### Wigwam versus Almack's.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.] up rode my old acquaintance Shahatan, with his rifle across his thigh, and gave me a very cordial welcome. He then rode on to show me the way. We left the river, which was foaming among some fine rapids, and by zig-zag side path through the woods, descended about half way to the plain, when we rounded a huge rock, and stood suddenly in the viliage of the Shawanees. You cannot fancy anything picturesque. On the left, for a quarter of a mile, extended a natural steppe, or terrace, a hundred yards wide, and rounding in a crescent to the south. The river came in toward it on the right in a superb cascade, visible from the whole of the platform, and against the rocky wall at no back, and around on the edge overlooking the plain, were built the wigwams and log-huts th the tribe, in front of which lounged men, wofen, and children, enjoying the cool of the summer evening. Not far from the base of the hill the river reappeared from the woods, and I disunguished some fields planted with corn along

than anything I ever saw. "Well, Rolfe and his party reached the village presently, for the chief had brought me by a shorter cut, and in a moment the whole tribe was about us, and the trader found himself apparently-among old acquaintences. The chief sent a lad with my horse down into the plain to be picketed where the grass was better, and took me into a small but, where I treated myself to a little more of a toilet than I had been accustomed to of late, in compliment to the unusual ospect of supping with a lady. The hut was ined with bark, and seemed used by the chief for the same purpose, as there were sundry articles of dress and other civilized refinements hanging to the bracing poles, and covering a rude

table in the corner. "Fancy my surprise, on coming out, to meet I the chief strolling up and down his prairie shelf with, not one lady, but half a dozen-a respectable looking gentleman in black (I speak of his Almack's acquaintance in the centre-the whole party, except the chief, dressed in a way that would pass muster in any village in England. Shahatan wore the Indian's blanket, modified with a large mantle of fine blue cloth, and crossed over his handsome bare chest something after the style of a Hieland tartan. I really never saw a better made or more magnificent looking fellow, though I am not sure that his easy and picturesque dress would not have improved

· I remembered directly that Rolfe had said something to me about missionaries living among the Shawanees, and that the gentleman in a black coat was a reverend, and the ladies the sisterhood of the mission. Miss Trevanion seemed rather in haste to inform me of the preseace of the cloth,' and in the next breath claimed my congratulations on her marriage! She had been a chieftainess for two months.

We strolled up and down the grassy ter race, dividing our attention between the effects of the sunset on the praire below and the preparations for our supper, which was goingo n by ine light of pine-knots stuck in the clefts or the rock in the rear. A dozen Indian girls were crossing and recrossing before the fires, and with the bright glare upon the precipice, and the moving figures, wigwams, &c., it was like a picture of Salvator Rosa's. The fair chieftainees. as she glided across occasionally to look after the people, with a step as light as her stately figure would allow, was not the least beautiful feature of the scene. We lost a fine creature when we let her slip through our fingers, my

Thereby hangs a tale, I have little doubt, and I can give you some data for a good guess at it-but as the ' nigger song' has it-" Tellous what dev had for supper-

Black-eyed pease, or bread and butter !" " We had everything the wilderness could produce -appetites included. Lying in the track of the trading parties, Shahatan, of course, made what additions he liked to the Indian mode of living, and except that our table was a huge might have been a traveller's meal among Turks and cast my eyes over the sacred city of Heijo should except, perhaps, that no Turk or Arab ever saw so pretty a creature as the chief's sister, who was my neighbor at the feast."

" No, indeed! For though her eyes were eloworld and turn Shawanee, sheihad no tongue for a stranger. What little English she had learned of the missionaries she was too sly to use, and our flirtation was a very unsatisfactory pantomime. I parted from her at night in the bigwigwam, without having been out of ear-shot of the chief for a single moment; and as Rolle break the next morning, it was the last I saw of about and have another look at her.

. The big wigwam, I should tell you, was as large as a common breakfast-room in Lon don. It was built of bank very ingeniously sewed together, and linds throughout with the most costly furs; eith the floor covered with highly-dressed bear-sking but After finishing our supper in the open air, the large curtain at the door, which was made of the most superb cold colored otters, was thrown up to let in the blaze of the pine torches stack in the rock opposite, and as the evening was getting cool, we followed the chievainess to her savage drawing room, and took coffee and chatted till a late hour, lounging on the rude, fur-covered couches. I had not much chance to talk with our heartlessness of London, and preferred the wilderness with one of nature's nobility to all the splendors of matrimony in high-life. She said, however, that she should try to induce Shahatan to travel abroad for a year or two and after that, she thought their time would b agreeably spent in such a mixture of savage and civilized life as her fortune and his control

over the tribe would enable them to manage, When my friend had concluded his story, threw what little light I possessed upon the undeveloped springs of Miss Trevanion's extraordinary movements, and we ended our philosophizings on the subject by promising ourselves a trip to the Shawanees some day together. Now that we are together in London however, and have the benefit of Mrs. Melicent's additional chapter, with the still later nows that Shahatan and his wife were travelling by the latest accounts in the east, we have limited our programme to meeting them in England, and have no little curiosity to see whether the young savage will decide like his wife in the question of "Wigwam versus Al-

#### Natural Gas.

We are indebted to the Kanawha (Va.) Republican for the following interesting notice of the wonderful natural gas fountains which abound in that valley, and are now turned so advantageously to account in the manufacture

"Three years ago, William Thompkins Esq., first obtained a steady and permanent stream of gas, of sufficient power, not only to orce the water up from the depth of a thou sand feet into the gum, but to carry it into the reservoir elevated many feet above the bank of the river. This saved the expense of the pump, which is operated by a steam engine. n a short time the thought occurred to his practical mind that this gas, which as vet, after having brought up the water ready for use. was only " wasting its fragrance on the desert air," or by its bruliant light of illuminating the works and the neighborhood by night, attractworks and the neighborhood by night, attracting the gaze and wonder of the traveler, could be turned to a still more useful purpose. He erects over the reservoir or distern a gasometer, which is simply a hogshead upright, into us banks, and horses and cattle grazing. What, the lower end of which is inserted the pipe with the pleasant sound of the falls, and the which conveys the water and the gas from the beauty of the scene altogether, it was to me well, the water running out through a hole in more like the primitive Arcadia we dream about, the lower end, and in the top is inserted a pipe that conveys the gas to the mouth of the furnace. Then it is ignited, and makes a dense and intensely heated flame along the whole furnace under the row of kettles, 100 feet long by 6 deep and 4 wide. This saved the ex-

Subsequently, Messrs. Warth and English. whose works are on the opposite side of the river from the one above spoken of, obtained: similar stream of gas, which has been used successfully in the same way; and more recently Mr. Dryden Donually, Mr. Charles Reynolds, and some few others, had a partial supply of gas to operate their furnaces in the same way.

But the most remarkable phenomenon in the way of natural gas here, and we have no doubt in the whole world, is that at the works o Messrs. Dickinson and Shrewsbury, which has peen exhibited for nearly two months past cyat,) and a bevy of nice-looking girls, with our In this well the gas was reached at the depth of 1000 feet. What the upward pressure of the gas to the square inch is, through the aperince, which is three inches in diameter, we are unable to tell, and perhaps it would be impossible to ascertain. It has never had a free and unobstructed vent. There is now at the bottom of the well an iron sinker, a long piece of round iron nearly filling the aperture; on thu are 600 pounds of iron, and about 300 feet of nugur pole, used in boring, in pieces of ten and wenty feet in length, with heavy iron ferules on the end, screwed into each other.

Notwithstanding all this obstruction, a stream of water and gas issues up through a copper tube 3 inches in diameter inserted into the well to the depth of 500 feet, with the noise and force of steam generated by the boilers of the largest class of steamboats. It is computed that a sufficient quantity of gas comes from this well to fill in five minutes a reservoir large enough to light the city of New York twelve hours. When we reflect that this stream of gas has, unabated, flowed up for nearly two noths, what must be thought of the quantity and facility of manufacturing it below! In the springs hard by, and in the other wells, (with perhaps the exception of that of one or two thers) there appears to be no diminution in the quantity at any place where it has hereto fore been known to exist."

### Monnt Sinia.

President Durbin, after he had visited this reowned and holy mountain, and had felt his nind filled with the vast associations of the spot broke forth into the following beautiful train of hought when contemplating the scene anew. with his pen in hand to record the sentiments.

"I have stood upon the middle of June, and ooked around upon their snowy empire-I have stood upon the Appenines, and looked abroad upon the plains of Italy-I have stood upon the Abhahian mount, and beheld the scene of the Fruit from Circago promontary, over the Cam-Eneid from Circean promontory, over the Campagno to the eternal city, and the mountains of for sale cheap, at buffalo-skin stretched upon stakes, the supper | Tivoli-I have sat upon the pyramids of Egypt and Arabs, for all that was peculiar about it. I polis, the land of Goshen, the fields of Jewish bondage, and the ancient Memphis where Mo ses and Aaron, on the part of God and his peo ple, contended with Pharoah and his servants, the death of whose " first born of man and beas in one night" filled the land with wailing; but I quent enough to persuade one to forswear the have never set my footon any spot, from whence was visited so much stern, gloomy grandeur, heightened by the silence and splittede that reigns around, but infinitely more heightened by the sacred associations of the first great revelation in form from God to man. I felt oppressed with the spirit that breathes around and seems to inhabit this holy place. I shall never sit down was inexorable about getting off with the day- on the summit of Sinia again and look upon the silent and empty plains at its feet; but I shall the little fawn. But to tell you the truth, I had go down a better man, and aim so to live as to forty minds between that and St. Louis to turn escape the thunders at the last day, which once reverberated through these mountains, but have long since given way to the Gospel of peace. I can scarcely tear myself away from the hallow ed summit, and I wish, I too, could linger for ty years in converse with the Lord.

ELEVATE THE MASSES .- The importance of making every man of our country a freeholder, cannot be, in our judgement, too highly appreciated. It not only places him beyond the tingency of poverty' but it indentifies him : better citizen, es well as a happier man.

When education is placed within the reach of the masses, and when they become owners of the soil, we need have no fear about the perpe tuity of freedom, or of institutions; the former old friend, but I gathered from what little she will give him a just conception of the blessings said that she had been disgusted with the to be derived from freedom, and the latter the strongest interest that can be made to perpetuate and sacredly preserve the same. The blessings enjoyed by the people, with a proper moral and religionos restraint, form the strongest safeguard against external and internal foes, than can in any event be made by a nation. Standing armies navies and fortifications are as nothing i comparison; these in the hands of a mercenary soldiery spread destruction for a time through ony country; but they are not the elements for building up and protecting permanently a country of freedom. Elevating the condition of the masses ought to be the great desideratum of our legislators: for, in the accomplishment of this. almost every great object of legislation is attain-

> Wisconisco Canal, Penn -The whole o the stock of the Wisconisco canal having been subscribed, work upon that improvement is also soon to be commenced.

> AN INSANE Ex-GOVERNOR. - Ex-Governor Percy has become partially insane, and to prevent his doing any mischief, was last week sent to the Cincinnati city jail.

#### ATHENS ADVERTISEMEN

New York their New York, their second stock of Spriand er Goods, consisting of a choice and generalock of all articles kept in country stores and will be id as cheap as at any store in the country for cash, fluce or approved short credit. Please call and examt our stock and prices. WELLES & SATTERLE. stock and prices. WEL Athens, June 9, 1845.

IN THE Ladies will find printed lawns, ind fain bal, zarnies, and prints for summer; and bombnes, aspectus and merino goods for winter dresses. Renotton & wersted mitts, gloves and hose; black black, striped and plain silks in patterns; if sale ery WELLES & SATTFILEE'S! June 9.

LASS, OILS & PAINTS-25 legs Puncar non Nails from 3d to 40d. 3-8, \$16, 12, 5-8 -5. 7-8. 8-8. 10-8 Duncannon round anisquate Iron band and thoop Iron of all sizes. Also, tons Lycon ing and Centre county Iron of all kinds and supes of cheap at WELLES & SATTEREE'S.

RAIN and grass scythes, scythe mathsgrain cra-dles and scythes, stones and rijes; lies, axes, rancs, hay and manure torks; Ames shove, spades scoops, harmners, hatchets and a geneal stor of hardware may be found at the store of WELLES & SATTRLEE. June 9.

EATHER Saltmarsh, Overtonet Ces best solo EATHER—Saltmarsh, Overtonic Cis best soic and upper leather—calf and kil skinslalways on June 9. WELLES & STTERLEE'S ARMERS.—20,000 LBS. OPBUTTER, enter in tolls or firther. in rolls or firkins wanted at he highest market

ce for goods by lune 9. WELLS & SATTEBLEE June 9. WELLES & OA. -
DOBBLS. LAKE SALT, at ten stillings per
barrel, cash, for sale at
June 9. WELLES & SATTERIE'S.

B BROADCLOTHS and Custmeres of I shades
B and qualities at very low piece, may thound at
June 9, 1845. WELLS & SATTEREE'S. SPLENDID stock of linen and cotton soods for -neck and pecket handkerehief's and blian craats of all grades, may be found at
June 9, 1845. WELLS & SATTEREE'S.

At the Head of the NORTH BRANCH CAML.

KINGSBERY & CO, at their old and one Electron of the "Athens Hotel," lave just received in addition to their former stock, a spiendid assortment of Faucy and staple Dr Goods, Grocerics, Hardware, Queen's ware, Boots, Soes, &c. which they offer at the very lowest prices for ash, lumber, or produce of most kinds. We ask our riends to call and examine our Goods and prices, andwe flatter ourselves that none shall go away dissatisfied Athens, June 25, 1815.

DOOTS & SHOES.—The largesussortmen ever before offered in this market, coprising in putt as follows:

Ladies' walking busking

kid and seal slips seal and calf pegged sips; a seal and calf pegged and sould bootees; rubber over shoes;

Mens' and boys pegged boots: pegged bragons; fine shoes; Childs' calf and seal bootees; Childrens' shoes of all kinds-

all of which will be sold cheap by
Athens, June, 1845. H KINGSBEIY & CO. ARPENTERS & JOINERS TOOLS, general Jassortment at H. KINGSBERY & CO. Athens, June 1845.

ed Grass & Grain seythes & Forks, all Quinne-baugh scythe stones, Rakes, Snaths, Ciales, &c., at Athens, June 1845. H. KINGSBERY CO'S.

Butter! Butter! NY quantity of good fresh butter ward, for which the very highest market price will thank.

Athens, June, 1845. H. KINGSBEF & CO.

PS. PRINTS of every varie and pattern from 5 to 25 cents, at
Athens. June, 1845. H. KINGSBER & CO'S. PS. BROADCLOTHS, Cassueres, & Sat-Athens, June, 1845. H. KINGSBIRY & CO. UMMER GOODS, an endless variey for sale at Athens, June. H. KINGSBERY & CO'S.

TON superior Oxford GRINDS CNES, just received and for sale by
Athens, June, 1845. H. KINGSBER & CO. Lawn, Printed Lawn, Lace Lawn, Junaans &coale cheap, at H. KINGSBER & CO'S

### THE TOWANDA F SAVINGS BANK!

NEW STORE, NEW GOODS AND NIW PRICES! G. E. FLYNT'S CO.,
OULD respectfully announce to he inhabitants of Towarda and vicinity, that we are receiving

an entire new stock of Goods, at

No. 5, Trucy's New Bbck,
Two doors below Tracy & Mosre, Main street, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Iron, Steel, Nails, Boots & Shore, and for the Ladies we have a good assortment of MILLINERY GOODS. Besides, Ten Thousand Notions, not to be enumerated all of which were purchased under the aut ion hammel expressly for this market, and will be sold without reseye, and Pos. tively Much Cheaper than at any other esablishment in Towards. All who favor us with a call, pay be assured that their interest will be to call again.

(F) Be sure you are right.—No. 5, Fracy's New Block.

GEO. E. FLYKT & CO.

Towanda, May 12, 1845. BOOT & SHOE MAKING,



TATILCOX & SAGE have associated themses in the Boot and Shall at 1 in the Boot and Shoi Making business, in the ugh of Towanda, and may be found at the old stand of S. Hathaway, lately occupied by Elkanah Smith, near H. Stephens' Exchange Hael, where they solicit a I. H. Stephens: Exchange Huel, where they solicit a share of public patronage. They intend, by a careful selection of stock, and by attination to the interests of their customers, to make as nea and durable work as can be manufactured in this portiol of the country.

They keep constantly on hald, and will manufacture to order, morocco, call and parse boots and shoes; Ladies' Gaiters, shoes and slip; children's do.; gent's caiters and numbs. &c., &c.

gaiters and pumps, &c., &c.

JOHN W. WILCOX,

PHILANDER SAGE. Towarda, May 14, 1845.

Fashionable Tailoring! EORGE H. BUNTING would respectfully inform the public that he still continues at his old stand on the west side of Main street, between Kingsstand on the west side of Main street, between Kings-bery's and Bartlett's stores, up stairs, where he may be found in readiness to all work in his line in a style not to be surpassed in Bradford county. Prices to suit the times. Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a continuance and hopes by strict stention to buiness and accommodating terms to merit patronage.

The Spring and Summer FASHION have just been eccived, and he is prepared to make gaments in the

most fashianable ma Particular attention paid to CUTTING, and warranted to fit if properly made up.

He has the latest Spring and Summer Fashions for

He has the latest Spring and Summer Fashions for sale. Towarda, May 14, 1845.

A FEW THOUSAND YARDS of those cheep Hosiery, Gloves, &c. &c., now opening att June 23, 1845,

REED'S.

Healing Ointment possesses this power to the fullest dily, the sufferer soon dies.



HE preceding figure is to represent the INSEN-SIBLE PERSPIRATION. It is the great evacuntion for the impurities of the body. It will be noticed that a thick cloudy mist issues from all points of the surface, which indicates the wonderful process going on within This research of the surface. within. This perspiration flows uninterruptedly when we are in health, but ceases when we are sick. It should we are in health, but ceases when we are sick. It should be the care of every one to see that it is not checked.—
Life cannot be sustained without it. It is thrown, off from the blood and other juices of the body, and disposes by this means, of nearly all impurities within use.— The blood by this means only, works itselfpure. The language of Scripture is, "in theblood is the life." If ianguage of Scripture is, "In themone is the fit it ever becomes impure, it may be traced directly to the stoppage of the insensible perspiration. It never requires any internal medicines to cleanse it, as it always purifies itself by its own heat and action, and throws off all the offending humors, through the insensible perspiration.

Thus we see, all that is necessary when the blood is stagrant or infested, is toopen the pures, and it relieves itself from all impurity instantly. Its own heat and vi-tality are sufficient, without one particle of medicine, except to open the pores upon the surface.-Thus we see the folly of taking so much internal remedies. All practicioners, however, direct their efforts to restore the insensible perspiration, but it seems to be not always the proper one. The Thompsonians for instance, steams, the Hy repathist shrouds us in wet blankets, the Honopathist deals out infinitissimals, the Allopathist bleeds and doses us with mercury, and the blustering quack orges us with pills, pills, pills.

gorges us with pulls, pills, pills.

But one object only is in view, viz: to restore the insensible perspiration. If this can be done, they say, we
will take care of the rest. It will be seen, therefore, that all physicians understand alike what is necessary to a recovery, how much they may differ as to the mode of obtaining it. To give some idea of the amount, and consequently he importance of the insensible perspiration, we will

state that the learned Dr. Lewenhock, and the great Boerhaave, ascertained that five-eights of all we received inhaave, ascertained that investigats of an we received the to the stomach, passed off by this means. In other words, if we eat and drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the insensible perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particles of the

blood, and other juices, giving place to the new and fresh ones, by carrying with it all the impurities within up to the surface. To check this, therefore, is to retain n the system five eights of all the virulent matter that nature demands should leave the body. And even when this is the case, the blood is of so active a principle, that it determines those particles, to the skin, where they form scabs, pimples, ulcers, and other spots; but if it is di-rected inwards, and falls upon the lungs, the consenuences are generally fatal.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold, the pores

are stopped, the perspiration ceases, and disease begins to develope itself. Hence, a stoppage of this the juices, originates so many complaints. It is through the surface that we imlabe nearly all our ills. It is stopping the pores, that overwhelms mankind with coughs, colds, and consumption. Nine-tenths of the world die from diseases induced by stoppage of the insensible perspiration. It is easily seen therefore, how necessary is the flow of this subtle humor to the surface, to preserve health. It cannot be stopped; it cannot even be checked, without producing disease. The blood and intestines must relieve themselves of all their wornout particles, and poisonous humors, and they must go

through the pores as nature designed.

Let me ask now, every candid mind, what course seems the most reasonable to pursue, and unstop the pores, after they are closed and let the perspiration flow, that the blood may relieve itself of its impurities! Would you give physic to unstop the pares! Or would you apply something that would do this upon the surface, where the elogging actually is! Would not this be common sense! And yet I know of no physician who makes an internal application to effect it. The reason I assign is, that no medicine within their knowledge, i capable of doing it. Under these circumstances, I present to physicians and to all others, a preparation that ins this power to the fullest extent . - It is Mc Alliston' All-Healing Ointment or the World's Salve. It has power to restore perspiration on the feet, on the head, around oldsores, upon the chest, in short, upon any part of the body, whether diseased slightly or severely. When tne perspiration is restored, it has power to penetrate the lungs, liver, or any part of the human system, and to act upon them, if they be diseased, by separating the inflamed morbid particles therefrom, and expelling them

It has power to cause all external sores, scrosulous humors, skin diseases, poisonous wounds to discharge their putrid matter, and then heafs them.

It is a remedy that sweeps off the whole catalogue of cutaneous disorders, and restores the entire cuticle to its

healthy functions.

It is a remedy that forbids the necessity of so many and deleterious drugs taken into the stomach. It is a remedy that neither sickens, gives inconvenince, or is dangerous to the intestines

This remedy is probably the only one now known, that is capable of producing all these great results. Its great value is in restoring at once, the circulation of the juices when checked, or disarranged by cold or other causes. It preserves and defends the surface from all derangement of its functions, while it keeps open the channels for the blood to avoid all its impurities and dis-pose of all its useless particles. There is a connection, harmony, and feasibility in all that defies contradiction. It is a simple, but wonderful principle that preserves in healthy operation the entire machinery of our being. It indissolubly holds together the surface and the internal viscera and the internal viscera and the surface. They are inseparably connected and cannot be disjoined. The surface is the outlet of five-eights of the bile and used up matter within. It is pierced with millions of openop matter within. It is pierced with millions of openings to relieve the intestines. Stop up these pores, and
death knocks at your door. It is rightly termed All.
Healing, for there is scarcely a disea-o, external or internal, that it will not benefit. It will be found the most
useful as well as the cheapest family medicine in the
world. I have used it for the last fourteen years with
success without a parallel. I have used it for all disease
of the chest, consumption liver and the west of of the chest, consumption, liver, and the most dangerou of internal maladies. I have used it in cases of extrem peril and hazard, involving the utmost danger and re-sponsibility, and I declare before Heaven and man, that not in one single case has it failed to benefit, when the patient was within the reach of mortal means.

patient was within the reach of mortal means.

I never, to my recollection had more than five or six among the thousands who have used it, say that it was amony the thousands who have used it, say that it was not favorable to their complaint. On the contrary I have had fundreds return voluntarily, and in the warmest and most pathetic language speak in its praise. I have had physicians, learned in the profession; I have had ministers of the gospel, Judges on the bench, aldermen and lawyers, gentlemen of the highest erudition and and lawyers, gentlemen of the highest erudition and multitudes of poor, use it in every variety of way, and there has been but one voice, one united, universal voice saying "McAllister your ointment is good."

Consumption.—Of all diseases, we find this the most

important, and concerning which we meet with the most opposition. It can hardly be credited that a salve can opposition. It can hargly no credited that a salve can have more effect upon the lungs, seated as they are within the system. But we say once for all, that this ointment will reach the lungs quicker than any medicines that can be given internally. Every body consents to the fact-that if healing medicine could be applied on the lungs, there would be great hopes of recovery. The difficulty is to get the medicine there. Now the Salve has the wonderful virtue of extracting the putrid hunas to wonderful virtue of extracting the putta na-mors from all external sores by causing them to dis-charge. In like manner it operates upon internal affec-tions by driving all the impurities through the pores to the surface. Thus with consumption, if placed upon the chest, it penetrates directly to the lunds, separates

extent. I need not say that it is curing persons of Con sumption continually, although we are told it is foolishness. I care not what is said, so long as I can cure several thousand persons yearly. If this medicine was in the hands of some patent medicine brawlers, they would make an uproar through the country that would be in-

supportable.

Scrofula or King's Evil.—This disease is really inveterate, and hard to be subdued. It is generally seated in the sides of the neck, behind the cars and under the in the sides of the neck, behind, the cars and under the chin, yet scarcely any part of the body is exempt. It sometimes falls upon the lungs and produces consumption. It is a dreadful circumstance, that this disease is transmitted from parents to children. The Salve will extract all the morbid matter by causing the sores to disextract all the morning matter by causing the sores to dis-charge; and then let then the Solar Tincture be used to divise it to one point, which done, a continuance of the Ointment will completely remove this disorder. This is the sofest and most effectual of any method. It should e adopted without a moment's hesitation.

Erysipelas -This complaint arises from impurities being driven out to the surface by means of the insensible perspiration, and lodging in the cuticule, forms sores, simples &c., it being of a caustic, acrid-putrifying na-ure. It only requires that it should discharge its viulent particles through the skin, and the difficulty will pass off. If suffered to remain, and driven inwards it is frequently fatal. Let the Salve and Solar Tincture be used as in scro-

ala and the patient will soon get well. Salt Rheum .- This is another obstinate disease but can be cured effectually as the scrofula. There is no

often took place. It cured the wife of a man who laughed in my face for proposing such a cure, and who now would not be without it for the best farm in the State. If any one will take the trouble to call I will give his name.

Desiness and Ear-Ache are helped with the like suc-

cess as also Ague in the face.

Cold Feet.—Consumption, liver complaint, pains in the chest or side, falling of the hair, one or the other always accompanies cold feet. It is a sure sign of drsease in the system to have cold feet. Some persons are totally unable to get them warm, and endure much suffering thereby.

The salve will restore the insensible perspiration and

thus cure every case. It is infallible for this. Asthma, Tightness of Breath.-If this disease is not hereditary and produced by the malformation of the chest,

the salve will cure it. Dyspepsia.—One would suppose a salve would not effect this disease much but the All-Healing Ointment

will cure two sooner than any internal remedy will cure one.

Sore Eyes.—The inflamation and disease always lies back of the ball of the eye in the socket. Hence the utility of all remedies that are used upon the lids. The virtue of any medicine must reach the seat of inflam

mation or it will do little good. This salve if rubbed on the temples will penetrate directly into the socket and infuse all its virtues upon the disorder. The pores will be opened, a proper perspiration will be created the disease will soon pass off to the surface. How easy and how natural! It is as perfect and valuable as

easy and now natural: It's as perfect and valuable as it is simple and philosophical.

Sore Lips, Chapped Hands Ac.—I sell a great deal of salve to Seamen, who say it is the only thing they can depend on to cure their raw hands, when exposed to the weather at sea. It acts like a charm in these comlaints. Two or three applications cures.

Pimples on the face, freekles, tan, musculine skin

ross surface.—Its first action is to expel all humor. It will not cease drawing till the face is free from any mat-ter that may be lodged under the skin and frequently breaking out to the surface. It then heals. When there is nothing but grossness, or dull repulsive surface, it begins to soften and soften until the skin becomes as oft and delicate as a child's. It throws a freshness and clushing color upon the now white transparent skin that is perfectly enchanting. Sometimes in case of Freck-les it will first start out those that have lain hidden and seen but soldom. Pursue the salve and all will soon dis

The reason for this wonderful change in a lady face is that it excites into natural and healthy activity the Insensible Perspiration, while it renovates and renews the surface, and leaves the skin in as lively and prices are exceedingly low. delicate a condition as the most fastidious could desire. It is put up in fine jars and beautifully scented on pur pose for the teilet.

Burns.-Life can always be saved if the vitals are not injured. I have so many testimonials for the cure of this complaint that I could fill a book. I suppose there is not a family in the United States, that would consent to be without this salve a single day if they knew its balm in healing Burns alone. It extracts the

is not an internal remedy in existence that will cure and call at these disorders as quick as the salve. It opens the pores on the neck and draws off all the inflammation and im-

Hernia or Rupture.—This salve has cured some very therma or Kupture.—This salve has cured some very bad cases of rupture, and although it might not all, yet it would be wise to try it. It is a peculiar complaint, but it may be helped some, if not cured entirely. I have not the shadow of a doubt that it would cure thousands.

That No. 3 can't be undersold \(\frac{1}{2}\) before the people,

That No. 3 can't be undersold \(\frac{1}{2}\) bere cent. much if the trial was made, who believe no medicine of the less 15 or 20. least benefit.

Two shillings worth would satisfy any one, whether it would do good or not.

If would do good or not.

Worms.—If parents knew how fatal most medicines were to children taken inwardly, they would be slow to resort to them. Especially "mercurial lozenges," called "medical lozenges," "vermituges," fills, &c. Even were it possible to say positively that worms were present, it is not safe. The truth is, no one can tell, inrariably, when worms are present. Of course the remedy is not applicable to the complaint. Now let me say to parents, that this salve will always tell if a child has worms. Let it be rubbed on the neck and chest, to keep them from going up, and then down on the bowels and they with soon leave. It will drive every vestige of them away. This is a simple and safe cure. No injury can away. This is a simple and sale cure. No injury can come of it in any way. But should it be choice, inflation of the bowels, or gripe of the intestines, it will efectually cure them as the worms.

There is probably no medicine on the face of the earth t once so sure and sale in the expulsion of worms.

It would be cruel, nay wicked, to give internal doubtful medicines, so long as a harmless, certain, and effect-ual external one could be had.

ual raternal one could be had.

Choic, Pain, or Infammation of the Bowels.—Let the salve be rubbed in and heated with the fire or hot flat irons, and all pains and difficulty will soon cease. Swellings of the joints, or weakness, or any affection of the bone, nothing is so good for as this salve.

Poisons .- I never knew anything so good as this salve. It causes the poison to discharge immediately, and leaves not the slightest cause of alarm. Poisons by nails, bites of animals, or burns, it removes when nothing else will.

Toilet.—I have it done up in fine order for the dressing case. Although I have said little about it as a hair restorative, yet I will stake it against the world! They may bring their oils far and near, and mine will restore the hair two cases to their one. These are no idle words for I am ready to back it with any reasonable amount Old Sores, Mortification, Ulcers, &c .- There is no efectual way of curing these, but drawing off the putrid matter. To merely dry it up would only endanger one health more. That some sores are an outlet to the in

purities of the system, is the only reason, because they cannot pass off through the natural channels of the Inensible Perspiration. If such sores are healed up, the impurities must have some other outlet, or it will endanger life. This is the reason why it is impolitic to use the anmon salves of the day in such cases. For they have no power to open other revenues, to let off all this mor-bid matter, and the consequences are always fatal. This salve will always provide for such emergencies. There need be no fear. It is perfect,

Broken Breast.—Persons need never have a broken

reast. The salve will always prevent it, if used in sea

Liver Complaint .- Persons having this complaint frequently have eruptions of the hands, face and other parts, and never once think that it arises from the liver. Their utter inability to remove these irruptions, proves their misapprehension of the disorder. Such must use it first on the feet, then wear it on the chest, and the

lifficulty will soon go away.

Illiae Passion or Griping of the Intestines.—This disease caused the tleath of the late H. S. Legare, Attorney General and acting Secretary of the United States. It is the stopping up of the smaller intestines, and some times the twisting of them. It is brought on by a neglect of the daily evacuations, or from incarcerated Her-nia. The pains are awful, and unless help comes spec-

The All-Healing Ointment would have saved the le of Mr. Legare and all others under similar circumstances
Corns.—If the salve is used according to directions people need never be troubled with corns—especial cut out by some trivelling mountebank who knows ho is doing more mischief than he can possibly repair. A little of this ointment put on now and then will always

keep them down.
Indeed there are few complaints that it will not ben efit. It is a Family Salve of untold value. As long as the sky rolls over one's head and grass grows upon the earth, it will be sought after, used and valued. As there is no mercurial substance in it, but composed entirely of vegetables it gives no good ground for appre-

We have full certificates, from all the persons whose names are here given, but not having room for them, we merely give their names, Nos. and the disease of which

Thomas Moshier, 179 Ninth-st-weak back; W W Thomas Moshier, 179 Night-st-weak back; W W Way, cor. King and McDonough sts-zoofe eyes; M J Way do crysipelas; Dr J Clark, 210 Stanton-st-ulcer. ated sores; Dr J Covel, 132 Sullivan-st-ague in the face; F R Lee, 245 Bowery—pain in the breast; Rev J Gibbs Dover-st-family medicine; Henry Gibbs, 113 Bowery—influenza; A Stuckey, 608 Fourth st-family medicine; F Conwing L & Contr. burne scale. bowery—inducting is Conway, U.S. Contt—burns, scalda:
Eliza Bunker, Flatbush—consumption; M.A. King, 100
Oliver st—burns; E. Kipp, 275 Second-st—quinsy; I.
Yanderpool Cherry-st—cancer; Burn Kash—piles; W.
E. Turner, 91. Ridge-st—do; C. Mann, Globe Hotel can be cared effectually as the scrofula. There is no difficulty in this disease.

Head ache, Ear ache and Deofness.—The Salve has cared persons of the Head-Ache of 12 years standing and who had it regularly every week, so that vaniting and who had it regularly every week, so that vaniting from took place. It except the wife of a man who leads to the control of th kins, Phenix Bank—do: J F Henly, do—caused by gunpowder; Dr Mitchell, 79 Mercer-st—broken breat; C D Jacobson, 199 Staston-st—rheumatism; B J Russell—do: E Willetts, 303 Part st—cruptions; E Röbb, 2007 Ph sell—do; E Willetts, 303 Parl st—cruptions; E Robb, 237 Blocker-st—agae in the face; C Frances, 39 Box-ery—family medicine; P S Judd, 657 Water-st—family ointment; F Otten, 124 Divisions—theumsism in the head; S W Robinson, 70 Bocca et—family outment; S Haariot, 45 Allen st—sore eyes; G Coward, 145 Division st—do; M Develin, 313 Water st—corns &c; P Demarest, 368 Hudson st—inflammation in the chest; N Achinson, Huston st—asthma; M A Burnett 168 Staffill the gaves included. N Weath 1290 chest; N Achinson, Huston st-assima; An Abun-ett, 66 Suffulk st-ague in chest; N Wyeath, 120 Di-vision st-bite of a dog and st-weak back; J Chapmah, 259 Division st-affection of the live; W Graham, 19 Hester-st-pain in the side; E Hamel, 19 Norfolk-st-chancous eruption; H Bingham, 84 Laight-st-pain in the breast; A Knox, 80 Laight-st-chapped hands; J Culver, 194 Stanton stulcerated sores; J P Bennett, sore throat, rheumatism G P Taylor, 46 Forsyth st-hvercomplaint; W Do kins, Huston-consumption.

Sold by H.S. & M.C. MERCIR, Towarda, and G.
A. PERKINS, Athens. [47]

# LADIES! LADIES!

A FIRST RATE assortment of Leghorn, Straw and other BUNNETS of the latest style just recor. ed and for sale lower for cash than you ever hought, b. May 26. O.D.BARTLETT.

May 26.

O. D. BARTLETT.

O. D. BARTLETT.

N. the 26th of April, on Main street, between Mr.

Conklin's and the Watering Trough, A Black Silk

Lace VEIL. The finder is requested to return it to
this office or

Towanda, May 5, 1845.

Not to be Undersold by any Live Man! ATHER than to have one cash customer suffer the subscribers have made extensive arrangements whereby all kinds of goods can be purchased at then real value. Economists are requested to call at the Sarings Bank and examine our stock of Groceries which we are selling at unprecedented low prices.

May 26.

G.E.FLYNT & CO.

Keep it before the People, NAT G.E. FLY T & CO. are receiving the largest and best absortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, and are selling very cheap. Keep it before the People.

That credit and lumber prices are high, and that can Keep it before the Pcople, That Cash will do wonders in the way of buying good

cheap. Keep it before the People, That G. E. Flynt & Co. are actually selling goods for cush, at prices from 15 to 20 per cent cheaper than they were ever known before,—call and see,

Keep it before the People,

knew its balm in healing Burns alone. It extracts the pain and leaves the place withouts sear.

Quinsy sore throat, Influenza, Bronchitis.—There is not an internal remedy in existence that will cure and call at G.E.FLYNT & CO's.

It is already before the People,

on the neck and draws off all the inflammation and impure juices, and a few days will see the patient well.

It is overeign in these cases.

Piles.—The salve acts upon the piles as upon sore eyes. There is an inflammation which must be drawn from the parts. The salve does this.

Hernia or Runture.—This salve has arred case area.

Hernia or Runture.—This salve has arred case area. It is already before the pcople.

It is already before the people, That one of our firm started for N. York, on the 7th ms It soon will be before the people, That No. 3 has received a large addition to their exten sive stock of goods.

Now Ladies and Gentlemen don't all come at once

we will wait upon you as fast as we can: we expect another clerk in a few days and will then try not be send our customors away for want of time to wait up June 10th 1845. No. 3 Brick Row.

Hemcopathic Physician. OCTOR L. PikATT, would respectfully inferential the citizens of Powanda and its vicinity, that will be happy to be of essential service, to those winced medical aid. From his experience in the systematical medical aid. which he adopts, he flatters himself that the communi will be well pleased with its effects upon the vane-diseases which "fiesh is heir to." His office can a found at the residence of L. E. DeWolf Esqr!

Towards, June 7th 1845.

TEMPOLITAN, Florence & Straw BONNE!

Of all qualities and prices. Chameleon Ribbots

Artificials, Ruches, &c. at the NEW STORE.

June 18.

O. D. BARTLETT

WESTAS, instructively a fresh supply of Spring 25.

P SAS just received a fresh supply of Spring and Summer GOODS which he pledges himself a sell as law for eash, as can be bought in this village of clean here in this longitude—and every afticle warners. od to be as good as it is recommended. Towarda, May 15, 1845.

- Competition in the Shade! FUST RECEIVED, a full assortment of superfuz French, English and American GLOTHS. To gether with a full assortment of medium, and low para black, blue black and fancy colors; fancy Cassimero. Sattinets of various styles and colotte, making an avsortment of Cloths complete. Also, Trimmings, of the best quality, constantly on hand. Purchasers of Cloths and Cassimeres will promote their own interest by caling at the New Store, where all kinds of Goods are siing unusually low.

G.E.FLYNT & CO.

HEETINGS.—Brown and blea. SHEETING, E
cadless quantity, just received by
May 12.

G.E.FLYNT & CO.

ROCKERY. A good assortment, just received G. E. FLYNT & CO.

June 4. G. E. FLYNT & CO. G. E. FLYNT & CO.

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Two dollars and fifty cents per annum; Fifty cents deducted if paid within the year; and for CASH acts ally in advance, Oye Dollar will be deducted.

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free of postage, to ensure attention.

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