The Pittsburg Dispatch.

FORTY SEVENTH YEAR. PITTSBURG, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1892—TWELVE PAGES. THREE CENTS.

GOULD'S DEATH MAY COME SOON.

The Great Financier of America Suffering From His Last Illness.

NOT A CASE OF RUMOR NOW

For the Facts of His Serious Sickness Are Two Apparent.

Physicians in Constant Attendance at His Bedside—George Gould Forced to Admit the Truth—He Calls His Father a Dangerously Sick Man—Information From the House Rigidly Withheld—Children of the Multi-Millionaire Surround His Bedside—Pulmonary Consumption Believed to Be the Disease That Is Carrying Off the Big Little Man—He Is Now Unconscious and His Limit of Life Has Narrowed Down to Hours.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Jay Gould is dying at his home. His disease, it is believed, is pulmonary consumption. The latest information given at his house is that he is unconscious and sinking rapidly. His physicians will not say definitely what the nature of this last attack is.

It is learned, however, that Mr. Gould has not had one but several hemorrhages from the lungs, the first of them on the day before Thanksgiving. There was another hemorrhage two days later and still another last Wednesday. Whether or not the pulmonary disease has appeared only recently cannot yet be learned. But its advance of late appears to have been very rapid. It is said that Mr. Gould's lungs have been weak for a number of years though he has never let even his most intimate friends know it.

Never Rallied Since the Hemorrhage.

The hemorrhage on November 23 was accompanied by fits of coughing. It left him weak and he has never rallied. He has been gradually wasting and sinking. His death, it is said, has from the moment of the hemorrhage been but a question of time. Every known medical device has been resorted to, but the doctors could not bring about a permanent rally.

JAY GOULD.

Each of the later hemorrhages, it is said, was accompanied by a very painful coughing spell that helped greatly to weaken Mr. Gould. A little crowd of people stood on the four corners opposite the house until late at night gazing up at the windows and remarking the movement of every shadow that could be seen on the drawn curtains.

No Attempt at Concealment.

There was no attempt made to-night to conceal the fact that Mr. Jay Gould was a very seriously sick man. The members of his family were all in the house and at times by his bedside, and all inquiries at the house door were answered by the butler, who said: "Mr. Gould is very low."

Dr. Munn, his family physician, called several times during the day on Mr. Gould and was with him all the evening. Dr. Janeway was in consultation with Dr. Munn again and this fact strengthened the rumor that Mr. Gould's recent hemorrhages were from the lungs and not from the stomach. Dr. Munn refused to make any definite statement about Mr. Gould's illness.

The Opinion of His Son.

Mr. George Gould admitted to-night that it was serious, and at 9 o'clock he sent down word from the sick room: "My father's condition is very low."

Every room in Mr. Gould's house, at 579 Fifth avenue, was illuminated, and this in itself was unusual enough to attract attention from passersby on the street. Two coaches were in front of the house all the evening. Mr. Gould's coachman and butler were on duty all night. There were no other signs indicating that the worst was feared.

Mr. Gould's illness was discussed by the brokers and Wall street men who gather every night at the Windsor Hotel, and it was the general opinion it was much more serious than any of his previous attacks. When Mr. Gould has suffered from his periodical attacks of nervous dyspepsia previously the members of his family have been slow to admit that he was sick at all. He has suffered from these attacks of dyspepsia followed by nervous prostration about twice a year.

Much Made of Previous Attacks.

None of them has been really considered to be dangerous by his family physician, Dr. Munn, and yet owing to Mr. Gould's financial relations much has been made of them. Not less than 25 times has Mr. Gould been reported to be dying. On each of these occasions Mr. Gould's sons and his physicians have assured all inquirers that he was not seriously ill.

For this reason little faith was put in the rumors that floated around Wall street for the past few days about Mr. Gould's present illness. It was said that he was simply suffering from the periodical return of his old complaint. It has been suggested during the years in which Mr. Gould has been more or less of an invalid that his lungs were the seat of disease.

When Mr. George Gould went to his office in the Western Union building this morning, however, he stated that his father was worse and that he was really seriously sick. This was the first authentic information as to Mr. Gould's critical condition that had been received.

Began to Get Worried.

Mr. Gould did not rest well last night and it was then that his family began to get worried about him. A few days ago it was stated that Mr. Gould had made preparations to go to El Paso for the winter. This trip was abandoned because in the opinion of Dr. Munn Mr. Gould was not strong enough to take it unless there was a marked improvement in his health.

Mr. George Gould and some of the other members of the family were up part of Wednesday night with the sick man. When Mr. George Gould appeared at his office yesterday he looked haggard and his eyes showed the lack of sleep. Beyond the statement that his father was worse he declined to say anything about his illness.

Mr. Russell Sage discredited to-day the report that Mr. Gould was seriously sick, and said: "He is simply suffering from another of his bilious attacks. Mr. Gould overtaxed himself during the week preceding Thanksgiving by attending three meetings downtown. Mr. George Gould told me that after his father's last trip downtown he was compelled to go to bed and he has been there ever since. What he needs now is perfect rest.

Only Few Visitors Admitted.

Dr. John P. Munn, who has been for many years Mr. Gould's physician, paid his first call at the house at 9:30 this morning. There were many other callers, but only a few of them were admitted. No one but the members of the family and the physicians were admitted to the house in the evening. Miss Helen Gould is confined to her bed with severe colds. Mr. Gould's sons, George, Edwin, Howard and Frank, and his daughter, Miss Annie, were in his room all during the evening.

An Associated Press dispatch says: It has been determined that Mr. Jay Gould is suffering from consumption, and that he is doubtless now in his last illness. Last winter he went to a more genial climate, and it was hoped until recently that he might be able this winter to get away from New York to some locality where the atmosphere is more bland than here.

The development of his trouble has, however, prevented this contemplated removal, and Mr. Gould now lies at his Fifth avenue home in this city growing weaker daily. His entire family is in reach of hurried summons, and his personal medical attendant is in close attendance.

Information Rigidly Withheld.

To seek details of the sick room would be a fruitless effort, for such information is rigidly held within the family circle.

That Mr. Gould has, as has been rumored, suffered hemorrhages may or may not be true. It matters not.

The health of the great financier has many times in years gone been the subject of sensational and designing rumors. This writing, however, deals with no rumor, nor is it designed to arouse sensation.

Mr. Gould is low with consumption. He is weak, and each day his physical forces less oppose the advance of disease. His life may be prolonged for some days, but the days are well nigh numbered, and the limit of his living may be said now to have narrowed almost to hours.

LATEST FROM THE BEDSIDE

Of the Man Who Owns Millions but Must Leave All Behind.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—2 A. M.—[*Special.*]—One of the reporters who inquired at the Gould door at midnight was informed that the doctor had sent out word that Mr. Gould would probably not live an hour longer. Notes innumerable were sent into the house by various persons, and all were returned unanswered or with the information that Mr. Gould was very low and might not live the night out.

At 1 o'clock the lights were turned out or very low in the sick room, but it was said that Mr. Gould was still alive. The family had retired, leaving Dr. Munn and the nurses to watch the patient.

A HORRIBLE SUICIDE.

An Erie Man Shoots His Wife and Decapitates Himself Under a Car.

ERIE, Dec. 1.—[*Special.*]—Ralph Kane, an employe of the Lake Shore Railroad Company, shot his wife here to-night and then committed suicide in a most horrible manner. Kane's wife had her husband locked up, and on his release, fearing his anger, she had, with her four young children, sought the protection of a neighbor's household. Kane found his little family and called the wife and mother outside "for a talk."

When alone with her he fired every shot in his revolver into her body, leaving her, as he supposed, dead where she answered his summons. Then he went to the track within sight of the first scene of the tragedy, and releasing a car standing on a steep grade, waited until it had momentum enough to serve his purpose, when he ran alongside of it and threw himself across the rails in such a way that his head was severed from the body. The trunk and the ghastly skull, terribly crushed and mutilated, lay on different sides of the rail. Mrs. Kane is still living, but will die. Kane was 35 years old.

RAINMAKERS DISCOURAGED.

Dryenfurth Still Insists He Is Successful From a Scientific Standpoint.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Dec. 1.—The rainmakers here say their tests are without satisfactory results. The only apparent effect was the formation of a cloud overhead at 11 o'clock last night, but a strong southerly wind soon dispersed all prospect of rain from that source. There was a very light shower at 6 o'clock this morning, which they claim they were responsible for. The weather has been perfectly clear all day, however, with no indications of rain.

The bombardment lasted ten hours. General Dryenfurth claims that he was successful from a scientific standpoint. The backers of the experiments state that before they discontinue the experiments they will make a thorough trial.

MARRIED WEALTH AT OUTS.

One of St. Louis' Wealthiest Women Seeks a Divorce on the Ground of Cruelty.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 1.—A sensational divorce suit was filed in the Circuit Court today by Mrs. Anna L. Meyer against her husband, Henry J. Meyer. The plaintiff is a daughter of the well known millionaire brewer, William J. Lemp, and her husband is President of the St. Louis Adamant Plaster Company of this city.

Mrs. Meyer alleges that her husband became subject to groundless moods of jealousy, and while under the influence of these feeling rendered her life intolerable. On two or three occasions he has tried to choke and strike her.

CHARGES OF FRAUD

Made by the Democracy of Wyoming, Who Have Sent a Delegation to See

HARRITY AND CLEVELAND.

Alleged Attempt of Republicans to Gobble the Legislature and

SECURE THE SENATORIAL PRIZE.

Kansas Populists Protest Against the Loss of an Elector.

OFFICIAL RETURNS STILL BOBBING UP

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

OMAHA, NEB., Dec. 1.—A delegation of Wyoming Democrats is in Omaha on their way to New York City to consult with Chairman Harrity, of the Democratic National Committee, and with President-elect Cleveland in regard to the alleged frauds being perpetrated by the Republicans in their State and the so-called outrageous efforts of the Republicans to steal the Legislature and elect their United States Senator. Colonel C. D. Kelley, of Cheyenne, is the Chairman.

Mr. Kelley was a member of the Democratic Central Committee of Wyoming and is fully alive to the political situation there. Among other things he said: "The people of Wyoming rebelled against Republican rule at the recent election and put the Democratic party in power. We elected our Governor, Congressman and Supreme Judge, comprising the entire State ticket to be voted for, and by fusion on the legislative ticket elected 27 out of 49 legislators, but now it seems that the people are to be cheated out of their rights by one of the boldest, most barefaced frauds ever perpetrated in America.

A Senatorship at Stake.

"Wyoming should elect a Democratic United States Senator, and if the results of as fair an election as ever took place in the State were not overthrown this would be done, but the entire political machine is controlled by a rotten Republican ring. The Republicans are making an attempt to steal the State, and there seems to be but little hope but that they will succeed. They use the courts with perfect impunity to attain their ends, and the people can do nothing.

"By a fair vote the fusion ticket controls the Legislature on a joint ballot by five votes, but the Republicans will steal enough to give them a majority. In Converse county a Democrat was fairly elected by seven majority. The Republicans received, according to the tally sheets, 89 votes, but the clerks in footing up totals gave him 99. The matter was carried into the courts, and a Republican Judge decreed that the mistake must stand, and the Republican was declared elected by a majority of three.

A Very Narrow Margin.

"In Carbon county the official vote was put off for 15 days until Chairman Vandeventer, of the Republican Committee, could be on hand. With all this fraud the fusionists still have a majority of one vote in the lower House. If matters could take their course everything could be righted and with this majority of one rightful members could be seated, but the Republicans mean to go still greater lengths to attain their ends. The plan is to issue false certificates to enough men to give the Republicans the majority in the House.

"Then the first day that the Legislature meets a resolution will be introduced providing for the election of a United States Senator at once, and the whole thing will be hustled through before contest proceedings can be instituted.

"It is provided in the scheme to keep the newly-elected Governor out of his chair until after the Senator is elected, thus depriving him of the opportunity to have any hand in the proceedings. It seems hardly probable that we will be able to stop this fraud, but we will do what we can. We want Mr. Harrity himself to come out and look over the field, and we will leave it largely to him to decide what course it is best to pursue.

May Be a Resort to Force.

"It has been proposed by some to let matters take their course and then institute contest proceedings before the Senate, but feeling is running so high that I would not be surprised to see force employed to break up the Republican ring. We must first seat our Governor. With him in the chair, we can elect a Senator, as he would refuse to sign the false certificates, but with him out it will be impossible to do anything directly. It has been proposed that the Democrats form a Legislature of their own, elect a Senator and leave it for the Senate to decide between the Republican and Democrat."

Mr. Kelley had a long consultation with Dr. Miller this noon on the question. Dr. Miller advised that the newly-elected Governor be seated at once, by force if necessary. Senator Warren, who is a candidate for re-election, is at the head of the Republican ring, and has so worked things, for years that his influence is tremendous. The Democrats made their campaign issue the arid land bill, which he introduced in Congress, and it was in opposition to this bill that the Democrats were able to carry the State as they did. Chairman New, of the Democratic State Committee, will be the Democratic nominee for the Senate. The delegates start to-morrow for New York.

NO TROUBLE FROM KOLBITES.

Governor Jones of Alabama Quietly Takes the Oath of Office.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Dec. 1.—Governor-elect Jones was inaugurated at noon to-day, before the joint session of the House and Senate. The oath of office was administered by Chief Justice Stone. The Governor then delivered his inaugural address.

There had been some fear from the Kolbites, but the Adjutant General ordered out two detachments of the local battery to the Capitol, for the ostensible purpose of firing a salute, but really to guard against surprise. The men of the battery wore side-arms, and there was some apprehension of a conflict.

Governor Peck's Plurality 7,844.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., Dec. 1.—The official count of the vote of Wisconsin was completed yesterday. It is as follows: Peck, Democrat, for Governor, 178,198; Spooner, Republican, 170,354; Peck's plurality 7,844.

Cleveland's Illinois Plurality 26,993.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Dec. 1.—The State Board of Canvassers to-day completed the canvass of the official vote of Illinois, as follows: Cleveland, 426,281; Harrison, 399,288; Weaver, 22,207; Bidwell, 25,807.

Harrison's Majority in Washington.

TACOMA, WASH., Dec. 1.—Official returns from all but one county give Harrison 36,461, Cleveland 29,922, Weaver 19,264, Bidwell 2,487. For Governor, McGraw, Republican, 33,103; Snively, Democratic, 28,779; Young, Populist, 23,639, Green, Prohibition, 3,823.

A CONTEST IN KANSAS.

Populists Protest Against the Counting in of One Elector.

TOPEKA, KAN., Dec. 1.—The State Board of Canvassers this morning attempted to wrestle with Coffey county Legislative tie, and found itself surrounded by numerous complications. Upon this tie rests the organization of the House. The official count shows that the lower house will stand: Republicans 62, Populists 58, Democrats 3, Independent 1, tie 1. The Independent legislator is Wilson, of Meade county. He is a Republican, but was elected by Populist votes against the Republican nominee. He is an intimate friend of Jerry Simpson, and the Populists claim him for their caucus nominee and also in House organization. With the Coffey county tie decided in their favor the Republicans will have 63 votes, enough to organize the House. In the discussion this morning some of the members of the Board seemed to think it was unconstitutional to decide by lot, and Governor Humphrey held that the Board was authorized to pass on constitutional questions.

Chairman Breidenthal instituted injunction proceedings, this morning, restraining the Board from issuing a certificate of election to Lervey, the Republican elector, whose election was due to the fact that the name of his Fusion opponent was incorrectly printed on the tickets in two counties. A contest will follow, and the opinion seems general that the Populists will win their point.

HARRISON'S PAPER SOLD.

Only $21,000 for the Plant and the Debts Are Over $100,000.

HELENA, MONT., Dec. 1.—[*Special.*]—Russell B. Harrison's newspaper, the Helena *Journal*, which was attached by one of its numerous creditors soon after midnight on election day, when President Harrison's defeat became known, was sold to-day at Sheriff's sale. The paper suspended publication the morning after election, and has not resumed. The creditor who made the first move was the Montana National Bank, which had loaned the paper $26,000. The Merchants' National and First National filed claims for similar amounts, and the total indebtedness here and in the East is over $100,000.

The paper has been a losing venture from the start. This was no field for it, and it had strong and firmly entrenched rivals. The property was sold for $21,000 to L. H. Hirschfield, a banker, who is one of the creditors and an intimate friend of Harrison. Hirschfield says he will soon start the paper again, and that Harrison will have no interest in it. The Montana National Bank, after Hirschfield paid the money, to-day filed a claim for an additional $9,000, for which it held Harrison's note. It looks as though further legal complications would ensue.

SAFE TRUST OFFICERS ELECTED.

A Denial of the Statement That the Two Rival Bodies Will Consolidate.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—At a meeting of the directors of the Diebold-Mosler-Damon Safe Company held here to-day, the following officers were elected: President, M. Mosler, of the Mosler Safe and Lock Company; Vice Presidents, William W. Clark, of the Diebold Safe and Lock Company and Thomas Barnes, of the Barnes Safe and Lock Company; Treasurer, George L. Damon, of the Damon Safe and Iron Company. James H. Parker, President of the United States National Bank, was elected a director.

Preliminaries necessary to acquiring the property of the eleven manufacturers whose businesses are to be united in the company were completed, and a further meeting will be held at an early day, when the properties of the eleven constituent companies and firms will be finally taken over. John Farrell, Vice President of the Herring-Hall-Marvin Company, says there is no truth in the report that his concern is to be consolidated with the Diebold-Mosler-Damon Company.

STATE MONOPOLY PROPOSED

For the Sale of Liquor in Kansas for Constitutional Purposes Only.

TOPEKA, DEC. 1.—The State Temperance Union has adopted a resolution in favor of State agents for the sale of intoxicating liquors. John A. Murray, who introduced the present prohibitory law, will form a bill to be presented to the next Legislature, incorporating the State agency feature. It embraces the People's party doctrine, and the indications point clearly to its adoption. The resolution reads:

Resolved, That it is the idea and intent of the prohibitory law to cut off all profits in the sale of liquors, and only to provide places for the convenience of the people in obtaining liquors under the conditions named under the law. Therefore, we earnestly request the coming Legislature of the State to so amend the prohibitory law as to put the sale of liquor for the excepted purposes in the hands of agents of the State, who shall have no financial profit from the sales, be they many or few.

A CHICAGO THUG SHOT.

He Runs Against a Saloonkeeper's Wife, Who Was Prepared for Him.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—[*Special.*]—Reports of crime in Chicago still come in with alarming speed, and it is claimed that the police authorities have undertaken to belittle and even suppress, if possible, the news.

Three men entered the saloon of Charles Berger this morning. They were masked, approached the bar, and drew their revolvers on the saloon man's wife, who was behind the counter. In an instant the plucky woman had drawn a big pistol, pulled the trigger, and shot. Mrs. Berger gave chase, grabbed one of the the thugs, and shot him in the arm once again in the breast. Three policemen had a desperate fight with four armed thieves, but the desperadoes finally escaped.

IN CAP AND GOWN.

Wash-Jeff Seniors Determine to Tog Themselves Out for Graduation.

WASHINGTON, PA., Dec. 1.—[*Special.*]—The senior class of Washington-Jefferson College has unanimously decided to graduate in cap and gown, and the members are now anxiously awaiting the conclusion of the faculty in the matter.

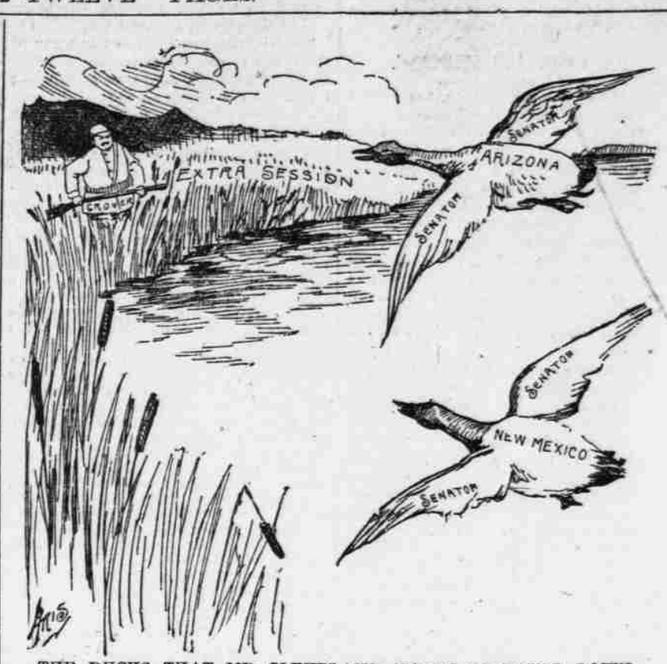
It is generally believed that the graduates will be allowed to "tog" themselves as they desire. Hereafter the students will wear a college badge.

Wanted to Stand on Maxwell's Scaffold.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 1.—Rev. James M. Sharrat and wife, of Leeds, England, to-day gained permission to ascend the scaffold on which Hugh Brooks, alias Maxwell, paid the penalty for the murder of Arthur Preller. Mr. Sharratt, who has been a missionary in India, knew Brooks when the latter was a boy.

Fairchild Not Yet Approached.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—In reference to the report that he had been offered the Secretaryship of the Treasury by Mr. Cleveland Charles S. Fairchild to-day said that he had not new and never had the slightest reason to suppose that Mr. Cleveland wished him to take any position under his administration.



THE DUCKS THAT MR. CLEVELAND HOPES TO BRING DOWN.

HOMESTEAD IN NEED.

Great Suffering at the Little Borough Up the Monongahela.

CHICAGO TO AID THE STRIKERS,

A Committee Having Reported That Assistance Is a Necessity.

STARVATION SEEKS SEVERAL HUNDREDS

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—The recent visit of a committee of Homestead strikers to Chicago is bearing good fruit. The Trades Council a short time since sent a committee consisting of Richard Powers and Edward Hobbs, both well-known men, to visit Pittsburg and Homestead and see for themselves what the situation was, and whether help was actually needed or not. The committee went last week and this morning returned.

Both gentlemen report terrible distress among the 1,800 families in the Homestead district. They found the recent declaration that he strike was off had no effect whatever on the condition of affairs near the steel mills. After declaring the strike off the men presented themselves to the mills and were refused work. Only an extremely small percentage of the men who went out were taken back, and these were only the cheap laborers. The skilled men were turned away and refused work.

No Room in the Mills for Strikers.

Mr. Powers says the Carnegie Company will never take the strikers back. The mills are running only at fractional capacity, and the raw non-union hands are being taught the technical work.

"We found a most wretched condition of affairs," said Mr. Powers. "There is keen suffering everywhere. We found several families Monday morning without a mouthful of food in the house and no money. If you had been there you would have given your last nickel. Mr. Hobbs bought provisions for a small number of these families because he didn't have the heart to leave six or seven children hungry. These people need clothes and food now more than ever, and we will issue an appeal to the people to continue to send us money or provisions or clothes.

"We have made arrangements with a committee at Homestead to receive and disburse what we send, and can now guarantee that all contributions will do good and reach these people, and I can tell you that never was charity needed so badly. I had to give up the investigation, it cut me so to see so much suffering. They are getting a little aid from neighboring towns, but it is small."

The Company Mercilessly Scored.

"The heartless fashion in which these men have been treated by the company," said Mr. Hobbs, "is an outrage. They will soon be turned out of their houses, as well as being deprived of food. Men who apply for work are first compelled to go into the mills and shake hands with the outsiders that have filled their places, and after they have been humiliated in that way they are told plainly when they ask for a job to go to hades and shake hands with the rest of the blacksheep for a living. The Carnegie Company is determined to drive the men out of the State."

In consequence of this report efforts to raise money will be redoubled. The subject will probably be taken up by the Trades Council next Sunday.

IN ICE FOR TWO YEARS.

A Steamship Breaks the Long Siege of a New England Whaler.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1.—The steamer Fonar, which arrived at this port from Rotterdam to-day, fell in with the whaling bark Arthur, which had been nearly two years out from New Bedford. Nearly all this time the bark was inclosed in ice in Hudson Bay, entirely shut in from the outside world. The bark was in fairly good shape and the sailors all healthy, notwithstanding their long siege.

All the men were very hungry for news, however, the events of the past two years being a sealed book to them, and Captain Willis, of the Fonar, lowered one of his boats and sent the bark's crew a load of newspapers and miscellaneous literature.

LOOSE ON A STEEP GRADE.

Runaway Cars at Greenville Crash Into an Engine, Killing Two Men.

GREENVILLE, PA., Dec. 1.—[*Special.*]—At Shenango to-day two freight cars broke loose on a steep grade and started toward the station at a terrific gait, having a clear piece of track two miles long. The switch engine happened on the track the runaway cars were traveling. Before the men in the cab could escape the cars were upon them with a crash that was heard for miles.

The wreck of cars and engine was complete. James Dunley and Charles McDowell, engineer and fireman on the switcher, were both killed.

THREE DISTILLERIES COMBINE.

The Leading Spirit Refuses to Say Whether They Have Joined the Trust.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 1.—The Central Distillery of this city was formally turned over to Samuel Woolner this afternoon. This completes the deal involving the Central, the Nebraska, of Nebraska City, and the Star and Crescent of Pekin, Ill., the last three having already been turned over to Mr. Woolner.

To a reporter Mr. Woolner said this evening that he was buying for "himself and friends," refusing to answer a question as to whether or not he purchased as the agent of the Distillers' and Cattle Feeding Company.

JOLIET'S DOUBLE FAILURE.

The Liabilities of the Bank and the Wire Company Are Nearly $1,000,000.

JOLIET, ILL., Dec. 1.—The condition of the collapsed Stone City Bank and the Enterprise Company looks more serious today. Everything in sight has been attached. The transfer of the property of the Fishs subjects them to bitter reproach. All the transfers will be contested in the courts. The excitement to-day is more intense than yesterday. The many small depositors who responded to the advertisement of the bank for long time deposits on interest, are breathing all sorts of threats.

Creditors are beginning to believe that both the institutions are involved in hopeless ruin. The Illinois Steel Company, it is said, will push its claim of $150,000. The claim will be set up, according to current report, that the Fishs were trying to defraud their creditors. The senior Fish, father of the Fish brothers, is almost crazed with the crash. He placed every confidence in his son George as a financier. George's ambition was to own and operate the biggest wire plant in the world. He kept blooded horses and followed metropolitan fashions, always taking a colored footman along on the back of his turnout. Additional claims were filed to-day, bringing the aggregate liabilities of both concerns to nearly $1,000,000, with probably one-third of that amount in assets.

THE ELLWORD TOWN COMPANY SUED

By a Discharged Engineer, Who Alleges a Breach of Contract.

NEW CASTLE, Dec. 1.—[*Special.*]—One of the strangest actions ever brought in the Lawrence county courts has just been commenced by W. P. Nye against the Pittsburg Company, which has been improving the new town of Ellword. Mr. Nye states he is a locomotive engineer. September 23, 1890, he was induced by the Pittsburg Company to accept a position as engineer on the Beaver Valley Railroad at $80 a month, which was increased by working over time to $100. On the representations of the company that he would have a permanent position he bought a house and lot from the Pittsburg Company for $1,750, agreeing to pay $120 every three months until the whole amount was paid. July 31, 1892, he was discharged, as he says, without cause. He ceased to pay for his house, and now he asks $2,000 from the company for breach of contract. The case will be tried in January.

LEVIED ON HIS WHISKERS.

A Writ of Attachment Was Issued Upon Them and Served.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 1.—Charles Libby, secretary of the Kansas City (Kan.) Paving Company, to-day enjoyed, or rather did not enjoy, the novel experience of having a Constable levy upon his whiskers in an attachment for the satisfaction of a debt of $28. Mr. Libby, as secretary of the Paving Company, gave a laborer a bill upon the treasurer for $28 for wages due. The laborer negotiated the bill with a money lender, whom Mr. Libby declined to pay.

The money lender employed counsel and brought suit, and obtained judgment in a justice's court for the full amount. The lawyer, in a fit of humor, made application to the justice for a writ of attachment upon Mr. Libby's whiskers in satisfaction of the judgment. The justice is a sleepy old soul, and without reading the application signed it.

DR. SCOTT'S REMAINS

Will Reach Washington, Pa., at 8:30 This Morning, on the Chartiers Road.

WASHINGTON, PA., Dec 1.—[*Special.*]—The remains of the late Dr. Scott will arrive here over the Chartiers Railroad, by special train, at 8:30 A. M. This is according to advices from official sources to parties here, which state also that the funeral party will consist of President Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison and a party of ten other relatives of the family.

The remains will be taken from the funeral train to the residence of Mrs. Joshua Wright, a niece of the deceased, where they will remain until 9:50 o'clock, after which they will be taken to the Washington cemetery for burial. It is announced that four ministers and four elders of the Presbyterian church here will be the pall bearers.

TWO MANSFIELD TRAGEDIES.

A Prominent Young Man Mortally Wounded in a Poker Row—A Suicide.

MANSFIELD, O., Dec. 1.—[*Special.*]—At Belleville last night Wesley White, a prominent young man, accused Frank Hardesty and Owen Whitten of fraudulently "touching" him for $10 in a game of poker. In the row, Whitten struck White over the head with a lumber rule. The steel hook on the end was driven through White's skull and entered his brain. Attending physicians say he will die. Both Whitten and Hardesty have been committed without bail.

Charles Smith, 32 years old, wound up a prolonged drinking bout last night by sending a bullet through his head.

THE EXODUS FROM CANADA.

It Has Increased 37 Per Cent in Uncle Sam's Favor Since 1880.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The extent of the exodus from Canada to the United States is shown by figures derived from the Census Office. The facts show that the number of Canadians in the country at the taking of the census in 1890 was 983,000, compared with 717,000 in 1880, showing an increase of over 37 per cent.

The figures for the last four decades are as follows: 1860, 249,000; 1870, 493,000; 1880, 717,000; 1890, 983,000.

SOBBING WOMEN SEEK THE MAYOR.

They Ask for Information and They Hear a Ringing Speech in Answer.

HIS HONOR BREAKS DOWN.

A Meeting of Council Stampeded by Visitors.

PA. State Library of Congress

Mayor Gourley Advises Outcasts to Go to Their Homes—Condemns the Hasty Action of Police Officials and Explains Haste in the Closing Order—Six of the Women Hold an Open Air Meeting and Determine to Protect the Inmates—They Will Close Their Houses to Visitors—The Women Visit Prominent Ministers—Hunting Homes Elsewhere.

Forty-six inmates of the disorderly houses which have been closed, and which to the world will be hermetically sealed at 4 o'clock this afternoon, called on Mayor Gourley at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They visited His Honor to find out if possible what the Christian people of Pittsburg, who prompted the sudden move against vice, contemplated in the way of taking care of the unfortunates who have been compelled to abandon their haunts and look elsewhere for homes.

It was indeed a remarkable gathering of peculiar women. The proprietress, undaunted, in her sealskin, satins and costly feathers, with precious stones flashing like meteors from her ears and shapely fingers, stood foremost in the crowd. Around her, in humbler garb, with eyes burning from constant crying, their heads bowed with a condition that really distressed them, crowded the girls without character, without name and without a home. Together they filled the reception room of the Mayor's apartments almost beyond comfort. They were in dead earnest. They wanted information, and they had come in a body to get it. Their coming had attracted general attention around the city building and a crowd of curious idlers followed the women to the Mayor's office.

Stopped the Work of Councils.

Select Council was in special session when the females filed into the lobby of the hall, and the city legislators quit the work for which they had been assembled and joined in the rush to see and hear the object of the unexpected and unsolicited call.

The women were allowed the reception room. No one attempted to crowd in upon them, but the hallway to that particular apartment, the rotunda from which it leads, the broad stone stairway from the first to the second floor and the wide elevator which had been stopped at the first landing just to accommodate the Select Councilmen who were anxious to see but preferred not to be seen, were all crowded with the cosmopolitan gathering. City officials of high and low degree were there and with them were the State and city legislators, political leaders and ward heelers, with an occasional business man whose curiosity and concern had dragged him into the place.

There were, however, two city officials who were not there. They were Chief of the Department of Public Safety, J. O. Brown, and his Superintendent of Police, Roger O'Mara. They had heard of the women approaching the headquarters of the Police Department, and in confusion they abandoned their offices. They took refuge in the janitor's room adjoining the City Treasurer's office, where they remained until the indignant women had reached the Mayor's office. With the barricade of curious humanity between them and the enraged females the police officials disappeared into the street. At their offices they left the unsatisfactory information that they were not receiving callers under the circumstances.

The Deputation Was Embarrassed.

When the women found themselves practically alone in the Mayor's reception room they held a whispered conversation. Apparently timid ones leaned upon the others and a flutter passed over them, betokening confusion. Probably not one in the entire party had been in the room before, and all seemed more or less bewildered. They acted much as though they had been sent for. Finally one of their number, less timid than the rest, extended her jeweled hand to command attention. Assuming the air of a woman about to talk on the rights of her sex she shook her head until her jaunty little hat fairly danced a jig. She is probably the richest woman of her class in Pittsburg her possessions are extensive. She is a large real estate owner and she is estimated to be worth $500,000. The eyes of all her sisters turned to her. They looked their support to her and sustained her by their confidence. She proceeded promptly to the business for which her people come. Turning to the office leading to the Mayor's private room the now accepted leader asked of Clerk Ostermaier "Is Mayor Gourley in?"

"He is. Do you wish to see him?" Mr. Ostermaier answered.

"We do," the woman replied with some emphasis.

The Mayor was notified. He had been called upon several times during the day by smaller delegations of the women, and when he turned again from his desk he expected to see two or three more of the social outcasts who were hungering for information to guide them through their trouble. Instead he found his reception room completely packed.

An Appeal to the Mayor.

When the Mayor faced the women he bowed politely. At first he smiled. His pleasant face then took on a serious air. Little waves of color chased each other from his neck to the top of his head, and for the time he seemed more confused than his frightened audience. The leader of the women seemed to realize the Mayor's uncomfortable position, and by way of relieving the annoyance she began: "Mayor Gourley, you probably know who we are. We want to know what you intend to do for us."

The Mayor seemed all the while struggling with himself. His face was a study. Wonderfully ready in debate and clever in his speech, he looked for the first time in his experience like a man undone. His recovery was swift, however, and when he did recover he realized deeply and keenly the position in which he was placed. He turned as though about to leave the room,