

Robbery and Singular Developments.

On Wednesday night, 27th ult., the room of H. S. PHINNEY of Monroeton, in Kendig's Hotel, Middletown, was entered, his trunk forced open, and \$3000 in bills taken therefrom, the burglars leaving \$500 in gold in the trunk, and a considerable amount of money which was in his pantaloons pocket, which escaped their notice. The only clue yet discovered of the perpetrators of this daring affair, is contained in the singular developments caused by the occurrences stated below:—

[From the Lancaster Times, June 1.]

Thursday morning as the Express Mail Train going west, was nearing Harrisburg, and when within a mile of Bryant and Longenecker's furnace, it ran over two men, killing one instantly and so badly injuring the other that he died soon after without having spoken a word or giving the least signs of consciousness.

The accident occurred about daybreak; the two men were walking on the track in the direction of Harrisburg, on the down track, and seeing a freight train approach, they stepped on to the other track with their backs toward the approaching mail train, which was within fifty yards of them at the time; the engineer saw their danger, and blew the whistle, but was too near upon them to avoid the accident; the next moment the engine struck them, the result of which was as described. Immediately upon the mail train arriving at Harrisburg, a car was despatched containing the Coroner and a jury and help, to bring in the mangled bodies. On arriving at the scene of the accident, an inquest was held, and a verdict returned in accordance with the above facts.—On searching the bodies the name of one, Fitzgerald, was discovered, as also a roll of notes in their possession to a very large amount; an anger and a chisel, as also a bunch of pick-lock keys.

On discovering the money, the coroner thought from this and their respectable appearance, that it was but due to them to give them a decent coffin; accordingly two very nice coffins were ordered and their remains deposited therein, to the credit of the notes, which, "to and behold," on being presented at the Bank were declared to be all counterfeit!

At the time of the accident, two boats were passing the spot, in different directions, on the canal which is there in close proximity, and parallel with the railroad; and the captain of the up boat was observed to holla to the men, and failing to make them hear, he attempted to jump ashore across the other boat, but slipping between, was badly injured; the boat, however, proceeded on its journey.

Upon the arrival of the express freight train at Middletown yesterday morning, it was discovered that a shoe store in that neighborhood had been broken open and a quantity of boots and shoes taken therefrom. The persons connected with the store imagining that the burglars might have gone on to Harrisburg, proceeded by the Express freight to that Borough, and on their arrival, heard of the above mentioned accident.

When the facts of the burglary at Middletown became known to the police, and the nature of the implements found on the strangers was mentioned to the proprietors of the shoe store, a unanimous conclusion was come to that the unfortunate men were the deprecators, and were walking to Harrisburg, after committing the deed; and, moreover, the anxiety of the boatman excited suspicions that the booty might be on board the boat that had gone up the canal.

Accordingly two things were immediately concluded upon, first; to examine the premises broken into, and compare the marks made with the implements found, and on so doing it was discovered that the chisel found in the deceased's possession, was, undoubtedly, the one which had been used to break open the store; pursuit of the boat was then determined on, and the Middletown officers proceeded immediately on the track, and have probably by this time, satisfied themselves of their suspicions. The bodies of the unfortunate men were buried on Friday.

[From the Harrisburg Herald, June 1st.]

We stated in Saturday's issue that additional developments would be made relative to the two men killed on the Railroad at Highspire. The fact is now fully established that for some weeks previous to the accident which resulted in their death, these men had been residents of our town, and occupied one of Mr. Colder's houses in North street, opposite the Cotton Mill. The circumstances which led to this discovery, and to the subsequent development of more important and startling facts, was detailed to us Saturday by our efficient Coroner, Dr. W. Barr.

It appears that on Friday afternoon, a female called at the office of the Coroner, and asked him if he knew the men who had been killed on the Railroad. She seemed to be in great distress, shed tears freely, and said she feared that one of them was her husband. She handed the Coroner a daguerreotype likeness and requested to know if it resembled either of the dead men. Without waiting for a reply, she asked if their clothing had been preserved and if so whether she could see it. The Coroner at once submitted the clothing to her inspection, and the moment she saw it she became excessively agitated, and exclaimed "that is poor George's and that is poor Charles's!"—and immediately sank into a chair and fainted. After a short time the woman recovered, when she made a second examination of the clothing and identified every article. She conversed very freely with the Coroner in regard to herself—stated that the name of the men was her husband, and his name Williams—that she was from Turberville, Northumberland county, in this State, and that she had been living with her husband and his companion in North street, opposite the cotton mill. Coroner Barr, satisfied from previous developments that the dead men had been counterfeiters and burglars, and that the woman knew more than she chose to disclose, determined to search the house; and immediately after the woman's departure he called in officer Newman, and the two visited the house for that purpose. During the process of the search they found a quantity of mills and metal drills and files, punches and lades, a variety of other acids, saws and chisels, augers, and a variety of other implements used for counterfeiting and burglarious purposes—also a lot of unfinished counterfeit coin. The discoveries made fully established the fact that the business of counterfeiting had been carried on extensively in the house.

A lady who resides in the same block informed the Coroner that whilst he was engaged searching the upper rooms, the woman previously alluded to carried out a quantity

of metal of some kind, and other articles, and threw them into the privy. Numerous interesting documents were discovered, containing the names of individuals evidently members of regularly organized gang of counterfeiters and burglars and horse thieves, extending from the city of Philadelphia all over our State, and to Nebraska and California. It was also discovered by an examination of the documents that the man known here as Vickroy, was no less distinguished a personage than the widely-known Horse Tamer and Trainer, G. W. Driesbach, of Cherokee county, Texas, alias Geo. Vickroy, Douglas, &c. This fellow it is supposed, was one of the ring-leaders of the gang above alluded to. The other man, the woman claimed as her husband—she said his name was Williams, and that he had never assumed any other. But papers found during the search showed that his name (or one of his names) was George Russell.

It will be recollected that the names of Douglas and Russell occurred frequently in the papers and letters found upon persons of these two men. Various other papers and letters are in possession of the Coroner, which will no doubt soon lead to further and more startling developments, and the implication of certain parties in this county and the counties of Lycoming, Northumberland, Columbia and Montour. The woman (Mrs. Williams as she called herself) left very suddenly and unexpectedly on Friday evening, in the train for Philadelphia. Just before getting into the omnibus, she was seen to raise one of the stair steps, take out a quantity of something resembling coin, and hurriedly thrust it into her trunk. When informed of this fact the Coroner hastened in pursuit of the woman, but the cars were gone and the bird had flown! On Saturday morning he telegraphed to the Philadelphia authorities, stated the circumstances described the woman, and suggested the seizure and search of her trunk. What the result was we have not learned.

MONTHLY REPORT OF A POSTMASTER.—The following letter was received a few days ago by President BUCHANAN, as a monthly report from a post office in the west:—

CRAWFORD Co., Mo., April 20, 1857.—Mr. BUCHANAN—Dear Sir: Mr. — is the Postmaster at this place and he is gone out West, and has been gone for three or four weeks, and he has no deputy here, but I have been opening the mails and attending to it since he has been gone, as he left the key with me, and the Postmaster told me that I must make a report at the end of every month, and did not tell me who I was to write to but I suppose it is you we should make our reports, as we are all citizens of the Government of which you are now President. If you are not the right one to receive the report, please drop me a few lines, letting me know who I am to report to, and I will write again.

REPORT AT THE END OF APRIL.—The weather is cold for the season—provisions scarce and very high—but notwithstanding all that, we have regular mails once a week, good health, and the people of this country are universally pleased with your Administration; this is all I know that would interest you; if there is anything omitted in my last report, please let me know. My best respects to you and Mrs. Buchanan.

The President has again selected a man for the Governorship of Utah, whose name is officially concealed until it shall be known whether he will accept the appointment. It is deemed probable that Col. Cumming would have accepted the appointment had it been tendered. The frequency to the refusals to occupy this office appear to have made them fashionable, and we shall not at be surprised if this new selection of the President will be as summarily treated as were the others.—Hence the caution to conceal the name from the newspaper reporters. When a Governor has been obtained, attention will be directed to procuring two new Judges at Utah to fill vacancies, and also a United States Marshal and a Superintendent of Indian Affairs. The Governor himself will have to act as Superintendent of Mormon Affairs. A report was currently believed in Washington last evening that Hon. P. F. Thomas, ex-Governor of Maryland, is the person whom the Governorship of Utah is now tendered, and that he will accept.

LANDLORD'S DUTIES.—Before announcing the licenses granted by the Court on Wednesday morning, says the Harrisburg Daily Telegraph, Judge Pearson proceeded to make some preparatory remarks, explaining the duties of landlords. He stated that they were bound to accommodate all persons who asked for it, so long as they had room; that it made difference if the applicant was a person of mistrustful appearance—taverns were regarded by the law as places of accommodation of travelers, and their proprietors had no right to turn them away, no matter whether they thought them able to pay for their lodgings or not. His Honor said that this was clearly the object of the law, and no license would hereafter be granted where it was known that this part of the landlord's duty had not been complied with. These remarks created no little excitement among the tavern keepers present, many whom expressed themselves in objectionable terms against the view taken by the Judge. If this be the true intent of the law—and it doubtless is—there has a wide diversion of it hereofore.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.—William A. Richardson, of Illinois, Governor of the Territory of Nebraska, in place of Mark W. Izard, the present incumbent.

Joseph A. Wright, of Indiana, envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States at the Court of his Majesty the King of Prussia, in place of Peter D. Vroom, of New Jersey, recalled at his own request.

Henry C. Murphy, of New York, Minister Resident of the United States at the Court of his Majesty the King of the Netherlands, in place of August Belmont, of New York, recalled at his own request.

Isaac R. Diller, of Illinois, Consul of the United States at Bremen, in place of Wm. Hildebrand, the present incumbent.

William Thomson, of New York, Consul of the United States at Southampton, (England), in place of Joseph R. Crosby, resigned.

Gabriel G. Fleuret, of New York, Consul of the United States at Bordeaux, (France), to fill an existing vacancy.—Union.

In the Abingdon District of Virginia, Hopkins, the Democrat nominee for Congress has been beaten by Martin, Distribution Democrat. In all the other districts the regular Democratic nominees have been elected.

Bradford Reporter.

E. O. GOODRICH, EDITOR.

TOWANDA:

Thursday Morning, June 11, 1857.

TERMS.—One Dollar per annum, invariably in advance.—Four weeks previous to the expiration of a subscription, notice will be given by a printed wrapper, and if not received, the paper will in all cases be stopped.

CLIPPING.—The Reporter will be sent to Clubs at the following extremely low rates:—5 copies for... \$12 00 10 copies for... 8 00 20 copies for... 15 00

ADVERTISEMENTS.—For a square of ten lines or less, One Dollar for three or less insertions, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.

JOB WORK.—Executed with accuracy and despatch, and at reasonable prices—with every facility for doing Books, Banners, Hand-bills, Ball tickets, &c.

MONEY may be sent by mail, at our risk—enclosed in an envelope, and properly directed, we will be responsible for its safe delivery.



FOR GOVERNOR,
DAVID WILMOT, of Bradford Co.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WM. MILLWORT, of Philadelphia.

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
JOSEPH J. LEWIS, of Chester Co
JAMES VEECH, of Fayette County.

GOV. WALKER'S INAUGURAL.—A brief synopsis of Gov. Walker's Inaugural Address to the people of Kansas is telegraphed from St. Louis.

It is a long, conciliatory and persuasive document. It recognizes all Territorial enactments, and says all constitutional laws shall be executed. It urges all parties to participate in the election, and believes the Convention will form a Constitution which will suit the people, and does not believe that Congress will reject it.

It earnestly impresses the necessity of removing the Slavery agitation from the Halls of Congress and Presidential elections, and says Slavery will ultimately be determined by the law of climate. It is this law now operating for and against Slavery in Kansas. In the event that Slavery does not exist in Kansas, it says she has constitutional duties to her sister States, especially to Missouri, and trusts the Constitution will contain clauses forever securing to that State all constitutional guarantees, both by Federal and State authority, and supremacy within her own limits by the authority of the Supreme Court of the United States. It says that if this question is decided peacefully, he sees for Kansas an immediate career of sure progress and prosperity, unsurpassed by history; but that if violence, injustice and fraud reign, history may be compelled to record the fact that Kansas was the grave of the American Union.

Mr. E. A. SMITH, whose injury by falling from the tender of a locomotive on the N. Y. & E. R. R., we noticed week before last, died from the injuries received on Monday, 1st instant. His remains were brought to this place for interment. The accident was caused by the engineer starting the train while Mr. SMITH was in the act of reaching the hose at the water-tank for the purpose of taking water. The sudden start threw him off his balance, and in jumping upon the wood in the tender, he struck upon a round stick which precipitated him before the wheels of the tender two of which passed over his legs, breaking and crushing them badly. The brake also caused a severe wound in the back. We believe that no blame is attached to the engineer.

Judge LEAVITT, of Cincinnati, issued a writ of habeas corpus for the U. S. officers in jail in Clark county, for assault upon the Sheriff of that county, and the prisoners were brought to that city. The examination commenced on Monday, but was adjourned for the production of affidavits by either party. It is probable the prisoners will be discharged by Judge LEAVITT, but this will not prevent their indictment by the Grand Jury of Clark county, and their arrest for trial.

The Inaugural of Governor HALL, of New Hampshire, who was inaugurated Thursday, is a truly Republican document. Industry, education, and the agricultural interests of the State are considered. It states that liquor law has been attended with the most favorable results. Increased banking capital is opposed, the DRED SCOTT decision protested against, and rendering pecuniary aid to the Free-State settlers in Kansas suggested.—Much benefit is anticipated to result from this Republican State Government.

The National American Convention, at Louisville, adjourned sine die at a late hour on Wednesday night. ERASTUS BROOKS, the editor of the New York Express, offered a series of resolutions intended to convey the sense of the Convention on the various prominent subjects now agitating the public mind. During the discussion on the resolutions, a most important assertion was made by a prominent delegate from Missouri, to the effect that the people of that State generally acknowledge that Kansas must be a Free State.

FIRE AT THE WESTERN PENITENTIARY.—Tuesday about 11 o'clock, a fire broke out in the Western Penitentiary, at Allegheny City.—The upper floor was damaged, causing a loss of about \$1000. None of the prisoners escaped. The fire originated in the flue at the roof of the building.

THE GOVERNORSHIP OF UTAH.—It is currently reported that ex-Governor Philip Frank Thomas has been offered, and will accept the Governorship of Utah.

AMERICAN FIZZLE.—The straight American Convention held at Lancaster on the 3d was a miserable failure. But nine counties were represented. The following ticket was placed in nomination:—

Governor, ISAAC HAZLEHURST, of Philadelphia; Supreme Court, JACOB BROOM, of Philadelphia; JOSEPH E. BRADY, of Allegheny; Canal Commissioner, Mr. Linderman, of Berks; Gov. Geary's name was not presented to the Convention, he having sent a despatch declining a nomination for Governor.

An election has recently been held in Minnesota for Delegates to the Constitutional Convention, and the returns from the southern portion of the Territory indicate a Republican majority. The prospect that the new Constitution of that territory, prior to its admission as a state into the Union, will be imbued with the genuine spirit of Republicanism is as highly gratifying as the anticipation that a State, new-born and uncontaminated by strong partisan passions, will be added to the strongholds of the Republican party.

At a regular meeting of NAID FIRE COMPANY, No. 2, on Saturday evening last, the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months:—

Foreman—J. BILL MEANS.
1st Ass't—CHARLES MERCUR.
2d Ass't—CHARLES H. ALLEN.
Pipeman—E. O. GILLISPIE.
Secretary—JESSE A. WILSON.
Treasurer—OSCAR A. BLACK.

LATER FROM SALT LAKE.—The Leavenworth Herald learns from Mr. Williams, who left Salt Lake on April 15th, that there was great excitement at that place. Brigham Young was carrying things with a high hand, and driving the Gentiles away. Judge Stiles, the U. S. Marshal, and the Surveyor General with his family and a large number of emigrants had been obliged to leave the Territory.

Hon. JOSEPH WILLIAMS, of Iowa, has been appointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Kansas, and CALVIN F. BURNS United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri.

David Wilmot, the Republican candidate for Governor in Pennsylvania, has issued a very able address to the people of that State on the issue now before the country. He is politically and mentally one of the strongest men in that State, greatly superior to any man they have had as Chief Magistrate since the days of McKean and Snyder. He has the ability of the former and firmness of the latter.

In his antecedents and from honest conviction, Judge Wilmot is a decided democratic republican, and ten years since was one of the most influential leaders of the democratic party in that Commonwealth. Being a firm State rights man, he has opposed the extension and nationalizing of slavery, and the democracy of northern Pennsylvania have stood with him by their own principles, the old Jackson forces through the whole region giving large majorities for Fremont in the late presidential election. These are strong and favorable indications for the Republican cause in the Pennsylvania, and in making Wilmot their candidate they have displayed wisdom and sagacity. The election of no other man would give greater satisfaction to the Republicans of the whole country.—Conn. Press.

A young girl living in Pottsville, Pa., rose at night to open her chamber window, and while in the act her hand slipped and passed through a pane of glass, whereby an artery was cut at the wrist. She was not aware of the extent of the injury until she felt the warm blood streaming over her, when she opened door of her room and called for help. She soon fainted from the loss of blood, but by prompt measures on the part of the family, and the efforts of a physician, her life was saved.

KILLED.—The Wellsboro Agitator learns that a man was killed at Blossburg on Monday morning, by the accidental descent of a car on the plane at that place. The draught rope parted when the car shot down the plane with fearful velocity for about a hundred feet, where it left the track and crushed the unfortunate man to death instantly.

When Macheon, the Greek Physician was slain, Homer said of him, "a good Physician is worth as much as a whole army." Then a good medicine like Ayer's Cathartic Pills, is worth a great deal more, because it cures as well, works wider and lasts longer. The circle of the best Physician's labor must be narrow, while such a remedy is available to all—can be had by every body, and is worth having.

A young man, named Cyrus Harnes, was caught in the machinery of the Eden Paper Mill, near Lancaster, Pa., on Wednesday afternoon last, and was so shockingly mangled that he died about midnight.

NEW WHEAT.—At Augusta, Georgia, on the 30th of May, samples of new wheat, raised near that city, were exhibited, and it is said, looked exceedingly fine, although not dry enough for the mill. The wheat crop of Georgia will be very heavy. Harvest has already commenced.

The report that \$96,000 had been subscribed to buy a plantation for ex-President Pierce is contradicted by the Vicksburg papers. Nothing of the kind, they say, has been done.

It is stated that Gen. Walker's reasons for visiting Washington, as understood in the fillibuster circles at New Orleans, are to see the President and members of the Cabinet, to defend his course in Nicaragua, and to learn if the Administration sustains Captain Davis in assisting the Costa Ricans of ridding him from the country.

On Saturday morning the Postmaster General, opened the bids for carrying the overland California Mail—some thirteen or fourteen in number. No decision will probably be made on them for two weeks yet.

Senator Wilson on Kansas.

Senator WILSON, of Massachusetts, reached New-York on Thursday, in less than five days from Kansas. The Tribune says he reports Kansas the most magnificent country on which he ever gazed—fertile, accessible, and with just that happy diversity of slope and glade calculated to carry off the water readily, without creating impediments to travel. The season is very late here, and though the grass is now starting finely, the cattle are still thin and weak. The same is true of those coming in from Iowa. General WILSON traveled extensively in the Territory, and rejoiced to see the evidences everywhere present of rapid settlement and growth, to which the main drawback is the general madness of land speculation. "Lots" and "claims" are held (and often sold) at prices which seem exorbitant to the phlegmatic observer from the East, precluding disappointment, and not improbably a crash. Just think of \$10,000 being asked for a building-lot in a city not yet four years old! Of course, men have a right to value their property as they see fit; but when this leads them to neglect the ways of plodding, daily labor, and leave unworked the fertile acres which they ought to till, but mean to sell, the deplorable consequences may justify an expression at least of regret.

General WILSON does not underrate the difficulties and perplexities, the snares and pitfalls, which environ the Free-State men, growing out of the Border-Ruffian fraud and usurpation of March 30, 1855, and the support since accorded thereto by the Federal Government, but he is confident that their cautious but steadfast fidelity to principle must ultimately be crowned with success. He thinks that, whatever a few hot heads may insist on, the wily leaders of the Pro-Slavery party in Kansas must by this time be satisfied that it is no longer possible to make her a bona fide slave State—that the only result of earnestly persisting in that game will be to make her a more zealous and determined Free State.—Hence he judges that those leaders, after indulging the slave-breeding interest by a great show of upholding the bogus Territorial authorities, and protecting their farce of a Constitutional Convention, will quietly turn their attention to their second-best project—that of making Kansas a Pro-Slavery Free-State of the California pattern. But the Free-State men are strong enough, with proper concert and organization, to defeat this scheme also, and render their State not only free herself, but a watch-tower and fortress of Freedom for all.

ORIGIN OF THE HOMICIDE OF ELDER PRATT.—C. G. Ward, city missionary of St. Louis, writes to the Republican the particulars of the conversion to Mormonism of the wife of Hector McLean, who the other day killed Elder Pratt. McLean and his wife, and a friend, happened one day, when residing in San Francisco, to step in to hear a Mormon missionary who was preaching near their house. They had started to go to the church where they had been accustomed to attend, but the streets were muddy, and they heard the Mormon.—To the surprise of all, Mrs. McLean was highly pleased with the discourse. Such was the first scene of the tragedy, the catastrophe of which was the fall of Elder Pratt by the pistol bullet of her husband.

DISCHARGED.—JAMES HENRY, who was arrested at PIER'S Hotel, in Corning, on suspicion of having in his possession a span of stolen horses, and also for aiding the escape of RULOFF from the Ithaca Jail, has been examined at Ithaca and discharged. The only evidence which seemed to implicate him, or connect the team and buggy with the escape of RULOFF, was the testimony of several witnesses, who saw the team standing on Lake st., Ithaca, on the evening of the 5th inst. the night of RULOFF'S escape.

was left at Corning the next morning by 8 o'clock; and that the team was very sweaty and seemed tired, and the buggy, &c., covered with mud. The horses are still held by Sheriff IVES as stolen property, though they have not yet been identified.

MURDER.—Daniel Hendricks, in company with a man named Williams, left Lykenstown, Dauphin county, Pa., three weeks ago to cross the mountain to Gratztown. He was not seen afterwards until Monday last, when his dead body was found on the mountain. As Williams had been seen with a watch which belonged to the deceased he was immediately arrested. He declares that he purchased the watch from Hendricks.

THE GRAIN PROSPECT.—The croaking about short crops and the grain being winter killed, has, under the influence of seasonable showers and warm sunshine, giving place to more favorable reports of the growing grain. In Illinois, where everything was ruined a month or so ago, there is the promise of an excellent crop. In Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky, there will be a larger crop of wheat harvested the coming harvest than ever before. In Tennessee there is a very large crop. In the South, with the exception of Virginia, where the crop is poor, there is an excellent promise, and the indications are that both the cereal and fruit crops of the country will be most abundant. In Delaware there will be great peach crops this season.

THE NEWBURGH MYSTERY.—There has been another curious phase in the mysterious case which has occurred at Newburgh, New York. On Monday, before the Coroner's Inquest, Catharine Ashbell, wife of the negro Brown, who testified to her identity with that of the corpse, appeared in Court, to the great amazement of the jury and spectators present. This is the second time during the investigation that the murdered woman—or the one supposed to be murdered—has presented herself in Court, and astonished those who believed in her death. The case was closed, and the jury returned a verdict that an unknown woman had been murdered by unknown persons.

The citizens of Williamsport, Pa., who started to found a Williamsport in Kansas, have returned. They did not like the Border Ruffian powers they encountered.

Porter Davenport, a son of Stephen Davenport, of Union township, Luzerne county, was killed by a falling beam from his barn.

Some graceless scamps robbed the Sunday school box of the English Lutheran Church Williamsport, but found very little cash.

It is stated that Geo. Peabody, the London banker, has been to Danville, Montour county, and purchased the old Liberty Furnace.

The Riot in Washington, D. C.

CITY ELECTION YESTERDAY.—RIOTING AT THE POLLS.—SEVERAL MEN KILLED AND WOUNDED.—The citizens of Washington were called upon yesterday to elect members of the two boards of townships and other municipal officers, and in place of their being allowed a free and fair exercise of the privileges of the elective franchise, armed gangs of bullies and desperadoes were imported from Baltimore and the rest of the Territory, and by the use of their persuasive influence of bludgeons, slung-shot pistols and bowie knives. The Star of last evening, in its account of yesterday's bloody proceedings, says:—

A gang of hired ruffians and bullies, plugged and other worthies from Baltimore, were imported by the know-nothings to take violent possession of the polls, and armed with revolvers, bludgeons and slung-shots, to prevent our citizens from depositing their votes.

These ruffians, who were imported from Baltimore and the rest of the Territory, and by the use of their persuasive influence of bludgeons, slung-shot pistols and bowie knives. The Star of last evening, in its account of yesterday's bloody proceedings, says:—

After the riot they returned, largely reinforced in numbers, and with revolvers, stones, files, clubs, &c., they made a concerted onslaught upon the voters. A terrible scene ensued in which the entire crowd participated. Stones and pistols were readily discharged, and men were trampled to the earth, beaten, stoned, and severely wounded. Among the injured was R. B. Owens, Fourth Ward commissioner, who had his wrist badly splintered by a pistol ball. A Klondike received a splinter in his forehead, which stunned him, but he recovered. Captain Goddard was, with several others, on the ground, and the captain did good service with his long and heavy fists in quelling the fifty. Owens severely struck several times by golf without any serious damage.

Several of the ruffians were arrested and taken to the jailhouse; among others a young man named Johnson.

The buildings in the neighborhood were damaged, the doors and windows being broken in on all sides. In the skirmish Mr. George D. Bennett received a severe blow in the face.

At the first part of the Fourth Ward the officers of althor power to prevent the riot, plugging themselves between the belligerents and the voters in the line with Capt. Goddard at the head, who demanded the peace when he saw *en masse*, and with an impetuous whooping short of a military force of old hawthorn; and, although the police light sabres, they were forced to abandon the field to the possession of these hired miscreants.

Our Baltimore visitors were, about 11 o'clock good enough to pay a visit to the Second Ward wearing the know nothing ticks; as a badge, and shouting "Dixon," as a rallying cry.

In a few minutes their inevitable revolvers were fired, at some forty or fifty shots were fired, in quick succession, in the neighborhood of Eleventh street and the avenue.

John Ouzel, was not in the knee. About this time some of the "solid men" of the ward were seen emerging from their residences armed with muses, as they had some notion of going upon a punitive expedition. The plug uglies seem to think the Second Ward air was getting unpalatable, they left in a body, probably with the sign of "regulating" some of the other organs.

After one o'clock a noisy crowd of boys and men pelted up Pennsylvania avenue from the direction of the Fifth Ward, dragging after them a mill bris gun. Where they got it we are able to say, but it was said they intended to use it to defend themselves. Immediately the two companies of United States marines, commanded by Capt. Tyler, went to thirly Hill, and reported for service to the Major.

At noon became evident that nothing short of military intervention could save the city from another riot. A letter was addressed by Major Magruder to the President of the United States, asking for a company of marines to maintain the peace of the city; he request was immediately complied with. We continue our extracts from the Star.

Shortly after o'clock, P. M., the marines (two companies) 10 in all) arrived on the ground, first plined of the Fourth Ward, under charge of Capt. Tyler, and accompanied by Mayor Magruder. The opposition had in the mean time, poured a brass cannon, and stationed it at the Northern market house, which they made their headquarters.

After the Major had addressed the crowd, stating that the ladies were brought solely to maintain the peace of the city, which had been flagrantly violated, the marines moved upon the market house to take possession of the cannonist every species of taunt and approbation, continually in the possession of the cannon-firing is at the marines.

After the cannon-firing, the marines, who were, however, most bravely, seized the cannon, and ten, denouncing having been given, replied to the shot upon them by a volley of bids.

The plug uglies who scattered, firing shots, as they did from hand corners.

After the smoke cleared away, the terrible sight was resented of four or five persons in the agonies of death, and several others fearfully wounded.

We give below as accurate a list of the killed and wounded as we could obtain:—