Horrible Murder in Brooklyn!

One of the most cruel, fiendish and unnatural murders ever perpetrated was committed in Brooklyn on Wednesday. The murder was committed about 10 o'clock, by J. N. T. Tucker, editor of the Brooklyn Daily Freeman, (late Adventiser.) sudthe victim was his youngest child-a bright, lovely boy of three years. The New York Times of Thursday has the annexed particulars of the horrid

Tucker resides with his family at No. 403 Atlantic street, near Nevins. About 8 o'clock last even-ing, he invited his wife out to take a walk, leaving three children at home. On arriving near the house from their walk, Tucker suddenly threatened to At about two o'clock, all the business rec shoot his wife, and she, frightened at the threat and his general appearance, polled away from him and rushed into the house and up states to her apartments. He goes immediately to Mr De Camp's rug store, on Atlantic street, near Nevins, and suddenly drawing a revolver, presents it to the breast of the proprietor, and says, "Fill that" He is re monstrated with, when he apologises and says-

He went to his home, proceeded to his wife's room, went in and locked the door. A young child three years of age, was lying in a small bed in the room asleen at this time; he drank the brandy just purchased, threw the vial out of the window, went o a drawer and took out a razor, with which he went to the bed where the child lay; he took the child in his arms, and taking a seat on the floor, opened the razor and deliberately cut the child's throat, nearly severing the head from the body

Mrs. Tucker rushed to the rescue of her child. when this fiend knocked her or forced her down to the floor, and made five district cuts on her face and neck with a razor, one about five inches in length across the left side of the face and neck, extending from the mouth to the vertebin; one cut parallel above on the neck, another below in the same position, one cut across the throat, and another perpendicularly down the chin. These cuts, with riously injured. Her escape from instant death seems atmost a miracle.

The screams of the wife aroused other inmates. Mr. DeMyse, with others, at once grappled with the infuriated man, and before he could be mastered. Tucker was knocked down three different times-all the while endravoring to use his wea pon on those who came to the rescue of his wife. A daughter of Tucker's about 10 years of age. was in the room during the whole of this affair .-Her father made a dash at her with the razor and cut her hand.

Tucker recently came from Rochester, where now live three of his children, he having six in all He is a man of intemperate habits, and when intoxicated is subject to fits of frenzy, and on several in this state, has beat his wife, and

Veto of the River and Harbor Bill.

The following is the Message received from the

To the House of Representatives : I have received the bill entitled " An act making appropriations for the repair, preservation and zy condition. He was walking up and down a half n of certain public works heretofore commenced under the authority of law." It reaches me in the expiring hours of the Se-sion, and time does not allow a full opportunity of examining and the disorderly character to desist, as he disturbed considering its provisions, or of stating at long he the reasons which forbid me to give it my signature. It belongs to that class of measures which are commonly known as Internal Improvements by the General Government, and which, from a very early period, have been deemed of doubtful consututionality and expediency, and have thus failed to obtain the approbation of successive Chief Magistrates. On each an examination of this bill as it held in the dining room of the hotel. She was has been in my power to make, I recognize in it brought into the room by two ladies, and cried most certain provisions, national in their character, and piteonsly. After testifying that her husband was which if they stood alone, it would be compatible the Reveiver of public moneys at Benicia. Califorwith my convictions of public duty to assent to, at | nia; that she left there on the 6th of February, and the same time it embraces others which are mere he in March; and that he met her in Baltim ly local, and not in my judgment warranted by any May, and remained there until they went to New safe or true construction of the Constitution. To York, and that he was a stranger to Dr. Graham: make a proper and sound discrimination between she proceeded to give the facts in relation to the these different provisions, would require a deliber ate discussion of the general principles, as well as a careful scrutiny of details for the purpose of rightto the value and importance of internal improvements in the coun'ry is undivided. There is a disposition on all hands to have them prosecuted with ergy, and to see the benefits sought to be attained by them fully realized. The prominent point of difference between those who have been regarded as the friends of a system of internal improve ments by the General Government, and those ad verse to such a system, has been one of Constitu tional power, though more or less connected with considerations of expediency. My own judgment it is well known, has on both grounds be ed to a " general system of internal improvements" by the Federal Government, as well as from past unsatisfactory experience by the General Government, as to render its use advantageous either to the country at large, or effectual for the object contemplated. I shall consider it incumbent on me to present to the present Congress at its next session a matured yiew of the whole subject, and to endeavor to define, approximately at least, and according to my own convictions, what appropriations of this nature by the General Government the great interests of the United States require, the Constitution will admit and sanction, in case no substitute should be devised capable of reconciling the differences both of constitutionality and expediency. Ir the absence of the requisite means and time fo

thus briefly submitted to the consideration of Congress, withhold from it my approval.
FRANKLIN PIERCE. WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 4, 1854. .

duly considering the whole subject at present, and

discussing such possible substitute, it becomes ne

cessary to return the bill to the House of Represen

tatives, in which it originated, and, for the reasons

ABUNDANT CROPS IN EUROPE -The intelligence from all parts of Europe relative to the fine and abandant crops is causing the prices of breadstuffs to fall very fast in the markets of that country. In Great Britain the corn crops were never better or ed on agent appointed by the Governor of the the growth greater. France has wheat crops the State where the offence is alleged to have been compresent season superior in quality and larger in mitted without any adjudication upon the question her own and the abundant crops in Algeria, France livered to the officer of the law, and is in the cus-will be able to sell to English purchasers instead of tody of the law for the purpose of being taken to being purchasers in English markets. On the con- the State where he can alone be tried for the alleg tinent the crops are extensive, and the markets are ed offence. But the case is very different with the not only dull, but tast declining. A circular from alleged fugitive from labor. There is an adjudicak calculates on a large yield, at least onefourth above the usual average of the wheat crop, or labor, and that he has escaped. He is taken and more than a full average of other corn. There back to the State from which he is said to have are the same prospects in the Baltic district and escaped, not as a person merely charged with being accounts are extremely favorable from Norway, a slave, but as a person who has been proved and Sweden and Denmark. Prossia there are excellent prospects of a great yield, and at Smyrna the law; without having his rights passed upon and degrain is unusually plentiful. In Egypt the prices termined by a jury of his peers.

have greatly fallen, and at Alexandria the com is The above decision was rendered on the 19th inmost abundant. In the Principalities the corn is stant, and on the next day, Booth was arrested by being cut by the Russians, but in Bulgaria the har-lithe Federal authorities under an indictment for vest has been most abundant on the whole. Pota- against him nine days previous by the Grand Jury toss prove to be abundant. In spite of war there of the United States Court at Madison, Wisconsin, seems to be abundance of the elements which give for aiding in the escape of the fugitive, Booth was impulse to industry, and make the manufacturers committed to jail, but a writ of habeas corpus was flourish .- Ledger

was imprisoned in Winchester jail, England, this the final adjudication of the important question inty-nine years ago, for debt, still remains confined volved. on the same charge, though he has now become
71 years old. The last three years and eight months on the same charge, though he has now become
71 years old. The last three years and eight months
of his stay in Winchester jail were spent in solutasy confinement. Some humane persons hearing of
his case, had him transferred to the Queen's prison
wintered in Missouri, when they will be driven to London, where he now enjoys comparative liberty. Salt Lake.

The Assault on the President.

At about 2 o'clock ou Saturday afternoon an assault was committed on President Pierce, which the Union thus notices, and is regarded as the only reliable statement of the affair?

" As idle and exaggarated famous are being circulated in relation to an indignity supposed to have been offered to the President yesterday, we have taken pains to ascertain the facts, which we have done, and present them as follows: The President during the morning, as is customary for the Executive at the close of a session of Congress, had been at the Capitol approving and signing bills presence having been closed; the left the Vice President's room, in company with the Postmaster

General and his private Secretary.

"On arriving at the entrance of the passage which leads to the Senate Chamber, the President waited for a moment for his carriage to come up. While standing there, a young man, without a coal but otherwise dressed like a gentleman, approach "O, I thought it was a bottle;" then hastily taking a bottle from his pocket, says, "Give me some of that cholera medicine. I have a very bad case of cholera in my house." He is asked what he will have? and replies, "Brandy, quick—I am Dr. the language or bearing of the young man which the language or bearing of the young man which indicated intentional rudeness, although he was evidently in a state bordering upon insanity from the effects of liquor. The young man, after having shaken hands with the President, retired in the di rection of the door. The carriage came up immediately, and as the President was stepping in some thing struck his hat. Mr. Webster inquired " what was that?" The President replied that " he did not know;" but at that moment observing the in toxicated young man making some violent gestionlations, he suggested to a policeman standing near that he had better take case of him, though at that time it was his own impression, and that of Mr. Wedster, that whatever struck his hat was accidentally thrown from a upper window. The carriage was immediately driven away, and the President neither spoke nor thought of the occurrence till in formation was brought to him that the young man had been arrested for throwing what proved the remaining portion of a bard boiled egg of which the exception of the first fiamed, are from two to he had eaten a part, when he immediately requestthree inches in length. She is not considered se. ed that he be discharged, and his friends, if they could be found. be sent for to take care of him — We also learn that this unfortunate young man is, as he stated from Charleston, and that he came within a few days with his mother to this city, to visit a sister, who is the wite of a highly respected and estimable gentleman. His delitium since his arrest, has been such as to require the interposition of friends to prevent him from inflicting wounds upon his own person. He is, as we understand, in he care of kind friends; and we hope he may derivega salutary lesson from this mortifying experi-

TRAGEDY IN NEW YORK -We have account of a tragical affair that occurred at the St. Nichols Hotel, New York, early on Wednesday morning, in which Col. Charles Loring, of California, lost his life at it is stated that he has frequently threatened to take the hands of Dr. R. M. Graham, of New Orleans. the Express says:

Graham was out the night previous, at porter houses and other resorts, and was so disorderly that the 8 h Ward police had to take him into custody. Some person from the hotel, who happened to be with Graham, promised to take him home and keep him there. Upon this promise the police fet his go. However, he went out again during the night. and at about 5 o'clock came home in a rather crain the hotel, about half past five o'clock in the morning, making a disagreeable noise, when Col. Loring came out of his apartment and requested and annoyed his wife very much. The Colonel then went in, but had soon to come out again and repeat his request. At this time Graham, it is alleged, suddenly drew a sword from his cane, and run Loring through the body, killing him instantly. Mrs. Loring, the wife of the deceased, quite a young woman and in poor health, was the first witness examined at the coroner's inquest, which was

origin of the affray.

Loring died in a few moments after receiving the wound. He was a tall, fine looking man. Grafully applying those principles to each separate ham, the prisoner, was, as yesterday, committed item of appropriation. Public opinion with regard to await the action of the grand jury. He is about 45 years of age, and of comman ing appearance, and at the coroner's inquest is said to have been deeply moved at the unfortunate position in which been boarding at the hotel, and occupied rooms on the same floor, near each other.

> FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW .- The Supreme Court of Wisconsin has sustained the decision recently pronounced by one of the Justices of that Court against the constitutionality of the fugitive slave law. The case grew out of the following facts Some few months ugo, S. M. Booth was arrested at Milwaukie Wisconsin, on the charge of aiding and abeling in the escape of a lugitive slave from St. Louis, named Clover, who was forcibly taken by a mob from the custody of a Deouty United States Marshal, Subsequently Booth was, on a writ of habeas corpus, brought before Judge Smith, and by him set at lib erty, on the ground that the fugitive slave law was unconstitutional (This decision having been carried up to the Sapreme Court at Wisconsin, that tribunal has just rustained and affirmed the opinion of Judge Smith. The decision was concurred in by all the Court, except Mr Justice Crawford — The Court in their decision says:— We are of opinion that so much of the act of Con-

gress in question as refers to the Commissioners for decision the questions of fact which are to be established by evidence before the alleged fugitive can be delivered up to the claimant, is repognant to the Constitution of the United States, and therefore void for two reasons-1st, because it attempts to confer upon those officers judicial powers; and 2d, because it is a denial of the right of the alleged tugitive to have these questions tried and decided by a Jury, which, we think, is given him by the Consti-

tution of the United States. The reasoning of the Court is that the case of a fugirive slave is not analogous to that of a fugitive from justice. The fugitive from justice is deliverquantity than in tormer years. It is said that with of his guilt or innocence; in other words, he is detion before the Commissioner that he ower service

to be issued out on the 21st, to secure his discharge a second time. The case will no doubt be taken TYRANKY.-A man named William Miller, who up to the Supreme Court of the United States for



Bradford Aleporter.

E. O. GOODRICH, EDITOR.

Towanda, Saturday, August 12, 1854.

Terms of The Reporter. Terms of The Raporter.

\$3 50 per annum—if paid within the year 50 cents will be deducted—for each paid actually in advance \$2 00 will be educted. No paper sent over two years, unless paid for.

Advantaments, per square of ten lines. 50 cents for the arst and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

If Office in the "Union Block," north side of the Pablic Square, next door to the Bradford Hotel. Entrance between easts. Adams' and Riwell's law offices.

Democratic State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR. WILLIAM BIGLER, OF CLEARFIELD CO. YOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT. JEREMIAH S. BLACK, of Somerset Co

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. HENRY S. MOTT, OF PIKE COUNTY.

Democratic County Convention. The Democratic standing committee for Brad ford County hereby call a Convention to be composed of two Delegates from each election district in said county to be holden at Towanda; on Tuesday evening, September 5, 1854, for the purpose of plac ng in nomination candidates to be supported by the Democratic party of the county, at the approach ing election, and have appointed the following Com-mittees of Vigilance for the several districts of said

county. COMMITTEES OF VIGILANCE. Athens—Śolomon Bosworth, Harrison Gibbs. Boro'-A P Stevens, John Snell Jr. Armenia-Robert Mason, Isaac Williams. Albany-Joseph Menardi, M A Ladd. Asylum-J M Wilson, Edmund Horton. Burlington-W F M'Kean, D M Alexander. Horo'-Benjamin Ross, Job Morley. Columbia-Hiram Canfield, John Morgan. Canton-John Vandyke Jr. Asa Pratt Jr. Durell-Charles E White, J M Bishop. Franklin-Elijah Blake, 8 Smiley. Granville-C Dennison Ross, Isaac Putnam. lerrick-Isaac A Park, Asa Brown. Litchfield-T B Merrill, A V D Teed. LeRoy-Auron Knapp, Lindley Stone. Monroe—H S Salsbury, Alonzo Bowman. Orwell—H C Tyrrell, H Knapp. Overton--Geo Hottenstine, Henry Sherman. Pike-A 8 Smith, Eugene Keeler. Rome—Hugh Hicks, John D Coe. Ridgbery—Charles French, C T Covell. Sheshequin-Johu Randall, Charles W Bullis. Smithfield—S R. Crane, C O Huntington. Springfield—Aaron Knapp Jr., Franklin Burgess. South Creek—Henry Thompson, Eben Dunning. Standing Stone—Jared Hart, Alexander Ennis. Sylvania Boro'—Curtis Merrit, Hosea Blood l'uscarora—E C Wells, D D Black. Towanda boro'-J D Montanve Jr. H P Goodrich. outh-John M Fox, Francis Gregg. North-W W Easterbrooks, & B Poster, Troy tp-J Monroe Smith, Wm Clifton. Boro -John E Goodrich, Delosa Herrick. Ulster-Daniel Harkins, Charles B Kitchen. Wysox-Morgan Strickland, Wm Scott. Wyalusing Theodore Hines, Hiram Elliort. Warren—Daniel Polk, Mirandi Chaffee. Wells-John Rowley, Wm 8 Ingalls. Wilmot-Philander White, James L Jones.

Windham-John S. Madden, Wm B Dunham. The committees will call meetings on Saturday, Sept. 2d, between the hours of 4 and 7 P. M. for the

H. LAWRENCE SCOTT, Chairman.

A New Ticket.

It is in favor of BENTON for President and CONRAD, the Legislature. for Vice President. We publish its remarks in making the announcement :-

"As several triends have expressed a desire to dent, their curiosity having been excited by some remarks in the last Whig, we shall not withhold he was placed. They had, with their wives, both from them the fact that we are in favor of THOM-AS H. BENTON, of Missouri, for President, and President.

> "We are in favor of these gentlemen being run by the People, without regard to old party ties and attachments-as Free and Independent candidates -without Convention platforms, without pledges, without national party organizations, and without ders and schemers in politics, or office holders .verument to its original object, purity and purpose."

CALIFORNIA INTELLIGENCE. The steamship Star of the west arrived at New York early Monday | been appointed Receiver of this Company. We morning, bringing California dates to the 15th of learn that previous to the appointment of the Re-July. The news is not important A large fire ceiver, judgments amounting to \$72,000 were conbroke out in San Francisco on the 11th ult., which | fessed by the late Secretary in favor of the Farmers' destroyed from sixty to seventy buildings, eighteen of which were hotels and large boarding houses .--Sacramento had also been the victim of a destructive fite, which occurred on the 12th of July burn ing near two hundred houses. The loss is estimat ed at \$500,000. On the morning of the 10th of the Democrats have elected their Governor, and July, a fire broke out in Columbia, Calaveras county, which resulted in the almost entire destruction of the town. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, and the loss is estimated at \$500,000. The mining town of Minnesota of the Territory of Nebraska, in place of Gen. Wm. was burned to the ground, with the exception of O Butler, declined. three houses, on the evening of July 8th. Estimated loss \$50,000.

The accounts from the mining districts continue as many persons at work as usual, but the miners sue. were doing exceedingly well. Many districts heretolore considered valueless are now worked to great advantage, in consequence of improved facillities for obtaining gold.

The accounts of the harvest and crops are highly favorable. All kinds of provisions were plenty and cheap.

AREANSAS AND lows.-Elections were held in these States on Monday last. In Arkansas, a Legislature was elected who will have to choose a Tuesday, 26th. On Wednesday the exhibitors, Senator for the seat which Mr. Johnson now fills members of the Society, and committees of Judges by the appointment of the Governor. In Iowa likewise a U. S. Senator is to be chosen to fill the new term which commences next March by the expiration of the term of the Hon. Augustus C. Dodge.-A Governor is to be elected in Iowa.

From the Arkansas election, we have no returns -from lowa, one county, (Muscatine) which went Whig and Anti-Nebraska.

From Europe.

The steamship Arabia arrived at New-York, on

Nearly all that we have relating to the war is speculation. True, we have reports of portions of the armies having changed position, and that the will not be passed. The Government of Spain has fleets are still affoat, but they have care ully abstained from doing each other any good or evil for some time. The London Times is very properly engaged in efforts to divine from what has been done, and what the position of all parties concerned now is, what the people of England are to unticipate. It arrives at the uncomfortable conclusion that the demands of the Czar are the same to-day as they were before England entered the feld; that the war will be a protracted one; and that the aid of Austria is almost indispensable to success.

and the changes which have taken place, are of expenditure of money should not be left discretionmuch interest.

From China we have intelligence that the Rebels hold all that they have gained, and that they quire it, and it is only the pressing necessity of the were victorious in several late battles with the lm. were victorious in several late battles with the 1mperialists. ABBAS PASHA, late Viceroy of Egypt, is dead, and

by Said Pasha, the eldest son of old MEHEMET

From Italy we have intelligence that the Cholera was raging, and that a large number of deaths had is possessed of ample means to prevent it, in the occurred in Genoa.

Democratic Meeting.

A meeting of the democrate of the Eastern townships, will be held at Herrickville, on Monday 14th inst. It is expected that Hon, David Wilmor, and stands, without any further action, till the next other speakers will be present.

Or The New York Herald, some days since, made the discovery that the Kansas and Nebraska bill contained a provision granting lands to actual settlers. The Washington Star of the 7th, explodes this discovery, as follows :-- " The point to which we now particularly refer is the Herald's story that Congress have passed a homestead bill or provision applied to Kansas and Nebraska. This, in few will find to their cost who go into either of those territories under the expectation of being allowed to take up United States lands within their boundaries without paying for them. The Herald has invented this story out of the action of the National Legislature in passing the bill to extend the public lafid system of the Government over the Territories of New Mexico, Kansas and Nebraska, which contains a law granting homestead to actual settlers in New Mexico only. Settlement being the cheapest mode of protecting that territory from the hostile savages now giving more trouble there than in all the rest of the frontier appurtenances of the United States. This clause in the bill has not the slightest reference to Kansas and Nebraska, whatever."

MISSOURI ELECTION -The election in this State took place on Monday last for members of Congress and of the Legislature, Sheriffs and Superintendent of Common 8-hools. Upon the Legislature to be chosen devolves the duty of electing a Senator in Congress, the term of service of the Hon. David R. Atchison expiring on the 4th of March next. In the St. Louis District, composed of St. Louis city and county, the cadidates were Col Benton, Luther stated they would not be without it if it was \$10 per situated in Monroe twp., bounded on the North by bottle, in case of Croup, as it is as certain as it is lands of John H. Scott and P.Sage and J. Coolbaugh, M. Kennet, (Whig,) and Trusten Polk, (Demo-

is elected by 600 or 800 majority. We have no it is perfectly innocent to take internally, and is re- about fifteen acres improved, more or less, one dicate the probable complexion of United States. Price 25 and 50 cents.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION .- By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen know our preference for President and Vice President and Vice President we publish the proposed Amendments to the Constitution of this State. It is required that they should be published in one newspaper in each county throughout the State, for three months previous to the election. They will come up again ROBERT T. CONRAD, of Philadelphia, for Vice before next Legislature, and if that body agrees to them, they will be again published next fall, and the people will have to adopt or reject them at the general election of 1855.

WILLIAM-PORT "AND ELMIRA R. R -This road was opened on Monday last. We understand that the aid of political wire workers, old hunkers, tra- North of Troy a distance of two miles, the rails are not laid, and passengers are carried by stage. This We desire that they be taken up and elected by the break is occasioned by a failure in the supply of People, untrammeled by faction, for their acts, and iron, which is detained on the West Branch Canal, only responsible to the People for their acts, and in consequence of a break below Muncy. A few determined to restore the administration of the go- days will probably remedy the defect, when the Road will be in complete order.

HUDSON RIVER INSURANCE Co .- John O. Mott has Bank of Saratoga County.

An election has just taken place in North Carolina, tor Governor, and tor members of the legislature. From the returns we should judge that also a majority of the legislature.

GOVERNOR OF NEBRASERA -The President has appointed Francis Burt, of South Carolina, Governor

The list of Judges for the Bradford County Agricultural Fair, and the Trial List for September favorable. It being the dry season, there are not term, are unavoidably postponed antil our next is-

> ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.-The House met on Monday morning and adjourned until December. But few members were present, having mostly left

PERMSYLVANIA STATE AGRICULTURAL FAIR.-The fourth annual exhibition of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society will be held on the gound of the Powell estate, West Philadelphia, on the 26th, 27th, 28th, and 29th days of September. Animale and articles intended for exhibition must be enteredwill be admitted, and on Thursday and Friday the Fair will be opened to the public in general.

The plowing match will take place on Friday the 29th, at 9 A. M., in a field adjacent to the exbibition grounds, and the Annual Address will be delivered at 1 P. M., on the same day, immediate ly after which, the premiums will be awarded and

The field of competition for the prizes is thrown open to the whole United States.

THE TEN MILLIONS PROVISIONAL MEASURE. Congress do not seem disposed to give the Presi dent ten million dollars, to meet any exigency Tuesday evening last, bringing news to the 29th which may arise respecting our relations with the Government of Spain and the Island of Cuba. We never could see any necessity for such a "provisional" measure, and whatever faith we may have in the discretion of the President, we hope it enough to do now to take care of itself, if it is not in danger of being entirely revolutionized. If it is overthrown, a new administration will have to be installed, which will not be able to act on any of the demands made by the United States for reparation, till it has re-constructed a government for Spain, and given it some kind of stability. A new sovernment may also be disposed to listen with government may also be disposed to more favor to a proposition to purchase Cuba, the' we apprehend that no Spanish Government will be willing to part with that possession, till events

show that Spain can no longer hold it.

This being the position of affairs in Spain, there is no immediate necessity for departing from the The news from Spain is still favorable to the In-surgents. They are triumphant. Their progress, of dollars in the President's hands, and beyond the ary with the President during a recess, without the most preent necessity. The exigency does not re-Congress, will stand adjourned for a few months only, and it is not likely that there will be any of-fers thade to sell the Island in that time. Neither the Government of the country has been taken up can any necessity arise for our Government to proceed, by violent measures, to " vindicate the honor of our flag," which has, as yet, not been in the least compromised. If any attempt at fillibuster ing should be made, contrary to law, the President command of both army and navy, with which he may break up effectually, any such design. Congress will re assemble again in few months, when if there is any urgency in the case, they can immediately act in the matter. With this view of the matter, we approve of Mr. Mason's report to the Senate, proposing to leave the matter as it now meeting of Congress.—Ledger.

> Hongible -Dr. Hope threw a tumbler full o vitriol on one of his tenants in New York recently The poor fellow's eyes was burned in a trightful manner, and the flesh of his face was burned to such an extent that it actually dropped off in his hands. The vitoral burned his cravat nearly off his

A NUT FOR KNOW-NOTHINGS -In a speech made on applied to Kansas and Nebraska. This, in few a few days ago, at Morgantown, Shepard Clemens, words, is absolutely and unqualifiedly lalse, as all will find to their cost who go into either of those than one-third of the signers of the Declaration of the Court House, in the boro' of Towanda, on Mon-Independence were foreigners.

> SUDDEN DEATH.-Mrs. Watson, the celebrated vocalist, fell dead suddenly while on board the steamer Stockton, of Pulladelphia, yesterday morn-

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE!

Planters, Parmers, Pamilies and others, can put chase no Remedy equal to Dr. Tobias' VENETIAN LINIMENT, for Dysentery, Cholic, Croup, Chronic Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Toothache, sea sickness. lands J. S. Spencer, on the suth by Samuel Owen, Cuts, Burns, Swellings, Bruises, Old Sores, Head- and on the West by lands of Elisha Newell and othsche, Mosquito Bites, Pains in the Limbs, Chest, Back, etc.

Iti I does not give relief, the money will be refunded-all that is asked, is a trial, and use it according 1 to directions.

the IV., late King of England, and certified to by him, as a cure for rheumatism, when every thing herd, on the East by the public highway, and or Dr. Tobias has put up a House Liniment in pint

any other for cholic, scratches, old sores, galls, swellings, cuts, bruises, etc. Over 10,000,000 bottles have been sold in the Uni- Walker.

It cures Cholera, when first taken, in a few hours: by John Santee, and on the west by Jefferson Cool-A telegraphic despatch says that Kennet (Whig,) Dysentery in half an hour-toothache in five minutes. baugh, containing twenty-five and a half acres;

> Dr. Tobias could fill a dozen newspapers with certificates and letters relating to the wonderful cures M. Bull, now to the use of William A. Chamberaccomplished by his Liniment, but considers war-ranting it sufficient, as any person who does not ob-ALSO, The following lot, piece or parcel of land

tain relief need not pay for it. wich street, New York. For sale at Dr. H. C. Pontau's Drug Store: Town

anda, Pa. 🛼 SHERIFF.—To the voters of Bradford County,—Fellow Ciuzens—Through the

urgent solicitations of many friends. I hereby most respectfully offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the next election; and earnestly solicit your support. If, through your partiality, I should bo elected, I pledge myself to promptly and faithfully discharge the duties of the office.

IRA H. STEPHENS.

North Towanda, June 23, 1854. MASONIC .- The regular monthly Communications of UNION LODGE, No. 108, A.Y.M., are held Wednesday on or preceding the full moon, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at Masonic Hall, in

the borough of Towanda.

The meeting for September will occur on Wednesday, September 6. Visiting brethren are invited to attend.

W. H. PERKINS, Secretary.

BIBLE UNION MEETING.—There will be a Bible Union Meeting held in the Baptist Church of East Smithfield, Pa, on the 7th September, commencing at 104 A. M. and continung through the asternoon and evening. Distinguished speakers are expected to be present and deliver addresses. Rev. Wn. M. Dr.Lone will preach at the

Court House to-morrow (Sunday) morning and evening at the usual hours.

TOWANDA FEMALE SEMINARY. THE duties of this School will be resumed on the third Monday of September next, under the charge of Miss Olivia D. and Rebecca D. Hanson.

Towards, August 9, 1854. Jane Wood, by her next friend. William Frisbie, vs. George Wood. Libel sur Divorce. In Bradford Com. Pleas, No. 119, Feb. T. 1854. PO GODRGE WOOD, defendant in the above

Course. You are hereby notified that your wife Jane Wood, [by her next friend Wm. Prisbie.] has field her petition for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony. And an alias subpœna has been returned and proof made that you are not to be found in said county. You are therefore hereby required to appear at the Court House in the Borough of Towards Monday the 4th days of Sent very being the court had a so the sent very being the sent very bein the sent very being the sent very being the sent very being the Towanda, Monday, the 4th day of Sept. next, being the first day of Sept., term of said cent of common pleas, to answer the said complaint, and show cause if any you have, why said Jane shall not be divorcd from you. C. THOMAS, 8 Sheriff's Office, Towarda, Aug. 3, 1854. C. THOMAS, Sheriff.

A DUM, with blue black tuck cover, the tuck of Erastus Beach's land, thence north along the line broken and nearly worn out. Whoever will return of Henry Riley's land, seventy-six and a half degs. the same to the undersigned, at Towanda, shall be east twenty-nine perches to a post, thence north liberally rewarded. 8. V. SHIPMAN. Towands, July 20, 1854.

Engine and Fixtures for sale. ONE second hand ENGINE and fixtures for a SAW MILL, capable of driving two or more saws, all in good order, and will be sold cheap, on a long credit, if desired. The Engine is now running, and ban be seen by calling on H. S. David-son, at Ulster, or C. F. Walles Jr. at Athens, Pa. Ulster, July 19, 1854.

REANS-Twenty-five bushels for sale by PHINNEY.

New Advertisements.

The Susquehanna Collegiate Institute. WILL be opened for the reception of Pupils, Male and Female, on Wednesday the 6th of

Beptember, when the Inaugural exercises will take INSTRUCTORS. EREV. S. F. COLT, A. M. PRIBCIPAL,

Professor of Natural, Mental and Moral sciences. Rev. JAMES M'WILLIAM, A. M. Professor of Ancient and Modern Languages and Belles Lettres. CHARLES R. COBURN, Prof. of Mathematics and Master of Nermal School.
Miss FANNIE BILES,

Teacher of Music and French.
Miss PHEBE DAYTON, Teacher of English and Music. Negotiations are in progress for securing the ser-vices of two other Lady teachers in time for the

opening.
Steward-ANDREW J. NOBLE The academic year will consist of three terms of ourteen weeks each.

EXPLUSES PER TERM OF FOURTEEN WEEKS: Tuition in the 4th class, Elementary English Branches. Class, Higher English Branches, 2d Class, Mathematics, Natural Science and Classics commenced,

lst Class, Mental and Moral Science with the above continued: Tuition in Modern Languages each, 3 00 Ornamental Needle Work and Embroidery, Drawing, 2 00 Oil Painting in Landscapes, 8 00

in Pigures, 00 01 Instrumental Music with use of instrument, 10 00 Room Rent, Incidental expenses, 1 75 Boarding in the Hall \$1 63 per week, or per

Term, Washing three shillings per dozen. Lights and Fuel at the actual expense.
In addition to the above course, College classes will be organized if advanced scholars apply. Especial attention will be paid to the instruction

of persons designing to qualify themselves as Teachers for Common Schools.

Pupils will furnish themselves with bed, bedding, towels, &c. The Bills for the term must be paid in advance, or one half at the entrance, and the re-

maining half at the expiration of the half term. C. L. WARD, President. J. D. MOSTASTE, Treas. S. F. Colt, Sec.

Towanda, August 17, 1854. SHERIFF'S SALE.

TY virtue of writs of Vend. Expo. issued out of the O Court of Common Pleas of Bradford county, and day, 4th day of SEPTEMBER, at 1 o'clock P. M. All of The following described lot, piece or parcel of land situated in Sheshequin township, bounded as follows, to wit: On the North by a road known as the Hornbrook road-on the East, South and West, by lands of John Randell; contrining one acre, he the same more or less, all improved, one framed house, and a few fruit trees thereon. Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Coryell & Gee, vs. William E. Campbell.

ALSO, the following lot, piece or parcel of land, ituated in Sheshequin township, bounded in the North by lands of Jerome B. Gillett, on the East by ers; containing fifty acres more or less, about three acres improved, and a log house thereon erected.
Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Char.

. Ladd, vs. David Kilmer. ALSO, The following described lot, piece or par-It is an English remedy, and was used by William | cel of land, situated in Troy Borough, bounded as follows viz-on the North by lands of 8. E. Shepthe south and west, by lands of F. S. Elliott; con-Dr. Toblas has put up a Honse Linement in pint taining about one-helf acre, to be the same more or outles, which is warranted cheaper and better than tess, all improved, with one famed house thereon. Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Ira Smith &Co., vs. Harman A. Phelps and Zephon F.

ted States, without a single failure, and many have ALSO, The following lot, piece or parcel of land, on the East by lands of John H. Scott, on the south

Beized and taked in execution at the suit of D.

ain relief need not pay for it.

Price 50 cents. Dr. Tobias' Office, 240 Green as follows to wit—North by lands of Barney Mc-Gines and Charles Jakes, East by the Joel McAice lot, south by John Horley and west by land of Edward Mahow; containing about one hundred acres. be the same more or less; about thirty acres improved, one new framed house; one old log house, and a few fruit trees thereon. Seized and taken in execution at the suit of John

E. Goodrich, vs. John McKay.

ALSO, All that certain lot of land, situated in the

township of South Creek, containing sixty-five acres and seventy six perches, being lot No. 2 on E. Overton's map, bounded on the North by warrant line : East by lot No. 9, late Fuller and Greaves. south by lot No. 6, Stophen White's lot, and west by lot No. 1, Jesse Pettits lot; with a log house and barn thereon; and a small orchard and about forty Beized and taken in execution at the suit of Edward Overton, vs. Samuel C. Kerrick.

ALSO, The following described lots, piece or parcel of land, situated in the township of Ridgeber ry, bounded as follows, to wit: the first lot beginning at a post for a corner being the North-west corner of the Simons lot; thence along said Simons ot south 210. East 117 rods to a corner ; thence North 8810, West 91 7-10 rods to a corner; thence North 14 deg , East 116 rods to a corner; thence south 8810, East 84 1-10 tods, to the place of begin-

ning.
ALSO, one other lot, piece or parcel of land sitnated in said township bounded and described as follows-beginning at the North-west corner of the above described lot, thence North 130, West 713 rods to a corner, thence North 881°, West 116 rod to the place of beginning—being the west part of lot No. 88. and the south half of lot No. 23—containing one hundred and thirteen acres, be the same more or less, (113 acres in both lots.) First lot containing 63 acres or there abouts, with about 45 acres improved, with a log house and log barn, and a few fruit trees thereon. Second lot containing about 50 acres, and about 15 acres improved.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of H.

W. Patrick, vs. Cornelius Driscoll. ALSO-All that lot piece or parcel of land situate in the tp. of South Creek, containing about forty acres, being lot No. 6 on Edward Overton's Mapbounded on the east by Edmund Mead's lot No. 5. south by lot No. 10, the Nathanie! Campbell lot, west by lot No. 7, and north by lot No. 2, Samuel Kerrick's lot, with a framed house and log barn. small orchard, and twenty-five acres of improved

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Edward Overton vs. Charles White.
ALSO—The following lot piece or parcel of land

situate in Burlington tp. bounded and described as follows—beginning at the centre of Sugar Oreek, on the line of Jehial M'Kean and Wm. M'Kean, running north forty-two and a half degrees west fifty. BOUT the last of June, a pocket MEMORAN. twelve degrees, west along Jehial and Wm M'Kean's line fifty-seven perches to the place of beginning containing fourteen acres, and one hundred and nine perches strict measure, all improved, two framed houses, one shed, one saw mill and some few fruit trees thereon

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of John Hanson vs. Wm. T. Bradford. ALSO-The following described lot, piece of parcel of land situated in North Towards two. ounded as follows, viz-beginning at a stake on the North-west line of Samuel Stratton's landthence along the line of the same, North 60 1.6 deg

East 117 perches to a stone, North corner of