

Agricultural.

Culture of Ruta.

Those who plant carrots, parsnips, or mangewortzel for sale, should do it in May, or by the first of June.

Ruta bags may be sown as late as the twentieth of June, and they are more tender than when sowed early.

Some prefer one kind and some another; but much must depend on the soil and the preparation. Ruta bags will grow any where, if the surface is made rich; and they may be sown where other seeds, that should be sowed earlier, have failed.

Carrots and parsnips require more care. To obtain large crops, the soil should be deep and thoroughly dug up or ploughed up. For field culture, the plough must be used; but it is not good to plough deep very early in the season.

In much of our soil, if we plough when the ground is too wet, it becomes lumpy, that remain hard nearly the whole summer. The plough should not be used until we are ready to sow the seed, or until the latter part of May; then the manure may be spread on and immediately ploughed in.

As carrot and parsnip seeds are very light, and not easily sown, they may be mixed with sand or ashes, and be made moist with water some days before sowing. If the quantity of sand or ashes be considerable, there will not be much hazard in wetting the seed; but, in such cases, it should be covered as soon as it is sown.

One advantage derived from wetting the seed, is, it will start up sooner, and be more above the weeds at the first hoeing. Great care should be taken that the rows be perfectly straight, and then we are not liable to cut up the small plants that cannot so easily be seen.

As the ruta bags, or yellow turnip, may be sown much later than these, the ground may be differently prepared. The manure may be spread and ploughed in, or harrowed in, two or three weeks before the time for sowing the seeds: then let the ground be harrowed every four or five days until sowing time.

Many of the weeds will now vegetate and be destroyed by the harrow, and much hard labor in weeding will be saved.

The sugar-beet wants a deep, rich soil, and for stock may be sown any time in the month of May.

It is hoped that many experiments will be tried on the raising of these roots this season, and on their comparative value.

If we can make our own sugar from the beet by a simple process as the rock-maple sugar is made, we can easily supply ourselves; but, if other articles of subsistence continue as high as they have done, we must calculate what we can raise to most advantage.

We want more experiments on making sugar from the sliced and dried beet before we can enter largely into the manufacture.

The Rhubarb Plant.

This plant, the several species of which are natives of China, Tartaria, Siberia, &c., is now becoming a most important vegetable for the supply of our markets. It has long been held in high appreciation in England, and France, and is now daily sold in the markets of London.

Until within a few years past, the culture of it was confined to two or three comparatively diminutive and inferior varieties, but lately, several exceedingly large growing varieties have been obtained, with foliage and leaf stalks of great size.

Green Crops.

To the editor of the Cultivator:

Sir.—I have a field that lies distant from my barn, and it has never had a share of my manure, though it has often contributed to supply my granary.

As you have practised ploughing in green crops to enrich your land, I should like to know, through the medium of your useful paper, your opinion as to the best and cheapest mode of enriching it without manure.

Respectfully yours, S. D. If our correspondent wishes to devote his field for one whole season to green crops in order to raise his land, and the same is not too tough swarded—not half sowed, as we see many of our fields that have been run too hard with grain without manure—the quickest way to bring up such land without manure, and without much cost, is to plough it about the twelfth of May, turning in nicely all the grass and stubble: sow on one bushel of buckwheat on an acre, and cover it with a harrow.

In six weeks the wheat will be in full bloom: roll it down flat, plough it in, and sow on another bushel of buckwheat as before. In the latter part of August roll this down as before, cover it completely with the plough, harrow it, then sow your grass seeds while the furrow is fresh, and cover that with a brush-harrow.

Now no clover till now comes: then, if you intend the land for pasture, sow southern clover and Dutch honey-suckle; if for mowing, sow northern clover. This will not come to head much until after haying is over; but it will furnish fall feed, and will assist much in keeping out from your new-sown land weeds and noxious plants, that will intrude where but herds-grass and red-top grass are sown.

Clover serves to enrich, as it has a broad top, also a tap-root, that dies in two years, and rots in the ground and turns to manure. The expense of preparing an acre of plain light land thus may be,—

Three ploughings, \$6 00
Two bushels buckwheat, 2 00
Sowing and harrowing twice, 1 00
Rolling down, 50
\$9 50

Nine dollars and a half will, in many cases, cover the whole expense of preparing the land for the grass-seed.

Now you have turned in three green crops, and your land, if it was suitable for buckwheat, will be richer than if coated with five cords, or twenty loads, of manure. The cost of twenty loads of manure, in your town, would not be less than \$20, and the hauling and spreading would be \$5 more—\$25. Then you must plough once, \$2—\$27. The \$9 50 we must add the charge of the loss of the use of the land one summer; but, as four or five acres of such reduced land would be required to pasture one cow, we cannot call this loss more than \$2. Then our account stands \$11 50 for green-crop manuring, and \$27 for barn-yard manuring.

If the green crops should prove one half as beneficial to your land as the purchased manure, you will thus be a gainer by preferring these crops; but we think we are warranted, from our own experience on many acres, in repeating that the three green crops, well ploughed in, will prove fully equal to twenty loads of manure on an acre.

If your land be distant from the barn, or from the purchased manure, the difference of the expense will be still greater. But you cannot often purchase manure at any price, and you must resort to some kinds of green crops, or suffer your distant lands to lie sterile.

Other green crops are often recommended, as clover, or oats; but on your soil clover will not grow without first manuring, and oats will not give you so much as buckwheat; then oats are a great exhauster, as their tops are small in proportion to their roots.

If yours be pasture land, and you cannot well spare it a whole summer, and do not wish to fence it off, you can plough up any part of it about the first of September, and seed down immediately. In this way you will gradually raise your land every time you plough in the growing grass.

On Soaking Seed-Corn. Many make a practice of soaking or steeping their seed-corn before planting.

Some do this to make it vegetate sooner, some to infuse a tincture of nourishment to the plant, some to keep it from the crows, and some to drive away the worms. Some planters wrap the kernel in tar and gunpowder, of which latter article it is said the crow will know the use, and of which the mere smell is sufficient, and satisfies without tasting.

Saltpetre is used for the double purpose of terrifying the crow—as he knows we make gunpowder of it—and of stimulating or nourishing the plant; and, finally, a steep in coppers has been recommended, long since, as a cure-all, to drive away birds, and worms, and to hasten vegetation.

We have known some sensible farmers, who, after they had tried those several arts, dropped their seed-corn dry in the earth, and trusting very much to providence to bring up a live stalk from a dying kernel, have realized most excellent crops of corn.

As to steeping the seed, we think the practice quite pernicious. Seeds that have been steeped often fail to vegetate. If they once become dry after swelling, they are not likely to start again. Seed coated in tar often fails; and as to the virtue communicated to the kernel from the saltpetre, it must, in any event, be very trifling, not half sufficient to balance the risk of losing the seed by steeping.

D. C. HALL BOUND TO SHINE!

IN SPITE of what that noble firm is trying, and all the little Pratt's in town, though they boast to run him down.

The subscriber would announce to the public generally that he is now receiving a very large and well selected assortment of STOVES, such as Cross' patent cylinder oven cooking; Cross' combination of Franklin and cooking; No. 3 and 4, Fulton 4 boiler cooking; No. 2, 3, and 4, premium 4 boiler cooking; with an assortment of six plates, school-house and church stoves; cylinder coal and parlor wood do., all of which will be sold as low as at any other establishment this side of the Rocky Mountains, for wheat, oats, rye, corn, pork, butter, cheese, a cash not refused; TIM WARE constantly kept on hand, at wholesale and retail, with stowpige, crows, stove tubes of clay and tin, patent pasta, stone jugs, British lustre, sheet zinc, cut to suit customers, with Job work of every description in the Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron business, done on short notice and in a workmanlike manner.

And in addition to the above articles, he intends to keep constantly on hand a good article of fine salted Powder, with FLOUR & PORK, by the barrel, and pound, codfish, mackerel, soap, candles, lard and butter. LIQUORS, such as rum, gin, brandy, and whiskey, of different qualities. Tea, coffee, pepper, spice, saleratus, ginger, starch, cloves, cinnamon, segars, tobacco, cavendish and fine cut, candies, nuts, figs, raisins, herring, green and dried fruit, cider, beer, and all other articles usually kept by grocers, all of which will be sold at reduced prices for ready pay. Store and manufacturing Establishment not kept exactly in Montanville's corner block, but in the next building below, on the south side of the public square, where persons wishing to purchase the above articles will do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Nov. 12, 1845. D. C. HALL. CHAIRS AND BEDSTEADS. THE subscribers still continue to manufacture and keep on hand at their old stand, all kinds of Cane and Wood seat Chairs; also Seetles of various kinds & BEDSTEADS, of every description, which we will sell low for cash or produce.

TURNING done to order. TOMKINS & MAKINSON. Towards, April 23, 1845.

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKING. ELKANAH SMITH & SON. RESPECTFULLY inform that they still continue the manufacture of Saddles, Bridles, Harness, &c., in Col. M.'s building, next door to J. C. Adams' Law Office, where they will keep constantly on hand, and manufacture to order, Elastic Web, Common and Quilted Saddles, Harness, Carpet Bags, Trunks, Bridles, Valises, &c. &c. Carriage Trimming and Military Work done to order.

Matresses, Pew and Chair Cushions made on short notice and reasonable terms. The subscribers hope by doing their work well, and by a strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ELKANAH SMITH & SON. Towards, May 21, 1845.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT AND NEW PRICES. L. M. NYE & CO., would respectfully inform the citizens of Towanda and the public generally, that they have on hand & manufacture to order all kinds of CABINET FURNITURE, of the best materials, and workmanship that can be had in this country, in addition to the usual assortment in country shops, we will keep on hand and make to order SOFAS, of various and most approved patterns; Sofa Rocking Chairs, upholstered in superior style, and for ease and durability cannot be surpassed even in our large cities. Also, the half French Mahogany Chair, beautifully upholstered, with curled hair, which never loses its elasticity, and finished with the best oil coating. We flatter ourselves that having had much experience in the business, we shall be able to satisfy all who may feel disposed to call, both as to quality and price, and by strict attention to business hope to merit and receive the patronage of a liberal community. L. M. NYE & CO. Towards, September 1, 1845.

CABINET FURNITURE. MAY BE HAD at our shop much lower than it has ever been sold in Towanda. Goods are cheap, and wheat is lowered, and that is the reason we can afford all for to do it. All kinds of produce will be received in payment. Also, LUMBER of all kinds. Sept. 1. L. M. NYE & CO.

COPPER. WILL be kept on hand a large assortment, and made to order on shorter notice and for less money than can be produced at any other establishment in the land. Those who are under the necessity of procuring that article will be satisfied. A good horse and pail may be had in attendance when desired. September 1, 1845. L. M. NYE & CO.

J. E. Canfield, Attorney-at-Law, ATTORNEYS, &c. WILL attend to all kinds of business entrusted to his care, with promptness and despatch. Office in the Tin and Store Store building—up stairs. [ol] TO THE LADIES. HEADACHE AND NERVOUS COMPLAINTS are a source of much suffering; and the nerves are singularly prone to have their functions disordered by an oppressed condition of the stomach. To relieve a state of so much distress, (in which mind and body participate) Dr. Smith's Sugar Coated Indian Vegetable Pills are recommended, as, by combining aromatic, and aperient properties, they remove all oppressive accumulations, strengthen the stomach, induce a healthy appetite, and impart tranquility to the nervous system. They also cure dyspepsia, coughs and colds, and bilious complaints. Office 179 Greenwich, and Union 127 Bowery; see list of agents for Bradford county, in another column.

JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC. We know Dr. Quigley personally, and there is no man in the country whose opinion is entitled to more respect. He is on all subjects honest and sincere, and his high character as a Physician can be attested by the first medical men in the city—Philadelphia Sun. SHERRARD'S TOWN, Va., Oct. 10, 1843. Dear Sir:—You inquire of me whether I have used your Hair Tonic, and with what effect.

Several years ago my hair began to fall rapidly from the scalp, and I had the prospect of premature baldness. At length a friend recommended your Hair Tonic. I used three or four bottles, according to the printed directions, and at the end of six months, my hair was thick set, and since, its tendency to turn grey was arrested. I have never before given a certificate, recommending patent medicines, which indiscriminately used, as they often are, do much injury; but in a case like the present, where I know the article to be beneficial, and that it can do no harm, I have no scruples in stating facts within my own knowledge. Yours, &c. JOHN QUIGLEY, M. D. Dr. D. JAYNE, Philadelphia. Sold by J. D. & E. D. MONTAGNE, Towanda; G. A. PARKINS, Athens; only authorized Agents for Bradford County.

60 BUSHELS CLOVER SEED, large and small kind, just received and for sale cheaper than at any other store in Town. ALSO a few bushels of very fine TIMOTHY SEED at BAIRD'S.

LARGE NEW STORE

At Monroe Corners, with full Winter's Supplies, AT LOWEST PRICES. ROGERS FOWLER has just filled, by the last trip of the boat for the season, his large and commodious new-store-house with a complete and well-assorted lot of Winter Goods, selected carefully by himself in the New York and Philadelphia markets, and wants to respectfully invite the tastes and wants of his neighborhood.

He respectfully invites an examination of his extensive stock—which he offers at an invariable cash price—comprising, generally, Cloths, Caps, Hats, Hosiery, Hardware, Nails and Cutlery, Crockery, Stoneware, Tinware, Etc. Stationery, Books, Stationery, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Drugs and Dye Stuffs, De Laines, Alpaccas, Flannels, &c., &c.

In short, every variety of goods required in this market, of the latest styles and of the best qualities according to price, which shall be sold as low as can be afforded at another establishment intended for permanent business. Full as his store is, he has room enough to trade in, and abundance of light to test the quality of his goods. LUMBERMEN, in exchange for boards or Shingles, shall have all articles at cash prices, for he has no others; and they will find, at the same rates, in addition to his general assortment, a constant supply of GRAIN, FLOUR, FISH, PORK, SALT, and all the necessaries as well as the conveniences of life.

FARMERS' produce bought at all times, at good prices, and as fair an exchange made for goods as any dealer in the county. Persons going to the mine for COAL, can save hauling by leaving their loading here. (Several miles this side,) at the coal-bed prices, and taking an order on the mine, which, under his arrangement, will be otherwise to their mutual advantage, by securing to purchasers coal at the most favorable rates of barter there, and saving to the miners the cost of bringing surplus produce back to market.

R. F. has heard of piggish souls, near Frankland's corner, the old "yellow corner," whitened over like the sepulchre, and in some other dark corners, which could find no good answer to the question—"who is my neighbor?" but he has passed their reach, not cornered yet, and he assures the community which has imposed so many obligations in him by past confidence that he cannot risk its continuance, by stopping to kick off whitens, or making announcements which is unprepared to fulfill. Monroe, Dec. 3, 1845.

BOOT & SHOE MAKING. WILCOX & SAGE have associated themselves in the Boot and Shoe Making business, in the borough of Towanda, and may be found at the old stand of I. H. Stewart, lately occupied by Elkanah Smith, near the Exchange Hotel, where they solicit a share of public patronage. They intend, by a careful selection of stock, and by attention to the interests of their customers, to make as neat and durable work as can be manufactured in this portion of the county. They keep constantly on hand, and will manufacture to order, morocco, calf and coarse boots and shoes; Ladies' Gaiters, shoes and slippers; children's do.; gentlemen's gaiters and pumps, &c., &c. JOHN W. WILCOX, PHILANDER SAGE. Towards, May 14, 1845.

Only 12 Cents a Number! The Penny Magazine, A new and elegant edition of the review of the PENNY MAGAZINE. The success which the cheap edition of the PENNY Magazine has met with, induces the Publisher to comply with the earnest request of numerous gentlemen in various parts of the Union, to publish a new edition, on finer paper, and in a more elegant style. The Publisher, therefore, hereby announces, that on the first Saturday of July, 1846, he will issue the first number of the fine edition of the PENNY MAGAZINE, and regularly thereafter, on the first and fifteenth of every month, continue to publish the succeeding numbers, until the entire work is completed.

The entire work will be published in 72 numbers or parts, at the low price of 12 Cents per Number, being at least one third less than the original price, and when completed, will constitute eight very beautiful and large imperial octavo volumes, of permanent value and usefulness.

The London Penny Magazine, issued under the direction of the "Society for the diffusion of useful knowledge," is unquestionably, one of the most entertaining and useful of all the popular works which has appeared in any age, or in any language. Its pages embrace every subject in the wide field of human knowledge; and as every article, whether on Science, History, Biography, Literature, or the Arts, is treated the careful scrutiny and critical ordeal of an able committee of learned men, the work may be placed in the hands of the youth of the country without danger or distrust. The popularity of the work in England may be judged of from the fact, that during the first year of its publication more than 80,000 copies of the monthly parts were disposed of. The whole work consists of about 4,000 pages imperial octavo pages, and is illustrated by 2,000 engravings. The original cost of Stereotyping and Engraving, to the London Publishers, was \$25,000.

The work is sold by all dealers in Books and cheap Literature, throughout the United States. Persons wishing to obtain it regularly on its issue, will do well to hand in their names to some Bookseller in their neighborhood, at as early a day as possible. The usual discount to the trade.

Every Postmaster in the United States of Canada is authorized to procure subscribers for this beautiful and useful work. By remitting to the Publisher ONE DOLLAR, they will receive TEN copies of any number. The postage on each number will be about four cents, so that persons in the country clubbing together and sending on for a dozen or more copies for a time, will get them by the return mail at very little above regular retail price, postage included. Money may be remitted by mail, at the risk of the Publisher. Address your orders to J. S. REDFIELD, Clinton Hall, N. Y. J. S. R. is always supplied with a complete assortment of BOOKS in every department of Literature suitable for the wholesale trade, and is prepared to answer any orders for Books, Stationery or Cheap Publications, with promptness, and at the very lowest prices. Country Merchants are invited to call and see for themselves.

Elmira, Corning, and Buffalo Line. THE Proprietors of the above Line, will continue to run a Line of Passage Boats between ELMIRA, CORNING and BUFFALO, for the accommodation of EMIGRANTS and FAMILIES, moving West, affording facilities not heretofore offered to the Emigrant, from this section of New York and Pennsylvania. The Boats of this Line are of the FIRST CLASS fitted and furnished with all the conveniences and accommodations of PACKETS, commanded by experienced Captains, and towed by relays of Horses. BOAT ROME, Capt. H. W. THOMPSON, TEMPEST, Capt. A. M. FARLOW. During the season of 1846, one of the above Boats will leave Corning, and Elmira, every week, in the following order:— CORNING, every Monday evening, at 6 o'clock P. M.; ELMIRA, every Tuesday evening, at 6 o'clock P. M. Towing down Seneca lake every Thursday morning, touching at Big Steam, Lodi, and Dresden, leaving Buffalo for Corning and Elmira, every Wednesday morning.

FOR FREIGHT OR PASSAGE apply to Captain on board, or to W. M. Mallory, Corning, or to S. B. Strang & Co., Elmira, Winterville & Tuttle, Horseheads, A. Nash, Havana, L. G. Townsend, Big Steam, Woodworth & Post, Lodi, Price & Holly, Geneva, G. & Sweet, Waterloo, J. S. & Sweet, Seneca Falls, Baker & Ross, Montezuma, H. Wright, Rochester, H. Niles, Buffalo.

RUBBER OVERSHOES, of all sorts, kinds and sizes, for sale cheap at 424 REED'S.

Treasurer's Sale of Unseated Lands.

NOTICE is hereby given, that agreeably to an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, passed the 13th day of March, 1815, entitled "an act to amend the act entitled an act directing the mode of selling Unseated Lands for taxes, and for other purposes," and of an act passed the 13th day of March, 1817, "a further supplement to the act entitled an act directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes, and for other purposes," the following tracts of UNSEATED LAND will be sold at public vendue on the 8th day of June next, (being the second Monday) at the Court House in the Borough of Towanda, in the County of Bradford, for the arrears of taxes due, and the cost accrued on each tract respectively to be found.

No. of Warrant,	No. of Acres,	Name,	Warrant,	Co. State, Road, & School Taxer,
400	John Barton, scarr.	\$15 30		
400	Frederick Castator	20 06		
82	Peter Benson	3 45		
100	L. Coffin	4 20		
8	Andrew Buckbart	20 08		
266	Thomas Bradley	11 18		
294	Abel Pierce	12 23		
60	Daniel Shepard	4 20		
300	Abraham Bradley	14 03		
180	Billy Fish	3 44		
181	Avery Christopher	6 51		
280	Nathan Cary	8 83		
1495	817 Charles Carroll	14 34		
1511	482 do do	10 05		
1510	950 do do	19 95		
100	Henry Cameron	5 35		
400	Solomon Lyon	15 89		
433	John Friend	21 57		
407	Jacob Crook	20 64		
100	Mathias Slough	22 85		
407	Abraham Singer	24 79		
487	Robert Shaw	24 24		
533	John Grienon	21 57		
4600	211 John Vaughn	19 74		
4601	31 do do	6 68		
407	Staffler Casper	19 81		
407	John Morgan	19 91		
343	James Betts	20 96		
343	Joseph Betts	20 96		
343	John Betts	20 96		
400	Henry Bryson	22 40		
375	Samuel Cooley	21 67		
343	Peter Edge	20 96		
400	Samuel Edge	22 67		
343	Samuel Fritz	20 96		
400	Simon Hardy	22 67		
400	Joseph Seely	22 67		
400	Henry Seely	22 67		
400	Peter Temple	22 67		
400	George Temple	22 67		
400	James Hardy	22 67		
400	Jonathan Hampton	22 67		
400	Naithan Hady	22 67		
400	Peter Haga	22 67		
400	Paul Moore	22 67		
400	Andrew Siddons	22 67		
400	George Siddons	22 67		
343	George Elge	22 67		
400	Paul Hardy	22 67		
400	George Castator	22 67		
400	Joshua Cooley	22 67		
400	George Haga	22 67		
400	Nathan Haga	22 67		
400	Henry Hardy	22 67		
400	Peter Seely	22 67		
400	James Siddons	22 67		
400	Stephen Hollingsworth	22 67		
400	Samuel Anderson	16 50		
400	Haman Castator	16 50		
400	Nathan North	16 50		
400	Peter North	16 50		
400	Frederick Shotts	16 50		
400	George Shotts	16 50		
400	Mercy Ellis	16 50		
448	Ann Harris	16 50		
420	Mary Wallace	9 38		
400	Joseph Castator	16 50		
400	Peter Hampton	16 50		
400	John Moore	16 50		
400	James North	16 50		
400	Hannah Woodruff	16 50		
237	John Stevens	9 00		
437	Ephraim McAdams	17 96		
436	Thomas Hamilton	17 91		
1507	661 Charles Carroll	26 37		
1506	642 do do	26 36		
1509	777 do do	31 84		
262	pt Peter Guinness	12 40		
226	pt do do	11 11		
	JACOB REEL, Treasurer.			
	Treasury Office, Towanda, March 12, 1846.			

FALL & WINTER FASHIONS FOR 1845. TATCHELER & COREL beg leave to inform the inhabitants of Towanda and vicinity, that they have just commenced the Tailoring Business, up stairs, No. 4, Brick Row, where they are prepared to execute all work entrusted to them with care neatness and despatch, and in the most fashionable manner. Having just received the New York and Philadelphia fashions, and with their long experience in the business, they flatter themselves that their work will be made in a manner and style equal to any other establishment in the place. Terms made to correspond with the times. CUTTING done on the shortest notice. All kinds of country produce received in payment for work at market prices. October 1, 1845.

POWELL & PENNEBAKER, FASHIONABLE TAILORS, Over Montany's store, next door to Mercer's law office, at the old stand of Powell & Seaman. [col] MEDICINE AND SURGERY. DR. JAMES M. GOODRICH has located himself at MONROE, for the practice of his profession, and will be pleased to visit on those requiring his services. He may be found at J. L. Johnson's tavern. Reference may be made to Dr. HAYES & MASON of Towanda. April 23, 1845.

Fashionable Tailoring! GEORGE H. BUNTING would respectfully inform the public that he still continues at his old stand on the west side of Main street, between Kingsbury's and Bartlett's stores, up stairs, where he may be found in readiness to do all work in his line in a style not to be surpassed in Bradford county. Prices as low as the times. Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a continuance and hopes by strict attention to business and accommodating terms to merit patronage. The Spring and Summer FASHIONS have just been received, and he is prepared to make garments in the most fashionable manner. Particular attention paid to CUTTING, and warranted to fit if properly made up. He has the latest Spring and Summer Fashions for sale. Towanda, May 14, 1845.

BONNET VELVETS, Satins and Silks, with Ribbons to match, the best and cheapest assortment in town, at n26 MERCUR'S. CLOCKS AND WATCHES. THE subscriber not being in full communion with the firm of M—, he is not prepared to boast of the largest assortment of JEWELRY out of Jail; and having never learned the Cabinet making business, he is not prepared to do any work in that line; but having served a regular apprenticeship (1) in the watch repairing business, and the experience of 16 years, has no hesitation in saying that all work entrusted to him shall be done in a workmanlike manner, promptly, and second best to none west of that city from whence came that mighty rush of Gold Jewelry. New made goods, in all your gettings don't forget to get your watches fixed at old No. 100 opposite the Public Square and two doors north of Briggs' tavern. Towanda, April 29, 1846. A. M. WARNER.

NEW BARRELS TANNERS OIL, for sale at 100 N. B. ROW. Terms cash. A. S. CHAMBERLAIN. Oct. 8. Terms of the Bradford Reporter. Two Dollars and fifty cents per annum: First copy deducted if paid within the year; and for CASH in advance, ONE DOLLAR will be deducted. Subscribers at liberty to discontinue at any time, by paying arrears. Most kinds of Country Produce received in payment, at the market price. Advertisements, not exceeding a square of type, inserted for fifty cents; every subsequent insertion twenty-five cents. A discount made to yearly subscribers. Letters on business pertaining to the office, to be sent free of postage, to ensure attention.

The Sugar-Coated Improved Indian Vegetable Pills.

TO THE PUBLIC. REFERENCE to the very many numerous testimonials of well-known and in some instances distinguished individuals, need not be again repeated to induce the public to place greater confidence in the new justly celebrated medicine, than in any other efficacy in removing all obstructions, and restoring functional derangements of the Stomach, Liver, and other digestive organs; pur