TOWANDA:

Chureday Morning, Angust 7, 1856



JOHN C. FREMONT FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

WM. L. DAYTON.

Union State Ticket.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, THOMAS E. COCHRAN, OF YORK CO POR AUDITOR GENERAL. DARWIN E. PHELPS, of Armstrong Co

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL, BARTHOL, LAPORTE, OF BRADFORD CO

TERMS-Oe Dollar per annum, invariably in advance. EANS—Of Dollar per annum, undertating in advance.— Four weeks previous to the expiration of a subscription notice will be given by a printed wrapper, and if not re-newed, the paper will in all cases be stopped. CLUBBING - The Reporter will be sent to Clubs at the for

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Monwy may be sent by mail, at our risk-enclosed in an envelope, and properly directed, we will be responsible for its safe delivery.

County Committee appointed by the Republican Mass Convention held in Towanda, September 10, 1855, having met on the 2d inst., have resolved to call a Republican County Convention to be composed of two delegates from each election district, to be held at the Court House, in the Borough of Towarda, on MONDAY evening, September 1st 1856, for the purpose of placing in nomination a County Ticket to be supported by the Republican electors of Bradford County. They have also appointed a Vigilance Committee in each election district, ppointed a Vigilance Committee in each election to t list of whom is hereunto annexed, whose duty it will be a call primary meetings of the Republican electors in each election district, for the purpose of electing delegates

each election district, for the purpose of electing delegates to said Convention.

The Committees of Vigilance in each election district, are requested to confer together, and call the primary meetings on Saturday, August 30, between the hours of 4 and 7 P. M., or at such other hour as may be deemed convenient, and at the usual place for holding such elections. They are further earnestly enjoined to see that such notice of the place and time of said meeting be given, that all the electors of their respective districts may be informed.

The County Committee would also suggest that some member of the Vigilance Committee would also suggest that some member of the Vigilance Committee in each district, at the proper flour, call said meetings to order, and that the elections for delegates be by ballot, the polls being kept open for the time specified, or at least until every one who desires has an opportunity to vote.

They would also urge upon the electors the importance of attentions the neighbor of attentions the recovery need to the contract of the contrac

of attending the primary meetings. A full turn out to the delegate elections is calculated to do away with many of the authority which necessarily appertain to the system. Atthe cvils which necessarily appertain to the system. At-tend your delegate elections, select good, honest reliable men, who will properly represent your wishes, looking to the advancement of principle, rather than the elevation

the advancement of principle, rather of persons.

Allen M'KEAN,
WM. C. BOG ART,
J. B. G. BABCOCK,
JOHN A. CODDING,
WM. H. VANDYKE,
V. S. VINCENT,
E. C. KELLOGG,
F. NICHOLS,
IRA C. BULLOCK,
August 2, 1856.

Committees of Vigilance.

Albany—Wells Wilcox, M. H. Codding, John Sterigere, Daniel Kellogg, Moses A. Ladd.

Armenia—Alfred Ripley, David S. Becker, Alba Burnham, W. Pierce, Robert Mason, Jr.

Asylum—John F. Dodge, J. H. Morrow, Geo. W. Ingham, Uriah Terry, Francis Viall.

Athens tp.—S. W. Park, John Griffin, David Gardner, Erastus Wolcott, John F. Satterlee,

Athens boro!—N. C. Hurris, C. Hunsiker, L. S. Keeler, D.

Erastus Wolcott, John F. Satterlee, Athens boro'- N. C. Harris, C. Hunsiker, L. S. Keeler, D. B. Cotton, A. H. Spalding. Burlington—Roswell Luther, J. W. Spencer, D. m. Alex-ander, James Nichols, J. J. Haight.

ander, James Nichols, J. J. Haight.
Burlington West-Plynn Phelps, Jr., Perry B. Pratt, S.
H. Stilles, J. B. W. Kean, Jacob E. Vosburg.
Burlington borough-Philander Long, Chester Kingsley,
Charles Lewis, N. T. Dickerson, John Ballard, Jr.
Columbia—James Bullock, D. Lilley, Andrew Gernet,
Isaac Strait, Newbury E. Catkins,

Isaac Strait, Newbury E. Calkins, Canton—S. Newman, M. H. Case, S. Owen, W. Lawrence, George Lilley. Durell—R. Bull, D. L. Staats, U. Moody, Edw. Homet, J

Durell—R. Bull, D. L., Staats, U. Moody, Edw. Holles, M. Bishop.
Franklin—Melson Gilbert, Thomas Smiley, J. M. Martin, Festus P. Fairchild, Ezra Champion.
Granville—Luman Putham, Wm. Bunyon, Benj. Saxton, Harrison Ross, Levi Taylor.
Herrick—I. A. Park, E. Carr, A. R. Brown, Abel Bolles, John M. Furman.
Litchfield—Milo Merrill, Cyrus Bloodgood, Stephen Evans, Heman Moore, Stephen M'Kinney.

Litchfield—Milo Merrill, Cyrns Bloodgood, Stephen Evans, Heman Moore, Stephen M'Kinney, LeRny—A. D. Foss, S. Bailey, Charles Lamb, Ezra Holcomb, Edw. Kelly.

Mouroe twp.—Freeman Sweet, Daniel Decker, Charles G. Hollon, Rowland Rockwell, Samuel Cole.

Monroe Boro!—E. B. Coolbaugh, S. S. Hinman, Anthony Mullan, J. L. Rockwell, G. W. White.

Orwell—S. N. Bronson, John W. Payson, Henry Gibbs, A. G. Mathews, Sheldon L. Chubbuck.

Overton—James M. Haverley, Wm. Waltman, Orange Chase, George Hottenstine, Daniel Haverley.

Pike—E. Crandall, R. B. Bailey, E. S. Skeel, G. W. Brink. Chandler Brink. undler Brink.

-P. Forbes, O. Young, J. G. Towner, F. W Maynard,
rge Nichols.

George Nichols, Ridgbery.-G. Gooper, H. Owen, W. Stevens, J. D. Ham-moud, A. D. Smith. Sheshequin.-O. H. P. Kinney, Charles Chaffee, A. J. Cole,

c. W. Bullis, Wm. Tuttle C. W. Ballis, w.m. Futtle.

Springfield—C. A. Campbell, Ambrose G. Brown, Amos
Knapp, Isaac F. Bullock, Robert Bardwell.

Smithfield—C. K. M'Vannon, Orpheus K. Bird, E. G. Durof Slavery. In 1848, he was in favor of ex-

Smithfield—G. K. M.Vannon, Orpheus K. Bird, E. G. Durfey, R. Wood, E. P. Allen.
South Creek.—W. Y. Glines, Ira Crane, J. F. Gillet, Linus Williams, Cornelius Huight.
Standing Stone—Wm. Griffis, Henry Noble, Wm. Kingsley, G. H. Stevens, Gordon Taylor.
Sylvania boro'—Peter Monroe, N. H. M'Cullom, L. N. Tinkham, James H. Nash, —— Peck.
Tuscarora—E. C. Wells, A. J. Cogswell, Henry Montgomery, Davis Gray. George R. Johnson.
Towanda boro'—Jere Culp, Frank Overton, Wallis Bull, Percival Powell, George Britton.
Towanda—H. C. Fox, S. C. Means, J. H. Decker, L. D. Bowman, Wm. M'nicken.
North Towanda—George Mills, A. D. Kingsbery, Ezra Rutty, S. Stratton, James Siumons.
Troy boro'—E. B. Parsons, Geo. P. Newberry, B. S. Dart,

Rutty, S. Stratton, James Siumons.

Troy boro'—E. B. Parsons, Geo. P. Newberry, B. S. Dart, B. G. Long.
Troy twp.—Alonzo Thomas, Ezra Loomis, Amasa Greeno, J. M. Smith, Reuben Stiles. J. M. Smith. Reuben Stiles. Ulster—S. C. Hovey, D. J. Chubbuck, J. L. Gorseline, S. N. Havens, G. W. Nichols.

N. Havens, G. W. Nichols,

W. Moses Canfield, M. J. Coolbaugh, I. P. Spalding,
George Strope, Henry Wood.

Wyalusing—C. K. Ingham, Francis Homet, Elisha Lewis,
Harry Clark, L. P. Stalford,
Warren—Miles Prince, Jacob Rogers, James Cooper, Miranda Chaffee, Nathan Young, Jr.,

Walls, Lewang, Grinnell, Jahn, Rogers all, Novell Legang, Grinnell, Lewis

Wells-Lorenzo Grinnell, John Brownell, Newell Leonard, John Brasted, Jan Windham—Platt Vandyke, James M. Peck, James Olm stead, Wm. S. Bubcock, John Warner. Wilmot Jonathan Buttles, J. H. Turrell, J. L. Jones, Hiram Stone, Charles White

The last number of the Montrose Democrat contains the Valedictory of E. B. Chase can no longer pander to her schemes, and then announcing his entire withdrawal from that pa- she will deliver him over to the Philistines .per, having disposed of his interests therein to By being merged in that platform, and no lon-Messrs. J. B. McCollum and A. J. Gerritson.

of Congress from Buffalo, and Law Partner of sas and Nebraska, and whoever votes for him, ting Kansas as a Free State!

ARE THEY SINCERE?

"I am opposed to the present national Administration, and the extension of Slavery into Free Territory," is an every day remark of the Buchaniers. Do they mean what they say, or are they insincere and dishonest? To letermine the question, let us appeal to facts.

In the first place the party that put Mr BUCHANAN in nomination endorsed the policy of Pierce's Administration fully, and without reserve. In 1854, through the influence of that Administration, and as a part of that policy, the Missouri Compromise was repealed. The consequences of that repeal are unparalleled in the history of any civilized nation .--Its declared object, in the South, was to extend Slavery into Kansas and Nebraska. Mr PIERCE, as exhibited in his public and private acts, knew the object of that repeal, if he had not even gone further, and promised to the Slavery-propagandists to give up at least Kansas to their designs. To carry out the plot, of the twenty-one officers of the General Government, in that Territory, nineteen are slave state men. These were appointed by the President. He has stood quietly by and permitted crimes of every grade and character to be committed against the free-state settlers. Their lives have been sacrificed by the fury of border ruffians. their property destroyed, they have been disarmed, shut up in prison on frivolous and unlawful pretexts, indicted for high treason while exercising the privileges of freemen, their wives and daughters outraged, and civil war and anarchy has usurped the place of law and order.

To carry out the object of that repeal, he removed Reeder because he would not degrade himself to the condition of a tool for the Slavery-extensionists, and appointed Shannon Governor, who has shown himself totally unfit for any station except to adorn the "gaming tables of San Francisco, with Mexican REPUBLICAN COUN- greasers, escaped convicts of the British penal REPUBLICAN COUNgreasers, escaped convicts of the British penal
colonies, and the desperadoes of the old world and the new." To earry out the object of this repeal, the President stood by, and saw trained bands of marauders go into the Territory five different times, take possession of the ballot boxes and drive the actual settlers from the polls-elect pro-slavery men to fill all the important offices-saw a Draconian code of laws enacted, and attempted to be enforced by his emisaries, and did all he could consistently with an idea of securing a re-nomination for the Presidency, to force Slavery upon the settlers of that Territory.

> Such are some of the acts of Mr. PIERCE. Was there a man in the Cincinnati convention raised his voice against these acts of violence? Not one ! on the contrary they were fully endorsed. The repeal of the Missouri Compro mise which was the foundation of all these excesses, was incorporated into the platform .-When and where has a self-styled Democratic Convention been held, in which the policy of this Administration has been condemned?-The Democratic convention of this State, endorsed the administration. In the Buchanier meetings in this County, not one word has ever been uttered reprobating the "Crimes against Kansas," but they are ready to censure all those who are opposed to those crimes, as ab- the only way in which the people can reach olitionists, fanatics and disunionists. What these gross and dangerous abuses. Let it be supporter of Buchanan, either on the stump, understood that treachery is no louger to be or through the press, dare utter a syllable against the outrages perpetrated in Kansas, the assault upon a Senator, or any of the brutal and unjustifiable doings of which Slavery has been the cause? Not one. They are constantly engaged in contriving excuses for all these enormities, and if not directly sanctioning and applauding, are endeavoring to palliate them.

When a northern Buchanier disclaims Pierce and his Administration, (which was and is the supple tool of Slavery) he puts himself in a position to have his honesty doubted and does violence to his party. He is not so honest though perhaps not so wicked, as Ltoyp GAR-RISON, WENDELL PHILIPS, & Co., who desire the election of Mr. Buchanan, on the ground that his administration will be a continuation of Pierce's policy and thereby by continual aggressions upon the North so enrage it, as to cause a disruption of the Union-believing that the abolition of Slavery in the States can only be thus accomplished.

In the South, as we have already shown Mr. Buchanan's election is urged on the ground tending the line of the Missouri Compromise to the Pacific, in order that California, and the large proportion of the Territory acquired from Mexico, might be given up to Slavery-which measure was regarded at the time (says the Richmond Enquirer) as extreme concession to the just demands of the South." He then believed that Congress had power to legislate on the subject of Slavery in the Territories. In 1856, he does not believe any such thing .-Why? Because he does not wish to do any thing "that would pain the most sensitive Southern heart."

By saying that he "is no longer JAMES BU-CHANAN," he has declared his attachment to his mistress, Slavery, and is already helpless in her embrace. She has shorn him already of the locks which were once his beauty and his strength. She will cling to him as affectionately and successfully as she has to PIERCE, until she robs him of all his manhood, and he ger a free moral agent, he is committed to the South, and to Southern interests, which em-REMEMBER! That Mr. Haven, member braces the extension of Slavery into both Kan-Mr Fillmore, voted in Congress against admit- or whoever lends his sympathies, his influence. his time and money to promote his election, is

enlisted in the cause of Slavery extension, to the ultimate dissolution of the Union, and the the formation in the South of a great powerful Slave monarchy. Let Cuba be wrested by force from Spain, which BUCHANAN is pledged to do whenever the South shall demand it of him-let Slavery go into Kansas and Nebraska, thereby shutting Freedom out from all the mmense Territory west and south, and the North must either wear the yoke that the Slave oligarchy will place upon its neck, or again conquer liberty as our forefathers have before us. Such a result would be as certain as the march of time.

The corruptions which have crept into the National Government, have become a serious cause of apprehension to every reflecting and patriotic Freeman. The power and patronage of the Administration has in a number of cases, been freely and successfully employed to debauch and control members of Congress and others, for the purpose of carrying measures through Congress, abhorrent to a sense of national justice, and repugnant to the views of a large majority of the people of the Union.

In the passage of the Compromise measures of 1850, and later still in that more iniquitous deed the Repeal of the Missouri Compromise, the agents of the National Administration have been found in the Halls of Congress, with offices and patronage at their disposal, to reward those who should prove recreant to the interests of their constituents and support measures to which those constituents were opposed. It has become a serious question, how long a government can stand, where bribery and corruption, such as has been unblushingly employed within a few years, is allowed by the people without rebuke.

It is for the purpose of extending and strengthening Slavery that these scenes of prostitution and dishonesty have been witnessed. There is no evidence of anything similar for any other purpose. And so long as the Slave oligarchy have designs upon the Territories of the country, so long we may expect a National Administration under their influence to be guilty of the like base and dishonest practices -more dangerous to the purity and liberties of the Nation, than any of the evils which threaten us.

If the Freemen of the Nation would rebuke this dangerous prostitution of official power. they must elect a President who will not be a panderer to the designs of Slavery. Freedom has no occasion to bribe and buy men. It has no wish to subvert the Constitution for the purpose of aggrandizing any section. It is Slavery which holds out improper inducements to Northern men to betray their constituents It says to the weak and ambitious :- " Be true "to the interests of Slavery, and if repudiated at home, we will reward von with an-"pointments and profits." Freedom, on the other hand can make no such promises. The rewards she holds out are the approbation of a free people and of conscious rectitude. The weak, the venal, the selfish are seduced from their duty by the strong inducements Slavery is thus able to employ.

The election of a Republican President rewarded; that Slavery can no longer parcel out the offices and patronage of the General Government, for the purpose of rewarding doughfaces, and the race will become extinct. This consideration alone should be sufficient to induce every Northern freeman who has any regard for the character and safety of our Nation to vote for JOHN C. FREMONT, that the test of qualification for office may be "is he honest, is he capable ;" not as it now is-" is he in favor of the extension of Slavery."

The House, on Tuesday week, passed the army appropriation bill by a vote of 91 to 86 with Sherman's amendment appended, and sent it to the Senate, throwing upon that body the responsibility of saying whether supplies shall be granted to the army of not.

The House, then under the lead of Mr. Grow of Pa., substituted Mr. Dunn's Free Kansas bill for Mr. Grow's and put it through to its final passage by a vote of 88 to 74, and that has gone to the Senate also.

The bill repeals the Kansas-Nebraska Act, restores the Missouri Compromise, and provides carefully for a thorough reorganization of the Territory, and the Executive power and authority in and over it to be vested in a Governor, who shall hold his office four years ; the appointment of a Secretary and the election of a Council and House of Representatives-the first election to be on the Tuesday after the first Monday of Nov.next; that all the laws passed by the Legislative Assembly and Governor shall be submitted to the Congress of the United States and if disapproved, shall be void and of no effect; and that all laws or pretended laws. whether now existing or hereafter enacted in said Territory, in contravention of the provisions of this Act, shall be void.

Drowned .- An orphan boy, aged about 9 years, named Jacob Fick, nephew of WM. C. BOGART, Esq., was drowned in the river at this place on Wednesday last. He was walking ipon the comb of the dam, which is dry near-

A FREMONT and DAYTON meeting will other speakers.

BROOKS AND KIETT ENDORSED.

The election which took place on Monday and Kierr, has resulted in the return of these 1856. A committee consisting of H. Gibbs, doubting but the South is ready to applaud President, Joel Johnson; Vice President, the most outrageous attacks upon the freedom of speech and the sanctities of the Senate Chamber, provided the victim is the supporter of Freedom. Messrs. Brooks and Kiett, in Brown. their addresses to their constituents, made up the issue clearly and distinctly, whether the South would or would not sustain them for the association is now ready for active exertion their assault made upon Senator SUMNER.

It is now unequivocally understood, that all any Southern member has to do to deserve the suffrages of his constituents is to make a cowardly, brutal and murderous assault upon some unsuspecting Northern friend of Freedom .-The way to secure Southern votes, is by using On motion, the Chair appointed Dr. H. Rice the bludgeon freely upon Northern men.

Presently we shall have the South demanding as a test of orthodoxy from Northern dough-faces, the lynching of at least one pestilent free-soiler, and it will become fashionable for chivalrous, high-toned Southern gentlemen to display the scalps of their victims, as trophies of their prowess and devotion to slavery.

Northern men have been patient too long. The slaveholder cannot appreciate the moderation which they are educated to display. Their forbearance is above the comprehension of the tyrant, brought up to knock down negroes for the slightest insolence. They regard it as cowardice. They have been taught a lesson by Wilson and Burlingame of great service. We do not approve of duelling, for it is a barbarous custom-but if plantation manners are to rule at Washington, we trust that Northern men will learn the boastful, swaggering, cow ardly cravens, that they are not afraid of the smell of gunpowder.

People's candidate for the Presidency are con of his life having been passed in the political stantly charging him with sectionalism. This world. Call you him a statesman, who has never sectionalism at present they define to be, the contributed an original idea or thought to poconfinement of this party to the Northern States litical science? who has been on all sides of alin its political operations. They at first de- most every question, for whom nothing in the clared it sectional because both of its candi- game of politics has been too base? What dates lived at the North. This they were for- has he done to merit the title of statesman? ced to abandon when it was shown that Gen. Was it states man ship to defame the character of JACKRON and JOHN C. CALHOUN were both Southern man, and both ran as candidates for victim not to expose him? Was it states-President and Vice President upon the same manship to pledge his honor to assembled ticket in 1828. In the same campaign J. Q. thousands who trusted him, that JAMES K. Adams and Benjamin Rush were the opposi- Polk was as good a tariff man as Henry tion candidates for the same offices, and were CLAY? Was it statesmanship to oppose the both Northern men. These and other equally extension of slavery as contrary to the interests illustrious examples, were cited to show that of the people, and afterwards at the beck of the mere fact of both candidates coming from an oligarchy of slaveholders favor its extentha same section, did not necessarily constitute sion? Was it states manship to advocate the seizsectional ticket

States. We are sorry to be compelled to un without effecting a settlement of the differences electoral ticket is already put forward for FRE- he done to promote the interests of the people MONT and DAYTON. In Maryland and Dela- It is time to distinguish between a political ware a like course of action will be taken in a hack and a statesman. To call such a man as few days. And it is a well known fact, that JAMES BUCHANAN a statesman, is to insult the the same will be done in Virginia, Missouri memory of Washington, Jefferson, Madison. and Texas. We should not be surprised to see FRANKLIN; they were gods if he is or ever was a ticket in North Carolina, Tennessee and a statesman. Louisiana. For it is well known that the elements for the formation of a strong party exist in all three of these States.

thern States, with strong prospects of having principle; men who are unscrupulous politia development made in its favor in three oth cians pledged to sustain the most ultra demands ers before the November election! But this is a part of that plan which the Buchanier per condition of all laborers, white and black, is press has adopted to sustain their inane claims the state of slavery, and that newspapers and of exclusive devotion to the Constitution and common schools are a curse to the community the Union.

The President has removed Governor DISTRESSING CASUALTY .- A gunsmith, by the convince the President and the country of the of his shop, and while thus engaged it went off utter incompetency and imbecility of Shannon the contents entering above the mouth and com-

from Kansas, by the strong vote of 110 to rendered a verdict of accidental death. He 92. The resolution declaring REEDER entitled leaves four children. to a seat was defeated by 88 yeas to 113 nays.

for President "

Advices from the Coast of Labrador tate that on the 1st of July that coast was visly its entire length, and coming to a place was a fleet of thirty vessels on the fishing trial of Matt Ward, the murderer of the school-

Buchanan has been seeking the nomina- sassin from punishment." tion for the Presidency for about twenty-two years. In 1836 he was repudiated by his parbe held at the Ulster corners meeting house, ty for Van Buren, and he was set aside again the score of speeches which he has made since on Saturday evening next, which will be ad- for Van Buren in 1840; in 1844 he was his return from Europe, has uttered one word dressed by ULYSSES MERCUR, Esq., and by turned off for Polk, in 1848 for Cass, and in in rebuke of the Border Ruffians, or in favor 1852 for Pierce.

Republican Associations.

The citizens of Orwell Township met to orreek, in South Carolina, to fill the vacancies ganize a Republican Association at the school occasioned by the resignation of Messrs. Brooks house near Mr. Woodruff's, Saturday July 19, chivalrous gentlemen, without opposition, a very A. G. Mathews, and A. Lloyd, was selected large vote being cast. We shall have no more to report permanent officers, who reported for Clark Smith; Secretary, Miner Taylor; As sistant Secretary, C. G. Gridley; Corresponding Secretary, H. Gibbs, Treasurer, G. W.

At a meeting held July 26, a declaration, platform and constitution, were adopted, and in the cause of Freedom.

The Republican electors of Rome, met in the Hall at that place, on Monday evening the 9th ult., and organized by the appointment of ORSON RICKEY, Chairman, and S. E. SEELEY and JOHN A. Moody, Secretaries .-LAWRENCE VOUGHT, and J. HOLCOMB, a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. The Committee reported a series of excellent resolutions breathing the true spirit of Freedom, and forming a Re publican Association to hold stated meetings the second Wednesday evening of each month, up to the Presidential election.

An Executive Committee, consisting of Law RENCE VOUGHT, Dr. H. RICE, J. HOLCOMB, O. F. Young and John Passmore, was appointed whose business it shall be to call meetings, and procure the attendance of public speakers to address each regular meeting, also to conduct the correspondence pertaining to the business of the organization.

After a short address by J. Holcomb, Esq., the meeting adjourned.

BUCHANAN AS A STATESMAN. - We hear much of the veteran statesmanship of James Buchan-AN urged by persons belonging to the so-called Democratic party. Yes, he has attained the SECTIONALISM.—The presses opposed to the age of three score and ten, the greater portion HENRY CLAY, and afterwards beg his generous are of Cuba to gratify the interests or whims Overthrown at their first point of attack up- of 347,000 slaveholders, though it should bring n their own favorite ground they now resort upon 25,000,000 of people the horrors of a o the position, that the people's Party have war with England and France united? From no constituted organization in the Southern his recent mission to England he came home horse them, even here. In Kentucky a strong with that country. We vainly ask what has

Had he been in the prime of life a statesman, would it be judicious, now that he has reached an extreme old age, to place him in the Presidential chair, to be under the control of SLI-branches, and the study of the Latin harmage. Storm Class—To include the elementary English planches, and the study of the Latin harmage. Section 2 is of the South-hern States, with strong prospects of having developement made in its favor in three others a part of that plan which the Buchanier per condition of all laborers white and black is a statesman, would it be judicious, now that he has reached an extreme old age, to place him in the President of the summer vacation commercing in July, and ending in September. A recess of leven weeks each. The summer vacation commercing in July, and ending in September. A recess of leven weeks each. The summer vacation commercing in July, and ending in September. A recess of leven weeks each. The summer vacation of such design in Strike and the has reached an extreme old age, to place him in the President of the summer vacation of the summer vacation of such services. The school year will consist of four quarters, of eleven weeks each. The summer vacation dending in Strike and ending in September. A recess of leven weeks each. The summer vacation dends are weeks each. The summer vacation of such services and two of the summer vacation of such services. The school year will consist of four quarters, of eleven weeks each. The summer vacation is suited and ending in September. A recess of the summer vacation of such services are the holidays.

First Class—To include the elementary English branches, and the study of the Latin harmage. Second Class—To include the ence and favor as the summer vacation of such services. First class at the holidays.

First Class—To include the elementary English branches, and the study of the Latin harmage. Second Class—To include the ence and favor as the summer vacation of the summer vacation of such services. First Class—To include the elementary English branche in which they exist?

SHANNON, and appointed in his place, Col. J. name of Lowe, residing at Canton, Pa., on W. Geary, of this state. For a long time, Tuesday, was in the act of removing a loaded the free-state men have been endeavoring to gun from behind a box, situated in one corner and now, when he has done all the mischief ing out above the right eye, causing almost in. e can, the truth of their allegations it admit- stant death. The shop was in the rear part of his dwelling, and his wife being in the latter, on hearing the explosion, hastened to ascertain The House, on Friday last passed a the cause, and reached her husband, just as he esolution unseating Whitfield, as delegate was breathing his last. The Coroner's jury

TOWANDA FEMALE SEMINARY .- The fall term ILLINOIS .- The Tribune says that "Mr. of this school, under the charge of the Misses Ricdardson who has boasted so much since his HANSON, will open on Monday September 15, return to Washington about his prospect, re- in the new building, on second street, west of ally to his friends give up the State, and ac- the Ward House. This school has attained a knowledges that Illinois will give a large ma- very high reputation, and offers inducements jority for Bissell for Governor and Fremont for the patronage of the public, rarely presented in the country.

The Albany Evening Journal says :-"There is a strong feeling of opposition to ited by a hurricane unexampled in fury. There Breckinridge in Kentucky, growing out of the where the water overflowed, slipped, sliding down the timbers into the water, which was several feet in depth. His body was recovered after having lain in the water about an hour; but all attempts at resuscitation failed.

Was a feet of thirty vessels of the fishing grounds when the hurricane appeared, and twenty-nine of the thirty were wrecked, and nearly all on board perished.

Was a feet of thirty vessels of the fishing grounds when the hurricane appeared, and twenty-nine of the thirty were wrecked, and nearly all on board perished.

Breckinridge was one of the 'distinguished counsel' white and fancy kints, drawers, dealth white and fancy kints, drawers, dra

> REMEMBER! That Fillmore, in no one of of Freedom upon Free Soil!

Escaped.—Henry Loop, one of the horse thief and counterfeiting gang, who was confined in the jail at Elmira awaiting his trial made his escape Thursday night by knocking the turnkey down with a bar of iron as he was entering the cell in which the prisoner was confined. L. D. Chasworth, waiting his trial for the same offense, also made his escape at the same time. No clue has yet been obtain ed as to the whereabouts of the escaped prisoners. The turnkey is pretty badly burt

THE REPUBLICAN ELECTORAL TICKET IN KEY. гсску.—The Louisville, (Ку.) Courier a Demoeratic paper, says that the Republicans of that State were somewhat hasty in framing their electoral ticket, as by waiting they might have obtained a much stronger representation. It says :-

"The Hon. Adam Beattey, of Mason county. has announced in distinct terms, his affiliation with Free Soilers. In this city, we understand that a prominent lawyer, who was once in Congress, has stated that he would canvass the District for Fremont. And we know of another of our ablest lawyers and best citizens strong-ly inclined to the Republican nominees."

At a special meeting of the Alpha Epsilon Society, or the occasion of the death of one of its late members CHARLES FOX, the following resolutions were adopted Resolved. That while we have with Resolved. That while we bow with humble submiss of this stroke of Divine Providence, we cannot but deeplore the loss of one so full of promise, of future of nd usernmess. olved, That in our departed brother, we ever recog-

nized those high qualities of mind, and affability of dispo-sition which distinguished him in the varied relations which we held one with another; as the Student, and that dearer relation of brotherhood which bound us to ther.

Resolved, That we tender to the friends of our deceased

Resolved, That we called to the themselved in the called brother, our warmest sympathies and condelence, in this, the hour of affliction, feeling that though we now moun, he rejoices in a better and brighter world.

Resolved, That we wear as an oatward mark of respect to his memory, the usual badge of mourning for thirty Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the

papers of the county, and copies be sent to the parents of our deceased brother, and the members of the Society G. D. MONTANYE, S. W. ALVORD, J. T. PRATT.

Towards, Like 20. Towanda, July 29, 1856.

Towanda Market-Wholesale Prices

Corrected weekly by E.T. FOX, Dealer in Provisions an

9 21 00 (Hams and Shoulders Dried Peaches,.... Dried Berries,....

MABBIED. I this Borough, on Thursday mod Julius Foster, WM. H. PERKIN MARY BRITTON, of this place

DIED.

In Burlington, July the 2d, 1856, MATHALA D, wife of Theodore Curtis, in the 21st year of her age.

DAY next, at the usual hour. All members is ing are requested to attend, as matters of vita There will also be an election of officers for the enquir

New Advertisements.

TOWANDA FEMALLE SEMINARY.

D. HANSON, and in French

quarter.

Boarding for young ladies can be obtained in private amilies at reasonable rates. Pupils from a distance will exceive the especial care of the teachers.

LECTURES on Rhetoric, Moral and Intelectual Philosophy, and the higher branches of English Composition, vill also be delivered once or twice in each week. They beg leave to refer to the following named gettenen:—Rt. Rev. Aloxzo Potters, Bishop of the Discret of Penn'a, Philadelphia; Rev. Dr. Machan, Presidents for Callero of New Leave. Hon. David Wilmot, G. F. Mason, C. L. Ward, John F. Means, D. F. Barstow, H. S. Mercur, O. P. Bart

NOTICE.—The Pamphlet Laws of the August 4, 1856.

August 4, 1856. ALLEN M'KEAN, Proth'ry.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the following named persons have applied to the of Quarter Sessions for license under the present exilaws, to wit:

Hugh M. Holcomb, of LeRoy, to keep a Tavern.
H. N. Fish, Troy borough, for an eating house.

James Strong, Columbia, for a tavern.

August 4, 1856.

ALLEN M'KEAN, Clerk.

E. B. PARSONS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, TROY, Bradford Co., Pa. Office over V. M. & H. F. Long's store.

CAUTION .- All persons are caution against purchasing a note given by me on or also the 23d day of July last, to a man passing by the man of Van Fleet or Van Vliet for \$10, as said Note used tained by fraud and no value received. I therefore sha not pay said Note unless compelled by law.

Herrick, August 5, 1856.

REMOVAL.

COLLINS & POWELL, WOULD respectfully inform their frie ing and Furnishing Store to the west side of Main Street, next and will be happy to wait on a

Their stock consists of Black Cloth Coats Cloths, Cassimeres and Ves ready to make up on short fit in every way, or no sale.

heapness, all we ask is to give us a

J. M. COLLINS. PERCIVAL POWELL TOWARDS, August 7, 1856.