

NEWS FROM ALL NATIONS.

The grand jury at Bedford, Penn., on Tuesday presented a true bill against John P. Reed for the murder of Deputy Provost-Marshal Jacob Gronse in August last, and ignored the bill against Menzel Reed and Schell W. Reed.

A military commission at St. Louis was today brought to trial the gang of Rebel steamboat burners who destroyed the boats at that place and points below in 1864 as are in the hands of the authorities. The notorious William Morphy will be the first one tried.

A difficulty occurred at Knoxville on Tuesday week between W. S. Hall, Clerk of the Circuit Court, and a young man named Baker, which resulted in the killing of the former. Baker was arrested and committed to jail, but the citizens succeeded in seizing him and lynching him.

Two men, named George Howard and A. Dickinson, were instantly killed on the Great Western Railroad a little east of Springfield, Ill., on Saturday evening week, by a freight train running on the track. Several others were seriously injured.

Mr. Charles H. Wynne of the Richmond Times was cowardly and severely injured in that city on Tuesday week by a Mr. Raynor, an agent for that paper, with whom he had a difficulty. Raynor was arrested and held to bail.

It is said that Bingham, editor of the Indianapolis Sentinel, has commenced or is about to commence an action against Gen. Hovey, for false imprisonment and defamation of character, laying his claim for damages at \$80,000.

Sammuel McDowell murdered his brother, John McDowell, at Missouri West, Canada, last Saturday night, by beating him on the head with a club. Both men were in liquor at the time.

Two women, named Fox, were drowned at Sandy Hill, N. Y., Friday night week, while bathing. One of them was a widow, and left three children to mourn her loss.

Mr. Horatio N. Moore, engineer of the steamer Mary Mallon, which blew up a day or two ago, has since died, thus making the third victim of that catastrophe.

The Fenian demonstration at St. Louis on Sunday last, on the occasion of the funeral of H. O. McCarty, second officer of the Brother-in-Armia, was the most imposing ever witnessed in that city.

Gen. McCallum has gone south to turn over to the Boards of Public Works in the different States the railroads used by the Government during the war.

James Monroe, American Consul at Rio Janeiro, arrived in Washington Wednesday, with dispatches from Minister Webb.

Gen. Kilpatrick was expected at Newark Tuesday evening last, and will immediately take the stump for the Union candidates.

Jeff Davis has so far recovered from his attack of dyspepsia as to be able to resume his daily walks.

As the Erie express on the Pennsylvania Railroad, bound east, was nearing Diamond Station Wednesday morning, the boiler of the locomotive burst, instantly killing the engineer, fireman and a stranger, and slightly wounding the baggage-master.

In Philadelphia, on Monday week, there was a heavy storm. The streets were flooded with water, cellars overflowed, and much damage of one kind and another done.

A regular Cabinet meeting was held at noon Wednesday, but notwithstanding this there was an immense crowd of visitors at the Executive Mansion.

Miss Dix, the philanthropist, has gone to Williamsburg, Va., to look after the welfare of the lunatic asylum there and the comfort of its inmates.

There were 1,738 prize claims settled during the month of August, involving \$182,532.20. The total number received during the same period was 2,565.

The Trustees of Cornell University met in Ithaca Wednesday. The Governor, Lieut.-Governor, ex-Gov. Morgan and others were present.

The Secretary of the Treasury is now paying the Texas indemnity bonds, when it is proved that they have passed through loyal hands only.

Maj.-Gen. Heintzelman is visiting his home at Mauldin, Lancaster County, Pa., after an absence of 25 years.

The Hon. Fernando Wood and family arrived in New York on Monday, after a five months visit to Europe.

The efforts of the Government to arrest the rebel Gen. McCausland, under indictment in Pennsylvania, have not succeeded. He has left for parts unknown.

One of the principal divers, Mr. Broad, engaged in constructing the railroad bridge at Havre de Grace, died from suffocation while under water.

Mr. Carlos Marston, a physician, and his daughter, a girl of ten, were shot dead by his wife at South Dedham, Mass. Mrs. Marston was probably laboring under temporary mental derangement.

The Attorney-General has notified Gov. Pierpont that claim agents, pardon brokers, lawyers, and other middlemen, delay rather than accelerate the granting of pardons.

Dr. D. W. Ranny, of Osborn Hollow, about 10 miles from Binghamton, claims to have discovered both coal and oil, about a mile from his place.

The morning Star, organ of the Free-will Baptist denomination, says that section was the largest in 1844, having a membership at that time of 61,372. In 1853 it had fallen off to 48,930, and in 1860 it again increased to 59,791. It is now 55,676.

The Canada freight-house of the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain Railroad, together with the building known as the Grand Truck freight-house, were destroyed by fire on Friday afternoon, at a loss of about \$10,000.

Com. John Collins, U. S. N., died at North Conway, N. H., on Saturday. He was born in 1795, and served with distinction in the last war with Great Britain. He has lived in retirement for the last six years.

The President has appointed a Commission to negotiate treaties of peace with several tribes of Sioux and Cheyennes of Upper Missouri. The negotiations will take place on the 15th of October at Fort Rice.

William Thompson, lately a member of the 1st Maine Cavalry, was instantly killed at Mansfield, Mass., last Tuesday night by a construction train on the Boston and Providence Road.

Mrs. Mallory, wife of the Rebel ex-Secretary, visited President Johnson Tuesday. The object of the interview was to secure the release of her husband, now in prison at Fort Pulaski.

Gen. Terry has established a new military district, to be known as the District of South Eastern Virginia, which will be commanded by Brevet Major-Gen. Torbett.

Bradford Reporter.

Towanda, Thursday, September 14, 1865.

Union State Ticket. FOR SENATOR, JOHN F. HARTRANFT, MONTO'RY CO. FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL, JOHN M. CAMPBELL, CAMBERIA CO.

County Ticket. FOR STATE SENATOR, HON. GEO. LANDON, OF BRADFORD CO., FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE, HON. F. B. STREETER, OF SUSQ. CO.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES, LORENZO GRINNEL, OF WELLS, G. WAYNE KINNEY, OF SHESHEQUIN.

FOR TREASURER, J. PERRY VAN FLEET, OF LEROY. FOR COMMISSIONER, STERN MCKEE, OF FRANKLIN.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY, WILLIAM T. DAVIES, OF TOWANDA. FOR AUDITOR, GEORGE W. ELLIOTT, OF HERRICK.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR, JAMES J. NEWELL, OF ORWELL.

THE COUNTY TICKET. We had only time and space last week to publish the proceedings of the Republican County Convention, and announce the names of its candidates.

The nominees are now fairly before the public, and we believe no ticket has ever been presented for the suffrages of the voters more worthy of their confidence and support.

The proceedings of the Convention were marked by harmony and good feeling, and the nominations made with a degree of unanimity which prevented the possibility of bad feeling.

For Representatives, the Convention nominated LORENZO GRINNELL, of Wells, by acclamation. This nomination is in accordance with the time-honored usage of the party in this County and a deserved tribute to the fidelity and honesty with which he represented this county in the Legislature last winter.

Mr. Grinnell's course as a legislator has the full approval of his constituency. A plain, practical, intelligent farmer, he has uniformly and steadily voted so as to uphold the cause of the Country, to maintain the credit of the Nation, and encourage our soldiers in the field. He has been a watchful guardian of the interests of the people. The voters of this County will do well if they always send such upright and faithful men to the Legislature.

His associate upon the ticket, G. WAYNE KINNEY, is not unknown to the people of this County. Born and reared in Sheshequin, he was at one time the editor of the Bradford Argus when that paper was the organ of the Whig party of this County. He is a man of acknowledged ability, thoroughly conversant with all the great questions of the day, and an inflexible supporter of Republican principles. He will be an able and worthy Representative.

For Treasurer, J. PERRY VAN FLEET, of LeRoy, was nominated on the first ballot, by a decided vote. Having acted for some time as Deputy Sheriff, he is well and favorably known throughout the County. His qualifications for the office are of a high order.

In the nomination of STERN MCKEE, of Franklin, for Commissioner, the Convention paid a graceful and substantial compliment to a soldier who has perilled his life for his Country, and who bears in his mutilated person, testimony to his bravery in the field. Mr. McKee was a private in the 20th P. V., and followed the flag of that gallant regiment through the battles in which it participated. In the daring assault on Fort Mahon, he was severely wounded, and suffered amputation of his left arm, at the shoulder. Added to his military record, he is amply qualified for the office for which he has been named, possessing good business abilities with capacity and intelligence.

For District Attorney, WM T. DAVIES, of Towanda borough, was nominated. As a member of the bar, he is not unknown to those having business to transact in our County. He possesses the ability within the industry to make an excellent officer.

The candidate for Auditor GEORGE W. ELLIOTT, of Herrick, will make a capable and efficient officer. This office is of great importance to the tax-payers. Mr. Elliott's reputation for strict integrity and for economy, are a guarantee that he will not neglect the people's interest. We speak after a long and intimate acquaintance, when we recommend him to the support of the voters.

For County Surveyor, JAMES G. NEWELL, of Orwell, was re-nominated. This is the best recommendation which could be given him, and testifies that he has proved worthy of the place to which he has been elected.

President Judge. The Judicial Conference which met at this place, on Monday evening last, placed in nomination for President Judge, Hon. FARRIS B. STREETER, of Susquehanna County. This nomination, which has been unanimously tendered to Judge STREETER by the people of the two Counties, is a deserved tribute to the ability, impartiality, and urbanity with which he has presided over the Courts of the District since his appointment. The voters of the District have already had ample evidence of his fitness for the elevated and dignified position which he now so ably fills. The judicial ermine was never worn more gracefully and uprightly than by Judge STREETER. Since his elevation to the bench, he has made hosts of friends, and we but speak the unanimous testimony of those who have had occasion to observe his administration of his official duties, when we say that he has given universal satisfaction.

The nomination of Judge STREETER, without a semblance of opposition, ensures his election, and secures to the people of the district an efficient and upright Judge.

THE WIRZ TRIAL.

At the opening of the Wirz trial, Wednesday, the counsel for the latter moved that the court discard some of the testimony, as it was illegal. This motion was held to be inadvisable. The objection testified to by the prisoner, exclaiming whilst a man was dying from wounds inflicted by bloodhounds, that "it served the man right."

He also saw Wirz strike a sick man with a riding-whip, because he asked him for bread. The man went on in fits, and subsequently died. He also heard the prisoner order a sentinel to shoot one of our men who had overstepped the dead line. A colored soldier named Jennings testified that whilst laboring under an attack of sickness he was publicly whipped on the bare back because he would not go to work; added to this, he was put in the stocks for a period without anything to eat or drink. At a way-side, that for making an attempt to escape, he was tied up by the thumbs and then put in the stocks for four days. His head and feet were fastened, his back was on the ground, and his face exposed to the sun. A young man named Freddy had been torn to pieces by bloodhounds. John H. Stearns detailed to the court some of the horrors of the hospital. He said amputations were frequent, and the men always died from them. A Mr. Kemel instanced the case of a Pennsylvania soldier who died so much from being in the stocks that he soon afterwards died. William Willis Scott testified that Wirz struck a sick man who had asked to be taken to the hospital. The man died from the injuries. A Mr. L. H. Pond also corroborated the testimony of the former witnesses as to the cruelty of Wirz and his associates. Abner Melley affirmed as to his being robbed by Wirz, and as to the latter refusing admittance into the hospital of a man suffering from disagreeable sores, which afterwards caused his death. A Goddell Brunner testified that until the prisoner assumed command the men were treated well. If any man should be missing at roll-call all would be deprived of food until he was accounted for.

The testimony each day accumulates new horrors. On Thursday three Union prisoners, named Clarke, Forney, and Kellogg, testified to the shooting of numerous prisoners for approaching the dead line, of one being fired at and killed. A Mr. Schuff who had been torn by bloodhounds while attempting to escape, shewed his wounds, and also, avowed that for his attempt to regain his liberty he was placed in irons thirty-two days in a very sunny place. He heard Wirz order the shooting of a man, who was reported "silly," because he asked for a parole. Thirty-five thousand men were at one time confined in the stockade. A Mr. Basseger testified that when one man asked for bread or water, the response they received was in the shape of leaden bullets. This was corroborated by a Mr. Turrell, of an Ohio regiment. Robert Morton, of this State, has seen Wirz wearing clothes which had been sent by the Sanitary Commission to our men, and this statement was reaffirmed by a Frank Mattox, a colored soldier. The latter testified to the whipping of colored men in a beastly manner, and also to hearing Wirz declare that "he gave the Yankees all the land they came to fight for," meaning, of course, a grave.

At a meeting of the Senatorial Conference on the 9th District held at the house of J. S. Thompson, at Camptown, Monday, Sept. 11, 1865, on motion E. W. Hale was called to the chair, and Andrew Fee and D. R. Lathrop, elected Secretaries.

The following Conferees were present: Bradford County—W. T. Davies, E. W. Hale, C. F. Nichols, Harry Mix, Andrew Fee.

Susquehanna County—C. F. Read, A. Chamberlain, David Wakely, D. R. Lathrop.

Wyoming County—John S. Lum, Benj. P. Ross.

The Conference then proceeded to the nomination of a candidate for Senator. Mr. Davies nominated GEORGE LANDON of Bradford County, Mr. Read nominated Hon. W. J. TRIBELL, of Susquehanna county, Mr. Ross nominated BRADLEY WAKELMAN of Wyoming County. The Conference then voted as follows:

For Landon—Messrs. Davies, Hale, Nichols, Mix and Fee—5.

For Tribell—Messrs. Read, Chamberlain, Wakely and Lathrop—4.

For Wakelman—Messrs. Lum and Ross—4.

Two other ballots were had with a like result, when the fourth ballot was as follows:

For Landon—Messrs. Davies, Hale, Nichols, Mix, Fee, Lum and Ross—7.

For Tribell—Messrs. Read, Chamberlain, Wakely and Lathrop—4.

Whereupon GEORGE LANDON having received a majority of all the vote cast, was declared duly nominated.

On motion, it was resolved, that the meeting of the next Conference shall be at Camptown, on the second Monday of September. On motion adjourned.

At a meeting of the Conferees from the Counties composing the 12th Judicial District held at the Ward House, Towanda, Monday evening, Sept. 11th, 1865, present from Bradford—E. Overton, jr., J. H. Webb, C. M. Manville, W. A. Peck, E. O. Goodrich, P. D. Morrow.

Susquehanna—G. B. Eldred, David Summers, W. H. Sherwood, Gilbert Warner.

On motion E. OVERTON, jr., was elected President, and G. B. Eldred, Secretary.

Mr. PECK offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in accordance with the expressed wishes of the Susquehanna and Bradford Republican Convention, we unanimously nominate Hon. F. B. STREETER for President Judge of the 13th Judicial District.

On motion of Mr. Morrow, Messrs. Peck, Webb and Eldred were appointed a Committee to inform Judge Streeter of his nomination.

On motion adjourned.

A Mass Convention was held at the Court House in this borough, on Monday evening last, presided over by HENRY W. TRACY, which nominated Elder SILAS E. SHEPARD, as a candidate for Senator.

Speeches were made by Hon. HENRY W. TRACY, J. M. BISHOP and Col. E. SMITH. We have not time this week to "ventilate" this demonstration, but we will pay our respects to the originators next week.

As a Cleveland express on the Erie road was approaching Narrowsburg, at a point some 128 miles from New York, at 9 a. m. on Thursday, the forward wheels of the engine ran off the track, and precipitated the train upon the rocks. The fireman was killed and several cars badly damaged, but the passengers miraculously escaped. The "accident" was caused by a too high rate of speed.

INDICTMENT FOR TREASON AGAINST PROMINENT REBELS.

The Grand Jury of the United States District Court, Thursday morning, returned into court indictments for treason against Bradley T. Johnson, Henry G. Gilmer, alias Harry Gilmer, Geo. Freaner, John G. Howard, and Thomas Fitzhugh. The indictment against Johnson is for leaving war, with others, against the United States, especially on the 18th of June, 1863, in Washington county, Maryland, and in capturing and taking possession of Gettysburg, in Pennsylvania; also, that on the 10th of July, he, with others, on hostile intent, invaded and passed through Baltimore county. Against Harry Gilmer there are two indictments, one charging him with having on the 11th of July, 1864, set fire to the railroad bridge, in Hartford county, over the Gunpowder river, with intent to impede and prevent the transportation of military supplies of the United States; and the other, on the same day, at Magnolia, assaulting Major Hook, a carrier of mails of the United States, and with pistols and swords putting him in jeopardy of his life, and thereby obstructing the mails, &c.

On motion of the District Attorney, William H. Jones, Esq., all the treason cases were, by order of the Court, remitted to the Circuit Court to be tried at the November term, when Chief Justice Chase will preside. The Grand Jury had previously found a presentment against a Captain Henderson, for treason. As the acts had been committed in Virginia, out of the jurisdiction of the Court, the District Attorney declined to indict in the presentment, as also the indictment against Robert Swan, of which previous mention has been made. They were accordingly dismissed. The Grand Jury was finally discharged, and the District Court adjourned in course to the ensuing term, which begins on Tuesday morning, 5th inst.—Baltimore American of Saturday.

THE RESULT OF THE ELECTIONS ON THE TRIAL OF DAVIS.—From the tone of some of the copperhead journals in this and other States, the result of the October elections are to be, used (in a certain sense) to influence the trial of Jeff Davis. The great majority of these journals now insist that Davis is illegally held by the Federal authorities, that he should and must be regarded as the prisoner in the position of a rebel and soldier of the Confederacy, and that as the commander-in-chief of the late army and navy, Jeff. Davis is entitled to the terms of capitulation under which Lee and Johnson received their parole. The copperhead leaders intend to assert that such was the issue of the election, provided they are successful in October. If, for instance, Davis and Linton are elected in Pennsylvania, Jeremiah S. Black, Dick Vaux, C. L. Ward, W. B. Reed, Bill Bigler and others of like ilk, will insist that the verdict was in favor of the unconditional release of Jeff. Davis, that the people decided against all military and civil proceedings for the trial of Jeff. Davis as a traitor, murderer or thief and that he must be forthwith set at liberty. It is well enough that the soldiers should understand this issue. It is well enough that the men who have perilled their lives to put down rebellion, should understand that the friends of Davis and Linton now ask them to vote in favor of an issue, the success of which will establish the injustice of the war so far as the Government is concerned.

THE NATIONAL FINANCES.—The Secretary of the Treasury presents a favorable report of the condition of the National finances on the 31st of August. During the preceding month the principal of the National debt was increased only \$295,000, while the interest on the debt has been decreased nearly \$231,000. Nearly \$45,500,000 in coin, and nearly \$45,000,000 in currency are now in the Treasury, and the suspended requisitions amount only to over \$2,000,000. The receipts from internal revenue for the last two months, have averaged nearly \$1,000,000 per day—a sum that should be amply sufficient to defray all the expenses of the Government—which would leave us, on the present basis of taxation, a sum equal to our entire receipts from customs, to be applied to the liquidation of the public debt. Thus it becomes more and more clearly evident that the American people are abundantly able and willing to maintain the burden of the interest of the National debt, and even to pay it off at no distant period. As it is probable an amendment will be made to the Constitution, authorizing export duties, and as important reforms will soon be inaugurated in our internal-revenue system, we may naturally soon expect large accretions to our revenue, without a corresponding increase in the burdens of tax-payers.

REDUCTION OF THE STATE DEBT.—The Governor of the Commonwealth has issued his proclamation, setting forth that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund have reported a reduction of the State debt, for the year ending the 4th of September, 1865, of seven hundred and forty-five thousand, eight hundred and eleven dollars and twenty-six cents. This is a vast increase over the reduction of the State debt the previous year, when the amount reached \$268,949.50; there being an increase in the sum redeemed this year of \$467,241.76. It must be remembered that the expenses of the previous year were far heavier than of the war—just past, growing out of the war—but with our resorting to comparison, the amount of debt redeemed during both years reflects great credit on the economy and financial ability with which the affairs of the Commonwealth are conducted.

Victor E. Piolet—the man who did not get to Congress—was one of the speakers at "Buckalew's Camp Meeting." He told the people it was all wrong to subscribe for the United States 7-30 Bonds. Of course it was wrong to aid the Government! He would have them all repudiated. "Give us power," said he, "and we can borrow money at three per cent." How then did it happen that when his party was in power they paid twelve per cent. And then instead of paying it to our own people, it was paid to foreign capitalists. No, no, "Vic," the people have not forgotten how you ran the machine when you were in power. They have no disposition to repeat the experiment.—Columbia County Republican.

On Thursday afternoon, as a stage-coach containing a party of excursionists from South Weymouth to Cohasset, Mass., Railroad at West Hingham, the locomotive attached to a freight train struck and demolished it, killed one passenger and seriously injuring six others.

Nine prisoners escaped on Wednesday night from the Gratiot-st. prison, St. Louis, all under sentence of long terms of imprisonment. Among the number were private William Comell, 1st Illinois Cavalry, and Capt. Thompson, 15th Kansas Cavalry.

Pittsburg is a queer place. The other day three men went into a lager-beer saloon, and two commenced catching all the flies therein, while the third ate the insects as fast as caught, on a bet that he could eat them quicker than his companions could catch them. They were arrested and fined three dollars each for the fun.

OFFICIAL REPORTS OF THE PROGRESS OF THE CHOLERA.

Advices have been received at the State Department of the progress of the cholera. Under date of August 19th, 1865, the United States Consul at Port Mahon, informs the Department that the Turkish steamer which left Alexandria, Egypt, with eighteen hundred pilgrims, and arrived at Port Mahon with but twelve hundred and eighty. Five hundred are reported as having died en route from the effects of Asiatic cholera. The captain of the vessel, on arriving at Port Mahon, reported to the authorities that there were no contagious or other diseases on board; but, upon examination of the steamer by the quarantine officers, dead bodies in an advanced state of decomposition were found. The captain pleaded ignorance of it, and avowed that he was not aware that any such cases existed. This statement, however, is not credited, and the five hundred not accounted for may have perished from the cholera. Very little faith is placed in his statements, and the discrepancy of the report, with the facts as developed, leave it in great doubt. The Consul reports that all mails and dispatches from quarantine are now delivered. Reports received at Port Mahon concur in the opinion that the cholera is gradually progressing westwardly. The Consul reports that this far the cholera has followed the pilgrims, who are packed like sardines on shipboard. Their religion does not allow them, while passing to and from Mecca, to sleep in beds, to wash, or to eat any warm food. They are covered with filth and vermin, and are spreading disease all over the Mediterranean.

The United States Consul at Palermo, under date of August 14th, informs the Department that, owing to a serious spread of the cholera at Ancona, where already some eight hundred people have died, and isolated cases having also happened in other towns of Italy, France, and Spain, the local authorities have imposed seven days of quarantine on all arrivals from Italian, French, and Spanish ports, including Gibraltar.

Port Mahon is a fortified town of Spain, capital of Minorca, one of the Balearic Islands, on its south side. It is the residence of the Military Governor and of the Bishop of Minorca. Its port is one of the best and most commodious in the Mediterranean.

A letter to the Chronicle, dated Constantinople, August 18th, states that the cholera is increasing in its ravages. Four hundred persons are buried every day, and the population is fleeing to the mountains. There is a wholesale depopulation of the laboring classes. The scenes, as described by the correspondent as taking place in Constantinople, are terrible beyond conception. Much of the morality is in consequence of poor and insufficient food.

The citizens of Danby Village, in Tompkins County, held a meeting on the 24th of August, and passed resolutions inviting Mr. Martin L. Smith, a native of that town, to leave the place, for the reason that after being raised and educated at the expense of the United States, and sworn to support its constitution and laws, he took part with the traitors in the recent rebellion. His again appearing in Danby was an offense to the citizens, and they asked him to leave.

Pittsburg is a queer place. The other day three men went into a lager-beer saloon, and two commenced catching all the flies therein, while the third ate the insects as fast as caught, on a bet that he could eat them quicker than his companions could catch them. They were arrested and fined three dollars each for the fun.

New Advertisements.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE Post Office at Towanda, Pa., for the week ending Sept. 11, 1865:

Ames Erasmus, Miller George; Ashcraft J. H. Miss, Moody George; Brown C. G., McCall John; Bilton James, McPherson R. H.; Burt James, Madewell Thomas; Barrett E. S., Northrop A. J.; Cole Frank M., Pooler N. C.; Carson T. C., Ryan Patrick; Caplar Mr., Stripe A. H.; Decker W. H., Smith J. W.; Foster J. H. Capt., Wolf M. C. (Copper); Hewitt Charles B., Wood E. H.; Howard James (foreign), Woodford T. D.; Key W., Woodford T. D.

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "Advertised." S. W. ALVOID, Postmaster, Sept. 11, 1865.

DESIRABLE FARM FOR SALE!—This Farm lies in Wyandott township, one mile from Camp Hill, containing about 120 acres; 95 acres improved, with superior buildings, fences and improvements of all kinds. It has a fine fruit orchard, consisting of apples, peaches, cherries, etc., berries, grapes, gooseberries, currants, &c. In large quantities. TERMS—\$40 per acre, \$2000 down, the balance on 10% interest for 10 years.

For further information apply to address: N. CALIFF, Office over Post office, Towanda, Pa. Sept. 8, 1865.—2m

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP!—The partnership heretofore existing, on the 1st of April, between A. F. COOK and JOHN A. GARDNER, under the firm of Cook & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent; and the Book and Stationery, &c. business, will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, to whom the debts due to the late firm of Cook & Co. have been assigned and are payable.

A. F. COOK, Successor of Cook & Co. Aug. 8, 1865.

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF CLOTHING AT THE READY MADE CLOTHING EMPORIUM OF GEORGE W. COON & CO.

We have now in our Store an elegant stock of Men and Boy's Clothing, manufactured by ourselves, which cannot be beaten in style, quality and price. Also a larger assortment of ready-made Goods than can be found elsewhere. Call and see and examine before buying, and it will be to your advantage. We will not be undersold at lower prices than we can give. Store No. 3, Easton's Block, on door south of Barstow & Co's Drug Store.

Aug. 8, 1865. GEO W COON & CO.

TOWANDA INSURANCE AGENCY. H. B. M'KEAN, Agent.

Agent for the following well known and reliable Insurance Companies: NEW ENGLAND INSURANCE CO.—Hartford, Conn. Assets \$1,000,000. KENNESBET INSURANCE CO.—Philadelphia. Assets \$1,000,000. WYOMING INSURANCE COMPANY. Wilkes-Barre, Penna. Capital and Surplus \$100,000.

Stock not called in: Bills receivable \$90,000; U. S. 5-20 Bonds \$2,500; Temporary and call Loans \$1,500; 50 shares First Nat Bank at Wilkes-Barre \$5,000; 70 shares Wilkes-Barre Bridge Stock \$2,500; Real Estate \$1,219; Judgments \$1,000; Debit from Agents and others \$7,414; Cash in hand and in Bank \$1,842.

Directors: G. M. Hollenback, L. D. Shoemaker, H. B. M'Kean, John Richards, H. D. Lacey, John B. Hays, Samuel Wadhams, Charles A. Miller, Stewart Pierce, C. Collier, Wm. S. Horne, G. M. Harding, G. M. HOLLENBACK, President, L. D. SHOEMAKER, Vice-President.

R. C. SMITH, Sec'y. H. B. M'Kean, Agent, Towanda, Pa. LUZERNE INSURANCE AGENCY. Assets \$300,000. FAYETTE INSURANCE CO.—New York. Cash Capital \$300,000. METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO. CAPITAL \$1,000,000. LIVERPOOL & LONDON INS. CO. Assets \$3,000,000. LIFE INSURANCE—CONNECTICUT MUTUAL Assets \$5,000,000.

Policy issued for the Erie, Fulton and Metropolitan, and orders received for Insurance upon household effects.

H. B. M'Kean, Agent for the above companies at Towanda, Pa. Sept. 4, 1865.

MISS H. CHUNT Contemplates opening a School for a limited number of girls, on Second St., Wednesday, Sept. 6, 1865.

Common English Branches \$2.50 Higher \$3.00 French (extra) \$2.50 to 7.00 No extra charge for Latin.

School year of 42 weeks, divided into four equal terms. Much experience, and considerable opportunities for obtaining the French, German, Italian, teaching, etc. Miss HUNT to offer her services to those interested with a certain degree of confidence. Unexceptionable references given if required. R. C. SMITH, Agent, Towanda, Aug. 29, 1865.

A MOST IMPORTANT DISCOVERY! INTERESTING TO AGENTS, FARMERS, AND LADIES. We are making a single machine which combines the best and cheapest portable Wine and Cider Press, the driest Clothes Wringer, and the most powerful Lifting Jack in the world. It is the only one prepared to make Apple Champagne, which is now regarded as one of the most important discoveries of the age. A good agent wanted in every county to whom we will hold out such inducements as to ensure \$1000 before Christmas. The first one making application from any county shall have the exclusive rights. For particulars, send, etc., by Circular.

HALL, REED & CO., No. 55 Liberty St., N. Y. Aug. 14, 1865.

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