Stradford Aleporter

Towanda, Wednesday, October 29, 1845

James Buchanan.

We find the following tribute to our distinguish Pennsylvania statesman, in the Treaton Emporium leading Democratic paper, in New Jersey. The senti ments in regard to Mr. Buchanan's accepting a place at this time on the Bench of the Supreme Court, are just and apposite, and have our most hearty concurrence; ---as indeed, do those expressed throughout the to it already, whole article. We take shame to ourselves in propor tion to our place in the ranks of Pennsylvania democ racy-that it was reserved for a prominent paper in neighboring state, to be the first to rebuke the idea of politically burying the favorite son of the "Old Keystone" quite so summarily. When will the present pitiful, truckling, "wheel-horse policy" of Pennsylvania. her own men and her own interests ! To our humble -we peak right plainly-our armor is on, and our ever been our determination and study, to adhere to all minor movements we spure the petty entanglements which selfish politicians have been, and are still weaving in the ranks of Pennsylvania Democrats. We go for Buchanan and Shunk against the field; and four fifthe of the honest, uncorrupted and incorruptible Democratic yeomanry of the state, will echo the rallyingcry, whenever it shall be raised. That time, again we say, is not fur distant. The Emportum remarks: -

"A Statesman is a matter of rarn occurrence in America. We have hosts of politicians and political lawyers, but few, very few trained and educated Statesmen. The consequence is, that our halls of legislation are filled with ty we were assuming, if it was not strictly and literally men who have words and arguments at command, but true. Mr. A. denied the statement we had made, and who discuss grave subjects of high national importance, procured a certificate from his partner in the purchase. with the subtlety and hair-splitting of accomplished advocates, instead of displaying those broad and liberal views which are taken by enlarged and enlightened minds self and the Bradford Reporter, and knowing as we did who have thrown off the trammels of special pleading, that every word we had published could be clearly sus and that blind regard for precedent, which is the chief tained by the proof, we last week reiterated the charge, hoast and stumbling block of the legal profession. The greatest lawyers and greatest judges have, from these deny it publicly-and for this he professed such mighty causes, offered the most signal instances of entire failures

In the Senate of the United States within the last few years, the Democratic party has had four statesman of lie denial of the facts. Now let the public judgethe first class, Mr. Calhoun, Mr. Wright, Col. Ben- Mr. A. is absent, we will await his return, and denial ton, and Mr. Buchanan-all men of the highest order of should he think proper to meet the issue. If not, we intellect, who had shaken off and forgotten the petty hope he will submit patiently to the operations of the niceties of the law, which form the capital of the success ful lawyer, and who were dealing with those great principles of political science which influence the destinies of millions, and with external and internal questions of national policy, affecting the happiness and the prosperity of the people of America and the peace of the civilized world. Of one of these gentlemen we propose to say a

Mr. Buchanan is a native of a neighboring state. He was bred a lawyer, worked hard at his profession, and soon acquired a handsome fortune, which allowed him to follow the natural bent of his mind and to devote himself to the study of politics in its most enlarged sense .-Mr. Buchanan had been a member of the State Legislature when very young and had early entered the halls of Congress, where he soon distinguished himself as a strong and vigorous thinker. He wisely determined to give up the practice of the law before it had bound and fettered his intellect with the iron bands of legal precedent. No man has ever been more successful in this effort, and for the last fifteen years the people of the United States have forgotten entirely that he was a member of the har, and have only recognized him as a statesman and patriot, who was devoting his best energies to the welfare of his fellow citizens and to the extension of those great princiof our republican institutions.

Mr. Buchanan, to Russia, where he formed an advantageous treaty, and during his stay abroad he became practically acquainted with the interests and feelings of the principal nations of Europe. His diplomatic skill, as well as his congressional talents, were acknowledged by all. After his return in December, 1831, (we think) he was elected to the Senate of the United States, of which dignified body he continued a most distinguished memper, until called to the highest office in the gift of the executive by President Polk. It is during this portion of his political life that Mr. Buchanan has displayed his peculiar qualities as a Statesman. He mastered and clucidated all the great questions of banking, currency, finance, assumption of state debts, the North Eastern boundary, Texas and Oregon, the last of which remains under the peculiar charge of the department of which he ts the head-is the great question of the day, and for the future settlement of which the Union looks to his prudence, firmness, and entire acquaintance with the subject in aiding the President in bringing it to a successful

- Mr. Buchanan's intellect and grasp of mind have improved most rapidly during the last fifteen years, and his speeches no longer exhibit the dry and hard characteristics of the professional man, but are remarkable for their pure and idiomatic siyle, and for the statesmanlike enunciation of the highest principles of political

For his present post he is most peculiarly fitted; for he possesses, in a high degree, all those great qualities which point him out for the highest office in the gift of the people, and to which, at some future period, they Herald says this affords the most favorable indications o will undoubtedly call him. He is safe, cam and judicious in counsel, essentially American in all his tectings. The amendment to the Constitution abolishing the prop thoroughly versed in all our foreign relations, and wields a pen equal to any of his illustrious predeces-

Mr. Buchanan is the contribution of the Democratic State of Pennsylvania to the Cabinet of the President of was determined at the late election by a vote of the peo her choice. He is its acknowledged head, from his preeminent talents and his long and brilliant service as Democratic leader. The Democratic party is entirely satisfied with the whole cabinet of Col. Polk. It was well and judiciously selected. Its members all admira bly fitted for their respective posts, and any change would be unwise and would mark instability of purpose, and weaken the hold of the administration on the Democracy, and countenance the allegation of internal dissension made by its political foes.

We have but one or two words more. The political enemies of Mr. Buchanan, and some good natured, kind, very kind friends, wish him to desert his high position. his hosts of friends, and the Democratic party of Pennsylvania and the Union, who have elevated him by their generous confidence, for the junior judgship on the Supreme bench, for which he was better qualified fifteen years ago, than he is now. Such a course would not tend to clerate him in the esteem of his fellow-citizens of the mob at Lexington, in regard to his press. of the Luion. We should as soon dream of Col. Benton or Mr. Cathonn sinking their glories in a black silk gown, or putting on the wig which Lord Eldon prayed the mad George the third to relieve him from. It would be as if Mr. Pitt (who was bred to the law) had resigned his premiership to take Mr. Justice De Blanc's sent on the court of King's Bench.

Whoever accepts a judgeship drinks of the waters of

and his friends must seek new leaders, for the Democra cy never will suffer the ermine to be soiled by the aspiations of a political Judge. His political career must close forever.

When the electoral college of Pennsylvania recom mended Mr. Buchanin to Col. Polk, is Secretary o State, they believed, undoubtedly, that it was to be per manent, unless determined by the will of the President and we know Mr. Buchanan's general char cter too well to believe that he would for one moment break faith with the democracy of his own state, or run counter to the wishes of that of the Union. We trust that the ru mor is an idle one, and we have devoted too much time

John C. Adams, Esq.

We understand the gentleman expresses great in dignation that we should have the temerity, after election is over to refer to him and his course during the cam paign. We would gladly have let the subject slept, and would have done so had not Mr. Adams, with the bold give place to a munly, fearless and elevated support of cat effror very, denied the allegation we had made through the columns of the Reporter, and charged upon us apprehension, that time is not far distant. For ourselves will a perversion of facts to defeat his election. It has nerves strong for the contest eren now. We disregard truth on all occasions, and we would scorn to publish a statement during an election canvasa, that we did not, a least, believe to be fully and strictly true, and, where personal considerations were involved, that could not be sue tained by the clearest proof, even after the contest had passed away. When we stated, before the election that Mr. Adams had said "He would spend one thousand dollars to defeat one of the democratic candidates for Representative and secure his own election," and that he was "engaged in completing a purchase of a large body of lands, in this county, of the Bank of North Amerca" we knew well our position and the responsibili that he then had no interest in the affair. Thus a ques rion of veracity was raised by Mr. Adams between him offering to furnish the proof if Mr. Adams would indignation. We once more repeat that we have THE PROOF at hand, of every word we have said, which shall be forth coming whenever Mr. A. shall make a pub truth, however much, he may smart under its application.

J. W. Forney.-This gentleman having sometim since, accepted an appointment to a station in Philadel phia, under the General Government-has formally re tired from the editorial supervision of the Lancaste Intelligencer. While we rejoice at the cause, as a trib ute to worth and talent, we regret exceedingly, to lose him from the corps editorial. Few men of his age, have endered more efficient service in the great cause of popuar rights, than has Mr. Forney. His temperament i ordent, yet so qualified by kindness of heart, that in the exciting struggles in which he has borne a part-h seems to have provoked no lasting enmity. Many of the most respectable papers of the opposition speak of him in terms of esteem.

He not only wields a ready pen, but in the last Presidential campaign, he exhibited talents of a high or der as a popular speaker. This, many of the Demo cratic citizens of Bradford, had an opportunity of of serving, during his visit last year, in company with Mr. Buchanan. "Take him all in all"-he has talents and qualifications that render him invaluable as a partisan in he political field, and we venture to trust, his withples of civil and religious freedom which lie at the root drawal is but temporary. But go where he may-as a ong cherished personal friend—we tender him our hand, ' In the early part of Gen. Jackson's first term, he sent with our heart's best blood warming every vein.

VOTE FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER.—The Pennsylva nia Reporter gives us the official vote for Canal Commissioner from all but eight counties. The majority for Burns, the Democratic candidate so far-is over 29-000; seven of the counties to be heard from are Democratic, and will increase the majority for Burns to over 30,000. Morton the native, and Larimer the abolition ist, are "lost in the fog,"

The result of the recent cam and almost unprecedented. Our majority of the popula vote is as unexpected as it is gratifying to the friends o equal rights :-- and furnishes an earnest of the success that awaits the democracy of the "Keystone State" is 1917-when we shall again enter the conflict with OLD FRANK SHUNK" as commander in chief.

RECENT ELECTIONS .- The Whice have elected their Governor in the State of Georgia by a small majority. and have a majority in the House of Representatives The Democrats have the Senate.

Outo has gone for the whigs.

MAINE is still democratic. Anderson's majority for Governor over all opposition is about 200. The Senate will stand 29 Democrats, to 3 whigs. 61 Democrats and 27 whigs are elected to the House. 50 districts, in which there is no choice, a majority of which are deci dedly democratic.

Connecticut.-Of the town elections as far as heard from, the Democrats have carried 33, and the Federal ista 27-Democratic nett gain, 4. The New Haven the Democratic success at the next State elelection erty qualification for voters, has undoubtedly succ

REMOVAL.-The question of removing the county eat of Columbia County from Danville to Bloomsburg. ple, and was settled in favor of Bloomsburg. The vote tood as follows : -

1579

1334

Bloomsburg

Majority for Bloomsburg,

THANKSGIVING DAT .- We are rejoiced to see that Gov. Sauxx has issued his official proclamation for the holding a day of thank-giving and praise, throughout the Commonwealth. Thursday the 27th of November, is the time designated, and we have no doubt that all the religious denominations will adopt measures for its prop er observance. We will insert the proclamation next week.

RESUMEN.-Cassius M. Clay has recommenced the ublication of his paper, the True American, at Cincinnati. The first number contains a long address, which is an appeal to the people of Kentucky, against the act

PENNSTLVANIA LEGISLATURE. - The Democratic main the House is 34, in the Senate 3. On joint ballot, 37 Last year the Democratic on joint ballot, was 31 Democratic gain, 24.

Good NEWS FOR FARMERS.—The recent intelligence from Europe has caused a considerable rise in bread tern arrived on the 18th ult., and the Massastuff. Flour is selling in New York, at from \$5 37 to chusetts, with auxiliary screw propeller, on

TIE VOTE. In Dauphin County the vote for Wm. D. Boas, the democratic candidate, and John Zinn, the whig candidate for the office of Prothonotary, is a tie. This is equivalent to a vacancy, and the duty of filling it will devolve upon the Executive.

Connection.—An error crept into the official return if the election in this county, in our last paper. Our figures made the vote of Monroe township 196 for Mr. Powell for Prothonotery. It should read 106.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

SESSION 1846. MEMRERS OF SENATE.

- 1 Phila. city-W. A. Crabb,* Charles Gibbons.
- 2 Phila. co.-John Foulkrod, Oliver P Cornman. + H. L. Benner.*
- 3 Montgomery—John B. Sterigere. 4 Chester and Delaware—William Will-
- iamson. 5 Berks-Samuel Fegelv.
- 6 Bucks-Henry Chapman. 7 Lancaster and Lebanon-John P. San-
- derson. A. Herr Smith. 8 Schuvlkill, Carbon, Monroe and Pike-
- Geo. Rahn. 9 Northampton and Lehigh-J. K. Heck-
- 10 Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming-W. H. Dimmick.
- 11 Bradford and Tioga-Daniel L Sherwood. 12 Lycoming, Clinton and Centre-Joseph
- F. Quay. 13 Luzerne and Columbia-Wm. S. Ross. 14 Northumberland and Dauphin-Benja-
- min Jordan.* 15 Mitflin, Juniata, and Union-J. Wagon-
- 16 Perry and Cumberland-William B. An-
- derson. 17 York-Adam Ebaugh.
- 18 Franklin and Adams—Thos. Carson. 19 Huntingdon and Bedford-John Morri-
- 20 Clearfield. Indiana, Cambria, and Arm-
- strong-Wm. Bigler. 21 Westmoreland and Somerset-Samuel Hill.*
- 22 Favette and Greene-Charles Black.* 23 Washington-E. G. Creacraft.*
- 24 Allegheny and Butler-Charles C. Sullivan, George Darsie.
- 25 Beaver and Mercer-Robert Darragh. 26 Crawford and Venango-Jas P. Hoover,
- 27 Erie-James D. Dunlap, * [to fill vacancy occasioned by resignation of Elijah Bab
- F8 Warren, Jefferson, Clarion, Potter and M'Kean-James L. Gillis.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Adams-John Brough. Allegheny—Alex. Hilands, Daniel M Cur-dy, T J Bingham, H M Brachenridge. Armstrong-Findley Patterson. Bradford-Victor E. Piollet, John L. Webb.

Bedford-James Burns, George Chestnut, Beaver-Robert M'Clelland, Thos. Nichol-Berks-Jacob Tice, Michael Hoffman, Hen-

rv G. Stetler, Charles Levan, Butler-Joseph Cross. Bucks-Robert James, Michael Worman,

Wm. M. Armstrong. Crawford—Alex Power, Joseph Gray. Centre and Clearfield-James Burnside, S.

Chester-Wm Price, Philip D Thomas,

Geo Ladley. Columbia—Thomas G Funston Cumberland—A H Van Hoff, Joseph Means. Cambria—Michael Dan Maghehan.

Delaware—John Larkin, jr.
Dauphin—Michael Keller, John C Kunkel. Erie—Dyman Robinson, John B Johnson. -John Stewart, John M Pomeroy. Franklin Fayette-R T Gallaway, Alex. M Hill.

Greene-J V Boughner. Huntingdon-Alex. Gwin, Henry L Pat-Indiana—John M Farland.

Jefferson, Clarion and Venango-Robert Mitchell, Robert P Barber. Lebanon-John Bassler. Lehigh and Carbon-Jesse Samuels, Reuben

Luzerne-Wm. Merryfield, James S Camp-

Lancaster-Jacob G Shuman, Theo D Cochran, Thomas B Jacobs, Christian Bentz, George Morrison.

Lycoming, Clinton and Potter-A A Steuart. Timothy Ives.
Mifflin—Wm. Wilson Monigomery Llenry Dotts, Benj. Hill, Benj. T. Mallowell.

Mercer-Dawson Wadsworth, Thos. Pomc-Northumberland—Edward Y. Bright.

Northampton and Monroe—Hugh B Hine-line, Geo. Bachman, Peter Snyder. Perry-Eleazer Owen.
Philadelphia City-Charles B Trego, Thos

G Conner, Benj. Matthias, Thomas C Steel, Win W Haley.
Philadelphia County—Thomas H Forsyth,
Thomas Daly, David Bird, F W Weest,

Thos. S Fernon, John Kline, Joseph Eneu, John Rupert. Schuylkill-James Taggart, Geo. Bover. Somerset-Michael Zimmerman.

Susquehanna and Wyoming-David Thomas, Schuyler Fassett. Tioga-John C Knox.

Washington-Daniel Rider, Richard Donaldson. Westmoreland-J M Burrell, G R Haymaker, James Clarke.

Warren and M'Kean-Solomon Sartwell. Wayne and Pike-Richard Eldred. Union and Juniata-John M Crum, Jacob

M'Curley. York-James Starr, Wm M'Abes, Geo. S Muroby. Democrats in Roman-Whigs in italic-

new members marked thus (*)-Native American thus (†)

Arrival of the Steamship Hibernia.

The Hibernia was telegraphed from the station of the Merchants' Exchange, Boston, on in the morning, and not in the evening, as pre-Sunday morning, at 45 minutes past 6 o'clock. at which time she was 20 miles east of the lower station, and 30 miles from Boston. She arrived at her wharf in East Boston at 94 o'clock, bringing seven days later news from Europe, and making her passage in fifteen days. She sailed from Liverpool on the 4th inst. The Hibernia brought out 87 passen-

The arrival of the steamship Caledonia occurred on Sunday, the 28th ult., after an exexcellent voyage of eleven days and a half, including her stay at Halifax. The Great Westhe political Lettles—all pointed connections are severed, \$5.50. Wheat at \$1.10 to \$1.15.

Washington Irving had not arrived at Paris on the 30th Sept.

The corn market continues firm, and the fine weather which prevailed last week at the sailing of the steamship, having been followed by repeated and heavy falls of rain, the market. in the early part of the present week, acquired additional firmness, and continued so, with a slight drawback, at the present time. Large quantities of flour are daily arriving from the United States and Canada; and from the naure of the advices recently sent across the Atlantic, the supply from those quarters, there is every reason to believe, will increase. From the cause, at which we glanced in our last publication, the import rate on wheat has advanced to 18s .- the result of the inferior qualities

thrown on the market. The importanty on flour is now 10s. 10d. per barrel. In some instances, recently, Irish flour has receded Is. per sack, and Canadian 6d. per barrel, influenced by the large arrivals from the West, which amount, since Monday, to nearly 9000 barrels.

The Cotton market, which was dull at the sailing of the Great Britain, still continues in an inactive state. The quotations on most descriptions, except Sea Islands, have receded 1-8d per lb., and at the time of writing the market is heavy, with a downward tendency. The absorbing feeling in rail-way shares may have partially contributed to this, and the ris ing price of provisions, with the approach of inter, is also to be taken into account. The Committee of Brokers have declared the price for the present week to be-Bowed, 41d; Mobile, 42; and Orleans, 5d.

The produce markets are not so active as they have been. Rice is less in demand. Sugar has receded a little, with less inquiry, while the price of foreign coffee has improved a shade.

The rate of interest in England is rising, in consequence of the scarcity of money, superinduced by railway speculation. Some of the large discount houses decline to take any more oilis at an interest of less than three per cent. English stocks, which had receded about 4 per cent., recovered vesterday their former prices, and consols closed at 98 1-8 for money, and 981 for account. Exchequer bills stand at 45s. to

As the settlement in the share market has passed over tolerably well, speculation has ta-ken a new bound, and the new announcements are grasped at with amazing avidity. There has been little doing in the colonial lines, the rage being continued to the new projects in the

British Islands. The accounts received from the manufactur ing districts, since the sailing of the Great Britain, are of a satisfactory nature. In the great woollen marts of Leeds and Hudderfield, the stock of cloths on hand is somewhat small; manufacturers were busily employed, especial ly in the getting out of goods for the winter season. Prices seem likely to advance. The

flannel market at Rochdale is in a thriving condition; as is also that of Halifax, where the demand is good, and sales rather easily effected. For the Orleans, Merinoes and Coburgs, manufactured at Bradford, there is a

ready sale, at remunerating prices. THE HARVEST .- The reports which have reached us since our last, respecting the progress made with the harvest in the north, are not of a character to allay the excitement previously felt on the subject. The heavy rain which fell up to the 21st instant was succeeded by dry but unusually cold weather. Sharp trosts were experienced on the nights of the 22d ane 23d inst., and though the temperature has since risen, the shift of wind to the southward threatens a return of wet. The interval of dry weather has hitherto been of too short a duration too admit of much corn being carried. and the extreme cold has prevented that not before ripe making much progress towards maturity. It is, therefore feared-and not without reason-that the more backward parts of the kingdom may fare even worse than the south; and as the reports of the yield from the forward districts do not by any means improve as thrashing is proceeded with, the estimates of the results of the harvest become daily more discouraging. These considerations have had their effect on the minds of sellers as well as buyers, and, with a greater inclination to purchase, less disposition has been manifested to sell. The upward movement has, consequently, continued, and at some of the principal markets, materially enhanced terms have been

paid for wheat,
IRELAND.—The Tipperary Banquet.—At the late banquet, given to O'Connell by the Repealers of Tipperary, that gentleman, in the course of a long speech, made the following observations :-- '· Let the cycle but come round for England, (and it is coming fast,) Ireland will have her own again, and England will be obliged to ask for that alliance which we are now ready to make-an alliance of separate States under the one monarch, with our own Parliament to protect us, as the sole source of legislation for the country. Every opposition must shrink before the might and majesty of Ireland. Repeal will give to Ireland the waters of life pure and unalloyed, and unmixed with mephitic vapors. They shall be administered by a resident Parliament acting for the people-protecting and encouraging the industry of the land, and giving peace, liberty and prosperity to old Ireland." O'Connell has emerged from his mountain home, and is again on the wing. He has been lecturing a " Monster Demonstration" at Cashel, and his appearance at the Repeal Association has given a new impetus to the rent.

[From the N. O. Jeffersonian Republican, Oct. 8.] Late from Texas.

The steamer Cincinnati, Captain Smith, ar rived at this port yesterday, from Arkansas bay, via. Galveston: She left Arkansas on the 28th and Galveston on the 14th, and we have cor responding dates from both places. Papers from Washington to the 25th ult. have also been received.

Since the last accounts of the disaster of the Dayton, three of the wounded have died viz : Captain West, acting clerk of the boat; a cabin boy, and a soldier of the United States Army. The sad occurrence took place about 11 o'clock viously stated.

The steamer Neva, and the schooner Carolina (now H. L. Kinney) were near by. and rendered the first assistance to the sui-

There appear to be no indications of any hostile movements on the Rio Grande. Castro, chief of the Lapans, lately came to Corpus Christi in company with the Secreta ry of War and Major Hays, and, while in camp, was treacherously shot, though not mor

tally, by some anknown ruffian. A company of Cumanches was lately seen traveling in the direction to Matamoras; and a detachment of the dragoons had gone in pur-

The Cincinnati arrived at Aransas bay, from Charleston, on the 25th ult., with two companies of artillery. The ship Aransas had arrived with the 8th regiment of infantry. The ship landed her troops and departed the same day. General Worth, the commander, arrived at Arangas by the Cincinnati. The ship Hermann, with Col. Ringgold's corps of artillery. had also arrived. The United States sloop-ofwar Lexington, with seven companies of artillery, from New York, was in sight off Aransas, when the Cincinnati left. The barque Bachelor, from Norfolk, with two companies of artillery, arrived a few days before.

Things look more and more beaceful on the frontier. Mexican traders from all the principal towns on the Rio Grande were daily comng in to Corpus Christi, and the probabilities of hostilities were daily decreasing.

Capt. M'Lean with the steamer Lco. has gone into the Nueces.

There is no confirmation of the news, as stated by us yesterday, that the army was about moving on the Rio Grande. The Weekly News informs us that the dragoons will go up the Nueces for their winter quarters, and perhaps some of the infantry; a majority of the army will remain at Corpus Christi.

Colonel Kinney has rented his commissionhouse to the officers of the army for their quarters.

There are a number of vessels at Aransas, from N. York, Baltimore, N. Orleans, and other ports of the United States.

Lumber is in great demand at Corpus Christi; all sorts and kinds of merchandise find a ready sale. Potatoes are in great demand; sweet potatoes are worth \$1.75 per bushel.-Arrangements are making at this place for the putting up of public buildings for the accommodation of strangers, and for making other permanent improvements.

There are at this time a great many Mexican horses and mules at Corpus Christi, and large numbers are daily arriving.

General Taylor has spies constantly ranging the country to the Rio Grande, and is promptly informed of every movement of any

The Gulf squadron is now cruising to the southward, along the Mexican coast.

General Taylor has despatched Capt. Fulton of the dragoons, with about forty men, accompanied by the lieutenant of engineers, to examine the country above, on the west bank of the Nueces, and on the Agua Duice, in order to select a suitable place for the encampment. The troops are in excellent health and spirits.

Government has discharged from service the several small Texas sloops and schooners lately employed in lightering, having taken measures to purchase others.

The following extract from a letter from Matamoras shows the state of feeling there: " MATAMORAS, Sept. 13, 1845.

"Our latest accounts from the capitol are up to the 30th August, and state that it is generally believed that the pending question relative to the annexation of Texas will not lead to a war between Mexico and the United States. In the first place, the first outbreak of the passions has subsided; and now the exhausted state of the Mexican treasury, and the general apathy of the people. are two great impediments. We confidently believe that no war will result; and the proof of it is, that no Mexican troops have as yet moved towards this frontier.

TRUST TO BRANDRETH'S PILLS, take them so as to produce a brisk effect, and your sickness will be the affair of a day or two, while those who are too wise to follow this common-sense advice, will be sick for months. Let the sick enquire of the agents for Brandreth's Pills whether these things are so or not. Let them enquire of John Brownell and Wm. H. French. Containing among their friends and ask the same question. Verily if EVIDENCE is wanted it shall be procured. To the sick, let me say, use the

BRANDRETH PILLS Is the best advice mortal man can give you. Sold by J. D. & E. D. MONTANYE, Towarda; G. A. PERKINS, Athens, only authorized Agents for Bradford

THE "SUGAR COATED INDIAN VE-GETABLE PILLS," TRIUMPHANT.
AN OBSTINATE CASE.

Baltimore, Feb. 13th. 1845. Dr. H. W. Andrews : Sir .- The box of Dr. Smith's " Sugar Coated Indian Vegetable Pill," I purchased of you some two months past, I found in their application to my son (of about fifteen years of age) the most happy effects on the system. He had been for some years very delicate in health, and very much subject to Fever and Chills, so much so as to create slarm for his future health, and for two or three years we had to keep him from school most of the time. I am now frank to acknowledge the complete restoration of his health, and a fair prospect of its permanent enjoy-

The above gentlemen is a well known wholesale me chant in Baltimore. Dealers furnished at the New York College of Health,

179 Greenwich Street, New York. And sold by E. H. MASON, A. S. CHAMBERLIN, Towarda; HENRY GIBBS, Orwell; JOHN PASSMORE, Rome; J. E. Bol-

CAUTION.—As a miserable imitation has been made by the name of "Sugar Coated Pills," it is necessary to be sure that Dr. G. Bend's. Snith's signature is n every box. Price 25 cents

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Y virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Bradford county, to me directed, I shall expose. to public sale at the house of Wm Briggs in the borough of Towanda, on Saturday the 29th of November next at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following piece or parcel of land situate in Athens to Samuel Reynalds, on the south by lands belonging to tp., and bounded on the east by lands of E. H. Perkins, on the south by lands of H. Williston Esq., on the west by lands of Mrs. De Witt, and on the north by lands of H. W. Patrick. containing 120 acres same more or less with about 40 acres improved, a framed house and barn a small orchard thereon.

ALSO-One other piece situate in Athens tp., and bounded on the east by lands of Horace Williston, Esq., on the south by the Caton line and lands owned by Horace Williston, Jr., on the west by lands of Jacob Jones, and on the north by lands of H. W. Patrick, G.O. Wells & N. T. Wynkoop, containing three hundred acres with about thirty acres improved and a log house

thereon. Seized and taken in execution at the suit of H. W. Patrick vs. Asa Forest, Administrator of

S. D. Ruckman, deceased.
J. N. WESTON, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Towarda, Oct. 29, 1845.

Portrait Painting, by W. H. Perkins, ORTH SIDE of the square, in the room over J. C. Adams' Law Office—Col. Mix's block. Likenesses warranted. Transparent Blinds, of any size or pattern desired. June 18, 1815.

IST OF JURORS, drawn for Dec. Term and **⊿** sions, 1845.

GRAND JURORS. Wyalusing-I. Brown, W. Taylor; Windham-S. Bostwick, W. Barnes: Warren-R. Buffington, R. Cooper; Monroe--A. L. Cranmer: Athens tp. E. Curry; Sheshequin.—C. Chaffee, W. Lent, D. Horton; Canton.—G. R. Gleason, O. P. Wilson; Durell-G. Gordon, F. Homet; Asylum—T. Ingham; Asylum—I. Ingham;
Albany—D. F Miller, S. Stevens.
Granville—C. J. Parker;
Burlington—A. L., Pratt;
Wells—G. H. Shepard;
Springfield—H. Spear, I. Woodworth;
Smithfield—R. Tuttle;

TRAVERSE JURORS-FIRST WEEK. Fowanda boro'-M. C. Arnot, S. Hathaway N. P. owanda boro—M. C. Arnot, S. Brown;
Wells—J. A. Ayres, N. Shepard;
Windham—H. Arnold;
Granville—S. Bovier, M. A Porter;
Springhill—D. D. Black;
Ulster—A. Burnside;
Monroe—F. Bull;

Monroe—F. Bull; Columbia—W. G. Bradford; C. Keyes jr., G. Wolf, C. Merritt; Lifchfield—A. Crance 2d, J. Campbell; Springfield-F. Cole, S. P. Mattocks;

Albany—D. Chapman, W. Lee; Rome—J. Elliott, H. Mann; Canton-J. Gray;
Towanda tp-T. Gerould, W. R. Woodsuff, A. C.

Gragg; Orwell—H. Gibbs; Burlington—E. Godard; Smithfield—D. Hill, B. Tracy; Troy—E. Jennings, H. S. Lowman, W. H. Vand be; Armenia-L. Morgan, R. Mason; Wyalusing—H. McKinney;

Franklin—R. Morse; Warren-H. Newman, J. Sleeper; Sheshequin—P. Osborne, S. Sh Herrick—G. Perkins; Asylum-B. Quick, F. Viall: Ridgeberry—W. Seely; Pike—E. Taylor; Athens tp—F. A. Tyler;

TRAVERSE JURORS-SECOND WEEK, South Creek-J. Arnold: Canton-L. J. Andrus, J. W. Newell, J. O. Randall, D.

Palmer; Standing Stone—J. H. Badger, H. Gordon, A. Stevens; Springfield-J. Beach, C. H. Campbell, B. Newell; Windham—J. B. G. Babcock; Smithfield—J. Califf, J. Gerould, J. C. Pierce, Moses

Wood: Wood;
Troy—S, Case;
Athens boro'—J. Carner;
Albany—J. Dodge;
Sheshequin—Jabez Fish, G. Kinney;
Asylum—G. Fitch;
Towanda boro'—J. Harris;
Towanda tp—N. Gilbert;
Athens in C. S. Hardis and the control of Athens tp—C. S. Hopkins; Mouroe—W. Irwin; Burlington—W. Mitchell, E. Nichols; Columbia-P. Peckham, C. Taylor; Wyalusing-J. C. Vaughn; Rome-A. Wattles; Herrick-N. B. Whitmore; Pike-Amasa Wells:

SHERIFF93 SALIBS. Y virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Expons, issued from the court of common pleas of Bradford county, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the house of WM. BRIGGS, in the borough of Towanda, on Wednesday, the 22d day of October 1845, at two o'clock P. M., the equal and undivided half of the following described piece or parcel of land situate in Wells township, Bradford county, bounded on the north by lands of Alex. Roy and George H. Shepard, east by public highway and Andrew Austin, south by John Davey and James Kelley and west by land in possession of On Smith. Containing 108 acres, with about 40 acres improved, together with a saw-mill, two framed dwelling houses, one framed barn and one log

burn thereon.

ALSO—One fourth of the following described lot or piece of land situate in said township of Wells county aforesaid, bounded on the north by land of John Strong and Whitington Sayre, east by land of Silas Jones, Stowell & Grinnell, south by land of Alex. Seely and Lange 4. James A. Wilson and Daniel Strong, and west by land

of John Brownell and Wm. H. French. Containing about 280 acres.

ALSO—One half of the following described piece of land containing 1433 acres, bounded on the north by land of J. B. Strong, east by land known as the Johnson tract, south by lands of Stowell & Grinnell and west by land of Alex, Seely, Stowell & Grinnell, and Geo H. Shepard.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Evans

& Wilcox to the use of J. Lane vs. Elijah Stowell.

ALSO—The following piece or parcel of land situate in Ulster township and bounded on the east by the road leading from Towarda to Athens and lands of G. Fracy, north by land in the possession of J. Haven west by land of H. S. Welles, and south by lands of said Welles. Containing about seven acres more of less, partly improved, with a saw mill thereon erected, with a turning lathe in said mill.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Guy Tracy vs. Asa Forest.

J. N. WESTON, Sheriff, d.
Sheriff s Office, Towanda, September 25, 1845.

POSCIONISMESTE.

PHYHE above sale stands postponed until Monday the Harst day of December next, at the same place and time of day. J. N. WESTON, Sheriff,

Sheriff's office, Towanda, October 27, 1845. DMINISTRATOR'S SALT

OTICE is hereby given that by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bradford County, held at Towanda, on the 12th day of September, A.D. 1845, to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the house of A. Cooley, at Myersyurg, on Thursday the 27th day of November next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described property, to wit. 66 acres of land situate in Wysox township with 60 acres improved, with a framed barn and tenant house thereon erected, bounded on the north by lands belonging to the estate of Elliott Whitney, on the east by lands belonging to Whitney's and Asa Bennett, on the south by lands be-

Whitney's and Asa Bennett, on the south by lands belonging to Frank Shoemaker, Myer and Whitney.

Also—A Lot of Land containing about 75 acres, with about 25 acres improved, bounded on the north by lands belonging to to Asa Bennet, on the west by lands belonging to E. R. Myer and Robert Spalding, on the south by lands of Robert Spalding and Wm. Patrick, on the west by Samuel Chamberlin's lands.

Also—20 acres of land bounded on the north by lands belonging to E. Lewis on the cest by lands belonging to E. Lewis on the cest by lands belonging.

Angevine Bull, on the west by lands belonging to A. M. Allen and Robert Inman. Also—About 1-6 of a lot of land containing 17 acres. all improved, with a dwelling house thereon erected, bounded on the east and south by lands belonging to Samuel Coolbaugh, on the west by Joseph Conklin, on the north by lands of J. M. Reed or the home farm.-

Terms reasonable, and fully made known on day of sale.

E. REED MYER, Admistrator. Wyershurg, Oct. 27, 1845. TH'ALLAND TO THE

A the Susquehanua, on or about the 12th of Oct. a quantity of white pine boards supposed to be from the examination had; they consist of one platform 13 deep, 12 by 16. The owner is requested to call and prove property, pay charges, including the cost of this advertisement and take them into his own care C. M. GARDNER, WM. J. COLE.

Durell, Oct. 28th, 1845. MEDICINE AND SURGERY. R. JAMES M. GOODRICH has located himself at MONROE, for the practice of his profession. and will be pleased to wait on those requiring his services. He may be found at J. L. Johnson's tavern. Reference may be made to Drs. Huston & Mason, of Towarda. April 23, 1845.

BLANKS! BLANKS!

BLANKS! BLANKS!

USTICES' BLANKS, a full assortment just

neighbor and for all assortment just printed and for sale at this office.