

Portry

Village Graces

BY WILLIAM BAY.

In every country village, where Ten chimney smokes perfume the air, Comignons to a steeple, Great game fells are found, a score, Who can't associate any more With common "country people."

Jack Fallow, born among the woods, From rolling logs, now rolls in goods, Enough while to dash on— Tells negro stories—smokes cigars— Talks politics—decides on wars— And lives in stylish fashion.

THE OX GOAT, lately from the plough, A polished gentleman is now, And talks of "country fellows," But ask the fox what books he's read, You'll find the brain-pan of his head As empty as a bellows.

MISS FADDER, lately from the wheel, Begins quite lady-like to feel, And talks affectingly genteel, And sings some pretty songs, too; But my veracity impeach, If she can tell what part of speech Gentility belongs to.

Without one spark of wit refined, Without one beauty of the mind, Genius or education, Or family, or fame to boast To see such genteel rule the roost, Turns patience to vexation.

To clear such rubbish from the earth, Though real science—mental worth, And science too attend you, You might as well the sty refine, Or cast your pearls before the swine? They'd only turn to render you.

Almanac

Useful Information for Children.

WHETHER OF LARGER OR SMALLER GROWTH.— NUMBER II.

I promised my young readers, in my last, to give them the Rule for finding the DOMINICAL LETTER. The following is applicable to any year, past, present or future, arranged on the principles of our present Calendar, which will remain without any change for many thousand years to come.

For the purpose of enabling you to understand the operation exactly, I will take the present year (1847) for an example, and illustrate the rule, step by step, as you go on with the process. And then, any child, that can work the four simple rules of Arithmetic, can readily apply it to any other year.

1. Divide the number of centuries (cutting off the odd years) by 4, noting the remainder; Thus, 4)18.47

2. Double the remainder, 2

3. Subtract that amount from six, 4

4. To the remainder add the odd years and a 4th part of them (rejecting fractions), 11

5. Divide that amount by 7; noting 7)60

6. Subtract that remainder from seven 8 4

7. The last remainder (3) is the number of the Domical Letter, in the order of the Alphabet, for that year: viz. C.

Look into the Almanac, and you will find it so.

Now go over this rule again and again, applying it to different years, till you can not only perform the operation with the directions before your eyes, but be able to take every step in order and with perfect correctness wherever you happen to be. It is just as easy, and saves a great deal of time, to learn a thing once, for your whole life, as to learn and forget it a dozen times.

But it is necessary to inform you, that every Leap-Year requires two Domical Letters.—The one found by the rule which I have given you, applies only to the last ten months of the year;—but the next letter to it, in the order of the seven, is the Domical, for the two preceding months. That is, if the letter found by the rule for a Leap-Year is D, it is to be used only from the first of March, to the end of that year. But the next letter to it, which is E, must be the Domical for January and February. So if G is the Domical found for a Leap-Year, you must take A, (which is the next in order,) for those two months.

This may appear a little strange, at first thought, but you can readily understand the reason and propriety of the case.

You know that a Leap-Year, (of which I shall tell you more hereafter), has 28 days in February. (Did you read that word right?—A great many little boys and girls, and some big ones, call that month February; but it is not so. Now call the word right and never forget it.) Well, as I was about to say, the intercalated day—the 29th of February, requires the Domical Letter for the preceding part of the year, to be placed one letter in advance, otherwise the week preceding the first Sabbath in January, would consist of only 6 days, and thus derange every Sabbath of the year.

If you will look at this attentively, you will find no difficulty in understanding all about it; and you see it is just as easy to ascertain the two letters for a leap-year, as one for a common year. Thus next year (1848) will be leap-year, and the Domical Letter found by the rule, is A, which is to be used from the 1st of March to the end of the year. But the next letter (B) must be used for January and February. The Domical Letters for the last Leap-year (1844) were G and F. By the rule F is found and belonged to the last 10 months of the year, and G being the next letter, was applied to January and February.

As children are sometimes, and especially in Arithmetic, affrighted at nothing, and know not what to do with it; I will just tell you, that in using this rule, you will frequently have a cypher or nothing for a remainder. And some of you will perhaps stop and say, (as I have often heard children ask), "How can I multiply or subtract nothing?" Well now, only "follow your rule," and do all that it directs, and do not spend time in asking foolish questions, or such as you can readily answer yourselves. Suppose you have a cypher or nothing for a re-

mainder and your next step is to "double it"—will it not be a nothing still, and then can you not subtract a nothing from 6, and find that 6 remain unimpaired? And so at the end of the rule, your division will often result with nothing for a remainder. You can then certainly say,—nothing from 7, and there remain 7.—Therefore, be not scared at trifles, and least of all at nothing.

And now as to the use of the Domical Letter. You often wish to ascertain, on what day of the week a particular day of the month will occur. This is readily done, by means of the Domical Letter, with a little additional information. You recollect, I told you, that A always stands for the 1st day of January in every year. Consequently each month, will always begin with its own particular letter, and these will be as follows:

Jan. Feb. March, April, May, June, A D G H E J. July, Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. G C F A D I

To add the memory in retaining the order of these letters, the following homely couplet has been proposed,—the initial letter of each word corresponding with the several months in their order.

Jan. Feb. March, April, May, June, At Dover Dwell George Brown, Esquire, July, Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Good Carlos Finch, And David Fryer.

Or, if you would prefer plain prose, take the initials of these words, and they may be read thus, and will be easily remembered.

ADD G. BEG C. FAD F.

Now, suppose you wish to know, on what day of the week, the 4th of July will occur, this year.

You find the Domical Letter by the rule is C; and from the preceding schedule, that the 1st day of July is always G. Therefore, the 2nd will be A;—the 3rd B;—and the 4th C; which, being the Domical for this year, shows that the 4th of July, this year, will be the Sabbath.

But suppose you wish to ascertain, on what day of the week, the Declaration of Independence was adopted in Congress, July 4th 1776.

Here you find by the rule, that the Domical Letter, for that year, was F. (for the last ten months, it being Leap-Year). The 1st of July as before, is G; which being the letter next after the Domical, was Monday—then, the 2nd was Tuesday—the 3rd Wednesday; and the 4th, Thursday.

Again, take this question. On the 26th of Feb. 1775, Gen. Gage committed the first act of aggression against the colonies, by sending a detachment of troops from Boston to Salem, to seize a quantity of arms deposited there. On what day of the week was that done? The Domical Letter for that year you find to be A. February commences with D; which, of course, was the fourth day of the week on Wednesday. Consequently, Wednesday was the 22nd—Thursday the 23rd—Friday the 24th—Saturday the 25th, and Sabbath the 26th. Thus you find, that the first hostile act of the mother-country against the colonies, was aggravated in the sight of high heaven, by the violation of the Fourth Commandment.

Again on the 19th of April following, occurred the Battle of Lexington. April begins with G. And reckoning in the same manner, you find that the 19th was Wednesday.

The reverse process is equally obvious and useful. The first Colonial Congress, occasioned by the Stamp Act, assembled on the first Tuesday in Oct. 1765. What day of the month was it? The Domical Letter for that year is found to be F. The first day of Oct. is always indicated by A, which, of course, was the third day of the week, which is Tuesday. Consequently, the first Tuesday was the 1st day of that month, and not the 7th, as you see is stated in some American histories.

In the same manner, you can ascertain any day of the week or month, for any year, past or future, directions will be necessary in relation to dates previous to the reform of the Calendar in 1752, which, you are not now prepared to understand.

By the rules which have been laid down, you may also determine, when a particular day of the month will occur on the Sabbath. A few months ago, it was asserted, in many of the newspapers, as an evidence of the wonderful sagacity of the founders of our government, that they had fixed on the 4th of March for the commencement of the civil year because the inauguration day, (which occurs every 4th year,) would not happen on the Sabbath for many centuries to come. (If you, the man that originated this fable, did not intend it for a hoax, ought to have known, at least, that the 4th of March, 1821, occurred on the Sabbath; and that President Monroe's second inauguration took place on Monday the 5th. And it is equally certain, that the 4th of March 1849, (the time for the next Presidential inauguration) will occur on the Sabbath; & again in 1877; & as often as any inauguration day shall occur in a year, of which the Domical Letter is G. For D always stands for the first day of March, and therefore G must be the 4th.

Hermitage Feb. 1st, 1847.

BEET-ROOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR POTATOES.—Beet-root cannot be too much recommended as a cheap substitute for the Potato. Hitherto the red has only been used in England as a pickle, or as a garnish for salad; even the few who dress it generally boil it, by which process the rich saccharine juice is in a great measure lost, and the root consequently rendered less nutritious by the quantity of water which it imbibes as well as by parting with the native syrup of which it is thus foreibly deprived; it is therefore, strongly recommended to bake instead of boiling them, when they will be found to afford a delicious and wholesome food. This is not an untried novelty, for both red and white beet-root are extensively used on the Continent; in Italy, especially, they are carried about hot from the oven twice a day, and sold in the streets, giving to thousands, with bread, salt, pepper and butter, a satisfactory meal. There are few bases for which baked or, even roasted or fried beet-root would be found preferable to boiled. If these roots were as universally cultivated in England for human food as they are on the Continent, and baked and sold as cheap, as they might easily be, many a poor person would have a hearty meal, who is now often obliged to go without one.—Torquay Directory.

A young gentleman paid his addresses to a young lady, by whose mother he was unfavorably received. "how hard," said he to the young lady, "to separate those whom love has united?" "Very hard indeed," replied she, with great innocence, at the same time throwing her arms round his neck, "and so mother will find it."

Advertisements



FOR THE CURE OF DEAFNESS, pain, and the discharge of matter from the ears. Also all those deafnesses, like the buzzing of it, etc., falling of water, whizzing of steam, &c., &c., which are symptoms of approaching deafness, and also generally attendant with the disease. Many persons who have been deaf for ten, fifteen, and even twenty years, and were obliged to use ear trumpets, have, after using one or two bottles of Searpa's Acoustic Oil, being made perfectly well. Physicians and Surgeons highly recommend its use.

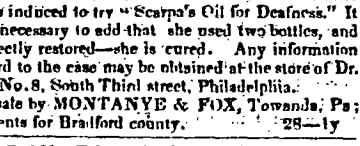
The very great number of happy results that have followed the use of SEARPA'S ACOUSTIC OIL, have been truly astonishing. And what is wonderful, some who were deaf, from birth, have been so much improved as to bear common conversation very readily.

It would be the height of presumption to warrant a cure in all cases, but in nine cases out of ten, recent deafness, there is a certainty that the results will be most happy and satisfactory to the patient. The application of the oil produces no pain, but on the contrary so agreeable and pleasant sensation. The recipe for this medicine has been obtained from an Auriol of great reputation, who has found that deafness, in nineteen cases out of twenty, was produced from a want of action in the nerves of hearing, or a dysfunction in the ears; his object therefore was to restore the natural action, and to give a healthy condition to those parts. After a long series of experiments his efforts were at last crowned with success, in the discovery of this preparation, which has received the name of SEARPA'S COMPOUND ACOUSTIC OIL. A long list of certificates might be given, but such the confidence in the medicine, and so high has been its reputation, that but one of them will be at present published.

Most Extraordinary Case.—A J. W. in Smithfield, Brad. Co., Pa., and most about eighty years of age, had been gradually getting deaf for more than 40 years, so that it was next to impossible to make her hear. She was a very kind and virtuous woman, and she was induced to try "Searpa's Oil for Deafness." It is only necessary to add that she used two bottles, and is perfectly restored—she is cured. Any information in regard to the case may be obtained at the store of Dr. J. W. Smith, No. 8, South Third street, Philadelphia.

For sale by MONTAGUE & FOX, Towanda, Pa.; only agents for Bradford County.

WARRANTED ALWAYS TO CURE!



HEMORRHOIDS, OR PILES, is a disease produced by local irritation, excessive purgative stimuli, undue determination of blood to the hemorrhoidal vessels, by excessive riding or walking, of a congestive state of the liver, and peculiarity of the constitution itself. It is a very distressing and painful disease, and is attended with the following symptoms: Itching, burning, and smarting; a feeling of fullness, heaviness, and soreness; a protrusion of the piles; a discharge of blood, mucus, and pus; and a general debility of the system.

This disease is so common, and so very well known, that a description of its symptoms is not deemed necessary. The success that has followed the use of the Embrocation in the cure of this disease, has been truly astonishing. Physicians advise their patients to try it, as the only Pile Medicine.

In addition to a positive remedy for the Piles, it never fails to cure that intolerable itching, which is so very common, and has its location in the same parts as the Piles.

Read the following, from the editorial columns of Alexander's Weekly Messenger: FOUND AT LAST—A SURE CURE FOR THE PILES!—Physicians and Chemists have long been anxious to discover a medicine that would cure one of the most troublesome diseases, the Piles. Success has at last been achieved. Dr. J. W. SMITH'S PILE EMBROCATION not only stops all bleeding, itching, pain, and inflammation, subdues that intolerable smarting, but effectually cures, like a charm, and in a very short time, persons whose lives have been rendered miserable for years. Only a few of the great number of certificates will be published. Read the following: New York, 21st Broadway, September 8, 1845.

Dr. N. JACKSON—Dear Sir: Will you send me six bottles of your Pile Embrocation? I wish them to keep myself, and part for a legal gentleman, a friend of mine, who has found great relief in using your bottle two or three times. You remember, when in Philadelphia, I used your Pile Embrocation, and found it a most valuable medicine. I have not used it since, and am now perfectly well. As you may suppose, I proclaim the virtues of your medicine wherever I go. I tell every friend about it; and it is singular to perceive how many are suffering in this way, and how glad they are to get relief. I sell here as you choose to make. When you want a certificate from me, you shall have it, and you are at liberty to show this letter to your wish.

Respectfully, LEWIS P. ASHFORD. For sale by MONTAGUE & FOX, Towanda, Pa.; only agents for Bradford County.

DR. WOOD'S SARRAPARILLA AND WILD CHERRY BITTERS. FOR THE permanent removal of all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, Morbid Acidity of the Liver and Stomach, Weakness of the Nervous System, and a Disordered habit of Constipation generally.

Dr. Wood's Sarraparilla and Wild Cherry Bitters have already, by their substantial excellence, won a degree of public favor and patronage which puts them beyond the reach of competition. Being faithfully prepared from the most excellent materials, they can be fully relied on as all in need of a tonic, aperient or alterative remedy.

This preparation will be found on trial to be a sure and speedy remedy for the diseases enumerated above. They purify the blood, secure regular digestion, promote a healthy action of the Liver and Stomach, and strengthen the nerves, at once securing health and vigor to the whole system. In all cases of debility, arising from indigestion or nervous irritation, they have been used with remarkable success; nor are they less useful as a remedy for Headache, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, and a general prostration of the system. At the same time it must be stated that they are neither violent nor at all dangerous, in their operation, securing as they do the desired end, by a steady, regular, and easy influence. Taken daily, in the mode prescribed, they will be found to operate in that gentle and salutary manner, which is, in fact, their great recommendation. That prejudice against selling against advertised medicines, would not be merited if bestowed on this. The wonderful cures it has performed and the acknowledged celebrity of its principal constituents, should at once commend it to the public favor.

RECOMMENDATIONS. Mr. Philip Wilcox, New Bedford, was entirely cured of a confirmed cancer of the stomach, throat and mouth, and his general health much improved by the use of only one bottle. Col. John Baylies, Bristol, Mass., has voluntarily certified that he was cured by the Bitters, of Rheumatism, Indigestion, Headache and Vertigo. J. P. Perkins, Esq., New Bedford, was cured of an eruption of the face.

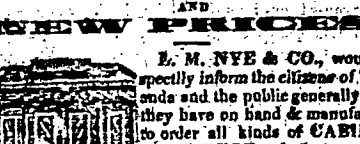
Dr. W. H. Miller of N. Y., testifies that many of his patients have been cured by the use of the Bitters, and in every case they have given the most perfect satisfaction. Sold Wholesale and Retail by WYATT & KETCHUM, 121 Fulton St. N. Y. HURSTON, Towanda, and by druggists generally throughout the U. S. Price \$1. Grand bottles, 6m23

UNIONETS.—A great saving to the "Heads of the Nation." The Ladies will find it a most valuable remedy for all such diseases as take their rise in an Impure Blood, Impaired Digestion, Morbid Acidity of the Liver and Stomach, Weakness of the Nervous System, and a Disordered habit of Constipation generally.

2900 LBS. Sole Leather, Upper Leather and Calf Skins, lower than was ever offered in Towanda, by B. KINGSBERRY.

THOSE LAWS, ORGANDIES, LAWS GINGERS, hams, Rept. DeLains, Lamma cloths for summer dresses, so long looked for by the Ladies, have arrived and may now be seen at REED'S

NEW ESTABLISHMENT



L. M. NYE & CO. would respectfully inform the citizens of Towanda and the public generally, that they have on hand and manufacture to order all kinds of FURNITURE, of the best quality, and workmanship that cannot be surpassed, in addition to the usual assortment in country stores, we will keep on hand and make to order: Sofas, of various and most approved patterns: Sofa Chairs, upholstered in superior style, and for ease and durability cannot be surpassed in our large cities. Also, the half French Mahogany Chair, beautifully upholstered, with curled hair, which never loses its elasticity, and finished with the best hair seatings.—We flatter ourselves that having had much experience in the business, we shall be able to satisfy all who may feel disposed to call, both as to quality and price. All kinds of orders will be promptly attended to, and the patronage of a liberal community.

L. M. NYE & CO. Towanda, September 1, 1845.

CABINET FURNITURE MAY BE HAD at our shop much lower than it has ever been sold in Towanda. Goods are cheap, and wares are lowered, and that is the reason we can afford all for to do it. All kinds of orders will be received in payment. Also, LUMBER of all kinds. L. M. NYE & CO. Sept. 1.

COPIES WILL be kept on hand a large assortment, and made to order on shorter notice and for less money than can be produced as any other establishment in the land. Those who are under the necessity of procuring this article will find it to be a most valuable and necessary article, and will be glad to attendance when desired. September 1, 1845. L. M. NYE & CO.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES!

Dr. A. Upham's Vegetable Electuary, AN INTERNAL REMEDY, INVENTED BY DR. A. UPHAM, a distinguished Physician of New York city, is the only real successful remedy for that dangerous and distressing complaint—the PILES—ever offered to an American public.

Mark, that it is an INTERNAL REMEDY—and not an external application, and will cure every case of Piles, either bleeding or blood, internal or external, and probably the only thing that will. There is no mistake about it. It is a positive cure—speedy and permanent. It is also a convenient medicine to take, and improves the general health in a remarkable manner. It is a safe and reliable medicine, and is very mild in its operation, and may be taken in cases of the most acute inflammation without danger. All external applications are in the highest degree disagreeable, incontinent & offensive; and of the very nature of the disease, inconvenient in their effects. This medicine attacks the disease at its source, and removing the cause, cures the disease, and prevents its return.

To MANAGE LEMAS.—Wounded ladies are almost invariably subject to that painful and injurious disease, the Piles, with consequent inflammation of the stomach, bowels and spine, weakness of the back, flow of blood to the head, &c. The Electuary is perfectly safe for pregnant ladies. No fear of miscarriage, and it can possibly be used, as it only removes the Piles, and all inflammatory diseases without pain or irritation, but will cure an easy cure, a safe delivery, and a sound constitution in the offspring.

The Electuary contains no mineral medicine, no alcohol, colic, or change of color, or other powerful and irritating substances, and will be found to be a most valuable and necessary article, and will be glad to attendance when desired. Sold wholesale and retail by WYATT & KETCHUM, "General Agents for the Southern States," 121 Fulton street, N. Y. HURSTON & LADD, Towanda, and by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price \$1. a box.

"Sugar Coated Pills."—Beware! Caution. THE increasing popularity of Dr. G. BENJ. SMITH'S IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE SUGAR COATED PILLS, has induced a number of persons to make something they call PILLS and coat them with sugar, in order to sell them for the goodness, while they do not possess a particle of the goodness, nor even assimilate in appearance to the original Dr. Smith's Pills. In short they are an intended FRAUD upon the community. A minister who at first had an interest in an imitation Sugar Coated Pills, manufactured in Albany, N. Y., has given them up, as he says, on account of the miserable dishonest parties concerned in manufacturing them. The same party are now industriously circulating reports calculated to injure Dr. Smith's Pills, and to get the reputation of his valuable pills; but rather than notice them in public, Dr. Smith is about to institute legal proceedings against them for their slanders, as he has in another case against a similar party, in which he recovered a large amount of damages. These miserable imitators have to resort to the most shameful means to palm off their counterfeit pills, as the public know that Dr. Smith's are the original and genuine. Several instances have come to public notice in which life has been endangered by the unfortunate use of the counterfeiters. It is Dr. Smith's Pills that are doing so much good in the country—the following plainly show it.

REMEMBER MINISTERS. Use and Recommend Dr. Smith's Pills to all others. This is to certify that I have used the Sugar Coated Pills manufactured by Dr. Benjamin Smith, of New York, for some time, and believe them to be a good medicine; and also, from inquiry in that city, I am persuaded that he is the original inventor, and therefore entitled to the benefit of the invention.

S. WILLIAMS, Pastor 1st Baptist Church, Pittsburgh.

From the Blue Hen's Chicken, (Del.) We call the attention of our readers to the certificate of Rev. S. Williams, Pastor of 1st Baptist Church, Pittsburgh, in relation to Dr. Smith's Pills. We can ourselves bear testimony to the excellence of these Pills, one of us having used them and experienced great relief from them.

The above is the best paper in the State of Delaware.

"THE IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS" (Sugar Coated) are certainly doing much good in the whole country, and are highly esteemed, if one half true that people write and say about them. They are so easy in their operation that all like them. The editor of the "Delaware State Gazette," (one of the largest and best papers in the State of N. Y.) writes as follows: Waterloo, N. Y., 31st, 1846.

Dr. G. Benj. Smith. Dear Sir: I was laid up with a bad cold some time since my return from N. Y., and during my illness I used your Pills, and found them to be a most excellent. They are the best medicine for the purpose they are intended, that I have ever seen. I seldom take pills, but I found yours entirely free from the objections to which other pills are liable. I hope they will continue to be a source of profit to you, as I doubt not they will be means of relief to the afflicted on a large scale. Yours truly, J. GREEN.

Towanda, Pa. Sept. 18 1846.

Dear Sir: Your agent left me a lot of your Sugar Coated Pills, and I have but a few boxes left. Every box I have sold has given entire satisfaction. I have taken them myself and I consider them the best pills I have ever used, and I am not afraid to recommend them to the public. I wish a further supply at once. Yours respectfully, JACOB KIBLER, P. M. Huntingdon Ind., June 21, 1846.

Dear Sir: I am most of your IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE SUGAR COATED PILLS, and find them selling so fast that I think you had better send me two gross immediately. They give an excellent satisfaction, and I find them to be a most valuable medicine, and as it is generally known I am glad to find them, I would be very sorry to get out. Yours respectfully, SAML. MOORE & CO.

BWARE!!! I G. BENJ. SMITH, need not written with a pen on the bottom of the box, all "Sugar Coated" Pills are Counterfeit. N. Y. Office 125 Greenwich Street, large brick block N. Y. Price 25 cents a box.

SWEEDS Iron, Horse Shoe, Round Band, Nail rod, Horse Shoe Nails, Steel of all kinds will be sold very low by B. KINGSBERRY.

CHAIRS AND BEDSTEADS.



THE subscribers, all combine to manufacture and keep on hand at their old stand, all kinds of cane and wood seat CHAIRS; also SETTEES of various kinds, and BEDSTEADS of every description, which we will sell low for cash or Produce, or White Pine Lumber, White wood, Basswood, or Cucumber of air plank, or 4 by 4 Scantling 10 feet long—either Buttonwood, Basswood or Maple, will also be received for our work. Turning done to order in the neatest manner. TOMKINS & MACKINSON. Towanda, Feb. 22, 1847.

CHAIRS! CHAIRS! This way for Bargains! THE subscriber would respectfully say to his old customers and the public generally, that he has recommended the manufacture of Chairs, etc., at his old shop on the north side of Bridge street, in the building known as the "Yellow House." He keeps constantly on hand, or will make to order, (in a neat and durable style) all articles in his line as cheap as the cheapest. His friends can be supplied with Fancy, Winner and Common Chairs, of different patterns—Settees, Rocking Chairs, Children's Chairs, &c. &c. Also—Bedsteads and Tables.

Call and see me at my shop on Bridge street, and I will satisfy you that you can buy reasonably. N. B.—White wood, Cucumber and Basswood plank, wanted in exchange for chairs on reasonable terms. JESSE TAYLOR. Towanda, Jan. 20, 1847.

MARBLE FACTORY, In Towanda. H. M. BAKER respectfully informs the public that he has commenced the GRAVE-STONE business, in all its branches, at Towanda, where he will be ready at all times to attend to all calls in his line. Monuments, Tomb-tables, Grave-stones, of every description, &c. &c. made to order, and furnished as cheap as WORK and MARBLE of the same quality can be obtained at any shop in the country.

He invites the public to call and examine his work and materials, hoping to merit their patronage by strict attention to business, and by superior workmanship and good marble. LETTER-CUTTING done with neatness and dispatch, in the latest style. Shop on Main street, next door to T. Elliott's store, and three doors above Briggs' Hotel. Towanda, March 17, 1847. 40y

BOOT & SHOE MAKING. WILCOX & SAGE have associated themselves in the Boot and Shoe Making business, in the borough of Towanda, and may be found at the old stand of S. Hathaway, lately occupied by Elkans Smith, next 1/2 H. Stephens' Exchange Hotel, where they solicit a share of public patronage. They intend, by a careful selection of stock, and by attention to the interests of their customers, to make up a line of work as can be manufactured in this portion of the country. They keep constantly on hand, and will manufacture to order, morocco, calf and coarse boots and shoes; Ladies' Gaiters, shoes and slippers; children's do; gent's gaiters and pumps, &c. JOHN W. WILCOX, PHILANDER SAGE. Towanda, May 14, 1844.

A Natural Remedy. WE CAN confidently affirm that among medicines designed for general use, none stand higher in popular estimation than Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

Hardly a day passes but we receive testimonials in their favor, and the most enthusiastic are those who have longest used them. What better proof of excellence could we ask? In them, we behold a signal triumph of principle over prejudice and truth over defamation.

The principles upon which this celebrated medicine is founded, are beautifully simple. Every one is aware that, in a state of sickness, the stomach and bowels are irregular and disordered. Of course, so long as they continue in that state, the food is badly digested, and the blood, in consequence of being badly prepared, is less fit for the proper support of health and life.—Should the stomach and bowels continue disordered, the mischief extends; the corrupt humors collect upon that organ that it weakens and less able to break them off, and thus disease becomes seated. The same effect is produced in other ways. Cold, acting upon the exhaling vessels of the skin, drives the perspiration matter inward; overheat inducing debility and bad digestion, bad air, injuriously affecting the blood and lungs; an indolent diet; close confinement; want of cleanliness; bad habits; and many other causes produce the same result.

From this brief explanation, it will be seen that disease, whether it arises from the blood itself, acted upon by outward causes, or through the derangement of particular functions, amounts in the end to the same thing. Therefore a good vegetable medicine, such as Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, adapted to cleanse the system from the mass of impurities which oppresses it, is the best thing that can be taken. But let us look into the subject a little further.

The public will have learned enough of the mysteries of physiology and pathology to know that all the animal economy is founded upon three laws of the medical economy.—First, that the blood circulates through, and provides support for the whole body; second, that it (the blood) is endowed with vitality and aids in pulling down and rebuilding the human edifice; and third, that all causeless and injurious particles are ejected by one of four outlets, either the skin, lungs, kidneys or bowels.

Upon the first of these laws (the circulation) is founded the hope of reaching remote parts of the system, for the purpose of removing local disorder. Upon the second, (the vitality of the blood) depends the efficiency of medicine, for it is well known that the more healthy the body is, the better do medicines operate.—And upon the third, is founded the expectation of ridding the system of those poisonous particles which are the cause of disease.

Now a medicine to be adapted to the human constitution must regard these laws. It must cultivate the circulation, it must aid the vital principle, and like it carry off the corrupt particles through the appointed ways. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills were prepared with reference to these laws, and hence are every way calculated to remove disease.

Special Court. A special court will be held at Towanda, on Monday June 21st 1847, by Hon. Wm. Jessup, for the trial of the following cases: 1. Alexander Baring et al. vs. Selah Payne et al. 2. Alexander Baring et al. vs. Philander M. Hooley. 3. Same vs. Manzer Chamberlain et al. 4. Chester Butler et al. vs. John Bennett et al. 5. John A. vs. A. Bowman et al. 6. Alex. Baring et al. vs. G. & O. J. Burlingame. 7. Same vs. A. N. Thomas Adm'rs. et al. 8. Same vs. G. Harkness et al. 9. Same vs. Seth Salisbury et al. 10. Same vs. Henry Roberts et al. April 12, 1847. A. M'KEAN, Prothonotary.

HARDWARE. A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE As such as nails, axes, shovels, manure forks, knives and tools, and iron, brass, and steel, razors, cut-throat razors, brushes, shaving and tooth do., wood and horse cards, coffee mills, hatchets, augers, wood saws, door trimmings, steel squares, fish brushes, ark ropes, and bed cords, by B. KINGSBERRY & FOX.

PAINTS, OILS & DYE STUFFS. A LARGE quantity White Lead, No. 1, pure, good in an oil and dry, white, Venetian red, chrome green, Paris red, Prussian blue, rose pink, etc. linseed oil, lamp oil, ochre and copal varnish, logwood, red wood, camwood, madder, cochineal, madder, &c. We cannot be undersold in anything in this line, at all. at all. at all. November 11. MONTAGUE & FOX.

NEW DRY GOODS.

Corner of Main and Bridge Streets. JUST OPENING, at the corner of Main & Bridge streets, a well-selected assortment of new and fashionable DRY GOODS, which will be sold unusually low for ready pay. The stock consists in part of Satinets, flannels, gingham, alpaca, the cheapest lot of flannel in town, edgings, insertings, Swiss and cambric muslins, lincey, canton flannel, drillings, bleached and brown muslin, (not to be surpassed) ticking, check, cashmere, cotton, wool and buck cloths, cotton hose, suspenders, German handkerchiefs, cotton and pongee hdk's, gingham cravats, plaid