Col. FORNEY will not deny, and which, if he does, we stand ready to prove. But Mr. FORNEY is a neglected man. We begin to think he was not quite sincere when he said he was "ambitious for money, and not for station or political power." We have always paid tribute to his talents, but in our estimate we must have come far short of the mark, if $25,000 per annum is an inadequate compensation for their exercise. Come, Mr. FORNEY, be ingenuous; it was power *and* money you wanted; you failed in one, the other you have rejected; you cannot acquire either by the publication of the "*Press*," under the plea of supporting the Administration of Mr. BUCHANAN; its success lies in the way of your ambition, and your insincerity will be apparent when some day the arts upon which you now rely will be striped of their guise. Be manly; let your paper stand on its own merits; let it reflect your sentiments and avow its purposes. Let it enter into an honorable competition, we will wish it success. The world is large enough for all; but when you seek to distract and disturb the party to which you owe so much, in order that you may avenge your imaginary private wrongs, we protest. This duty we owe to the party. Ours is a party of principles and a living faith; not of men; and we oppose, if necessary, the one, that we may the more successfully defend and support the other.

FIRE.—An alarm of fire sounded through our streets on Tuesday morning last, between three and four o'clock. The alarm proceeded from the Car Repair Shop, north-east of the Depot of the New York & Erie Rail Road. Before the Engines which were promptly on the ground, could be got to work, the fire had enveloped the entire building, and from the first it was evident that nothing could be done except prevent the spread of the flames to other buildings, of which there was little danger. The Shop was entirely consumed. The principal loss must be in tools, as the building was not valuable. The entire loss will not exceed $500. It is said that there was large quantities of material for cleaning the cars mixed with oil in the shop, and it is more than probable that the fire originated from something of this kind. If spontaneous combustion can occur from oil and cotton, it had as good an opportunity here to try itself as it could find elsewhere. The Fire Companies and the citizens generally, were promptly on the ground, and all that could be done was done. Capt. Fox, the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, was on hand with the first, and directed in getting water from the reservoir. The water was lowered into the box of the Engine the same way it is poured into the tender of the steam engines.—*Owego Times.*

MARRIED,

At Rome, Pa., July 22d, by Rev. D. Cook, Mr. ADEN R. BOLLES of Herrick, to Miss MERRIL AUGUSTA WOODBURN, of Rome.

DIED,

In Burlington on Friday, July 17, 1857, Mrs. CLARISSA E. M'KEAN, wife of Addison M'Kean, aged 39 years, 6 months and eight days.

"The grave's repose, its cooling shade,
It seems indeed for the weary made;
A noiseless home, a peaceful rest,
How sweet it sounds to the troubled breast."

New Advertisements.

THE TRUTH ABOUT KANSAS!

GOV. GEARY'S

Administration in Kansas!

Large 12mo. 348 pages.

WITH A COMPLETE HISTORY OF THE TERRITORY, until June, 1857. Embracing a full account of its discovery, Geography, Soil, Climate, Products, its organization as a Territory, transactions and events under Governors Reeder and Shannon, political dissensions, Personal Recounters, Election frauds, battles and outrages, with Portraits of prominent actors therein, all fully authenticated. By JOHN H. GIHON, M. D., Private Secretary to Gov. Geary. Carefully compiled from the official documents on file in the department of State at Washington and other papers in the possession of the Author, with full account of the invasion of Kansas from Missouri: the capture, trial and treatment of the Free Soil prisoners, the character and movements of the Missouri Border Ruffians, the murder of Buffum and others. The controversy between Governor Geary and Judge Lecompte. The proceedings of the Territorial Legislature, of the pro-slavery convention, and the organization of the National Democratic Party, with a sketch of Kansas during its early troubles under Governors Reeder and Shannon, its invasions, battles, outrages and murders.

A copy will be sent to any part of the United States, by mail, free of postage, on the receipt of retail price.

Price in cloth, $1 00. Paper, 50 cts. CHARLES C. RHODES, Publisher, Inquirer Building, Philadelphia.
July 28, 1857.

ESTRAY.—Came to the enclosure of the subscriber, on the 28th inst., TWO RED YEARLING HEIFERS. Also one red yearling STEER. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.
Windham, July 27, 1857. JOSEPH ELSBREE.

PRINTS.—Another new assortment of PRINTS and also of Dress Trimmings; the way they are going off is astonishing—come and see.
Towanda, July 28, 1857. WM. A ROCKWELL.

SALT FOR THE TABLE and Dairy for sale cheap by
Towanda, July 28, 1857. WM. A. ROCKWELL.

WANTED.—Butter and Eggs, and all kinds of country produce, by
Towanda, July 28, 1857. WM. A. ROCKWELL.

SHORT SEASON!

AS the Summer Season will be short, we have concluded to make our

Usual Reduction of Prices, at Once!

Which we have been accustomed to do late in the season, and in view of this fact, we will sell our large stock of

SUMMER CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, &c. &c.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

GUTTENBERG, ROSENBAUM & CO.
Towanda, July 22, 1857. Cor. Main and Bridge Sts.

A CHOICE FARM
Adjoining the Borough of Towanda,
For Sale at a GREAT BARGAIN!

AT $25 an acre, for all cash down:
At $30 an acre for $3000 down and balance in 3 years.
At $35 an acre for $2000 down and balance in 5 years.
At $40 an acre for $1000 down and balance in 7 years.

The farm contains 200 acres with a good House and barn, and an orchard of choice fruit on it. It is well watered with permanent springs conveniently distributed over it. About one half of it is cleared, and every acre of it is good tillable land. It could be advantageously divided so as to suit two or more persons wishing farms of less size.

My daughter has fifty acres adjoining it which she would also sell.
Towanda, July 21, 1857. W. PATTON.

STRAYED OR STOLEN, from Smith's Island, in the Susquehanna river THREE HEAD OF CATTLE. One a bright red Stag, five years old, short bodied, carries his head high; a light brindle, line back cow, 6 years old new milch; a three years old Bull, dark red, with small star in the forehead, light under the belly. A liberal reward will be paid for the return of these animals, or such information as will lead to their discovery.
Durell, July 1, 1857. ISRAEL SMITH.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that all persons indebted to the estate of GEO. H. JACKSON, deceased, late of ATHENS township, are requested to make payment without delay; those having demands against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
July 29, 1857. JOHN L. SAWYER, Executor.

New Advertisements.

G. F. Bailey & Co., Successors to

JUNE & TURNER'S

SUPERBLY APPOINTED

CIRCUS & MENAGERIE!

JOHN SHAY, Equestrian Director; W. H. AUSTIN, Manager; N. F. SMITH, Treasurer; Clown, JIM WARD, Ring Master, MR. SHAY.
Will exhibit at TOWANDA, on WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5, 1857. Doors open at 2 P. M., and at 7 in the Evening. Admission 25 Cents. No half price. To see both exhibitions.

The great Equestrian Troupe and Splendid Collection of

WILD ANIMALS

Will be exhibited under the same canvass, for only one price of Admission.

The Company will enter town on the day of exhibition at about ten in the forenoon, in GRAND PROCESSION, accompanied by the superb American Brass Band, of twelve Wind instruments, in their elegant Music Carriage drawn by Twelve Horses; and after proceeding through the principal streets, will halt at the ground of Exhibition.

The performance will commence with a new and beautiful cavalcade, entitled the PERSIAN CAVALRY! introducing in a series of rapid and skillful evolutions, the world renowned exercises of that warlike people, illustrating with great truthfulness, the review, the charge, the retreat and the rally. This brilliant spectacle will be represented with new and costly trappings, costumes, appropriate music, &c.

Novel Gymnastics and Acrobatic Feats by
MR. NICHOLLS!

Among the performances of Mr. Nicholls, will be seen the newly invented Rope Feats, called the Fireman's Ladder, elegant display of Athletic Skill, &c.

Elegant Scene Act of Changes, by Mr. W. ARMSTRONG in which the rider will give illustrations of various well known characters on horseback, accompanied by rapid changes of costume, expressive pantomimic action, appropriate music, &c.

Splendid Act of Horsemanship, Mr. LUKE RIVERS, in the course of which this accomplished and intrepid rider will display his graceful and rapid feats of equitation.

Curious and interesting feats of Balancing on horseback, by MASTER SHAY.

Brilliant display of horsemanship, by MONS BENOIT! Upon two and four highly trained horses, exhibiting a most perfect command of the reins, and the astonishing instinct and obedience of the noble horses.

Thrilling feats upon the Trapez, or Æriel Gymnasium, by Messrs. WARD & NICHOLS, a performance requiring the greatest physical and moral nerve of the artists to achieve.

Lofty and Energetic Leaps, Acrobatic Feats and elegant Gymnastics, by Mons. FLETCHER. Agraphic representation will be given of Hurdle Jumping, Fence Leaping, &c., by Mr. LYON, on his fleet and beautiful charger, without saddle or bridle.

Elegant and vigorous exercises by the Troupe, in Tumbling, Vaulting and Summersetting, in the course of which the following celebrated artists will distinguish themselves, viz: Messrs. J. Haslett, Jim Ward, the Clown, W. Ward, Kincade, Luke Rivers, Master Shay, Mr. Solomon and Master Dick.

JIM WARD, THE CLOWN!

Will perform a Comic Scene on Horseback, in which he will personate with admirable dexterity of changes the following characters—The Gipsey, Female Modesty, Bacchus, God of Wine.

Feats of Posturing and Muscular Strength, by Mr. SOLOMON.

Elegant Act of Lady Equestrianism, by Mad'lle ADELE DUBOIS, from the Parisian Circus and London Amphitheatre, in all those beautiful Tours De Grace, and agile feats of Equestrianism, for which her school is so justly and widely celebrated.

The greatly distinguished French rider, Mons. BENOIT will give an exhibition of his surprising art as LA JONGLEUR—A CHEVAL, in the course of which he will perform various feats of wonderful dexterity in balancing Balls, Spinning Plates, throwing Knives, playing with Sticks, Rings, &c., during the motion of his horse around the circle.

The entertainments will be enlivened and alternated with the performances of a BAND OF SABLE MINSTRELS! in which Mr. MULLIGAN, the Original Bob Ridley, and Mr. SNOWDEN, the accomplished Banjo Player, will sing a variety of popular Negro Melodies, Chorusses, Glees, &c., Dances, Jigs, Breakdowns, &c.—The entertainments will conclude with a

COMIC AFTERPIECE.

Will exhibit at Athens Aug. 4th, and at LeRaysville August 6th.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of sundry writs of vend. exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Bradford County, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale on MONDAY, the 7th day of SEPTEMBER, A. D., 1857, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Court House, in the borough of Towanda, the following described lot, piece or parcel of land, situate in the borough of Towanda, Bradford County, bounded north by lands in possession of John F. Means and Samuel Kingston, east by lands of N. N. Betts and J. A. Record, south by J. T. Taylor and west by Second Street.—Containing fifty feet front and one hundred and fifty feet deep, all improved with a two-story framed house, partly finished and fruit trees thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of J. Harvey Phinney vs. Michael O'Sullivan.

ALSO—The detendant's interest in one other lot, piece or parcel of land situate in the village of Canton in Canton township, Bradford county, bounded on the north and east by lands of Harding & Lee, on the south by the highway and on the west by land of John Griffin. Containing about twenty-four feet front and about fifty feet deep be the same more or less, all improved.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Ira Smith jr. & Co. vs. Horace Tuttle.

ALSO—The following lot, piece or parcel of land situate in the village of Canton in Canton township, Bradford county, bounded on the north by land of J. W. Griffin east by Wright's alley, south by Crooked Alley and west by Centre street, being lot No. 7 on a plot or heap made for Newman & Kingsbery by O. D. W. C. Orcutt. Containing about sixty-six feet front and running back one hundred and ninety-four feet more or less, all improved, with one framed dwelling house thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of H. Miller to the use of W. S. Newman vs. J. M. Leighton.

ALSO—The following described lot, piece or parcel of land situate in the borough of Towanda, Bradford co., bounded north by Henry Esenwine's lot, east by Main street, south by lands of John F. Means and west by Second street. Containing one hundred and seven feet front and two hundred and ninety four feet beck, be the same more or less, all improved, with a large framed foundry and machine shop thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Hall & Russell vs. I. L. & H. L. Lamoreux.

ALSO—The following described lot, piece or parcel of land situate in Wells township, Bra ford county, bounded on the north by land formerly belonging to Whiting Gifford, east by the highway, south by land of Jesse Edsall and west by land of Jas. Edsall. Containing about sixteen acres, more or less, about four acros improved, ohe framed house and a few fruit trees thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of William Hubbard vs. Noble J. Stuart.

JOHN A. CODDING, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Towanda, July 28, 1857.

H. A. BURBANK'S BAKERY
One Door North of the Ward House.
TOWANDA, PA.

WHERE you can find a constant supply of Bread, Rusk, Crackers, Cookies, Jumbles, and all kinds of Fancy Cakes.

☞ OYSTERS furnished by the quart or keg, or cooked to order.

☞ Particular attention paid to filling orders for parties

Returning our sincere thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon us during the past year, and hoping by close application to business to merit a continuance of the same, we remain as ever, your humble servant,
March 16, 1857. H. A. BURBANK.

Valuable Farm & Mill Property

Near Williamsport,

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, surviving partner of the firm of J. R. & W. B. Huling, offers for sale all that valuable property situated on the South side of the Susquehanna River, 6 miles from Williamsport, and three miles from the line of the Sunbury & Erie Rail Road. The Pennsylvania Canal passes on the opposite side of the River. This tract contains 660 acres, with 6 per cent allowance. 200 acres is cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. There is a large amount of valuable timber on the premises; a good stream of water, and a good Saw Mill. The Mill is new, being built 1856.

The other improvements consist of five good dwelling houses, with out buildings thereto. Two large barns, one of which is first class, with a large shed attached.

The above property will be offered at Public Sale at the Court House, in Williamsport, on Wednesday, the 19th of August, next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

A portion of the purchase money in cash, the balance made easy, with interest, and approved security.

Terms made known on the day of sale.

Further particulars can be obtained by addressing
WILLIAM B. HULING,
Surviving partner of the firm of J. R. & W. B Huling.
Williamsport, Pa., June 30th 1857.

Miscellaneous.

RESOLUTION

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met: That the following amendments are proposed to the constitution of the commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:—

ARTICLE XI.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SECTION 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatevee.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the state.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds, or resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SECTION 5. The credit of the commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SECTION 6. The commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itselt in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SECTION 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional article to said constitvtion to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be bivided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution strike out the words, "*of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;*" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "*of Philvdelphia and of the several counties;*" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "*neither the city of Philadelphia nor any,*" and insert in lieu thereof the words, "*and no;*" and strike out, "*section four, same article,*" and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"SECTION 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a seperate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "*the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof.*"

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

FOURTH AMENDMENT.

There shall be an additional section to the first article of said constitution, which shall be numbered and read as follows:

SECTION 26. The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke, or annul, any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, March 27, 1857.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 34, nays 7; on the second amendment, yeas 23, nays 8; on the third amendment, yeas 24, nays 4; on the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

[Extract from the Journal.]

GEO. W. HAMERSLY, *Clerk.*

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
April 29, 1857.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 18, nays 12; on the second amendment yeas 57, nays 34; on the third amendment, yeas 72, nays 22; on the fourth amendment, yeas 83, nays 7.

[Extract from the Journal.]

JACOB ZIEGLER, *Clerk.*

Filed in Secretary's office, May 2, 1857.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, June 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth," with the vote in each branch of the Legislature upon the final passage thereof, as appears from the originals on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my [L. S.] hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, March 27, 1857.

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Flenniken, Frazer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shuman, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taggart, *Speaker*—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Cresswell, Finney. Gregg, Harris, Penrose and Souther—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Finney, Flenniken, Ingram, Jorpan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, S raub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taggart, *Speaker*—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Coffey, Crabb, Frazer, Gregg. Harris, Killinger, Penrose and Scofield—8

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Crabb, Creswell, Ely, Evans, Flenniken, Erazer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Coffey, Gregg, Harris and Penrose—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Creswell, Ely, Evans, Flenniken, Frazer, Ingram, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Scofield, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Finney, Jordan and Penrose—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
April 29, 1857.

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the first amendment?

Miscellaneous.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Diekey, Ent, Eyster, Fausold Foster, Gibboney, Gildea, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Heistand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Kerr, Knight, Lessenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Moorhead, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nich olson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petriken, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia.) Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanhoorhis, Vickers, Voeghley, Walter, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Witherow, Wright, Zimmerman and Getz, *Speaker*—78.

NAYS—Messrs. Backus, Benson, Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Lebo, Struthers, Thorn, Warner and Wintrode—12.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and wore as follow, viz:

YEAR—Messrs. Anderson, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Bower, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Ent, Fausold, Foster, Gildea, Hamel, Harper, Heines, Hiestand, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Knight, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Ilvain, Moorhead, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petriken, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia) Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Tolan, Vail, Voeghley, Walter, Westbrook, Wharton, Zimmerman and Getz, *Speaker*—57.

NAYS—Messrs. Arthur, Augustine, Backus, Benson, Bishop, Brown, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Eyster, Gibboney, Hamilton, Hancock, Hill, Hine, Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Jacobs, Kerr, Lebo, M'Calmont, Mumma, Reed, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centte,) Ttevenson, Struthers, Thorn, Vanhoorhis, Vickers, Wagonseller, Warner, Wintrode, Witherow and Wright—34.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Benson, Bower. Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Fausold, Foster, Gibboney, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Heistand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks.) Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Kerr, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, Moorhead, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (York,) Reamer, Reed, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vril, Vanhoorhis, Vickers, Voeghley, Wagonseller, Westbrook, Williston, Witherow, Wright, Zimmerman and Getz, *Speaker*—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Arthur, Augustine, Backus, Bishop, Carty, Dock, Gildea, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Jenkins, Knight, Leisenring, M'Ilvain, Ramsey, (Philadelphia) Roberts, Struthers, Thorn, Walter, Warner, Wharton, and Wintrode—22.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Backus, Ball, Beck, Benson, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Fausold, Foster, Gibboney, Gildea, Hamel, Harper. Heins, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Kauffman, Kerr, Lebo, Leisenring Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Ramsey, (York,) Beamer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanhoornis, Vickers, Voeghley, Wagonseller, Walter, Warner, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Witherow, Zimmerman and Getz, *Speaker*—83.

NAYS—Messrs. Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Struthers, Thorn, Wintrode, and Wright—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETATY'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, June 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1857.

Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this [L. S.] twenty-sedond day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

A. G. CURTIN,
July 9te *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

New Store & New Goods,

Patton's Block, one door North of Guttemburg, Rosenbaum & Co.

WM. A. ROCKWELL,

LATE of the firm of Montanyes & Co., would inform the public generally and his old friends and customers partiularly that he is just receiving and now offers for sale on the most favorable terms, a large and carefully selected assortment of GOODS.

THE LADIES will find that their wants have been carefuly considered. Their attention is particularly invited to all the latest styles of DRESS GOODS—Silks, Challies, Lawns, Common. Robe and French; Plain and Robe Bareges, Brilliants, DeLaines, Alapaccas, Thibet, Cloths, foreign and domestic Ginghams, Merrimac, Coaneco, and all the newest styles of Prints. Mourning Goods, a great variety. Apron checks and Flannels.

EDGING.—Jaconet, Swiss Thread, Cotton, Black Silk, do. Cotton Laces, Bugle, Illusion and Blonde.

EMBROIDERIES—Collars and Cuffs, Undersleeves, Dimity, Mourning and Bugle Collars, embroidered Bands and Flouncings. Stamped Collars and Bands.

WHITE GOODS.—Jaconet, plain and striped. Plain and dotted Muslins; India, Book, Barred and striped Muslins; Victoria and Bishop Lawns.

SKELETON and Cactus Skirts; Brass, Reed, and Whalebone Hoops, and Crinoline.

BARRAGE, Love, Dotted, and Chantley Veils.

SHAWLS—A great variety.

BOMNETS—Neapolitan, White, Soft and Fancy Straw Bonnets.

RIBBONS of every kind. Florence Silks, Moire Antiques, Fringes, Saving Braid, Buttons, Paper Cambrics, glazed Muslin, and all the latest styles of Dress Trimmings, Mitts, Gloves, Sewing Silk, spool Thread, French and Moravian Cotton.

FOR THE GENTLEMEN. Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweed, Kentucky Jeans, Black Doeskin, Check, Cottonade, stripe and fancy check, Brown Duck, Overalls, &c. Silk, Farmer's Satin, Marseilles, gnd fancy VESTINGS. Buttons, Twist, a general assortment of Coat Trimmings, Collars, Cravats, Suspenders, Shirtings, Linen Bosoms, (ready made), &c., &c.

HOUSE FURNISHING Goods, Madder and undressed Furniture Prints, Sheetings, brown and bleached. Drapery Muslin, Carpet bindings, Brown Crash, Linen and Cotton Diaper, Brown, and bleached Table Linen, Napkins, Dowlies, Carpet-warp, Tickings, &c., &c.

HATS & CAPS—BOOTS & SHOES—For men, women, and children.

HOSIERY—White and colored. Mits, Gloves, Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs.

YANKEE NOTIONS.—Hooks and Eyes, Combs, Brushes of all kinds, Pins, Needles, Tape, Buckles, Pencils, Pens, Inkstands, Tobacco and Shaving Boxes, Strops Fish hooks and lines.

PAPER HANGINGS.—Borders, Window Shades, Writing Paper and Envelopes.

GROCERIES—Fine Green and Black Teas. Coffee, Rice, Spices, Starch, Salaratus, Soda, Cream Tartar, Sugars, Molasses, Peppersauce, Tobacco, Codfish, Mackerel, Soaps, Paints, Oils, Dyestuffs, Glass, Drugs and Medicines, Lamp Oil, Fluid, Camphine, Candles, Brooms, Baskets, Wooden ware, Stone ware, Sieves, Hardware and Cutlery, Leather and Shoe findings, Trunks and carpet bags, fly nets, whips, &c., &c.

The subscriber has purchased his goods for cash, and therefore can afford to sell them low for CASH or country produce, and hopes for a liberal share of patronage.
Towanda, July 1, 1857.

NEW SPRING &

SUMMER GOODS:

JOSEPH POWELL, as usual, is early on hand with the largest, cheapest and best selected stock of SPRING GOODS to be found in Towanda, comprising all the new and desirable styles of

DRY GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, STRAW GOODS, CARPETS, &C.

to which the attention of the public is respectfully invited. Towanda, April 80, 1857.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.—A large and fashionable assortment, never before equalled in Towanda, of moire antique, brocade, corded and plain black SILKS; plain and striped Poplins, Debeges, Challis, spring Delaines, Organdies, French printed Jaconetts, Lawns of all prices, white and colored Brilliantes, Berages, Crapes, French, Scotch and domestic Ginghams, French, English and American Prints, just received by
April 6, 1857. J. POWELL.

LACES, EMBROIDERIES, &C.—Ladies' French and Scotch embroidered Jaconett and Book Muslin Collars, Sleeves, Bands, Flouncings, Edgings and Insertings; Linen and Cambric embroidered Handkerchiefs, real thread Bobbin, Smyrna Linen wrought, and Cotton Edgings, Gimpnire, Brussels, Black Silk, and Bugled Laces, just received by
April 6, 1857. J. POWELL.

GLOVES AND HOSIERY.—Ladies, Misses and Childrens white, unbleached, colored and mixed cotton and lisle thread Hose, of every price. Men's and Boys bleached, unbleached and mixed cotton half hose. Gents and Ladies kid, silk, lisle thread and cotton gloves, of every price and color, just received by
April, 6, 1857. J. POWELL.

Miscelaneous.

NEW GOODS

AND

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

COLLINS & POWELL are now receiving a large stock of SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING, which they are selling exclusively FOR CASH, as they think a bird in hand is worth two in the bush. Their stock consists of Business, Black Cloth, Fancy Cassimere Tweed, Kentucky Jean, White Duck, Linen, Marseiles, and Brown Linen COATS of all kinds and qualities.—Black Cassimere, Fancy Cassimere, Brown Linen, White Linen and Kentucky Jean PANTS; Silk, Satin and Marseiles VESTS of all kinds; Black and Fancy Cravats; Gents ½ Hose, Shirts, Collars, Suspenders, Hats nnd Caps and everyihing in the line of Men's wear. Their stock of Cloths and Cassimeres are unsurpassed, and are selling cheap. We are still ready to make up all kinds of GARMENTS to order on short notice, and warranted in every particular; all of which we are bound to sell lower than was ever offered in this market for Cash. Cutting done as usual. COLLINS & POWELL.
Towanda, April 16, 1857.

Largest Stock of Dry Goods

IN OWEGO!

G. B. GOODRICH & CO.

ARE now prepared to exhibit their stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, embracing the latest styles

Rich and Fashionable

DRESS GOODS,

The whole comprising the largest and best assortment they have ever had the pleasure of offering to the public.

Our stock has been selected with great care,
And purchased at the very lowest
CASH PRICES,
And will be offered,
"Cheap as the Cheapest, and a little Cheaper!"
Owego, May 7, 1857.

1857. 1857.

More and More New Goods!

AT

GUTTENBURG ROSENBAUM & Co.

Just opening a full assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY GOODS,

AND

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Which will be sold Cheap—CHEAPER THAN EVER! Give us a call; You cannot fail to be suited for quality and price.

☞ Patton's Block, Corner of Main and Bridge sts.
Towanda, May 6, 1857.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.—Black and colored cloths and cassimers, and an endless quantity of fancy cassimeres, tweeds, Kentucky jeans, cottonades, linens, &c., cheaper than ever before, just received by
April 6, 1857. J. POWELL.

MORE NEW GOODS!

HUMPHREY & WICKAM

ARE just receiving, in their New Store, west side of the Public Square a large and well selected assortment of goods suitable for the Summer trade. Consisting of Lawns, Challis, Bareges, Poplin, Delaines, Scotch and American Ginghams, Debeges, Black and Colored Silks, French, English and American Prints in great variety; Gents Dress Goods, Hardware, Crockery, Fish, Sugar, Tea, Coffee and other Family Groceries. Also, a very large assortment of

Boots & Shoes,

of almost every variety, and having made arrangements with the manufacturers by which we are in constant receipt of new work, we are prepared to offer to the public the largest and best stock, and at lower prices than any other store in Towanda. Call and see.

Sole and Upper