

heavy burdens on their citizens, there is no reason to doubt: The sound, moral, and honorable feeling of the people of the indebted States, cannot be questioned; and we are happy to perceive a settled disposition on their part, to receive a return, after a season of unexampled pecuniary embarrassments, to pay off all their demands, and to acquiesce in any reasonable measures to accomplish that object.

One of the difficulties which we have had to encounter in the practical administration of the government, consists in the adjustment of the revenue laws, and the levy of the taxes necessary for the support of government. In general proposition, that no more money can be collected than the necessities of an economical administration shall require, all seem to acquiesce. Nor does there seem to be any material difference of opinion as to the absence of right in the government to the section of country, or one class of persons, or one occupation, for the mere purpose of raising revenue. "Justice and sound policy forbid the government to foster one branch of industry to the detriment of another, or to favor one portion of our common country, to the detriment of another." "The government is declared to be the common property of all our citizens, and it is the duty of the government to extend, as far as it may be able to do so, by its revenue laws, and other means within its power, fair and just protection to all the great interests of the whole country, embracing agriculture, manufactures, commerce, navigation, and navigation." "The government is declared to be the common property of all our citizens, and it is the duty of the government to extend, as far as it may be able to do so, by its revenue laws, and other means within its power, fair and just protection to all the great interests of the whole country, embracing agriculture, manufactures, commerce, navigation, and navigation."

The power "to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises," was an indispensable one conferred on the federal government, without which it would possess no means of doing for its own support. In exercising its power by levying a tariff of duties for the support of the government, the raising of revenue is the object, and protection the incident. To discriminate, beyond that which is necessary to protect the revenue, would be manifest injustice upon all other than the protected industry. In levying duties for revenue, it is not the duty of the government to discriminate, but to protect the revenue. In exercising its power by levying a tariff of duties for the support of the government, the raising of revenue is the object, and protection the incident. To discriminate, beyond that which is necessary to protect the revenue, would be manifest injustice upon all other than the protected industry. In levying duties for revenue, it is not the duty of the government to discriminate, but to protect the revenue.

serious objections have, at different times, been to the enlargement of our boundaries. These objections were earnestly urged when we acquired Louisiana. Experience has shown that they were not well founded. The tide of numerous Indian tribes to vast tracts of the country has been extinguished. New States have been admitted into the Union; new Territories have been created, and our jurisdiction and laws extended over them. As our population has expanded, the Union has been cemented and strengthened; as our boundaries have been enlarged, and our agricultural population has been spread over a large surface, our federative system has acquired additional strength and security. It may well be doubted whether it would not be in greater danger of overthrow if our present population were confined to the comparatively narrow limits of the original thirteen States, than it is, now that they are so widely scattered over a more extended territory. Its confidence, believed that our system may be safely extended to the utmost bounds of our territorial limits; and that, as it shall be extended, the bonds of our Union, so far from being weakened, will become stronger.

None can fail to see the danger to our safety and future peace, if Texas remains an independent State, or becomes an ally or dependency of some foreign nation more powerful than herself. Is there one among our citizens who would not prefer perpetual peace with Texas, to occasional wars, which so often occur between bordering and independent nations? Is there one who would not prefer free intercourse with Texas, to high duties on all our produce and manufactures which enter her ports or cross her frontiers?

Is there one who would not prefer an unrestricted communication with her citizens, to the frontier obstructions which must occur if she remains out of the Union? Whatever is good or evil in the local institutions of Texas, will remain her own, whether annexed to the United States or not. None of the present States will be responsible for them, any more than they are for the local institutions of each other. They have confederated together for certain specified objects. Upon the same principle that they would refuse to form a perpetual union with Texas, because of her local institutions, our forefathers would have been prevented from forming our present Union. Perceiving no valid objection to the measure, and many reasons for its adoption, vitally affecting the peace, safety, and the prosperity of both countries, I shall on the broad principle which formed the basis and produced the adoption of our constitution, and not in any narrow spirit of sectional policy, endeavor by all constitutional, honorable, and appropriate means to consummate the expressed will of the people and government of the United States, by the re-annexation of Texas to our Union, at the earliest practicable period.

Nor will it become in a less degree my duty to assert and maintain by all constitutional means, the right of the United States to that portion of our territory which lies beyond the Rocky mountains. Our title to the country of the Oregon is "clear and unquestionable," and already are our people preparing to perfect that title by occupying it with their wives and children. But eighty years ago, our population was confined on the west by the ridge of the Alleghenies. Within that period—within the lifetime of many of us, some of my hearers—our people, increasing to many millions, have filled the eastern valley of the Mississippi; adventurously ascended the Missouri to its head springs; and are already engaged in establishing the blessings of self-government in valleys, of which the rivers flow to the Pacific. The world beholds the peaceful triumphs of the industry of our emigrants. To us belongs the duty of protecting them adequately wherever they may be upon our soil. The jurisdiction of our laws, and the benefits of our republican institutions, should be extended over them in the distant regions which they have selected for their homes. The increasing facilities of intercourse will easily bring the States, of which the formation in that part of our territory cannot be longer delayed, within the sphere of our federative Union. In the mean time, every obligation imposed by treaty or conventional stipulations should be sacredly respected.

In the management of our foreign relations, it will be my aim to observe a careful respect for the rights of other nations, while our own will be the subject of constant watchfulness. Equal and exact justice should characterize all our intercourse with foreign countries. All alliances having a tendency to jeopard the welfare and honor of our country, or sacrifice any one of the national interests will be studiously avoided; and yet no opportunity will be lost to cultivate a foreign government by which our navigation and commerce may be best extended, and the ample products of our fertile soil, as well as the manufactures of our skillful artisans find a ready market and remunerating prices in foreign countries.

In taking care that the laws be faithfully executed, a strict performance of duty with respect to all public officers. From those officers, especially, who are charged with the collection and disbursement of the revenue, will prompt and rigid accountability be required. Any culpable failure or delay on their part to account for the money entrusted to them, at the times and in the manner required by law, will in every instance, terminate the official connection of such defaulting officer with the government.

Although, in our country, the chief magistrate must almost of necessity be chosen by a party, and stand pledged to its principles and measures, yet in his official action, he should not be the President of a party only, but of the whole people of the United States. While he executes the laws with an impartial hand, shrinks from no proper responsibility, and faithfully carries out in the executive department of the government to the principles and policy of those who have chosen him, he should not be unmindful that our fellow-citizens who have differed with him in opinion are entitled to the full and free exercise of their opinions and that the rights of all are entitled to respect and regard.

Confidently relying upon the aid and assistance of the co-ordinate departments of the government in conducting public affairs, I enter upon the discharge of the high duties which have been assigned me by the people, again humbly supplicating that Divine Being who has watched over and protected our beloved country from its infancy to the present hour, to continue His gracious benedictions upon us, that we may continue to be a prosperous and happy people.

SICK STOMACH.—Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, of the North American College of Health, are a certain cure for sick stomach, because they purge from the body those bilious humors which are the cause of headache, nausea, and sick stomach, weak nerves, lowness of spirits, and other distressing complaints. From three to six of said Pills, taken every night on going to bed, will in a short time remove every appearance of sick stomach; at the same time the digestion will be improved, and the blood so completely purified, that new life and vigor will be given to the whole frame.

For sale at the store of J. D. & E. D. Montanye, in Towanda, and by agents published in another column of this paper.

Caution.—As counterfeiters are abroad, avoid all stores of doubtful character, and be particular in all cases, to ask for Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

John Snyder vs. Samuel H. McAffee, Bradford Common Pleas—No. 524, May Term, 1845.

The undersigned having been appointed an Auditor for the hearing and adjusting of the several claims to the money raised from the sale of real estate, by virtue of an execution issued in this case, will attend for that purpose at his office in the borough of Towanda, on Thursday, the 10th day of April next at 1 o'clock, P. M., when all persons are required to present their claims, or be debared from a share in said fund.

U. S. MERCUR, Auditor.

March 6, 1845.

PROCLAMATION!

EACH and every person knowing themselves to be indebted to the late firm of MONTANYE & BETTS, are respectfully requested to attend to this last call, to settle and pay up by the first of June next, or their account or note will be left with a proper officer for collection, without further delay.

N. N. BETTS, J. D. MONTANYE.

March 6, 1845.

Joseph C. Powell, to the use of Hays, Elliott, Lyon & Gosh vs. Hiram M. Myer, Isaac Myer and Jacob Myer. No. 12, February T. 1845.

The undersigned, having been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Bradford County, an Auditor to report the liens upon certain real estate levied upon and extended in this case, will attend for that purpose at his office in the borough of Towanda, on Monday, the 14th day of April next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. All persons are hereby notified and required to present their claims or be debared coming in upon said fund.

E. W. BAIRD, Auditor.

Towanda, February 27, 1845.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued from the court of common pleas of Bradford county, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the house of Wm. Briggs in the Borough of Towanda, on Thursday, the 27th day of March next at one o'clock P. M., the following described piece or parcel of land situate in Wysox township and bounded on the north by lands of Caleb Shores, on the east by lands of Stephen Strickland, on the south by lands of John and Daniel P. Bartlett. Containing 100 acres, more or less, with about 25 acres improved, with a log house and log shed thereon erected, and an apple orchard thereon growing.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Shepard & Dorrance, now to the use of C. L. Ward, vs. Asahel M. Coe, administrator of the estate of John Atwood, deceased.

JOHN N. WESTON, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Towanda, March 1, 1845.

ATTENTION!

ALL PERSONS expecting to pay the subscribers in grain or produce of any description, must deliver it before the first of April next, as cash will be required on all debts due at that time.

W. H. BAIRD & CO.

March 5, 1845. No. 3, Brick Row.

CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEED, of the best quality, at BAIRD'S, No. 3, Brick Row.

DRIED APPLES & MAPLE SUGAR, any quantity, at BAIRD'S, No. 3, Brick Row.

Executor's Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Ozias Bingham, deceased, late of Wysox tp., are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having demands against the same are requested to present them, legally attested, for settlement.

HARRY MORGAN, Executor.

Wysox, March 4, 1845.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned will expose to sale at public vendue at the house of A. M. Coe in the borough of Towanda, on the 14th day of March, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the interest of the Towanda Bank in 420 SHARES of stock in the "Towanda Rail-Road & Coal Company." Payment will be received in par funds, or in notes of the Towanda Bank, and an assignment executed on the day of sale.

DARIUS BULLOCK, Assignee.

G. F. MASON, Towanda Bank.

W. M. ELWELL, Bank.

Towanda, March 4, 1845.

DENTAL NOTICE.

INFORMATION is hereby given, that the Dental Group of the Lerysville Phalanx has been duly organized, and work will be done in that business at the most reasonable rates. Where cash cannot be conveniently paid, the produce of the colony will be received at proper prices. Dr. Solomon Brown, of New York city, is at the head of the group. Work will be as well done as in any of the Atlantic cities. The Dentist's rooms are, at present, at Dr. Belding's near the Phalantery.

Feb. 17, 1845. L. PRATT, Secretary.

Listen to James M. Gillson.

WHILE he proclaims to the world that he has just received a very large and very nice assortment of Watches & Jewelry & Fancy Goods, which he will sell at remarkably low prices. Just call in and take a look, and see if he don't sell cheaper than any body else in town.

SHIPPING FRUITS purchased.

Towanda, February 26, 1845.

ANNUAL REPORT
Of the Receipts and Expenditures of the Borough of Towanda, for 1844.

RECEIPTS.

Amount on duplicate for 1844 \$585 13
On old duplicates 15 15
On rent for Engine House 12 87
On judgment against A. Martin 9 56
\$622 71

EXPENDITURES.

Labor done on the streets by Street Commissioners \$399 32
Paid for flagging &c. 111 73
Publishing Report for 1843, and notices to taxables 9 50
Special Election expenses 6 50
Paid for removing nuisance opposite the old Red Tavern 17 50
Trout & Smalley for smith work 10 53
Justice fees to J. D. Goodenough 1 03
Office rent 5 00
Exonerations to Collector 29 46
Collectors percentage 8 58
Treasurer's do. 6 90
Stationery &c. 43
Burgess & Town Council Clerk 25 00
\$678 48

BOROUGH ORDERS.

Outstanding orders 1st March 1844 \$494 02
Orders issued in 1844 225 36
\$697 38
Orders ret'd and cancelled in 1844 201 63
Outstanding orders Feb. 18, 1845. \$495 75

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Rec'd from collectors or duplicates \$167 44
" Street Com's and others 40 15
" for rent of Engine house 12 87
" A. Martin on judgment 9 56
\$230 02

ORDERS RETURNED &c.

Order returned & cancelled \$201 63
Treasurer's percentage 6 90
Account rendered for services as clerk to balance 21 49
\$230 02

POOR FUNDS.

Amount of poor duplicate for 1844 \$437 54

DISBURSEMENTS.

Paid E. Baldwin, as poor-master for '43 balance on settlement 170 40
Paid on old judgments 27 75
" for support of poor in 1844 111 31
" exonerations on duplicate 1844 1 41
\$310 87
Duplicate as above 437 54
Balance due from poor-master Bailey, uncollected Feb. 1, 1845 \$126 67

Borough of Towanda, ss.

We, the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Towanda, do hereby certify the above to be a true statement of the Receipts and Expenditures of said Borough, A. D. 1844.

E. D. MONTANYE, Burgess.
ENOS TOMKINS, N. N. BETTS, I. SMALLEY, Council.
Attest—N. J. KEELER, Boro. Clerk.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

Overton & H. Booth, respectfully inform the public that having recently formed a connection in business, they will promptly and punctually render their professional services in Agencies, Collections and other matters entrusted to their care; and they respectfully solicit, as they hope they shall deserve, a liberal share of patronage. Office in Main street, a few doors south of the Episcopal church, where one or both will be found during all hours of business.

Towanda, Jan. 13, 1845.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

WILMOT & STEPHEN PIERCE, having formed a co-partnership for the practice of law in Bradford and the adjoining counties, will give prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to their charge. Their office will be found in Towanda, No. 2, 'Brick Row,' on the second floor, where one or the other may be found at all business hours.

Towanda, January 6, 1845.

Ohio Grindstones.

A LOT OHIO GRINDSTONES, a good article for farmers for sale low at

O. D. BARTLETT.

Towanda, Feb. 26, 1844.

NEW.

A FRESH supply, making a complete assortment of IRON just received and for sale low by

O. D. BARTLETT

Notice to Delinquents.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons indebted to J. & D. Ingham, must make immediate payment by note or otherwise by the first day of March next. All persons knowing themselves indebted will see the necessity of attending promptly to this notice.

J. & D. INGHAM.

Monroeton, January 29, 1845.

BROOMS, Pails and Looking Glasses by W. H. BAIRD & CO. September 7th. No. 3 Brick Row.

Doctor Sumner, Dentist.

WILL make his next professional visit to Towanda early in May 1845.

Watch and Clock Repairing.

W. A. CHAMBERLIN. RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he still continues to carry on the above business at his old stand, one door south of Elliott & Mercer's store, and nearly opposite the Hay Scales.

Watch and Clock Repairing. Will be done on short notice, and warranted to be well done. From a long experience in the business, he believes that he will be able to render perfect satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

N. B. Watches warranted to run well one year, or the money refunded; and a written agreement given to that effect to all that desire one.

CLOCKS.—A large assortment just received and for sale very low for cash.

If you want to buy Jewelry cheap call at Chamberlin's Watch Shop.

MAPLE SUGAR, Wood, and all kinds of Country Produce received in payment.

Towanda, March 5, 1845.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Exponas issued from the court of common pleas of Bradford county to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the house of Wm. Briggs in the borough of Towanda, on Thursday, the 27th day of MARCH next at one o'clock P. M., the following described piece or parcel of land situate in Ridgbery township and bounded on the north by land of C. Merritt, east by land of M. Griswold and O. Root, south by land of T. Krumloff and M. Weeks, and on the south by land of Jacob Weeks; containing about 54 acres, about 30 or 34 acres thereof improved, with one log house, one framed barn and a small apple orchard thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of H. W. Patrick, to the use of Thomas Swan and Richard Dorsey vs. Samuel G. Rightmire.

ALSO—The following described piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Herick, bounded north by land of A. Stephens, on the east by land of O. Stephens, on the south by land of J. Goodwin, and west by land of — Kingsbury; containing about 40 acres, be the same more or less, about 30 acres improved, with one framed house, one framed barn and an apple orchard thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Jonas Ingham vs. Jonathan Stevens.

ALSO—A piece or parcel of land in Towanda tp. bounded north by lands of Jas. K. Kingsbury & Comstock, south by Myer and Monville, east by the Susquehanna river; containing 100 acres more or less about 35 acres improved, with a log house, log shed and peach and apple orchard thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Ziba Grist to the use of Benjamin C. Thomas vs. Seneca Simmons.

ALSO—A lot of land in Leroy township bounded north by Towanda creek, east by David Cole's lands, south by Barclay's lands, west by L. M'Kee's lands, with a small framed house thereon; containing 45 acres, about 5 acres thereof improved, more or less.

ALSO—A lot in Franklin tp. bounded on the west by Towanda creek, all other sides by J. C. Ridgway's lands; containing about half of an acre more or less.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Jas. C. Rockwell's use, vs. Henry B. Myer.

ALSO—A piece or parcel of land in Ridgbery township, bounded on the north by land of Henry M. Peterson, on the east by land of Sam'el Rouch, south by land of David Burt, and west by land of Isaac Miller; containing 60 acres, about 30 or 45 improved with two log houses, one framed barn and an apple orchard thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of R. E. Correll vs. Robert Miller.

ALSO—The following described piece or parcel of land in Springfield tp. bounded north by lands of Wm. Cowell and others; south by lands of Luke N. Pitts; containing 50 acres or thereabouts with about 30 improved, and a small framed house and framed barn thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of J. C. Sampson vs. J. W. Brown.

ALSO—The following piece or parcel of land in Smithfield tp. bounded north by lands of J. Geroulds, east and south by lands of J. Phelps, and west by the main road running south from Smithfield centre; containing one half acre more or less a meeting house thereon erected.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Farwell vs. D. Andrews and William Fairman, trustees of the first society of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Smithfield.

ALSO—A lot of land in Canton township, bounded south by lands of A. Taler; west by John Norris and J. Gleason; north by George Bingham; east by Z. Thomas; containing 70 acres, with about 8 acres improved, with two log houses thereon erected.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Sylvester Bailey vs. Joel Hall Jr.

ALSO—A lot of land in Canton tp. bounded north by lands of A. Bothwell and James Bothwell; east by lands of said Bothwells and Amos Wilcox and S. E. Shepard; south by the Williamsport and Elmira road; and the south-west by lands of J. Smith; 100 acres or thereabouts, 50 acres improved, and a log house.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Anthony Shorb, David Stewart, Wm. C. Stewart, Wm. M. Lyon, John Lyon and John T. Matthias, trading under the firm of Shorb, Stewart & Co. now to the use of S. E. Shepard vs. Joseph J. Single and Anderson Harvey, lately trading under the firm of Single & Harvey.

ALSO—A piece, parcel or lot of land situate in the borough of Athens, bounded north by Chester's brook; west by main street; south by Patrick, Clark & Satterlee; east by J. & W. Kendall; with a framed dwelling house; containing one-fourth of an acre more or less.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of John Spalding, to the use of H. Willington Jr. and F. Tyler, assignees of Geo. A. Perkins vs. O. R. Tyler, adm'r of D. M. Cook, dec'd.

JOHN N. WESTON, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Towanda, Feb. 22, 1845.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Bradford County, there will be Exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 15th day of January, 1845, at one o'clock, P. M., a certain lot of land, situate in the borough of Towanda, bounded and described as follows: on the North by land of Wm. Mix; on the East by River street; on the west by land of John N. Weston, and on the South by a certain lane leading from Main street to the aforesaid River street; said lot measuring 75 feet on River street and 112 feet on the aforesaid lane, with a two story frame dwelling house thereon.

Credit will be given for a portion of the purchase money. Attendance will be given by the subscriber at the time and place aforesaid, terms of sale more fully made known.

O. D. BARTLETT.

Towanda, December 16, 1844.

The above sale is further postponed to Saturday, the 22d day of March next, at the house of Wm. Briggs, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

O. D. BARTLETT.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have this day been granted to the subscribers of the goods, chattels, rights and credits of the estate of Arvid Clark 2d, late of Ridgbery township in the county of Bradford, dec'd. All persons having legal demand against said estate are requested to present them duly attested for settlement and all persons indebted to the said estate are notified to make payment without delay.

JOHN L. WEBB, DAVID BREWER, Administrators.

January 27, 1845.

CLOVER SEED.

A FRESH supply of Clover Seed, unusually plump and clean, just received, and for sale low by

O. D. BARTLETT.

GLASS & NAILS, for sale cheap in any quantity.

O. D. BARTLETT.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that never having received a consideration, we shall not pay (unless compelled by law) two notes of hand given by us to James Mugee. One note of fifty dollars, payable six months from date; the other for fifty dollars payable, in eighteen months. The public are cautioned against purchasing them as the terms of the contract for which they were given have never been complied with and we are determined not to pay them.

WILLIAM JENNINGS, JOSIAH NURSS.

Wyalusing, Feb. 17, 1845.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that the following classification of retailers of foreign goods and merchandise has been made by the subscribers, and that Associate Judges, and Commissioners of Bradford co., will meet at the Commissioners Office in the Borough of Towanda, on Tuesday the first day of April next, and remain in session two days, to hear those who may feel themselves aggrieved and are desirous of appealing from the classification herein made.

ATHENS BORO.

CLASS.	AMOUNT.
Welles & Satterlee,	10 \$20 00
L. S. Ellsworth,	10 20 00
Kingsbury & Comstock,	11 15 00
Chester Park,	13 10 00
G. A. Perkins,	14 7 00
Wm. H. Perkins,	14 7 00
C. Paine,	14 7 00

ATHENS TP.

John Watkins,	14 7 00
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ASYLUM.

John Horton Jr.,	12 12 50
Elmar Horton,	13 10 00

BURLINGTON.

Coryell & Gee,	13 10 00
A. & S. H. Morley,	13 10 00
Lockwood Smith,	13 10 00

CANTON.

A. H. Gaylord,	13 10 00
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DURELL.

U. Moody & Co.,	12 12 50
O. D. Chamberlin,	13 10 00

FRANKLIN.

R. K. Hawley,	13 10 00
J. W. Mercur,	13 10 00

MONROE.

J. J. & C. Warford,	10 20 00
Hanson & Phinney,	11 15 00
D. C. & O. N. Salsbury,	10 20 00
Rogers Fowler,	11 15 00
John Nagle & Son,	14 7 00

ORWELL.

H Gibbs,	13 10 00
T. Umphrey,	" "

PIKE.

Daniel Bailey,	" "
Smith & Little,	" "
R. Barnes & Co.,	14 7 00
I. C. Belding & Co.,	13 10 00
G. I. Norton,	14 7 00

ROME.

John Passmore,	13 10 00
LS Maynard,	14 7 00

RIDGBERY.

Clark & Coolbaugh,	13 10 00
Abner Roberts,	13 10 00
Coleburn,	12 12 50

SMITHFIELD.

Lyman Dufley,	11 15 00
ES Tracy,	11 15 00

SPRINGFIELD.

Eleazer Norman,	14 7 00
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SHEPHERD.

Allen & Storrs,	13 10 00
Horace Kinney & Co.,	" "
Welles & Nichols,	" "

STANDING STONE.

N. D. Warford,	13 10 00
Albert Newell,	13 10 00
II W. Tracy,	11 15 00

TOWANDA BOROUGH.

II Mix & Son,	11 15 00
Elliott & Mercur,	10 20 00
O. D. Bartlett,	12 12 50
J. D. & E. D. Montanye,	10 20 00
B. Kingsbury,	12 12 50
J. Kingsbury Jr.,	14 7 00
H. S. & M. C. Mercur,	10 20 00
C. Reed,	12 12 50
W. H. Baird & Co.,	11 15 00
Tracy & Moore,	12 12 50
J. F. Means & Co.,	12 12 50
E. H. Mason,	14 7 00
S. S. Bailey,	14 7 00
E. O. Halsted,	14 7 00
A. D. Montanye,	14 7 00
IS Wood & Co.,	13 10 00
D. Kellogg,	14 7 00
P. O'Slain,	14 7 00

TROY.

S. W. & D. F. Pomeroy,	10 20 00
Eli Baird,	12 12 50
O. P. Ballard,	12 12 50
Layton Runyon,	14 7 00
W. A. Gustin,	12 12 50

ULSTER.

Guy Tracy,	13 10 00
L. Truman,	" "
L. S. Ellsworth,	" "
William Gibson,	" "

WYALUSING.

John McKinney & Son,	14 7 00
Elisha Lewis,	14 7 00

WARREN.

A. Dewing,	13 10 00
Marcus Tyrrell,	13 10 00
B. Buffington,	14 7 00
Robert Cooper,	14 7 00

And every seller or vendor of wines or distilled liquors as aforesaid shall pay for his license, fifty per cent. in addition to the foregoing classification.

D. M. BULL, Associate Judge.
D. BRINK, D. TOWNER, J. PUTNAM, } Com's.
Commissioner's Office, Towanda, Feb. 15, 1845.

FIRST CALL!

IF the subscriber to my old friends and the public generally, who wish good Cake or Bread, if they will fetch a grist of Wheat, Rye, Corn or Buckwheat to the old Overton Mill, which has been lately fitted up new for doing as good work as can be done in the State, none excepted. If you do not believe this, call and try, and I will prove it to your satisfaction, on short notice; only come, and you shall be satisfied.

A. B. SMITH.

Ulster, December 16, 1844.