AUBURN, May 21, 1860. "Gentlemen: I will not affect to conceal the sensibility with which I have received the letters in which you and so many other respected friends have tendered to me expressions of renewed and enduring confidence .-These letters will remain with me as assurances in future years that, although I was not unwilling to await, even for another age, the vindication of my political principles, yet that they did nevertheless receive the generous support of many good, wise and patriotic men of

"Such assurances, however made, under the circumstances now existing, derive their priceless value largely from the fact that they steal upon me through the channels of private correspondence, and altogether unknown to the world. You will at once perceive that such expressions would become painful to me and justly offensive to the community, if they should be allowed to take on any public or conven-tional form of manifestation. For this reason, if it were respectful and consistent with your own public purposes, I would have delayed my reply to you until I could had an opportunity of making it verbally next week on my way to Washington, after completing the arrangements for the repairs upon my dwelling here, rendered necessary by a recent fire.

"The same reason determines me also to decline your kind invitation to attend the meeting in which you propose some demonstrations of respect to myself, while so justly considering the nominations which have been made by the recent National Convention at Chicago .-At the same time it is your right to have a frank and candid exposition of my own opinions and sentiments on that important subject.

" My friends know very well that, while they

have always generously made my promotion to public trusts their own exclusive care, mine has only been to execute them faithfully so as to be able at the close of their assigned terms to resign them into the hands of the people without forfeiture of the public confidence .-The presentation of my name to the Chicago Convention was thus their act, not mine. The disappointment, therefore, is their disappointment, not mine. It may have found them unprepared. On the other hand I have no sentiment either of disappointment or discontent; for who in any possible case could, without presumption, claim that a great national party ought to choose him for its candidate for the first office in the gift of the American People? I find in the resolutions of the Convention a platform as satisfactory to me as if it had been framed with my own hands, and in the candidates adopted by it eminent and able Republicans, with whom I have cordially cooperated in maintaining the principles embodied in that excellent creed. I cheerfully give them a sincere and earnest support.

"I trust, moreover, that those with whom I tave labored so long that comm noble cause has created between them and myself relations of personal friendship unsurpassed in the experience of political men, will indulge me in a confident belief that no sense of disappointment will be allowed by them to hinder or delay, or in any way embarrass, the progress of that cause to the consummation which is demanded by a patriotic regard to the safety and welfare of the country and the best interests of mankind.

I am, your friend and servant, WM. H. SEWARD. To Charles C. Nott, Wm. H. Bull, A. J. Williamson, C. S. Spencer, F. W. Shepherd—for Central Committee."

In a speech at a Republican ratification meeting at Harrisburg, on Friday evening, Senator Cameron, while declaring that he had hoped for the nomination of Mr. Sew-ARD, described Mr. LINCOLN as "a candidate less known in public life, perhaps, but who, on all occasions, when demands have been made upon his zeal and patriotism, has borne himself bravely and honorably. In regard to the great interests of Pennsylvania, the subject of protection to labor, his record is clear, emphatic, and beyond suspicion. He will require no indorsement to convince the people of Pennsylvania that their interests will be perfectly secure in his hands. Himself a laborer in early life, he has struggled with adversity until he has reached the proud position he now occupies, by the single aid of a strong purpose, seconded by an unyielding will; and it is not in the hearts of Pennsylvanians to doubt such a man. The laboring men of this State ever control the ballot-box when they arise in the majesty of their strength. Let them go to the election next Autumn, and, while they are securing their own interests, let them elevate to the highest place in their elective gift, ABBA-HAM LINCOLN, a workingman like themselves.'

The Baltimore Patriot has been informed by one of the delegates to the late Chicago Convention that the Committee who were appointed to convey to Mr. Lincoln the official notice of his nomination as their candidate for President, repaired to Springfield, Ill. in the fulfilment of this duty. He stated that Mr. L. resides in a comfortable mansion in the suburbs of the city, and as the Committee proceeded to his residence, they attracted much attention. His neighbors knowing that Mr. L. was a strictly temperance man, at once

Lincoln as he Is.

From the Chicago Press and Tribune, May 23. Ten thousand inquiries will be made as to

the looks, the habits, tastes, and other characteristics of Honest Old ABE. We anticipate

Mr. Lincoln stands six feet and four inches cular, but gaunt and wiry; and his arms are long, but not unreasonably so for a person of his height; his lower limbs are not disproportioned to his body. In walking, his gait, though firm, is never brisk. He steps slowly and deliberately, almost always with his head inclined forward and his hands clasped behind precise. Always clean, he is never fashionable is remarkably cordial, and, at the same time, never elaborate and oppressive. A waam mark, are not such as belong to a handsome man; but when his fine dark-gray eyes are lighted up by any emotion, and his features begin their play, he would be chosen from among a crowd as one who had him not only the kind sentiments which women love, but the heavier metal of which full grown men and Presidents are made. His hair is black, and though thin, is wiry. His head sets well on his shoulders, but beyond that it defies descrip-

tion. It nearer resembles that of CDAY than is very large, and, phrenologically, well proportioned, betokening power in all its developments. A slightly Roman nose, a wide-cut mouth, and a dark complexion, with the appearance of having been wheather-beaten.completes the description. In his personal habits, Mr. Lincoln is a and their baggage asross the Isthmus.

simple as a child. He loves a good dinner, and eats with the appetite which goes with a great brain; but his food is plain and nutritious .-He never drinks intoxicating liquors of any sort-not even a glass of wine. He is not ad dicted to tobacco in any of its shapes. He never was accused of a licentious action in all his life. He never uses profane language. A friend says that once, when in a towering rage heard to say. "They shan't do it, d-n'em !" but beyond an expression of this kind, his bitterest feelings never carry him. He never gambles; we doubt if he ever indulges in any games of chance. He is particularly cautious about incurring pecuniary obligations for any purpose whatever, and in debt he is never content until the score is discharged. We presume he owes no man a dollar. He never speculates. The rage from the sudden acquisition of wealth never took hold of him. His gains from his, profession have been moderate, but sufficient of gold, he has been in the pursuit of knowledge. In all his dealings he has the reputation of being generous, but exact, and above all, religiously honest.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN ever wronged any one out of a cent, or ever spent a dollar that he had not honestly carned. His struggles in early life have made him careful of money; but his generosity with his own its proverbial. He is a regular attendant upon religious worship, and though not a communicant, is a pew-holder and liberal supporter of the Presbyterian made an Assessment of 3 per cent. Church in Springfield, to which Mrs. LINCOLN belongs. He is a scrupulous teller of the truth -too exact in his notions to suit the atmosphere of Washington as it mow is. His ener expectation is for a good crop. It is coming into head mies may say that he tells Black Republican lies; but no man ever charged that, in a professional capacity, or as a citizen dealing with his neighbors, he would depart from the Scriptural command. At home he lives like a gentleman of moderate means and simple tastes A good-sized house of wood simply but tastefully furnished, surrounded by trees and flowers is his own, and there he lives, at peace with himself, the idol of his family, and for his killing tender vegetation. honesty, ability and patriotism, the admiration

of his countrymen. If Mr. Lincoln is elected President he will carry but little that is ornamental to the White House. The country must accept his sincerity his ability, and his honesty, in the mould in which they are cast. He will not be able to make as polite a bow as FRANK PIERCE, but he will not commence anew the agitation of swings the National gallows for the district. the Slavery question by recommending to Congress any Kansas-Nebraska bills. He may not preside at the Presidential dinners with the ase and grace which distinguish the "venerable public functionary," Mr. Buchanan, but he will not create the necessity for a Covode CORNEHUS WENDELL. He will take to the Presidential Chair just the qualities which the country now demands to save it from impending destruction-ability that no man can question, firmness that nothing can overbear, honesty that never has been impeached, and patriotism | He will decline it in an elaborate letter, by which the Un that never despairs.

THE TARIFF IN THE SENATE .- The Philadelphia Press entertains some hopes that the Tariff bill may yet pass the Senate. We regard it

as extremely doubtful. It says: "There are sixty-five Senators, exclusive of it is said, to Canada on a fishing excursion. the Oregon vacancies. Of these, there are twenty-five Republicans, who following the example of their friends in the House, will un doubtedly vote for the measure. I think to this may be added Messrs. Kennedy and Crittenden, Southern Americans; Senator Pearce of Maryland; Messrs. Bayard and Saulsbury, Democrats from Deleware; and of course, Senators Bigler and Thompson. Another vote would carry the bill. It will be seen from this that if immediate and energetic steps are taken

may be crowned with complete success." It will be observed that the entire vote of the Republican Senators is counted on the side of the bill. The only opposition it encounters comes from the democrats. And yet we burial service over the body of McDonald, the suicide, have politicians in this State who, with ap- the rubric of the church forbidding it. parent earnestness, contend that the democrats are as sound on the Tariff as their opponents.

A fearful tornado passed over the southern part of Ohio on the afternoon of dispatched their servants with waiters covered Monday, the 21st inst. It appears to have Exhibition. with bottles of wine, brandy, whisky, &c., to commenced its course near and north of Lawenable him to offer what they conceived was renceburg, which is about twenty miles west proper to these distinguished guests. Mr. of Cincinnati, and to have travelled eastward LINCOLN met these servants who had the as far Chilicothe. The accounts received of preserved to Douglas for the Presidency. Mr. Benjamin charge of these refreshments, and requested its ravages are from Cincinnati, where houses them to say to his friends and neighbors that were unroofed, and many weak or exposed he daily appreciated their kindness, but he structures levelled. All the telegraph polls apples all over the country. The trees are heavily loadcould not consent to violate a long established were blown down. Later accounts say that ed with blossoms, with hardly an exception. Look out rule of conduct, and that he should treat his the tornado swept along the Ohio River from for lots of fruit and cheap cider this fall. guests with plentiful dranghts of delicious and Louisville, Ky., to Marietta, Obio. Over one -Tom Sayers, in a letter to the London hundred lives were lost.

Dews from all Pations.

-The Boston Journal, of 21st instant, states that in view of the alarming extension of the cat tle disease, and the need of increased appropriations Governor Banks has decided that it is expedient to con voke an extra session of the Legislature.

-The Syracuse Journal says that Gerrit mith was in that city on Tuesday, and appeared in ex

cellent health and spirits. The Richmond Enquirer of the 21st inst. says that three hundred negroes were baptized in the

ppomatox, at Petersburg, cn Sunday last. -G. W. Kendall, of the New Orleans Picayune, who has for some years past been "ranching' it in Texas, writes that he is now the owner of 1,200 lambs, and expects, in three weeks, to own 2,800.

-Ald. Russell, of New York, has sued ex-Ald. "Billy" Wilson for pulling his nose in the City Hall the other day. The ex-dignitary has been arrested and held to bail by Judge Brady of the Common Pleas in

-"Occasional" says that "notwithstandng all the rumors to the contrary, Geo. Sanders continues to hold his place as navy agent at New York, and to advocate Douglas in defiance of the Presidential man-

-There was a great many "representatives of the press" in the crowd at Chicago. For the principal reportorial benches, set apart for the leading report ers, there were 900 applications, when only 60 could be commodated; while for the editorial reserve in the body of the hall, capable of holding 800, there were 1500

-The President has tendered to Mr. John that of WEBSTER; but it is unlike either. It Van Buren the appointment of Commissioner under the the Paraguayan treaty, to settle claims against that Gov nment. He has not yet signified his acceptance. Mr Dix had been decided upon for this place prior to his appointment as Post-Master of New York,

> -The Panama Railroad Company charged the United States \$3,100 for transporting the Japanese

-J. G. Holland (Timothy Titcomb) has urchased a lot, two hundred feet wide, adjoining his res. idence in Springfield. The inference is that his books and lectures" paid."

-About sixty gipsies are encamped near Columbus, Ohio. A clergyman visited them on Sunday, but they paid no sort of attention to his efforts.

-There is now in Richmond, Va., a lad be in consequence of the efforts of certain parties tween six and seven years old, who is said to play chess to perpetrate a fraud upon the State, he was with extraordinary skill. It is thought he will soon become a rival to the celebrated Paul Morphy for the champ-

-It is stated that Gen. La Vega, recently taken prisoner at St. Luis Potosi by the Liberalists, ha been shot. It will be remembered that he was captured by Capt. May at Resaca de la Palma, and subsequently at Cerro Gordo. All the prisoners taken with Gen. La Vega at St. Luis were shot.

-One of our Troy exchanges thinks that city has a right to brag some on the score of "muscle." After noticing the fact of Heenan being a Trojan, and the great horse-shoe feat which recently came off there, for his purposes. While others have dreamed it says that the Rev. Mr. Jameson, a Baptist preacher of that city, baptised at South Berwick, Me. 56 persons by imersion in the short space of 36 minutes!

-Col. Isaac Smith McMicken, United States Consul at Acapulco, Mexico, and formerly of Ly He would be a bold man who would say that coming county, died of yellow fever, on the 23d of April. -The boom at Williamsport was only part-

ly broken, not carried away, and the loss is less than was at first anticipated. Joseph Young succeeds M. T. Heintzleman

as Editor of the Middleburg Tribune. -The Lycoming Insurance Company has

-On Saturday last, 1000 bushels of New Wheat, from Georgia, were for sale in New York, for which \$1,75 was asked, and \$1,70 offered. The general

n the West Branch, and promises well. -The furnace of David R. Porter, in Dauohin county, was sold a few days since, to the Harrisburg

-There was a snow storm, on a small scale at Montreal on the night of Saturday, the 19th.

-May 17, at Hartford, Conn., the thervas as low as 40°, and at Suffield it fel

-There was a heavy white frost along the line of the New York Central Railroad on Monday morn

-Hicks, charged with the murder of the found guilty. The jury were absent but eleven minute. No exceptions were taken on the trial, and the unfortu nate man will doubtless be hung on Gibb's Island, where

-Vera Cruz dates to the 16th say that Zuloaga has issued a decree deposing Miramon, and assum ing the Presidency of Mexico.

-Hon. William A. Howard, of Mich., has at last been awarded his seat in Congress, the House hav Committee and the disgraceful revelations of ing finally decided adversely to the claim of Mr. Cooper. Republicans throughout the Union will be gratified to learn of the return of this faithful Representative to his post of duty.

> -It is said that Mr. Everett will decline the nomination to the second place on the Bell ticket .on is to be saved once more.

> -An enterprising music publisher in Louisrille is out with a John Bell polka. It is very pretty the

> papers say; yet we predict very few people will dance it. -Among the passengers by the Europa is the Prince de Joinville, traveling incog. He is going,

> -The captain of the slaver Wildfire, a aniard, just brought into Key West, offered one of the officers \$200,000 if he would let him escape.

-A dead dog was recently found in a well, at Tully, Onondaga Co. Some twenty families used the water, and the dog was known to have been poisoned.

-The average price of wheat in England. for the last twenty years, has only been about \$1,40 per bushel, and at Dantzic about 70 cents. -A big clam was dug the other day in

the efforts of the friends of our great industries | Provincetown, which measured fourteen inches around its center, latitudinally, and nineteen inches, longitudi nally, and weighed about four pounds.

-Rev. Mr. Wiley, of Christ Church, New

-Wise, the eronaut, is making arrangements for a grand balloon ascension at Kingston, on the Queen's birth-day, which takes place next Thursday. Mr. Wise proposes to spend the summer in Canada, and to make ascents from Montreal at the opening of the Victoria Bridge, and from Hamilton at the Provincial -Mr. Benjamin, in his speech in the Sen-

ate Thursday, said that he thought Lincoln was to be anticipates the sentiment of the nation. -There is a grand prospect for plenty of

Times, oleims the belt.

Bradford Reporter.

E. O. GOODRICH, EDITOR.

TOWANDA: Thursday Morning, May 31, 1860.

FERMS—One Dollar per annum, invariably in advance.— Four weeks previous to the expiration of a subscription, notice will be given by a printed wrapper, and if not re-newed, the paper will in all cases be stopped.

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ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois. HANNIBAL HAMLIN, of Maine. AND'W G. CURTIN, of Centre Co.

The office of the REPORTER has een removed to the wooden building two doors west of the former location.

The Bradford Herald is a newspaper with which we have steadfastly declined having any controversy, political or personal. Its conductors, past and present, have manifested considerable feeling upon the subject, and have made the Reporter and its editor the target for many a poisoned shaft. We take this occasion. to say, as a salve to the feelings of those who have been seeking our notice, that we intended no slight or disrespect, but while the editorialship of the Herald is held by so uncertain a tenure, we cannot afford to engage in controversy with that paper, because the sentiments of the editor of this week's issue may be repudiated by the editor of next week's number. We shall, consequently, allow its misrepresentations to pass unrebuked, and its personal attacks unheeded, as heretofore, and shall be ready when its present conductors experience how unreliable are the promises of politicians, and retire disgusted from its publication, as half a dozen others have done, to allow the mantle of charity to cover the past, and extend our sympathy for their disappointed ex-

But one request we have particularly to make of the editors of the Herald : not to worry about what befals the editor of the Reporter in the Republican party. "His non.ination for the second office in the county,"-to use the Herald's words-is a matter which concerns the Republican party alone. If that party deems him entitled to the nomination. it will unquestionably bestow it. Certainly we do not expect or desire the aid or sympathy of the coterie for whom the Herald speaks. We shall look to the Republican party, and that alone, for "aid and encouragement," and the Herald may save its crocodile tears for some more appreciative subject.

The Montrose Democrat indulges in its characteristic blackguardism towards Judge Wilmor for attending the Chicago Conven vention. Judge Woodward was chosen as a delegate to Charleston, and did not go, which the Democrat seizes hold of as an excuse to abuse Judge Wilmor. We should like to aptain and crew of the sloop E. A. Johnson, has been know why Judge Woodward was chosen a delegate to Charleston? He was selected, we believe by the delegates of his Congressional district. They evidently supposed he at that time desired to attend, and could not have seen any impropriety in it.

One of the most conspicuous personages at the Charleston Convention was Judge SMAL-LEY of the U. S. District Court. Are our conscientious Democrats who are so sensitive about Judges interfering in politics aware that MARTIN ROGERS and CHARLES CHAFFEE, Vice Presidents Executive Committee is a Judge, and more than that a Judge appointed by the President? Are they not afraid that the Judicial The great fundamental doctrines laid down by our fath ermine will be stained? We call upon them ers, and upon which they based our present form of gov at once to rebuke such a prostitution of Judi- of time. Among them we find the following :cial position and such a high-handed outrage "Life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, are inupon the rights of the people! Here is a alienable rights which pertain to every man that comet Judge, before whom comes matters of a thou into the world,-that to protect, not destroy, these rights sand times more magnitude than the petty governments are instituted among men."

That Slavery is a violation of those rights—can exist matters of our County Courts; who is total- only by authority of municipal law-and even then as ly irresponsible, his appointment being for an opposing element in our government.

That Slaves are property only to a qualified and limited present corrupt National Administration! made for that purpose by some competent law-making

quit denouncing Judge Wilmor until the tions of any State upon that subject.

GREAT MEETING IN PHILADELPHIA. - An im-Saturday evening last, to ratify the nomina- at war with the best interests of the free labor of the tions of "Honest Old Abe" and HAMLIN .- country. The demonstration is said to have been the local and sectional—antagonistic to the principles of a largest known in Philadelphia for years, and free government, and exists only as an "exception to the shows that the opposition there are thoroughly united on the Chicago nominee. The meeting was addressed by Senators TRUMBULL and WILKINSON and by Hon. G. A. GROW, O. S. TERRY, JOHN SHERMAN, W. B. DUNN, CHAS. R. TRAIN, and others.

NEW POSTMASTER AT N. Y .- Hon. John A. Dix has been appointed Postmaster at New York City, in room of Mr. Fowler, the de-

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Shipments of Coal from Towarda by the Barclay R. R. & Coal Company. Navigation opened

Monday 7th, 1860. Shipments for the week ending May 26,.... 1344 tons. Previous Shipments,.....2463 "

A Scholarship in the Binghamton Comnercial College, for sale at this office.

We call the special attention of School Directors and Teachers, to he legal decision pertaining to school matters to be found in another column. It is a matter of consequence to those who are concerned in the administration of the School Law, that they are familiar with its details and the opinions of the courts upon disputed points. Directors, as it would appear from the opinion to-day published, should be careful that their eachers have certificates before they commence their schools. A promise to get one is not what the law demands. We hope all concerned will read the opinion of

Mr. S. W. ALVORD, has purchased one half f the Argus establishment, and with this weeks' issue becomes one of its publishers. Mr. A. has been for some time connected with the Argus as local editor, and is onsequently well known to the readers of that paper .-We welcome him most cordially to the new position which he now assumes, which we have no doubt from his integrity and industry he will fill with credit to himself and satisfaction and profit to his patrons.

COURT PROCEEDINGS-SECOND WEEK .-On Monday the 14th inst., Court was again called at 2 o'clock, P. M. Judges WHITE, President, and Long and Passmore, Associates, present. The docket was read over and various judgments taken under the rules of

The only cases tried during the week, were the follow

Charles Sill, to the use of Mary Sill, vs. D. C. Hall and S. Russell.—Action in trespass, for selling at Sheriff Sale personal property claimed by the plaintiff, on an execution against Charles Sill. Verdict for defendants. John Ingham vs. Zebulon Esselstine and Henry Esselstine.-Scire Facias to revive judgment. Verdict for plaintiff, against H. Esselstine for \$114 28, and against Zebulon Esselstine for \$66 90.

All other causes upon the list were continued in conse quence of the absence of witnesses. The jury were disharged on Wednesday, and court adjourned over to Thursday, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for a hearing of matter upon the argument list.

During the week the following divorces were granted: Daniel Bennett from Eunice Bennett. Harrief Colwell from John Colwell.

Nelson Brown from Belinda Brown.

Harriet Brink from Nicholas Brink.

Ruth S. Kingsley from Isaiah A. Kingsley Emily Harder from C. F. Harder. In the matter of the application of certain citizens of ranville to be incorporated under the style and title of the Granville Freewill Baptist Church. The court make

the usual order for publication. G. H. Morley vs. The N. B. canal Co.-Application for nages on appeal from the appraisement made. The Court appoint Z. Frisbie, J. B. G. Babcock, Daniel Bailey, Alex. Bothwell, A. G. Brown, I. Bullock and V. M. fracture of his right leg. The injury was attended to by ng, as appraisers. To meet on the premises of G. H. Morley, on the 2d of July, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

The court also appoint the same appraisers in the case Thomas Page vs. North Branch canal Co. To meet at

On Monday of the first week, the following license.

John Kendall,......Towanda borough. John Laughlin,..... Ezra Helcomb, Canton
M. M. Coolbaugh, Monroe berough.
Archibald Forbes, Ulster. G. M. Elsbree,.... P. P. Sweet, "
John Scouton, Smithfield. S. E. Wilcox, Troy.

John Wendell, Wilmot.

H. A. Phelps, Athens borough. J. S. Sloan, "Troy borough.
C. A. Williams & Co., Troy borough. Daniel Knapp,......Canton N. F. Tuttle,......Smithfield. S. C. Myer,.....Canton. Isaac Howell,......Standing Stone. Daniel Knapp,......Canton

Gurnsey & Mitchell,.....Troy borough. Court adjourned finally, on Thursday afternoon.

MR. E. O. GOODRICH-Dear Sir-A Re publican Association was organized in Sheshequin, on the 3d inst., by electing JOHN RANDAL President, the Chairman of the Democratic National Horace Johnson and WM. P. Horton, Secretaries, O. H. P. Kinney Corresponding Secretary, and E. P. Shaw

The following declaration of principles was adopted ernment, are rendered none the less truths by the lapse

life, and from the President—and yet he is extent, and beyond the local law which makes them such, mixing in politics and attending a National they cannot be held; and hence. Slavery cannot exist in Convention to carry out the programme of the the Territories except by positive statutory provision

We call upon our extra virtuous politicians power.

That neither the General nor any of the State Govern in this locality to see to this-or at least to ments has a right to interfere with the municipal regula-

In addition to these fundamental truths, laid down and Chairmanship of their National Executive clearly established by the founders of the Government, Committee shall no longer be occupied by a we believe that the "Dred Scott Decision," which makes slaves unqualified personal property under the Constitution of the United States, and as such can go into the Territories, despite of Congressional or Territorial legislation, is in violation of all well established precedentsmense meeting was held in Philadelphia, on contrary to the spirit and genius of our government, and

> In short, upon this subject we believe that Slavery is rule;" while Freedom is national and eternal, and forms the vital and essential element in our Federal and Stare

We believe that the free labor of the country should be protected from the blighting competition of Slave labor in the Territories, and from its fellow-the cheap pauper labor of Europe-from the former by giving our public domain to the actual occupiers of the soil in small quantities; and from the latter by levying duties upon its cheap products when brought into our public markets.

And for the purpose of aiding in carrying out the fore going doctrines, and putting them into practical operation in our government, we hereby form ourselves into an Association, to be known as the "Republican Association

of Sheshequin," and to that end we further assure each other and the country, that we will use all fair and honorable political means henceforth, until the same shall be accomplished. O. H. P. KINNEY, Sheshequin, May 24, 1860. Cor. Secretary.

THE REPUBLICAN CLUB OF NORTH TOWANDA, met at the Pail Factory school house, on the evening of the 26th inst., in pursuance of adjournment. The Republican Platform adopted at Chicago, was read, and received with great applause, and three hearty cheers given for LIDCOLN and HAMLIN.

The following resolution was offered by W. W. EASTA-ROOKS and adopted :-

Resolved, That we heartily endorse the action and nominations of the Chicago Convention, believing that a wise and judicious choice has been made, and men nominated with pure Republican principles, who will at all times act upon the best policy for the nation. We believe that with Lincoln and Hamlin the Republicans can beat any Democratic candidate that can be scared up; and that we enter upon the contest with the utmost confidence of success. and determined to do our utmost to deserve and securic that success. of success, and determine and secure that success.

The following persons were elected an Executive Committee :-- Daniel Kenedy, Ezra Rutty, Michael Lynch WM. H. FOSTER, W. H. ALLOWAY, BENJ. PECK, W. A.

Adjourned to meet at the Myers' School House, on the vening of the 23d of June.

SINGULAR CASE .- A singular case was deided at the last term of Luzerne Court. The executors of the estate of Elisha Harris, deceased, at their public vendue, amongst other chattels, exposed to sale a very singular block of wood, called by some a hand-drill, a cheese-press, a turning lathe, &., but the true character and object of which was unknown. David M. Hutmacher bid it off for fifteen cents, and laid it out against the fence until night, when he carried it home. Subsequently he determined to gratify his curiosity, and acordingly split the block open, when lo! he discovered a queer secret drawer opened by the pressure of a long rod. and containing bonds, notes, and other matters, besides about \$2,500 in gold and silver coin. It had long been onjectured that money and other valuables were secreted somewhere about the premises. An amicable suit was brought for the recovery of the contents of the block, to test the question of rightful ownership. Verdict for the executors, \$4,500.

Godey's Lady's Book for June is upon our table, with its usual rich table of contents and superb embellishments. "Miss Slimmins' Boarding House," ontinues open for "Single Gentlemen," and the story has rare attractions, if the Brarding House had not.

A subscriber at Windham writes us send his paper to Nichols, but omits a very important equisite, to sign his name to the request, which done, it will cheerfully be complied with.

The citizens of Montrose, and Waver-

y, N. Y., are making arrangements for Fourth of July lebrations. At the latter place, particularly, the us al public spirit is manifested, and the prospects are flattering for a brilliant demonstration. ACCIDENT .- Mr. ELI BROWNING, in the employ of James Mackinson, while engaged in piling lum-

ber, on Monday last, met with a ssvere accident, in the

Dr. PRATT, and he is doing as well as could be expected. DROWNED .- A young daughter of M. MER-ACLE, of Monroe township, aged six years and eight months, was drowned in Towanda creek, near Greenwood, on the 19th inst., while playing near the water with a younger brother. The body was found on Satur-

day last, near the spot where she was drowned.

Foreign News .- The weeks foreign news is of a very interesting nature. Garibaldi's expedition in behalf of the insurrectionary movement in Sicily, had effected a landing at Marsala. One of the vessels conveying Garibaldi's troops was sunk and the other captured by two Neapolitan frigates, but his volunteers succeeded in reaching shore with their arms. ammunition, &c. They were met by the Royal troops, and though we have no details of the engagement, it is evident they were successful as later dispatches state that Garibaldi had captured two of the strongest positions on the island, and was preparing to attack Palermo. The utmost consternation prevailed at Naples, and the Royal family were packing up their jewelry and other valuables preparatory to light. The King has called for the interposi-

tion of foreign governments in his behalf. Heenan and Sayers have had a meeting at the office of Bell's Life, and it was finally agreed that each is to have a new belt by subscription. The old belt is to be fought for by any aspirant, and Sayers has agreed to retire from the ring.

A proclamation has been issued by the British Government against enlistment in Ireland for the Pope.

The subscriptions for the Sicilians are not to be interfered with, as they are not regarded as Pullinger, the defaulting Cashier of the

Union Bank, had been sentenced to twenty

years' penal servitude. A telegraph to America, via Faro Island and Iceland, is proposed, and Lord Palmerston has requested that the full details of the plan

be furnished to Government. The Czar's brother, Grand Duke Nicholas,

had arrived at Paris to visit Napoleon. The Paris correspondents of The London Times and Herald state that France and England are in important correspondence. The former states that it is proposed that both Governments take a position against intervention, whether from Austria, Piedmont, or the Papal States, and let the Sicilians fight it out.

The report that France had offered a pecuniaay indemity to Switzerland was unfounded The French Minister at Naples had asked for four ships of war, and the vessels had been

There was vague rumors of a new French loan for military purposes.

The attitude of Russia toward Turkey was regarded as decidedly menacing.

Theodore Parker died at Florence on the It was reported that Gen. Lamoriciere had

made a forward movement with the Papal

troops, that 5,000 Piedmontes troops had embarked from Genoa to check bim. It is positively asserted that the French army at Rome had received orders to evacuate

that city. The Sardinian Government has ordered the

garrisons of Central Italy to march rapidly forward toward the Pontifical frontier.