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TOWANDA

Wednesday Morning, June 7, 1848.

[Written for the Bradford Reporter] Parting Friends

That sad hour of separation, is swiftly drawing nigh, When we will have to clasp our hands and heave a mournful sigh,

And bid a silent long farwell to scenes familiar bound, In sacred bonds of holy faith, our hearts have clustered round.

We've rambled through the woodland shades, and by the purling brook, We've sported blithe, with merryment, along each

dale and nook. Our lives like blending streams have in one current

`.run.⁺ And while our cup of bliss is full, our joy-has just

begun. It is a sad and grevious thought to think that I must part,

And bid adien to those bright scenes which cluster round my heart, To leave each old familiar face, each long remem-

ber'd spot. Which, while memory has a passing thought shall

never be forgot; But duty calls, I must obey her strict and stern de-CI CC

'Twould to me be joy to stay, if I could choose my destinv. The die is cast, my fate is sealed, here, take the part-

ing hand, And know, that I shall ever think, of my old native

land. Could but live to see my head all silvered o'er with

And find myself still moving on life's rough and rug-

ged stage. Tie then, far back, I will a thought of dear remem

brance cast. For in my urn of memory I'll treasure the bright past. Towarda, June, 1848.

BY J. H.: INGRAHAM.

CHAPTER I. At the close of one of those gorgeous' tropical days peculiar to the low latitudes in May and June, a majestic steamer was ascending the Mississippi.

Steadily ascending the river with a majestic motion, the noble steamer moved swiftly along amid the fair scenery of sky and earth; her wake glittering and sparkling far astern, and heaving in the like a banner flung out!

The decks were thronged with gay groops of passengers. Some promenaded the hurricane deck gazing upon the shores and enjoying the motion of the vessel as she glided past them. Others sat in parties conversing. From a group at the stern rose the clear notes of a sweet singer's voice mingled with the rich bass of a contralto. Some walked alone and apart from the others; smoking and musing, or with their thoughts winging their way to homes left behind or in anticipation.

Among the various groups that were dispersed over the spacious decks of the steamer, walked one alone. His air was sad, and he seemed to shrink from observation; yet he scarcely furned or returned in his slow walk that eyes were not closely and with strange curiosity observing him. He seemed to be particularly an object of attention and conversation. Yet he never or very seldom raised his dark eyes to glance, as though conscious of the observation which centered upon him.

He was a man of very elegant exterior, tall and slender, with a dark face; and marked with a singular union of gentleness and fire. There was about him a certain air of command that could not fail to arrest the attention of the lowest and meanest observer.

The glorious beauty of the skies gradually blent into the gay of evening, and still he paced the deck in the same spare, which, as if by common consent, the rest of the passengers had left unoccupied for his use. He had all this time spoken to no one. He seemed to have companionship with none on-board.

At length a young girl of about fourteen summers, with bright, hazel eyes and soft, brown sunny hair, came upon deck leaning upon the arm of a lady. There was just light enough lingering from the skies to show how surpassingly lovely was this sweet child: The purity of a good and generous heart shone in her face, and the maturity of a woman's deeper and holier feelings reposed there.-She was both a child and a woman; with a soul full of sympathy and emotion, yet with an artless

expression and an air that belongs to girlhood. As she appeared on deck, the solitary stranger quickly litted his eyes and rested them upon herfor he seemed to have heard her step, and recognized her. As he beheld her, a smile of incomparable sweetness lighted up his sad, dark face, and approached her he bowed to both ladies with grace and dignity... He conversed with them a few momenus, and then offering his arm to the young girl, they together promenaded the decks while the lady seated near seemed to regard them both with interest. The tones of the deep rich voice of the stranger occasionally fell upon her ears as he discoursed with his companion, who seemed to listen with

"Madam," said a gentleman advancing and taking a seat by the senior lady, and addressing her in a low voice. "I think you act very imprudent in permitting your daughter to form an acquaintance with that man."

leviate in any way his misfortunes, I shall not for-

"Sympathy for him! He merits the detestation of every honorable mind. I am sorry to see you so blind. You will one day regret this confidence and pity for him Besides madam, it makes you and your daughter the subject of much conversation on board. Had she known him previous to this ?"

We never beheld him until we came on board the boat at New Orleans; and when he was pointed out to us, we gazed upon hittl with interest. Two days ago, as the boat was leaving Natchez. Anne and I were standing upon the guard watching the shore. He stood within seven feet of us leaning against a column with his head down. I was at that moment gazing upon him and recollecting in my mind the extraordinary character and wonderful life of this man, when Anne sprung from my side with an exclamation of terror, and threw herself before him. At the same instant, I heard a loud oath uttered from a window on shore, not fifty feet distant, and saw man in the act of dropping a rifle he had elevated to his shoulder."

"You may thank the quick eye and quicker foot of that young girl, senor," said he coarsely, "that you are not a dead man! I had covered your heart with my rifle bore, but she has saved you this time! But heware the next 17

Thus speaking, the man disappeared in the window, and the boat at the same time, shot rapidly away from the pier. Anne's act was impulsive, like herself, She told me that she saw the man level his rifle and bring it to bear. That she had no time to cry out, but trusting that the sudden intervention of her person would save him from firing, she sprang forward as she did.

"It is a pity that she caught sight of the Tennes sean's rifle. That man had a brother shot, by this cruel and blood-loving Mexican's order, and was entitled to his revenge. Let me recommend you to caution your child not a second time to interpose her person between the heart of this man and a rifle ball. Even it might not again serve as a protection. The Tennesseean is vindictive. He will The Beautiful Kentuckian: or Love & Courage. follow his victim like a slouth hound, though he may fail to effect his object. A rifle ball can pass through two hearts as well as one!"

Thus speaking, the Kentucky gentleman rose and left the lady. A few moments afterwards, she approached and spoke to her daughter, and the stranger relinguished her, escorted them to the saloon. and then returned to pursue alone, his solitary starlight walk upon the deck.

CHAPTER IL

Anne Murray was seated on a balcony in her fahunter's rifle; wide green lawns belted by spark- British minister was announced. ling brooks, sunny uplands and pleasant vales, with the roofs of the stately villas lifting themselves from the covert of groves on every side.

"Is not the Mail in yet mother? It is very

"Not yet Anne. But do not yield to this sorious Edward is doubtless safe." "I fear the worst. The paper which came ves-

terday, says there is but little doubt that the whole party will be shot, without distinction. It anticipated further intelligence the next mail. I am distressed beyond measure at this suspense !"

"It is impossible that they should take Edward's life. He is not a Texan. He merely joined the Santa Fe expedition es an American traveller with an American passport."

"Yes, this paper says that the whole party was out distinction !

"But there is no certainty that Edward Linn was with them at the time of the capture. The paper gives no names.

"Hark, the sound of a horse. It is the servant, and he has the paper. We shall now, I trust, hear something definite.

The paper was hastily unfolded, and Anne with rapid eye, ran over the several paragraphs. Aer gaze rested upon one headed "The unfortunate Santa Fe expedition." She read with rapid glances from period to period, till her eye fell on an array of names.

"Mother, Edward is one of them! See his name! Edward Linn, of Kentucky. Hear what the paper savs-" There is little hope that Santa Anna will make any distinction between the American gentlemen who accompanied the expedition and the Texans. They have, thus far, received precisely the same treatment with these, and nothing but the prompt and imperative interposition of the United States government will save them from the fate to which we fear the Texars are destined." " Mother," said Antie rising, and pacing the balconv with a quick step and an air expressive of decision, "Edward must be saved? Every means must be made use of to rescue him from the tyrant of Mexico 177

"This is strange language from you Anne.-You one thought him mild and pleasant, and have quite often defended him from the aspersions of this honor?" he asked with gentle courtesy.

"But I have now, for the first time, felt the bitterness of his tyranical power in my own bosom. I have never esteemed his character. It was natural for me to put an interest in one, whoseever he was, whose life I had been instrumental in proand the lady, smiling. "Besides, she is the only pe-on to whom he speaks. I deeply sympathise with hea in his fall from power, and a prisoner, as it boldness in a betrothed maiden, but it boldness in a case as this the maiden betrothed should act as a brance. Your request is already granted. I will meet with.

Truly may each of us say, "There is but a step nobody will believe him. No matter who he posses, and death." I Sam xxi. I deeply sympathise it boldness in a betrothed maiden, but it boldness in a betrothed maiden, but it boldness in a betrothed should act as a brance. Your request is already granted. I will meet with.

CHAPTER III.

Four months passed away, and in the interim Anne Murray with a perseverance that commanded the esteem of all whom she interested in her cause had achieved nothing towards the liberation of her lover. Her impatient love could not brook the delay of negotiation; and at length, disgusted/with the seeming indifference of her country, she resofved to take the matter in her own hands. She had received, on the morning of this decision a letter from Edward, dated at the well known castle of Perote, in which he informed her that his passports had been taken from him, and that he was regarded as a Texan, and with them was confined in Perote, in chains. Although he wrote cheerfully, and encouraged her to hope for his liberation shortly through the interposition of his country, she felt that his situation called at once for the services of love and friendship.

"If Edward waits for the imperative demand of his country to set him free, I fear that he will linger there longer than I can endure to think of," she said. "It is now five months since he was captured, and yet nothing positive has been done. This night I depart for Mexico! I will leave aline informing my mother of my intention, assuring her that I go to Mexico to free Edward or share his captivity !"

That night accompanied by a faithful negro ser rant, and mounted upon a fleet horse, the fair girl left her home, and took the rotal nearest post on the Ohio. They rode all night, at great speed, to distance pursuit, and by ten o'clock the next morning were on-board a steamer, descending the river towards New Orleans.

CHAPTER IV.

The Dictator of Mexico was seated in the private drawing-room of his values, surrounded by his miristers of state and of war, and a few select friends-His brow wore a cloud, for he had but a few minutes before given audience to the American Minister, and the latter had departed in anger.

"What means this American?" he haughtily demanded, after a deep silence had for some time eigned in the room. "Does he dare plead for pirates and cutlaws? has he the audacity to demand of me elemency towards adventurers from his country who chose to invade the Empire? If the prioners he pleads for are Americans, let their countrymen come and get them. He threatens me with war! Mexico fears not war. Her armies are numerous and brave, and the hearts of her children are patriotic! I will not give them up to him. They were taken in arms with the Texans. How can the President of America of the north have the face A few years passed away, and the blooming girl to solicit a favor of me when he has laid his right of fourteen had become a lovely woman in the hand upon one of our provinces, and covets to anair, as she went, a long path of dark, brown smoke pride of her charms. It was a mellow twilight nex it to his overgrown and ambitious republic !hour, similar in bnauty of sky and richness of co- No I will not listen to his minister. If he would will !"

Thus speaking the Dictator rose from his seat ther's villa, near Lexington. Around her lay a and walked the room at a quick, limping gait and scene of exquisite rural beauty. Noble parks in under angry excitment. But his lameness soon which the deer browsed or sported, fearless of the caused him to resume his seat. As he did so, the

"Well, Senor de la Inglaterra," said the Diefate with a smile, "I suppose you have waited upon me to learn my reply to your note of this morning I comply cheerfully with your demand. The order late!" she said, with a tone to which emotion gave for the release of the five Englishmen, taken is already signed. I trust the pacific relations from extating between Great British and this Republic will remain long uninterranted "

"It is her Majesty's desire to preserve them in violable on her part, Senor," responded the British Minister; "and I shall not fail to represent to my government vour expressions of friendship."

Santa Anna now placed the order for the rele of the prisoners whom the English Minister had interested himself, in his hands; and shortly afterwards the British Envoy took his leave.

"If it was only to rouse the indignation of the American government I would have given him this aken and bound, and led off to the interior, with- ofder," said the Dictator, turning to his minister of State, as the Englishman left the presence. He probably believes that I have complied through fear. Let him think so. I have, however, been influenced only by a desire to show to the American government my contempt of its own demand !"

> "Senor," said an officer entering, "a lady with a passport from the English Consul at Vera Cruz, very urgently seeks for an audience with your Ex-

"I will see her Valdes!"

The next moment Anne Murray stood in the presence of the Dictator. Her noble figure, her extreme beauty, the alternately pale and crimsoned cheek, the air of decision mingled with that fear she evinced, at once arrested the attention of all those present, and awakened the interest of the earth! Here we have the key to all the grand Dietator.

stood hesitating before him, his face all at once betrayed strong emotion. He bent forward and half rose from his chair. His looks showed a doubtful recognition of the lovely girlish countenance that vears had not effaced from his memory. "Noble dictator," she said, gathering courage, "L

have to solicit of you a favor." "It is then my young American friend !" cried the Dictator, with a glow of pleasure, as soon as her voice struck is ear. And rising he warmly welcomed her, and led her to a seat near his own. "To what happy circumstance am I indebted for

"To a painful one your Excellency. Among the prisoners in Perote, is a friend, and describme He was only a traveller taking advantage of the escont afforded him by the Texan party to travel into Maxico. He was captured with the rest, his pass nort taken from him and he now lies in chains a the tastle of Perce. I have come to Mexico to in-tercede with you in his bahall, trusting that you had not wholly torgottee the young girl who interceded her life to save yours?

at once despitch an officer with an order for his release. His name ?"2.

" Edwin Linn, Senor." "One of those who the American Minister was o solicitous to have liberated. I grant to you, Senors; what's have refused to your country's Envoy. The world shall never say that Lopez de Santa An-

na is destitute of gratitude." As the fair Kentuckian resolved to accompany the officer back to Perote. Santa Anna, finding he could not prevail upon her to walt for her friend's arrival in the capital, despatched her under the protection of a troop of horse, himself riding three leagues by her side and learned from her the hisory of her adventurous journey.

The next day the brave girl was folded to the heart of her lover, within the walls of Perote: and in an hour afterwards, under a fresh escort of horse, they were on their way to Vers Cruz, Two days afterwards, they took passage for N. Orleans in a U. S. Cutter, and in five days arrived at their desingtion. They were the next day, united in marriage in one of the drawing-rooms of the St. Charles Hotel in the presence of a brilliant assemblage of the friends of both Edward and the lovely Kentuckian, who in possessing the hand of one every way worthy of her, she felt herself richly rewarded for the bold and perilous enterprise which love had given her spirit and courage to undertake and successfully accomplished.

Miscellancoux

THE WATCH .- I have now in my hand, a gold watch, which combines embellishments and utility in happy proportions, and is usually considered very valuable appendage to the person of a gentleman. Its hands, face, and chain, and case, are the chased and burnished gold. Its gold seals sparkle with the ruby, the topaz, the sapphire, the emerald. I open it, and find that the works, without which this elegantly furnished case would be a mere shell, those motionless hands, and those figures without meaning, are made of brass. I investigate further, and ask, what is the spring, by which all these are put in motion, made of? I am told it is made of steel. I ask what is steel? The reply s, that it is iron which has undergone a certain process. So then, I find main spring, without which the watch would be motionless, and its hands, figures, and embellishments but toys, is not of gold that is not sufficiently good; nor of brass-that would not do-but of iron. Iron is, therefore, the only precious metal; and this watch an emblem of movements every eye is directed. Its useless but are the middle class, by the increasing intelligence Death. though constantly at work, and absolutely as necessaty to the movement of society, as the iron main spring is to the gold watch, are never thought of, except when they require their wages, or are in some want or disorder of some kind or other.-

Edward Ererett. THE INTERIOR OF THE EARTH .-- A fact of great Interest, says Professor Silliman, has been proved by the borings for artesian wells, in the authorbs of Paris, namely, that as we go towards the centre of the earth, the temperature increases at the rate of about one degree for every fifty feet. That the whole interior portion of the earth, or at least a great part of it is an igneous portion of melted rock, agitated by violent, winds, though I dars not affirm it, is still rendered highly probable by the plienomena of volcanoes. The facts connected with their eruntions have been ascertained and placed beyond dispute How, then, are they to be healthy hue; consumption had marked him for the accounted for! The theory prevalent come years since, that they are caused by the combustion of immense coal beds, is perfectly puerile, and is entirely abandoned. All the soul in the world would never afford fuel enough for a single capital exhibition of Vesuvius. We must look higher than this? and I have little doubt that the whole rests on the action of electric and galvanic principles, which are constantly in the earth... We know that when contain metals are brought together, powerful electric action is evolved, and a light is produced, superior even in effulgence to the splendor of the sun, Now if a small arrangement produces such results. What may we not expect from the combinations of these immense beds of mane to be found in the phenomena of volcanio action. An illustration on a small scale may be seen in the thermolectric hat. tery made of zinc, bismuth, and antimony, packed

in a bus and ramished. In this heat is evolved below, while the top is cold; and here we have the very case of the volcane, in the interior a fiery course is heaving its surges, while its peak is canped with everlasting snow,

SENTINEST AND SAUCE. One day in spring, Sir Walter Scott strolled forth with Lady Scott, to enjoy a walk round Abbotsford. In their wandering they passed a field where a number of ewes were enduring the frolics of their lambs - "Ah !" exclam-Sir Walter, Wis no wonder that poets, from the earliest ages, have made the lamb the emblem of peace and innocence 13

"They are, indeed, delightful animals." retirmed her ladyship; "especially with mint sauce."

How to Lave If a man chests you also dealing with him; if he is abusive, quit his company; of the churchyard, with the iron paliences round it

The Vine and the Oak. BY THE HOY. TILIS LEWIS.

A vine that clung to an cak in its pride, And drank the nourishment from its side, Grew strong and broad in its green coiling height,

But stronger still in its own giddy sight, Broke from the oak in an evil-starr'd hour, And toss'd its head to display its vain power; The storm king gnashed his white teeth at the sight, And swept it off in retributive might:
For the thing that reaches too high and wide,
Shall draw the red lightning's stroke to its side.
It clung round each tree as it swept along,
But it passed unbeeded by all the throng; None cared to look at a false one so vile With bow or ned, or with welcoming smile. And the vine was thrown in its early prime Amid nettles and weeds in fill and slime.

But the oak stood still in its lonly glade With its furrowed sides that the vine had made, Like the bird that had given its own life's blood To cherish and feed its featherless brood, The deep winding grooves like the serpent's track, Were pierced by the storm, and the sap shrunk back (The mark of guile that it louched in its rise, Was the track of the fiend in Paradise;) And soon with a solemn and rustling sound
The leaves (ell withered and dead to the ground; The sun shone forth, and the moistening rain Was shed upon hill, and dale, and broad plain; The trees per forth their foliage green, Nature was dressed in her rich vernil sheen, But the oak stood shorn of its dark green dress, The victim lost of a faithless embrace! A beacon to warn the confiding one To trust in nought but a cold heart of stone.

Thus upon earth—when the heart's fondest tie Is severed by faithlessness, both must die; Where There in her purity loves to dwell, As clear and bright in the heart's faithful love As the crystal fountain that's floating above, When the well is broken the deep clear flood Runs bubbling and purpled with streams of blood And TRUTH, in agony, shricking flies To her sister's bright, the stars in the skies. The glittering sentinels, night and day That watched in the well were their sisters lay.)

The piedges of love we may never reclaim Without purjury, treachery, sin and shame; The bolt that strikes such true friendship apart Comes back to the breast that directed the dart t The strong one may pull down the temple's prou

walls. But its ruins shall cover them both when it falls.

Death's Visit to the Village.

[From "Old Humphry's Thought's for the Thoughtful."] They say that people, live longer in the country than in the town, and perhaps they, may a few short years: but be not deceived, by the saying of my country friends, for the word of the Eternal is gone ociety. Its hands and figures which tell the hour, | forth: "The days of our years are threescore years resemble the master spirits of the age, to whose and ten; and if by reason of strength they be fourscore years, is yet their strength labor, and sorrow : sparkling seals, sapphires, rubies, topaz, and em- for it is soon cut off, and we fly away."-Ps. xc. 10. bellishments are the aristocracy. Its works of brass Neither town nor country can prevent the visits of

are moved; and its iron main spring shut up in a spring; the fresh leaves were budding forth, and box, always at work, but never thought of, except the snow drops were peeping out of the ground,when it is disordered, broke, or wants winding up, He went into the thatched cottage, by the ash tree, symbolically, the laboring class, which, like the where sat old Roger Gough in his arm chair, with main spring we wind up by the payment of wages; his brow wrinkled and his hair white as flax. Rod-and, which classes are shift fip in obscurity, and ger was taken with the cramp in the stomach, and soon ceased to breathe. "What man is he that liveth shall not see death; shall he deliver his coul from the hand of the grave?"-Ps. lxxxix, 48,

> The wheel wright's wife sat with her haby, her first born, in her lap. It smiled as it lay asleep, and breathed souly. She went on mending stockings, now and then casting a fond look at her little treasure. That day week its gentle spirit departed leaving its fond parents half heartbroken. How uncertain is human life -" It is even a vapor that

appeareth for a little time and then vanisheth away." James iv. 14. Death went down the village in the summe The heavens were bright with sunbeams, and the earth seemed to smile; the gardens were in their glory, merry haymakers were busy in the fields. The sexton's son had long been ailing, and all agreed that he could never strugille through the winter. The red tinge on his cheek was not of a grave. He had taken to his bed for a fortnight, when his head fell back gently on his pillow, and he went off like an infant going to sleep. for man his days are as graes; as flower of the field so he flourisheth. For the wind passeth over it, and it is gone: and the place thereof shall know t no more"—Ps. cii. 15, 16.

Butcher Hancocks was the strongest man in the parish that he was no match for death. His chest was broad, and his arms were sinewy and strong and his frame bulky and well knit together. 'As hearty as Hancocks,' was a common adage. No matter : sickness soon robs the stoutest of his strength and pulls down the tallest man to the ground. The fever fastened upon him so that one hour he raged with heat and thirst, and the next his teeth chattered with the cold. His neighbors carried him to the grave. "Lord make me know mine end. and the measure of my days, what is it; that I may know how frail I am. Behold thou hast made my days as a hand breadth, and mine age is as nothing before thee; verily, man at his best estate is altogether vanity."—Ps. xxxix 4, 5.

Death crossed the village in autumn. The or

chard trees were bending beneath their load, the sickle was at work among the wheat, and the scythe was sweeping down the barley. Never was known a more abundant year. The loaded teams were seen in all directions, and the gleaners were picking up the shattered ears from the stubble. Farmer Blount was a wealthy man. He was in the field with the respers, when he suddenly fell to the ground. Some said he was suddenly struck by the can, and others it was a fit of apoplexy, but whatever it was Farmer Blonnt never spoke after. You may perhaps have seen his tomb by the stone wall

bits and props were few and far between. He son, who ought to have been a stall for her old age to rest on, was at sea. He was roving and thoughtless but there is a heartache in store for him are socount of his aged mother. Death found the widew alone, lying oh straw. No one was at hand to comfort her or to close her eyes. "Watch; therefore; for ye know not what hour your Lord doth come."-Matt. xxiv. 42.

CAMPAGO & N. YEMANTANAM

Death went round the village in the winter. The icicles were a foot long, Ahnging from the pett house in the carpenter's vard and the spow lav here and there in heaps, for it had been shoveled away from in ffront of the cottages. Not a stone's throw from the finger post at the end of the: village, dwelt Abel Fronme, the clerk's father. For yours he he had been afflicted; but his mind was stayed upon Christ the Rock of Ages, and he loved to think of eternal things. He had lived to a good old are, and as a shock of corn fully ripo for the harvest. He was recally to be gathered into the garner of God. While his days were numbering his heart applied unto wisdom; and he knew Him whom to know is eternal life. Death found him sitting; up in his bed with his Bible in his aged hands, and the last words that faltered from his line were. "Lord, now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace, according to the word, for mine eyes have seen thy salvation." Luke ii. 26 30. Thus died Abel Frome, Mark the perfect man, and behold the upright for the end of that man is peace."-Ps. xxxvii 37.

The habitation of Harry Tonks was in a wretched plight when Death crossed the threshold. Harry was an infidel, and scoffed at holy things. His days were mostly spent in idleness, and his nights in peaching, and tippling at the Fighting Gocks. Often had Harry defied death at a distance, as a bugbear; but when it came in reality he trembled like a child. Pain r. cked him, and poverty distressed him; but that was not all, for his conscience was at work within him, and his mind was disturbed. "The spirit of a man will sustain his infirmity; but a wounded spirit who can bear?" Prov. xviii. 11, It was a horrid sight to Harry clenching his hands, tearing his clothes and gnashing his teeth in anguish quite as bad to hear the curses he uttered in despair. He died as the wicked die—without joy, without hope,-"driven from the light unto darkness, and chased out of the world," Job xvii. 18. "Hend your heart and not your garments, and turn unto. the Lord your God: for he is merciful and slow in anger, and of great kindness, and repenteth him of evil." Joel il. 13.

If death thus goes up and down, and across and around the village, and at all seasons of the year; and if he takes the old and the young, the feeble and the strong, the rich and the poor, the righteous and the wicked, how long will he pass by THEE? Is it thy prayer-" Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his." Numb.xviii. 10. Is Christ thy hope, thy trust, thy salvation? If so, thou mayest indeed rejoice, and say with exultation, "Yea though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil; for thou art with me; thy rod and thy staff, they comfort me." Ps. xviii 4.

PINS.—A dozen years since, all the pins used in this country were imported, Now none imported, except a few German pins for the supply of the German population of Pennsylvania. The invention, by Mr. Samuel Slocum of Providence. of a pin-making machine far superior to any then in use in England led to the establishment of a pinmanufactory at Poughkeepsie, by Messrs. Slocum-Jilson & Co., which soon distanced foreign competition. Of all the Pin Companies which have been established or attempted in the United States only three are known to exist at present, viz:-The American Pm Company (which has works both at Ponchkeensie and at Waterbury, Coun :) the Howe Company at Derby, Conn, and Messrs Pelion. Pairchild & Co., of Ponghkeepsie. The quantity of pins turned out by these establishments, especially the two first, is enormous. The statistics of one of them, we have ascertained, are about as follows. Per week 70 cases, averaging 170 packs each, each pack containing 12 papers, and each paper 280 pins; making an aggregate of 39,884,-C00 pins per week, or 2.078.148.000 per annum.-If the products of the other two establishments, and the small amount imported, are together equal to the above we should have a grand total of 4,158. 337,000 pins for consumption in the United States equal to 200 on an average, for every man, woman. and child in the country. A pretty liberal allowance, we are thinking. The number of pin-making machines employed by said Company is about 30, and of work people about 60.

The wire which is to be wrought info:pins, runs from the reel like yarn, into the one end of the. machine, and comes out at the other, not wire but pins, cut, pointed and headed, in the most perfectmanner, at the rate of 150 a minute. This is about. the usual speed, but the machinery is capable of being so adjusted as to produce 300 a minute. Being now of a yellowish color, they are thrown, by the bushel into kettles, containing a certain liquid. by which they are whitened, and prepared for sticking; i. e. for being stuck into papers, in rows, as they are bought at the stores. This process of sticking is also performed by a machine invented by Mr. Solcum. The narrow paper in which the pins are stuck is wound from a reel, of any imaginable length, and then cut off at uniform intervals. One sticking machine will stick as many pins as three pin machines can make; and three of the former can be attended by one girl. A spart of the pins of the American Company are made of American copper, obtained on the borders of Lake Suber-

How to Grow Rich.-Nothing is more easy, says Mr. Spaulding, than to grow rich. It is only to trust nobody; befriend none; to heap up interest upon interest, cent upon cent; to destroy all the finer feelings of nature, and be rendered mean. miserable, and be despised, for some twenty or thirty years, and riches will come as sure as disaged widow had wrestled hard with poverty her lease, disappointment, and a miserable death.