

ters everywhere to the support of vigorous and thrifty life. Analogically the same truth obtains in the advancement of human affairs.— It is the current of events that gives vitality to commonwealths.

Mr. Marcy on the Summer Assault.

(From the New-York Examiner.)
Governor Marcy was always true to his convictions on the Slavery question. "Slavery is yours," said he to a Southern gentleman, who was endeavoring to commend the institution to his favor, "and you have the political right to retain it as long as you please, and to estimate it as a blessing; but we of the North want none of it; to us it would be an unmitigated curse."

Two weeks before he died, Governor Marcy attended the Second Baptist Church in Rochester, and had listened to the preaching of Rev. GEORGE DANA BOARDMAN. He was greatly interested in the sermon, and was strikingly impressed by the preacher himself. From the sermon and the preacher our conversation turned to the occasion of Mr. BOARDMAN'S leaving South Carolina, and to the assault of Mr. BROOKS upon Mr. SUMNER. "You can tell me nothing," said he, "of the sensitiveness of Southern gentlemen on that subject. But," he added, "I do not hesitate to give them my views in them, who justified the assault, he paused—stopped—we were walking in the street—and turning full towards me, he said, with emphasis, "I told him that if another man was a blackguard, it gave me no right to be a bully. You say that Mr. SUMNER'S speech was a studied, elaborate insult. I have not read it. I don't know about that. But I tell you that all the scenes in Kansas will not so much disgrace us among the Governments and people of Europe as this assault in the Senate Chamber of the United States. It will be accounted, and justly, an invasion of the freedom of debate. And I tell you further, that I would be glad to be left off with the loss of two hundred thousand votes in the next election, in consequence of this affair. And," continued the Governor, "I was right. The State Department brought me the journals of all Europe. We were more disgraced by this transaction than by the troubles in Kansas, and, as for the election, nothing saved us but the opposing candidate.— Once I thought the election lost, as it was; and if Judge McLEAY had been the candidate, it would have been lost irreparably."

The same writer says that
"The Governor did not regard the Kansas troubles as settled. Governor WALKER had then just reached Kansas, and published his promises of the sacredness of the doctrine of Squatter Sovereignty. He expressed himself in the strongest terms as without confidence in Governor WALKER'S pacification. The event has justified his apprehensions, and the grounds on which they rested."

Constitutional Amendments.

The proposed Amendments to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, are again published in the newspapers of the several counties. They are now for word the same that were published last year; and having been agreed to by two successive Legislatures, the next step toward their adoption will be their submission to a vote of the people at the October election. The amendments are four in number, and the vote will be taken for or against each one separately. They are all of sufficient importance to demand the serious attention of every citizen, and we think their expediency and propriety are so apparent, that the people, without distinction of party, will be ready to accept them.

The First Amendment relates to the public debt, and proposes the following salary provisions:
I. That the State debt shall never exceed \$50,000, except in case of war, invasion, or insurrection, or for the purpose of redeeming the present debt.
II. A Sinking Fund shall be provided sufficient to pay the interest on the existing State debt, and to reduce the principal \$250,000 a year.
III. The credit of the Commonwealth shall not in any manner be pledged or loaned, or the Commonwealth become a stockholder in any corporation.
IV. The Commonwealth shall not assume the debt of any county, city, borough or township, or any corporation, unless the same was contracted by the State in time of war.
V. No county, city, or other municipal corporation, shall become a stockholder in, or loan its credit to any company or corporation whatever.

The Second Amendment provides against the needless division of counties by prohibiting the erection of any new county containing less than 400 square miles, and requiring the expressed assent of the voters of the county, to authorize any division of such county which shall cut off one-tenth of its population.

The Third Amendment relates principally to Philadelphia, and proposes to amend the first Article of the Constitution, by striking from its several sections the words which recognize the separate municipal existence of the old city of Philadelphia.

This amendment also proposes some changes in the mode of apportioning of which is one that will allow the city of Philadelphia, (and any other city with taxable population sufficient to two Representatives) to be divided into single Representative Districts.

The Fourth Amendment proposes a new section to the Constitution, in which the power of the Legislature to alter, revoke or repeal any charter of incorporation, (which of course possesses, by virtue of sovereignty, although it has no effect to displace it) is expressly declared.

This is a mere outline of the proposed amendments, but sufficient, we trust to show their importance, and to induce our readers to examine them carefully, so that they may be prepared to vote upon them with an intelligent understanding of their nature and bearing upon our present fundamental law.—Reading Carefully.

A large fire occurred at Jersey Shore Sunday night last. The house and barn of John A. Gamble, the barn of Thomas Waddie, and a large stable of Brown & Ramsey were burned to the ground. In the lively stable there were eight horses burned to death. It was supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Senator SUMNER.—Accounts from Senator SUMNER state that he has improved constantly in health. He left London for a short visit to Mr. Cobden, and from there went, by way of Madel Island to the coast of Normandy, to M. de Tocqueville, and will then go to Switzerland.

From Washington.

Special Despatch to the N. Y. Tribune.
WASHINGTON, Friday, Sept. 4, 1857.
The report that Judge Curtis of the Supreme Court has resigned is correct. His letter of resignation has been received here. It is thought that Secretary Toucey will be offered the vacant Judgeship, and that Nathan Clifford of Maine will succeed to the Navy, or that Clifford himself will be appointed Judge.

A son of the Hon. Thos. Ewing, of Ohio, who has recently arrived here from Kansas, thinks that the Free State men will carry the Legislature and the Delegate to Congress in October, if Gov. Walker will only keep the Missouri Border Ruffians from the polls and secure honest returns. Fair play on election day, he thinks, all that is wanted to insure victory. But under the bogus laws and the rulings of the Pro-Slavery Judges, and with so many United States Troops in the territory, such conclusions are not to be hastily concurred in. Mr. Ewing was probably led to them in a great measure by the obviously immense numerical superiority of the Free-State party, which will assuredly make itself felt sooner or later.

Mr. Mate of Virginia, the candidate of Gov. Wise, succeeds sixth Auditor Phillips on Monday. The appointment of the editor of the Richmond Enquirer to a foreign mission is alone required now, to secure the fidelity of Virginia to the Union until the next Presidential election.

There is a financial pressure here, in humble imitation of and sympathy with the New York money market. The banks refuse to discount.

FALL OF THE SUSPENSION BRIDGE AT HAMILTON, CANADA.—The Suspension Bridge over the Desjardines Canal, on Burlington Heights, was broken down about half past five o'clock, yesterday afternoon, by a severe hurricane which passed over this vicinity. Fortunately there was no one on the bridge at the time, or they would have been thrown into the yawning abyss beneath. A person has been employed by the Great Western Railroad Company since the late catastrophe at the Railroad Bridge over the Desjardines Canal to look after the Suspension Bridge, and to prevent more than one vehicle passing at a time.—And this person, we are informed, had just made his escape from the bridge at the time it fell. Other parties had passed over it immediately before the accident occurred. The bridge was turned completely over, and part of the towers broke, and along with it a portion of the bridge fell into the canal. The remaining portions are still hanging by the towers.

There was a dog on the bridge at the time, which was instantaneously killed. The bridge has been repeatedly condemned by competent engineers, and by Grand Jurors year after year, ever since it has been built; and proceedings were to be taken at the next Wentworth Assizes against the Great Western Railway and the Desjardines Canal Companies. We have repeatedly called the attention of parties interested to the rickety condition of the bridge, but the only answer we have received has been that we must await the slow progress of the law. Fortunately there has been no lives lost, but as the bridge was a great public thoroughfare between this city and Watertown, Milton and Wellington Square, and it is likely that it will be some time before another bridge is constructed, the business of Hamilton is likely to suffer.—Hamilton (C. W.) Banner.

RESIGNATION OF JUDGE CURTIS.—The Boston Courier confirms the rumor that Judge Curtis has resigned his seat on the Bench of the Supreme Court of the United States. He has been led to this step for reasons growing out of his private affairs. Judge Curtis received his appointment from President Fillmore in 1851, at the special instance, it was said of Daniel Webster, who had the highest opinion of his abilities. His circuit embraced the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts and Rhode Island, and his successor will doubtless be selected by President Buchanan from the members of the bar in one of those States. Mr. Toucey, the Secretary of the Navy, is already named to succeed him. It will be remembered that Judge Curtis was one of the Judges who dissented from the decision of the Supreme Court in the famous Dred Scott case.

The Washington States says the resignation of Judge Curtis has been received by the President.

According to the recent census of Massachusetts there were, in 1855, nineteen persons in the State who were upwards of one hundred years old. Two of those were residents of Boston, and seven in Middlesex Co.

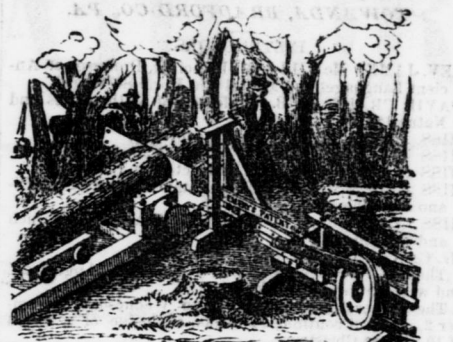
MARRIED.
On the 1st inst., by Rev. Wm. S. M. Wm. HEMAGE, to Miss EMILIA E. GORD, all of this county.
In Towns, on the 24th inst., by Rev. Mr. DeLong Mr. CHARLES WELLS of Monroe, to Miss ALMIRA MASON of Towns.

"The deed is done, the row is known! Swift on the wings of love, The angel of the contract flows, 'Tis written on the Eternal page, Fast as the blazing sun, That you from youth to hoary age, In heart and hand are one."

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—By request, a SERMON will be delivered to the Young, in the Baptist Church, next Lord's day evening, on the Future State. The public is respectfully requested to attend.

New Advertisements.
MONTANYES
Are now receiving their Fall Stock of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY,
Boots & Shoes, Shoe Findings & Leather,
HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, &c.
Which will be sold at Greatly Reduced Prices.
Cor. Public Square and Main st.
J. D. MONTANYES, TOWANDA. J. D. MONTANYES, JR. E. D. MONTANYES, September 8, 1857. J. D. MONTANYES.

NEW FALL GOODS!
Just receiving at
William A. Rockwell's Store,
No. 2, Patton's Block.
Towns, September 9, 1857.
WE ARE NOW OFFERING a very large and well selected stock of **HATS AND SHOES** direct from the Manufacturers, which we offer at extremely low prices for READY PAY, and invite the public to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
June 24, 1857. HUMPHREY & WICKHAM.

Miscellaneous.
TIOGA POINT AGRICULTURAL WORKS!!

R. M. WELLES & BROOKS,
ATHENS, BRADFORD CO., PA.
Manufacturers, Wholesale and retail dealers in
Emery's Unrivaled Horse Powers,
THRESHERS AND SEPARATORS, THRESHERS AND CLEANERS, CIRCULAR AND CROSS-CUT
PORTABLE SAW-MILLS, SHINGLE MACHINES, &c
We wish to call particular attention to Emery's Splendid Thresher and Cleaner. The superiority of Emery's Horse Power all others, is well known, and our farmers will be pleased to learn that they can now get an Emery's Thresher and Cleaner equaling the power itself, and which for simplicity, compactness, durability and ease of operation is far ahead of all other machines in use. It requires as little power as a thresher and separator, and will thresh and clean thoroughly without wasting the grain,—say from 20 to 25 bushels per hour. We have machines on hand and on the way from Albany and can furnish at short notice.
We can also furnish Wheeler's New Cleaner, a very good machine, and warranted; as are all of our machines.
We would also call attention to Emery's cross cut or Drag Saw Mills. If our farmers knew their value, they would adopt them extensively in cutting up, down trees for fire wood, shingle bolts, &c. Send for our circular and any information you may want concerning Emery's machinery—will send you but one cent postage.
EXCELLENT FANNING MILLS.
Emery's and Hickok's Cider Mills, Corn Shellers, Seymour's Grain Drills, Clover Hullers, Dog powers, Rubber Belting, Plows, &c. For Sale at the Tioga Point Agricultural Works.
R. M. WELLES & BROOKS,
Athens Pa., Sept. 1, 1857.

LEATHER.—A new supply of Sole Leather, Cow Hide, Kip and Split Skin, at No. 2, Patton's Block.
WM. A. ROCKWELL.

ESTRAY.—Broke into the enclosure of the subscriber, about the middle of August, one RED COW, about 15 years old; the owner is requested to come forward and prove property, pay charges, and take her away.
Burlington, Aug. 17, 1857. J. J. HAIGHT.

To All Concerned.
THE Subscribers' liabilities are such that they will either be obliged to sell the Judgments and Notes they hold against their customers, or enforce collection. We hope our friends, who are indebted to us, will give us an early attention to this notice is requested.
Aug. 19, 1857. MONTANYES.

BRADFORD COUNTY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—In consequence of the arrangements made for holding Teachers' Institutes, it has been found necessary to postpone the next regular meeting of the Association from the time originally fixed, to September—until FRIDAY, the 9th day of OCTOBER.
Aug. 25, 1857. JAS. WELLS, Secy.

PROPOSALS.
FOR THE ERECTION OF A LARGO FRAME HOUSE at the Mines of the Bradford Railroad and Coal Co. for the accommodation of Miners, will be received until MONDAY, the 15th of SEPTEMBER, by Col. G. F. Mason, at his office in Towns, to whom parties are referred for the plan and specifications.
Towns, Aug. 24, 1857. A. R. PERKINS, Pres't.

BARCLAY COAL.—THE BARCLAY RAILROAD AND COAL COMPANY have now on hand, and will keep constantly for sale at TOWANDA, a large supply of their coal, at
\$3 00 per ton for Blacksmith Coal, and
\$3 50 per ton for Raked Coal.
Apply for coal at TOWANDA to HORATIO BLACK. Coal will be sold at the following rates:
\$2 00 per ton for Blacksmith Coal, and
\$2 50 per ton for Raked Coal.
A liberal discount will be made on sales by the boat load.
Oct. 10, 1856. EDWARD OVERTON, President.

CASH PAID FOR BEEF HIDES, AND SHEEP PELTS AND FURS. at No. 2, Patton's Block.
WM. A. ROCKWELL.

WOOL! WOOL!
THE subscriber is buying WOOL for the Utica Woolen Company, and will pay the highest price in CASH for any quantity.
Also, the highest price paid in cash for SHEEP PELTS at
Towns, Aug. 17, 1857. M. E. SOUDAN, Clothing Store.

FOR SALE.
THE well-known and well-established CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY situated on Main st. in the south part of the Borough of Towns. Also, the Smith Shop, Timber House and Barn. Also, HOUSE AND LOT adjoining the shop. The whole will be sold cheap for ready pay. For terms apply to the subscriber at his residence on the premises.
N. B. The subscriber has on hand some \$1600 or \$1800 worth of CARRIAGES, of different kinds, which he will sell on reasonable terms for ready pay or approved credit.
Towns, Aug. 1, 1857. G. H. DRAKE.

Valuable Farm & Mill Property
Near Williamsport,
FOR SALE.
THE undersigned, surviving partner of the firm of J. R. & W. B. Huling, offers for sale that valuable property situated on the South side of the Susquehanna river, 6 miles from Williamsport, and three miles from the line of the Sunbury & Erie Railroad. The Pennsylvania Canal passes on the North side of the river. This tract contains 600 acres, with 6 per cent allowance. 200 acres is cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. There is a large amount of valuable timber on the premises; a good stream of water, and a good Saw Mill. The Mill is new, being built 1850.
The other improvements consist of five good dwelling houses, with out buildings there to. Two large barns, one of which is first class, with a large shed attached. The above property will be offered at Public Sale at the Court House, in Williamsport, on Wednesday, the 10th of August, next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.
The portions of the purchase money in cash, the balance made easy, with interest, and approved security.
Terms made known on the day of sale.
Further particulars can be obtained by addressing
WILLIAM B. HULING,
Surviving partner of the firm of J. R. & W. B. Huling,
Williamsport, Pa., June 30th 1857.

SALE FOR THE TABLE and Dairy for sale cheap by
Towns, July 28, 1857. WM. A. ROCKWELL.

WANTED.—Butter and Eggs, and all kinds of country produce, by
Towns, July 28, 1857. WM. A. ROCKWELL.

Rahm's Celebrated Lotion.
THIS preparation is a certain cure for Old Sores, Ulcers, Scalds, Galls, Frosts, and all sores on Man or Beast. Prepared at Standing Stone, and for sale every where.
Towns, Aug. 10, 1857. WM. A. ROCKWELL.

ESTRAY.—Came to the enclosure of the subscriber, on the 25th inst., TWO RED YEABLING HEIFERS. Also one red yearling STEER. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.
Windham, July 27, 1857. JOSEPH ELISBERE.

Miscellaneous.
RESOLUTION
Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met: That the following amendments are proposed to the constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.
FIRST AMENDMENT.
There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:—
ARTICLE XI.
OF PUBLIC DEBTS.
SECTION 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual needs or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for, but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or of different acts in time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to pay the interest thereon.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to reduce the present public debt, and to meet the expenses arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, or to any other purpose specified in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the state.
SECTION 3. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, or of any other source of revenue, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishing of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the Commonwealth shall not in any manner be pledged, or loaned, or the Commonwealth become a stockholder in, or loan its credit to any company, association, or corporation, or stockholder in, any company, association, or corporation.

SECTION 6. The Commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township, or of any corporation, or association; unless the same was contracted in time of war, or to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 7. The Legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to be loaned its credit, or to borrow money, or to issue its credit, or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECTION 8. There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article XII, as follows:—
ARTICLE XII.
OF INCORPORATIONS.
No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either from one county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, and the county so cut off shall, until a new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

SECTION 9. From section two of the constitution strike out the words, "of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "either the city of Philadelphia or any," and insert in their stead the words, "and no," and strike out, "section four, same article," and in lieu thereof insert the following:—
"SECTION 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the next General Assembly shall be apportioned and distributed equally throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing less than four hundred square miles, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided in the formation of a district. Any county containing a smaller number of taxable inhabitants than that of at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, each of which shall elect one representative."
At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words: "The city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof."
The legislature at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

SECTION 10. There shall be an additional article to the first article of said constitution, which shall be numbered and read as follows:
SECTION 10. The Legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke or annul any charter of incorporation, hereafter conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the Commonwealth; but in such manner however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporations.
SECTION 11. The Legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke or annul any charter of incorporation, hereafter conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the Commonwealth; but in such manner however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporations.

Resolved, That this resolution be printed. On first reading, yeas 34, nays 7; on the second reading, yeas 23, nays 8; on the third amendment, yeas 24, nays 4; on the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.
[Extract from the Journal.]
GEO. W. HAMERSLY, Clerk.

In the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, On first reading, yeas 34, nays 7; on the second reading, yeas 23, nays 8; on the third amendment, yeas 24, nays 4; on the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.
[Extract from the Journal.]
JACOB ZIEGLER, Clerk.
Filed in Secretary's office, May 27, 1857.
A. G. CURTIS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

In SENATE, March 27, 1857.
Resolved, That this resolution be printed. On first reading, yeas 34, nays 7; on the second reading, yeas 23, nays 8; on the third amendment, yeas 24, nays 4; on the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.
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[Extract from the Journal.]
GEO. W. HAMERSLY, Clerk.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz: YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Fausold, Foster, Gilman, Harter, Heins, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Innes, Innes, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kaufman, Kerr, Knight, Lessinger, Longaker, Lovett, Manger, Manly, M'Callum, Moorehead, Mumma, Muselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nuzemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikon, Powall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vanhook, Vickers, Voghtley, Walter, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Withrow, Wright, Zimmerman and Getz, Zimmsler.

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Bower, Calhoun, Campbell, Cary, Ent, Fausold, Foster, Gilman, Harter, Heins, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Innes, Innes, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kaufman, Kerr, Knight, Lessinger, Longaker, Lovett, Manger, Manly, M'Callum, Moorehead, Mumma, Muselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nuzemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikon, Powall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vanhook, Vickers, Voghtley, Walter, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Withrow, Wright, Zimmerman and Getz, Zimmsler.

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