

# How to Coax a Husband.

BY MISS JULIA A. FLETCHER.

## CHAPTER I.

"How happy you must be," said the young Estelle to her cousin, Mrs. Reed Williams, the bride of a year. "You have one of the best husbands, the handsomest house, and the prettiest location in our beautiful city. Then the furniture is really superb; it seems to me that I would almost get married myself could I have every thing I might wish so quickly laid at my feet by a husband lover."

"But how is this," and the deep laughing girl became serious with deep anxiety, "tears when I expected laughter, what can be the matter? What have I said? Emelie, dear Emelie, are you not happy?"

"The young wife made no reply, but bowed her head on the shoulder of her young sympathizing friend and indulged in a long and passionate flow of tears. The alarmed and agitated Estelle could endure it no longer; she raised her friend tenderly in her arms, and kissed away the tears from her cheek; she smoothed the soft brown hair which had fallen over her face and when her caresses had won her smile of love, she whispered softly, "Dearest Emelie, may I not share your grief? Have I wounded your feelings by my thoughtless gaiety? Are you not happy as I supposed?"

"You will laugh at me, Estelle, if I tell you why I wept. Indeed, it is too trifling; I must not betray such weakness even to you," and a smile broke over the countenance so recently suffused with tears.

"There, the sun's come out, the sun's come out," exclaimed Estelle, merrily clapping her hands as she spoke, "now tell me all, or I will never forgive you. Come, now to confession. Did your lord and master look unusually grave this morning?"

"No."  
"Did he find fault with the coffee?"  
"No."  
"Did he say that the toast was too dry?"  
"Oh, no."  
"That the bread was stale?"  
"No."  
"That your morning dress was too negligent?"  
"No."  
"What could it be then?"—and the arch girl leaned her forehead on her hands as if in deep thought,—"what else could call down a husband's censure and what but a husband's censure could draw forth a young wife's? Oh, I know," said she whispering, "he forgot to kiss you when he went out."

"Come now, Estelle, quit this nonsense, and I will tell you. I believe I am growing jealous. You know I always disliked smoking, but cannot persuade him to leave off. I am beginning to think he must love his cigars better than he does me, or he could not resist my persuasions."  
"But you must coax him."  
"I have."  
"Well, you must keep coaxing."  
"It is to no use."  
"Did you say, 'My dear husband?'"  
Emelie laughed, and was silent.  
"Did you say, 'Oh do?'"  
"Yes, but he said Ah, no. In truth I begin to think he does not like to be coaxed."

"Nonsense, you never saw a being yet that did not. Now I will tell you what to do. I know when he comes, you always run to meet him, and he kisses you. Don't blush so, it is all a matter of fact. Now, to-day when he does so, just say to him, 'My dear, the smell of smoke is very disagreeable to me, and I shall not let you kiss me any more till you leave off.'" Will you say this?"  
"I will think of it," said Emelie, and the friends parted.

## CHAPTER II.

Emelie Williams sat alone in her boudoir, her hands clasped on a small table, and her head resting upon her hands. Its marble top was a strange contrast to her feverish brow, but it was not more cold than her heart. She was thinking of her husband. For the first time since their marriage he had left her without a kiss, and it was her own fault too. It was strange how such a trifle had become so necessary to her happiness. She looked at her work-basket to see if there was anything to divert her thoughts. There was a doll which she was dressing for the Fair of the Female Charitable Society, but the satin gauze seemed perfectly untractable; they would not look well and that never changing smile on the face was more than she could endure. She flung it back again, and heaped up the muslins, laces, and bits of ribbon in most unwonted confusion, as if to hide it. She wished she had taken some more useful work; if it had been a frock for some poor woman or little ragged child, she thought it would have fixed her attention. Then she wound up her musical box, but she could not hear its sound, and was glad when it ceased. Even the pages of a favorite periodical which had just been laid upon the table, were not devoured with eagerness as usual, and her little pet Juan lay at her mistress' feet as if she had no customary caress to bestow. The truth was, her womanly pride was

would have been ashamed to weep, but she sat listlessly thus in that utter loneliness of spirit which dreads communion with herself. She was glad when a well known tap announced her friend Estelle, and started up with a smile to return her affectionate greeting.

"Well, sister, (they were used to call each other,) 'I thought I would just run over and see what was the result of your experiment. Did you say what I told you?'"

"I did."  
"And what did your husband say?"  
"He said, 'Very well, my dear, then you can go without your kiss.'"

"Of course, then, you intend to do so."  
"But what can I do?" I like my kiss as well as he does, and, of course, I cannot take back what I have said."

Estelle felt at the moment as if she would never advise any one again, but she smiled as she said, "Then persevere, my friend, and a few days will show the result. If you succeed, think how much more pleasant it will be to have the kisses without the smell of tobacco, and I will give you as many as you wish in the meanwhile," she roguishly added, covering the cheek, and lips, and brow of her friend with those eloquent testimonials of affection.

## CHAPTER III.

Mrs. Reed Williams had never looked more beautiful than she did that evening when her husband returned. "Perhaps there had been more than usual thought bestowed upon the toilette that day, a more than usual solicitude about the shade of a ribbon or the adjustment of a curl, but if there was looking glasses 'tell no tales,' and neat and plain attire would not preclude the fact to an ordinary observer." She started nervously as she entered, but she controlled herself and greeted him kindly and calmly as usual.

"Well, my dear," said he, "I have not been smoking to-day."  
"Oh, thank you, thank you, dear husband," exclaimed Emelie in the fulness of her heart, "You will never smoke any more, will you?" and her soft pleading eyes were raised to his with an expression that amply repaid him for the sacrifice.

Days passed, and the young wife felt happier than she had ever felt before, for her heart's idol had relinquished even his favorite cigars, and for her sake.

One evening, as he sat by her side, she thought he seemed unusually depressed, and her cheerful smiles and animated conversation failed to restore his wonted gaiety. She did not ask the cause, but she almost felt as if she had been selfish in exacting such a sacrifice as she knew it to be. At length he arose. "Emelie, I think I must have a cigar." No word of fond treaty stayed his course, and he soon returned. "I have got only one bunch, they'll soon be gone, and then I smoke no more."

He looked up in her face, but he could not read the expression there. It was not grief, disappointment, anger or love, but a most marvellous calmness. He was about to retire to his studio, where he generally indulged in the luxury of smoking, but a soft tone recalled him.

"Will you not stay with me?"  
"I thought," said he hesitatingly, "I thought smoke was very disagreeable to you."  
"It will be more disagreeable still, if it deprive me of my husband's company," said Emelie, as she gently drew him back into the room, and placing a luxurious rocking chair for his reception, seated herself by his side.

She selected two cigars from the lot, lighted one and placed it in her husband's lips, and performing the same operation with the other, commenced puffing away with the gravity of an experienced smoker. Both maintained the same imperturbable coolness for several minutes; he looked every instant to see her give up the attempt, and she still smoking as if it had been a habit of years.

At length, bursting into an uncontrollable fit of laughter, he flung the remnant of his cigar into the grate, exclaiming, "Emelie, you have won the day—if you will leave off smoking I will."  
"Certainly, I always imitate those I love; but had we not better smoke this bunch, it is a pity to waste them?"  
"No; we will keep them in remembrance of our mutual promise."

"Well then I have been thinking as I sat smoking, how much did you give for the cigars?"  
"Three cents apiece."  
"And you smoke four a day is forty-three dollars and eighty cents a year; the same for myself would make it eighty-seven dollars and sixty cents. I am I not a good arithmetician? In one of my rambles the other day, I met with a very poor old woman, who with her little grand-daughter, lived in one of those little wooden houses just over the Schuylkill. I soon recognized her as being the Mrs. Elliston whom you have spoken of being so kind to you when a child. She is in extreme poverty, and course feels it more severely after a life of affluence. Now you remember that pretty little white cottage near our country residence, it is to rent, very low, only fifty dollars, and is a plenty large enough for Mrs. Elliston and her little girl. Now our cigar money would hire it

aroused, and even in her solitude she for her, and the remaining thirty-seven dollars and sixty seven cents would be some relief to her. Then she will be so near that we can run in at any time and see that she is comfortable.—What do you think, dearest, of my little plan?"

"I think my wife is quite an economist, but I have been so engaged listening to that earnest tone that I have not understood all. We will go and see Mrs. Elliston to-morrow, and she shall certainly never want."

## The Moral Power of a Kind Spirit.

One of the most pleasing acquirements that adorn mankind, is affability. This one virtue calls into action many others, which were it not for its influence, would probably be dormant. But of itself, in its own intrinsic worth, it assuredly is the certain avenue of success in gaining the esteem and respect of others. Man's chief aim through his transitory life is happiness, and the safest and shortest method to obtain this blessing, is by the strict cultivation of amiability of manners and softness of temper. How frequently do we hear the morose and sullen acknowledge that in their intercourse with man, an impression exists, that they had dealt with a gentleman, because he was amiable and gentle, and yet it does not follow that every one who shows forth this amiableness is a gentleman, who does not possess it.

In all walks of society, this gentleness of temper and of conduct sheds its believed influence upon those with whom it comes in contact, for the truth of Holy Writ assures us that a "soft answer turneth away wrath," and where I would ask, is that being, young or old, that hath not experienced this truth?—And does not this gentleness of temper insure to their heart calmness of mind and with it does it not command the respect of other? This is undeniable, for gentle reader, have you not heard the remark of the ungenerous, "I could not say another angry to him, he was so mild, so gentle in his speech and manners." Oh how insignificant does such an acknowledgment make the morose appear, in comparison with the heaven-like ascendancy over faults.

## The Unhappy Man.

You unhappy and discontented!—You who have two hands, and two feet! For shame—shame on you! Miserable and heart sick, when full of health, young and active! How can it be? The bright sky is above you—the green earth beneath you, and the fresh air around you. Unhappy still! Unwise man!—with such a heart, the whole creation, beautiful as it is, spread with golden sunlight by day, and silvery curtains by night, would be but a magnificent charnel-house, filled with decayed bodies, fleshless bones, and empty skulls. Yet you are discontented—uneasy—don't know which way to turn, or what to do. Will you remain as you are? Up with you—stir yourself and engage in something—what you do, will make no sort of difference. Just employ your body and mind, and you will be a different man. You are lazy; yes, you are—deny it as you will; you are a lazy land lubber; and we do not hesitate to call you so, while you hang about mumbing to yourself and making mouths at creation. We don't care who despises you and what becomes of you, while you thus live and draw your sustenance from the aged bodies of your parents and friends. You will never get rid of your temper, and sour, crabbed disposition, till you go to work like a man, with the determination to eat no bread and butter till you have earned them. What will you do? Work or starve? We feel a curiosity to know.—Portland Tribune.

NEVER DO IT.—Never ask the age of an unmarried lady when she passes five-and-twenty.

Never expose your poverty to a rich relation, if you would have him treat you as a cousin.

Never let it come to the ears of a rich and childless relative that you secretly pray for his sudden and premature dissolution.

Never tell a man he's a cursed fool; in the first place he won't believe you, and in the next place, you make him your enemy.

Never take a newspaper without paying for it, it's the shabbiest act you could possibly be guilty of.

"Our life is but a bubble," said Mrs. Simpsin, in a spirit of resignation, to her spouse, who was rating her about her sallow habits.

"I wish your life was a soap-bubble, then," was the rejoinder.—St. Louis Leveller.

TIT FOR TAT.—After hearing the result of New York State, a boy in Baltimore, cried out under the window of a good Democrat in High street, "Hurrah for Polk and starvation." When a lady in the house, raised the window and replied, "Good bye war, pestilence and famine."

AFFECTIONATE.—"My dear, you are not the woman I took you to be."  
"But my dear, you are the man I took you to be. Go and nurse that child this minute or I'll—"

He that gathereth in summer is a wise son—but he that sleepeth in harvest is a son that causeth shame.

It is said that words hurt nobody, nevertheless Sampson jayed a thousand Philistines to death.

# TUNE. OLD DAN TUCKER.

"Get out of the way" for still we come, In spite the efforts of Henry and John.

STRANGE as it may appear, the first arrival of Fall and Winter Goods in this market are now opening at no. 3 Brick Row.

Our assortment consists of the greatest variety of STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS ever offered in this village. To enumerate one tenth part the articles would occupy too much space, we will therefore content ourselves by saying we have Cloths, Cassimeres, and Sattinets of every description, Foreign and Domestic Prints of various styles and patterns, plain striped and figured, black brown Alpaca, Muslin de Laines, Merinos different colors, Flannels all colors and qualities, Canton Flannel, Plain Cloth and Overcoat lining, Linsey's different qualities, Bleached Shirting, Linen Table Diaper, Winter Vestings a great variety, Black Satin, Silk Velvet, a splendid assortment of Bonnet Silks, Ribbons, Artificial, Silk and Waxed Serge, Grecian Bobinet and Ashburton Lace, Lace Edging, Inserting and Footing, Muslin Inserting, Foundation, Ribbon Wire, Bonnet Wire, Black and Colored Silk Fringe and Gimp great variety, Black Bugle Gimp, (fashionable) &c. &c.

The attention of the Ladies is called in particular to the greatest variety of Shawls, fancy, Colored de Laines, chuncheable Gro de Rhine and Velvet points, Dress Handkerchiefs, Hosiery and Gloves of every description, 30 doz. mitts, comprising all sorts, sizes and kinds, Chemizets, collars, cuffs and tabs, bead hair pins and wristlets, neck, cap and bonnet ribbons &c. ever offered at any one store in this county.

## GROCERIES.

A large assortment which will be sold cheap, wholesale or retail.

HARDWARE, CROCKERY, BOOTS & SHOES &c. &c.

For further particulars call on W. H. BAIRD & CO. No. 3 Brick Row. Towanda, September 7, 1844.

## Domestic notions.

8,000 YDS. Domestic Sheetings, 600 lbs. Cot. Yarn, 600 lbs. Carpet Warp, white and colored Batts, Wadding and Wicking a large supply, all bought for CASH and will be sold as cheap as the same qualities can be bought in Elmira, Ithaca, Owego, or any other place this side of New York. We don't ask our friends to take our word for the above but call and satisfy yourselves at BAIRD'S, No. 3 Brick Row, September 7, 1844.

## TRAVELING BASKETS and Reticules

by W. H. BAIRD & CO.

## ROOMS, Pails and Looking Glasses

by W. H. BAIRD & CO. September 7th. No. 3 Brick Row.

## 101 BBLs. SALT just arrived and for sale as cheap as the cheapest at BAIRD'S, No. 3 Brick Row.

## FISH, Cod Fish and Mackerel by W. H. BAIRD & CO.

## FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his valuable SAW MILL situate in the township of Columbia, about two miles from Columbia Flats. The Mill is nearly new, well finished and in good order. It is situate in the midst of an extensive and valuable tract of white pine timber, all convenient to the mill—also has an abundant supply of water at all seasons of the year. Will be sold with from one to 140 acres of land, about seventy acres of the land is improved. Good title will be given and terms made easy if a portion is paid down. IRA PETTIBONE. Columbia, September 10, 1844.

## WRIGHT'S VEGETABLE SYRUP for sale at BAIRD'S, No. 3 Brick Row, September 7.

BAIRD'S PORTSMOUTH SHEETING the heaviest in market, which will be sold cheap. June 23, 1844. W. H. BAIRD & CO.

## A VARIETY OF HATS & CAPS for sale by B. KINGSBERRY.

## BAKERY! BAKERY!

I WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Towanda and its vicinity, that I have commenced the Baking business in the shop formerly occupied by Mr. Rose, where I shall keep Bread, Crackers, Cakes, and Pies constantly for sale. Cakes for parties made to order on very short notice at any time. All orders from a distance punctually attended to. Cash paid for Lard and Eggs. G. H. EATON. Towanda, Oct. 1, 1844.

## PURE WHITE LEAD. Spanish White, Venetian Red. Window Glass &c. &c. at BAIRD'S, No. 3 Brick Row, September, 30.

## \$10 REWARD!

STRAYED OR STOLEN, from the subscriber, in Orwell township, on the night of the 24th of Aug. a DARK BAY HORSE 9 years old, the off hind foot white, with a small windfall on the inside of the right hind leg. On the head, where the head stall is placed, the mane is cut off. The above reward will be paid on the recovery of the horse, and his delivery to me. WM. MATHEWS. Orwell, Sept. 5, 1844.

## BAIRD & SHERWOOD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW

W. BAIRD & J. SHERWOOD have opened an office in Troy, Brad. Co. Pa. and will attend to all business of said office in the line of their profession as copartners. J. SHERWOOD will attend punctually at said office in Troy, and E. W. BAIRD may be consulted at any time in relation to the business of the firm, a his office in Towanda. 43-6m

## NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a certain note given by me to Dudley C. Humphrey for seventy five dollars being dated in April or May 1839, as I shall not pay the same unless compelled by process of law, having received no value thereon. J. WM. HARRINGTON. Pike, August 16th, 1844.

## WANTED.

ANY quantity of BEEF HIDES and SHEEP PELTS. Also Shipping Furs at the store of J. E. & E. D. MONTANYE

## Wright's Vegetable Indian Pills.

IF, during the continuance of Storms and Floods, the channels of OUR MIGHTY RIVERS become so obstructed as to afford an insufficient outlet for the superabundant waters, we can expect nothing less than that the surrounding country will be

OVERWHELMED WITH THE FLOOD. In a like manner with the human body—if the Skin, Kidneys, and Bowels, (the natural outlets for USELESS AND CORRUPT HUMORS) become so obstructed as to fail in affording a full discharge of those impurities which are in all cases

THE CAUSE OF SICKNESS: we surely can expect no other results than that the whole frame will sooner or later be OVERWHELMED WITH DISEASE. As in the first place, if we would prevent an inundation we must remove all obstructions, to the free discharge of the superabundant waters. So, in the second place, if we would prevent and cure disease, we must open and keep open, all the Natural Drains of the body.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, Of the North American College of Health, will be found one of the best if not the very BEST MEDICINE IN THE WORLD for carrying out this beautiful and simple theory; because they completely cleanse the Stomach and Bowels from all Bileous Humors and other impurities, and at the same time promote a healthy discharge from the Lungs, Skin, and Kidneys; consequently, as all the Natural Drains are opened, Disease of every name is literally driven from the Body.

Caution—As the great popularity and consequent great demand for Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills has raised up a host of counterfeiters, county agents and storekeepers will be on their guard against the many impostors who are travelling about the country selling to the unsuspecting a spurious article for the genuine. It should be remembered that all authorized agents are provided a Certificate of Agency, signed by WILLIAM WRIGHT, Vice President of the N. A. College of Health. Consequently, those who offer Indian Vegetable Pills and cannot show a Certificate, as above described, will be known as impostors. The following highly respectable Storekeepers have been appointed Agents for the sale of

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, and of whom it is confidently believed the genuine medicine can with certainty be obtained: BRADFORD COUNTY, PA. J. D. & E. D. Montanye, Towanda.

D. Brink, P.M., Hornbrook. S. W. & D. F. Pomroy, Troy. Lyman Durley, Smithfield. J. J. & C. Warford, Montroeton. Wm. Gibson, Uster. Ulysses Moody, Aerylum. John Horton Jr., Ferrytown. Coryell & Geo. Burlington corners. Benjamin Coolbaugh, Canton. L. S. Ellsworth & Co., Athens. Allen & Stars, Sheshequin. Guy Tracy, Milan.

A. R. Soper, Columbia Falls. Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of the medicine wholesale and retail, 228 Greenwich street, New York, No. 198 Tremont street, Boston, and 169 Race street, Philadelphia. BWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.—The public are respectfully informed that medicine purporting to be Indian Pills, made by one F. O. Falch, are not the genuine Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. The only security against imposition is to purchase from the regular advertised agents, and in all cases be particular to ask for Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. [not. 6m]

## IMPORTANT INFORMATION.

IT is a prevailing opinion among the enlightened Physicians of our country, that Cancer is a mass of living animalcules, which have taken up their abode in the human system. No matter how small, or how low in the scale of animated nature, the individual composing Cancer may be, they were so tenacious of existence, that the knife or the most powerful caustic, are the only means by which they can be removed. When permitted to remain, they never fail to multiply and spread to neighboring parts, committing the most frightful depredations, until death comes to the relief of their victim.— Worms in children, may be considered somewhat analogous. If they are less fatal, they are infinitely more common; and if suffered to remain, produce consequences scarcely less alarming. If the testimony of medical writers is to be relied upon, they often produce mania, apoplexy, epilepsy, palsy, convulsions and many other diseases equally dangerous, and often fatal. But here the parallel stops, Cancer being one of the most obdurate diseases, with which physicians have to contend, while worms are easily dislodged by proper remedies.

## MERRICK'S VERMIFUGE,

has proved one of the most valuable medicines ever offered to the public for destroying worms in children. Hundreds of cases might be enumerated, where it has produced the happiest results. It is a syrup, and therefore easily administered to children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

## THE POCAHONTAS PILL.

In the present age, when Patent Medicines are so numerous, and their properties so unblushingly eulogized by their respective proprietors, it becomes necessary for the public (to guard against imposition) to require some authentic evidence of their genuine properties. The Pocahontas Pill is not offered as an antidote for all the diseases to which flesh is heir. We merely purpose to show, by the successive publication of certificates, voluntarily offered, that their present popularity is well founded; and that as a purgative medicine, they have proved pre-eminently beneficial. These Pills are compounded according to the rules of medical science, are entirely vegetable, and may be safely given to cleanse the stomach, purify the blood, remove inflammation, and correct the morbid secretions, without regard to age, sex or condition. Certificate of Mr. Wm. Fallmer, of Turbet, Northumberland county, Pa., says—"For some years past, I have been suffering from a severe and alarming disease of the liver. Several physicians had prescribed for me, and I had taken many articles highly recommended in the papers, without any benefit. About twelve months ago, I began using the Pocahontas Pills, and am happy to say, that in a few weeks I found my disease entirely removed; since which I have been free from cough and pain in the side, and consider my malady radically cured." Price 25 cents per box. Agents for the sale of the above medicine in Bradford County: A. D. Montanye, Towanda; J. J. & C. Warford, Montroeton; A. Dewing, Warrenham; Guy Tracey, Milan; George A. Perkins, Athens; Wm. Gibson, Uster. 12-6m

# BOOT & SHOE MAKING

On my own books again!



STEPHEN HATHAWAY informs the public generally that he is still prepared to manufacture, of the best material, and in the most substantial and elegant manner, all descriptions of Boots and Shoes. Morocco, Calf and Coarse Boots and Shoes. Ladies' shoes and gaiters; youth's do. All work made by me will be warranted to be well made. Call and try. Country Produce taken in payment for work. Towanda, February 27th, 1844.

## Hairs and Bedsteads.

THE subscribers continue to manufacture and keep on hand at their old stand, all kinds of Cane and Wood Bedsteads. Chairs, Also, Settees, various kinds, and Bedsteads of every description, which will sell for less cash or Country Produce TURNING done to order. STOMKINS & MAKINSON. Towanda, November 10th, 1843.

## NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

# BOOT & SHOE MAKING

WILCOX & SAGE have associated themselves in the Boot and Shoe making business, in the borough of Towanda, at the door west of the Clarendon House, and solicit a share of public patronage. They intend to make a careful selection of stock, and by attending to the interests of their customers, to make as neat and durable work as can be manufactured in this portion of the county. They keep constantly on hand, and will manufacture to order, Morocco, calf and cow boots and shoes; Ladies' Gaiters, shoes, slippers; children's do.; gaiters, gaiters and pumps &c., &c. JOHN W. WILCOX. PHILANDER SAGE. Towanda, May 6, 1844.

## SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKING.

ELKANAH SMITH & SON commenced the manufacture of Saddles, Bridles, Harness, &c. &c. in the borough of Towanda, in the building formerly occupied by S. Hathaway, two doors west of L. H. Stephens' tavern, when they will keep constantly on hand, and manufacture to order, Elastic Web, Common and Quality Harness, Saddles, Carriage Trimming and Military Work, done to order. Matresses, Pew and Chair Cushions made on short notice and reasonable terms. The subscribers hope by doing their business well, and by a strict attention to business, merit a share of public patronage. ELKANAH SMITH & SON. Towanda, May 14, 1843.

## Watch and Clock Repairing.

W. A. CHAMBERLIN, RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and public that he still continues to carry on the business at his old stand one door south of Ellis & Mercer's store, nearly opposite the B. Scale. Watch and Clock Repairing. Will be done on short notice, and warranted to be well done. From a long experience in business, he believes that he will be able to give perfect satisfaction to all who may employ him with their patronage. N. B. Watches warranted to run twelve year, or the money refunded; and a written agreement given to that effect to all the above one. CLOCKS.—A large assortment just received and for sale very low for cash. If you want to buy Jewelry cheap, call on Chamberlin's Watch Shop.

## Shaving and Hair Dressing.

John Carter, Barber and Hair Dresser RETURNS his thanks to his numerous customers, and informs them that he has removed his shop to the small building on the north side of the public square, one door west of the Exchange Hotel, where he will be at all reasonable hours, ready to wait on who may favor him with a call, in the most manner possible. Towanda, May 5, 1844.

## NOT YARN and Carpet Warp.

White this day received at No. 3 Brick Row.

## The Bradford Reporter

BY E. S. GOODRICH AND SON.

## TERMS.

Two dollars and fifty cents per annum in advance of postage. Fifty cents deductive within the year; and for each actual volume, ONE DOLLAR will be deducted. Subscribers at liberty to discontinue at any time by paying arrears. Advertisements, not exceeding a square inserted for fifty cents; every subsequent insertion twenty-five cents. A liberal discount to yearly advertisers. Twelve lines or less make a square. Job Printing, of every description, neatly and expeditiously executed, on new and fashionable type. Letters on business pertaining to this office, must come free of postage, to ensure attention.

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