

Miscellaneous.

Great Mass Meeting of the Democracy of Bradford County.

Agreeably to public notice a large meeting of the Democratic Citizens of Bradford County, assembled at East-Smithfield on the 15th day of August inst. It was in fact a strong rally of intelligent Farmers and Mechanics. The meeting was called to order by Col. Salisbury. John L. Webb, Esq., was chosen President of the meeting who, on taking the chair explained the object of the meeting in a neat and pertinent address. Hon. Reuben Wilder, Maj. Isaac Cooley, James Gerould, Abiram Pierce, David Durfee, Asa Allen, Leonard Pierce, Abraham Jones, Joel Allen, Col. Levi Westbrook, John Burt, F. Orwan, I. H. Stephens, Enos Smith, H. S. Davidson, Dennison Gates, Ezra Allen, J. S. Mitchell, Joshua King, were chosen Vice Presidents.

Christopher Child, E. S. Godprich, Francis Smith, G. W. Mason and Hollia Allen were elected Secretaries. On motion Col. Seth Salisbury, David Wilnot, William Elwell, Col. W. E. Barton, Edward Mills, David Hill, E. D. Titus, Wm. Johnson, C. R. Hamilton, J. F. Means, Enos Calif, C. E. Pierce, T. M. Beach, Stephen Pierce, H. M. Peck, H. Marsin, A. Allen, Jonathan Hall, D. Farnsworth, L. H. Pierce, J. Allen, N. Colvin, S. Squires E. Mathewson, P. Ward, T. F. Hart, L. Smith, H. C. Baird, Earl Nichols, Samuel Huston, D. Hill and W. Baker, were appointed a committee on Resolutions.

The committee retired a short time, when they returned and reported the following resolutions, which were considered and unanimously adopted.

Letters from Mr. Van Buren and the Hon. George M. Dallas were read and received by the meeting with marked approbation.

The affecting intelligence of the sudden death of the Hon. HENRY A. MULLENBERG, was announced to the meeting by Col. Salisbury. The deep impression which pervaded the meeting showed how strong a hold this great and good man had upon the affections and confidence of the people.

The Hon. Stephen Strong, of Owego, had been specially invited to be present on this occasion. This talented and faithful Democrat, addressed the meeting at length, with great force and eloquence. He reviewed the two great political parties with distinguished ability, and sustained the principles, and doctrines set forth in the resolutions with his usual ability.

D. WILMOT, Esq., followed Mr. Strong, in addressing the meeting. His speech was full of eloquence and truth. His allusion to the resolution which had been adopted by the meeting in relation to Gov. Dorr, was pathetic and affection, and was received amidst the cheering approbation of the people.

WILLIAM ELWELL, Esq., next addressed the meeting, his speech was short, but he was very happy in illustrations, and came up to the high expectations of his friends in pointing out in a masterly manner the evils and dangerous tendency of federal doctrines.

F. SMITH, Esq., closed the proceedings of the day, in an effective and eloquent speech.

The announcement of the death of Henry A. Muhlenberg, made a visible impression upon every individual in attendance, and it is proper to say, that the Resolutions recommending the Hon. Francis R. Shunk, as the Democratic candidate for Governor, was received with entire unanimity, and evident approbation.

The meeting was in all respects just what every democrat could desire, and cannot fail to have a salutary influence on the conflict now going on.

Resolved, That the hope of maintaining unimpaired the political institutions of our country, rests upon the intelligence, moral virtue and patriotism of the people.

Resolved, That the great question with the federal party in the struggle now going on, is the creation of a United States Bank.

Resolved, That we regard the incorporation of a National Bank as being unconstitutional and inexpedient. Who does not remember the wrong which it inflicted as a National bank—what Pennsylvania does not remember with feelings of deep indignation its conduct as a state Institution?

Resolved, That we are opposed to a high exorbitant Tariff, though it may be disguised by the name "protective" for a gull trap. The Republican creed is "A Tariff for revenue with discriminations for protection," with which Mr. Clay says, "All parties ought to be satisfied. We are opposed to a distribution of the proceeds of the public land, to an assumption of the State debts by the General Government—to an unrestricted system of internal improvements by the General Government, to a grinding National debt—high taxes, and a splendid central government—to those centralizing schemes of federalism, anti-republican measures, we declare our unceasing opposition. Does federalism ask for our political creed? It will be found in that brilliant chart of human liberty, the Declaration of Independence, in which is set forth in letters of living light the divine right of man to be free. It is also beautifully summed up in the first inaugural address of the immortal JEFFERSON in these words: "Equal and exact justice to all men, of whatever state or persuasion, religious or political: peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations, entangling alliances with none; the support of the state governments in all their rights, the preservation of the general government in its whole constitutional vigor: * a jealous care of the right of election by the people: * absolute acquiescence in the decisions of the majority, the vital principle of republics, from which is no appeal but to force, the vital principal and immediate parent of despotism: * economy in the public expense, that labor may be lightly burthened: the honest payment of our debts, and sacred preservation of the public faith: encouragement of agriculture, and of commerce as its handmaid: * freedom of religion; freedom of the press: * These principles form the bright constellation which has gone before us, and guided our steps through an age of revolution and reformation. The wisdom of our sages, and blood of our heroes, have been devoted to their attainment: they should be the creed of our political faith; the touchstones by which to try the services of those we trust; and should we wander from them in moments of error or alarm, let us hasten to retrace our steps, and to regain the road which alone leads to peace, liberty, and safety.

Resolved, That the firm enlightened, and patriotic course pursued by Col. Polk in Congress, especially the "panic Session," when he stood with unyielding constancy by the Hero of New Orleans' side by side, with our own illustrious Henry A. Muhlenberg, warning against the Bank and federalism, well entitles him to the confidence and united support of the republicans of the whole union.

Resolved, That George M. Dallas unjustly regarded as the champion of the vested rights of the people over the assumed power and arrogant pretensions of overshadowing incorporations, and "paper money monopolies," the noble stand taken by Mr. Dallas in 1837 against the U. S. Bank which had been foisted upon the people of his native State, without their knowledge, and against their consent, well entitles him to the commanding influence which he enjoys in Pennsylvania.

Resolved, Unanimously, that we have ever entertained the highest consideration for the personal character, and public services of the Hon. Henry A. Muhlenberg, and it would have given us great pleasure to testify our sincerity through the ballot box; but the inscrutable ways of an all wise Providence has deprived us of this privilege by taking him to another and better world. It is left for us to cherish his memory as one dear to the people of his native state, and to mingle our tears with those of his afflicted family and friends.

Resolved, That Geo. Sanderson Abiram Pierce, C. H. Herrick, Chauncey Guthrie and Samuel Huston, be a committee to forward the above resolution to Henry A. Muhlenberg, Jr. and that he be respectfully requested to assure his afflicted family that it embodies the true feelings of the citizens of Bradford County.

Resolved, That we entertain entire confidence in the talent, integrity and sound democratic principles of the Hon. Francis R. Shunk, and that the Democracy of Bradford County now convened earnestly recommend him to their Republican fellow citizens as the Democratic candidate for Governor of the Commonwealth.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers and published.

SMART BOY.—A negro boy being sent by his master to borrow a pound of lard from a neighbors, thus delivered his message:

"Missus Thompson, massa sent me over to borrow or beg a pound of hog tallow; he say he got de old sow up in de pen, fatten 'em; he gwine to kill her day before yesterday, and he come over week fore last, and pay you all you owe us."

"All flesh is grass," as the horse said when he bit a piece out of the man's arm.

The Gin drunk in England and Wales annually amounts to nearly £20,000,000.

[From the Boston Post.] Thomas W. Dorr.

The deed of infamy has been consummated in the little reprobate state of Rhode Island, and this patriot and true man has been sentenced by malignant judges to imprisonment for life, at hard labor in the State Prison—for what? For no act that he did to violate any law, but for independence, and avowing the same principles that Jefferson, Adams and Hancock held in their struggles with Great Britain, to maintain the right of the People to self government, and for which they would have suffered on the scaffold had they failed.

Governor Dorr gave the people of Rhode Island a free constitution. It was adopted by a majority of the people, and under it by a majority of the votes of that people, he was elected Governor; and for lawfully exercising that office he has been tried for high treason against the charter government, by judges who had themselves been guilty of the same treason—they charge Mr. Dorr with, viz: putting down this same charter government.

This is the monstrous precedent set up, in this land of freedom, that a citizen may be tried and condemned to imprisonment for life, upon a pretended charge of treason against a dead and defunct government, and have sentence passed on him by judges under a new government, which has succeeded the old charter dynasty!

Judicial history, in its foulest and bloodiest pages, presents no parallel to this outrage upon the doctrines of American liberty, since the judicial murders of Sir Thomas Moore, John Hampden, William Russell and Algernon Sydney, by the legal butchers that disgraced the bench of their day.

The Judges of Rhode Island, like their predecessors, Jefferies, Withins and Holloway—(names handed down to infamy for their murder of the patriot Algernon Sydney), have trampled on every principle of law and justice and by a packed jury compassed the conviction of their noble victim, denying to him every right which the constitution and laws of every free state guaranty to the citizen.

When they came to the sentence for which they had longed, they would have proceeded to it, as Chancellor Audley was about to do when Sir Thomas Moore for denying that the treacherous Henry VIII, was the spiritual head of the church. But in imitation of their model they graciously asked the prisoner what he had to say by way of defence, and he answered them with a noble and bold, in the face of his tyrannical judges, and as worthy, a place in the history of Algernon Sydney, when the like question was asked him by the infamous Jefferies.

"I had rather," said the noble Dorr, "be the prisoner at the bar, as I am, to receive your sentence, than to have a seat on the bench beside your honors, to pronounce that sentence."

"I pray God," said Lord Chief Justice Jefferies to Sydney, "to work in you a temper fit to go into the other world, for I see you are not fit for this."

"My Lord, feel my pulse, (replied the prisoner, holding out his hand,) and see if I am disordered. I bless God I was never in better temper than I am now."

And in this spirit he received the accursed sentence pronounced upon him for writing the noblest essay on free government that man ever penned. "That you be carried hence to the place from whence you came and from thence you shall be drawn upon an hurdle to the place of execution, where you shall be hanged by the neck, and being alive, cut down, your members shall be cut off and burned before your face, your head severed from your body, and your body divided into four quarters, and they disposed of at the pleasure of the king. And God have mercy on your soul."

The modern Algerine judges did not pronounce a like sentence upon the patriot Dorr, solely because even in Rhode Island the law would not allow it; but they did all the law would allow, and sentenced him to imprisonment for life at hard labor among felons!

The infamous sentence upon Sydney pronounced in 1683, was reversed in Parliament the first year of William and Harry, by the revolution in Great Britain; we trust in God we shall live to see the equally infamous sentence upon Thomas W. Dorr, in 1844, reversed by a political revolution in Rhode Island that shall take the power from the tyrants who now reign there, and place the government in the hands of the people.

The jury was packed to convict Dorr; just as it was to convict Sydney in England, and O'Connell in Ireland; and in all of these parallel cases of judicial despotism, a new trial was refused against the plainest dictators of law, and the most conclusive evidence of fraud in empannelling the jury. The parallel between the trial of Dorr and Sydney might be carried out almost literally. Mr. Dorr was tried by an illegal jury, and his exceptions were overruled almost with insult.—When Sydney was called up for judgment, he said, "My Lord, I humbly conceive I had no trial. I was to be tried by my country; I did not find my country in the jury that tried me;

there were some of them that were not freeholders. Thus I humbly conceive that I have had no trial, there can be no judgment."

"We must not hear discourages," said the judge, "after you have been tried here and the jury have given their verdict." "I think it was a very fair trial," added Justice Holloway—and so says Mr. Chief Justice Durfee of Rhode Island; but posterity will say the same of this trial of Dorr that it now says in the imperishable sentence of infamy it has passed upon the trial of Sydney.

The tories of that day denounced the bold speech of Sydney as an insult to the dignity of the bench, and we perceive that the tories of to-day, in the whip press, denounce in a like strain, the manly bearing of the patriot Dorr. But the right judgment will be passed on this modern inquisition of blood, as has been upon that which martyred the patriot of 1683—and as Sydney said to his judges, so may Mr. Dorr say, "Then, O God, I beseech thee to sanctify these sufferings unto me, and impute not my blood to the country nor the city through which I am to be drawn; let no inquisition be made for it, but if any, and the shedding of blood that is innocent must be revenged, let the weight of it fall only upon those that maliciously persecute me for righteousness sake."

The deed of infamy is done. Dorr is in the state prison for life, in one of the pretended free States of the Union, and O'Connell is in the Richmond penitentiary for twelve months, both for maintaining the present doctrines of the rights of man. Let the enemies of freedom throughout the world now hold an infernal jubilee, and yell forth their triumph while they burn to ashes Magna Charta and the American Declaration of Independence!

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Isaac A. Ennis late of Standing Stone township deceased, are hereby requested to make payment without delay and all persons having demands against said estate will please present them to

ASA STEVENS, Administrators. F. S. WHITMAN, Administrators. Standing Stone, August 15, 1844.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of David A. Pratt deceased, late of Canton township are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having demands against the same are requested to present them, legally attested, for settlement.

JULIUS PRATT, Administrators. CHESTER PRATT, Administrators. Canton, August 15, 1844.

Drugs & Medicines.

A. D. MONTAGNE would respectfully announce to his friends and the public generally that he has recently purchased of Mr. E. Wilcox, his entire stock of Drugs and Medicines, and with the addition of fresh arrivals from the cities of New York and Philadelphia, is prepared to serve those who may favor him with a call in the best possible manner.

His assortment consists of all the articles usually found in a country shop together with Oils, Paints, Glass, &c., &c., which will be sold at moderate prices as the times and business will admit of.

Physicians can be supplied at very small advances from the city purchases. Shop nearly opposite H. Mix & Son's store. Towanda, June 18th, 1844.

NOTICE.

GEORGE WANSEY, indorsee of Wm. Myer, vs. Pomeroy Gorseline. No. 231 May Term, 1843. The report of the undersigned, who was appointed by the Court an Auditor to report the liens and distribute and apply the money raised by Sheriff's sale in this case, has been recommended to said Auditor for further hearing and investigation. Notice is therefore hereby given to all persons interested, that said Auditor will attend for that purpose at his office in the borough of Towanda, on Thursday, the 6th day of Sept. next, at two o'clock, P. M.

E. W. BAIRD, Auditor. August 3d, 1844.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that Ezra Peltou, administrator of the estate of Moses Woodburn, deceased; and Tyrus Himes, administrator of the estate of Amos Himes dec'd, have filed an account of their said administrations in the Register's Office at Towanda, and that the same will be presented to the Orphan's court of Bradford co., on Monday, the 2d day of Sept. next, for confirmation and allowance. JULIUS RUSSELL, Register. Per C. S. RUSSELL, Deputy. Register's Office, Towanda, Aug. 6, 1844.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that Freeman Wilcox, guardian of Sophronia Ladd, has filed an account of his said guardianship in the Register's Office at Towanda, and that the same will be presented to the Orphan's Court of Bradford county on Monday the 2d day of September next for confirmation and allowance.

JULIUS RUSSELL, Register, Per C. S. RUSSELL, Deputy. Register's Office, Towanda, August 5th, 1844.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers his farm, containing TWO HUNDRED acres, situate in Albany township Bradford county, Pa. for sale. This farm is peculiarly adapted to grass, suitable for dairy or sheep. About one hundred acres are under good improvement and well fenced. Buildings consist of a good framed two story dwelling house with four rooms on the ground floor, and four bed rooms on the second floor, kitchen, wash house and water closet attached. Barn, Hay, horse stabling, granary, &c., &c. He will also sell the stock, consisting of Cattle, Horses, sheep, &c., and also the farming utensils now on the farm. For further particulars apply to apply to C. L. Ward Esq., Towanda, Pa., or to the subscriber on the premises. JOHN MOSS, Jr. Albany, Aug. 10, 1844. The New York Weekly Tribune, and N. Y. Evening Post, insert three times and charge to this Office.

Wright's Vegetable Indian Pills.

It is during the continuance of Storms and Floods, the channels of OUR MIGHTY RIVERS become so obstructed as to afford an insufficient outlet for the superabundant waters, we can expect nothing less than that the surrounding country will be OVERWHELMED WITH THE FLOOD. In a like manner with the human body—if the Skin, Kidneys, and Bowels, (the natural outlets for URINE AND CORRUPT HUMORS) become so obstructed as to fall in affording a full discharge of those impurities which are in all cases THE CAUSE OF SICKNESS: we surely can expect no other results than that the whole frame will sooner or later be OVERWHELMED WITH DISEASE.

As in the first place, if we would prevent an inundation we must remove all obstructions, to the free discharge of the superabundant waters. So, in the second place, if we would prevent and cure disease, we must open and keep open, all the Natural Drains of the body.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, Of the North American College of Health, will be found one of the best if not the very BEST MEDICINE IN THE WORLD for carrying out this beautiful and simple theory; because they completely cleanse the Stomach and Bowels from all Billious Humors and other impurity, and at the same time promote a healthy discharge from the Lungs, Skin, and Kidneys; consequently, as all the Natural Drains are opened, Disease of every name is literally driven from the Body.

Caution—As the great popularity and consequent great demand for Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills has raised up a host of counterfeiters, country agents and storekeepers will be on their guard against the many imposters who are travelling about the country selling the unsuspecting a spurious article for the genuine.

It should be remembered that all authorized agents are provided a Certificate of Agency, signed by WILLIAM WRIGHT, Vice President of the N. A. College of Health. Consequently, those who offer Indian Vegetable Pills, and cannot show a Certificate, as above described, will be known as imposters.

The following highly respectable Storekeepers have been appointed Agents for the sale of

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, and of whom it is confidently believed the genuine medicine can with certainty be obtained: BRADFORD COUNTY, PA.

- J. D. & E. D. Montanye, Towanda. D. Brink, P. M., Hornbrook. S. W. & D. F. Pomeroy, Troy. Lyman Durfee, Smithfield. J. J. & C. Warford, Monroeton. Wm. Gibson, Ulster. Ullyses Moody, Asylum. John Horton Jr., Terrytown. Coryell & Gee, Burlington corners. Benjamin Coolbaugh, Canton. L. S. Ellsworth & Co., Athens. Allen & Storm, Sheshequin. Guy Tracy, Milan. A. R. Soper, Columbia Flats. Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of the medicine wholesale and retail, 228 Greenwich street, New York, No. 198 Tremont street, Boston, and 169 Race street, Philadelphia.

Beware of Counterfeits.—The public are respectfully informed that medicine purporting to be Indian Pills, made by one V. O. Falck, are not the genuine Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. The only security against imposition is to purchase from the regular advertised agents, and in all cases be particular to ask for Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. [no 16m.]

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKING.

ELKANAH SMITH & SON, HAVE commenced the manufacture of Saddles, Bridles, Harness, &c., &c., in the borough of Towanda, in the building formerly occupied by S. Hathaway, two doors west of I. H. Stephens' tavern, where they will keep constantly on hand, and manufacture to order,

Elastic Web, Common and Quilted SADDLES, Harness, Bridles, Collars, Carriage Trimming and Military Work done to order.

Carpet Bags, Trunks, Valises, &c. &c. Mattresses, Pew and Chair Cushions made on short notice and reasonable terms.

The subscribers hope by doing their work well, and by a strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

ELKANAH SMITH & SON. Towanda, May 14, 1844.

LOOK HERE FRIENDS!

TAKE A PEEP INTO NO. 3, BRICK ROW.

WE are happy to be able to inform our neighbors, that the BRICK BLOCK IS UP, and the citizens of Bradford county generally, that we are this day receiving at No. 3, a new and extensive assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which have been purchased in the city of New York for cash and good cash— a goodly portion of them directly opposite the door of one Henry Sheldon and one John McNeil. Our goods have been purchased under such circumstances as to enable us to sell them very cheap. We do, therefore, pledge ourselves to sell as low for ready pay, as any store in Bradford county. Our stock consists of

- Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Crockery, Drugs & Medicines, Dye woods & Dye stuffs, &c., &c., &c.

In fact, we have on hand almost every article usually kept in a country store. We will exchange our goods for Cash, Produce of any kind, all descriptions of Lumber, good fresh butter, wool, sheep-pelts, cattle's hides, &c. &c. We acknowledge our obligations to the many friends who have stood by us through the "hard times," and fondly hope to be able to make it an object for them to continue their patronage.

WM. H. BAIRD & CO. Towanda, May 6, 1844.

FOR SALE.

D. Vandercok's Cabinet Shop! THE subscriber in consequence of ill health wishes to dispose of his Cabinet Shop. His establishment consists of Cherry Lumber, Mahogany, Hardware, Tools, Furniture, &c., &c., which he will sell on reasonable terms for cash, or short credit with good security. D. VANDERCOCK. Towanda, May 1, 1844.

BOOT & SHOE MAKING



STEPHEN HATHAWAY informs the public generally that he is still prepared to manufacture, of the best material, and in the most substantial and elegant manner, all descriptions of Boots and Shoes. Morocco, Calf and Coarse Boots and Shoes; Ladies' shoes and gaiters; youth's do. All work made by me will be warranted to be well made. Call and try. Country Produce taken in payment for Towanda, February 27th, 1844.

Chairs and Bedsteads.

THE subscribers continue to manufacture and keep on hand at old stand, all kinds of Chairs, Also, Bedsteads of various kinds, and instead of every description which we will sell for cash or Country Produce. TURNING done to order. TOMKINS & MAKINSON. Towanda, November 10th, 1843.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

BOOT & SHOE MAKING.

WILCOX & SAGE have associated themselves in the Boot and Shoe making business, in the borough of Towanda, door west of the Claremont House, and are a share of public patronage. They will select a careful selection of stock, and by attending the interests of their customers, to make and durable work as can be manufactured in this portion of the country. They keep constantly on hand, and will manufacture to order, morocco, calf and cow boots and shoes; Ladies' Gaiters, shoe slips; children's do.; gent's gaiters and gaiters, &c., &c. JOHN W. WILCOX PHILANDER SAGE Towanda, May 6, 1844.

SALT, a few bags of fine salt for dairy use, also any quantity of common Salt, which we promise to sell as cheap as cheaper than any other merchant in Towanda. Call before you buy, at No. 3, Brick Row. June 28, 1844. W. H. BAIRD & CO.

SADDLE, HARNESS & TRUNK MANUFACTORY.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs his old friends and the public generally that he is now carrying on the above business in all its various branches, in the north part of the building occupied by B. Thomas, at No. 1, on Main street, nearly opposite Messer's store, where he will be happy to accommodate old and new customers.

SADDLES, BRIDLES, MARTINGALS, HARNESS, WHIPS & C. CARPET BAGS, VALISES, TRUNKS, COLLARS, & C.

of the latest fashion and best materials made to order on moderate terms for ready money. Most kinds of country produce will be in exchange for work. JERE CULP. April 17, 1844.

A Special Proclamation!

E. O. HALSTED, as in duty bound, returns his sincere thanks to those who have favored him with their patronage during the past year, and assure all who may feel an interest in the information, that he still continues at the old stand, ready to dispense to the best of his ability, and in conformity with the usual liberal prices, and most accommodations, terms, to wit—For cash only. To the Thirsty, he would say, his SOFT WATER is unrivalled. Small beer and various other beverages are constantly on hand. To the Hungry, he proclaims that he has established a MARKET in the basement of his establishment, where FRESH MEATS, of various kinds, will be kept constantly on hand. Towanda, May 6, 1844.

Shaving and Hair Dressing.

John Carter, Barber and Hair Dresser, RETURNS his thanks to his numerous customers, and informs them that he has removed his shop to the small building on the north side of the public square, one door west of the Exchange Hotel, where he will be at all reasonable hours, ready to wait on those who may favor him with a call, in the most manner possible. Towanda, May 5, 1844.

COT. YARN and Carpet Warp, Colored and White this day received at No. 3, Brick Row.

The Bradford Reporter.

BY E. S. GOODRICH AND SON.

TERMS: Two dollars and fifty cents per annum, in advance of postage. Fifty cents deducted within the year; and for cash actually advanced, one dollar will be deducted. Subscribers at liberty to discontinue at any time by paying arrears. Advertisements, not exceeding a square inserted twenty-five cents; every subsequent insertion ten cents. A liberal discount to yearly advertisers. Twelve lines or less make a square. Job Printing, of every description, executed expeditiously, on new and fashionable type. Letters on business pertaining to the office, must come free of postage, to ensure attention.

AGENTS.

- The following gentlemen are authorized to receive subscriptions for the Bradford Reporter and to receipt for payments therefor: C. H. HANCOCK, Esq., Reading. J. R. COLEMAN, Smithfield. Col. W. E. BARROW, Smithfield. E. ASHBY, Smithfield. J. E. GOODRICH, Towanda. B. COLEMAN, Towanda.