

Farmer's Department.

How to Feed Horses.

Since we commenced the publication of the Ploughman we have more than once called the attention of the public to the importance of feeding horses in a proper manner—especially when on a journey. And we have reason to think that these hints have not been slighted, for we have seen them copied into numerous papers, and we now hear less complaint for want of proper feeding than we did twenty years ago.

Horses on a journey require more attention than those employed for draft on a farm, and more than such as are used in trucks and drays in cities, for it is fast driving which exposes them to the severest tests; and therefore horses that are used principally for light carriages on the highways are worn out much sooner than farm horses.

The times of feeding horses which are expected to travel fast on the highways, are quite important. One good rule is never to give them heavy food just before starting. Many stage horses have dropped dead in the highways merely on account of eating too hearty food before starting on a journey.

It was once a rule never to feed with grain of any kind when the horse was warm and had performed his day's work; but now we hear very little of this rule, as ten horses are found to die suddenly in consequence of hard driving soon after eating grain, where one has failed by having grain given him soon after his work was done, and while he was yet warm and sweaty.

The reason of this difference is very plain, as soon as you reflect on it, and compare the condition of the horse with your own. Let any man eat a hearty dinner, and then run a smart race—Let him chase "the cows from the meadow, the sheep from the corn," and he will experience a pain similar to that which he feels to exercise the horse, and should be forced, as the horse often is, to continue on in spite of his disease, he would drop down and expire for the same cause.

The truth seems to be that nature should be consulted in all such cases; and nature indicates that rest after eating is more important than at any time. All are inclined to rest and sleep soon after eating hearty food, and a penalty is attached to a violation of this natural rule. Rest is required in order that the food may have an opportunity to digest; but violent exercise arrests the process of digestion.

The experiment has been fully tried on dogs that have been full fed. Those that have been let out to pursue the chase have been found, on opening, to have the food whole in their stomachs at the end of three or four hours; while such were kept at rest, had digested all the food which they had eaten.

From these facts it clearly that horses should not have their most hearty food immediately before starting in a stage or chase where rapid travelling is expected. Let them have the principal part of their grain at night, after the day's work is over.

In regard to the old objection, that horses must not have grain when they are warm, we have no faith in it. We have never yet had good evidence that a horse has suffered merely from eating his accustomed quantity of grain while he was warm, or even in a state of perspiration.

On a journey, therefore, let your horses have their grain at night, when they have time to digest it, and they will be ready to start early in the morning—before breakfast if you choose and travel without injury. When you have horses that have long been used to grain, you may order half a bushel of oats to each horse, and you may put these into the manger as soon as you please after your horses are put into the stable. We have often done this on a long journey, and have found it the most economical mode of travelling.

When on a journey, you are not certain that the hay is good, and if you rely principally upon hay, in what condition can you expect to find your team in the morning? But oats are generally of such a quality that hungry horses will eat enough to sustain themselves. They will fill their stomachs early in the evening, and then lie down and rest, when their food may be properly digested. In this case they need no extra stuffing with grain just before starting in the morning.—Ploughman.

Instructions for Saving Garden Seeds.

When the seeds are ripe, gather them without unnecessary delay; otherwise the pods will split open and their contents be scattered upon the ground. Do not gather indiscriminately, but take only the best looking heads, by this selection of the best plants and the best seed, good varieties may be even improved, and they certainly will not deteriorate. In this way many of our choice vegetables have been obtained. The practical stock-breeder's motto is, that "Like produces like," and he breeds from those animals only which possess the points he wishes perpetuated. Thus, if you select the earliest peas from the earliest vines, for a number of seasons, you can obtain a variety ripening several days earlier than that which you commenced. It has been done once, and may be done again.

Place the seed vessels, as soon as gathered, upon a cloth in the shade, so that they may become perfectly dry, at which time thrust out the seed by means of a small stick. Winnow out the chaff and small or defective seed, and yet the remainder in drawers or small paper bags. Every kind should be labeled with its name and the year when raised—in this manner, "Early Salmon Redish, 1856." This will prevent all possibility of the inexperienced cultivator mistaking beet for cabbage seed, or sowing that which by the lapse of time, has lost its power of germination. Keep these drawers or bags in a cool, dry apartment, where no injury may be apprehended from moisture or the attacks of mice. With care seeds may be preserved for several years, according to the annexed table.

The vitality of seeds, under favorable circumstances, may be depended upon for the following periods:

Parasols, rhubarb, and other thin scaly seeds for one year.

Balm, basil, beans, cadron, carrot, cress, Indian cress, lavender, leek, okra, onion, peas, pepper, rampion, sage, salsify, savory, scorzera, thyme, tomato, wormwood, and small herbs generally, for two years.

Borage, borecole, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, cauliflower, radish, sea kale, tarragon and turpion, for four years.

Beet, burnet, celery, chervil, cucumber, dill, fennel, hyssop, melon, pumpkin, sorrel and squash, from five to eight or ten years.—Schenck's Gardener's Text Book.

Business Cards.

T. F. MADILL, M. D., PHYSICIAN
AND SURGEON—Office at his residence in Wylox, Pa.
July 28, 1856.—6m

DR. JOHN MINTOSH, SURGEON
DENTIST, HAS RETURNED. Office next door to Messrs. Store, and over Alexander's Clothing Store, Main street, Towanda. February 24, 1856.

JAMES MACFARLANE, ATTORNEY
AT LAW, Towanda, Pa. Occupies the Office in the Union Block, formerly owned by John C. Adams Esq. He will attend to procuring Bounty Land Warrants and Pensions. March 22, 1856.

H. J. MADILL, P. D. MONROE
MADILL & MONROE, ATTORNEYS
AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW—Office over Mercantile Store, Towanda, Pa.
Towanda, April 2, 18.

DR. E. H. MASON, PHYSICIAN AND
SURGEON, offers his professional services to the people of Towanda and vicinity. Office at his residence on Pine street, where he can always be found when not professionally engaged.

JOHN C. ADAMS, D. A. OVERTON
ADAMS & OVERTON, ATTORNEYS
AT LAW, Office in the room formerly occupied by George Sanderson, over Burton Kingsley's store. Towanda, May 15, 1856.

SURVEYING—JAMES A. PAINE, Surveyor for Bradford County, is prepared to attend to the above business in all its branches. His office is at the residence of Mr. Paine, on Pine street, where he will meet with prompt attention. April 4, 1854.

GUY H. WATKINS, ATTORNEY
AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. Collections will receive his special attention. Office a few doors north of the Ward House. Towanda, May 15, 1856.

E. B. PARSONS, ATTORNEY AT
LAW, THOMAS, Bradford Co., Pa. Aug. 7, 1856.

TOWANDA FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE MESSES HANSON respectfully inform the public that the Fall Term of their school will open in the new building on second street, west of the Ward House, on Monday September 15, 1856.

Miss O. D. HANSON will have the general superintendence of the school, assisted in Music by Miss REBECCA D. HANSON, and in French by Miss EMMA HANSON. Thankful for the patronage already extended to them, they beg leave to assure those entrusting their daughters in their charge, that every effort will be made to deserve the confidence and favor of their patrons.

The school year will consist of four quarters, of eleven weeks each. The summer vacation commencing in July, and ending in September. A recess of a few days will take place in the holidays.

TERMS, PER QUARTER:
First Class—To include the elementary English branches, and the study of the Latin language, \$5 00
Second Class—To include the more advanced studies of the English branches, with Mathematics, and the study of Latin and French, \$9 00
Third Class—To include Mathematics, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Rhetoric, Botany, &c., \$12 00
and Latin and French.

Each pupil will bring with her a desk and chair. There will be no extra charge whatever.

MUSIC—Instruction on the Piano, with use of instrument, will be given by Miss REBECCA D. HANSON, at \$10 per quarter.

Boarding for young ladies can be obtained in private families at reasonable rates. Pupils from a distance will receive the special care of the teachers.

LECTURES on Rhetoric, Moral and Intellectual Philosophy, and the higher branches of English Composition, will also be delivered once or twice in each week.

They beg leave to refer to the following gentlemen:—
—H. R. ALONZO POTTER, Bishop of the Diocese of Penna., Philadelphia; Rev. Dr. MACLEAN, President of the College of New York.
—Rev. DR. WILSON, G. F. MASON, C. L. WARD, JOHN F. MEANS, D. P. PARSONS, H. S. MEYER, O. D. BARTLETT, E. O. GOODRICH, Towanda.

THE SUSQUEHANNA COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, TOWANDA, BRADFORD CO., PA.

REV. SAMUEL F. COLT, Principal, Professor of Natural Science and Moral Science.
REV. JAMES MCWILLIAM, M. A., Professor of Ancient Languages and Belles Lettres.
CHARLES B. COBBURN, A. M., Professor of Mathematics and Master of Normal School.
E. ALBERT LUDWIG, A. M., Professor of Modern Languages, Instructor on the Piano and in Drawing.
MISS MARY M. POSTER, Preceptress.
MISS EMILIE A. BUTLER, Assistant.
MISS ELLEN C. COLE, Assistant.
MISS HELEN A. CARR, Assistant in Music.
MISS FANNY D. STANLEY, Steward.

The Fall Term commences on WEDNESDAY, August 20, 1856, and will continue fourteen weeks. The Winter Term commences November 25, and continues 14 weeks, besides 10 days recess at Christmas.

EXPENSES PER TERM:
Payable invariably in advance. Fuel and contingencies all included.

Tuition in the Fifth class, (primary) per term, \$4 00
Fourth, 3 00
Third, 2 00
Second, 1 00
First, 10 00

Pupils using scholarships are charged no term for fuel and contingents; for instrument on which to take lessons, 50c, or for practice \$2 00.

No scholar, whose parents or guardians shall reside within five miles of the Institute, will be admitted to tuition therein upon any permanent scholarship granted or loaned by such pupil, his or her parent or guardian.

EXTRAS:
French, German, Spanish or Italian, each, 5 00
When taken without other branches, 7 00
Drawing, 3 00
Ornamental penmanship and bookbinding, 3 00
Tuition on Piano-Forte with use of instrument, 12 00
do do per quarter of 11 weeks, 10 00
Oil painting in landscapes, per term, 10 00
do do figures, 10 00
Room rent for lodgers, 1 75
The Young Ladies will find board in the Institute, under the care of the Mother, and most substantial food and light, 25 00

The male pupils can find board in private families, at per week, from \$2 00 to 2 50
Washing, per dozen, 35 00
Pupils boarding in the Hall, (who will be exclusively females,) will furnish their own bed, bedding, towels, &c., and the table will be set for them.

No pupil taken for less than half a term. The boarding bills for the term must be paid in advance; or one half bill at their entrance, and the remaining half at the middle of the term.

Pupils entering the Institute are placed under the observance of the Regulations, and none will be admitted on other terms.

Special exercises are arranged without extra charge for those qualifying themselves as teachers for common schools.

S. F. COLT, Sec. **C. L. WARD, President.**
July 3, 1856. **A. WICKHAM, Treasurer.**

Book Binding.

THE undersigned has the agency of one of the best Binderies in N. Y. City, and is ready to receive Books Pamphlets, Magazines, &c., to be bound in any style desired, in the neatest and most substantial manner and at very low rates—shall be forwarding a lot very soon—so send in your volumes. O. D. BARTLETT.
April 24, 1856.

NEW DRUG STORE AT NICHOLS.

DRS. G. M. & G. P. CADY would respectfully announce to their friends and the public that they have just opened a new and extensive DRUG STORE at NICHOLS, N. Y. Their stock is new and carefully selected, and consists of—

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, among which are lead, zinc, chrome green and yellow, India red, vermilion, &c. Oils and Varnishes, a variety of Eye-salts, and most of the best and most valuable medicines, and a large assortment of the most useful and elegant of the kind.

BRUSHES for painting hair, hats, clothes, shoes, teeth, &c. Wax glass, putty, camphene, burning fluid, alcohol; tanner's oil; very pure LIQUORS for medicinal purposes; Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Ladies' Extracts, and the best of the kind.

Fancy Articles, Yankee Notions, Scented Candles, &c. &c. &c.

To Physicians—our stock offers inducement as being of the best quality, carefully selected, and sold cheap. Give us a call, and see if you can purchase as cheap elsewhere.

Nichols, June 13, 1856. **G. M. & G. P. CADY.**

BUTTER TUBS & FIRKINS.—A quantity of good Butter Tubs and Firkins, just received and for sale by **H. S. MERCER.**
Nichols, June 13, 1856.

CAUTION.—Whereas my wife ELIZABETH, has been and is now without cause or provocation; I therefore forbid all persons trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts that she may contract after this date. **WM. PATTERSON.**
Sept. 29, 1856.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR.—A good article at **FOX'S.**

Miscellaneous.

TIOGA POINT AGRICULTURAL WORKS!!

R. M. WELLES & CO.
ATHENS, BRADFORD CO., PA.
Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

EMERY'S AND WHEELER'S RAIL ROAD HORSE
POWERS, THRESHERS AND SEPARATORS,
COMBINED THRESHERS & WINDMILLS,
Portable Saw-Mills, Clover Haulers and Feed Cutters,
Emery's Cider Mills, Apple Parers,
Clover and Hay and other Grain Cradles, Scythes, and other Harvesting Tools.

Ketchum's and other Mowing and Reaping Machines. Seymour's Grain Drills, Broad Cast Seed Sowers, &c. Clover and Hay and other Grain Cradles, Scythes, and other Harvesting Tools.

Magle Corn and Cob Mills, Cultivators, Leather and Rubber Belting.

Manufacturers of
Peters' Celebrated FAN MILLS,
Which I am prepared to sell at either WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, on very favorable terms.

These mills are warranted second to none in the United States, for durability, efficiency, and simplicity, and will do in the best manner and rapidly, all kinds of chaffing and cleaning all kinds of Grain, Grass Seed, &c. &c. &c. Warranted to chaff for market, from 40 to 60 bushels per hour. Towanda, May 15, 1856.

Refrigerators, Provision Safes, &c.
Extras furnished for repairing Emery's and Wheeler's machines. Descriptive Catalogues, Price Lists and Circulars of all machines, sent on application, and no charge paid, to all applicants. Send us your name and address. Athens, Pa. June 25, 1856. **R. M. WELLES & CO.**

THE ELECTRO CHEMICAL BATH, DIRECT & TO-FRO ELECTRO MAGNETIC MACHINE.

JAMES HARRIS, ELECTRICIAN, of Towanda, respectfully informs the public that he has lately procured from New York the celebrated Electro-Chemical Bath, which has proven to be one of the most important and wonderful discoveries of the age, from its ability to extract minerals from the human system.

Some eight years ago, a physician of Cincinnati discovered the process of extracting minerals from the body, by galvano-electricity, and he named it the Electro-Chemical Bath. He then applied the same means to others similarly affected, with the most successful results, and he has since made sanguine expectations, for not only did these Baths remove mineral poisons, but cured many diseases, some of which were the result of minerals, and some were not.

More recent experiments have fully confirmed the singular power of this Bath to draw from the system all minerals that may be lodged therein, to the great detriment of health. Very often persons are afflicted by diseases which are beyond the comprehension of the most skillful physicians, and which are the effect of poisonous minerals accumulating in the system for years, taken in the shape of calomel, mercury, and other mineral poisons.

The following are some of the diseases cured by these Baths: Rheumatism, Paralysis, Palsy, Painter's Cholic, Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Sciatica, Cancer, Scrophulous, in all its forms, Salt Rheum and Bores of the Face.

He has also S. B. Smith's newly invented DIRECT and TO-FRO ELECTRO MAGNETIC MACHINE, which is a great improvement on the Magnetic machines heretofore in use. With the aid of the Bath and Machine, we have at command all the available medical efficacy of the Magnet, and the power of the Machine is very great, in introducing medicines into the system through the pores of the skin—applying it directly to the parts affected, which gives increased medicinal power over the ordinary mode of taking it into the stomach, rendering it particularly efficacious in all local diseases.

I am now prepared to apply these Baths, and also the Machine, at the house of the patient, or at the residence of Towanda, or I will visit patients at a distance, who are unable by reason of disease to come to this place, at moderate charges. I have now on hand a complete assortment of the above.

I am also agent for Bradford county, for the Electro-Magnetic Machine. **JAMES HARRIS.**
Towanda, December 22, 18.

LIQUOR STORE.

S. FELTON would respectfully inform the public that he has just received from New York, a large stock of the following PURE LIQUORS, with almost everything in that line. He has lately made large additions to his stock, and is now prepared to furnish the public with the best quality of the following:—
—Whisky—Scotch, Old Rye, Monongahela, and Rectified.

—Cognac—Port, and Brown Sherry.
—Fresh Camphene and Burning Fluid kept constantly on hand. Also 50 per cent. Alcohol.
—Cigars of the best brands. Jugs of all sizes; quart flasks, and a large variety of empty bottles, at Binghamton Ale by the gallon or barrel.

Those favoring me with their patronage may be certain that the quality of the goods will be of the best, and the prices will be as low as the market. N. B. The person who borrowed my "Wantage Rod" is requested to return it.

Towanda, January 18, 1856.

THE PEOPLE'S CLOTHING STORE!

18) GREAT BARGAINS! (56
M. E. Solomon, Proprietor.

THIS extensive Ready-made Clothing Establishment, has just received from New York, a large stock of the following:—
—Boys' Suits;—The Waggon, China, Fretter & Wood, &c. &c. &c. The proprietor assures the public that he has the best and cheapest goods in the city, and he is now prepared to furnish the public with the best quality of the following:—
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