

The Louisville Tragedy.

The late tragedy at Louisville, in which the eminent and accomplished educator, came to a sudden and violent death, by the hands of a man of wealth and fashion, has excited a profound sensation. The offence of the teacher, who had formerly been a favorite tutor in Mr. Ward's family, was that he had chided a young brother of the Wards, for a violation of the regulations of the school, and telling a falsehood to hide his offence. Matthew Ward, the brother, and another brother, armed themselves, one with loaded pistols and the other with a bowie-knife, went to the school and shot the teacher, Mr. Butler.

The evidence of the scholars, on the examining trial, which resulted in Ward and his brother being committed for murder in the first degree, all centered as to the shooting and the character of the provocation.

John A. Campbell, a pupil in the school, was first introduced as a witness. He testified that M. F. Ward, accompanied by his two brothers, Robert and William, about 10 o'clock, entered the school room of Mr. Butler, and William Ward, the youngest, took a seat, and Mr. Butler, the teacher, inquired of the scholars if they were ready to begin. One of the scholars informed Mr. Butler that some one wanted to see him. He went into the room, and Matthew F. Ward accosted him by saying he had something to say, and asked which he thought the worst, the mean little puppy that kicked his brother for the chestnuts, and then told on him, or his brother who gave him the name?

Mr. Butler made some reply, the witness did not exactly know what Ward then, in an impatient manner, said he would kick Mr. Butler another question; and asked why he called his brother a liar? and then said that Mr. Butler was a liar, and immediately struck him. The witness then turned his back and picked up the tongue, an accompanying a low, when he heard the report of a pistol, saw Mr. Butler fall, but saw no more of Mr. Butler. He then returned to the school room, where he saw Mr. Butler lying on the floor, and immediately ran to the door, and called for help. Several other scholars testified to the same detail of facts. Gilmore, a gentleman, testified that Ward got the pistol at his store, and had them loaded before he came out.

Mr. Matthew Ward, here implicated, as a young married man, son of Robert J. Ward, one of the wealthiest men in Kentucky. He is also the brother of Miss Sallie Ward, the belle whose divorce case made so much talk a few years ago. Mr. Ward has also some literary reputation, having published a book entitled "English Idioms." Mr. W. H. Butler, is a native of Indiana. He is one of the best educated men in the Western country, and one of the best and most successful teachers. Three years ago, he was a delegate from the American Peace Society, to the World's Peace Convention, at Franklin on the Maine. After his return, and since he established the Louisville High School, in association with Professor Snodgrass, he was again offered the situation of private tutor in Mr. Ward's family.

Washington News and Gossip

THE ADMINISTRATION AND THE SPEAKERSHIP.—Perceiving in a Washington letter, in the Baltimore Sun, an intimation that the Administration are about to have their candidate for the Speakership, we may as well say again, that all such stories are utterly without foundation. We know, from what we learn, that the President has no member of his Cabinet will permit itself to be made even to appear to be friendly to the elevation of any one Democratic member to the Speakership, over any other. Nor will they directly or indirectly, take ground against any candidate for the post. It is evident to all who will take the pains to inform themselves on the subject, that they are impressed with the fact, that the matter, the path of their duty to themselves, as well as to all their friends in the House, is to leave the field entirely free of the slightest interference on their part. So, our readers will please hereafter translate any gossip, as to their making bargains with reference to the Speakership—for A. or against B.—as being most likely a ruse of the friends of one of those gentlemen, or of those of the other, to effect their favorite's chance favorably, by making him appear a particular pet or antipathy of the President, as circumstances may dictate, as likely to be of advantage to him.

GAMMON.—We feel assured that all found in the newspapers, relative to Gen. Jefferson Davis' readiness to leave the Cabinet to contest with Governor Foster for only in a desire to enter the arena. Such stories originate only in a desire to magnify Gen. Foster's victory, if he should triumph in the election coming off to-day, or to break his fall, if he should be defeated. The latter idea is to create the impression that he would have triumphed but for the effect of such use of the name of Secretary Davis in the canvass. It is well known to well informed persons in Washington, that Gen. Davis has not entertained the least idea of withdrawing from his present position.—Washington Star.

FATAL AFFAIR.—A melancholy occurrence took place in Vestal, on Saturday evening of last week, which resulted in the death of Stephen B. Crane of that town. Mr. Crane, some time since, married Mrs. Elizabeth Winans, widow of Elias Winans. The connection was unfortunate, the parties lived unhappily, and for a portion of the time separate. Lately, daughter of Mrs. Crane, married a young man by the name of Matthew Covert, and Mr. Crane, in her own right, and as guardian of her children, put him in possession of the homestead held by her former husband, Winans, by lease or otherwise, and she and her children occupied the house with him. Crane, after an absence of some time down the river, returned on Saturday, and in the evening sought what had been his home, being at the time considerably intoxicated. As the family were about retiring, he was found under a bed in the front part of the house by Covert, and came out, it is said with a knife in his hand, making threats against Covert. The scene was changed to the kitchen, where Crane was, for a time, seated. The altercation however was continued, and Crane was finally after being peremptorily ordered to leave the house, knocked down by Covert and dragged out of the back door. He soon after got up and attempted to come in, and was resisted by Covert. The accounts of this part of the transaction are too confused to be accurately arrived at short of a careful investigation, and we shall not attempt to give them in detail. It appears that Covert struck several times with a chair, and it is alleged and also denied, that Crane had an axe and used it. Finally, some one, and whether Mrs. Crane or a little girl one of her children, is in doubt, handed Covert a pistol, which he discharged at Crane. The ball entered just below the eye, and passed nearly through the head, killing him instantly.

An inquest was held on Sunday by C. R. Marescaux, Esq., one of the Coroners of the county.—The verdict of the jury was in substance, that the death was produced by the pistol shot, which was fired by Covert without justification. Covert and Mrs. Crane were under arrest. (West news.) and an examination about to be held by Judge B. N. Loomis, Esq.—Binghamton Dem.

The Vermont Legislature made an unsuccessful effort on Friday last, to elect an U. S. Senator by the vote standing thus—Judge Collamer, 55; Judge Kellogg, Democrat, 75; Lawrence Brainerd, Free Democrat, 22; and O. L. Shatt, also Free Democrat, 21. On the ninth and last ballot, the vote was Kellogg, D., 80; Collamer 68; Shattler 25; Brainerd 12; Scattering 9.

—Jacob Miller, of Franklin county, Pa., was accidentally killed on the 1st inst.; near Hancock, Md. He was driving his team, and accidentally fell from his horse, the wagon passing over him, crushing him to death.

News from all Nations.

A fire occurred in the Ohio Penitentiary, at Columbus, on Saturday night, which destroyed the west wing, including the tailor shop, the stock and machinery of Hall & Brown's vesting and suit factory, and a portion of the stock of the Ohio Tool Company. The loss was about \$25,000.

The trade of the month of October, says the Louisville Democrat, is represented to be very good notwithstanding the drawback from extreme low water, and the present month is represented as opening very fairly, and promising, even with a small river, a much larger business than for the same month of last year; but there are hopes and very strong ones, that the month will not pass away without a change for the better. Indeed, the low state of water and the scarcity of coal seem pretty equally to engross the public talk, but it is to be hoped that so soon as the "river rises," people will find something else to talk about.

—Yankee Sullivan, the prize-fighter, who was taken to Massachusetts for trial, &c., seems as if he were likely to receive a just punishment. The Springfield Republican says:—"He had his examination before Justice Tucker, of Berkshire county, on Monday last, when his bonds for appearance for trial were fixed at \$1500. He has sent to New York to procure the requisite, and it is probable, as he probably will, there will be the end of the case.—Nobody can suppose that he will ever show his head in a Massachusetts Court with a fine of \$5000 and the Penitentiary impending, so long as he can get off by paying \$1000.

The proprietors of the Cumberland Iron Works, on the Cumberland River, Tennessee, have engaged the services of twenty Chinese Coolies, as iron workers. They are expected to arrive shortly at Cincinnati, from whence they will be forwarded to their destination. It is stated that the Chinese are very expert in working iron.

The Methodists of the United States have made admirable provision for the education of their pupils. They have already eight first class colleges, with property and funds amounting to \$1,000,000, and another is projected in Missouri. They have also forty-six theological academies and seminaries, in twenty-nine of which there are 4,936 students in each seminary. The oldest of their colleges is at Wilbraham, and was founded in the year 1830, by the Rev. Wilbur Fisk.

—Admiral from Oregon, dated Camp Myrtle, Umpqua Valley, September 11th, reports that region to be the seat of a formidable Indian war. A company of Umpqua volunteers, under command Gen. Lane, met some three hundred warriors on the 24th of August, whipped them, and forced them to sue for peace. The General was badly wounded in the shoulder, but kept the field.

The great number of aggravated assaults committed by men on their wives, in England, has led one of the London journals to recommend a new punishment for such offences, as well as a novel method of awarding it. The proposition is to try all such assaults by a jury of women, partly to obtain a fairer verdict, partly to cover the criminal with ridicule.

—William Cornish was tried in Kent county, Del., on Monday, for the murder of Wm. Salsbury. The jury returned verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree. The court then sentenced the prisoner to pay a fine of \$500 and the costs, to stand in the pillory one hour, receive 60 lashes, and be imprisoned for life.

—There were one hundred and thirty-nine deaths at New Orleans, for the week ending October 30th, of which twenty-two were from yellow fever.

—The village of Fayette, Miss., was almost desolated by the fever.

—There is a great combination of patentees on foot at Washington, to obtain a renewal of patents. Among them are Goodyear's India Rubber, the Morse Telegraph, and the Woodworth Planing Machine patents, and other heavy interests, and plenty of money to put them through.

—James W. Green, Esq., of Alexandria, Va., has been appointed Consul to Lima, South America.

—The Boston Post is informed that a gentleman of that city has offered to give fifty thousand dollars to the town of Brewster, Mass., for the formation of a public library there, provided the town will raise an equal amount to be appropriated to the same purpose.

—Gov. Seymour, Minister to Russia, will sail in the Pacific, on the 20th inst., accompanied by Mr. Irving, Secretary of Legation.

—The opening of forty-two miles of the Great Western Road of Canada, from the suspension bridge at Niagara to Hamilton, was celebrated last week, by an excursion trip between the two points. The ceremonies were concluded by an entertainment at the Clifton House, on the Canada side of the Falls.

—One of the houses of the Fitchburg Woolen Mill Company was destroyed by fire on Tuesday. Its contents were a large amount of wool, dye wood, drugs, &c. Loss \$3000, which is covered by insurance at Hartford and Providence.

—The Track layers of the Williamsport and Elmira Railroad, are busy at work putting down the rails on the Elmira section of the road. We learn that about a mile of it is already put down from Elmira.

—The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, has decided, in an appeal from the District Court of Allegheny county, in which the county of Allegheny was plaintiff, that shares of the bank stock are not subject to taxation for county purposes.

—Hon. Gerrit Smith, writes to a friend in Syracuse, on the 6th inst., as follows:—"Your letter finds me suffering under a rash of blood to the head—it is a fourth since the disease began. I fear that it may disqualify me from official duties."

—On the 2d instant, thirty members of the Tennessee House of Representatives, presented petitions for a Prohibitory Liquor Law.

—On the 14th ult., the bonds by which Lucinda and Henry B. Huntington, of Killbuck, Conn., were made one flesh, were dissolved by order of the court, in answer to the prayer of the former—and four days after the divorced couple took the first train to New York and got married over again.

—We are informed from Washington, that a contract has been made with an English railroad firm, to construct a plank road across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, within one year, to be followed by a railroad to be completed within three years. Santa Anna is to receive a bonus of about a million for the right of way.

—It is a remarkable fact that of the 74 members composing the House of Delegates in Maryland, only two were returned at the recent election. But few of them, however, were candidates for re-election.



Bradford Reporter.

E. O. GOODRICH, EDITOR.

Towanda, Saturday, November 19, 1853.

Terms of the Reporter.—\$2.50 per annum—paid within the year \$5.00 sent in advance. No paper sent out two years, unless paid for. Advertisements, per square of ten lines, 25 cents for the first week, and 15 cents for each subsequent insertion. Office in the "Union Block," north side of the Public Square, next door to the Bradford Hotel. Entrance between Messrs. Adams' and Ewell's law offices.

Another Fire!

On Saturday morning last, at 15 minutes past one o'clock, our citizens were again aroused by an alarm of fire, to behold the lurid flames of a conflagration already illuminating the heavens, and proceeding from the block of wooden buildings on the Northwest corner of the public square. The fire was first discovered in a temporary erection used for a cooking stove just back of the entrance to the stairs, and about in the centre of the building, and by the time any considerable number of persons were upon the spot, had spread with such rapidity as to destroy all hope of extinguishing the flames.

The entire block, extending from the "Union Block" on the east, to Main street, was speedily enveloped in flames and destroyed, together with a small building on Main street, north of the corner.

The "Ward House," on the opposite side of Main street, was for some time considered in imminent danger, but by strenuous efforts saved from destruction. Fortunately the wind was from the South-east, and the heat and flames were directed towards the shoe-shop of J. W. Wilcox, which was at a sufficient distance, however, to prevent its burning. North of the burning buildings was the business shop of Culp & Kirby, and the stables belonging to the Ward House, which though in dangerous proximity, were not seriously threatened.

The Union Block, in which the Reporter office is situated, though contiguous to the burning building, retained the character it had already earned at the previous fire, as a fire proof building, and was not materially damaged.

By this fire, a number of persons have been deprived of places of business, and some of whom have met with considerable losses. Commencing at the east end of the block, the first room was occupied by E. W. Baird, Esq. as a law-office, whose books and papers were removed in safety.

The next room was occupied by M. L. Post, as a grocery, whose stock was mostly saved. The offices of D. Vandercook, Esq. and Henry Booth, were next. Esquire V's books and papers were taken out through the window, but we regret to learn that Mr. Booth lost everything in the office—books, papers and fixtures. The first persons who were upon the spot, attempted to enter the room, but were unable, it being already filled with smoke and fire.

Over these three rooms were two billiard-tables belonging to John Burger, which were burned, including the fixtures. Loss, \$800—insured for \$500. The dwelling next was occupied by Mrs. Eaton as a boarding house. So rapid was the progress of the flames that a portion of the inmates were obliged to make their escape from the second-story windows. Most of her furniture was destroyed, upon which there is an insurance of \$300.

The corner building was occupied by Geo. H. Banting's clothing store, whose stock was mostly removed, and his loss fully covered by an insurance. In the same building was John Carter's barber-shop, from which the fixtures were all removed. The small building north was occupied as a shoe-shop by Joseph English, whose stock was all saved. The buildings were owned by David F. Barrow, Esq., who has an insurance of \$2300, in the Howard Insurance Company.

Still Another!

At half past eleven o'clock on Thursday evening, the well-known cry of fire again aroused our town. The barn belonging to the lately destroyed Bradford House, was found to be on fire, flames bursting from every part of the building. In a few minutes the adjacent barns were enveloped in flames, threatening destruction to what remained of the square. By the most strenuous exertions, the harness shop of Culp & Kirby was saved, as also the house occupied by Mr. Wetman and the Cabinet shop of Chester Wells. The house owned and lately occupied by G. H. Banting, on State st. was saved from the great danger which threatened it.

The office of Lapote, Mason & Co. had recently been repaired with a view to safety from fire, and though exposed to the hottest of the flames, stood the test nobly.

The buildings destroyed are the I. H. STEVENS; the stable of the Ward House, owned by C. L. Ward; the stable owned by Daniel Stephens, occupied by Samuel Walbridge, as a livery and dwelling; stable owned by D. F. Barrow, occupied by John Holmes as a livery; and a stable belonging to G. H. Banting.

In the barn in which the fire originated three wagons were destroyed; from the others the horses and most of the harness &c. was removed. The losses are considerable, but we have no opportunity to particularize.

This fire, occurring in a barn, where there had been not even a light for 24 hours previous, and before the embers of the last conflagration had ceased to smolder, forces upon us the inevitable conclusion, that we have suffered thus much from the torch of the incendiary. In the present insecurity of property, and even of life, it would be worse than cowardice or folly for our citizens to lay quiet upon the alarm of the fire-bell, and the red glare of the conflagration again announces that a new sacrifice is offered up to the fiendish spirit which has desolated our village. The danger calls for remedy—a prompt and vigorous remedy—which shall afford security for our property and our lives.—By united and determined action—by energetic measures—let us, if the perpetrators of this part of our not be brought to punishment, some plan can be

mattered to prevent the possibility of a recurrence of the dreadful summons which for the ninth time has aroused our citizens from their slumbers to witness the destruction of property.

We are requested by Mr. Banting of the Ward House, to say that he has made arrangements for rebuilding, which will enable him to accommodate all who may be desirous of stopping with him.

Towanda and Franklin Railroad Company. An election was held at this place on Tuesday the 8th November, and the following gentlemen were elected officers of the Company:—

EDWARD OVERTON, President. Directors.—Edwin M. Dutton, John J. D. Montgomery, Benj. S. Russell, Mahlon C. Marcur, T. Johnson, J. E. Banting, Howard Wilson, Thos. Mott, A. Ritter, Jr., W. Bacon, Charles W. Wharton.

We are told that it is the intention of the Company to have an Engineer survey and locate the Road immediately, with a view to its being finished during the next year.

Missouri.—The telegraph announces the success of the Jerrison Davis ticket at the recent election in this State. It embraces four members of Congress from the old district, as laid off under the Census of 1840, and a fifth from the State at large, under the apportionment of 1850. Among the defeated candidates on the Union ticket are Col. RUFUS DAVIS, Democrat, of the Second Regiment of Volunteers in the Mexican war, and Gen. ALEXANDER B. BRADY, who served in the same campaign. The Legislature is reported State Rights and General Foe, defeated for Governor by Mr. McKee, will stand little chance for the Senatorship.

DEATH OF HON. CHAS. G. ATHERTON.—The telegraph reports the demise of Hon. Chas. G. Atherton, at 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, at Manchester, New Hampshire. Mr. ATHERTON took a prominent part in the politics of his State; was formerly a member of Congress, and will be remembered as the author of the famous "Atherton Gag Act," which brought down upon him the ire of John Q. Adams. He was also Senator elect for the State of New-Hampshire, and a warm and confidential friend of President Pierce.

APPOINTMENT.—Gen. GEORGE W. BOWMAN, editor of the Bedford Gazette, has been appointed Adjutant General of this State, in place of Gen. Keenan, Consul to Hong Cong.

Appointments by the Canal Com'rs.

SUPERINTENDENTS. J. B. Baker, Columbia railroad. John Ross, Portage railroad.

SUPERVISORS. David Evans, Delaware Division. J. B. Houpt, Eastern Division. Jas. A. Cunningham, Upper Juniata Division. Wm. W. Wilson, Lower Juniata do. do. W. G. Boyers, Upper Western do. do. J. M. Orr, Lower Western do. do. G. W. Seach, Lower North Branch do. do. G. Blattenberger, Susquehanna do. do. Walter W. Dimock, Middle North Branch do. do. D. Vandercook, Upper North Branch do. do.

COLLECTORS. James Morrison, Easton. E. K. Soliday, New Hope. Robert Patterson, Bristol. J. S. Yost, Philadelphia. R. Lavery, Paoli. M. McVeigh, Parkburg. C. Carmoy, Lancaster. J. M. Snodder, Columbia. J. C. Livermore, Portmouth. James L. Reily, Harrisburg. H. A. Zollinger, Newport. W. R. McCay, Lewisdown. D. Black, Huntingdon. J. P. Hoover, Hollidaysburg. P. F. Gibbons, Johnstown. S. McAnally, Haverhill. P. Baker, Freeport. G. A. Achenbach, Dunnsburg. J. Platt, Williamsport. J. H. Zimmerman, Northumberland. P. Eni, Beach Haven. M. B. Baum, Liverpool. H. C. Baird, Altoona. J. D. Brocha Shawls. David Cook, Pottsville. W. Cole, Outlet Portsmouth. J. Shoemaker, Juniata aqueduct. Mary Martin, Juniata aqueduct. C. H. Zeigler, Clark's Ferry bridge.

WRIGHTMASTERS. H. Yard, Easton. L. Watson, Lancaster. J. Maher, Columbia. J. Righty, (Assistant) Columbia. D. E. Martin, Portsmouth. J. R. Hart, J. D. Lee, Hollidaysburg. R. B. Bell, Mountain House. J. C. Barrett, J. R. Greag, Johnstown. H. R. Kline, Beach Haven. C. S. Brown, Northumberland.

STATE AGENTS COLUMBIA RAILROAD. G. Benz, J. Tippen. C. Buckingham, W. R. Reily, J. L. Packer, R. C. Bates. O. Stock, C. Thompson. B. Ebaugh (market train).

KEEPER OUTLET LOCK COLUMBIA. P. S. Gambis. WOOD INSPECTOR COLUMBIA RAILROAD. William J. Dobbins. CARGO INSPECTORS. D. Willard, Bristol. J. Hunter, Philadelphia. Thomas Welsh, Columbia. D. Del. Hollidaysburg. C. Carter, Johnstown. R. Bleakley, Thomas S. Rowley, Pottsville.

COMMENCEMENT OF TERM OF SERVICE.—The Canal Commissioners have fixed the commencement of the term of service of the officers appointed by them as follows:—

Superintendents of motive power and supervisors of repairs, on the 1st of December. Collectors of toll, weighmasters, cargo inspectors, and State agents on railroads, on the first of January. Collectors of toll, weighmasters, and cargo inspectors on the canals, on the opening of navigation in the spring.

THE ANCIENT SILVER MINE IN LANCASTER COUNTY.—The re-opening of an ancient silver mine in Pequea Valley, Lancaster county, has caused some excitement. The mine is said to have belonged to English capitalists, who, on the breaking out of the revolutionary war, buried their tools and closed up the shaft and tunnel. Since then the existence of the mine has been forgotten, or only remembered as a traditional fable, until recently when some traces were found of it, and operations were commenced under the superintendence of Mr. E. Bowen. He has succeeded in clearing out one tunnel or shaft level, 100 yards long, 7 feet high and 5 feet wide; a shaft 50 feet deep, and the beginning of another shaft level. Assays that have been made of the ore (argentiferous galena) show that it contains over 800 worth of silver to the ton, and yields about 80 per cent of lead. A letter from Mr. Bowen, dated October 26th, states his conviction that

the mine was abandoned hurriedly, not from its proving unprofitable, but solely on account of the war; that the tools will be found buried in the mine, and that a large quantity of ore, previously mined and abandoned, is deposited also with them.—It is thought that the month's experience grows that the mine, as now exposed, will pay the interest of \$120,000 on a working capital of \$100,000, and with a capacity equal to one hundred men. He also publishes a letter from Hon. James Cooper, who states that his father, who was born in 1761, in the Pequea settlement, had spoken of hearing from his father of the existence of these mines, and of their having been abandoned and filled up by the English operators on account of the war. There seems to be no doubt either of the former history or the present value of the mines, and their rediscovery will make a great addition to the already vast mineral wealth of Lancaster county.—Lancaster Sentinel.

CONYNGE EX MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.—We are destined to have stationed in Washington during the approaching session of Congress from thirty to sixty ex-members, who come to sell their personal influence for hard cash on the nail and contingencies; their influence abroad for such consideration to be used to get through Congress any legislation whatever desired to put money in the pockets of the payees. Some of these gentlemen have followed this business for years past, until they are well known around the halls of Congress as "lobby members." Their former position in the public service gives them at all times, an entire into both chambers, which affords advantages for electioneering for schemes on the treasury for which speculation is liberally. Their knowledge of the rules governing the transaction of business in Congress is to making them somewhat desirable agents.—These advantages, back J by the facts that they are notoriously less scrupulous in their means of carrying their points than most others, have up to this time rendered them so successful as professional legislative drummers that they have among them shared much of the public money which never should have left the treasury of the United States. Little good it does them, however, as, in spite of our laws and the efforts of police, fact banks still flourish in Washington. We have reason to believe that a heavy force of this description is already engaged to work through Congress the New York Pacific Railroad scheme, through which it is designed to get the Government to build the road and to virtually make it a present to a dozen or so speculators in nearly every State in the Union. These ex-members are to be paid for their services here in stock, provided they carry the project through. We shall have to keep our attention fixed upon them affectionately. As they their hands shall inform the public, and show especially members of Congress, what schemes on the treasury each may have in hand, so that they may beware of the plots of these gentlemen. The rules of the House and Senate should promptly be so amended as that ex-members, claim agents, drummers, shall be excluded from the halls, as other claim agents are excluded.—Washington Star.

MARRIED. In this Borough, on the 10th inst., by Rev. Isaiah M'Doolin, Mr. ALBERT M. KRAMER and Mrs. A. DOLITTLE, both of Towanda.

In Canton, Oct. 27th by Rev. C. M'Dougall, Mr. JOHN SULLIVAN of Sullivan Co. P., and Miss ANNA BROWN, of the former place.

THERE will be a Universalist Conference of two days, held at H. W. Tracy's Hall, in Steading Stone, Wednesday and Thursday, 30th of Nov. and 1st of Dec. 1853. The following gentlemen are expected to be present. A cordial invitation is extended to all to come and hear.

TOWANDA, Nov. 17, 1853. We, the undersigned merchants and business men do hereby agree to close our several places of business on Thursday Nov. 24th, it being a day set apart for Thanksgiving and Prayer.

Joseph Powell, Hall & Russell, H. S. Mercer, O. D. Bartlett, Alexander & Solomon, Tracy & Moore, Collins & Powell, James H. Phinney, Culp & Kirby, Burton Kingsberry, H. C. Porter, Montanye & Co., A. M. Warner, Joseph Kingsberry, J. W. Wilcox, G. H. Banting.

NEW WINTER GOODS! I am now receiving a very large and handsome stock of WINTER GOODS from the city of New York, consisting in part of Cloths, Cassimeres, Battinettes, Tweeds, Jeans, Linseys, Delains, Gingham & Prints—Bay State, Scotch Shawls, Muslins, Cotton Yarn, Batting, Wicking carpet yarn, all colors; also several pieces all Wool Carpets, 4c. 4c., together with a general assortment of Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Hats & Caps, and a long catalogue of Books & Stationery—all of which, and many other kinds of Goods not enumerated in the above, will be sold at prices that will give satisfaction to purchasers.

JOSEPH KINGSBERRY. Towanda, Nov. 17, 1853.

ORWELL SELECT SCHOOL. The Winter Term opens on Monday, December 5, 1853. The classes formed and regulations adopted will depend upon the number, character, attainments, &c., of the pupils. Students will have the honors, the attention and the room—and for their reasonable progress the Principal will be responsible. Those intending to teach common schools, can receive appropriate drilling for this great work, in Orwell.

Those who wish to graduate at our higher institutions of learning can be taken under the college curriculum to any desired point, in Orwell. For the common English branches—Geography, Grammar, Arithmetic, the tuition is, \$3 00 Higher English, Latin & Greek, 5 00 To be paid in advance, per term of eleven weeks. No pupil received for less than one term, unless for particular reasons previously assigned. Board can be readily obtained in the vicinity. O. HUNTINGTON, Principal. Orwell, Nov. 15, 1853.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office November 1, 1853. Ayres Peter V Kiley P Addis James Leed D W Alorton Ira C Leonard E W Butler James Myer James T D Boyden Wm 2 M'icken Mrs M Brady John Molligan Mrs H Bowman H H Mumford Helen E Campbell Miss R Connelly John C Meehan John Cain E F Maynard Davis Dines E E Nestor Michael Dickey Mrs M M Plouet V E Ennis Levi Plait James A Elliot Deacon Plait Mrs A B Ellis Benj Robert Milton Fitzgerald Wm Ray John Rogers T J Forrest W H Roberts A B Gauss Mr Shultz John Greese Thos Swain Paris Gilmore Miss Agnes 2 Suggers W D Haven Rev Geo E Tower Nancy J Hnes Horatio Thomas J B Hoxsie Mrs H Jones Mrs W A Vosburg J L King Rev M A Walther Gustav Ken O O Wilcox Mrs. M E Kennedy Daniel Williams Rev S A Keaton Catharine White Hon R G Kearney Bernard Waggoner J J & Co CHARLES REED, P. M. Per L. M. MILLER, Dep. Post Office.

ROCK SALT.—A quantity of Turk's Island Salt, for sale by BAILLEY & NEVINS.

NEW FIRM & NEW GOODS. CLOTHING STORE.

COLLINS & POWELL. RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Bradford County, that they have opened business at No. 1, Brick Row, lately occupied by Henry Campbell, and are now receiving from New York a larger stock of Clothing, Cloths and Trimmings, than ever before offered in this market, consisting of Over, Dress, Frock and Sack Coats; Pants, Vesting, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Trimmings; White and Fancy Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Scarfs, Stocks, Gloves, Hosiery, Wrappers, Drawers, &c. We would also invite attention to our Manufacturing Department. In which we make to order, on short notice, all styles of Clothing. Cutting done to order and warranted. J. H. COLLINS, P. POWELL. Towanda, Nov. 3, 1853.

LATEST NEWS FROM THE Waverly Ready Made Clothing, AND GENTS FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.

Wells, Merchant Tailor, H. Bradford Coggins, of the citizens of the largest and most fashionable stock of FALL & WINTER CLOTHING, ever brought into "old Toga," consisting in part, of the following articles:— Over, Dress, Frock and Sack Coats; Vests, Pants, Shirts, Drawers, Wrappers, Overalls, Stocks, Cravats, Collars, Pocket Handkerchiefs, &c. Cloths and Trimmings constantly on hand—also the full fashion of Hats and Caps.

Our stock of Furnishing Goods is unsurpassed in Toga, comprising everything necessary for a gentleman's outfit. Particular attention will be paid to our CUSTOMER DEPARTMENT. Having received the latest New York Fashions, we are prepared to get up suits on the shortest notice and in a superior manner. CUTTING done on short notice, and warranted to fit if properly made up.

Broad st., first door east of the Post Office. Waverly, Nov. 10, 1853. J. H. WELLS.

TO OUR FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS GENERALLY. WE are under the necessity of having our pay on all Notes over due, and all accounts of over four months standing, and we intend to have it; consequently, you expect to save cost, you must call and pay up immediately. Towanda, Nov. 9, 53. HALL & RUSSELL.

Notice to Assessors. THE several Assessors for 1854, will make returns in the following order, viz:— Litchfield, Windham, Warren, Sheshegan, Rutland and Orwell, on Thursday, Dec. 2. Wysox, Herrick, Pike, Standing Stone, Wyanburg and Tuscarora, on Friday Dec. 9. Wells, South Creek, Ridgeburg, Athol, Westboro, and North Towanda, on Saturday, Dec. 10. Armenia, Columbia, Springfield, Southfield, South Towanda and Towanda West, on Monday, Dec. 11. Troy, Troy, Troyburg, Berlin, Canton, Grassville and Leroy, on Thursday, Dec. 15. Franklin, Overton, Monroe, Albany, Ashtab, Wilmot and Dorrel, Friday, Dec. 16. The Assessors will be required to make returns on the day designated in their Warrant, and to return will be received on the three first days of Dec. Court Assessors are also required to make fully foot each individual assessment, carrying the amount into the blank column on the right of each page. Assessors desiring information respecting any part of their duty, will please call at the Comptroller's office, before proceeding to assess. By order of the Board of Comptrollers. E. M. FABER, Clerk. Comptroller's office, Nov. 2, 1853.

ATHENS AGRICULTURAL, TIN AND STOVE STORE.

ADVERTISEMENTS. Bradford County, Pennsylvania. Straw Cutters. HOVEY'S Patent spiral knife Hay and Straw Cutters, of various sizes. No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7. Price—\$4, \$5, \$10, \$12, \$16 and \$20. These Cutters are better and cheaper than the straight knife cutters, with knives set diagonally on the shaft. The knives on Hovey's Cutter are spiral, which enables them to cut at right angles against the straw roller. They cut steadily, with no jerking—no clogging in repair. Each knife can be taken off and replaced without disturbing the shaft, for other knives, and if necessary each knife can be set out, so as to keep them all true, if one knife should wear faster than another. Every farmer should have one of these labor and feed saving machines. For sale wholesale and retail—a liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again.

Bradford County Premium for Shellers. WHEELS and Retain! The very best article to be found in the county, and cheapest—(as warranted)—for sale at the Agricultural and stove store, Nov. 10, 1853. R. M. WELLS.

STOVES! STOVES! COOK STOVES, of various excellent patterns, and sizes—general patterns of superior French Ovens, among which is a combination of the Clark and National Air Tight, called the EAGLE. Also well selected stock of elegant parlor, hall, shop, and school house Stoves, both for wood and coal, of all sizes and prices to suit all classes of customers. No. 10. R. M. WELLS and sec.

Sausage and Mince Meat Cutters. PRICES \$4 and \$5. Every farmer should have one of these excellent labor saving machines; they are capable of cutting from 100 to 200 pounds of meat in any very simple, portable and easily kept repair, for sale by R. M. WELLS. Athens, Pa., November 10, 1853. R. M. WELLS.

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