Quindaro, Kansas, Nov. 9, 1857 .- The Constitutional Convention having framed a pro-slavery constitution and closed its labors, the free State men, who have heretofore looked upon the whole thing as a farce, seem sud denly to have awakened to a sense of their danger. A meeting was held in Lawrence on Saturday night to determine what course the free State men should take. Two propositions were before the meeting ; one to call on Gov-Walker to convene the Legislature organization at once, and one to provide for an immediate organization of the militia of the Terri-

As there seems but little hope of excluding slavery except by force, the latter proposition

was strongly nrged. Even if Governor Walker consents to call the Legislature together, they have no power over the Constitution, or over the provisions of the Convention that framed it. They cannot alter or repeal the provision which denies its submission to the people. It is said Governor Walker has expressed his unwillingness to call together the Legislature if requested to do so, and it is suspected that his unwillingness proceeds in no small degree from his knowledge that this body can do nothing in the premises when convened. This thing is done, and there is no help in Territorial Leg-

The Legislature if convened, will provide for a popular vote on the Constitution, depending entirely upon on its moral effect .-Though it can have no legal force, yet most free State men here seem to think that if a tremendous popular vote is polled against the Constitution, and it is fully and legally shown that nine-tenths of the inhabitants of the Territory are opposed to it, that may deter some Northern Democrats in Congress from voting

As the large emigration of last Spring was thrown out at the last election by the sixmonths residence clause, the free State majority is much larger than that would show, and it is confidently believed that if the Legislature will permit all who have resided thirty days in the Territory to vote, the majority against the Constitution will be fully ten to

The conviction among the free State men here is, that, as every part of the programme in the action to make Kansas a slave State has been so faithfully performed over all the opposition, there can be no doubt the last act will be carried through, and that a Democratic Congress will admit Kansas with this slave Constitution, even if ninety-one hundreths of the people of the Territory were known to be opposed to it.

No definite action was taken, but a commttee was appointed, and it is expected that another meeting will be held in a few days.

THE RESULT OF THE CONVENTION. [From the Chicago Times, (Senator Douglas' Organ) Nov. 17.]

We think it amounts to very little what has been the action of the Convention. One thing is certain, the constitution has not been submitted to the people, and that constitution is not worth the paper it disfigures. It has no vitality now, yet it has as much as it will ever Any State officers elected under ithave as much authority as the Topeka State officers. Governor Walker is Governor of the Territory, and we trust as he put down the Topekaites, so will be put down all others who may attempt to usurp the province of Governing Kansas without authority of law. We suppose, however, that in a few days we will have a true statement of what has been done in Kansas, and then we will have something to say. It may as well, however be stated now as at any other time, that the people of Kansas have given a pledge that they should be free to regulate their own affairs for themselves and that pledge must be made good.

every one of our citizens who contemplate building next Spring is interested in the price of lumber, and as the supplies comes almost entirely from the Susquehanna, it may not be out of place to state the prospects of the lumber trade at that time. The Editor of the Clearfield Journal, who has been making careful inquiries says: That the existing financial trouble must necessarily have a depressing effect, as the eastern dealers will find it difficult to raise funds, without paying ruinous rates of discount, to pay the balances now due, let alone making further purchases. Another thing worthy of attention is, that a considerable portion of last year's stock remains unused in the hands of the consumers. With these facts before them, our heavy dealers, who have heretofore been in the habit of advancing money to pay the expenses of making timber, &c., will be tardy about doing so now. Indeed, one of the heaviest dealers in the county told us that he designed making no advance-

If a large business is done next Spring, it cannot reasonably be expected that more cash will be realized from sales than will pay the expenses of running, if even that, and those who have bestowed their Winter's labor on it, and undergone the hardships incident to rafting, will find themselves in a worse situation than if only a light business were done. We think it is clearly the policy of every man to contract his operations this season, or a least hold back until such a time as a brighter prospect presents itself .- Harrisburgh Telegraph.

THE FORTHCOMING MESSAGE. - The special Washington correspondent of Col. Forney's Press says, it is rumored that Mr. Buchanan, in his first annual message to Congress, will take bold ground on the currency question; that he will re-affirm the principles laid down so clearly in his celebrated speech on the Independent Treasury Bill. He believes that it was the intention of the framers of the Constitution to establish a hard-money currency, and that the action of Congress since has been a steady departure from that intention. It will be his object, then, to retrace the false steps taken, and to bring the government back to the true ground.

The issue will be made in the next Congress, whether State banks have the constitutional power to issue circulating "promises to pay." There will be a large party to take the negative of the argument, who will not, it is said, yield until a decision has been given on the question by the Supreme Court of the United States. A general bankrupt law for the banks invites proposals, we observe the item, " two will be presented for action. This will provide hundred scalping knives !" Our hand went up a fixed legal course for putting into liquidation involuntarily to "the place where the hair insolvent banks all over the Union.

Topic villa secondo della

## The Mormon War.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Nov. 17. The War Department to-day received some highly interesting official despatches, including a proclamation of Brigham Young's, declaring martial law in Utah. He claims the right to do so by virtue of his authority as Governor of the Territory and Superintendent of Indian affairs, not having been suspended from exercising his functions, and by virtue of his power under the Territorial Organic act.

He expressly forbids the United States troops entering the Territory without his authority for doing so, and complains that the Mormons have not been treated as American citizens, and that the Government of the United States has acted on misrepresentations, the object being to drive the Mormons from the Territory.

The language of the proclamation is emphat cally in hostility to the authority of the United States, and is regarded here as a declara-

tion of war. When Col. Alexander was within 30 miles of Fort Bridger, which place is occupied by Mormon troops, he received a letter from Brigham Young, through the commander of the " Nauvoo Legion," warning the troops out of the Territory, but saying if they desired to remain till Spring they might do so, provided they give up their arms and ammunition, but they must leave ; in the meantime he will see that they are furnished with provisions.

The letter was accompanied by two copies of the proclamation and a copy of the laws of The commander tells Col. Alexander Utah. that he is at the fort to carry out Young's in structions, and expresses the hope that Col. Alexander's answer and actions, will be dictated by a proper respect for the rights and liberties of American citizens.

Col. Alexander in his reply, dated Oct. 2, says he has given Young's communication his attentive consideration, and will submit the letter to the General commanding, as soon as Ham's Fork.) In the meantime he add:

'I have to say that these troops are here by order of the President of the United States and their further movements will depend entirely upon the orders issued by a competent anthority

Among the documents is a letter from Col. Johnston, dated from the camp on the Three Wings of the Sweet Water, addressed to Adjutant-General McDowell, New York, in which he confirms the burning of the contractor's trains by the Mormons. He says the Governor's escort is four day's march behind him, with two companies of dragoons. He knows of no reason why Col. Alexander should attempt to reach Salt Lake by Bear River, excepting from the fear that the Mormons have burnt the grass on the shorter route. He

" If I could communicate with Col. Alexander, I would direct him to take up a good position for the Winter, at Ham's Fork. The road is beset between this and Ham's Fork with companies of Mormons, so it is doubtful if I shall be able to communicate with Col.

It is supposed at the War Department that the troops are all in good condition, as nothing to the contrary is said in the despatches.

The Indian Bureau has received advice stating that the Indians of Oregon and Washington Territories are in a comfortable condition, but that considerable confusion has aris and they are to be elected forthwith-will en in consequence of the contract for supplies, owing principally to the credit system.

The alleged destruction of the provision train, which we mention on Friday last-the burning of 78 government wagons by a band of 700 Mormons, on the plains, about 250 miles east of Salt Lake city-cannot possibly They contained nothing but provisions-neiher arms, munitions, nor accoutrements ; and sufficient provisions for 2500 men have been sent forward, whereas but 1200 troops have been sent thither. It will be remembered that it was originally designed to send twice as ma-THE SUSQUEHANNA LUMBER BUSINESS .- As destination of half of them to be changed .-Washington Star, 16th.

> SINGULAR.—We heard of a singular circumstance the other day which occurred a tew miles up the Lebigh. A little girl about four years old, awoke in the middle of the night and told her father that there was a negro in the cellar. He endeavored to quiet her by telling her that she had been dreaming-but she resolutely insisted that she saw the man go in and was positive he was there. In order to quiet the child, therefore, he arose from his bed, looked out of the window (which commanded a view of the cellar door,) and to his surprise saw it open. He then went down stairs just in time to see a man coming out with a pot of milk in his hand. The thief, on being thus caught, dropped the milk, jumped over the fence and made tracks. He stopped, however, and begged off, on threats of being shot. This occurrence took place on Thursday night last. By what means was this knowledge communicated to the child? Was it through that prescience of evil which it is said sometimes warns us of danger in our sleeping hours ?- Allentown Democrat.

The Hog Cholera is is said to have made its appearance in the upper end of Huntingdon county. We have heard nothing of it in Blair, but annually about this time our Porkers begin to die of jugular hemorrhage, and we have not a doubt it will be this year as usual-else how shall we have hams and

Donnelly, who murdered Moses at the Sea View House last Summer must be hung on the 8th day of January next. A new trial has been refused.

The past week was remarkable, even in the city of New York, for brutal and murderous outrages. Three persons have been murdered, and four mortally wounded.

By the bursting of the boiler of the steamboat Cataract, at Lisbon, in the Mississippi river, on the 17th inst., five persons were killed and fifteen scalded.

A protracted Meeting of the M. E. Church, at Lewistown, has been kept up for some eight or nine weeks past, and about a hundred have professed conversion.

UGH !- In looking over the schedule of aricles to be presented to the different Indian tribes, for which the Secretary of the Interior

m altraga e molaleb spera e e coltanti

ought to be."

## Bradford Reporter.

E. O. GOODRICH, EDITOR.

## TOWANDA:

Thursday Morning, November 26, 1857.

Thus.—One Dollar per annum, invariably in advance.
Four weeks previous to the expiration of a subscription notice will be given by a printed wrapper, and if not renewed, the paper will in all cases be stopped. CLUBBING - The Reporter will be sent to Clubs at the following extremely low rates:
6 copies for....\$5 00 | 15 copies for....\$12 00
10 copies for....\$ 00 | 20 copies for....\$15 00

ADVERTISEMENTS—For a square of ten lines or less, One Dollar for three or less insertions, and treenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.

On-Work—Executed with accuracy and despatch, and a reasonable prices—with every facility for doing Books, Blanks, Hand-bills, Bali tickets, &c. Money may be sent by mail, at our risk-enclosed in an envelope, and properly directed, we will be responsible for its safe delivery.

FOREIGN NEWS .- The U. S. mail steamship Atlantic arrived at New York on Sunday, bringing intelligence four days later from Europe, and two weeks later from India. We learn from a telegram, received in London on the day of the Atlantic's departure, that at the capture of Delhi, which is fully confirmed, the British lost, in killed and wounded, half their attacking force. The old King of Delhi had been spared, but his two sons were shot. Lucknow was relieved by General HAVELOCK on the 25th of September, just in time to save it from being blown up by the mutineers -The entrencliments of the latter were carried in the most gallant style by HAVELOCK's troops. General NEILL had been killed, and e arrive here, (meaning camp Winfield, on General Nicholson, at Deihi, had died from

> The financial news from Europe, by this arrival, is most important. On the 10th inst., the Bank of England had further advanced its rate of discount to 10 per cent. On the 11th the Bank of France advanced its rate, and nearly all the banks in the principal commercial cities of Europe adopted a similar policy. Many serious failures had occurred in Great Britain; among others, those of Dennistoun & Co., the Western Bank of Scotland, and the City of Glasgow Bank are mentioned. There run on all its Banks. Even the unprecedented figure to which the Bank of England had advanced its discount had not yet arrested the immense demand for gold.

cided hostility to the United States Govern- public opinion in that vicinity. ment. The Cabinet have had Mormon affairs under consideration, and it is understood that

greet him. After receiving congratulations being drowned, but escaped without injury .- tial one. from many friends, Mr. Sumner made a few Mr. Bancroft was severely bruised. remarks to the assemblage and retired amid loud and enthusiastic cheering. Mr. SUMNER was followed by the Hon. HENRY WILSON in a short speech, when the crowd dispersed.

JUDGE LOWRIE TO BE CHIEF JUSTICE .- By an amendment to the Constitution which says, "the judge whose commission shall first expire shall be Chief Justice during the term, and thereafter each judge whose commission shall first expire shall in turn be Chief Justice," Judge Lowrie will hold the commisthem shall be Chief Justice.

SUSQUEHANNA COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—The winter term of this institution will commence Wednesday, Dec. 2d, and a somewhat different course of instruction has been adopted, as will be seen by the advertisement in another column. We are gratified in being able to exertions of the teachers justly merits. We thousand dollars with no insurance. know of no similar school in the country, where greater exertions are made for the benefit and improvement of the pupils, nor none where their progress gives as much satisfaction.

The St. Louis Democrat says that Marcus J. Parrott, delegate to Congress from Kansas, has received his certificate of election. His majority is about 5000.

ing in Quebec on Thursday,

Albertai of the off

SHOCKING OCCURRENCE.—The Corning Journal, of the 12th inst., says that on Wednesday evening, Thomas Edger, of Gibson was killed by Jerome McBain, of the same place. Mc- Schools :--Bain keeps a Grocery at Gibson. Edger was a boatman. He had been at work on the Canal through the day, and went to the Grocery to get trusted to some whiskey. This he obtained. He then demanded some sugar, which was refused. McBain asserts that on his refusal to trust him, Edger caught Mc-Bain by the throat, when he broke away and ran for a loaded gun in the back room, and shot Edger, killing him instantly. No persons were present at the time. It is said that both of the parties were intoxicated at the time, and it is reported that Edger had previously threatened to destroy the Grocery and kill McBain.

Coroner W. W. Hayt held an inquest on the body. The verdict of the Jury was in accordance with the facts above stated.

Loss of LIFE BY THE FLOOD .- The Canandaigna Times says that Mr. Charles Kelley of that town, was drowned on Monday last. It appears that the rapid rise of water caused apprehensions to be entertained for the safety of Wilber's mill dam, and to avert the danger, Mr. W., went out with his two hired men for the purpose of raising the waste gate, so as to allow the water to pass off. While engaged in this effort, the supports of the dam gave and the whole structure was destroyed in an instant. Mr. Wilber and his men were precipitated into the water. One of the latter, Mr. Charles Kelley, being unable to extricate himself from the broken framework of the dam, was lost. The other two escaped without material injury. The deceased was about nine-

YATES COUNTY BANK .- A. S. DIVEN, Receiver of this Bank, writes as follows: "Unless the Court directs otherwise, I must close the whole thing in ninety days. This can only be done by selling the assets at auction for cash down; and this course, in these times, would not, in my judgment, yield twenty-five cents on the dollar to bill holders; while if the court chooses to direct that time shall be given for was quite a panic at Glasgow, and a general the Receiver to make collections, I think from fifty to seventy-five cents on the dollar may be made."

Mrs. I. H. Wood, says the Port Jervis Union, the Lady who shot Andrews, was Brigham Young has virtually declared war taken before Judge Duryee, on a writ of haagainst the Government of the United States. beas corpus, and liberated on bail-her hus-The War Department has received, among band and Mr. Jos. VAN Norr becoming her other important official dispatches from Utah, surities. Andrews narrowly escaped a fatal a proclamation from him, declaring martial wound. The ball struck two of his front teeth, law in the Territory. He claims the right so with such force as to flatten it, and ledged to act by virtue of his authority as Governor in the roof of his mouth. The firmness and and Superintendent of Indian affairs, and un- hardness of his teeth saved his life. He has der the Territorial organic law. In this pro- nearly recovered of his wound. It will be clamation the United States troops are forbid recollected that Andrews had boasted of illeentering the Territory without his permission, gal and improper intimacy with Mrs. Wood, and the whole tenor of the document is in de- and hence her course, which is sustained by

The matter of the expiration of the commission of Chief Justice Lewis, whether on the 1st day of December or the first Mon-Mr. Sumner has been sick during the entire day of December proximo, formed the subject voyage, but his health generally has been so of an opinion delivered in the Supreme Court, much improved that it is thought he will be at Pittsburg, by Justice Woodward, on the able to resume his seat in Congress at its open- 3d instant. The learned Judge, after reviewing at considerable length the terms on the constitutional amendment of 1859, decides that the term of Chief Justice Lewis must be held to expire on Monday, the 7th of December next, and Prothonotaries of the several districts will test writs in the name of Chief Justice Lewis until that date.

THE LADY'S BOOK for December has two sion that will first expire, and will consequent- beautiful engravings at the opening-" Christly be Chief Justice after the first Monday of mas Eve," and "Christmas Morning" Mothnext December; and his commission having ers and children will admire them especially, six years to run, he will of course hold that Slipper pattern, Tidy work in netting of crotchoffice for six years if he so long lives. The et, and various neat patterns for children's terms of Messrs. Strong and Thompson ex- wear, follow rapidly. We shall be curious to pire on the same day, and, according to the to see how the January number can be made amendment, they must decide by lot who of to excel it, which we are sure the publisher will try to do. L. A. Godey, Philadelphia. \$3 per annum.

FIRE AT CHEMUNG.—The residence of JAMES HILLMAN, Esq., in Chemung, took fire on last Monday forenoon, and was totally destroyed. with all its contents. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. At the state, that the Institute is meeting with the time of the fire the family were absent from success which the experience and ability and home. The loss is estimated at nearly one

The storm on Friday night and Saturday was very severe in Western New York and on the lakes. The amount of snow which fell was not very large, but it drifted badly on some of the railroads, and obstructed travel considerably. The schooner Flying Cloud went ashore in Lake Michigan on Miller's Point, thirty miles below Chicago, and seven of her crew were lost. Near Goderich, C. W. SLEIGHING .- We learn that there was sleigh- on Lake Huron, also, several vessels are report- New Orleans banks have resumed specie payed ashore. payment in full colored to asset termine

TO SCHOOL DIRECTORS AND TEACHERS.

The following are extracts from the decisions of the State Superintendent of Common

" PRIVATE EXAMINATIONS .- These have tolerated heretofore to an injurious extent, and have consumed the time, and seriously cripped the movements of the Superintendents. The the movements of the Superintendents. regularly appointed examinations are open to all applicants, and it is their duly to present themselves in their proper district. Superintendents should refuse to make private examinations, except for special reasons, and not then unless applicants bring a written request from at least three of the directors who desire to employ them."

We have made this extract, and shall from time to time make others, in order that directors and teachers, who do not see the School Journal from month, may know what their deties are, and what the other school officers have a right to expect of them.

DREADFUL OCCURRENCE .- A terrible tragedy

occurred at Port Jefferson, L. I., at 71-2 o'clock on Saturday Morning. Mr. HENRY WATERS, a farmer, and formerly a carpenter, residing at that place, suddenly rushed into storm of Wednesday sixteen Coal boats s the room in which his wife, her daughter and in the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers near Co son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Sturdevant, were at ro. One hundred men were lost in them. breakfast and commenced a deadly assault upon them with a square iron bar, without from Louisville and Pittsburg. The stear any apparent provocation except a jealousy Gladiator reports that other boats, as far don of the manifestations of regard which Mrs. WATERS gave her step-children. He beat out and sunk. Passengers from Evansville state the brains of Mrs. WATERS and Mr. STURDE-VANT, and left Mrs. STURDEVANT bleeding and senseless in the street, whither through three rived from Marietta last evening, and repor doors and the gates, she had fled, attempted encountering a heavy gale at Parkersburg to kill his step-son-a lad ten years old, who was upstairs, but who succeeded in making his escape-and then hung himself in his own barn. Mrs. Waters was the widow of Mr. ner, Me., offered to give a barrel of flour Darling, of the firm of Smith Darling & Co., the Rev. Charles Blake, a Baptist minister shipbuilders, and was the owner of property in the village to the value of some \$25,000 .--William Washington Sturdevant, her sou-inlaw, was a boss ship carpenter of much pro- 40 young ladies took hold of the ropes at fessional reputation. Mrs. Sturdevant, his drew the barrel about half a mile, up one wife, was in a delicate situation, but unless the excitement of this affair proves fatal, she will probably recover, though when found in the street by her uncle, she was supposed to be crowd to witness the proceedings, and a call

We have received the December number of the Cosmopolitan Art Journal, and its typographical appearance is exceedingly neat. The number before us contains two beautiful steel engravings-the Greek Slave and Shake Hands-and is profusely embellished with elegant wood illustrations. It contains 64 pages, and may be had at \$2 per annum in advance by addressing C. L. Derby, 548 Broadway, New York. The Greek Slave-a statue which was drawn, about a year ago, by a Mrs. Kate Gillespie, of our State, has been re-purchased by the Cosmopolitan Art Association at a cost of \$6,000, and will be drawn for again in January next. Many other valuable premiums are also to be drawn.

ner On Sunday the 1st of November, Mr. Band will give a Grand Concert, at the Court embarrass the troops now on the way to Utah. the President will suggest to Congress some Otis B. Smith, his wife and child, and a Mr House, on Monday evening next, for the beneextraordinary measures to set matters right Bancroft, were passing a bridge in the village fit of their leader, Wm. Dittrich. We need stood:—Banks, Republican, 6404; Gardne of Hammondsport, in a buggy, when the horse hardly assure our citizens that a rich treat is American, 4365; Beach, Dem., 2900; American, 4365; Beach, became frightened, and leaped over the edge in store for those who shall attend, as the Arrival of Senator Summer at Boston .- of the bridge to the bottom of the creek, some reputation of this Band in making fine music, Senator Summer arrived at Boston on Thurs- fifteen or twenty feet. The buggy was turned is well established. Their leader has taken ny there, but the state of things in Kansas day last, in the steamer Niagara, and was received by the Hon. HENRY WILSON and the distance of thirty feet. Mr. Smith and his sent state of musical perfection, for which he is Hon. N. P. Banks, and escorted to his resi- wife had their left legs broken, and were other- tendered the compliment of this benefit. We ler, asserting that the public sentiment in that dence, where a large crowd had assembled to wise seriously injured. The child came near trust our citizens will see that it is a substan-

> MRS. MARGREECHE PURDY, died in Spencer, N. Y., on the 6th inst., aged 107 years and 5 months

She was born in Westchester county, N.Y.. June 19, 1750, was married to Jotham Purdy, October 23, 1773, who died October 5, 1777. She had consequently been a widow more than 80 years. She was an enlightened consistent christian, and her old acquaintances will long cherish the recollection of her many virtues. She came to the county of Tioga, with her son the late Andrew Purdy, more than 40 years ago.

A fire occurred in Rochester, on Saturday morning, which consumed the Eagle Bank Block and the Commercial Bank Block. Two firemen were killed by falling walls, and several others were seriously wounded. The loss is estimated at about \$150,000. A fire occurred on Friday night in Mobile, which destroyed property on Commerce and Canal streets to the amount of \$150,000.

DEATH OF A DISTINGUISHED MAN. - The Gen. Hamilton said to have been lost by the recent steamboat collision near Galveston, is supposed to be Gen. James Hamilton, of South Carolina, who figured so conspicuously in Gen. Jackson's time, particularly in connection with the South Carolina rebellion. He was one of the foremost men in all the South, and we believe had just consented to take a seat in the U. S. Senate.

Winter has at last fairly commenced its reign. The river opposite this place on Wednesday morning was full of ice, which a few cold days will convert into a passable bridge, now no longer of consequence, as the 25 per cent. Less than Cost Towanda Bridge is in use.

The Catalogue for the Teacher's Institute held at Terrytown, is now ready for delivery at this office.

RESUMPTION IN NEW ORLEANS .- All the

stressamper to marry news on have

NEW YORK MARKETS .- November 22 -Flour market is more active, and 5c better. sales, 13,000 at \$4 90 a \$5 00 for comme to superfine State ; \$5 a 5 25 for extra State \$4,90 a 5 00 for common to good superfine Western; and \$5 10 a 4 90 for common; medium extra grades of Western. Canadia better-sales of 800 bbls at \$5 40 a 5 90 Southern Flour, better-sales 1,500 bbls \$5 20 a 5 40 for superfine, \$5 45 a 7 00

Grain-The Wheat market is firm, but to active-sales of 12,000 bushels at \$1 06 Milwaukee Clab; \$1 20 a 1 25 for who Ohio; \$1 20 for white Michigan; \$1 50a 54 1-2 for white Kentucky; and \$1 35 red Delaware. Corn market unsettled; sal oi 12,000 bushels at 80a82 1 2 for Westmixed; and 65a70e for Jersey yellow They

\$19 37 1-2a1950 for Mess, and \$1 75a17 Prime. Small sales of Bacon at 12a12 12 Beef dull Lard quiet, at 11 1-2a13c. Bot ter quiet. Cheese in moderate demand. 6a8 1-2e

TERRIFIC GALE ON THE OHIO AND MISSISS PI RIVERS .- Cincinnati, Monday, Nov. 22. The steamer Republic arrived from Louisy on Saturday night, reports that during The loss of coal is about 300,000 bushels lued at \$36,000. The crews were principa the river as New-Madrid, have been swampe that the storm was terrific upon the Lower Ohio, and that all boats had to tie up, not on being able to run. The steamer Baltimore

A PLEASANT AFFAIR -One day last week says the Eastern Argus, a merchant in Gar that city, provided the young ladies we haul it to him. To this they consented, a having obtained a small pair of trucks, barrel of flour was placed thereon, and ab the steepest hills in Gardiner, to the minist house. The Gardiner Band, seeing what w going on, headed the procession, and play some excellent music. There was a lar net maker brought out a very handsome roe ing chair, which he fastened to the barrel an let it go as an additional present to the mini

THEY HAVE A "FLOUR LEAGUE" at Holl daysburg, and on Saturday last, it sent an der to Pittsburg for twenty-four barrels of e tra family, which is to cost \$5 64 deliver to the subscribers. This, of course, inches the freight, which is about 37 cents. T same quality of flour retails here at \$7 barrel, and the freight thereon from P burg, as we learn from the agent, is 75 cent so that the entire cost of a barrel of flour p chased at Pittsburg and delivered at the doors of the subscribers in this city would be \$6-1 saving of just \$1 to the consumers .- Horn burg Telegraph.

MR. BANKS' DISTRICT .- The Hon. N. P. GRAND CONCERT.—The Towarda Brass sachusetts, his seat in Congress will become vacant by resignation, and a special election will be held in his district for his successor. At the recent State election the vote ther ti-Banks majority, 951. But it is said to be impossible to poll all the Anti-Republican votes for one candidate.

> OREGON.-We published lately an extract inchoate State is largely against the legalization of slavery. In a recent number of the Sacramento Union we find an editorial article to the same effect, based upon information for nished by a gentleman of Nevada, who had been spending some time in Oregon. Hesays that an overwhelming vote against slavery was generally anticipated .- U. S. Gazette.

> > DIED.

In this borough, on the 22d of October, Mrs. DIANTED GILLSON, in the 68th year of her age.

## TOWANDA BRASS BAND Respectfully announce that they will give CONCERT, At the Court House, Monday Evening

NOVEMBER 30, 1857, For the benefit of their Leader, MR. DITTRICH.

PROGRAMME-PART L

Coliseum March;
 Last Rose of Summer;
 Saltan Polka;
 Polish National Hymn;
 Schottische, dedicated to the T. C. C. of Towands
 Medley. Intermission.

PART II. Grand Contra Basso Solo ... by W. PRENTICE

PART III.

1. Pic nic March;
2. Quartette;
3. Ben Bolt;
4. Old Play Ground; 5. Sturm Galloppe; 6. Hail Columbia and Yankee Doodle

\*2 Tickets, 25 cents, to be had at the Book stores and the door. November 25, 1857. 25 Per cent. Below Cost!

DRY GOODS READY MADE CLOTHING FOR CASH ONLY!

Having determined to change our place of business, \*\*\*
offer for sale our entire stock of DRY GOODS AND READY MADE CLOTHING,

As our stock must be disposed of before THE FIRST OF JANUARY NEIT,

We think we can offer GREATER INDUCEMENTS to purchasers than any other establishment in town. GIVE US A CALL! GUTTENBURG ROSENBAUM & Co.

Corner of Main and Bridge streets. Towanda, Nov 25, 1857.

WANTED .- 500 Bushels of Wheat at VV the market price.
Towarda, Oct. 26, 1857. BAILEY & NEVINS.