Mysterious Murder of Dr. Burdell in New York.

One of the most mysterious and savage murders on record was perpetrated in one of the most respectable streets in the city of New York on Friday night or Saturday morning, the victim being Dr. Harvey Burdell, a dentist of repute and a man of property, whose office was at No. 31 Bond street. On going to the office about 8 o'clock Saturday morning, the boy who did the chores of Dr. Burdell's office found his employer lying dead and horribly mutilated in the hall near the outside door. The horrible discovery was soon made known, and naturally created a great excitement in the vicinity.

No clue has been obtained to the murderer or murderers. But that the murder was a most cold blooded, desperate and fiendish one is evident from the condition of the corpse and the room. The Doctor was a man of independent fortune ; but as none of the valuables about his person or the rooms he occupied had been taken, it is evident that robbery was not the object of the demon which did the deed, although it is rumored that the Doctor had had some controversies with a person with whom he dealt in reference to money matters. It is impossible, too, that the fact that other people lived and lodged in the house, and that such a murder could not have been committed without creating a great deal of noise, may aid in discovering the brutal and savage perpetrator of the deed. There were pools of blood around the floor and the body was covered with blood.

The tongue protruding from the mouth of the corpse gives presumptive evidence that before the horrid work was consummated, the Doctor had been strangled. One hand was nearly severed from the wrist, and a closer examination revealed fifteen stabs upon the body.

The Doctor was a man about 48 years of age, temperate in habits and agreeable in manner.

It appeared in the evidence taken before the Coroner that a Mrs. Cunningham, kept the house which was owned by Dr. Burdell and in which he had his office and sleeping apartments. Mrs. C. testified that she had been secretly married to Dr. B. but owing to some disagreement he took his meals at the Metropolitan Hotel since September last. The inmates of the House were Mrs. Cunningham and two daughters, Mr. Snodgrass, Mr. Eckel, and servant girl ; and neither of them heard any noise or disturbance during the night.—They all were at breakfast Saturday morning as usual, except Mr. Eckel, who had gone out before breakfast, an unusual thing for him.

After the murder of the Doctor, Mrs. Cunningham produced, before the Coroner's inquest, a certificate of marriage with him a few weeks ago—but the minister who married her, and a servant who was present, have failed to recognize either the corpse or a daguerrotype likeness as the person to whom she was married, and the impression is strong that Eckel was the man, and that he assumed the name of Dr. Burdell for a particular purpose. If this should be proved to be the case, it would, in our opinion, go far towards fixing the murder on them. There is no doubt that Burdell was jealous of Eckel, or that he had cause to be. He was evidently tired of the people in his house, and had a written agreement from Mrs. Cunningham to leave on the first of May, which he certainly would not have desired if he had been married to her. This agreement was among the papers stolen from his private drawer, which he always kept locked, by Mrs. Cunningham. If we add to this an expression made by Eckel to Mrs. Cunningham at table one day, that "it would be little matter if he (the Doctor) did get a knock, if *it could be done handy*," we have pretty strong evidence that the inmates of the house were depraved, and that there was an unfriendly feeling towards the Doctor—of whose company they were evidently tired, and a portion of whose money they desired to possess. By the way this latter idea we derive from other testimony which we have not room to publish.

Having thus given a brief summary of the case as it stands, we subjoin an analysis of the evidence down to Thursday evening, from the New-York *Herald* :—

1. The fact of the murder, which is admitted.

2d. The circumstances previous to the murder, and on the night and morning after it. A large amount of evidence is brought forward to show that there was a bad state of feeling between Dr. Burdell and Mrs. Cunningham and Eckel. The servants testify to improper conduct on the part of Mrs. C. and Eckel. It appears that the Doctor hated the whole party, and they all had ill feeling against the Dr. The antecedents of Mrs. Cunningham, are proved to have been bad. A neighbor swears that he heard the cry of murder before eleven, when all the inmates of the house, except the servants, were up. The servant swears that she was awakened by an unusual noise, and this was probably in her first light sleep. Other neighbors swear they did not hear the cry of murder, or smell the odor of burning wollen described by Doctor and Mrs. Main.

Fire at Bath.—On Friday morning at about 2 o'clock, a fire broke out in Ferris' new brick building on Steuben street, occupied as a Clothing store, and the office of the *Farmer's Advocate*, owned by W. C. Rhodes, Esq., of the *Elmira Daily Gazette*. The *Advocate* office was entirely destroyed, not even the books having been saved. The material and fixtures of the office were in good condition, and the loss cannot be much, if any, under $5,000—none of which is covered by insurance.

Mr. Spross loses about $2,500, a portion of which is covered by insurance.

From the *Advocate* building the fire extended to the adjoining one, occupied by Mr. Yost as a Grocery store and dwelling. His loss is about $3,500.

The buildings burned were owned by Messrs. Ferris, Allen, Magee, Rathbun, and others, and were valued at $3,000. No insurance.

The fire is supposed to have originated from a defective chimney in the *Advocate* building.

Dr. Kane's Health Improving.—The Boston (Mass.) Transcript, of the 27th instant, mentions the receipt in that city of a letter, dated Havana, January 14th, which reports a great improvement in the health of Dr. Kane. His mother had arrived out on the 12th in the Quaker city, and had been treated with marked respect on the passage, as afso on her arrival at Havana.

☞ The widow of the late Hon. Wm Wirt died last week at the house of her son-in-law at Annapolis, Md.

☞ They have had a snow storm in the city of Mexico, a thing said to be unknown to "the oldest inhabitant."

Bradford Reporter.

E. O. GOODRICH, EDITOR.

TOWANDA:

Thursday Morning, February 12, 1857.

Terms—*One Dollar per annum, invariably in advance.—Four weeks previous to the expiration of a subscription, notice will be given by a printed wrapper, and if not renewed, the paper will in all cases be stopped.*

Clubbing—*The Reporter will be sent to Clubs at the following extremely low rates :*

6 copies for	$5 00	*15 copies for*	$12 00
10 copies for	8 00	*20 copies for*	15 00

Advertisements—*For a square of ten lines or less, One Dollar for three or less insertions, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.*

Job-Work—*Executed with accuracy and despatch, and a reasonable prices—with every facility for doing Books, Blanks, Hand-bills, Ball tickets, &c.*

Money *may be sent by mail, at our risk—enclosed in an envelope, and properly directed, we will be responsible for its safe delivery.*

THE ELECTION OF PRESTON KING.

No political event of the past few years, has given us such unqualified pleasure as the election of Hon. Preston King by the Legislature of New-York, to represent that State in the United States Senate for six years from the 4th of March next, in place of Hon. Hamilton Fish, which took place on the 3d instant, by a very large majority.

Mr. King was the early and steadfast friend of Freedom. In the struggle to engraft the Wilmot proviso upon the bill appropriating money to "conquer a peace" with Mexico, he was one of the foremost champions of the principle of the non-extension of slavery. From that day to the present, in the darkest hours of adversity, he has never for a single moment wavered or held back. In the van of the battles for the rights of White labor, the clarion voice of Preston King has been heard, and his cheerful, never-desponding bearing has infused new courage into the breasts of those who doubted. If there has been a true soldier in the cause of Freedom, that man is Preston King.

It is somewhat remarkable to note the difference in position, and in their hold upon the confidence and respect of the public between the quandom political associates, Preston King and John Van Buren. In 1848, they were both supporting with equal zeal the same measures and the same men. The latter, perhaps, having much the greatest renown, as a leader. The course of King has been straightforward and consistent. The path of duty has been to him the path of policy. He has indulged in no schemes of political sagacity, which seemed to the ambitious to lead to power and preferment. He has neither been seduced by the power of patronage, nor dazzled by the glare of official station. He has his reward in the respect of both friends and opponents, and the great State of New-York makes haste to confer upon him the highest honors at her bestowal. Prince John, in the abundance of his wisdom, has trimmed with such egregious inconsistency, that he has become beneath notice, or if noticed, only with ridicule and contempt. He is despised by his former free-soil associates, and hated by those with whom he is now connected. The two afford capital illustrations of the honest, upright, unambitious public servant, and of the scheming, over-wise, unscrupulous politician. Their histories can be pondered with instruction and benefit.

Foreign News.—The Africa arrived at New York Friday afternoon from Liverpool, bringing news to the 24th ult. The British are carrying on their war in China with great vigor. The dates from Canton are to December 16. The prospect seems to be that that city will be destroyed. The Chinese, on their part, have set fire to the foreign factories, and the whole of that part of the city would appear to have been consumed already. Three banks are described as burning, without any possibility of saving them. The British, on the other hand, were about to pour shells and rockets upon the Chinese quarters. The destruction of life and property must be immense.

The Persian war is also being urged with unexpected activity. A British fleet has taken possession of the island of Karak in the Persian Gulf, and appeared before Bushire on the main land opposite. That place, the principle commercial port of Persia, has no means of defense and must surrender. At the same time we learn that a British corps of 5,000 men, under Brigadier Chamberlayne, said to be one of the ablest officers in the East India service, has reached Cabool, with a view to aid Dost Mohammed to defeat the Persians and recover possession of Herat. This war is regarded with dislike by the English people, while *The London Times* announces that nothing less is in hand than the conquest and annexation of Persia.

The settlement of the dispute between Prussia and Switzerland has been officially announced in the Prussian Legislature. The prisoners have been released by Switzerland, and now the question of sovereignty over Neufchatel is to be submitted to a Congress of the European Powers. This announcement the Prussian Chamber received with cheers.

Payment of State Debt Interest.—The payment of the semi-annual interest on the funded debt of the State of Pennsylvania was commenced at the Bank of Pennsylvania, in Philadelphia, on Monday morning, by Mr. Fennimore, the State agent. On that day $619,000 was paid out, and on Tuesday about $20,000 more, making in all some $639,000, of which amount of interest about two-thirds go to foreign holders of the bonds. The whole amount of the semi-annual interest payable at this time is between $900,000 and $1,000,000.

Spanish Coin.—We have received various inquiries, says the Washington *Star*, whether the bill which has been before Congress in various shapes for the last year, relative to depreciated Spanish and Mexican small coin, has become a law, and if so, when it goes in operation. We have to say, that a bill fixing the rate at which these coins will hereafter be received by Government, and requiring them to be sent when thus received to the mint for recoinage, has gone through both houses, but that in passing the House of Representatives amendments were made to it requiring the further action of the Senate, and the bill is now before that body. The bill provides that it shall go into effect from and after the date of its enactment. The bill is not compulsory in its provisions, but it seems probable that on its passage the people of the country will take concerted action to drive this miserable currency out of circulation. In this city some of our leading merchants have in anticipation of the final passage of the bill, taken initiative in refusing the coins at more than the depreciated rate of five, ten and twenty cents respectively. In New-York city the ferry companies have taken the same steps, and a similar movement is being made in Boston, Philadelphia, and other. The real value of Spanish quarters as silver, making allowance for wear, &c., is stated to be about ninety-five or ninety-six cents to the dollar. On the twelve and a half cent pieces the depreciation is from ten to twelve per cent, and the six and a quarter cent pieces from twenty to thirty per cent.

Terrible Catastrophe.—*Four persons burned to death.*—The Elmira Gazette of the 27th ultimo says : One of our employees, who was at Bath yesterday, brings us the particulars of a melancholy accident and loss of life which occurred on Bonny Hill, about four miles south of Bath, on Wednesday of last week. Elder Havens was engaged in boiling a cough preparation, which contained some ingredients of a combustible nature. By some means the preparation took fire, instantly enveloping the whole room in flames. There were five persons in the room—Elder Havens, his wife, two daughters, aged two and fourteen, and a son aged five years. A stranger passing by discovered the fire a few moments after it occurred, and immediately rushed to the aid of the inmates, and succeeded in rescuing them from the flames and bringing them out of the house and placing them on the snow. They were most shockingly burned, and two of the children survived but a few moments ; Mrs. Havens died the same evening, and Elder H. died the next morning ; the remaining child is yet alive, but so badly burned that its recovery is considered doubtful.

Hog Cholera and Hogs.—This disease is rapidly increasing. The Madison (Ind.) Courier says it has appeared in that city, in the distilleries at Milton, and at Carrolton, Ky. Large numbers, it is said, have died at the last named place, and about two hundred at Milton. The hogs often die in half an hour after they are attacked. The Vernon (Ind.) Courier remarks that hundreds have recently died of it in that county, and that sulphur in slop has been found beneficial.

The Coal Destitution of Cincinnati still continues, and seems likely to do so until the navigation of the Ohio river opens, as the daily consumption of the city is not less than thirty thousand bushels, or one thousand car loads per week. To transport that amount would require about five hundred cars and sixteen locomotives, a force double that which can be furnished by the coal roads, without entirely suspending all other business.

☞ The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says, that the first report of the railroad accident on Saturday, near Middletown, were exaggerated. One man had both his legs broken, and a few others were slightly wounded. The unfortunate man, whose name we did not learn, was brought to Harrisburg and quartered at Kanaga's Hotel One of his legs was injured so much as to render amputation necessary.

☞ From Harrisburg, we having nothing important except the report of the Committee in the contested election case from Philadelphia city. The report declares that the present occupant, Mr. Ramsey, is entitled to his seat. A resolution was adopted paying Geo. R. Smith, the contestant, four dollars per day and mileage.

Yesterday was appointed as the day upon which to open and count the return of votes cast at the October election for State officers.

The Senate has postponed the House resolution providing for the election of State Treasurer.

New Counterfeit.—A new counterfeit $10 on the Harrisburg Bank, is in circulation. It has portraits of Washington and Rittenhouse in the centre—canal boat on one end, and male and female on the other—with a train of cars at the bottom of the note. The genuine $10 has the State Capitol in the centre, with the goddess of Liberty in the foreground, seated. The vignettes on the ends are both alike—two females.

Fight in the Missouri Legislature.—A fight has occurred in the Missouri Legislature. Bitter words between Mr. Darnes, (American,) and Mr. Reid, (Democrat,) led to blows.—Reid came up behind Darnes while the latter was speaking, and knocked him down. He subsequently drew a knife on him. Reid is the gentleman who commanded the Missourians at the famous battle of Ossawatomie, in Kansas. He is the leader of the Democrats in the House.

Court Proceedings.—The February Term of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions commenced on Monday the 2d of February.—Judges Wilmot, Chubbuck and Long present. In the afternoon the constables from the several townships made their usual returns, and the newly elected constables gave bonds and took the usual oaths of office.

The following persons appeared and were sworn as Grand Jurors :—

M. H. Laning, Foreman ; David Landon, Warren Ayres, Robert Lilley, Marcus Ayres, Hiram Mason, Nathan E. Bailey, John S. Madden, Wm. Barnes, G. W. Nichols, Joseph Bull, John W. Payson, M. M. Betts, Julius Russell, Geo. Bigham, Stephen C. Smith, John Gerould, Volney M. Wilson, Horace F. Long.

The Grand Jury were discharged on Friday of the first week of Court.

The following business was disposed of by them :—

Com. vs. John M. Pike and Philip P. Sweet.—Charge—Forcible entry and detainer. True bill.

Com. vs. Nathan Olmstead—For selling liquor to minors and persons of intemperate habits. P. P. Sweet, prosecutor. True bill.

Com. vs. Philip P. Sweet.—For selling liquor to minors and persons of known intemperate habits. Nathan Olmsted prosecutor. True bill.

Com. vs. A. B. Smith, et. al.—For forcible entry and detainer J. M. Pike, prosecutor. True bill.

Com. vs. Thomas Dolan and Bridget Dolan.—Assault and battery with intent to kill. Darius Heath, Prosecutor. True bill.

Com. vs. Elisha Knapp and Trabe Guthrie.—For selling liquor without a license. True bill.

Com. vs. Daniel M. Moore.—For selling liquor to minors and persons of known intemperate habits. True bill.

Com. vs. Moses T. Carrier.—For selling liquor on Sunday. True bill.

Com. vs. Moses T. Carrier.—For selling liquor to minors and habitual drunkards. True bill.

Com. vs. Michael Lemmons.—Selling liquor to minors and persons of known intemperate habits, as the bar-keeper of M. T. Carrier.—True bill.

Com. vs. Horatio Morley.—Selling liquor without license. True bill.

Com. vs. Jonathan Aela.—Charge selling spirituous liquors, &c. without license, by the small, presentment to Grand Jury on Constable's return from Durell township, in which they return a true bill.

Com. vs. Martin Prentiss.—Charge selling liquor to persons of known intemperate habits. Grand Jury return a true bill.

Com. vs. A. B. Beardsley.—Charge selling liquor by the small without license. True bill.

Com. vs. John S. Angle and Andrew Overpeck.—Defendants charged of opening the ballot boxes of Herrick township, after the same had been by the proper officers deposited for keeping after the township election. Grand Jury return a true bill.

Com. vs. Albert G. Camp, Andrew Overpeck and John S. Angle.—Charge, unlawfully interfering with election tickets and ballot boxes in Herrick township, after the township election. True bill.

Com. vs. Nathan Olmsted.—Charge, selling liquor without license by the small, P. P Sweet prosecutor. True bill.

Com. vs. Philip P. Sweet.—Charge, selling liquor by the small without license. Grand Jury return no bill and the prosecutor, Nathan Olmsted, to pay the costs.

Com. vs. John O. Ward.—Charge, selling liquor by the small without license. No bill, and County for costs.

In the matter of the petition, &c. for the erection of a Fire-proof building for the better security of the public records, the Grand Jury approved of having a building erected for the public offices, and accommodation and security of the records of the County, and for no other purpose.

The following business came before the Court and Traverse Jury :

Com. vs. John Rowlee.—This being a case in the oyer and terminer, on charge of burglary—the defendant and one Amos Baker, jr. having been charged with breaking into the house of Joseph Borum in the night, on the 3rd of September, 1855, and breaking open a trunk belonging to said Joseph Borum, and taking therefrom $75 in money, a true bill having been found at September sessions last.—The principal witness against the defendant being the notorious John Rutter. The jury were sworn on the 3rd, and on the 7th, after a full hearing, they return a verdict of guilty.

Com. vs. A. B. Beardsley.—Selling liquor &c., without a license : a true bill having been found at present sessions. The court sentence him to pay a fine of $10, and costs of prosecution.

The court sentenced Hiram Horton to pay a fine of $15, and costs of prosecution, for selling liquor without license on an indictment found against him at September sessions last

Com. vs. Joseph H. Wells.—Adultery, &c. Indicted at December sessions. Jury returned a verdict of not guilty, but that the defendant pay the costs.

Com. vs. A. B. Smith et. al.—Indicted at present sessions for forcible entry and detainer. Jury find the defendant not guilty, but to pay the costs.

Com. vs. J. M. Pike and P. P. Sweet.—Indicted at present sessions for forcible entry and detainer. This case is being tried on going to press.

Com. vs. Nathan Olmsted.—Indicted at present sessions for violating the provisions of the Buckalew law Plead guilty : not yet sentenced.

Com. vs. P. P. Sweet.—Indicted at present sessions for violating the Buckalew law. Jury find him guilty of four different charges. Not yet sentenced.

The following tavern licenses were granted, to wit :—

A license to G. H. Estell to keep a public house in Towanda borough.

David Conable to keep a public house in Columbia.

John Howard to keep a public house in Wyalusing.

N. M. Reynolds to keep a public house in Alba, Canton twp.

H. W. Noble to keep a public house in Standing Stone.

The application of John O Ward for a license in East Troy, and Wm. Gibson and Nathan Olmsted to keep public house in Ulster, were, after a hearing refused.

A license was granted to Edward Spalding to sell liquors at his place of doing business in Troy borough as a merchant dealer.

☞ The last week was characterized by several days of mild spring-like weather. The snow melted away before the south winds, raising the streams very suddenly. The ice in the river at this place, commenced moving on Sunday morning, and passed away quietly, without doing any damage. Winter has now, however, resumed her reign.

☞ The Scranton *Herald* says that there is about $10,000,000 invested in Coal operations in and about Scranton : and that over 40,000 tons of coal are mined monthly Also that the various parties pay out each month from two hundred to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Maine.—In consequence of the withdrawal from the gubernatorial chair of Hannibal Hamlin, who has been elected to the long term in the United States Senate, Hon. Jos. Williams, of Augusta, president of the Senate, will become the active governor of Maine after the 4th of March next.

The Sugar Cane Expedition.—The expedition sent to South America to obtain cuttings of the sugar cane for the use of the sugar planters of the United States, has reached Demerara, after a prosperous voyage, and the objects of the expedition were likely to be speedily attained.

☞ Hon. Andrew Stevenson, several times Speaker of the lower branch of Congress, and Minister to England, died at his home in Virginia on the 26th ult., aged 74 years.

☞ Long Island Sound is frozen over—said to be "for the first time." From all quarters, there is evidence that this is indeed a very hard winter for the temperate zone.

☞ President Pierce has invited Mr. Buchanan to take the White House, and Mr. B. invites President P. to remain as long as it suits his convenience.

Snobble and the Toombs Bill.—Do our readers recollect that the illustrious Snobble, (whom nobody has heard of since he resigned his claims to the U. S. Senatorship in favor of his and old Buck's friend Forney,) while conquering the Wilmot District last Fall, often brought against Mr. Grow the awful charge of having the Toombs bill in his pocket?—That he had pocketed the bill and thus prevented its passage, was the principal accusation that this *friend* of Mr. Buchanan brought against Mr. Grow ; and it is thought that some few—whom party zeal could lead to believe an itinerant blackguard in opposition to the distinct statement of Mr. Grow that the bill lay, unreached in the order of business, on the Speaker's table, when the House adjourned—even gave some credit to Snobble's assertion. For the benefit of such, if any such there are, we now proceed to prove by the record of the proceedings of the House during the present session, that Snobble's statement was false.

In the official organ of Congress, *The Congressional Globe*, of December 23, 1856, page 161, we find this record of proceedings in the House of Representatives :

"The following bills and resolutions from the Senate were then severally *taken from the Speaker's table*, read a first and second time, and referred as indicated below."

And on the succeeding of the *Globe*, among the bills so named as "taken from the Speaker's table," the Toombs bill is included, as follows :

"An Act (No. 356) to authorize the people of the Territory of Kansas to form a constitution and State government preparatory to their admission into the Union on an equal footing with the original States. Referred to the Committee on Territories."

So it appears that the "Toombs bill" first came into the hands of Mr. Grow, as Chairman of the Committee on Territories, December 23, 1856, long after the doughface champion accused him of having pocketed it. However, Snobble was as near the truth in this as in most of his statements.—*Montrose Repub.*

Traces of the Lyonnais—Rescue of two Seamen.—*Boston, Jan. 29.*—The barque Cambridge, from Pernambuco, reports having spoken the barque Essex, from Boston, for Rio, which had taken two seamen from the raft belonging to the lost steamer Lyonnais. The seamen report sixty as having been drowned, and that the remainder took to the boats, and, they supposed, had been saved by passing vessels.

DIED,

At Peter Walliser's, Chilisquake tp., Union county, on the 21st ult., after three day's illness, HENRY COLWAY, of Burlington tp., aged 72 years.

☞ BRADFORD CO. TEACHER'S ASSOCIATION.—The next regular meeting of the Bradford County Teacher's Association will be held at TERRYTOWN, on FRIDAY, February 13, 1857, at 11 o'clock A. M. Addresses will be delivered at this meeting by T. J. Ingham, and Rev. A. Sutherland, and an essay read by Miss Julia Horton. The subject of Teacher's Institutes, and other matters connected with the subject of education will be taken up and considered.

JAS. McWILLIAM, Secretary.

January 29, 1857.

New Advertisements.

WAVERLY MARBLE ESTABLISHMENT.

F. H. BALDWIN, having purchased the Marble Factory of this village, under the superintendence of H. Hanford, the subscriber is happy to announce that the Marble business in Waverly will now be conducted by him. He is constantly receiving ITALIAN AND RUTLAND MARBLE, for Monuments, Head-stones, Tomb Tabels, and Stand Tops, Paint Stones, Mullers, &c. Having secured the services of G. H. Powers, who is well known to be the most perfect Artist in the State, he offers unparalleled inducements to persons wishing to secure any of the above articles, in cheapness, style and Artistical beauty.

Waverly, N. Y., Feb. 3, 1857.

ONE HUNDRED BUSHELS LARGE CLOVER SEED. Also a quantity of Timothy Seed for sale by JOSEPH POWELL.

February 4, 1857.

McCABE'S CENTRAL MEAT MARKET,

Between J. Kingsbery's & J. Powell's stores.

THE subscriber would respectfully tender to his customers and the public generally his sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to him the past season. He solicits a continuance of the same.

He would say to the public that he intends to keep constantly on hand a choice selection of MEATS of all kinds, the best the country affords, which he intends to sell for very small profits, either by the side, quarter or pound.—Please give me a call.

☞ Meats, &c., will be delivered on short notice, when ordered, at any place in the Corporation.

Towanda, Feb. 12, 1857. J. McCABE.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Bradford county, the undersigned Trustee of Augustus S. Perkins, Sarah W. Perkins, Geo. W. Perkins, Lucy H. Perkins, and Susan W. Perkins, Minors, will on the 6th day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Athens Hotel, in the borough of Athens, expose to sale at public vendue, all the right, title and interest of the said Minors in the undivided five-sevenths of a tract of land situate in Athens twp., bounded and described as follows : On the north by land of Elisha Smith and Frederick Miller, east by Samuel Brown, south by T. Vangorder, A. Campbell, Z. Gibbs and C. Hunsicker, west by Samuel Sawyer, containing in the whole 220 acres, with about 140 acres improved, a framed house and two barns thereon. Termes made known at the sale. G. H. WELLES, Trustee.

Athens, February 10, 1857.

LOST OR STOLEN.

THE subscriber hereby notifies the public, that some time in December last, he either lost or had stolen from him a LAND WARRANT for one hundred and twenty acres of land, No. 70369, issued to Maria Watts, of Lycoming county, Pa., under date of March 3d, 1855, on which was her blank assignment, duly executed. All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing said Warrant, as no one has any interest in it except myself. A. B. SMITH.

Towanda, Feb. 9, 1857.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that all persons indebted to the estate of Champlin G. Brown, dec'd late of Smithfield, are requested to make payment without delay ; and all persons having claims against said estate, must present them duly authenticated for settlement, to the subscribers.

ALLEN CALIFF,
Feb. 12, 1857. Administrator with will annexed.

NOTICE.—The Commissioners of Bradford County have fixed upon the following days and dates respectively for holding appeals, viz :

Ulster, Athens boro', Athens twp., South Creek, Ridgbery and Wells, upon Monday February 23d.

Springfield, Smithfield, North Towanda, Columbia Sylvania boro', and Towanda boro', upon Tuesday Feb. 24th.

Armenia, Troy twp., Troy boro', Burlington boro', Burlington twp., Burlington West and Granville upon Wednesday February 25th.

Canton, LeRoy, Franklin, Monroe boro', Monroe twp., Overton, Albany and Towanda twp. upon Thursday February 26th.

Wilmot, Asylum, Durell, Tuscarora, Wyalusing, Litchfield, Warren and Windham upon Friday February 27th.

Standing Stone, Herrick, Orwell, Pike, Sheshequin, Rome and Wysox upon Saturday February 28th.

☞ The Assessors will be punctual in delivering the Notices to the taxables and in making their returns in person on the day designated in their Warrants, at which time and place the Board of Revision will attend and hear all such as think themselves aggrieved by said Assessment, and make such alterations and deductions as shall to them seem just. By order of the Commissioners.

Feb. 2, 1857. E. B. COOLBAUGH, Clerk.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF TOWANDA BOROUGH FOR 1856.

Paid for work on streets and plank walks,	$222 18
Election board expenses,	7 50
High constable distributing election notices, &c.,	6 10
Secretary and treasurer's salary, 1855.	40 00
Distributing appeal notices, 1855,	3 00
Repairing borough tools,	76
Repairing old engine house,	1 75
Deck and table for council office,	14 00
Lost Crow-bar,	1 00
Extra police services in 1854,	210 80
Interest on borough scrip.	82 80
Winding and repairing town clock,	25 00
Naid fire company premiums,	10 00
Rent of engine house lot,	26 14
	$651 03

Account with Collectors Boro' Taxes.

COLLECTORS.	YEAR.	CH'ED.	PAID.	EX'ON.	PER CT.	DUE.
Wm. C. Bogart	1856.	$73 44	$40 37	.....	.....	$33 07
Wm. Barton,	1851.	28 82	.....	$6 00	$2 22	20 60
C. C. Smith,	1852.	148 44	70 00	.....	24 38	*58 06
G. H. Eaton,	1854-5-6	1902 05	462 77	.....	.....	1329 28
		$2242,75	$573,14	$6 00	$22 60	$1641.01

Dr. A. D. Montanye, Treas.		Towanda Borough Cr.	
Balance in treasury Jan. 1, 1856,	$14 52	Borough Orders redeemed 1856,	$566 54
Rec'd. from M'Alpine, late treasurer,	1 00	Balance in treasury,	59 12
Rec'd from shows,	37 00		
" from collectors,	573 14		
	$625 66		$625 66

*Settled by judgment for the amount.

Towanda Borough Order Account.

Amount of orders issued in 1856,	$651 03	Borough orders cancelled 1856,	566 54
Outstanding orders, January 1, 1856,	448 90	Outstanding orders Jan. 1, 1857,	533 39
	$1099 93		$1099 93

Indebtedness of Towanda Boro' January 1st, 1857.

Amount outstanding boro' orders Jan. 1, 1857,	$533 39
O. D. Bartlett judgment 26th Feb., 1852, interest and cost,	75 26
John Devine assigned to C. L. Ward debt, interest and cost	41 66
Borough scrip issued April 8, 1854, payable in 3, 4 and 5 years on interest,	1380 00
	$2030 31

There has been collected on special borough tax $672 97, and paid out on account of new engine house. This building being in an unfinished state, the cost of the same cannot be reported.

ULYSSES MERCUR, Burgess.
JAMES MACKINSON,
M. C. MERCUR,
JOHN F. MEANS,
ISAAC SMALLEY,
Town Council.

January 24, 1857.
Attest—A. D. Montanye, Secretary.

We the undersigned Auditors of the borough of Towanda, do certify that we have examined the accounts of the Town Council and Treasurer for the year 1856, and find them correct. JOHN LAPORTE,
N. J. KEELER.
Towanda, Jan. 27, 1857. Auditors.

Receipts and Expenditures of Poor Funds, for 1856.

Paid to remove Irish family to native residence,	$ 9 25
J. B. Irvine, services Poor Master, 1855	4 35
C. K. Ladd services poor master and physician, 1855,	32 00
W. Brownson for cash advanced to Sally Hall, 1854,	3 00
Wood for temporary relief per Mix, poor master,	2 50
Digging grave for Green,	1 50
Two coffins for paupers,	7 00
Temporary relief per Mix, poor master,	10 00
	$89 60

Account with Collectors of Poor Taxes.

COLLECTORS.	DATE.	CH'ED.	PAID.	EX'ON.	PER CT.	DUE.
D. Vandercook	1849	$2360	$ 62	$10 40	$13 18	.....
C. T. Smith,	1852	38 83	.....	.....	15 20	23 58
G. H. Eaton,	1855	167 55	98 00	.....	.....	69 55
		$129 98	$98 02	$10 40	$2873	$93 13

Dr. A. D. Montanye Treas. Poor Funds Towanda B. Cr.			
Balance in Treasury, Jan. 1, 1856,	49 40	Paid for orders,	$106 35
Rec'd. from M'Alpine, late treasurer,	3 50	Balance in Treasury, January 1, 1857,	44 57
From collectors,	98 02		
	150 92		150 92

CHARLES K. LADD
WILLIAM MIX, } Overseers of Poor.

January 26, 1857.

We the Auditors of the Borough of Towanda do certify that we have examined the accounts of the Overseers of the Poor and Treasurer of the said borough, for the year 1856, and find them correct. JOHN LAPORTE,
N. J. KEELER.
Towanda, January 27, 1857. Auditors.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR—A good article at TOYS'