TOWANDA:

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

We have Richmond papers to the 18th inst. foreign recognition. The approach of Burnside's advance to Fredericksburg is chronicled at length, and a victory for the Rebels is, of course, made out. There was "a brisk engagement," and "the enemy were driven back with a loss of several killed," etc. But, at the same time, the frightened Rebels burnt all the cotton in Fredericksburg, and tumbled all the tobacco into the river. Great stories are told of what Amazonian deeds the women of Fredericksburg performed. Gen. Gustavus W. Smith is Acting Secretary of War, Gen. Randolph having resigned.

An expedition of two regiments of infantry, Nashville and Clarksville during the past four or five days, captured 43 Rebels, 18 horses, 20 mules, and 100 muskets. A scout, arrived is the designation which the Christian legislafrom Knoxville on the 13th, says there were | tion of the United States has given to the Afno troops at Knoxville, excepting sick and convalescent. At McMinnville there was concounties. At Sparta there was a small force. He saw no more until he got to Kingston, where there were a few soldiers. No Rebel troops at Lebanou Cross, nor throughout the entire route. The enemy still evince a disposition to fight near Tullahoma.

On the 19th, Gen. Saxton sent a reconnoi town, shelling them at every opportunity .-Several houses in Charlestown were fired by The Rebels made a slight demonstration on our outposts near Falling Waters, on the Virginia side of the river.

Dispatches say that the Rebels still occupy and the destroyer of the Constitution? Fredericksburg with a small force, to dispute the crossing of the river. Some guns were on trains have attempted to run since.

A dispatch from Louisville says that Col. J. Dils, jr., on November 10, writes that he are railying in its defence? War-certainly has routed the Rebels out of Eastern Ken- one like this, in self-defence-is clearly consti tucky, captured 80 prisoners, and a large lot of tents, guns, wagons, horses, and mules, near Piketon. The main body of the Rebels es ing the enemy by all possible means, and thus caped through Pound Gap.

In his Message, which is nearly finished, Mr. Lincoln will argue his Emancipation policy at length, not only in regard to the military Proclamation of Emancipation in the disloyal States, but in regard to his gradual States.

Gov. Cartin offers \$500 reward for the capture of a deserter named Henry Rowland, of battle-field. But what institution, what mathe 138th Regiment, who shot his Lieutenant, Josiah Banghman, while the Lieutenant was ing to the enemy that we are obliged to spare, endeavoring to arrest him for desertion.

Quite a sensation was produced in our borough on Wednesday last, by the arrest of John McCollum of this place, on the charge of counterfeiting Lycoming County Orders to the amount of \$6,000. It appears that Mc Collum went to a Printing Office in Philadelphia, represented himself as an agent of the Commissioners of this County, and ordered fac similes of the 25 cent orders lately issued by the board, to the amount above named .-The printer, however, suspecting all was not right, immediately wrote to the Commissioners, informing them of McCollum's proceed ings, and notifying then that they might seize of that day, if anything should be wrong .-McCollam was arrested and taken before Just tice Repass for a hearing, and the evidence above alluded to, together with the blanks delphia, where the offence was committed.-An officer from Philadelphia, arrived in the lum in custody. For the sake of his estimable family, we could hope that McCollum might be able to acquit himself of any guilt in this transaction. His only defence was, that he ordered these blanks to wrap around of the genuine - West Branch Bulletin.

-We offer in evidence against Mr. McC. a small till which remains unpaid. A man who will cheat a printer is not too good to issue counterfeit shinplasters.

A Baltimore paper has a rumor that Jackson-with the inevitable 40,000 men-is dentedly large. As much as 2,500 hhds will near Winchester; others had it on Saturday that he was marching on Washington with 40,000 men; and again he was retreating nois will send as much tobacco and hemp to developed practical American business mind. with 40,000 men. "The King of France, with twenty thousand men, marched up the hill, and then-marched down again," of exports furnish almost the sole medium of ex- energy-he is the man of all men to put things makes up Ubiquitous Stonewall's stereotyped the old world, and until our political troubles cisely at that point where McClellan is weakforty thousand-in buckram.

Passenger statisties show that within pected at Walla-Walla on the 15th of October. | their whistle. Contract Land of Marriage

Hon. Joseph Holt on the War.

This distinguished and patriotic gentleman was invited previous to the New York election, to address a Union meeting in New York. He wrote a letter in reply to the invitation, which, like all his other writings and speeches since the rebellion, breathes the right spirit. Thursday Morning, November 27, 1862. The letter has been published since the election, with his consent, and we take a few para graphs from it, and commend them to the perusal of those dainty gentlemen who talk about They are still grumbling over the delay of the rights of the rebels under the Constitu-

FOR ALL THINGS THAT ARE FOR THE UNION. My faith in all this matter is simple and briefly stated. It is this :- For all things that are for the Union-against all things that are against it. I am for the Union as unconditionally as I am for protecting my own body, at every cost and hazard, from the knife of the assassin. No human institution, no earthly interest, shall ever by me be weighed in the scales against the life of my country .-Least of all, will I approach with unsandled feet, or permit to be thus weighed, an institu tion, the feeding fountain of whose being-the African slave trade-the laws of my country have for more than forty years denounced as which has been scouring the country between a crime worthy of death-a crime not against any particular code, or any particular form of civilization, but a crime against the very race to which we belong. Hostis humani generis,

rican slave trader. I vield to no man in veneration for the Constitution, or in determination that its blessings siderable force of conscripts from adjoining shall be extended to those who respect and obey it. The door to all these blessings is widely open to the Southern people, and they are earnestly invoked by the President to enter in and enjoy them.

INTEREST OF THE SOUTH IN ITS OWN HANDS. These institutions and their every interest are in their own hands, and can be saved not only from ruin but from the slightest injury, sance from Harper's Ferry toward Charles- by the utterance of a single word-a word of town. He encountered 400 Rebels above duty and of honor. But, if in their passionate Halltown and drove them through Charles- pursuit of separate empire, and in their blind resentments against brethren who have never wronged them, they refuse to speak that word, and prefer to perish themselves, rather than our shells and one or two Rebels were killed. that the loyal States shall escape destruction -be it so. The world shall judge aright, and history will record its judgment. But, is it not childish prattle to say that the South can claim to be at the same moment the protege

SATANIC AUDACITY OF THE REBELLION. Does it not require an audacity absolutely Thursday brought to bear upon two ravines saturic, to insist that the beneficial provisions on the opposite side of the river, through which of that hallowed instrument shall be secured the railroad passes. The result is that no to States and people who are hourly spurning and spitting upon its authority, and who are leading forward vast armies to overwhelm it, and with it the homes and hopes of all who tutional; but, if such a war has its restraints. it has also its rights and duties; prominent among which is the right and duty of weakenabridging the sanguinary conflict. Never un til now has it entered into the imagination of men to conceive that among these duties is again to live in peace. that of seeing that the enemy is clothed and fed and armed before he is struck.

THE CONSTITUTION A CHARTER OF NATIONAL LIFE. In prosecuting the war, while exercising our Emancipation policy in the Border Slave right to weaken the enemy, we may destroy not only ships upon the sea, and fortresses and cities upon the land, but human life upon the terial interest is more hallowed than human life, and what material interest is there belongeven though by so doing we perish ourselves? The Constitution is a charter of National life, and not of National death. All movements which seek or tend to the dissolution of the Government created by it, and of which it is the soul, are in conflict with its spirit and with the scope and end of its enactments, and may be resisted to the death by its express or im plied authority. Neither the keenest vision nor the most delicate ear can detect in any line or letter of that glorious charter the faintest throb of sympathy with treason or traitors.

ILLINOIS COTTON AND TOBACCO.-This year has demonstrated beyond doubt or question the blanks, which were on the Express train that the prairies of Illinois are completely adapted to the cotton plant and that the climate of Illinois presents no obstacle to its successful cultivation. Large fields were planted which had been secured by the Commissioners, to cotton in April and May last, and they being submitted, he was committed to jail to were sufficiently matured before the frost came, await the action of the authorities of Phila- to be gathered, yielding an average of 300 an absorbed distraught condition, seemingly pounds per acre. Samples before us show overwhelmed by the weight of responsibility train Thursday evening, and proceeded to that the staple is of a superior quality, fully Philadelphia yesterday morning with McCol equal to the best "upland" that is grown in the most favored cotton districts. Satisfied with the success of this year's planting, com- Burnside is a man in whom the moral qualipanies of gentlemen interested in developing ties are peculiarly developed. A profound the material prosperity of the State, and indihis pills, in the manufacture of which he was vidual farmers, are making preparations to engaged. The blanks were an exact imitation commence the cultivation of cotton on a great ly enlarged scale next season. The question bring a sense of confidence and of power .of cotton cultivation in Illinois as a new source of wealth, is considered as settled. Estimates by the local papers give 20,000 bales as the yield of the State this year.

The crop of tobacco in Illinois is unprecebe shipped from Carbondale, a station on the whole army. His talent for organization is Illinois Central Railroad; and Southern Illi- genuine and of a high order-the perfectly market as the whole State of Kentucky. The millions of bushels of grain which the West Plucky, persevering—a steady white heat of course with twenty thousand men, which just change for the staples and manufactures of through. He is probably strongest, too, preare settled this must continue to be the case.

TAXATION IN DIXIE .- The new revenue bill nine months 17,000 persons have arrived by before the rebel Congress privides for the are of a practical, organizing kind, such as the sea at San Francisco in excess of departure. levying on the first of January next, a tax of They, in addition to a large number of over one fifth the value of the products of the land land emigrants, make the increase of popula. for the preceding year, one-fifth the value of tion more this year than since 1852. The the increase of horses, asses, cattle, sheep and tion now intrusted to him. overland emigration to Oregon and Washoe swine; one fifth the products made in feeding . this year, will amount to about 5,000. The the same; and one-fifth the yearly income of rear of emigration, some 500 wagons, was ex- each person. The rebels will pay dearly for

day to dicharge from arrest all persons now in military custody, who have been arrested He Demands the Surrender of ENTIRE NEW STOCK for discouraging volunteer enlistments, opposing the draft, or for otherwise giving aid and comfort to the enemy, in States where the draft has been made, or the quota of volunteers and militia has been furnished The same order says that persons who, by authority of the Military Commander or Governor in Rebel States, have been arrested and sent from such States for disloyalty or hostility to the Government of the United States, and are now in military custody, may also be discharg. To the Mayor and Common Conneil of Fredericksed upon giving their parole to do no act of hostility against the Government of the United States, nor render aid to its enemies. Such persons may be sent out of the loval State on condition of not returning again during the war. The order does not discharge any per son who has been in arms against the Government, or by force and arms has resisted or attempted to resist the draft, nor relieve any person from liability to trial and punishment by civil tribunals, or by court-martials or military commissions, who may be amenable to such tribunals for offenses committed.

Our dispatch of Saturday says: Last night was a busy time in Fredericksburg, removing the inhabitants. The military authorities also were not idle, as daylight this morning revealed to view a long line of earthworks to the right and rear of the town. The artiflery is now being placed in the most favorable positions, while the encampments which are in range of the enemy's guns are being removed further back from the river. Owing to some misunderstanding, a train leaving Fredericksburg with women and children on board was fired into, but fortunately none of them were hurt. The citizens of Fredericksburg are fast leaving the place.

A STRANGE RUMOR. - A special dispatch to the Chicago Times, announces the following

A strange rumor has currency here, to wit: that Jeff. Davis and his Cabinet seriously contemplate the emancipation of all the slaves before the first of January, to anticipate President Lincoln's proclamation and secure recognition from foreign powers, which is promised when the extraordinary action is had It is further said that the slaves thus freed will im mediately be pressed into the military service as the consideration for their freedom. The report has considerable circulation in Ken-

It would be a bright idea on the part of Jeff. Davis and his followers to "abolish" the institution for the protection of which (professedly) they went into the war. Have they become convinced that the Union cannot exist permanently "half slave and half free;" and that as slavery has been the pretext for the rebellion, that its abolition will remove the cause of the war and enable the north and the south

The War Department has commenced the publication of the names of dismissed officers for, among other causes, being absent are one week later, are telegraphed. By this without leave, intoxication, disrespectful lan- arrival we receive the important intelligence gnage toward the President and commanding that the Emperor Napoleon has made a proofficers, cowardice, etc. The first printed list comprises 81 captains and lieutenants.

General A. E. Burnside.

on whose shoulders is thrust the heavy burden the humane views and benevolent intentions of the conduct of the army in this crisis, the great responsibility comes most undesired .-Cherishing a high respect for General McClellan's strategic, mathematical and engineering talent, and bound to him by the ties of a long personal affection, General Burnside shrinks from superseding a man who, while a friend, he also unferguedly regards as his superior in ability. Congratulated on his elevation by an acquaintance yesterday at the hotel, Burnside firmly replied, "That, sir, is the last thing newal of the offer of the Governments; thereon which I wish to be congratulated." When on Friday at midnight, the order assigning him to the command was brought from Washington he was deeply moved, and, going over immediately to General McClellan's headquarters, they sat up together in consultation during the whole night. Th's morning early I saw him walking up and down the balcony of the hotel which he makes his hea 'quarters, in resting upon him.

I have faith to believe, however, that this shrinking arises from no organic weakness, but is rather a proof of a high and noble nature.sense of duty, and an intense solicitude touching what is committed to his charge, constantly possesses him. He is, however, I think of a temper to whom great trusts will presently Beautiful and noble in person, the ideal soldier in make and mien, amiable, affectionate, yet capable of being terrible in anger, it is impossible to be brought in contact with him in any relation, without entertaining for him a feeling of personal respect and love. The men in his own corps adore him, and the senti ments will be found contagiou throughou tie As a soldier, he is the man who has never yet failed in any enterprise he has undertaken .est-in the temperament that follows up and the talent that turns success into victory .--Measured in the order of pure intellect, Burnside has no claims to first rank. His faculties soldier wants. He is a first rate second rate man. But, all in all, I register my conviction that there has, during the war, arisen no man so well fitted, in every respect, to fill the posi-

Those who commend Humphrey Marshall's talents so extravagantly, don't properly distinguish between talent and tallow .- Louisville

A general order was issued on Satur- Gen. Sumner before Fredericksburg. the City.

> Headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, { Friday, Nov. 21,-11 o'clock, P. M. General Patrick, Provost Marshal General of the army, this morning crossed the river to Fredericksburg, under a flag of truce, convey-

> ing to the civil authorities of that city the following letter demanding its surrender: GENERAL SUMNER TO THE AUTHORITES OF FRED-ERICKSBURG.

HEADQUARTERS Army of the Potomac, }

GENTLEMEN: Under cover of the houses of your city shots have been fired upon the troops of my command. Your mills and manufacto ries are furnishing provisions and the material for clothing for armed bodies in rebellion against the Government of the United States. Your railroads and other means of transpor tation are removing supplies to the depots of such troops.

This condition of things must terminate, and, by direction of General Burnside, I accordingly demand the surrender of the city into my hands, as the representative of the Government of the United States, on or before five o'clock this afternoon.

Failing in an affirmative reply to this demand by the hour indicated, sixteen hours will be permitted to elapse, for the removal from the city of the women and children, the sick and wounded, the aged, &c., which period having expired, I shall proceed to shell the

Upon obtaining possession of the city, every means will be taken to preserve order, and secure the operation of the laws and policy of the United States Government.

Your obediant servant,
E. N. SUMNER,
Brevet Major General, U. S. A.,
Commanding the Right Grand Division. THE REBELS REFUSE THE DEMAND.

On his arrival on the opposite side of the river, Gen. Patrick was conveyed to the guard house by the military, where he was detained until the reply was ready.

In the meantime, his communication was conveyed to Gen. Longstreet, whose troops

To the demand made upon the civil authorities, the Mayor of Fredericksburg sent a answer, which was evidently written at the dictation of Gen. Longstreet, to the effect that the complaints should be remedied as far as the firing on out pickets and furnishing supplies and material to the Confederate arms was concerned. Also, that the rebels would dispute the occupation of the city by the Government forces. The Mayor complained of the short space of time allowed for the removal of the women and children and sick

The proposition to afford more time for this ourpose is now under consideration.

Permission has been given to the citizens to run one train from the city, but only for the conveyance of women and children.

JACKSON RENTS A HOUSE AT WINCHESTER. The news received from Stonewall Jackson shows that he had rented a house in Winches ter for his family. His troops are in front of the city, with a regiment of cavalry at Mar-

The steamship Arabia passed Cape Race Monday morning, and her advices, which posal for mediation between the belligerents The army correspondent of the New York come a party. Earl Russell's official reply to the proposition, dated the 13th inst., is pub. W. G. Sterling, Treasurer. "It is no secret here that to the General lished in the London Cazette. It recognizes of the Emperor, but observes that the concurrence of Russia, expressly desirable, had not been obtained; and after weighing all the information obtained from America, the Government concludes there is no ground at the present time to hope that the United States Government would accept the proposal, a refusal of which would prevent any speedy refore it is better to watch carefully the progress of opinion in America, and to embrace the first good opportunity for offering mediation which may occur. The publication of this dispatch produced no effect commercially. The Paris Moniteur says the answers of England and Russia are an adjournment of the question of mediation, but it thinks their hesitation has nearly reached its limit, as the recent elections in the North testify to the pro gress of peace opinions.

Secretary Chase's report will contain an urgent recommendation to Congress to take measures for the substitution of Government for bank currency.

Dew Advertisements

PIANO FOR SALE FOR \$15 00 IN GOLD.—Apply at BENDER'S BINDERY, North and of Ward House, Towanda, Pa.

Snyder House-Waverly, N. Y. S A BRICK HOTEL, Four Stories high, (near the Depot.) has elegant parlors, large airrooms, well furnished, is owned and conducted by C WARFORD, with a desire to please first class patronage (Open for night trains.) Board \$3 per week; meals 25 cents; horses kept 50 to 75 cts per day. Stages South

Value a day.

Passenger trains East—Express, 12.52, 10.07 A. M.,
Way 2.22, Mail 5.32, P. M., going West—Express 4.02,
Way 9.29 A. M., Accommodation 1.22, Express 4.56,
C. WARFORD. C. WARFORD.

1862. NEW

WINTER GOODS

TRACY & MOORE'S.

BARGAINS FOR

CASH PURCHASERS SALT JUST RECEIVED.

Towanda, Nov. 26, 1862.

Dew Advertisemnts.

AT

PANIC PRICES.

MEN'S AND BOY'S READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Gents Furnishing Goods, &c.,

B. MARKS',

No. 3. Patton's Block, Towanda, Pa. CUTTING, CLEANING & REPAIRING DONE ON

SHORT NOTICE. Ga
SHORT NOTICE. Ga
If Coats and Pants you wish to buy,
Just call at Marks' store and try!
His Coats fit well and neat—
His Pants, in town, cannot be beat— His prices are exceeding low.

"Cash Sales, Small profits," his motto,
Remember, if you wish to trade,
Money saved is Money made, Money saved is Money made, By purchasing at Marks' store You save 20 per cent. or more! Test this fact and prove in time More truth than poetry in my rhyme. Nov. 26, 1862.

CLOTHING

CHEAP FOR CASH.

THE BEST PLACE IN TOWANDA

AT REASONABLE PRICES

E. SOLOMON'S CLOTHING STORE,

are encamped a short distance outside of the NO. 2, PATTON'S DISCULTANCE.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

> ECCTS & SHORS, HATS & CAPS.

And Leather of all kinds.

Having bought early in the season, at low prices, for ash, we will sell correspondingly cheap. Come one, come all and examine our goods, as we are ortain to give you a better article, for less money than at M. E. SOLOMON'S. Towarda, Oct. 13, 1862.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

WILL BE PAID FOR

Hides, Sheep Pelts & Wool,

AT THE CLOTHING STORE OF M. E. SOLOMON

Carriera Car Canada Ca

OFFICE OVER THE WYOMING BANK WILKES-BARRE, PENN'A.

CAPITAL AND SULPLUS.........\$115,000. Will Insure against Loss or Damage by Fire on proper-

Application for Insurance in the following Companies Etna Insurance Company, Hatford, Assets, \$2,265,175 Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals, 21 Fulton Insurance Company, New York, Cash

Capital. \$200.000
Royal Insurance Company, Capital ... \$10.090,000
Liverpool & Lendon insurance Company. Capital.... LIFE INSURANCE.

Connecticut Mutual Assets, \$4.509.00 H. CAMP, Agent. Camptown, Nov. 5, 1862.

A. WICKHAM & SON,

A RE NOW RECEIVING A LARGE Stock of New Goods, which we offer to cash pur-hasers at as low prices as can be found in Bradford

We would call attention to our highly increased stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS. in great veriety which can be made up by us to order, in the most approved style, as well as clothes purchased elsewhere. Also,

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS. Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Groceries, Crockery, Yankee Notions, Tinware, &c.

*** Most kinds of Farmers' Produce received in exchange for goods.

**Township Ont. 15, 1889.

A. WICKHAM & SON.

Towanda, Oct. 15, 1862. CAMPTOWN ACADEMY

REV. S. F. BROWN, Principal. THE WINTER TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION BOOKS USED.

Town's Speller, McNalley's Geography, Greenleaf's ommon School and National Arithmetics, Brown's rammar, Davies' Algebra, Geometry and Surveying, Parker's Philosophy, &c. TERMS. Common English Branches......\$4 00

J. D. HUMPHREY, HAVING purchased the Store and extenwo offer great inducements to those who are in want of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY. DRUGS & MEDICINES,

HATS, CAPS, CLOTHING, Boots, Shoes & Leather of all kinds. The highest price paid for BUTTER, EGGS, HIDES & WOOL.

Orwell, Nov. 5, 1862 .- n23-tf. DUBLIC VENDUE - Will be exposed to public sale, at this place, on TUESDAY, the 2d day of December, by G. DAVIS, of Syracuse, a number of NEW BUGGYS-ONE & TWO SEATS. Great inducements will be offered. Terms made nown on day of sale.

G. DAVIS.

Miscellancous.

IST OF JURORS DRAWN FOR DE CEMBER TERM, 1862.

GRAND JURORS.

Armenia—John B Morgan.
Burlington West — John
Blackwell, Ambrose M.
Swain.
Columbia—Howard Taylor.
Canton—David H Duart,
Herrick—I A Park,
LeRoy—Levi Sanford, Sulny
Morse.

S S Hinman,
Springfield—Perry Harks

Morse Boro—S S Hinman,
Troy twp—Jöseph Hunt,
Troy boro—W C Kendall,
Towanda North-David Rut—

Wyalusing—Harrison Lam
Springfield—Perry Hark
Alvin Berry,
Smithfield—F D Farnsaw TRAVERSE JURORS--FIRST WEEK Albany -J N Chapman,
Asylum--A C Young.
Canton--J L Bothwell, D P
Knapp, Anaca Kendall.
Franklin--Katthew Marshal
Columbia--Alyah M Cornell
Granville--A J Drake.
Goodonovi.
Goodonovi.
Goodonovi.
Goodonovi.
Goodonovi.

Herrick-Cyrus Fuller, Towanda tp Herrick—Cyrus Fuller, LeRoy—H H Holcomb, Litchfield—Stephen Evans, Monroe boro'—M M Cool-baugh, Monroe tp—Chas M Brown, Clester Weed, Robt W

Monroe tp—chas at Brown,
Orwell—Jas Cleveland,
Overton—G M Hottenstine,
Pike—O W Northrop,
Springfield—S Sherman, Jo
Wysox—L S Pierce,
Wilmot—John Wilson,
Wyslusing—Jerry Acker SECOND WEEK.

Athens boro—Elisha Satterlee, James Welch,
Asylum— Madison Decker,
Albany—Benjamin Wilcox
John Mathews,
Burlington—Usaac Soper,
Canton—O Frisbie, H Lock
wood,
Herrick—Geo W Elliott,
Herrick—Geo W Elliott,
Magnee—W J Mason,

Smith Bailey, E L Wisa,
Smithfield—Jas Fitcher, 4C
Scott, W King, G Wiler
A Califf.
Troy—Geo Porter, L O Herick, J Leonard, Thomatom Merritt, Henry Jeaning
Towanda boro—JA Reco

Vandyke,
Monroe-W J Mason,
Orwell--L Robinson,
South Creek-James Banham, J N Young.
Springfield-M E Seymour.

Oct. 15, 1862.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE -No A is hereby given, that all persons indebted estate of BRADFORD MORGAN, late of Armenia are requested to make immediate payment, are demands against said e-tate will present them thenticated for settlement. HENRY MORGAN.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—No is hereby given that all peasons indebted te of a SARAH MURRAY, late of Athens, ing claims against same.

thenticated for settlemen'.

WM. MOORE, Administrat

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNE ship heretofore existing bet WILLIAM NESBIT, is thi the said WILLIAM NESBIT, who will Herrick, Nov. 10, 1852.



DRUG STORE (Wholesale and Retail. No 4, Patton's of Main and Bridge Sts., Toward

DR. T. F. MADILL, Propri THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFUL prepared to supply every want of the pub

DRUGS AND MEDICINES. My2Stock, almost entirely new, has been select care, and embraces a foliassortment of all articles

FRESH SUPPLIES are received monthly, of Pure and Reliable Drug Medicines, which will be sold at prices that cana to suit our patrons. My stock consists of

PURE LIQUORS, Of every description, and the best quality for Me

PATERIT MEDICINA AND A LARGE SUPPLY OF HOMEOPATHIC & CONCENTRATED MEDICIN

Botanic & Eclectic Medicines, Tildon's holic and Fluid Extracts, Alkaloids and Resinoids. All the best Truss Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Breast Pumps, Nipple Shalls & Shieles, Nursing Bottles, Syringes, Cathters, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF RAZORS & ST Pocket Knives, Sargical Instruments of latesty best quality, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Window Gla ty, &c. A large supply of

BRUSHES For the Hat, Hair, and Shoes, Painting, Varnish White Washing, also for the Teeth and Na TOOTH POWDERS AND PASTES,

of every variety. A large assortment of FANCY ARTICLES Pure Essential Oils. Fine Perfumery and Toilet
Buffalo and Ivory Combs. Hair Dyes. Oil-at
Invigorators. Kerosene, Burning Flaid,
Lamps, Shades, Chimneys,
Wicks, &c.

Choice Tobacco, Cigars & S All the Dye Staffs, Fish Tackling, Ammunitie Bird Cages, of every style and variety, Caps, N Seeds.

Dr. MADHL, will be found at his office.

Drug Store at all times, when engaged in outpractice, when he will examine and prescribe for Towarda, June 24, 1862.

Thysicians supplied at reasonable rates. Prescarefully compounded. The public are cordially to examine and test our stock and learn our pric Towarda, June 24, 1862.

T. F. Mali

POULTRY & GAME CASH PAID FOR ANY QUANTITY OF

NICEFATPOULTR

Application for Pardon. NOTICE is hereby given that an appropriate the pardon of ORRISON FOREST and TYLE MAN, convicted in the Quarter Sessions of B County of Larceny, and now contined in the Penitentiary of Pennsylvania, of which all persure state will please take notice. Nov. 5, 1862. DAVID FOR

PLASTER FOR SALE. CAYUGA GROUND PLASTER ia Monroe. All kinds of Grain taken in payment.

J. S. SALSBURY 5 Oct. 22, 1862.