HARRI-BURG, Jan. 19 1855.

SENATE - Reports were received from the vari ous commit ees, including a bill for the sale of the Maine Line, and a supplement to regulate Banks. The bill for the sale of the North and West Blanch Canals was returned with a negative re-

A bill was read in place relative to the compen sation of the members and officers of the Legisla-

Also, a supplement to the Allentown Railroad and a bill relative to the protest of bill and notes A resolution was introduced to authorise the con mittee on banks to propound queries to the Bank

Bills were passed to punish bribery, to revive the bill to guadnate the lands in the Common wealth or

A resolution was passed inquiring of the Auditor General, what banks have failed to keep their notes at par in Philadelphia and Putsburgh. Adjourned.

House -A communication was received from the Secretary of the Commonwealth, transmitting the returns of the last election on the question of the enactment of a Prombitory L quor Law. A number of unimportant local bills were

The Speaker and members of the Senate were introduced, and the two Houses in Convention (the Speaker of the Senate presiding) then proceeded to open the returns and officially declare the result of the vote on the question of a Prohibitory Liquor

The returns were read, when it appeared that 158,318 votes had been cast in favor of a Prohibitory Law, and 163 457 against it.

The convention then adjourned and the Senate The bill more effectually to prevent the sale o intoxicating liquors on the Sabbath was considered

On motion, it was resolved, that when the House adjourns it adjourns to meet on Monday, at three o'clock, P. M.

SATURDAY, Jan. 20. SENATE .- The Senate could not proceed to business this morning, no quorum appearing at the time of assembling. On motion, adjourned till Monday at 11 o'clock.

House -There was no session of the House, having adjourned over until Monday at emoon.

SENATE -On motion, a resolution was adopted requesting the Anditor General to inform the Sen-ate whether any allowance has been made to any bank in Allegheny county for service rendered to the Commonwealth, and if so, what bank, what sum has been so allowed, and under what law.

A bill was read in place to repeal the 47th section of the act of Act of April 16th, 1850, relating to Banks.

The bill relating to taxes on collateral inheritances

was taken up and passed. The bill to define and punish bribery, and to

compel witnesses to testify, also passed unanimously. The Senate then adjourned. House—Several unimportant private bills were considered and passed, and among one to author ize the Councils of Pottsville to re-lesse a part of Coal street to the use of the Mount Carbon Railroad

A number of bills were reported from the committees, embracing among them a bill to incorporate the Schuylkill Junction Railroad Company, and a bill to repeal the registration laws of Phila-

delphia.

The House then adjourned.

Serious Railroad Riot.

A riot occurred on Saturday on the Buffalo Brant ford and Goodrich Railroad, at Ridgeway, twenty miles from Buffalo. It has been understood for several months past, that the laborers on the road have not been paid regularly, and a few weeks since they gave notice that they would spike down the switches to-day, if they did not receive

the wages due them.

The track was accordingly spiked at Ridgeway and one or two bridges were opened. When the chief officer of road heard of it, he hired about twenty-five men from Buffalo, armed them with disturbance, the party were fired upon by the la torers, who were well armed with rifles, and a regular fight ensued, the party from Buffalo faring the worst-one of their men, Simon Wemple, being killed, and two or three others wounded, whom dangerously so. Two or three of the labor-ers were also wounded. The officers party, however succeeded in arresting about a dozen of the laborers, and among them, it is believed, the man who shot Wemple.

Many rumors and versions of the affair are floating about, the above statement is as near the truth as at present can be arrived at. Nine of the party who went from here have just returned

One of the men engaged in the affair at Ridge way informs us that the whole party from the city on arriving there, were deputized by the Canadia nd ac'ed under his orders; that the President of the road, a number of Catholic priests, and the Sheriff, maile speeches to the laborers, and tried to persuade them to desist, but all to no pur pose. The Sheriff then ordered the track to b ed and cleared; and while the men were domg it occording to his orders, they were attacked by the rioters, and a desperate melee took place, during which thirteen of the laborers were arrested and are now in irons

The man who killed Wemple, after an exami nation, has been fully committed-Buffa'o paper

SMALL Notes .- The Legislature of Arkansas has passed an act prohibiting the issue or circulation of bank bills below the denomination of five dollars About half a dozen other States have a similar act in operation, and it works well. The Governor of Michigan recommends such a law to the Legislature in his last message, and we have no doubt the system will be ultimately be very generally adopted. It would be the most effective way of putting a stop to the wildcat banking, and would do more towards preserving a uniform and redeemable currency than all the legislations we have yet had .-Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, Louisiana, Missouri, Arkansas, and District of Columbia prohibit the issue and circulation of small bills, and we hope soon to add several other S ates to the list.— Indiana, Illinois and Michigan require such a law more than others in the Western section, to shut out that class of financiers who have found within their limits such a fine field for operations.

ECLIPES IN THE YEAR 1855 .- There will be this year four eclipes, two of the sun and two of the

The first-A total eclipse of the moon, May 1, at 10 o'clock 58 minutes, in the evening; visible.

The second-A partial eclipse of the sun, May 19, at 9'oclock 9 minutes in the evening; invisible here. Only visible towards the North Pole, Greenland, and on the north part of North America, latitude 60 and 61.

The third-A total eclipse of the moon, October 25, at 2 o'clock 35 minutes in the morning; invi-

The fourth-A partial eclipse of the sun, November 9, at 3 o'clock 39 minutes in the afternoon; invisible here, and only visible at the South

AT BURLINGTON, IOWA, December 30, three children of Mr. O'Callan—namely: John aged four years; Kosy, aged six, and Catharine, aged nine, went on the river without the knowledge of their parents, when the little boy fell through a hole nine, went on the river without the knowledge of their parents, when the little boy fell through a hole ting in the burglary on E. B. Ward's store and attempt to kill his clerk, was sentenced in Detroit,

Tariff Philosophy.

There is a good deal of tariff philosophy affoat in the newspapers now a days, and it is evident that the "state of the country" is bothering the braius of political economists of every class — It is worthy of remark, that v hat is popularly termed "a crisis" in monetary affairs is sure to shake the faith of many, even in sound principles, who are themselves unstable in mind. Nor in monetary affairs alone. There are men in church and state whose principles are so exceedingly lax that it is only ne cessary to put a given purpose before them, and principle is deliberately laid by until that purpose accomplished. In this matter of the tauff, see men again unerly at a loss for a position; and some who have strennously advocated a revenue earth just as likely to write themselves down protee ionists, prohibitionists, or anything else, until another cycle of inflation has made money scarce and paper plenty, to be followed by another crisis

One of the most cogent arguments about the tariff is deduced from the extravagance of the times The low tariff, it is said, fosters ex ravagance, and is the fmitful source of our indeb edness to Europe. Luxuries are too cheap; the poor can get at them Those who can all afford it are tempted by them. This may be true, but who in the world would ever think of plying such an argument against a low ariff. but those who have nothing else? Luxuries will always tempt somebody—some class of peo-ple who can comparatively, but ill afford them— let the price be what it may. But there are multitudes who abstain from extravagance, while those who are tempted gather experience in due season If it were possible, luxuries should be as accessible to the poor as the rich, though it is true that many things deemed luxuries are pernicious in the ex treme. Make luxuries common and they cease to be temptations. It is the scarcity of the diamond not its usefulness, that gives it value. Who would be doomed to live upon confectionery? But for the Hibernicism we should say, that man would die a vorse than felon's death

The extravagance of the times, the folly of the nes, the rain of the times, do not proceed from the tempration of cheap luxuries. There are a va rie y of causes, each of which has contributed its proportion to the whole. One of the most prolific nices of the mischief is in the desperate hurry of men to be rich; and a monetary crisis is not the wors: evil that flows from this cause. Wide spread demoralization, fraud, trickery, over-reaching cun ning, and all sorts of man œuvering for the multipli carion of the dollar, have contributed at once cause and effect in the general pursuit of wealth. Pru dence has been lost sight of, or if she has ventured to show herself with an admonition, she has been scouted from the scene, with something of the frantic fury with which Macbeth is accustomed to back out" the ghost of his quondam lieutenant, Banquo. Railroad & stock speculations have swamp ed their thousands. Business engagements, utter beyond the means and resources of the men who have ventured their all in them, have carried down as many more. And how to account for these Credit and fictitious capital are the under

laying rottenness.

The period of inflation—the process of artificial ity, has duped many a tolerable shiewd and well meaning man. There are multitudes of small bu siness men who making two, three or four thousand dollars—nominally—in '52 and '53—and liv-ing up to it, very naturally believe that by the same industry and perseverance, and a little more effort. ther would make one, two or three thousand more 54 and 55, and they live accordingly, in adwance, upon a credit, which working both ways, when the reality came—that is the pressure or the crisis, as you choose—cut both ways. Reckless men on both sides carried down even the prudent

and well-meaning.

There is in the inadequate produce of our country, a great cause of the difficulties we experience.
Old lands that ought to be rich and fertile are worn ont and unproductive. Our agricultural labor is inefficient and insufficient. There is great room for improvement here. Let grain be grown abundant more abundantly, much more abundantly, and farmer would be richer, while the price would be much less, and that price constitute the standard of other values. But instead of bread, bank paper is the standard of values, and a precious commodity it is. Banking facilities for speculation in bread and meat, are a curse to the country; and there are some sections of the Union in which these facilities are given to an unlimited extent for such pur-

revolvers, &c., and went over to take possession of ane protect the track. On arriving at the scene of disturbance, the party were fired upon by the la which will continue until the rottenness of the most direct meaning of the term .- Baltimore Sun.

> SHOCKING ACCIDENT - We are called upon this week to chronicle one of the most distressing accidents that ever occurred in this neighborhood. On Thursday evening last two Irishmen engaged as laborers at the new Portage Tunnel, got upon the chains, af er the car was detached, for the pur pose of descending the middle shaft. This dangerous method of descending, is accomplished by placing the feet in the hooks of the car chains, and holding on the hope. In the act of getting on the ope, the men swung violently against the side of the shaft near its mouth, when the foot of one, named Patrick McGuire, became disengaged, and in his sudden fright he let go the rope, and fell headlong to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of one hundred and eighty five feet! He was taken up it is needless to say, entirely dead. One of his legs was broken, his skull was fractured, and his entire breast crushed in.

> He was buried at the Summit next day. As we learn, he was a young and industrious man, and leaves but two relatives—brothers—to mourn the sad accident .- Hollidaysburg Standard, 17th.

> BURNING OF THE STEAMBOAT GARDEN CITY .-Chicago, Jan. 20 .- The fine Steamboat, Garden City, formerly running on the Illinois, was burned to the water's edge on Sunday morning last, near the mouth of the Arkansas river. She left the city of St Louis on the 10th instant, loaded with a cargo of flour, lard and oats, and caught fire just below Napoleon. The passengers and crew all reached the shore in safety, with their baggage. The cargo is a total loss. The boat was valued at \$30,000, and was insured, mostly in St Louis, for \$25,000. The cargo was insured principally in Boston and New Orleans.

> Execution - John J. Taylor was executed at Galena, Ill, on Friday, for the murder of his wife. About ten thousand persons were present. He spoke for nearly an hour, and protested his innocence at heart of the crime, blaming liquor for it all. He expressed his hope and belief that he was forgiven by his Maker, and died without a strug-

Stephen Short and William Hanning were hung at Greensburg Ky., on Friday, for murder. They confessed their guilt on the gallows. About 6,000 persons were present to witness the execution.

QUITE A MARRYING MAN .- The Pittsburg Post says, "A man named David Bates, was convicted at the last term of the Indiana County Court, of Bigamy, and sentenced to twenty-two months' im prisonment in the Western Penitentiary, to which place he was brought the other day. It appears he was committed for the same offence in 1851, and had just got out. He returned to the neighborhood Blairsville, and by dyeing his whiskers and changing his name to David Beatty, was again married to a young widow, by the very same Justice of the Peace who married him before. One of the witnesses on the trial stated that Bates had seven wives living, or even more.

RATHER A LONG SENTENCE -Baker, the young or cleft in the ice, and his sisters, endeavored to help him out, were drawn in also, and all carried on Monday, to fifty years' imprisonment in the to a watery grave.



Beadford Reporter.

E. O. GOODRICH, EDITOR.

Towanda, Saturday, January 27, 1855.

ESPECIAL NOTICE.

The REPORTER will be furnished at ONE DOLLAR per annum. in ariably in advance, and will be sent no longer than paid for.

Subscribers will have four weeks notice previous to the expiration of their subscription; when, if it is not renewed, the paper will be stopped.

Those in arrears can avail themselves of these terms by settling. We shall give them until the close of the present Volume. when we shall stop sending the paper to every subscriber in arrears. Any person sending us five new subscribers, with the

Cash, will receive a copy gratis for one year; or Six Copies will be sent to one address a year for \$5. As the success of the Cash system depends upon its stric observance, our Terms will be impartially and in flexibly adhered to

"Owe no Man Anything."

Very many of our subscribers have availed themelves of the change in our terms, by settling up arrearages, and paying in advance. Yet we have still upon our books, the names of subscribers who are from one to ten years in arrears. We invite hem to follow the good example which others have set them. There is no necessity for any deay Our advance rates are already in operation now February Court will afford a good oppor univ for this, and for such as may wish to subscribe. Remember, only one dollar a year, no postage within the County, and all papers discontinued when the time expires.

THE REPORTED RESIGNATION OF SECRETARY GUTHRIE -The Washington Union of Suurday says t is well known that we do not attempt to contralict the numberless falsehoods daily sent, or which purport to be sent by telegraph or otherwise, from his city in relation to the President and the differ ent members of his cabinet: but the intention of Mr. Guthrie to resign is announced with such an assurance of reliable authority, that we deem it proper to say that it is without the sligh est foundaion in truth. Such an idea was never entertained or one moment either by the President or the Sec retary, and we may as well add, that the rumors which have gained circulation within the last eighteen months with regard to contemplated changes n the cabinet, and all rumors of dissensions beween its different members, or between any one of them and the President, are each and all abso lutely and entirely groundless.

SOLDIERS OF THE WAR OF 1812 -The National Convention of the soldiers of the war of 1812, and previous wars, assembled in Washington City, on Monday week to the number of over fifteen hun dred. The Convention was organized by the ap pointment of Judge Sutherland as President, assisted by a Vice President from each State represented. After the morning session, the members of the convention visited the Presidential mansion. where they were cordially welcomed by the Presi-Poses.

We have only to examine with a candid spirit dent in a felicitous speech, which was replied to times is purged out. To denounce the tariff is but make provisions for the soldiers and their widows to contess our mability for self-government, in the and children, and for the Indians who helped us. and the priosnors in Tripoli: they also look to an extension of the pension law to the soldiers of the war of 1812, and their widows and children Gen eral Cass Shields, Houston, Coombs, and other distinguished gentlemen were present during the sessions of the Convention

> PROHIBITORY LIQUOR LAW .- A new prohibitory liquor bill has been reported in the New York Legislature. It is a modification of the bill vetoed by Gov. SEYMOUR, in that it does not authorize the searching of a house for liquors, unless the occupan's has been previously convicted under the act It does not permit the wife or nearest relative of an intemperate person to sue for consequential dam. ages. In some minor respects, also, the proposed bill differs from the vetoed one. The minority of the committee, it is understood, will also make a report rather, however, in the form of an argument than by bill. They will maintain that the present excise laws are sufficient to guard against intem temperance it properly enforced.

> POPULATION OF PENNSYLVANIA. - According to the annual report of the Auditor General, the number of taxable inhabitants in Pennsylvania is 558. 236. Taking the ratio of 51 of the population to every taxable, the aggregate number of persons in the State would thus be 3,070,298. This, if a correct estimate, shows an astonishing increase in the last five years. That it is not too high we are certain. Indeed, we think that the ratio of six inhabitants to a taxable would be more nearly correct, which would give the State a total population of 3.349.416 By this latter ratio the city of Philadelphia would have a population of 521,658 souls while by the former it would be 478,186; the total number of taxables in the city being 86,043.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS .- FLOUR AND MEAL .-The Flour market remains inactive. Sales of good shipping brands at \$9 per barrel. Sales for home consumption are limited within the range of \$9 and \$91 for good brands, and extra at \$91 and 10,-Rye Flour is steady at 63 per barrel, and Corn Meal at \$41

GRAIN.-There is but little demand for Wheat, and very little coming in. Sales of good red at 206 and 208c, per bushel. Last sale of white at 218c. Small sales of Rye are making at \$1 25 .-Corn is in demand. Sales of 5,000 bushels of new yellow at 96c. afloat. Last sales of Oat at 53 and 54c. for Deleware and 55c. for Pennsylvania.

MR. MASON'S HEALTH .- The Boston Transcript of Saturday evening says: "By letters received in this city yesterday, from Dr. S. L. BIGELOW, the attending physician upon the Hon JOHN Y. MASON, U. S. Minister to France, we learn that at the latest dates Mr. Mason was comfortable, and strong hopes were entertained of his recovery.

Mocal Items.

NOVEL AND INTERESING PERFORMANCE .- D HARKINS will entertain the public on the first evening of February Court, at this place, by an exhibition of Dissolving Views, with a large number of panoramic, astronomic, dissolving and comic diagrams. We have seen a portion of his apparatus, and have every confidence that all who may attend, will be highly delighted and satisfied Notice of the time and place of exhibition will be given by bills

The Eastern span of the Bridge across the Susquehanna at this place, fell on Monday afternoon last. It has been gradually settling since the fire which destroyed the first span, until it finally the jail of Bradford county by virtue of this act, on gave way near the middle and settled into the water, each end yet remaining upon the piers. Workmen are engaged in clearing away the wreck.

A meeting of the Bradford County Agricul tural Society will be held on the 5th of February next, at the Court House in this place. We trust that the members of the Society will give this meeting their attention. It is the annual election for officers, and the meeting for the transaction of much very important business.

The wind at this place, throughout Sunday ight, blew a perfect gale, accompanied by hai and rain. We do not hear of any damage sus ained in this vicinity. The storm appears to have extended the entire length of the sea-board, and already we have accounts of loss of life and property.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES .- Religious services have been kept up every evening during the past week, in the churches at this place. In the Episcopal church Rev. Mr. BYLLE-BY, of Montrose, and Rev. Mr. MILES, of Wilkes-Barre, have been assisting in the Presbyterian, Rev. Mr. DooLITTLE, of Troy, and in the Methodist, Rev. G P. PORTER, of Waverly. The interest in the meetings seems to be good.

"Fairfield" County.

BY MR, PIATT-READ IN PLACE.

AN ACT erecting the new County of Fairfield, out of parts of Bradford and Tioga Counties. Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of

Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylva nia in General Assembly met, and it is hereby en

acted by the authority of the same.

That all those parts of Bradford and Tioga counies within the following boundaries, viz: Beginning on the south line of Bradford county, at south-east corner of the township of Leroy, by the east line of said township northwardly, to the south line of the township of Burlington, thence by the south line of Burlington township east, to where the said line is intersected by a line run and recently reported to the proper court in Bradford county, for a division of the said township of Burington, thence by the said division line north to the south line of Smithfield township, thence east on said line to a point from which a north line would be two and one half miles east from the Bapti-t meeting house in the township of Smith thence north to the north line of said town ship, thence by the north line of said township west to the south-east corner of the township of Ridge. bery, thence north by the east line of said town-him to the north line of the county of Bradford, thence wes by the north line of the counties of Bradford and Tioga to the north-west corner of the township of Jackson, in Tioga county, thence southwardly by the west line of the townships of Jackson, Rut land, Sullivan, Ward and Union, to the south line of the counties of Tioga and Bradford to the place of beginning, shall be, and the same is hereby decalled " Fairfield."

Sec. 2. That Thos. W. Lloyd, of Lycoming Co., Michael Meylert, of Sullivan county, and of Wyoming county, be and they are hereby ap-Fairfield " and plainly to mark that part th between the north and south lines of the designate the place for the seat of justice for said county; and the said commissioners, or a majority of them, having ascertained and marked the bott dary lines and located the seat of justice as alore said, they, or a majority of them, shall transmit a draft or plot of said county of Fairfield, under their hands and seals to the Governor of this Common wealth on or before the first of June next; and the persons aforesaid named as commissioners, shall receive two dollars per diem for their services out of the funds of said county, and in case a vacancy should occur by reason of the death of either or an of the commissioners above named, or by reason of the inabili y or refusal of either or any of them to act it shall be lawful for the Governor of this Commonwealth, by his appointment, to supply such paign, acted with the Democratic party.

vacancy.
Sec. 3. Provides for the election at the next general election of three Commissioners, three Auditors, one Sheriff, one Coronor, one Prothono ary &c, one Register, &c, one Treasurer and two Associate Judges for said county.

SEC. 4. Provides for the place of holding Courts,

until a Court House shall be erected. SEC 5. Provides for the transfer to the courts of

Fairfield county, of all suits already pending, where both parties are resident in said county. SEC 6 Provides, that all taxes already assessed shall be recovered as if this act had not passed .-Provided, that the road and county taxes assessed during the year 1855, within the limits of the coun y of Fairfield, shall be paid into the treasuries of he counties of Bradford and Tioga for the use of

he county of Fairfield. SEC. 7. Sheriff and o her officers to give security for the faithful performance of their duties. SEC. 8. Sheriff and other officers of the counties

of Bradtord and Tioga to hold until similar officers shall be elected and qualified according to law. SEC. 9. That the inhabitants of the county of Fair field shall elect members of Congress, Senators and members of the House of the House of Representatives as before the passage of this act, unless otherwise apportioned by legislative enactment, or until a new apportionment. SEC 10. That it shall be lawful for the commi

signers of Faitheld county, who shall be elected at the next annual election, to take assurance or as surances to them and their successors in office, of such lot or lots or pieces of ground as shall have been approved by the commissioners appointed by the second section of this act or a majority of them. for the purpose of erecting thereon a court house jail and offices for the sale keeping of the records of said county of Fairfield; and the county commissioners are hereby authorized to receive by subscription or donations, money and materials to-wards defraying the expenses of the said lots and buildings, and are also hereby authorized to assess. levy and collect a sufficient sum to defray the expenses thereof and for building a court house and prison, or so much as shall be needful to supply deficiencies in case there shall not be a sufficien cy given and subscribed as aforesaid, which court nouse and prison they are hereby authorized to

SEC 11 To be annexed to the Eastern District of the Supreme Court.

SEC. 12. To compose part of the 13th Judicial district, and courts to be held on the last Mondays of August, November, January and April in

each year.
SEC. 13. Relates to certioraries and appeals SEC. 14. That in all cases where it would be lawdy of any person in the common jail of said coun- praised."

ty, if such jail were at this time erected in and for said county, such person shall be delivered to and kept in close custody by the sheriff, jailor or prison keeper of the county of Bradford, who upon delive ry of such prisoner to him or them, at the commo ail of said county of Bradford, shall safely keep him, her, or them until they be discharged b course of law, and shall also be amenable in I ke manner, and liable to the same pains and penalties as if the person so delivered were liable to confinement in the common july of Bradford county, and aggreeved shall be entitled to the same remedies against them or any of them, as if such prisoner had been committed to his or their custody by vir tue of legal process issued by proper authority of the county of Bradford: Provided always, That the sheriff of Farifield county be allowed out of the county funds of said county ten cents per mile as a full compensation for every person charged

county to the treasurer thereof

SEC. 15 That the sher If, jailor, and prison keep
er of the county of B:adford shall receive all pris
oners aforesaid, and shall provide for them accord ing to law, and shall be entitled to the tees for keeping them, and also to such allowance as by law is directed for the maintenance of prisoners in similar cases, which allowance shall be defrayed

with a criminal offence which he may deliver to

orders drawn by the commissioners of Fairfield

and paid by the commissioners of the county of Fairfield out of the county treasury

Sec. 16 That the 14th and 15th sections of this act shall be and continue in force for the term of three years, or until the commissioners of Fairfield county shall have certified to the court that a juil is erected in said county and ready for the recep tion of prisoners, and approved by the court and grand jury who shall enter their approbation, sign ed by them on the record of said court, and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the sheriff of Fairfield county to receive all and every person or per sons who may then be confined in the it'l of Bradford county in pursuance of this act, and carry them to the just of Fairfield county and keep them in close custody until discharged by dee course of

SEC 17. That when the commissioners appoin ed by the second section of this act, shall have as certained and deter-nined the place for the erection of county buildings in and for the said county of Fairfield, it shall be the duty of the civizers of the vicinity where the same may be located, forthwith well sustained, and they will doubtless do much to give security to be approved by the said comnissioners for the payment of ten thousand dollars for the use said county of Fairfield, in two equal annual instalments from the date of such location, and on failure to give such security, no turther pro ceedings shall be had or taken under this act, and the territory described in the first section of this act shall be and remain parts of the counties of Bradford and Tioga as if this act had not been

THE LATEST EOREIGN NEWS .- The news from Europe by the Baltiz and Canada is of the same character as that heretofore received as far as regar, is the warlike operations of the contending powers. Sebastopol is still in the possession of the Russians-the Allies are still making preparations for storming it and re-inforcements on both sides are continually arriving. Though the day of struggle is postponed, unless negotiations for peace in tervene to prevent it, bloody work will presently be done. The Russians are making continual and desperate sorties, but they are uniformly repelled by the allies. The London Times openly advocates the immediate removal of Lord Raglan from the command of the B i ish forces in the Crimea on the ground of incompetency. The same paper de-nounces in measured terms the present British ministry. Victoria has written an autograph letter sympathizing with the wounded soldiers. This exhibition of Royal sympathy will undoubtedly have a great effect in healing the sick and mangled. The Emperor of France is exerting himself with the greatest vigor in forwarding warlike operations. The position of Austria and Prussia is still clared to be erected into a separate county to be a matter of doubt-they are probably waiting for the upshot of affairs at Sebas opol.

APPOINTMENTS .- Gov Pollock has made the folpointed commissioners whose duty it shall be to lowing appointments: Andrew G. Curtin, of Bel ascertain the boundary lines of the said county of lefonte, Secretary of the Commonwealth; Thos E FRANKLIN, of Lancaster, Attorney General; John townships of Smithfield, and to fix, determine and M. Sullivan, of Butler, Deputy Secretary of the Commonweal h; HENRY C. HICKOK, of Lewisburg, Deputy Superintendent of Common Schools

Mr. Curtin is grandson of Andrew Gregg leng time a member of each branch of our National Congress, and Secretary of the Commonwealth under Governor Heister. Mr. Franklin is a sound lawyer. who held the same office under Gov. Johnson, and whose appointment satisfies the conflicting elements in Lancaster Mr. Sullivan was a long time Chief Clerk of the Senate, and is a very wothy, competent man. Mr Hickok is editor of The Lewisburg Chronicle, and until the last cam-

The amount of the public debt of the Unit ites outstanding on the 20th November was \$4,487,545 605 Of this, \$5 000 000 is not issued. The redemption during the current month will probably reach between one and two millions of dollars, as the period of redemption expires on the 31st inst., and there is not much probability of the Treasury renewing his proposition on the same

TAE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION IN FRANCE -The e are some signs of opposition in France, to the new logma of the Immaculate conception. The dogma of Conneils of State, whose approbation is necessary to the promulgation of any bull from the Pope, i said to show symptoms of revolt. A judge of the Court of Cassation is writing a pamphlet againts it, and one of the members of the Council will pronounce an alaborate oration against granting the

A KNOW NOTHING TOWN .- At an election for towr councilmen lately held in Parkenburg, Va, (a place containing about three thousand inhabi-tants, situated on the Ohio river, in Western Vir ginia.) the Know Nothing ticket received every vote but six. This looks bad for Mr. Wise.

Married.

n Smithfield, January 17th, by Willian E. Barton Esq., MR. ANDREW FRALEY, to MISS MARGARET DUBERT, both of Springfield.

Died, In Troy, Pa., on Wednesday 17th inst., Mrs. An-

TICRESIA BAIRD, wife of Samuel Baird of Troy. Mrs. B. was the daughter of Ephriam Wooster, and was born in Huntington, Conn., Feb. 10, 1784. She was married Sept. 23, 1804, and became the mother of eight children, five sons and three daughters, all of whom are now living and heads of families. She first united with the Congregational Church in Huntington, then under the Pastoral care of the Rev. David Ely, D. D., during the summer of 1816. Subsequently she became a member of the Congregational Church at Oxford, N. Y., and of the Preshyterian Church of Troy, Pa., with which, she was connected at the time of her death. The disease of which she died was dropsy consu mption. She bore her sufferings with christian fortitude and resignation, and we trust has fallen tul for the sheriff, jailor or prison keeper of the county of Fairfield to hold in close custoly the bo-

NEW ARRANGEMENTS. REDUCTION IN PRICE

An experience of fifteen years in publishing newspaper, has satisfied us that the Credit system is radically wrong, both to the Publisher and to the Subscriber. Under its operation a large amount is constantly due from subscribers located in every part of the county, which at best can be realized only by vaiting years, and in two many cases is ut terly worthless, the person receiving the paper having deceased, or left the county, and the printer has the vexation of finding that he is not to receive anything for the labor and expense of years. On the other hand, we are obliged to charge promptly paying subscribers sum sufficient to make up these losses.

Having become thoroughly satisfied that the system of advance payments is better both for publisher and subscriber, we have determined to adopt it. Hereafter the 'Reporter' will be furnished to subscribers at ONE DOLLAR per annum, payable invariably in advance, and will be sent no longer than paid for. These terms will be inflexibly adhered to.

Those of our present subscribers who are ndebted to us, and wish to avail themselves of these terms, can do so upon settlement.-We shall continue to send them the paper until the close of the present volume, (which will be about the first of June next.) upon the original terms when we shall positively discontinue sending the paper to every subscriber in arrears, and proceed to collect the amount due us.

Subscribers who have paid in advance, and whose time expires before the close of the preent volume, will have four weeks notice of he expiration of their subscription.

We shall give this plan a thorough trial .-We believe it will meet the approbation of Il those who desire to take, and pay for, a County paper: and we are certain it will relieve us from many of the vexations and disappointments for which the business is proverbial. We shall at least have the satisfacion of knowing that we have pay for every paper sent; and, we trust, of feeling that we ave given to every subscriber the full value of his Dollar.

To any person sending us five new subscribers, with the cash, (\$5) we will send the Reporter gratis, one year.

NOTICE.—There will be a Donation Visit at the house of Rev. J. R. Monris, in the boro of Towandn, on Tuesday afternoon and evening of January 30th. The citizens of Towanda and vicinity are respectfully invited to attend.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the Bradford County Agricultural Society, will be held at the Court House, in Towanda, on Monday 5th day of February next, at 7 o'clock P. M. The members of the Society are requested to attend, as the officers for the coming year are to be elected, and other important business transacted.

G. F. MASON, President.

Fowanda, Jan. 20, 1855. MASONIC.—The regular monthly Communications of UNION LODGE, No. 108, A.Y.M., are held Wednesday on or preceding the full moon, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at Masonic Hall, in

The meeting for January will occur on Wednesday, January 31st. Visiting brethren are invited to attend.

E. H. MASON, Secretary.

New Advertisements.

A FARIA TO RENT OR one or two years, situated in Overton two., Bradford County, containing 211 acres, with 25 acres improved, and eight acres seeded down

with clover last spring. A good house, and a new Barn, 30 by 50, erected on the premises. Barn, 30 by 50, erected on the premises.

Possession will be given the 1st of April.

ALSO, a good house to rent for one
year, to a steady and industrious man, to whom steady employmen

EDWARD McGOVERN.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL

THERE will be a MUSICAL FESTIVAL held in Towanda, commencing on TUESDAY, the 6th of FEBRUARY, to continue four days and evenings, under the direction of

Professor Wm. B. Bradbury, of N. Y. To conclude with a

CONCERT9 Friday Evening, Feb. 9.

The design of this Musical Festival is the advancement of Singers generally, whether as choirs or individual singers, in musical knewledge, by the study and practice of different styles of vocal music, and by familiar lectures, and such training and criticism as may tend to the accomplishment of the above named object. The different departments of musical study, such as Church music, secular music. Concert music, and instructions as to the best method of teaching singing classes, will receive attention. The principal text books used will be the Shawm" and the " Metropolitan Glee Book." Singers who are accustomed to sing together in Clubs, Quarteties, &c., will please come with pieces

rehearsed to sing at the Festival. Clergymen throughout the country, and all others who may feel the least interest in the advancement and improvement of vocal music, are earnestly solicited to take an interest in this object. Further notice as to the place of holding the Fes-

tival will be given, also circulars will be generally distributed throughout the countr. tion in relation to the matter may be had by communicating with either of the Committee. W. C. BOGART, 7

D. S. PRATT, Committee. C. R. COBURN, Towanda, January 10, 1855. Register's Notice.

OTICE is hereby given that there have been filed and settled in the office of the Register of Wills in and for the county of Bradford, accounts of administration upon the following estates, viz-Final account of James H. Ward, administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of Oliver Beers late of Troy, deceased.

Final account of John Rogers, guardian of Francis Roberts and Harriet Roberts.

Final account of Thomas Mather, guardian of

William Mather, minor child of John Mather, late of Ulster, deceased. Partial account of John W. Gray and Abisha W. Gray, administrators of the estate of Oliver S. Gray

ate of Standing Stone, deceased. Final account of Emily Owen, late Emily Osorne, administratr'x of Peter Osborne, late of She-

shequin, deceased. Final account of Sophronia E. Jackson, late Sophronia E. Hamilton, surviving administratrix of he estate of Joseph S. Hamilton, deceased, late of

Windham township.
Final account of Betsey Teed and Samuel David on, administrators of the estate of John Teed, late of Litchfield, deceased.

Final account of Cornelia Turk and Samuel Davidson, administrators of the estate of Thos Teck. ate of Litchfield, deceased. Final account of Joseph H Marsh, administrator

of the estate of Elliott Marsh, late of Pike tp. dec'd And the same will be presented to the Orphans Court of Bradford county, on Monday the 5th day of February next, for confirmation and allowance.

JAMES H. WEBB, Register.

Register's Office, Jan. 1, 1835.