Agricultural: The Excellence of Laber. BY MARY & By DARAGE A

With earnest heart, and moistened brow, Thy work is hely; life's turmoil Is full of meaning, even now, Grieve not that this thy fate to earn

O, laborer! bending p'er thy toil,

By labor hard thy daily bread; Ah, when will man the lesson learn, On Nature's every page outspread-That all should labor, all should bow To Heaven's stern, yet wise decree,

And earn each joy with moistened brow For Idleness is misery. Say, is the rich man happy, who, Though gratifying every sense,
To Nature's holiest law untrue,
Spends all his life in indolence f

Go, gaze upon his care-worn face, And catch his eye, so cold and dim, Each discontented feature trace,

And tell me if you enry him ! No, no! they only can be blest Who patiently, from day to day, Fulfilling Heaven's high behest, Toil cheerfully their lives away.

Then labor on, thou child of toil! Work with thy tands, thy head, thy heart, Man's noblest destiny fulfil,
Its purest zest to life impart.

And when each evening hour shall come, Oh, with what unalloyed delight
May'st thou enjoy thy peaceful mome,
And soundly sleep the livelong night!

Yes! honest labor gives to rest, What neither power nor wealth can give, The conscience pure, the quiet breast, Tired Nature's best restorative.

All hail to those who understand, And do the work they find to do! But woe to those who idly stand, To Nature's poliest law unitrue!

## Good and Bad Farming.

Look at the contrast between a good farmer and a bad farmer-between a neat thrifty cultivator of the soil, and a slack and slavenish aggravator of it. The buildings of the one, whether large or small. are all in good repair. The premises about them are clean and unincumbered by piles of rubbish and brush. His wood is cut and placed under in proper season. His tillage and mowing fields are clean of weeds, bushes, and stones. His walls and fences have no unslightly gaps. His fruit trees are well trimmed and well cultivated, and are kept freed from cattle and caterpillars. His barn yard or barn cellar evinces the high value he places on manure, by the care he bestows in making and saving it, and his lands from year to year, show that they experience the full benefit of a right application of it. He is at work, boys and all, before the sun. - While he finds time for the discharge of his political and other public duties, he spends little or none of it by the way-side, in discussing the affairs of the nation or the gossip of the village. He takes a newspaper to tell him how the government and the world jog on, and an agricultural paper to give him an idea of the improvements to be made in his own occupation.

The building and premises of the other exhibit many a symptom of neglect and premature decay A barn door, perhaps, for loss of hinges, is propped up by rails or stakes. The frame-work of a shed is all that remains of what was once a shelter for his stock. Brushwood and trunks of trees lie in fantastic confusion about his doors, whilst the skeletons of departed carts, and wheels, and sleds, and plows, line the roadside for a considerable distance; as you approach his dwelling. His walls and fences are so enveloped in bushes, as to be almost împerceptible.

His barnyard is washed and drained by a con venient declivity leading either to the roadside, or a neighboring stream. His tillage land is impoverished b, repeated croppings and a stinted allowance of food. Thistles, johnswort and mullin, or some similar specimens of vegetation, hold title to his mowing fields by right of uninterrupted occupation. He rises not before the sun tells him it is day. He is generally behind-hand in his work .-His crops suffer for want of due care and harvesting. He carries to market an inferior article, gets an inferior price, and then complains to every body he meets of hard times and the hard life a farmer has to lead. Of course, he is quite ready to lay the blame on any shoulders but his own, and the government, either state or national, has very often to bear no small share of it.

By a process recently invented, the rays of the sun, striking thom a person's countenance, portray in an instant of time, an exact miniature of his features. The same art has also been supplied to give a faithful bird's eye view of objects and men. Every attitude, every lineament is struck off in a twinkling, with all beauties or blemishes, just as they are in the originals. Suppose a Daguerreo type were employed to sieze the striking points of each farm in this county, and that the pictures, thus produced, were suspended on these walls for inspection. Would there be no contrast exhibited in the panorama? No features which would willingly be crased? No whole pictures which would gladly be turned face to the wall!

No farmer who as any pretensions to the name when he looks upon the two extremes to which his noble art may be elevated or degraded, would he state which to choose for the subject of his endeavors. If he select the good farmer as the model of his imitation he will need something more than mere wishes & resolutions-than sudden starts & occasional evertions, to realize in his character the enviable distinction of a skilful cultivator of the soil. It is not the work of a day or of a year, but of many vears, truly to earn and deserve his title. It is la borious, patient, persevering and intelligent working, that is to do it.. He must take an honest pride in his profession : never be ashamed of hard hands home-spun frock, or toilsome occupation. His motto should be, "Whatever is honest is honorable." and farm labor is pre-eminently so. His heart and his head, as well as his muscles and sinews, must be in his work. He must endeavor not only to make his farm profitable, to gain from it the most he can at the least expense, but to keep it in a constantly progressive state of improvement. He will have has attention awake, at all times, to the means of effecting this. He will not lay out for cultivation more ground than he can manure well, and leave in better tilth than he found it. He will remember another axiom of the good farmer, "That whatever is worth doing at all, is worth doing well." He will ever bear in mind, too, that his own farming, however excellent and successful, may still be made-better and more profitable.—[Address of A. the roots of gooseberry bushes, is an effectual W. Dodge, Esch, before the Barnstable'Agricultural

, Society,

POTATORS—Assists FOR ORIGINS—CORN FROM GREEN MANUER.—Mesers, Editors:—I have been acquaint ed with the polito disease for aix years, and have heard much said on the subject, and I now give my views on it. I am positive that there are three kinds of insects that cause potatoes to rot, viz: the Dutch fles, the yellow bag and turtle bog. When approached they will disappear, dropping from the leaves to the roots. I have seen the three go over three leaves, and they have wilted in three

They deposit thirty to sixty eggs on the leaver which hatch in eight days, and then become namerous. I have counted fifty young sues on the bottom of one leaf. I applied soot and ashes, or bottles, throws mide their trumpets, being made perfect air-slacked lime, to the tops of the plants, and it ly well. Physicians and Surgeons highly recommend killed the young ones and drove the old away. I drove themse thereaghly from my potatoes that they went on my beans, and caused them to rot. These insects stop the circulation of the sap, causing it to return to the root, and produce rot in those potatoes nearest the stalk. I have known corn to rot in consequence of cutting off the silk.

We can raise potatoes on old ground without manure, say seventy or eighty bushels to the acre. in such situation, they grow less thrifty, and do not contain so much sap, therefore the insects leave them for vegetation that is more tender.

My potatoes have not rotted for two years past. I had new potatoes last 4th of July eight inches in circumference. I used to raise from 300 to 400 bushels to the acre. I consider the application of ashes to vegetation in gardens, of great advantage. By the application of ashes, I raised one and a half bushels of onions on twenty feet of land which is at the rate of one thousand bushels to the acre. The application of ashes to my cucumbers causes them to produce well till killed by the frost in November. I have raised from forty to eighty bushels of corn to the acre, by ploughing under green crops, and applying ashes.

E. Ketchem, Clarksbury, Mass. CURRANT BUSHES .- Having noticed that currant bushes may as well be made trees as shrubs, I conclude to tell you how I have seen it done. In the spring of 1831, my father commenced in garden. and among other things, cuttings for current bushes. I determined to make an experiment on one of these cuttings, and as soon as it grew, I pinched off all the leaves, except the top tuft which I let grow. The cutting, was about fourteen inches high, and during the summer, the sprout from the top of this grew near ten inches. The next spring I pinched off all the leaves to about half way up the first year's growth so as to leave the lowest limbs about two feet from the ground. It branched well, became a handsome little dwarf tree and when it came to bear fruit, it was more productive than any other bush in the garden, and the fruit larger. It was less infected with spiders and other insects; hens could not pick off the fruit, and grass and weeds were more easily kept from about the roots, and it was an ornament instead of a blemish. Now, I would propose that current cuttings be set in rows

GYPSUM.—How does gypsum act? This is an inquiry which has often been made, and, which s answered in various ways; even by the learned I'rue science can alone rationally direct the practical farmer. "All else," observe an erudite author 'is mere experiment—hazardons, expensive and conjectural," The beneficial effects of gypsum or plaster of Paris, on crops, is to be referred excluand holding it for the gradual use or progressive appropriation of plants. It has been correctly denonstrated, by the most careful and accurate scientic experiments, that one hundred pounds of gypsum will fix as much ammonia to the soil, as six thousand two hundred and fifty pounds of horses excrement would impart to it. Ammonia is always resent in the atmosphere, and hence the benefirial effects of this mineral which, absorbs and fixes it so as to render it available to the growing crop. -Maine Farmer.

about four-and a half or five feet apart each way,

(let them be long and straight ones.) trained into

trees .- Cor, Michigan Farmer.

WASH FOR FRUIT TREES.-Lime wash or white wash, is not considered as good for trees, as potash wash. The latter is made by dissolving ash in water, at the rate of one pound to a gailon. It may be applied with a brush, in the spring, or at any other season, and will, by one or two applications render the bark smooth and clean. For old trunks, with thick and rigid bark. Mr. Downing, (in the Fruit Trees of America, ) recommends a wash of soft soap. He thinks it better for this ourpose than potash, "as a portion of it remains on the surface of the bark for some time, and with the action of every rain is dissolved and penetrates into every crevice, destroying the insects and softening the bark itself."-Albany Cultivator.

BUTTER-MARING.-At a late meeting of the Farmers' Club, in New York, Mr. Clark mentioned the following as a very simple and expeditions mode of making Butter:

"Spread and secure a closely-woven cotton cloth (of the ten-cent-per-yard quality) in a dishing from over a tub, and at night place in it the cream which has been collected in the ordinary way for a few days previously. In the morning the buttermilk will have procolated through the cloth and left the butteracious portions on it. This will only require to be worked over and treated in the same way as when separated by churning."

PEACH GRUB.—Cultivators of the peach should examine their trees early for the peach worm. Its presence may be perceived at a glance by the exuding gum at the surface of the ground, mixed with the pulverized bark, resembling sawdust.-Clear the earth away, follow the worm hole under the surface of the bark, to its termination, and the worm will be found, and may be at once destroyed. There is no other way of destroying this insect after it has once obtained possession. Air-slaked lime and leached ashes are useful in preventing its entrance, but by no means infallible.

Radmenes.—We have raised superior raddishes from seed sown the fifth of June. In less than four weeks they were fit for the table. They have a remarkably rapid growth in warm weather, and often do better when late than when early sowed.

To TAKE MILDEW OUT OF LINEN.—Rub it well with soap, then scrape some fine chalk, rub that also in the linen, lay it on the grass, and as it dries. wet it a little and the mildew will come out in thrice doing.

Goodsekrates -A French numeryman says, that exhausted tan bark spread on the surface round remedy for catterpillars. A cart-load of the bark is amply sufficient for the largest garden.



FOR the care of DEAPNESS, pains, and the charge of matter from the cars. Also all those dis agreeable sounds, like the busting of insects, falling of water, whizzing of steam, &c., &c., which are symp-toms of approaching deafness, and also generally atten-dent with the disease. Many persons who have been deaf for ten, fifteen, and even twenty years, and were obliged to use our trumpets, have, after using one or two

The very great number of happy results that have followed the use of SCARPA'S ACOUSTIC OIL, have been truly astomshing. And what is wonderful; com-who were deaf from birth, have been so much improve

as to hear common conversation very readily.

It would be the height of presumption to warrant a cure in all cases, but in nipe cases out of ten of recent date, there is a certainty that the results will be most anappy and satisfactory to the patient. The application of the oil produces no pain, but on the centrary an agreeoil produces no pain, but on the centrary an agree able and pleasant sensation. The recipe for this medi-cine has been estained from as Aurist of great reputation, who has found that desiness, in nide of twenty, was produced from a want of action in the nerves of hearing, or a dryness in the curs; his objectherefore was to find something which would create healthy condition in those paris. After z-long series o experiments his efforts were at last crowned with suc cess, in the discovery of this preparation, which has re-ceived the name of SUARPA'S COMPOUND ACOUS TIC OIL. A long list of certificates might be given out such is the confidence in the medicine, and so high has been its reputation, that but one of them will be at present published:

Most Extraordinant Cont!-A I dy in Smith field, Brad. Co., Pa., and now about eighty years of age, had been gradually getting deaf for more than 40 ears, so that it was next to impossible to make her bear enversation in the loudest tone of voice. Last winter she was induced to try "Scarge"s Oil for Desiness." It is only necessary to add that the used two bottles, and perfectly restored—she is cured. Any information n regard to the case may be obtained at the store of Di c. No. 8. South Third street, Philadelphia.

For sale by A. S. CHAMBERLIN, Towards, Pa only agent for Bradford county.

## WARRANTED ALWAYS TO CURE.

TEMORRHOIDS, OR PILES, is a disease produ Led by local irritation contiveness, pargative stimu lants, undue determination of blood to the hemorrhoids by excessive riding or walking, or a congestive state of the liver, and peculiarity of the constitution itself.

It is usually considered under three form, or varieties, ws: Blind Piles, White Piles, and Bleeding Piles This disease is so common, and so very well known, that a description of its symptoms is not deemed neces-

The success that has followed the use of the Embro cation in the cure of this disease, has been trulyastonish Physicians now advise their patients to try it. the only Pile Medicine.

In addition to its being a positive remedy for the Piles, it never fails to cure that INTOLERABLE ITCHING, which is so very common, and has its location in the same parts as the Piles.

Read the following, from the editoral colums of Alex ander's Weekly Messenger; FOUND AT LAST—A SURE CURE FOR THE PILES -Physicians and Chemists have long been anxious to over a medicine that would cure one of the most troublessme diseases, the Piles. Success has at last been the result. Dr. JACKSON'S PILE EMBRO-

CATION not only stops all bleeding, allays pain and inflamation, subdues that into lerable itching, but effectuallly cures, like a charm and in a very shot time, per-Only a few from the great number of certificates will be published. Read the following: New York, 721 Broadway, September 8, 1845. Dr. N. Jackson—Dear Sir: Will you send me six six bottles of your Pile Embrocation; I wish them

part to keep myself, and part for a legal gentleman, a friend of mine, who has found great relief in using from my bottle two or three times. You remember, when in Philadelphia, I was suffering dreadfully from this terrible scourge. I only took one boule from you I have not used it quite all, and am flow perfectly well. As you may suppose, I proclaim the virtues of your medicine wherever I go. I tell every friend about it; and it is singular to perceive how, many are suffering in this way—I believe half of my acquaintances are more or less afflicted. Let me tell you that you can sell here as fast you choose to make. When you want a certificate from me, you shall have it, and you are at liberty to show this letter if you wish.

Respectfully yours, LEWIS P. ASHPORD,
For sale by A. S. CHAMBERLIN, Towands, Pa.,
ally Agents for Bradford County.
28m6 only Agents for Bradford County.

DR. WOOD'S SARSAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS. TOR the permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, Morbid state of the Liver and Stomach, Weak-ness of the Nervous System, and a Disorded habit of

Constitution generally.

Dr. Wood's Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage which puts them beyond the need of recommendation. Being faithfully prepared of the most excellent materials, they can be fully confided in by all in-need of a tonic, aperient or

alternative remedy.

This preparation will be found on trial to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a bealty action of the Liver and Stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing kealth and vigor to the whole system. In all cases of despondency, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success; nor are they less useful as a remedy for Headache, Flatulency, loss of Appetite, and a general prostration of the system. At the same ime it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular and easy influence. the desired end, by a steady, regular and easy innuence. Taken daily, in doses precribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner, which is, in fact, their highest recommendation. That prejudice usually existing against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed and the acknowledged celebrity

of its principals constituents, should at once comm it to the public favor. RECOMMENDATIONS,

Mr. Philp Wilcox, New Bodford, was entirely cured of a confirmed cancer of the stomach, throat and mouth, and his general health much improved by the use of enty one bottle. Col. John Baylies, Bristol, Mass., has voluntarily certified that he was cured by the Bitters, of Jaundice, Indigestion, Headache and Vertigo.
J. P. Perlins, Esq., New Bedford, was cured of an

ruption of the face.

Dr. W. H. Miller of N. Y., testifies that many of his patients have been benefitted by the use of the Bitters, and in every case they have given the most perfect

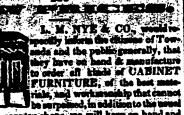
asturaction.

Sold Wholesale and Retail by WYATT & KETCHUM, 121 Fulton St. N. Y., HUSTON & LADD, Towards, and by druggist generally throughes the U. S. Price \$1. Large bottles. 6m 6m21 DONNETS—A great saving to the "Heads of the Nation." The Ladies will find it a great saving to heir heads to call and purchase one of those beautiful

Straw, Devon, Gimp, Florence, or Lace, Lawn, Gipey Bonnets, selling so cheap at REED'S. 2900 LBS. Sole Leather, Upper Leather and Calf Skins, lower than was ever offered in B. KINGSBERY.

DRINTS-500 different styles, bought in the city of New York, by the case, on the "cash down" plan and will be sold accordingly. BAIRD & CO.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT



assortment in country shops, we will keep on hand and make to order SOPAS, of various and most approved patterns; Sofs Rocking Chairs, upholateral in superior style, and for ease and durability cannot be surpassed even in our large cities. Also, the half French Mahogany Chair, beautifully upholetered, with curled hair, which never loses its elasticity, and finished with the best bair seating. We fatter surnelves that having had much experience in the business, we shall be able to satisfy all who may feel disposed to call, both as to quality and price, and by strict attention to business sope to merit and receive the patronage of a liberal com-nunity. M. NYE & CO. nunity.

Towanda, September 1, 1845.

CABINET FURNITURE AY BE HAD at our shop much lower than it has ever been sold in Towards. Goods are chesp, and wheat am lowered, and that is the reason we can afford all for to do it. All kinds of produce will be received in payment. Also, LUMBER of all kinds. · L. M. NYE & CO.

MILL be kept on hand a large assortment, and made to order on shorter notice and for less money than can be produced at any other establishment in the land. Those who are under the necessity of pro-curing that article will and shall be estimated. A good hearse and pall may be had in attendance when de September 1, 1845. L. M. NYE & CO.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES!

Dr. A. Upham's Vegetable Electuary, A N INTERNAL REMEDY, INVENTED BY DR. A. UPHAM's distinguished Physician of New York city, is the only real successful remedy for that dangerous and distressing complaint—the PILES

ever offered to an American public.

Mark this. It is an INTERNAL REMEDY-and not an external application, and will core every case of Piles, either bleeding or blind, internal or external, and probably the only thing that will. There is mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, anu improves the general heal;h in a remarkable manner. Each box contains twelve does, at 81 a dose. It is very mild in its operation, and may be taken in cases of the most scute inflammation without danger. All external applications are in the highest degree disagree able, inconvenie t and offensive; and from the very nature of the disease, inconvenient in their effects.

the cause, renders the cure certain and permanent. To MARRER LABERS. Married ladies are almost invariably subject to that painful and injurious disease, the Piles, with consequent inflammation of the stomacl bowels and spine, weakness of the back, flow of blood to to the head, &c. The Electuary is perfectly safe for pregnant ladies, and the most useful eathsrtic that can possibly be used, as it not only removes the Piles and all inflammatory diseases without pain or irritation, but will insure an easy time, a safe delivery, and a sound

medicine attacks the disease at its source, and removing

onstitution in the offspring.

The Electuary contains no mineral medicine, no aloes, colocynth or gamboge, or other powerful and irrita-tive purgative. No fear of taking cold while under its nfluence-no change in dlet necessary. If taken ac cording to directions, a cure for life is guaranteed.

Sold wholesale and retail by WYART & KETCHUM General Agents for the Southern States," 121 Fulton street, N. Y., HUSTON & LADD, Towards, and druggists generally throughout the United States, Price \$1. a box.

"Sugar Coated Pills."-Beware ! Caution.

HE increasing popularity of Dr. G. BENJ SMITH'S IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE SUGAR COATED PILLS. has induced a number of persons to make something they call ritts them with augur, in order to sell them for the genuine, while they do not peasess' a particle of the goodness, nor even assimilate in appearance to the siginal, Dr. Smith's Pills. In short, they are an intended FRAUD upon the community. A m who at first had an interest in an imitation Sugar A minister up, as he says, on account of the miserable dishones parties concerned in manufacturing them. The same party are now industriously circulating reports calculated to injure Dr. Smiths, and to affect the reputation of his valuable pills; but rather than notice them in public, Dr. Smith is about to institute legal proceedings against them for their slanders, as he basin another case against similar party, in which be recovered a large amount of lamages. These miserable imitators have to resort to the most abominable means to palm off their counterfeit pills, as the public know that Dr. Smith's are the original Several instances have come to public notice in which life has been endangered by the unfortunate use of the counterfeits. It is Dr. Smith's Pills that are doing so much good in the country—as the following plainly show.

MORE MINISTERS.

Use and Recommend Dr. Smith's Pills than all others This is to certify that I have used the Sugar Conted Pills manufactured by G. Benjamin Smith, of New York, for some time, and believe them to be a good medicine; and also, from inquiry in that city, I am persuaded that he is the original inventor, and dentitled in the benefit of the invention.

> 8. WILLIAMS, Pastor 1st Baptist Church, Pittsburgh.

From the Blue Hen's Chieken, (Del.) We call the attention of our readers to the certificate of Rev. 8. Williams, Pastor of lat Baptist Church "ittsburgh, in relation to Dr. Smith's Pills. We can ourselves bear testimony to the excellence of these Pills, one of us having used them and experienced great relie The above is the best paper in the State of Delsware

The "improved indian vegetable pilla," (Sugar Coated,) are certainly doing much good in the whole country, and are highly exteemed, if one half is true that people write and say about them. They are so easy in their operation that all like them. The editor of the Northern State Journal, (one of the largest and best papers in the State of N. Y.,) writes as follows; Watertown, May 31, 1848.

Dear Sir. I was laid up with a bad cold some tim since my return from N. Y., and during my illness I made trial of your pills, and I must say I found them excellent. They are the best medicine for the purpose they are intended, that I have yet seen. I seldom take pills, but I found yours entirely free from the objections to which other pills are liable. I hope they will continue to be a source of profit to you, as I doubt not they will se means of relief to the afflicted on a large scale. Yours truly,

Tonawanda, Pa, Sept. 18 1846,

Dr. G. Benj. Smith-Dear Sir: Your agents left with me a lot of von SUGAR COATED PILLS, and I have but a few boxes left Every box I have sold has given entire satisfaction. 1 have taken them myselfand I consider them the best pills I have ever used, and end them to the public. I wish a further supply Your respectfully.

JACOB KIBLER, P. Ma

Huntington Ind., June 21, 1646.

Dr. Smith—
Dear Sir: I am most out of your INDIAN VESTABLE Sugar Coarre Prila." and find them selling so fast that I think you had better send me two gross immediate ly. They give such general satisfaction that people a east twenty miles for them, and as it is generally known

am agent for them, I would be very torry to get out

Yours respectfully, SAML. MOORE & CO. BEWARE !!!

If G. BENJ. SMITH, be not written with a pen-the hottom of the box, all "Sugar Coated" Pills a Counterfeit. Principal Office 179 Greenwich Street, large brick block, N. V. Price 25 cents a box.

For sale by A. S. CHAMBERLIN, Towards, Pa SHAWLS—quantities of Shawle, most kind, going: of fast and cheep at O. D. BARTLETTS.

CHAIRS AND REDSTRADS THE subscribers still co

the first of the first of the second of the first of the second of the s

THE substitutes still continue or manufactures and keep on head at their old stand, all their of case and leads from the continue of their old stand, and BEDSTEADS, of every description, which we will sell low for each or Produce, or White Pine lumber, White word, Bass wood, are Cacamber of air shall, or 4 to or Cucumber clair plank, or 4 by

6 Scantling 13 feet long—wither Battonwest, Passence or Maple, will also be received for our work. Turning done to order in the nation waster. TOMKINS & MACKINSON. Towanda, Peb. 23, 1847.

111 ONAIRS! OHAIRS!

This some for Bargains ! THE subscriber would respectfully say to his of customers and the public generally, that he has commenced the manufacture of Chairs, etc., at his op on the north side of Bridge street, in the building known so the Yellow House. He kee stantly on hand, or will make to order, (in a n durable style) all articles in his line as chesp as the chespest. His friends can be supplied with Fanty, Winsor and Common Chairs, of differ

ent patterns - Settees, Rocking Chairs, Children's Chairs, &c., &c. Also-Bedsteads and Tallica-

Call and see me at my shop on Bridge street, and will esticity you that you can buy reaconable.

N. B.—White wood, Cacamber and Beau plank, wanted in exchange for chairs on reaconable. JESSE TAYLOR. Towands, Jan. 20, 1847.

MARBLEFACTORY In Towarda.

H. BAKER respectfully informs the public that he has commenced the GRAVE-STONE basiness, in all its branches, at Towarda, where he will be ready at all times to attend to all calls in his line. Monuments, Tomb-tables, Grave-stones, of

every description, &c., &c., o order, and furnished as cheap as WORK and MARDLE of the same quality can be obtained at any

shop in the country.

He invites the public to call and examine his work and materials, hoping to merit their putrociage by strict attention to business, and by superior workmanship and

good marble.
LETTER-CUTTING done with neutness and desnatch, in the latest style.

Shop on Main street, next door to T. Elliott's store and three doors above Briggs' Hotel. Towanda, March 17, 1847.

BOOT & SHOE MAKING.



VILCOX & SAGE have associated themas in the Boot and Shoe Making business, in the rough of Towards, and may be found at the old stan of S. Hathaway, lately occupied by Elkanah Smith, near I. H. Stephens' Exchange Hotel, where they solicit a hare of public patronage. They intend, by a careful election of stock, and by attention to the interests of their customers, to make as neat and durable work as can

be manufactured in this portion of the country. They keep constantly on hand, and will manufactur to order, morocco, calf and coarse boots and shoes: Ladies' Guiters, shoes and slips; children's do.; gent's guiters and pumps, &c., &c. JOHN W. WILCOX,

PHILANDER SAGE. Towards, May 14, 184

A Natural Remedy. WE CAN confidently affirm that ame designed for general use, none stand higher in

popular estimation than Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. Hardly a day passes but we receive testimonials in the favor, and the most enthusiastic are those who have longest used them. What better prove of excellence of principle over prejudice and truth over defauntion.

The principles upon which this celebrated medicine is founded, are beautifully simple. Every one is aware that, in a state of sickness, the stomach and bowels are irregular and disordered. Of course, so long as they continue in that state, the food is badly digested, and continue in that suct, use most is many ungested, any the blood, in consequence of being badly prepared is tess fit for the proper support of health and life.—Should the stomach and bowels continue disordered, the muchief extends; the corrupt humors collect upon that organ that is weakest and least able to throw them off, and thus disease becomes seafed. The same effect is produced in other ways. Cold, acting upon the exhaling vessels of the skin, drives the perspiration matter inward; overheat inducing debility and bad diges-tion, bad air, injuriously affecting the blood and lungs; unwholesome diet; close confinement; want of cleanliness; bad habits; and many other causes produce the

same result. From this brief explanation, it will be seen that discase, whether it arises from the blood itself, acted upon by outward causes or through the derangement of paricular functions, amounts in the end to the same this Therefore a good vegetable medicine, such as Wright's Indain Vegetable Pills, adapted to cleanse the system from the mass of impurities which oppresses it, is the best thing that can be taken. But let us look into the

subject a little farther. The public will have learned enough of the mysteries of physiology and pathology to know that all medical treatment is founded upon three laws of the animal economy.—First, that the blood circulates through, and provides support for the whole body; second, that it (the blood) is endowed with vitality and aids in pulling down and rebuilding the human edifice; and third, that all causeless and injurious particles are ejected by one of four outlets, either the skin, lungs, kidneys or bowels Upon the first of these laws, (the circulation,) is founded the hope of reaching remote parts of the system, for the purpose of removing local disorder. Upon the second, (the vitality of the blood) depends the efficiency of medicine, for it is well known that the more healthy the body is, the better do medicines operate —

And upon the third, is founded the expectation of ridding the system of these poisoners particles which are the cause of dinesse. Now a medicine to be adapted to the human consti tution must regard these laws. It must circulate with the blood, it must aid the tital principle, and like it carry off the corrupt particles through each of the ap-

pointed ways. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills were prepared with reference to these laws, and hence are every way calculated to remove disease. A New thing in Old Wysox.

DR. A. J. COLE would respectfully inform the citi-zens of Wysox and vicinity, that after diligently prosecuting the study of Physic and Surgery in all its various branches for better than three years under the in mediate care and instruction of Nathan S. Davis. M. D., of Binghamton, in addition to the attendance on a full and thorough course of Lectures at the Medi cal College of Geneva, N. Y. He feels a full confidence in assuring his friends and patrons that no pains the sufferings of his fellow man; and on all occasions will be found in readiness to give prompt and careful attention to such business in his line as may full to his hands. Dr. Cole may be found for the preresidence of D. E. Martin. Wysox, April 21, 1847.

A LARGE assertment of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, and Sattinetts, which we have long been famous for selling good and cheap, now cheaper than ever-and upon which we challenges the world, just received O. D. ARTLETT. Towards, Nov. 3, 1846.

WANTED IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS-Domestic Flannel, Woolen Socks, Rye, Buckwheat, Flaxseed, White Beans, Butter, COON SKINS,

for which liberal prices wi

Q. D. BARTLETT'S.

short, almost anything

TUST OPENING, at the corner of Main & Britan and Section of the se

NEW DRY GOODS

Corner of Main and Bridge Street

cotton, wool and back gleyes cetten hose, suspenders,
German handdreig's,
cetton and pongee held's,
ginghem cravats, plaid shawls,
proof cantiferters, cotton tapes, pain

prosi conferent, cotton tapes, paint through swing sills, cotton bells, pacts pine, seedles, speci cotton, hooks and eyes, superider, edirt and metal buttons, with many of r articles, usually found in a store, not mentioned.

The public are mivited to call and examine the sect refere purchasing elsewhere, as they will be sold deep ir then et any other establishment in town. Towarda, Nov. 11. H. O'HARA & CO.

H.O'HARA & CO BOOTS & SHOES OF ALL KINIS DUULD OF DIRUMN OF ALLE ALIEN ALIEN TO UST received from Philadelphia, a large and pleaded assortment of men's call, hip and course book, of m. \$1.50 to \$5.50; boy's do.; ladies gains and heating an walking ahose; also, fine kid slips and bushins, sal at kinds of overshoes; do. calf bootees and least shee; children's and Misses shoes of all kinds, heavy as light, suitable for every kind of weather. Youth's cit kip and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 4 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 5 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 5 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 5 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 5 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 5 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 5 to 12 years and coarse boots to suit children from 5 to 12 years and coarse boots to 20 years and coarse boots to 20 years and lower price than any other establishment in Brake

county. TRUNKS from \$1 50 to \$18 00 HATS AND CAPS. A large assortment of fashionable Hats and Caps every kind and description for sale very low, GROCERIES.

es, sugar, coffee, codfish, No. 1, and 2 Macker. el, best quality black and green tea, from 31 to 88 cms a pound; pulverised and loss sugar; rice tobeco, suff sperm, dipped and mould candles; ruins by the but or pound, starces, soap, segars at 50 cents per hundred, and in fact all kinds ever kept in our line which people will find it their advantage to purchase and we will give you respons for it:

A little Logic and Common Sense,

There are three things beyond dispute:—1st—1st—1s a man pays out much money, he must receive as much.

2. If a man's expenses in business are large, his public. must be large.

Therefore, the Grocery and Shoe Establishment at the corner of Main and Bridge sts., in a small plan store, at a cheap rent, can afford to sell boots & sheet hats & caps, and groceries, at lower prices, and d better quality than any other store in town. Now, if this is not sound logic, two and two so not make four but if it is, common sense calls on you to come to us for your flats & Caps, Boots & Shoes &c.

See the contrast, and let your own reason decide it s was not your advantage to give us a trial.

FINDINGS of all kinds constantly on hand. Threat, awls, brisiles, aboutder-sticks, kit and files pincen, all kinds of binding, silk cord and straps for boots, patest pegging awla, akiving, paring and crooked haves and floats.

H. O'HARA's CO.

Towanda, Nov. 17, 1846. Elmira. Corning and Buffalo Lin.

FOR 1847.

THE Proprietors of the above Line will continue in run a Line of Passage Boats between ELMRA, CORNING and BUFFALO, for the accommoduse of Emigranta and Families, moving West, affording a cilities not heretofore offered to the Emigrant, from the section of New York, Pennsylvania.

The Boats of this Line are of the PIRST CLASS

fitted and furnished with all the convenience and a ommodiation of PACKETS, commanded by expense ed-Captains, and towed by relays of Houses.

BOAT ROME, Capt. H. W. THOMPSON,

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During the season of 1847, one of the above Bon

will leave Corning and Elmira every week in the ist lowing order:
County of every Monday evening, at 6 o'clock P. M. ELEMAN, every Monday evening, at 6 o'clock, P. M.
Towing down Senece Lake every Thursday ser-

ing, touching at Big Stream, Lodi, and Dreades, sal leaving Buffalo for Corning and Elmira, every Weiseday morning.
FOR FREIGHT OR PASSAGE, apply to Capital

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reather. Instructions given in the art. A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock alson and, at the lowest cash prices.
New York, 551 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136Ca nut S.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover St. timore, 205 Baltimore St.; Washington, Penns Avenue ; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Land anti; Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main

Springs, Bryadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue du Teaph Liverpool, 32 Church St.—3y. DRUGS! DRUGS! DRUGS! THOMPSON & CRAWFORD. HOLESALE Druggists, No. 40 Marks are (South side, below Second.) Philadelphi offer for sale a large stock of Fresh Drugs Maris and Dye-Stuffs, to which they call the attention of the control of the con Country Merchanta and Dealers visiting the on. Coach, Cabinet, Japan, Black and other vanish

a superior quality. Also, White and Red Lead, & dow Glass, Paints and Oils—cheaper than ere.

T. & C. are also proprietors of the Indian fit neighboring States, as the best preparation for of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, &c. Money refi every instance where no benefit is received.
Philadelphia, Jan. 8, 1847, CAUTION

WHEREAS my wife ESTHER has left my land board without any just cause or promise this is to forbid all persons harboring or trusting but my account as I am determined to pay no debut a land to the pay no debut a ontracting after this date.

Canton, May 1, 1847.

TIMOTHY FELON

CLOVER SEED. A QUANTITY of superior new Clove of day received, and for sale at MERCIN INSURANCE AGENCY

THE subscriber continues to act as agent to the LAWARE MUTUAL INSURANCE Philadelphia, a stock company of good standard pute & does business on as favorable terms and the LACOMING CO. He is also agent for the LYCOMING OF TUAL INSURANCE CO., a company which ways been punctual in the payment of losses and sents advantages seldom found.

Towarda, May 20.

O. D. BARTIST.

Terms of the Bradford Re

Two dollars and fifty cents per annum; deducted if paid within the year; and for C. ally in advance, ONE DOLLAR will be deducted. Subscribers at liberty to discontinue at any paying arrearages. Most kinds of Country received in payment, at the market price.

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