The talented Representative in Congress from this District, has left our place for Washington, carrying with him the last and liveliest wishes of all who know him. Mr. Wilmot stands, pre-eminently, in a lofty and ommanding position. The Representative of a large, influential and democratic district, and receiving the enthe and contial manifestation of the exterm and confidence of his constituents, will give him a position and an influence in the next Congress, which will redound to the credit of our county and our state, and win for him "golden opinions from all men." He possesses a mind of no ordinary stamp; broad, comprehensive and liberal, yet strongly democratic, in his views, it cannot be

"That he narrowed his mind

And gave up to party, what was meant for mankind." Though young, he has already won for himself a fame which has extended the length and breadth of our Commonwealth, as a fearless, able and efficient champion of Democracy and of the rights of man. It needs no prediction to mark the confidence and esteem which shall hereafter be placed in him by the people of this state.

Gov. Shunk, and Hon. Jesse Miller.

We find the following remarks in the Pennsylvanian, and as a just and faithful and well deserved tribute to our present worthy Chief Magistrate, and the Secretary of the Commonwealth, we copy them entire.

GOV. SHUNK AND SECRETARY MILLER.-These dis tinguished functionaries, now sojourning in this city, were yesterday visited by a great number of our citizens of both parties. As this is the first occasion that has been presented to the people of Philadelphia, since the Governor's election, to take him by the hand, the Democrais, as well as the Whigs, seem to regard it as a pleas ant duty to pay their respects to him. An idea may be formed of the business habits of Governor Shunk when it is stated that, until now, his numerous public duties, to most of which he gives his personal attention prevented him from paying a visit to Philadelphia. All the inclinations of this worthy and honest man are indeed averse to parade; and it is possible that he preferred the quiet of the Executive Chamber to frequent and ostentations journeys to a gay and populous city. The character of his reception, however, on the present occasion, must have convinced him-ifhe needed that-that he has hosts of warm and true friends in this city and county, who will do justice to his character, and sustain him in wise and judicious efforts to promote the welfare of Penn-

In Jesse Miller, the present Secretary of State, who accompanies the Governor, all honest men recognize an able, industrious, and highly exprienced officer, who will not do a wrong to serve a friend, or withhold what is right to injure a foe. In the whole public course of Mr. Miller-in all the posts of trust and honor which he has filled-there is not an instance in which a dishonest or unworthy act can be laid to his charge. As First Auditor of the Treasury Department at Washington-a place to which he was appointed by Gen. Jackson-he obtained a very high character for his unbending, integrity in carrying out the laws, as well as for great sagacity and ability; and it was frequently and truly said that his decisions were rarely or never reversed by the higher officers. As Canal Commissioner, the same principles governed his conduct, and impelled him to stand by an economical disbursement of the public revenues. In that important and responsible position—a place in which, a few years before, the bargainers and the hucksters of both parties had managed to obtain a foothold-in that department of the government it required, however, a bold and a courageous," as well as an honest and fair dealing man; and such a man was Jasse Miller. He refused to hold any intercourse with those who had speculated upon the public funds, and who looked to the Canal Board for favors and for "contracts;" and he was instrumental in striking out a new line of policy, which cannot be too much applauded, by which honest and responsible public agents were secured, and a rigid and stern accountability established. His conduct drew down upon him the ire of those who had practised upon the State Treasury all varieties of frauds for years, and who had amassed fortunes at the expense of a cheated and impoverished State. When Gov. Shunk made Mr. iobbers broke out afresh, and they have let no occasion pass since that time to vilify and misrepresent him. The article, in a well known paper of this city, of yesterday morning, in which is contained a scurrilous and low asin a professedly Democratic paper, on a public officer who visits Philadelphia wholly on public business, renders it still more culpable.

We have, however, an abiding confidence in the sagacity and discrimination of the Democracy of Pennsylvania, and we believe M. Miller's past services in the good cause-his pure and unstained public and private character, and his unbending integrity and unflinching firmness in the discharge of his public duties-would each have been an answer, full of eloquent truth and signal rebuke, to all the calumnies that have been fabricated and published against him. The Democracy of this State, moreover, will not allow a good and a faithful public servant to be abused out of their confidence, especially when the cause of the abuse is so transparent and so palpable in its malignity and injustice And we predict that the future will approve this to be true in the case of Jesse Miller.

How John N. Convenue .- The President Indon of this iudicial District, richly merits the compliment paid to him in the following article from the Luzerne Democrat. His industry is well known to the bar, as well as people of this county, and his business habits have had and home of the Mormon people. This laland a manifest effect upon the overloaded trial list of this is about 300 miles long, and 75 to 100 in width.

"We have heard of Judicial Farming, and Judicial Learning, and we think we may now say a word in relation to Judicial Industry. Hon. Jons N. Contro-HAM, the President Judge of the Judicial District, composed of the counties of Luzerne, Bradford, and Tioga, beside having long since acquired an enviable reputation as an able Jurist and impartial Judge, is entitled to great credit for his industrial business-habits. In addition to holding the regular day courts in the Quarter Sessions here, we have frequently visited the Court rooms in the evening during the past and present week, and always found his Honor on the beach until late at night in the discharge of his official duties. If Judge C. observes the same perseverance at each station foroughout his extencircuit, to say nothing of the fatigues incident to traveling, we may well conclude that his is an onerous station."

for Canal Commissioner.

The Lycoming Gazette, of the 8th .nst., raises shis name as the candidate for Canal Commissioner, "Subject to the decision of the 4th of March Convention."

ey to Williamsport.

REGULAR NORTHATIONS .- The voice of the demo cy has pronounced for regular nominations. It is the regular and systematic action of the perty acting in unison, and the only way by which we can hope to be for any length of time. The Dovistown Democrat thus enders its voice for Regular Nominations:-

The corner stone of Democracy is REGULIR nomin tions and a faithful adherence to them by Democrati voters .- Every vote withheld from, even if not cast for the opposing candidate, goes to weaken Democracy, and strengthen Federalism. The Democrats of Bucks are now in the ascendancy, and have gained it by adhering to regular nominations made in accordance to the long established usages of the party. The Federalists onc in power, have destroyed themselves by associating with all new fangled parties; steadily opposing Jefferson Jackson, Polk, Snyder, Shunk, and the sound and orthodox principles of the Democratic party, which has so conducted and governed the NATIONAL and STATE Governments, as to conduce to the peace, prosperity and hapniness of American people.

The power and responsibility of the officers of the ation state, and our own county is in the hands of the Democratic party, and we anticipate a faithful discharge of all the public duties—to be administrated for the benefit of the whole people, and at the same time, with such system of economy as will reduce heavy taxation, give satisfaction to all well disposed citizens, and thereby make. ne success of Democracy a BLESSING, instead of a burning curse," as the enemy prenounced it.

FINDLAY PATTERSON .- The re-election of this genleman to the State Legislature from Armstrong county, has given great satisfaction, not only to his ftiends at home, but throughout the Commonwealth. During the session of 1844 and '45 he was Speaker of the House. and it was remarked at the time, that he presided over that body with great promptness and decision, blending with these qualities, at the same time, a courteous and amiable demeanor. He carried with him into the chair little or nothing of the ascerbities of political or partizan feeling, and his course was as impartial as it was ene

Of the members elected to the ensuing Legislature, w ntice some prominent gentle nen who may be desirous of reaching the chair; but with all due deference to them and their claims, it is to be hoped that the same unanimi ty among the democratic members which at the last sea sion elevated Mr. Patterson, will again prevail, and again elect him as Sprager.

ECLIPSE,-An exlipse of the moon came off on Saturlay night, last, commencing at about 6 o'clock and con uing for three hours.

The Washington Union and the Oregon.

The Washington Union of Friday night con tains a leading article on "the Oregon Question in the next Congress." Some of its pasages are calculated to arrest attention-the Union being the official paper of the government. The following for example:

. We allude, of course, to what we call, vith the fullest confidence, THE AMERICAN TERRITORY OF OREGON. On this great subcect, within the last three or four years, pubic sentiment has ripened fast. In the Judg. ment of a vast majority of this nation, the time is rapidly approaching-or say, rather, has now come-when clear right in relation to this territory should embody itself in positive law. For more than twenty years the people of the United States have seen what they regard as their indisputable title to this immense territory swamped in negotiation. It was to be expected from the wisdom and true policy of the British government, that this negotiation, so barren heretofore of good result, when entered upon with a new administration, which, in its identity of opinion on this subject, is as one man, and which is sustained in that opinion by an overwhelming mass and mastery of public sentiment—it was justly to be hoped of the wisdom of England, that the new negotiaion, under such auspices, and in such hands, would, ere long, begin at least to secure, instead of defeating, as in past years it has defeated, the great ends of international jus-

But, however this may be, whether the nedoubt that the democratic Congress now about to assemble, will have a great duty to do in relation to Oregon; and we believe that, coming to Washington fresh from conference with ing to Washington fresh from conference with the third quarter of 1845, the third quarter of 1845 and during the third quarter of 1845. So we washington fres the Baltimore Convention, and the manly and from other posts in the province, and establishpatriotic Inaugural words of the President vet ed themselves in business, have been ordered sault upon Mr. Miller, is only one of the series of attacks with which they have greeted him ever since he took office under Gov. Shunk. The impropriety of this assault with firmness its constitutional duty of recommending to Congress all such measures as may be deemed essential to the full and efficient protection of all our rights over every rod of hat domain, on the shore of the pacific, which is, by an accumulated mass of title, the rightful property of the United States."

> Again- This territory lying between the Rocky mountains and the Pacific ocean-Irained mainly by the Columbia river—bounded on the north, the east, and the south by mountain chains, and on the west by the ocean -extends from latitude 42 deg. to latitude 54 al constitution. The American people claim, is a part of their own soil."

or Vancouver Island, on the Northwest coast It is separated from the main land by a long, narrow strait, and lies between the 47th or 48th and 51st or 52d degrees of north latitude, ex- extracted. The broken point was about 7-8 of tending along the coast in a northwest direction. The boundary line between the Amerinhabited by Indians of not a war-like dispocomplished.

Union of the Atlantic and Pacific .- I s said that the Minister of Foreign Affairs in Central America has arranged with a company of capitalists of Belgians, French, and English, to make a ship canal from Lake Nicaragua to William B. Forres, Esq.—A writer in the Hollifrayed for ten millions of dollars, which we States." That is a fact worth knowing. It daysburg Standard, recommends the re-normination of think can be easily done, using the lake for augurs well for the increasing prosperity of our Mr. Foster, by the convention of the 4th of Morch next navigation. It is very possible that in this manufactories, by which all brauches of busiage of internal improvements, the two seas will re united before much more time elapses, and This immense mass of coal, is but a drop from in series at an conselves of our unrivalled the bowels of the inexhaustible mines of the scritties 184 communication with the Pacific, Wyoming Valley. The development and by the shortest and most expeditious route transportation of every ton of our Minerals, add pletely.

. .

Later from Nanvoo.

The Mormons, it would seem, do not consider the treaty which has passed beween them-Illinois as very binding. Fresh difficulties are summer. It was a bright hot day of July — daily arising, and it takes all the ingenuity and We were sutting on the deck of a staunch tants of the county adjoining. Major Warren, up by the prow of the vessel, as it danced defied the power of the State, and declared now presenting the forms of ragged towers.

sembled a force of about two hundred armed

the power of the State. After him, Elder Taylor, another of the Twelve, got up and abused the Governor, State officers, &c. Brighain Young again got up, and said lie was not very good at an apology, but they must not mind what Elder Taylor said-that he was always making trouble, &c. Col. Warren told them in plain talk what he thought of their conduct, and that, as an officer, he should his duty and carry out the law. While this was going on, a Deputy of the United States Marshal ar rived, with a detachment of the Quincy Rifles with a writ for Brigham Young, charged with counterfeiting the coin of the United States.-This becoming known to the city, the excitement was tremendous; the Mormons assembled in large crowds, and a disposition was manifested by them to resist all attempts to arrest any person in Nauvoo. After a consultation with the officer, by Judge Purple and others, it was deemed advisable to postpone the execution of the writ at the time, for the

personal safety of all concerned.' Col. Warren, with the force under his com nand, was to march into Nauvoo on the 25th ultimo, for the purpose of executing the writs against Redding, Brigham Young, and others, but we are not advised of the result of this attempt to enforce the law. The Mormons appear to be highly incensed at the proceeding against Backenstos, and think it will be another affair similar to the murder of Joe and Hiram Smith. His trial has been removed to Peoria county.

Important from Hayti.

By the politeness of Capt. Hoyt, of the bark in the receipt of late and important news from

Since the attempt of the Recerists, some four weeks previously, to revolutionise the government, the public mind has been kept in constant agitation, and business has been prostrated by the portentous aspect of popularfeeling. Almost every day brings forth some additional evidence that the elements of discord are fast verging towards a crisis. In the protracted and unsuccessful efforts of government to reconquer the eastern part of the Island, the flagging energies of the soldiery are giving way to a fearful epirit of insubordination, and many of their principal officers evince an indifference to the further orders of the President. The people of Port au Prince and the southern departments are becoming weary of a war which daily assumes less prospect of dency of which seems to be toward a further any vessel arriving at Port au Prince from any confiscated. Several merchants had been ordered to leave the Island without delay.

A Long Stitch.—Some time about the 1st extends from latitude 42 deg. to latitude 54 of July a lady of Springfield, Mass., 65 years of age, accidentally introduced a fine sewing 400,060 square miles-that is, it is more than needle into her hand, which was broken off, wice as large as France, and about half as leaving about half its length between the thumb large as all the States now subject to the Feder- and fore finger, in a direction towards the middle or palm of the left hand. A physician was against all other nations, this whole domain requested to extract it, but as there was so liule pain or inconvenience arising from it he advised to let it remain, rather than cut among FUTURE HOME OF THE MORMONS.-Nootka the tendons for it. In a very few days all trouble and apprehension were over in regard ly insane. - Binghamton Courier. of North America, is to be the final destination to it; about the last of September, she felt some pain in the right side of the abdomen and just above the hip, which she conceived to be a spasm, and began rubbing it with her hand. when directly the needle came forth and was an inch in length, and its fine polish had suffered but little from corrosion. The course can and British possession in the northwest, which the needle took in making it circuitous will probably pass across the Island. The journey is entirely naknown to her. The English, we believe, have one or two trading distance it traveled in about three months posts on the Island, but for the most part, it is could not be much less than four feet, its nearest' course : but for aught known might sition. It is a long journey, but can be achave wandered twice that distance before it appeared at that point from which it was ex-

ANTHRACITE. - The editor of the Danville Intelligencer, says :- There is a larger pile of Anthracite Coal on the wharf at that place, for the use of the Montour Iron Works, than at ness are fostered, invigorated and sustained.-"Tax Olive Branch," has been removed from Mun- via. Oragon, England will head us off com- so much more to the increasing prosperity of our already flourishing country.

Optical Illusion.

A beautiful optical phenomenon, sometimes called the mirage, was witnessed by the ediselves and the Government of the State of tor of this paper, on lake Erie, during the past tact of the officers in command of the forces steam-ship, running merely up the Lake with stationed in that vicinity to prevent an open the south shore full in view; our attention dioutbreak between the citizens and the inhabi- vided between the continuous wave, thrown who had several write to serve in the Mormon away of the color of gold in the clear sunlight. City, was afraid of meeting with opposition. and a mass of white clouds which hung over The annexed paragraph we extract from the the shore and was continually changing into Quincy Whig, which says the Mormons have every conceivable shape of majesty and beauty; that no more arrests shall be made in their and mountain peaks capped with snow, and again the outline of huge monsters, such as "Col. Warren, Judge Purple, and Mr. we read of in the imaginary mythology of the Brayman, Attorney for the State, visited Nau- ancients. While dreamily regarding these voo. Near the environs of the city they saw appearances of the clouds, our eyes rested upon a seeming avenue or archway, of variagated Mormons. This being contrary to the order hues, apparently extending through the lower of Gen. Harden, in relation to armed men as- portion of the mass. As it was of the same sembling in the county, Colonel Warren felt it diversified color as the shore, it did not at first his duty as an officer to inquire into the mat- occur to us but that we were looking through a er. For that purpose, he invited Brigham break in the clouds upon a portion of the coun-Young and others of the leading authorities to try beyond; but a moment after, we perceived, a conference. He informed them that the that there was a considerable space of clear armed men on the prairie was contrary to or- blue sky between it and the earth. We then ders, and wanted to know what it meant. To became aware that we were looking, for the this Young gave no satisfactory reply; he first time, upon the fata morgana; and that stated, however, that it was their intention to the beautiful avenue of brown and green fields submit to no more arrests, and ridiculed the and forests, which we had been admiring, was Court, the Judge, the Attorney of the State, a spectral illusion, a picture of the lands bewho were present, and, in substance, defied low, prepared by the alchimy of nature, and set among the clouds .- Binghamton Courier.

EARTHQUAKE .- The shock of an earthquake vas felt in New York and on Long Island, on Sunday evening, 26th ult. It was also noticed in Stamford, Norwalk, Bridgeport, and other places in Connecticut. In Stamford it commenced about half past 6 P. M., and lasted about 15 seconds. The earth trembled, buildngs toffered, windows rattled, stone walls were hrown down, and the people were filled with consternation. The shock was accompanied ov a loud rumbling, not unlike to that of a ieavy vehicle passing rapidly over a long bridge. In Norwalk it commenced about the ame time, and similar effects were produced. In Bridgeport it was noticed at 10 minutes past 6, and was thought to continue about 5 seconds. In several towns in that vicinity the shock was sufficient to jar houses and furniture very sensibly, and its continuance was some 25 seconds.

SLAVERY IN OREGON .- P. 11. Burnett, Esq. citizen of Oregon, in a letter which we see i the last Platte (Mo.) Argus, says :-

"The Legislature have passed an act declaring that slavery shall not exist in Oregon; and the owners of staves who bring them here are allowed two years to take them out of the country, and, in default, the slaves to be free. The acts also prohibit free negroes or mulattoes from settling or remaining in this country, and requires them to leave in two years, and, in default, to be hired out to the lowest bidder who will bind himself to remove them from the country for the shortest term of service. and within six months after the expiration Hecla, from Port au Prince 17th Oct. we are thereof. The object is to keep clear of this most troublesome class of population.

A THUNDERBOLT OF WAR .-- A letter from New Orleans says, "we have had among us lately a tall, well-looking, distingue Scotchman, by the name of Gen. Harrison; he is said to be a rare fish, and a revolutionist by trade. Report says he was in the African war, and fought for Abd-el-Kader in 1835, and had the command of five thousand men; that he has lately returned from South America, where he served with Gen. Rose, under the war, and fought for Abd-el-Kader in 1835, and Argentine Republic, and also served the Montevidean government against Buneos Ayres; and that he has gone to Havana to see Santa fully repaired at short notice. I can select glasses to Anna, and see what he can do with Mexico!

Post Office Statistics .- The Union gives statement from fifteen more post offices. gotiations succeed or fail, there can be no success, and which has already involved the ter of 1844. In the whole fifteen offices the showing the deficit in each for the third quardoubt that the democratic Congress now about government in a debt far beyond its ability to deficit is \$22.624. At Philadelphia, during

continues to do an excellent business, having made, upon an average for the last three weeks and a half tons of ore; one and a half tons of coal, and a half ton of Limestone to a ton of this fact by calling on the subscriber, at his store, where create quite a general apprehension, the ten- and a half tons of ore; one and a half tons of dency of which seems to be toward a turner division of the government. A proclamation metal. This is making more Iron and using he will be in readiness at all times to wait upon all who was issued on the 12th September declaring the Snanish norts under blockade; and that in the same time, by one anthracite furnace of 14 feet boshes, in this country. The other of the southern ports in the Island would be stack will be completed and put in blast in few weeks .- Columbia Dem.

MELANCHULY SUICIDE .- On the 30th of Oc. tober ult., a man who called his name Fuller committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor at the Poor House of this county. He was brought there the day previous by the poor-master of the town of Winsor; and stated that he was from Butternuts, Otsego County. He was respectably dressed with black coat and pantaloons, snuff-colored vest, and fine wool hat something worn. He was apparently 55 years of age, bald herded, and had a pair of silver mounted spectacles. He was evident-

GREAT FIRE IN WILMINGTON, N. C .- A slip from the Wilmington (N. C.) Journal states that a destructive fire broke out in that city on the morning of the 4th instant, which destroyed about fifty buildings in the business part of the city. Loss estimated at \$175,000. The fire occurred in the square bounded by Market, Front, Dock, and Water streets. Du ring the fire, which is supposed to have been caused by an incendiary, Col. J. M'Crey and Col. J. T. Miller were injured by the falling of a wall. The name's of persons whose property was destroyed are not mentioned.

PARADISE LOST .- Wm. Paradise left Indiana on the 1st of July, and has not since been heard of .- Mississippi Dem.

PARADISE REGAINED .-- A person by that same name was taken up by the police of this city the other day, and lodged in the Tombs, where he now remains subject to the order of his loving spouse, who he says has one small children and nine at the breast .- N. F. Globe.

GOLD .- The richest gold mine in the world, is situate in Cosalo, Mexico. It belongs to Signor Yriarte, who refuses to work it to any degree of productiveness, because he could not dispose of the immense revenue it would yield. amounting to severa nottions of dollars. He has now far more than he wants, and says that his money is safest under ground.

FATAL ACCIDENT .- The last Lycoming Gacette states the particulars of a distressing ac-

cident which took place near the Baltimore Saw Mill, in Plunket's Creek township, Lycoming county, on the 27th ult. A party of workmen, on the day the accident

rappened, were engaged in sliding saw logs from the mountain to the public road. The logs which came end foremost, obtained an immense velocity in the descent, and smashed everything before them. Mr. David M'Caslin. whose station was at the base of the hill, unfortunately remained in the passage of the sliding logs too long, and when he observed one descending the mountain, endeavored to avoid it, but as he sprang aside, he noticed that the log had taken the same direction, and he then escaped to run back, but slipped and fell. The huge timber instantly struck one of his legs, inst above the knee, carrying with it the cap and severing the leg, just below, from the body. The unfortunate sufferer died about 22 hours afterwards.

"SUGAR COAFED PILLS."

If we were willing to limit the office of taste to its proper sphere, and to cease eating when appetite expressed content, indigestion would be a much rarer occurrence in civilized communities than it is observed to be. Hippocrates remarked that severe perspirations arising during sleep, without any other apparent cause, are a sure sign that too much nourishment is made use of. The day of reckoning will follow such a state of repletion, which clogs the bodily functions, and may lead to sudden death by some acute disease, when the individual is apparently n good health.

Dr. Smith's (Sugar Coated) "IMPROVED INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS." ire all-efficacious to REGULATE the state of the stoma improve digestion, and purify the fluids. As they are ELEASANT and perfectly HARMLESS, they are resorted to extensively by the dyspeptic, and all persons of sedantary habits. No family should be without them.

Dealers furnished at the New York College of Health, 179 Greenwich Street, New York, And sold by E. H. Mason, A. S. Chamberlin, Rowanda; Henry Gibbs, Orwell; John Passnore, Rome; J. E. Bol-Berg, College, Rome; J. E. Bol-Berg, Rome; Ro LOCK, Pike,

CAUTION.—As a miserable imitation has been nade by the name of "Sugar Coated Pills," it is necessar ry to be sure that Dr. G. BENJ'N. SMITH'S signature is on every box. Price 25 cents

HAY & OATS And all kinds of GRAIN, wanted at this office on ace't



ESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Towar da and its vicinity, that he will open for the next session, at the Claremont House, where he offer

SPECTACLES

Of every variety of size and quality. A new invention of Spectacles for distance and close reading not -with Gold, Silver, Tortoise-shell frames, and a new improved assortment of periscopic ground flint Glasses, of their own manufacture. They would particularly call the attention of the public to their spectacles for near-sighted persons, and for persons who have been operated upon for the cataract of the eye, and to their new kind of Glasses and Conservers of he sight, made of the best flint and azure glass.

These glasses are reccommended by the most celebrated Doctors and Professors, as the best kind for preserving and improving the sight in continued writing and reading, wherein they do not tire the eyes, but strengthen and improve the vision. They are made of the best and finest material, and ground true and exact, and are, therefore preferable to the mass of rough, irregular and unevenly ground Glasses, that are daily palmed off, and which are injurious to the eyes.

scura, daguerreotype glasses, together with a great va-riety of articles in the Optical line, not mentioned. suit the visions of persons, as we see them, upon first trial. I will remain in Towanda but a short time, and those in want of the above articles will please give me a call. I will, if required, go to any respectable house where my services may be wanted. Nov. 19, 1845.

Crockery, Boots & Shoes, Groceries, Hardware, Hats & Caps. & c.
Together with a general assortment of DRUGS AND
MEDICINES, all of which have been selected with great care by myself in the New York market, and will grain, lumber, or shipping Furs, in almost any quantity
Towarda, November 19, 1845.

A. D. M.

HURLBURT, Jr., superior cast steel AXES, half a dozen boxes, just received and for sale at the old stand of nov19

B. KINGSBERY.

Sayings that have become Proverbs. PROVERB FIRST:

27 HAT GEO. E. FLYNT & CO., have the lar

gest and most desirable stock of goods in Towanda.

PROVERS SECOND:

That Lumber for Goods, or Goods for Lumber, cannot be carried on successfully without detriment to Cash Buyers. PROYERS THIND:
That G. E. Flynt & Co. buy goods for Cosh, and sell them for the "ready."

FROVERB FOUNTH:

That G. E. F. & Co. are selling goods cheaper than any other establishment in this borough. And it is whispered,
and soon will become a proverb (although we have bee

knowing to the fact for some time) that G E. F. & Co. are selling better goods and more of them. Those who doubt the above.

will please present themselves at our counter, where Goods are freely shown, and always warranted equal to reccommendation. The Look for the Savings Bank. GLAD TIDINGS

To the good people of Northern Penn'a

Wm. H. Baird & Co.,

Wm. H. Baird & Co.,

ILL receive during the present week, a stock of Merchandize in general, amounting to a little over \$25,000, comprising within its limits every article called for in this section of country. They were bought for CASH, and will be sold cheaper than goods ever were, or are now sold, within 1000 miles of us.

Just test the above by dropping in at No. 3, BRICK
ROW. Towards, Nov. 12, 1845.

ROCKERY—Large additions have been made to our stock of Crockery—our assortment is now complete. nov12 G. E. FLYNT & CO.

SLEIGH SHOES and Plough Points, (for Wayne Co. Ploughs) at G. E. FLYNT & CO.S.

William Scott, ATTORXEY AT LAW? ILI promptly and punctually render his professional services in Agencies. Collections, and other matters in his profession, entrusted to his care.

Office in the New Brick Block—west to an over the

Post Office, entrance on the north side. N.v. 5y

PROCLAMATION.

PREAS the Hon. JOHN N. CONTRO President of the 13th Judicial district, p President of the 13th Judicial district, one ing of the counties of Luzerne, Bradford and Tional Harry Morgan and Reuben Wilber equires. Judges, in and for the county of Bradford, have in their precept bearing date the 22d of October, 1811, me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Trans. General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Common Pand Orphans' Court, at Towands, for the county, Bradford, on the first Monday of February next, but the first, to continue two weeks.

the first, to continue two weeks.

Notice is therefore hereby given, to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constable, the county of Bradford, that they be then and then their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the foreness said day, with their records, inquisitions, examing a and other their remembrances, to do those things w to their office appertain to be done; and those who the prisoners who are or may be in the jail of said on the prisoners who are or shall be bound to appear at the age court, are to be then and there to prosecute against the coult, are to a terrand there to proceed against the as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual their attendance, agreeably to their notice.

Dated at Towards, the 5th day of October, in the per-

rated at Towards, the 5th day or occording the day of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty for four Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty for four Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty for four Lord on the Lord of the and of the Independence of the United States (seventieth. JOHN P. MEANS, Sherif.

G00Ds WEW HE subscriber has just received a general asset.

ment of New Goods, selected with care, the ble for the Winter trade. The stock embraces Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Boots, Shoes and Caps, AND A VERY EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF BOOKS & STATIONER, which will be sold on the most reasonable Cash term.

The public are invited to call and examin

D. C. HALL BOUND TO SHINE N SPITE of what that noble firm is trying, And all the little Pratt's in town,

The subscriber would as to the public generally that he is now receiving a very large and well selected assortment STOVES, such as Gross patent cylinder oven fooking; Cross' combination of Francilin and cooking; No. 3 and Fulton 4 boiler cooking; No. 2, 3, and 4, premuim 4 boiler cooking; with an attention

cooking: with an assortment of six plates, school-house and church stoves; cylinder coal and parlor wood do., all of which will be sold as low as at any other establishment this side of the Rocky Mountains, for wheat, out, ver corn, pork, butter, cheese, and cash not refused TIN-WARE constantly kept on hand, at wholesale and etail, with stovepipe, elbows, stove tubes of clay and retail, with stovepipe, clows, stove tones of clay act tim, patent pails, stone jugs. British lustre, sheet inc. cut to suit customers, with Job work of every description in the Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron business, does on short notice and in a workmanlike manner.

And in addition to the above articles, he intends to

keep constantly on hand a good article of rifle and blas-ing Powder; with FLOUR & PORK, by the bur-and pound, codfish, mackerel, soap, candles, lard rebutter. LIQUORS, such as rum, gin, brandy, whiskey, of different qualities. Tea, coffee, peppe spice, salæratus, ginger, starch, cloves, cinnamon, segu tobacco, cavendish and fine cut, candies, nuts, figs. m-sins, herring, green and dried fruit, cider, beer, and all other articles usually kept by grocers, all of which will be sold at reduced prices for ready pay. Store and ma-nufacturing Establishment not kept exactly in Montanve's corner block, but in the next building below, of the south side of the public square, where persons withing to purchase the above articles will do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Nov. 12, 1845.

D. C. HALL.

MONTANYES & CO.'S Cheap Cash Wholesale Commission & Jobbing Store.

HE above establishment has lately been enlarged and improved, and is being replenished with a ew stock of Fashionable WINTER GOODS, which in addition to their former large stock of staple Goods, makes it the most desirable place for large purchases, as also for shopping, in town. Their new stock consists in part of French, English and American Cloths and Satinetts, cashmere de ecosse and mousselin de laines, of the newest styles and patterns, sinchew, ombre, gro de Swiss, fig'd poult de soui and watered strip'd Silks, maroon for ladies' skirts, and a new article of fringe for dresses; plaid cashmere and Torkara shawls and a thousand other et ceteras necessary to please the

dies.
Their stock of Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. LL persons indebted to estate of HENRY PARSOS, dec'd, late of Springfield tp. are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having demands agains the same are requested to present them, legally attested JOHN PARSONS, J. W. FASSETT. Springfield, Nov. 12, 1845. Administrators.

FIRST CALLS

A LL PERSONS knowing themselves to be indebted to me for official services, are respectfully requested to call at my (the Register's) office, and settle the same immediately and save costs. My term of ofice being about to expire, it therefore becomes absolute ly necessary for me to settle up my affairs,
JULIUS RUSSELL,
Nov. 12, 1845. Reg. & Rec., and C. O. C.

OPTON BATTING, wadding, wicking, and carpet warp, for sale at
Nov. 12.

REED'S, No. 2, Brick Row.

ORE of those A. No. 1, Boots, just received.

Together with a large quantity of Ladies Shoes,

viz—gaiter boots, ties, suppered to match. nov12 G. E. FLYNT & CO.

ATS & CAPS—a large assortment of every description. They are selling very cheap.

November 12. G. E. FLYNT & CO.

ILL make his next professional risit to Towarda, early in February, 1846. Dr. S. will, during his stay, make a short visit to Athens. Nov. 5. BOOO LBS. SOLE LEATHER just received and for sale cheapest in BAIRD'S, No. 3 Brick Row.

SPLENDID ASSORTMEN'T of best Velvet, Shirr'd, Silk. and fig'd Velvet, Winter bounets, for sale by C. REED.

THE QUESTION SETTLED.

JURY of twelve ladies has decided, that the place to purchase Fresh Teas, (no appeal of course) is G. E. FLYNT & CO'S. G. E. FLYNT
OLE LEATHER—first quality.
"Comfortere"

"Comforters," a few dozens, Curpetings and Floor Oil Cloths.

Carpet and Cotton Varn.

Bagging—an article unequalled for durabilityNov. 12. At the SAVINGS BANK.

Orphan's Court Sale.

Orphan's Court Sale.

DURSUANT to an order of the Orphans' Court of Bradfard County, made the 4th day of September. 1845, will be exposed to public sale, on SATURDAY, the 29th day of November, inst., at the dwelling house on the premises, at one o'clock, in the aftermoon, all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Ridgberry tp-in said county, and bounded north by lands of Wm. Jenkins and George Buell; on the east by lands of Saith Halstead; on the south by lands of Charles Tubbe, and on the west by Horace Kelsy and John L. Brewer; containing about sixty-five acres of land, with about forty acres thereof improved, with an orchard and frame house acres thereof improved, with an orchard and frame house and frame barn thereon. Late the property of Ebenezel COTTON YARN—1000 lbs. just received and for REED'S.

And frame part thereon. Late the property of Local Colors and Sales.

Dewey, dec'd. Terms made known on the day of sales.

Nov. 5, 1845. DAVID BREWER, Executor.