,

Nursing Bottles, Syringes and Catheters,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF RAZORS, STROPS, POCKET KNIVES,

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS OF LATE STYLE

AND BEST QUALITY.

A large supply Brushes for the Hat and Hair. Also for the Teeth and Nails, Tooth Powders and Pastes, Oils, Perfumery, Soaps, Combs, Hair Dye, Invigorators, &c., Kerosene, Kerosene Lamps, Shades, Chimneys, Wicks, &c., all of the latest styles.

CHOICE CIGARS, TOBACCO AND SNUFF.

☞ Physicians supplied at reasonable rates. Medicines and Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded and prepared by competent persons at all hours of the day and night. Sunday hours from 9 to 10 o'clock in the forenoon, 1 to 2 in the afternoon.

D. H. BARSTOW. W. H. H. GORE.

Towanda, Aug. 1, 1865.

DR. PORTER'S OLD DRUG STORE.

Already admitted to be

The largest, safest and most approved

DRUG HOUSE IN NORTHERN PENNSYLVANIA,

WITH

An established reputation for keeping the best medicine

UNEQUALLED

In its facilities and apparatus for compounding and preparing

MEDICINE AND PRESCRIPTIONS,

Conducted by thoroughly competent persons, who devote the most careful attention, pay the strictest regard to accuracy, and use only selected articles, and medicines of unquestioned purity, has become

THE CASH DRUG STORE

With prices revised to correspond with the market.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

ALL ARTICLES WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.

By recent arrangements with the Manufacturers, Importers or First Holders of Goods and Cash Purchases, the prices will always be at the lowest point for Prime Goods.

LOWER FIGURES THAN EVER IN

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, GLASS, DRUGS AND DYE-STUFFS.

Everything in this extensive stock will be sold Cheap for Cash!

PRICES REDUCED, VIZ:

OF SOAPS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES, COMBS, POCKET KNIVES AND RAZORS,

LAMPS AND MATERIALS FOR LIGHT.

TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS,

WINES AND LIQUORS, ONLY FOR MEDICINE.

TOBACCO AND SNUFF.

ALL THE POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES,

TOOTH, SKIN AND HAIR PREPARATIONS,

FANCY ARTICLES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Eclectic, Botanic and Homœopathic Medicines

Spices, Bird Seed, Lamp Shades and Garden Seeds.

FISH TACKLE, AMMUNITION, &c.

Constituting the most complete assortment, embracing the great wants of the People, reduced in Price, and revised for the Cash System.

DR. PORTER'S COAL OIL.
DR. PORTER'S CAMPHENE!
DR. PORTER'S ALCOHOL!
DR. PORTER'S BURNING FLUID!

Are Fresh, daily prepared, and unrivalled by any in the Market.

DR. PORTER'S PREPARATIONS

FOR FAMILY USE.

Known as Safe and Reliable Remedies, are warranted to what they are intended to give satisfaction.

VIZ:

Dr Porter's Pectoral Syrup	price 50	cents
Dr Porter's Family Embrocation	" 35	"
Dr Porter's Tonic Elixer	" 100	"
Dr Porter's Worm Syrup	" 50	"
Dr Porter's Comp. Syr. Hypophosphites	" 100	"
Dr Porter's Uterine Tonic	" 150	"
Dr Porter's Blackberry Balsam	" 35	"
Dr Porter's Tooth Ache Drops	" 25	"
Dr Porter's Cephalic Snuff	" 25	"
Dr Porter's Tooth Powder	" 50	"
Dr Porter's Tricogene	" 50	"
Dr Porter's Tricophile	" 50	"
Dr Porter's Shampoo	" 50	"
Dr Porter's Horse and Cattle Lotion	" 50	"
Dr Porter's Horse and Cattle Powder	" 35	"
Dr Porter's Bed Bug Polson	" 35	"
Dr Porter s Black Ink	" 25	"
Dr Porter's Cleansing Fluid	" 37½	"
Dr Porter's Rat and Mice Poison	" 35	"
Dr Porter's Citrate Magnesia	" 35	"
Dr Porter's Worm Wafers	" 35	"

MEDICAL ADVICE GIVEN GRATUITOUSLY AT THE OFFICE.

Charging only for Medicine.

☞ Thankful for past liberal patronage would respectfully announce to his friends and the public that no pain shall be spared to satisfy and merit the continuance of their confidence and patronage, at the

CASH DRUG STORE!

Corner of Main and Pine streets.

Dentestry

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS EXPERIENCE IN DENTISTRY.—J. S. SMITH, M. D., would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Bradford County that he is permanantly located in Waverly, N.Y., where he has been in the practice of his profession for the past four years. He would say that from his long and successful practice of 25 years duration, he is familiar with all the different styles of work done in any and all Dental establishments in city or country, and is better prepared than any other Dental operator in the vicinity to do work the best adapted to the many and different cases that present themselves oftentimes to the Dentist, as he understands the art of making his own artificial teeth, and has facilities for doing the same. To those requiring under sets of teeth he would call attention to his new kind of work which consists of porcelain for both plate and teeth, and forming a continuous gum. It is more durable, more natural in appearance, and much better adapted to the gum than any other kind of work. Those in need of the same are invited to call and examine specimens. Teeth filled to last for years and oftentimes for life. *Chloroform, ether, and "Nitrous oxide"* administered with perfect safety, as over four hundred patients within the last four years can testify.

I will be in Towanda from the 15th to 30th of every month, at the office of W. K. TAYLOR, (formerly occupied by Dr. O. H. Woodruff.) Having made arrangements with Mr. Taylor, I am prepared to do all work in the very best style, at his office.

Nov. 27, 1865. 6m

DR. H. WESTON, *DENTIST.* Office in Patton's Block, over Barstow & Gore's Drug and Chemical Stors. 1jan66

IMPORTANT TO DISCHARGED WOUNded Soldiers, Fathers, Mothers, Widows, Brothers and Sisters, and Orphan children of deceased soldiers, and all persons that have claims against the United States, in any of the Departments at Washington, can have the same promptly collected, by calling on

H. B. McKEAN,

☞ Office over Montanye's Store, Main Street Towanda, Pa.

March 20, 1865.

HAY SCALES FOR SALE!

[Patent Applied For.]

The Subscriber having spent time and money in perfecting a New, Simple, Cheap, and Durable Hay Scale, warranted correct for five years or longer, now offers it to the public, on the following terms:

One 12 feet platform Hay Scale, weighing 4,000 lbs. (the purchaser furnishing and framing timbers)	$100	00
One 13 ft. platform, weighing 5,000 lbs,	113	00
One 14 " " " 6,000 "	125	00

Address, G. W. JACKSON,

Jan. 25, '66.—tf Wralusing, Bradford Co. Pa.

Cards.

THOMAS J. INGHAM, *ATTORNEY AT LAW*, LAPORTE, Sullivan County, Pa.

DR. E. H. MASON, *PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON*, offers his professional services to the people of Towanda and vicinity. Office at his residence on Pine street, where he can always be found when not professionally engaged.

GEORGE D. MONTANYE, *ATTORNEY AT LAW*—Office in Union Block, formerly occupied by JAS. MACFARLANE.

W. T. DAVIES, Attorney at Law, Towanda, Pa. Office with Wm. Watkins, Esq. Particular attention paid to Orphans' Court business and settlement of decedents estates. 25-42.

MERCUR & MORROW, *Attorneys at Law*, Towanda, Penn'a,

The undersigned having associated themselves together in the practice of Law, offer their professional services to the public.

ULYSSES MERCUR, P. D. MORROW.

March 9, 1865.

E. L. ANDRUS, *Licensed Auctioneer*, Canton, Bradford county, Pa., having had much experience, offers his services to the public. Address by letter, or otherwise.

Canton, July 18, 1865.

PATRICK & PECK, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Offices:—In Union Block, Towanda, Pa., formerly occupied by Hon. Wm. Elwell, and in Patrick's block, Athens, Pa. They may be consulted at either place.

H. W. PATRICK, apl13 W. A. PECK.

McKEAN & PAYNE.—*ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW*, Towanda, Penn'a. Particular attention paid to business in the Orphans' Court.

H. B. M'KEAN. S. R. PAYNE.

Aug. 28, 1865.

W. H. CARNOCHAN, *ATTORNEY AT LAW*, Troy, Pa. Special attention given to collecting claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions. Office with E. B. Parsons, Esq.

June 12, 1865.

EDWARD OVERTON Jr., *Attorney at Law*, Towanda, Pa. Office in Montanyes Block, over Frost's Store. July 15th, 1865

HENRY A. RECORD, M. D., *Physician and Surgeon*, having permanantly located in Towanda, would respectfully offer his professional services to the citizens of the place a vicinity. Office, at J. A. Record's Store. Jan. 30, '66.

JOHN N. CALIFF, *ATTORNEY AT LAW*, Towanda, Pa. Also, Government Agent or the collection of Pensions, Back Pay and Bounty.

☞ No charge unless successful. Office over the Post Office and News Room. Dec. 1, 1864.

O. D. STILES, M. D., *Physician & Surgeon.* Warren Centre, Bradford County, Pa.

Office formerly occupied by Dr. McKee Visits made with promptness. Particular attention given to the treatment of Chronic cases, and Diseases incident to females and children. Office terms Cash.

Dr. Stiles is a graduate of the "Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery," where he attended two full courses of Lectures, he also attended the clinical lectures of the "Blockley Hospital" for two winters and took a special course on Bandaging, operative and minor surgery.

Dec. 20, 1865.

EDWARD MEEKS—AUCTIONEER.—All letters addressed to him at Sugar Run, Bradford Co., Pa., will receive prompt attention. May7'66tf.

FRANCIS E. POST, *Painter, Towanda, Pa*, with 10 years experience, is confident he can give the best satisfaction in Painting, Graining, Staining, Glazing, Papering, &c. ☞ Particular attention paid to Jobbing in the country. April 9, '66.

Furniture.

NEW ARRANGEMENT!

A MAMMOTH FURNITURE STORE,

IN

TOWANDA, BRADFORD COUNTY, PENN'A.,

WITH REDUCED PRICES.

JAMES O. FROST

Would respectfully announce to the people of Bradford and the adjoining counties, that he has purchased the Store, on the south side of the Public Square, formerly occupied by CHESTER WELLS; and also the Store on Main Street, formerly occupied by J. W. Means as a Grocery Store, and having connected the same, has now the largest and best Furniture Ware Room to be found this side of the city of New York. And he would furthermore announce that he has in the same the largest and best stock of Furniture ever offered in this Market, or to be found in Northern Pennsylvania, to which constant additions will be made from Boston, New-York Rochester and various other places to numerous to mention all of which will be sold at lower prices than any other dealer this side of New York, will sell the same quality of goods.

My stock consists in part of

MARBLE and WOOD TOP CENTRE TABLES,
MARBLE and WOOD TOP HALL STANDS,
DINING and EXTENSION TABLES
CARD TABLES,
PIANO STOOLS,
BUREAUS, STANDS, BEDSTEADS, &c., &c

Chairs of every variety and style, as cheap as the cheapest and good as the best.

Enameled Chamber Sets, also Oak, Chestnut and Walnut. Parlor sets in Hair, Cloth, Damask, Moreen, and Reps, at prices which defy competition. Also

EASY CHAIRS, and ROCKERS,
CAMP CHAIR