Our mails from the north and west bring us full details of the meetings and doings of the Constitutional Convention. To save our readers the trouble of wading through them we condense the information which is contained in about a dozen letters. The day appointed for the meeting of the Convention was the 7th. Forty-three delegates out of sixty met at Lecompton on that day, and in the afternoon formed a temporary organization Correspondents were present representing the Boston Traveler, St. Louis Democrat, Chicago Tribune, and New York Times. The last named correspondent was elected Secretary of the Convention. According to the letters of the Boston Traveler, the Convention is the most intelligent body of men that the Pro-Slavery party have ever yet collected in the terri-

This is a singular statement, however, as it appears from other sources that at least one half of the Convention is composed of the previous Border-Ruffian Legislatures. One of these, Mr. Little, was chosen temporary chairman, and another, Mr. Hughs, temporary secretary. A committee was then appointed to examine credentials. The Secretary of the Territory produced a list of the " regularly" elected delegates, numbering sixty. This, according to a statement made by General Calhoun, was all in the shape of credentials that any of those sixty had. But there were other "irregular" delegates, both free State and pro-slavery, elected from counties not taken care of by the territorial authorities, and debate arose upon the matter.

A motion was made to accept the Secretary's list, but it was referred to their committee on credentials. On the second day this committee reported. The whole sixty who were in the official list were sworn without any other credentials. The two irregularly chosen pro-slavery members from Shawnee county were also admitted, while two free State men chosen from one of the southern counties in the same manner were excluded, and their claim passed over to the special committee-On the succeeding day the convention adjourned until the third Monday in October, which is subsequent to the day fixed for the territorial election, and no further action was had in reference to the two free State irregulars.

As to the choice of permanent officers, it has already been stated that General Calhoun was elected permanent President, and Mr. Carry, the correspondent of the N. Y. Times permanent Secretary. We learn from published letters that a Roman Catholic priest was elected chaplain. The vote for President stood thus: Calhoun, 27; Elmore, 12; Eastin, 6. General Calhonn holds by appointment from President Buchanan, the office of Surveyor General for the territories of Kansas and Nebraska, which he received through the influence of Senator Douglass. He was formerly, and, it is said, still is, Commissioner of the State of Illinois. He was also a member of Congress from the Springfield district of Illinois. During the whole of the Kansas troubles he has been one of the leading spirits on the pro-slavery side On taking the chair as President of the Convention, some of the telegraph despatches say that he declared himself in favor of submitting the constitution to a popular vote, but none of the letters published sustains this, while the correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune says of the speech, that " It contained nothing The election of General Calhoun is supposed by some to be a triumph of the administration policy, if anybody can find out what that is. The letters are at variance on the subject. The correspondent of the N. Y Times, who is the Secretary of the Convention. says that Judge Elmore, who was the opposifor President, had pr declared in the most unequivocal terms his approval of the policy of submitting the consti tution to the people, while asserting his wish to see Kansas a slave state. He adds that General Calhoun had maintained the most studied silence in reference to his own views tion. on the subject, that he was supported by nearly all the ultra pro-slavery men, while Elmore was the candidate of the more moderate members. A still more important fact is stated by this authority, which is that " a considerable number of the delegates are known to be opposed immovably to the policy of submitting the constitution to a popular vote, and that there is another party in the convention, " whose policy is the same, though their aims are different." These admissions confirm the statements

made in the Charleston and Richmond papers, to the effect that a large majority is opposed to a popular vote on the constitution. Times' writer says that the ultras will attempt to frame a "pro-slavery constitution," withhold it from the people, and depend upon the Democratic majority there for success. He professes to believe that the Convention will not pursue this policy, and he goes on thus :-" A majority of the Convention is, I believe

the popular vote. It is true there are great differences of opinion, even among those pledged to that policy, to the extent of the requisite qualification of previous residence. Some go for a twelve months' residence, some for six, some for three months', and a few, a very few, for no previous residence at all beyond the fact of proof of actual residence at the time of voting, and of the animus manendi of the voter. I think it probable, that they will compromise on six months residence, and that six months residence will elapse between the period of the framing of the Constitution in October and its submission to the people next Spring for adoption or rejection. I say the framing of the Constitution in October, because it is now generally believed, and many of the members of the Constitution state it as directions, knowledge, etc., in the useful, ornatheir belief, and hope that immediately after mental and domestic arts, and in the conduct perfecting the organization of the Convention the appointment of the committees, and the assignment to these committees of their various tasks, the Convention will adjourn until after the elections in October, so as to be guided in their subsequent and final action by the expression of the popular will as manifested in the interval.

The meaning of this is, that the Convention has determined to await the result of the October election, in order to see whether the proslavery party will still be able to triumph boro', was destroyed by fire Wednesday evening, against an immense popular majority. If so 16th. The loss is small. As the building was tory is within our reach, but to secure it, we the Constitution will be put to vote. If not, it will be sent to Congress without. Here is the cat out of the bag. As connected with this matter, we learn from various quarters that there is longer any doubt as to the preparatious going on in the border counties of Missouri for another invasion of the territory to carry the October election. The Herald of Freedom which has disbelieved and denounced the allegation, now gives its full credence.

Bradford Reporter. E. O. GOODRICH, EDITOR. TOWANDA:

Churedan Morning, September 21, 1857.

TERMS-One Dollar per annum, invariably in advance. Four weeks previous to the expiration of a subscripti notice will be given by a printed wrapper, and if not newed, the paper will in all cases be stopped.

CLUBBING - The Reporter will be sent to Clubs at the fol-| lowing extremely low rates : | 6 copies for. . . . \$5 00 | 15 copies for. . . \$12 00 | 10 copies for . . . 8 00 | 20 copies for . . . 15 00 ADVERTISEMENTS—For a square of ten lines or less, One Dollar for three or less insertions, and twenty-five cents

JOB-WORK—Executed with accuracy and despatch, and a reasonable prices—with every facility for doing Books Blanks, Hand-bills, Bali tickets, &c.

Money may be sent by mail, at our risk-enclosed in envelope, and properly directed, we will be responsi for its safe delivery.

DAVID WILMOT, of Bradford Co. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. WM. MILLWARD, of Philadelphia. FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT. JOSEPH J. LEWIS, of Chester Co JAMES VEECH, of Fayette County.

JOHN B. G. BABCOCK, of WINDHAM. CULLEN F. NICHOLS, OF BURLINGTON. THOMAS M. WOODRUFF, OF TOWANDA ALLEN M'KEAN, OF WEST BURLINGTON JAMES H. WEBB, OF RIDGBERRY TWP. E. PERCIVAL SHAW, of Sheshequin.

DANIEL DECKER, OF MONROE TWP. LEWIS B. PIERCE, OF PIKE TOWNSHIP.

NEWELL LEONARD, OF WELLS TWP. VOTES! VOTES!

We have printed a large supply of votes for the Republican candidates, which our friends in the different election districts can procure by calling at this office.

ARE YOU ASSESSED.

Saturday week is the last day, the law requiring ten day before the election. Look to your own names, Republicans, and then those of your neighbors. Let not a vote be lost by in-attention to the assessments.

It should be known that to entitle a man to vote at the coming election, it is necessary that he shall be a resident of the State one year, and of the district or township where he offers his vote, ten days, and that he has paid labor, paralyze your industry, and bring you a State and County tax which was assessed at least ten days previous to the day of elec-

and twenty two, who are qualified in other re- eyes westward to secure a home for vourselves. pects are entitled to a vote without payment of or for your sons growing up around you. The

voters in the State and removed therefrom and returned, a residence of six months in the State is sufficient; but in all cases where the payment of a tax is necessary, it must have been assessed ten days previous to the elec-

NEW WORKS NOW IN PRESS .- T. B. PETERson, No. 306 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, has now in press, another work by that worldrenowned authoress, Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz. It is entitled "THE LOST DAUGHTER," and must prove to be one, if not the most popular work ever published, written by Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz. As a successful writer, Mrs. Hentz, There is no longer subterfuge or dodging. Ensays the Dollar Newspaper, is, in our opinion, unequalled in the country. She combined power of delineation and grace of style in a remarkable degree, and was a close observer of human nature, so that all her characters seem as natural as life, while she always had a moral aim in her writings, which commends them to the fireside of every family in the land as profitable and pleasant reading. We must commend to her many former admirers this in favor of a submission of the Constitution to posthumous edition of her last novellettes, and we are sure they will be eagerly inquired for. It will be ready for sale on Saturday, the 26th inst. Complete in one large duodecimo volume, neatly bound in cloth, for one dollar and twenty-five cents; or in two volumes, paper cover, for one dollar.

Another very valuable work, now in press, and which will be ready for sale on Saturday, October 3d, is entitled, "MRS. HALE'S RECEIPTS FOR THE MILLION." This is indeed a useful book, being a complete family directory and household guide for the Million. It contains over four thousand five hundred receipts, facts, of life. Price \$1,25 a copy. This work too, we have no doubt, will have an extensive sale. Copies of either of the above will be sent to any part of the United States, free of postage, on remitting the price to the publisher in a

An unoccupied dwelling, belonging to D. CASH Esq., situated in the north part of the not occupied the fire is suspected to have been must labor earnestly until the polls close. communicated by design.

FRANK PHELPS' GYMNASIUM AND AMPHITHEA-TRE will perform at this place to-day. From the many flattering notices we have seen of PHELPS' institution we judge it has no superiors. Those who wish a pleasant entertainment should not fail to be present.

THE IMPORTANCE OF THE PENDING CON-

We trust that every Freeman in this County is duly impressed with the responsibilities which devolve upon him as an elector, and fully aware of the mighty issues depending upon the result on the second Tuesday of October. The voter who fails to exercise the inestimable privilege of declaring his sentiments through the ballot-box fails in his duty to his country and himselt. While he who does not exercise that privilege intelligently, fearlessly and honestly, is still, more culpable.

Never in the political history of the country did there ever exist such a necessity for an expression of popular opinion as at the present moment. It is no exaggeration to say that the priceless liberties of our country are in eminent danger. The dearest rights secured by the blood and toil of our forefathers, are threatened, for the purpose of extending and aggrandizing Slavery. All the safe-guards erected for the personal security of the citizen are broken down to add to the value of slaveproperty. The occurrences of the past few years should alarm the patriotic every where, and arouse Northern Freemen to action. If we are supine while Slavery-Propagandism forms its schemes, and employs the patronage and treasure of the country to consummate them, how long will be before the white laborers of the North will be in the mercy of that heartless oligarchy, which looks upon Slavery as the natural condition of the poor laboring man without regard to color, and "free society" as a failure?

Are the Freemen of the North prepared to give up this Republic to the purposes of the Slavery-Propagandists? Are they prepared to lay in supineness while the great oligarchy perfect the schemes which shall Nationalize Slavery, and crush out the last vestige of Free Speech and Free Thought? Did our forefathers pour out their blood in the Revolution for no nobler purpose than to raise up a nation which should devote its energies to the breeding of niggers? Have we no higher duties, no loftier aspirations, than to raise the price of the peculiar property? Are not white men worthy of some consideration? Is it not an obiect of desire with you, what shall be the condition of your descendants, and what privileges they shall enjoy in this Republic ?

Laboring men! And who of all those sturdy farmers who make up our country's wealth and pride, is not truly a laborer, and looks upon idleness and sloth as a crime. Free Laborers, who till your own lands with your own hands, and experience no feeling of degradation, but rather exult in the pride of industry and independence! Are you ready to inaugurate an era which shall degrade your within the control of capital? Are you ready to inflict upon Kansas an institution which you would not permit in your midst? In the Young men, however, between twenty-one providence of God, you may be turning your fertile plains of Kansas invite you, with a cayou doom it to Slavery, and deny yourselves and your children's children any participation therein? If you would not, vote to save it from the dangers which now environ it.

In our judgment, the decision of the people more moment than any election ever held in this country. It settles the question of the predominance of the Slave power, if after the Dred Scott decision, and Mr. Buchanan's avowals in his late letter, the Freemen of this State are ready to vote for Mr. PACKER. The question which was evaded and denied last fall, is now openly avowed and boldly met .couraged by success last fall, the Democracy have placed themselves upon the ultra Southern round that the Constitution carries and protects Slavery wherever it extends.

Pennsylvania was last fall, the battle-field of the Presidential contest, and has now become the battle-field of the cause of Freedom.-With the Keystone attached to the car of Slavery, our Southern brethren become our masters, and the schemes of Slavery propagation and aggression will be successful. With Pennsylvania Republicanized, the banner of Freelom streams in victory, and the cause of Equal Rights is triumphant. Pennsylvania on the side of Freedom and the Presidential contest in 1860, is not questionable.

Freemen of Pennsylvania! Have you no nterest and feelings identical with the people of New Hampshire, of Maine, of New York. and Ohio? Are there any reasons why those old Democratic States should be now be strongly and permanently Republican, which do not bear with equal force upon you? Have you ess interest in preserving intact the rights and privileges guaranteed by the Constitution ?-Have you less of interest in the Territories of the Nation, that you should be willing to see them stained with the curse of bondage ?

ORGANIZE! ORGANIZE!

There are Townships in this County where the Republicans are deficient in organization We urge upon our friends in such localities to immediately set at work to make arrangements for polling the entire Republican vote. Vic-

Col. Benton has been lying dangerously ill in Washington for several days, suffering under an organic intestinal disease of several years standing, which within a week past, assumed so very serious a condition as to threaten his life. At present, however, he is said to be out of danger.

ACTION! ACTION!

Once more we urge upon our Republican riends in each township, the necessity for immediate and energetic action. We are fearful that our friends are being deceived by the present quiescent state of parties, and will find on the day of election that our voters are not all out, while every pro-slavery Democrat will be on hand. We call upon Republicans to be- well Hill. gin the work at once. Our opponents are quietly organizing, and are ready to poll every vote. They calculate upon reducing our majority in Bradford 2000 by the absence of Republican voters. Shall this be? Is there a zation and labor. The same energy now will make the majority 5000 and it will be done.

The plan of operations to be pursued is plain But it must not be delayed. Poll lists and the part of every voter who feels an interest ed majority in Bradford.

Republicans, set about this work immediatesee that the voters are at the polls.

ARE THE VOTERS READY ?

But a few days now intervene before the vote. Your opponents will not lose an availin the County, but in the State.

COUNTY FAIR.

The Annual Fair of the Bradford County Agricultural Society will be held the present year at the Borough of Towanda, on the 15th and 16th days of October. The Committee have delayed advertising for the purpose of ascertaining the precise time at which the Bridge will be passable. The list of Judges and Bills will be issued next week.

By reference to the List published in the county papers some weeks since, it will be seen that the premiums on Horses, Cattle, Field Crops, and Agricultural and Mechanical Implements, have been largely increased, which will insure a large and spirited competition. J. C. ADAMS, Esq, will deliver the Annual

We understand that the Teachers' Drill, held in Orwell during the ten days terminating Thursday the 17th, passed off satis- Mass., and a Terrestial Globe from the firm of And for the persons who have once been pacity for five millions of inhabitants. Will factorily to all concerned. There were 150 Merriam, Moore & Co., of Troy, N. Y., as teachers in attendance, as we learn by the Superintendent. The citizens of Orwell Hill had made ample provision for all, notwithstanding the number was much larger than was expected. The whole affair was eminenton the Second Tuesday of October next, is of ly successful, and should, we think, be encouraging to the individual standing at the head of the School Department in the county.

We hope the townships more intimately connected with the Institute to be held in the other sections of the County, will see to it that they prove as successful as the first, but we understand that there was a committee appointed to prepare an abstract for publication, we will not, therefore, anticipate that report.

The Junction Canal has been put in repair, and this week some twenty boats from the New-York Canals arrived at this place for the purpose of loading with Barclay coal. We understand that a large number of boats are loading below with anthracite. A small break occurred below Tunkhannock, which has been repaired. Capt. Murray's boat left this place on Tuesday last for New York city, with a gitimate objects, believing also that teachers' load of oars.

A young man named JEFFERSON COOL-BAUGH, of Monroe township, had one of his feet torn from the leg, on Thursday, 8th, while employed with a threshing machine at the barn of S. C. MEANS. The leg was bruised in a horrible manner as far up as the knee, so that amputation was necessary in order to save life. Dr. E. H. Mason of this village, assisted by Drs. Ladd, Newton and Allen, performed the surgical operation, in a scientific manner. The patient is doing well.

NAMES OF P. O. CHANGED .- The name of the Asylum post office in Durell township, this county, has been changed to Frenchtown; and the name of the South Asylum office, in Asy- tive essays and lectures. lum township, changed to Asylum. Those sending communications through either office will please take notice, and avoid delay.

which has just taken place in Maine possesses he has manifested and the services he has renpeculiar interest, because the party lines were | dered in our behalf. drawn with unusual strictness, and other questions than that of slavery extension kept out the Supreme Court, and Mr. Buchanan's offi- charged their duties during the session of the brought up from the report of appraisers ap cious endorsement of it, have practically been Institute. passed upon by the people of Maine. The vote this year was not so large as that of last tees of the Presbyterian and Methodist church-Mr. Morrill's majority is not much less than our meetings; and also to the citizens of Orthat of Mr. Hamlin. This result will exert a well for the hospitality, courtesy and uninterpowerful influence beyond the borders of Maine. rupted kindness extended to the members of It will add thousands to the majority of Mr. the Institute and their friends, during our stay Banks in Massachusetts; the Republicans of among them, thereby doing very much to make return a verdict in favor of said Randall for

strength from this success, and all over the country the friends of free labor will be encouraged to set about organizing victory for the Presidential contest of 1860 .- Eve. Post.

TEACHER'S INSTITUTE.

The first Teachers' Institute held in Bradday, Sept. 7th, at two o'clock, P. M., at Or-The meeting was opened by C. R. COBURN,

tion of the Scriptures and prayer. One hun-

dred and twelve Teachers entered their names. and organized by electing Prof. C. R. COBURN Republican who would not feel ashamed to see Principal, O. J. Chubbuck, President, and B. WILMOT'S majority one vote less than that gi- B. BABCOCK, Secretary. After transacting ven for Fremont? He must recollect that necessary business, Prof. C. R. Coburn adthe vote last fall was was the result of organi- dressed pointedly and briefly, those present, setting forth the object of their meeting, deincrease the majority to 5000. Shall those be siring them to apply themselves closely to the figures? Let every man set to work to their studies, stating that the ten days spent there should be days of hard mental labor; the object was to acquire knowledge of the and easy, if our friends will arouse to the work. theory and practice of teaching as well as a more thorough acquaintance with the branchteams only are required. A little activity on es to be taught in our schools, and thus become better qualified to perform the duties dewill save us from the mortification of a reduc- | volving upon them. After appointing the necessary committees, the afternoon session was closed by prayer by Rev. C. E. Taylor. v. Let there be a meeting in every district The evening session commenced 7 1.2 o'clock, and appoint committees to procure teams and and was occupied by a lecture by the Principal upon "The Qualifications of Teachers," followed by discussions upon subjects connected with the cause of education. Day sessions commenced at 8 1-2 o'clock, and were occupied October election? Are the voters of this by drills upon the several branches taught in County aware of the great importance of suc- our common schools, except occasional singing cess on the second Tuesday in October?- by the choir, and short, pointed and impres-We urge upon our friends thus early to make sive lectures by the County Superintendent. preparations for a FULL VOTE. In the The evening sessions were devoted to lecturstrong Republican towns of the County, there ing, reading of essays, declamation and discusis great danger that the votes will not all be sions. Lectures were delivered by C. R. Co-Let arrangements be made to poll every burn, Dr. H. Knapp, Messrs. O. F. Young, O. J. Chubbuck, Wm. Davis and Rev.'s H. able vote. We must be equally active and vig- W. Barnes and Geo. Landon.-The closing ilant and a certain triumph awaits us, not only exercises took place on Thursday evening, Sept 17th, consisting of speeches by several distinguished gentlemen present, and appropriate remarks by the County Superintendent, and valedictory by Miss Mary Iveson. Be fore the close of the Institute the names of Teachers on the roll had increased to one hundred and fifty. The manifest interest of the members of the Institute at its commencement, did not seem to flag during its protracted exer-

> Upwards of one hundred spectators visited the Institute during its sessions, and manifested great interest in its welfare. During the sessions of the Institute, a copy of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary was received from Messrs. Gana C. Merriam, of Springfield, presents for the use of the Bradford County Teachers' Institutes. The presents were duly appreciated and heartily responded to.

cises in the least. Great unanimity of feeling

conducted very appropriately by Rev. C. E.

Taylor, at which time the choir sang soul-stir-

ring melodies, selected from sacred music for

entire sessions, which rendered it not only agreeable, but perfectly satisfactory to all present. The members of the Institute, as well as the public generally were fully convinced of the utility of holding such Institutes, as will be seen by the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted :---

" WHEREAS, The public mind in its plastic forming state, is to a great extent entrusted to the care of Teachers, and upon them devolves the task of training and developing the intellectual, physical and moral powers of the youth of the country. Whereas the present condition of our schools shows an increasing demand for more thoroughly qualified, more energetie teachers, and those who feel more sensibly their responsibilities, and Whereas, judging by the interest awakened and the advantages received during the ten days we have spent in this Drill, we firmly believe in the finding, that the said Mary E. Spaulding is s utility of "Teacher's Institutes," when they are ably conducted and directed to their leought not and cannot afford "to spend their money for that which is not intellectual "bread nor their labor for that which satisfieth not.

Teachers' Institutes," highly beneficial to the cause of popular education and that we will use our united efforts to have them held in this portion of the county as often as once a year. 2. That our efficient County Superintendent deserves the esteem and gratitude of the teachers and friends of education, as well as the con fidence of the members of this Institute.

3. That we tender our sincere thanks those individuals who have generously come forward and assisted in teaching, and have so ably discharged their duties in the capacity of instructors.

dered to the ladies and gentlemen who have kindly favored us with interesting and instruc-5. That we present our thanks to those who

4. That our thanks are due and hereby ten

have contributed to so great an extent to enliven and make interesting our daily sessions by their soul stirring music. 6. That Rev. C Taylor is pre-eminently en-

I. That we hereby proffer our hearty thanks to our President and Secretary for the able of the contest. The Dred Scott decision of and impartial manner in which they have dis-

8. That we tender our thanks to the Trusyear by nearly twenty-six thousand, and yet es, for the use of their houses in which to hold way of the road of said Co. through the land New-York, Ohio and Pennsylvania will derive our meeting pleasant as well as profitable.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

In the matter of the application of the Road Commissioners of Sheshequin twp., for the relief and support of Catharine Chaffee. This being a proceeding in Court on petition of the Road Commissioners of Sheshequin township ford County, commenced its session on Mon- praying the Court to make an order on certain children of the said Catharine Chaffee for her maintainance and support. After a hearing the Court make the following order, to wit . That Charles Chaffee pay at the rate of two the County Superintendent, by reading a pordollars per week, and George Chaffee pay at the rate of seventy-five cents per week, to be paid in quarterly payments, the first of which is payable within three months from the data of the order, &c.

In the matter of the proceeding of the Road Commisioners of Tuscarora vs. Solan W. Star. devant. Proceedings from Bela Cogswell and N. N. Betts, Esqrs., Justices of the Peace of this County, to compel the said Solon W Sturdevant to support his wife and children. under the act of assembly in such cases made and provided. After a hearing, the Court make the following order, to wit : That the said Solon W. Sturdevant to pay to the Com. misioners of roads and highways of Tuscarora township the sum of \$10, within twenty days to be applied towards the support and relief of Mary Sturdevant his wife and children, and that he further pay for the same purpose at the rate of one dollar per week in quarter yearly payments, commencing at the expiration of twenty-five, &c., and that he stands committed until the the order of the Court be complied with.

The following business was transacted in the Court of Common Pleas during the week. Sept. 7, on reading and filing the requisite certificates, and on the motion of Mr. Mercur. James J. Siebenick was admitted and sworn an as Attorney at Law with license to practice as such in the several Courts of this Co.

Sept. 8, on reading and filing the requisite certificates, and on motion of Mr. Elwell. George DeLa Montanye was admitted and sworn as an Attorney at Law, with license to practice as such in the several Courts of Brad. ford County

Wilder Gaskill vs. Betsey Gaskill .- Sept. 7th, on reading depositions and on motion of Mr. Patrick the Court decreed a divorce to the said Wilder Gaskill from the bonds of

S. A. Hewitt vs. Louisa Hewitt .-- Septem. ber 7th, on reading deposition on motion of Mr. Patrick, the Court decreed a divorce to the said Samuel A. Hewitt from the bonds of seemed to pervade the minds of all that had to do on the occasion. Morning services were

James' R. Mason vs. Isabel Mason.-Sept. 8th., on reading deposition, and on motion the Court decreed a divorce from the bonds

Sarah Ellen Cox vs. Hiram Cox.-Sept. 9th., on reading deposition, and on motion of Mr. Watkins, the Court decreed a divorce to the said Sarah Ellen Cox from the bonds of

September 10th., on reading petition of Joel F. Taylor and Darlinton E. Worrell, the Court order and decree that Addie, daughter of the said Darlington Worrell assume the name of Addie Taylor and have all the right of a child and heir at law of the said Joel S. Perfect order was maintained through the Taylor, according to the act of assembly in such case made and provided.

Court adjourned over on Saturday in the afternoon, to meet again on Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

Monday Sept. 14th, Court being called pursuant to adjournment from the first week at 10 o'clock A. M. Judge Bullock, President; and Chubbuck and Long associates upon the bench.

The first business taken up was upon the petition of Simon Spaulding, setting forth that Mary E. Spaulding, had become a lunatic, and non compos mentus, and incapable of managing her affairs, and trasacting busisiness, &c. An inquisition was held before the Court, and six jurors who report in their Lunatic, and Simon Spaulding appointed & F committee, &c. A like proceeding was had on the petition of

N. S. Hosley, in reference to Huldah Hosley, alleged to have become a lunatic, and incaps-Resolved, Therefore, 1st, that we consider ble of managing her affairs, &c. An inquisition was held before the Court, and six jurors, and the said Huldah Hosley is found to be a Lunatic, and the Court appointed Lemu. el C. Gleason committee of the person and estate of the said Huldah.

The first jury trial was taken up was, Sarah Ogden against W. W. H. Brown, James C. Ridgeway and others. An action in eject ment for the recovery of a certain portion of land situated in Franklin twp., now in the oc cupancy of the aforesaid defendants and others under them. Sept. 14th., Jury empanneled and sworn. Messrs. Elwell and Watkins, for plaintiff; and Messrs. Adams and Mercur for defendants. The hearing of the evidence was continued from day to day until Friday the 18th., in the afternoon, when the argument of counsel was closed, and the Jury sent out un THE TRIUMPH IN MAINE.—The election titled to our warmest thanks for the interest der the charge of the Court, and were out untill Saturday in the afternoon, and could not de

agree and were discharged. Williamsport and Elmira Railroad Comagainst Ornan Randall : being an appeal pointed by the Court, to appraise the damages sustained by the said Randall, for the right of of defendant. Sept 18, Jury called and sworn Adams for the Company, and Smith for de fendant. After a hearing, same day, the Jor! \$229.40.