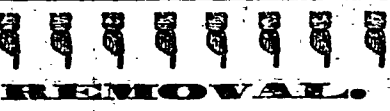


REPORTER

Wednesday, June 11, 1845.



The Office of the Bradford Reporter has been removed to Col. Means' Brick Store, (up stairs) entrance on the North side.

Our own Affairs.

The present number closes the 5th volume of the Reporter. In fulfillment of the notice given to our patrons a few weeks since, we shall commence the next volume on a sheet of double medium size, which will give to our readers an additional quantity of reading matter, nearly equal to an entire page of our present size. To do this we have been obliged to purchase a new press, a new font of type, and incur other heavy expenses. To meet these expenses we ask of our patrons, who are in arrears, that they come to our aid with the ready—we shall expect it of them, and they MUST do it.

TEXAS.—President Jones has issued his proclamation calling a convention of delegates to assemble on the 4th of July next, to decide finally upon the proposition for annexation; and to adopt a constitution with a view to the admission of Texas as one of the States of the American Union. The election of delegates was to have been held on the 4th inst.

The New Orleans Picayune in noticing the subject says:—"It would seem that the executive is cutting his wisdom teeth at last—we use the word seem to denote that the doubt which the previous course of President Jones had created has not been removed from our mind; nor should any one relapse into a state of security and confidence until 'it is finished.'"

DESTRUCTIVE TORNADO AND HAIL STORM.—A violent and most destructive tornado and hail storm occurred in De Soto county, Miss., on the 13th ult., destroying everything in its course. It passed over Southall, Manning, Stokes, Smith, Alanson Trigg's (recently Col. Felix Lewis') plantation. On most of these and other plantations, the young cotton, corn, garden, and other plants are entirely destroyed; Mr. Trigg had 250 acres of corn, &c., entirely ruined; in some places 100 to 200 trees were blown down on a single acre; and not a leaf is left on tree or shrub. The hail was near three inches deep on the ground in the morning, and birds, killed by the hail, were scattered over the ground. The hail stones are represented as having been, on an average, larger than ounce bullets, or as large as partridge eggs. The hail in some places lay in drifts near three feet high.

HEALTH OF MR. DORR.—The Providence Gazette of Monday says:—"We are pained to announce, that the health of this gentleman is probably worse than it has ever been before, since his confinement. He is bent nearly double, with his old enemy the rheumatism; and if not soon restored to a healthful atmosphere, must pay the debt of nature. In consequence of this information, touching the present condition of the prisoner, there are increased reasons, why his friends should be moving, and speedily for his restoration to the world."

TENNESSEE.—The canvass for Governor is going on this State with a spirit that shows that the democracy is wide awake to its importance. A. V. Brown, Esq., the democratic candidate, and Ephraim H. Foster, Esq., the whig candidate, are traveling over the State together, and addressing the people.—The democratic papers express the greatest confidence in the election of Mr. Brown. The election takes place in August next.

LAW.—Who can depend, says the New York Sun, upon the results of a suit at law? The strongest case takes sometimes a contrary course. The United States commenced a suit against the administrators of Wm. Hogan, deceased, of New York, formerly a Consul in South America, for \$2,000.—The case was tried in the U. S. Court, a few days ago, and the jury returned a verdict in favor of the defendant, for \$22,539.

WYOMING IRON WORKS.—The Luzerne Democrat says this extensive iron manufactory is now in operation.—These works are owned by Thatcher T. Payne, Esq., of New York, and are leased by Messrs. Murdock, Leavitt & Co., of the same city, for manufacturing the pigs made at their furnace in Danville. The mill is situate in South Wilkes-barre, about a mile from the Court House, and right at the crossing point of the Lehigh Company's Railroad, and the North Branch Canal.—There is a fine farm attached to the mill property, and a large number of houses are already erected for the accommodation of their workmen. Our readers can form some opinion of the extent of the work, from the following facts. We believe it is one of the largest rolling mills in the country.

The size of the mill on the ground, is 285 by 184 feet. The refiners are 50 by 59 feet. The nail factory is 75 by 44 feet.

In the mill are two engines, one of 90 and one of 60 horse power. The larger one drives two sheet iron mills, forge rolls hammer; and it is contemplated to add to this machinery, one of Burden's rotary squeezers.

The smaller one drives a large merchant mill, a rod and hoop mill, fans for the furnaces and blowing cylinders for smeltery, &c.

The number of hands employed in the mill is now 250. There are 9 heating furnaces, 7 double puddling furnaces.

Attached to one of the refiners, constructed on a new plan, and capable of making 20 tons per day of refined iron, is a melting furnace tapping into the refinery.

The nail machines, twenty-five in number, are driven by an engine of twenty-five horse power; they now produce 30 tons of nails per week, 1,550 tons per annum, and give employment to 31 men.

The yearly products of the works, in manufactured iron and nails, without any further additions, will be about 8,000 tons.

Each of the large furnaces of Danville, yield 90 tons, and the smaller one 50, making 230 tons per week—and 11,960 tons per year. Deducting one-fourth of this amount for castings made at the taps, will leave in pigs 8,970 tons. Allowing a loss of 17 per cent. (and it varies from 15 to 17) on 8970 of pigs in manufacturing it into merchant iron, would be 1,524 tons; so that the product of the three furnaces in pigs, would yield in merchant iron 7,446 tons—or not an amount sufficient to supply this one mill.

The yearly consumption of coal in the works is estimated at 14,000 tons, at a cost, delivered, say of \$1 12½ per ton. This estimate will put into the hands of the coal men, yearly, \$15,750.

THE BURNT DISTRICT.—The Pittsburgh Post of Monday, says:—"The appearance of many portions of the burnt district is undergoing a rapid change, and in the course of a few months the most valuable parts of it will present a very different aspect.—Along Wood street there are some blocks, the length of a whole square, built up to the first and second stories, and in a few weeks more they will be under roof. A number of buildings are already finished, and preparations are making for several hundreds more.—Before winter sets in, we expect that the burnt district will present the appearance of a handsome new town; and in the course of a year or two it will be as completely annexed to the other portions of the city as it was before the 'Union was dissolved' by the fire of the 10th of April."

GENERAL JACKSON'S HEALTH.—The Union of Tuesday night says:—"The rumor of the death of this distinguished man turns out, as we suspected, to be false. Gen. R. Armstrong our consul to Liverpool, arrived last evening at Washington, direct from Nashville.—He was at the Hermitage, in company with Dr. Felix Robertson, on the 15th, 16th, and 17th instant. The General's health appeared to be nearly the same as it was when he wrote the President on the 9th—his mind, voice, and senses, all unimpaired."

Gen. Armstrong is on his way to Liverpool: He is accompanied by his son-in-law, Capt. A. Harris, formerly of the United States army; his son, Mr. James Armstrong; and his daughter, Miss Armstrong."

[For the Bradford Reporter.]

To the voters of Bradford County:

As the time is fast approaching when we as a free-people will be called upon to deposit in the ballot-box our votes for persons to fill the various offices of this County, I would therefore suggest the propriety of our considering well our course before it be too late, as to the selections that are about to be made; I think we should endeavor to get honest, upright men—such as look to the interest of the many and not the few—may we do as did our Fathers in the good old days of Democracy. Now I recommend as the Eastern candidate for Representative, Doctor ABEL FAIRCHILD, of Pike, as being well qualified for that office. He, I think, is just the man we want at the present time. We have, as it so happens, fallen upon the days of buying and selling votes, and Doctor Fairchild is the man that will not be bought by British nor American Gold; he is a practical Farmer—one that labors with his own hands for the Bread that he eats, and well knows the wants of the Farmer, the Mechanic, the day laborer, and in a word of the whole community;—he is a Democrat in every sense of the word; he has stood by the Democratic party from first to last; he is one of those kind of Democrats that would not go for the fleece entirely as has been the case with too many of our modern office holders.—Should I undertake to enumerate the evils that have fallen upon us by wrong Legislation, I should fail in the attempt. Well, what is the reason? Why, the plain reason is, we have had too many silk-stocking officers. Fellow citizens, let us wake up to the subject, and get more Washingtons and Jeffersons to fill the different offices; why will we be duped any longer by political Demagogues that make it their business to shake the people privately and publicly? Let us shake ourselves from this lethargy, and let every democrat be at his post when the proper time arrives for us to make our selections. Parents, to you I now appeal! Are not our children looking to us for protection? and how shall we do this unless we protect our free Constitution, by placing such men in office as are Democratic to the backbone, not only in word but in deed:—let us have for our motto, Liberty for the poor as well as the rich. Now, fellow-democrats, let us bear it in mind that Doctor Fairchild is to have a boost at the next general election, and by boosting him we give ourselves and children a boost towards freedom.

LABORER.

DESTRUCTIVE AVALANCHE IN SOUTH AMERICA AND LOSS OF LIFE.—By way of Kingston, Jamaica, it is learned through passengers from South America that a report prevailed, previous to their departure, of a fearful avalanche, the effects of which had been felt on both the Atlantic and Pacific sides of the great and central Cordillera of the Andes. The snow descended in fearful quantities from the Paramode Ruiz, which is situated on the western side of the plains of Mariquita, and from one hundred and fifty to two hundred miles west of Bogota, and destroyed a large and populous district. It is supposed that twelve hundred lives have been sacrificed by this dreadful calamity.

A CURIOSITY.—A curiosity is now being exhibited in Albany. It is the vertebra of an animal called by the naturalists the Zuyglycon—a creature which must have been half alligator and half whale. It was discovered embedded in a chalk formation on the banks of the Alabama river, and was boxed up and sent to professor Emmons of Albany. The vertebra, extending from a portion of the head to the tip of the tail, is eighty feet in length, as it lies upon the floor. The creature must have been in life from ninety to a hundred feet long.

SINGULAR CASE.—Mr. Hector Perkins, of Baltimore, who was wounded in the battle of Chippewa, thirty years ago, had to have his leg amputated on the 25th inst. For nearly thirty-one years he has suffered occasional pain, but for several months past he has suffered most intensely, until, at last, he consented to lose his leg. He has been doing well since the amputation.

BUNKER HILL MONUMENT GROUNDS.—A large number of workmen are busily engaged, in grading, laying out paths and adorning this sacred and beautiful spot, by planting rows of shrubbery around it.

News from all Nations.

The Democrats of Tioga county have recommended at a public meeting, the Hon. JOHN RYON as a candidate for Canal Commissioner.—The Dublin Pilot says—"The first blow that is struck between England and the United States, the former loses her West India possessions, Canada, her claims on Oregon, and her foot hold on Ireland.—The Albany Citizen of Friday evening says:—"We have a rumor, based on good authority, that Dr. Potter accepts the Bishopric of Pennsylvania.—We learn from the New York papers that a fire occurred in that city on Sunday morning last, by which one hundred houses and twenty-five horses were burned, and about four hundred families rendered houseless and destitute. The great portion of the buildings burned were poor shanties, occupied mostly by Irish families.—A destructive fire occurred in Quebec on Wednesday last. About ten thousand souls have by this event been left without houses or home, having lost almost every thing they had.—The actual public debt of Texas, the Journal of Commerce says, is between \$12,000,000 and \$13,500,000; the country is extremely prosperous; business good; the products of the earth abundant; and the currency unquestionable, consisting of gold and silver.—Dr. Jackson, in a paper on the copper mines of Lake Superior, states that the copper ore of that region is largely mixed with silver, particularly in the valuable mine on Eagle River. In a ton of the rock ore, as delivered by the miner on the bank, he found by analysis that there was the following value: of silver, \$87 25; copper, \$42 10; total value, \$129 35. So that it was more properly a silver than a copper mine. He has some very fine specimens of the silver and copper obtained from that place.—According to the late census of German States, included in the Customs Union, the population, which was twenty-seven and a half millions, has increased 875,000 souls in three years, or by 24-100 per cent.—The Providence Herald says—We learn that the parents of Governor Dorr on Thursday last availed themselves of a permission to visit their son in prison, and they found him in a very bad state of health.—J. Fenimore Cooper is about to commence another libel suit against Thurlow Weed.—There were not less than 3000 bushels of strawberries offered for sale at the Baltimore markets on Saturday the 24th ult. They sold from 4 to 8 cents per quart.—Hon. George M'Duffie, United States Senator from South Carolina, was attacked with paralysis on the 21st inst., at Abbeville. He has lost the use of one side and his speech.—The Boston city debt is now one million one hundred and sixty-three thousand two hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-two cents.—Six Odd Fellows have been excommunicated by the Baptist Church in Unionville, Washington county, on account of the supposed inconsistency of the tenets of their Order with a religious profession.—Ohio has a population of about 1,800,000; Virginia has about 1,250,000. The former produces 5,000,000 bushels more of wheat than the latter—more than twice as much barley, and one third more of oats.—In New Orleans, on the 10th inst., Allen Jones was fined \$1000, and J. J. Bryant \$2000, (being his second offence), for violations of the laws against gambling, and to remain in prison till the fines were paid. All the gambling apparatus was confiscated.—On Saturday or Sunday, week, a German named Christian Behmer, just arrived in this country, had his trunk, containing about \$2000 in money, broken open at the Transportation Depot of Bingham, Dock & Stratton, Market street, and the whole of the money, which was in gold, stolen.—The number of deaths in Philadelphia last week was 106.—Of consumption 13; inflammations 20; convulsions 13; dropsy 7; small pox 3; scarlet fever 2, &c. Adults 37—children 69.—Maj. Gen. Patterson has returned to Philadelphia from his second Rocky Mountain hunting expedition. He is in excellent health and spirits.—Thaddeus Stevens, of Lancaster, lately tried an important case on the subject of a Bank, for which it is said, he received the delicate compliment of \$5,000.—The real name of "Fanny Forrester," the writer, is Miss Chubbuck.

Foreign News.

The steamship Cambria, Captain Jenkins, arrived at Boston on Sunday night, at half past 9 o'clock, in the unparalleled time of only 32 days from Liverpool. This is the shortest passage ever made from Liverpool to Boston at this season of the year.

Several ice islands were seen by the Cambria.

The Cambria brings dates to the 20th of May from Liverpool, and to the 19th from London.

She brings out ninety-two passengers from Liverpool, and seventeen from Halifax. Dan Marble among the number.

There was no change in the cotton market from the 17th to the 20th.

A line of packets to run between Southampton and New York has been formed. The first vessel will leave the former place on the 10th inst.

The India and Chinese markets have improved, and as they form, at present, the great outlet for our products, the home trade promises to exhibit, for some time to come, more than its wonted activity. The produce markets, generally, are in a healthy state.

THE FUNDS.—As if by common consent, the apprehensions of a collision between Great Britain and the United States, respecting the Oregon question, have all but died away and the natural effect upon the Public Securities has been to enhance prices. As yet, however, the advance is comparatively limited—say from 3-8 to 1/2 per cent. There is, however, always a wheel within a wheel in political affairs.

Prince Albert will return the visit of the Emperor of Russia during the summer, and present himself to the Czar in St. Petersburg. A visit to Belgium, and another to Germany, by the Queen and her consort, are also said to be determined soon.

The Queen, it is now fully determined upon, will not visit Ireland this year.

Poland is still in a disturbed state; at Warsaw the prisons are daily increasing the number of their victims. The espionage is more rigorous than ever; and the danger of correspondence by letter is greatly augmented.

In a Hungarian paper there appears an announcement that two hundred Bohemian families are to be sold in parcels of not less than five families in a lot. The sale is to take place at Bucharest.

Douglas Jerrold is the writer of Mrs. Caudle's famed "Curtain Lectures" in Punch.

In the 22 cantons of Switzerland there are 1,278,100 Protestants, 885,400 Catholics, 61 monasteries, and 53 nunneries.

The slave factories on the banks of the river Congo are said to have fruitfully increased of late. They are principally Spanish and Portuguese.

A letter from Lima, dated, January 9, states that the relations between the Peruvian government and the British naval commander, continued unsatisfactory as ever.

THE ARTIC EXPEDITION.—The Erebus, Captain Sir John Franklin, and the Terror, Capt. Crozier, discovery vessels, left Greenhithe yesterday for their destination. Each ship has been supplied with 200 tin cylinders, for the purpose of holding papers, which are to be thrown overboard, with the statement of the longitude and other particulars worthy of record, written in six different languages, and the parties finding them are requested to forward the information to the admiralty.

EXTRAORDINARY FOOT RACE AGAINST TIME.—A man named Maxfield, has performed the extraordinary feat of running twenty miles in two hours. He performed the feat in fifty-eight minutes and thirty seconds, on a wager of £200 to £100. He never "pulled up" once during the race; but was supplied with weak brandy and water, by means of a sponge, while he was running at full speed.

FRANCE.—We have received the Paris journals of the 17th ult., says the "London Globe" of the 19th. They do not contain any news of importance. Most of the anti-English journals have long leading articles on the last accounts from America, but, with two or three exceptions, they seem to think that the differences with this country will be adjusted amicably. Their opinion, however, seems to be founded chiefly on a belief that, to avoid a war, England will eventually give way on every point. According to these journals, the French Government is the only one in Europe of which our Ministers are afraid.—They seem to hold our sense of dignity in very cheap estimation.

GREECE.—Accounts from Athens describe the state of this country as anything but satisfactory. A great agitation prevailed in all parts of the kingdom and the people were becoming more and more dissatisfied and irritated with the arbitrary and violent system pursued by the Government.

ALGIERS.—Letters from Algiers, of May 6th, state that nearly 2000 mounted Arabs appeared, on the 28th ult., before Orleansville, and menaced an attack, but withdrew. On the 20th a serious engagement took place between the hostile Arabs and a French detachment. The Arabs were defeated with a loss of twenty killed and six wounded.

REMOVED.—The Post-Office in this borough, has been removed to Wood's Drug Store, No. 1 Brick Row.

TEXAS.—The great and exciting topic of the annexation of Texas is about to be brought to a close. We see by the last news, that the citizens of that territory have cordially accepted the proposal made by the American Congress, and are not only willing but anxious to be ranked among the independent States of our glorious Union. By the session of Congress it is supposed that her constitution will be in preparation, and her members elected to represent her interests on that floor.

GREAT FIRE IN NEW YORK.—About one o'clock on Sunday morning, the 11th inst., a fire broke out in the upper part of the city of New York, more distressing in its effects than any which has occurred in that city for a long time. One hundred buildings of all sorts were consumed, leaving more than four hundred families entirely destitute, many of the even of their clothes.

FIRE IN QUEBEC.—A terrible fire occurred in Quebec, (Canada), on Wednesday of last week. Ten thousand people were driven houseless into the street.

INSURANCE AGAINST THEFT.—It is said there is an insurance Company in New York, which insures against loss by theft, at a premium of one per cent.

NOBLE.—The citizens of Pittsburgh have declined receiving the \$50,000 voted by the Legislature.

QUEEN VIC intends visiting the continent early in August next.

RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.—Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are a most extraordinary medicine for the cure of Rheumatism and Gout, because they not only cleanse the stomach and bowels of those morbid humors which, if taken into the circulation, and thrown upon the membrane and muscle, are the cause of the above painful maladies; but they excite the absorbent vessels to take up that which is already deposited, and therefore, are absolutely certain to make a perfect cure of Rheumatism and Gout. A single twenty-five cent box of these Pills will often give the most astonishing relief; and perseverance according to the directions, will be certain to drive pain of every description from the body.

For sale at the store of J. D. & E. D. Montanye, in Towanda, and by agents published in another column of this paper.

Caution.—As counterfeiters are abroad, avoid all stores of doubtful character, and be particular in all cases, to ask for Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

LIBERTY MEETING.—Pursuant to notice previously given, a meeting of the colored citizens of Bradford county was held at Towanda for the purpose of calling a County convention on the 16th of June next, to take into consideration the propriety of calling a State convention. The meeting was organized by calling DANIEL GREEN to the Chair, and appointing J. C. JOHNSON Secretary, and after an interchange of sentiment the following resolutions were passed unanimously.

Resolved, That there shall be a meeting of Bradford county to take into consideration the propriety of the abolition question, and to consider with the adjoining counties so as to call a state convention.

Resolved, That David Miller, Henry Butler and Joshua C. Johnson be appointed to address the meeting.

Resolved, That the object of this meeting be published in the papers of this place and signed by the officers,

S. COOPER, Cor. Secretary.

ATHENS ADVERTISEMENT.

WELLS & SATTERLEE are receiving from N. York, their second stock of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of a choice and general stock of all articles kept in country stores and will be sold as cheap as at any store in the country for cash, produce or approved short credit. Please call and examine our stock and prices.

WELLS & SATTERLEE.
Athens, June 9, 1845.

Homeopathic Physician.
DOCTOR L. PRATT, would respectfully inform the citizens of Towanda and its vicinity, that he will be happy to be of essential service, to those who need medical aid. From his experience in the system which he adopts, he flatters himself that the community will be well pleased with its effects upon the various diseases which "flesh is heir to." His office can be found at the residence of L. E. Wolf Esq.

Towanda, June 7th 1845.

It is already before the People.
THAT No. 3 can beat the world selling goods cheap.

It is already before the people.
That the best goods and cheapest goods in Towanda can be found at No. 3 Brick Row.

It is already before the people.
That No. 3 can skin any Flint in Towanda without injury to one "jock knife."

It is already before the people.
That No. 3 can't be undersold 1/2 per cent. much less 15 or 20.

It is already before the people.
That one of our firm started for New York, on the 7th inst.

It soon will be before the people.
That No. 3 has rec'd., a large addition to their extensive stock of goods.

Now Ladies and Gentlemen don't all come to us, we will wait upon you as fast as we can, we expect another clerk in a few days, and will then try not to send our customers away for want of time to wait upon them.

W. H. BAIRD & CO.,
No. 3 Brick Row.
June 10th 1845.