The Dispatch.

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TERMS OF THE DISPATCH.

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TWELVE PAGES

THE MONOMETALLISTS' METHOD.

The report from Brussels that the monometallists are predicting the failure of the monetary conference is undoubtedly a case where the wish is father to the thought. There is no doubt that the monometallists will make the conference a failure if they can do so. If the dispatch of yesterday relative to the probable adoption of Baron Rothschild's plan should prove true it would only remain to say that the plan is as good a way of making the conference a failure as any.

The Rothschilds' proposition is beautiful in its proposal that England shall take control of the gold of the world, and that the United States shall bear the burden of the attempt to maintain the price of silver while it remains demonetized. If the United States will keep up purchases of silver amounting to over two hundred millions in four years, the Rothschild interest will kindly consent to having the governments of Europe purchase \$25,000,-000 worth in the same time. One can hardly imagine this proposal to be made for any other purpose than that of conveying the intimation that the financial interests represented by the Rothschilds will do nothing at all in aid of any practical attempt to increase the world's stock of the money metals.

There are two ways in which to meet this inimical interest. One is for the United States to seek from the continental governments a convention on the use of silver, which might leave England out of the question in the exchanges of the world. The other is to withdraw from the conference, stop purchases of silver, and let England feel the result of throwing the whole Treasury stock of silver on the market. Either course might bring the English banking interests to their senses. The latter would probably have the most immediate effects, but the former, if it could be made successful, would be the most gradual and complete solution of the question.

Certainly unless the conference will adopt some programme like the Soetbeen plan, contemplating a materially increased use of silver as money, it is not worth while waiting for the English bankers to use circuitous methods of showing that they will not consent to do anything.

THE MAIN THING.

On Monday Common Council passed the ordinance authorizing the city to lease the Fifth avenue market house property to the Central Board of Education. On Thursday the matter comes before Select Council-where, by the by, it is to be hoped a quorum will be present-and a somewhat different proposition will be made as an amendment to the measure. It has been proposed by Chief Bigelow that the property be sold and the amount realized divided between the National Guard and the Central Board of Education. The contention is that the Guard and the Board both have claims on the city, and that the site in question is the best for neither.

There is no doubt that the provision of an armory would be an excellent thing, but not in so unnecessarily valuable place. Again, a site must be had for a High School, and it should be located where it is most wanted. Fronting as it does on a noisy, busy thoroughfare like Fifth avenue, the market house property would of course be more valuable for commercial purposes than for the erection of a building devoted to quiet study. A hundred thousand dollars, according to Chief Bigelow's statement, have been offered for the land, with the understanding that its improvement would be promptly undertaken. On the whole Councils would be wise to authorize the sale with a provision that the proceeds be devoted to the erection of a new High School and an armory on suitable sites. The most essential thing is that the dilapidated the city's dilatory wastefulness should be quickly removed and the property devoted to some useful and profitable purpose.

COMETARY INFLUENCES. The late comet scare is used by the press at large as reflecting very largely upon the accuracy of astronomical science. The fact is that astronomers of real scientific standing were not among the number who expressed themselves in that connection. Men of that class declared freely that the length of time between the different observations of the comet did not afford sufficient data for a calculation of its orbit; that it was therefore uncertain whether it was Biela's comet or not; and that if it should traverse the orbit of the earth even at the point of collision the utmost that could happen would be a display of meteors. It was on information of this sort that THE DISPATCH showed over a week ago how footish the attempt was to revive a medieval scare over the comet. The men of real science were not at all shaken in their reputation by the erratic rover.

The comet seems to have had two distinct functions of usefulness in connection with this planet. The chief one was to afford a subject on which charlatans and sensationalists made a striking exposure of their ignorance. All grades of both classes had their innings, and made their record complete. Wiggins and Hicks, as chiefs of the chariatan class, made the most complete display of themselves; while others in the ascending scale of knowledge and inverse scale of charlatanry only disclosed their foolishness by assertions as to the course of the comet which were disproved by the event. We are sorry that a portion of the press was partisan politicians by his distribution of

so bent on sensationalizing the event as to make it evident that they did not know, what well-informed men should, that a body so transparent that stars can be seen through it cannot injure a solid planet if it should collide.

The other use of the comet has to do with a class slightly more ignorant than the charlatans-if that were possible-but otherwise more respectable. It is said Cor. Smithfield and Diamond Streets.

News Rooms and Publishing House, 78 that the expectation of the end of the world was so general among Southern negroes that even on Thanksgiving eve poultry could roost low and in safety. It is much to be feared, however, that the useful effect will be temporary in both cases. The charlatans will be in full THE DISPATCH is on sale at LEADING HOTELS | blast again by the first of the year; and, since the world has not come to an end, it is to be feared that the appetite for Christmas poultry throughout Dixie will be as strong as ever.

THE INDUSTRIAL FUTURE.

A number of interviews with iron and steel manufacturers, tanners and other industrial lines, with regard to the probable effect of tariff changes on their interests, are published in the New York Post. As might be expected from the medium of Reents per week, or, including Sunday Edition, at publication, the opinions expressed are to the effect that the street of the effect that the street of the effect that the street of the effect that the eff will be serious complications, and even expect business to move forward steadily and in increased quantities. One manu facturer alone specifies that if there is a heavy reduction in tariff duties wages will have to come down, which very natural idea the correspondent of the Post proceeds to impeach.

The fact is that opinions of this sort are of no more value than so many individual guesses, in the absence of any definite basis on which to predicate the extent and character of the tariff changes to be made. If the kind of tariff contemplated in the Democratic platform is adopted it needs no expert in a class of industry to foretell that there will have to be a general and sweeping readjustment of prices and wages, and that industry will be very seriously prostrated in the process. On the other hand there is no doubt that tariff duties could, as Mr. Cleveland says, be revised without inflicting serious embarrassments on capital or labor. Between the two courses there are all gradations of a greater or less complication. If the tariff changes should not go outside the lines laid down by the Mills bill, the embarrassments would be important only in special lines of industry, and general business would not be long in adjusting itself to the new regime. The question undoubtedly is whether Mr. Cleveland's influence will be able to keep the hot-heads of his party from making a radical and sweeping reduction in tariff duties. When it is known what policy will prevail the predictions as to the course of business under it will have some

basis to go on. One point appears in these interviews which has much foundation on truth, and is well worthy the attention of manufacturers. A mining expert is quoted as saying that American mining machinery commands a market all over the world, and is therefore independent of protection. The same assertion is made concerning the manufacture of the higher grades of leather. Similar facts are to be found in the case of some of the most highly finished products of Pittsburg's industries. It is a truth that the manufactures are carried into the higher forms-as iron or steel are turned into the best machines or the most superior cutlery, and as glass is produced in the form of the best glassware-they become independent of protection and ommand world-wide markets. In the manufacture of such articles the best paid labor is the cheapest, and therefore the

compete most successfully with the cheap labor of other lands. This fact contains a pregnant sugges tion for the best way to guard against any possible degree of tariff production. Develop the higher forms of manufacture Turn our iron and steel into the best engines, the most finished and highly improved classes of machinery, the most serviceable tools and the various forms of cutiery and hardware. Extend the same process into all the forms of manufacture where we are now making the initial staples. A good deal of this is already done Pittsburg engines, Pittsburg tools and Pittsburg glassware are sold ail over the world. When the same policy is extended we will not only have a home market for

factories that pay the highest wages can

will have the world as a market for the finished product. With this policy carried out energetically and boldly, Pittsburg can more than hold its own, no matter what degree of tariff tinkering is undertaken. And in proportion as it is realized and reinforced by the increase of our transportation fa cilities will Pittsburg attain the full possi-

the great staples of manufacture, but we

bilities of her industrial greatness. PROBABLY NOT GLADSTONE'S.

It may be considered doubtful if the plan of Irish Home Rule last published as the one on which Mr. Gladstone has determined is what it purports to be. The doubt is cast by the character of the bill itself. The plan is a radical departure both from the representative forms obtaining in England and in this country and from the expectations of a national parliament held out in the entire Home Rule agitation. It is not likely that Mr. building now an eyesore and indication of Gladstone would make such a departure for the negative virtues of the plan as outlined. It contemplates, according to the summary, the division of Ireland into four provinces, each to have a parlia ment, and a life Senate for all Ireland to be elected by the different parliaments. The parliaments are to have the powers of a State government in this country; the Senate is to have the powers of our Congress, with the exceptions designed to

preserve the sovereignty of Great Britain. A life Senate would be a far from satisfactory representative body, if it had any powers; but in this plan that drawback is balanced by the fact that it has no powers. Take away from a Government the power of local legislation given to our State Governments on one hand, and on the other forbid it from exercising powers with regard to army, navy, foreign relations, taxation on commerce and the other attributes of national sovereignty, and not enough remains to be worth mentioning. It is not necessary until this report is more fully authenticated to believe that Gladstone has fought the Home Rule fight for seven years, simply to adopt the Tory idea of dividing Ireland into provinces and of fulfilling the promise of a national parlia-

out any power whatever. It may be that the measure of local selfgovernment afforded by the provincial parliaments will be the half-loaf that is bester than no bread. But until Mr. Gladstone himself distinctly makes the announcement it is not necessary to conclude that he has so fallen away from his old standard as to propose that plan..

ment with a lot of life Senatorships with-

THERE are multitudinous ways in which a President who has no need to conciliate patronage can do a great deal of good for his country. Apart from the appropriations of Congress there is room for a wast amount of economy in the regular administration of the departments. The prime purpose of those institutions is not the provision of berths for friends of Senators, Representatives or other officials. They are the business houses of the national government, and they ought to be managed on business principles. Supposing that Mr. Cleveland bas a lofty ambition, his next term will abound in opportunities to make for himself a lasting fame and add much to the purity, economy and efficiency of America's instrument of government.

THERE is something painfully monotonous to Pittsburg in the constant repetition that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is making improvements in its system almos everywhere but in this city. There is an atmosphere about the Union Depot in the evenings that is more than suggestive of re-

THE Chicago Theological Seminary exhibits a progressive spirit by establishing a settlement in a district which shall afford its students special facilities for a practical study of social questions. These questions of wealth and poverty, purity and vice, and their influence in promoting class distinc-tions that are a menace to true democracy, can only be understood by thorough and intimate personal investigations. And to be solved, the problems and the factors which produce them must be understood by a far larger number of people than areat present even sincerely interested in them.

EUROPEAN powers, when they are not accusing one another of a craving for war, devote themselves to the preservation of peace by strengthening their armaments. There is a good deal of international folly even in this age of progressive science and civilization.

CHANCELLOR HOLLAND'S announce ment that lecturers will be provided gratis class and agree to pay the cost of rent, fuel, light, etc., should be welcome news to Pitts-burgers. If the University Extension Society undertake to do so much for this city their offer should meet with a widespread and eager acceptance. There is an immense opening for such work, and those who would profit by it should see and seize their opportunity.

A CAREFUL study of the fable of the Kilkenny cats is commended to all members of the Democratic party of this day and generation. There is a moral in the story that s peculiarly apposite under the circum-

IT is announced that President Harrison's message will have a length of 15,000 words. Of course a detailed account of the administration's accomplishments would ecupy some space. But this undue length appears to indicate a tutile effort to explain away the inexplicable events of the Stn in stant, "Lack of votes" about covers the

THERE is already plenty of evidence that Mr. Cleveland will have a somewhat unruly team to handle. But he has a tactfuless and firmness of grip that insure a good deal of trouble for any balky or wild Demo

By this time the astronomers have about ucceeded in convincing the public that they know as little about comets as Columbus did of America. Anyone can guess, but guessing is not compatible with the accurate results usually expected from mathematical science. A smaller display of knowledge would have resu'd in a less ignominious

BETWEEN Mr. Jay Gould's health and Mr. Cleveland's exploits as a huntsman there is no need of a court circular to pro-vide interesting reading for the people of this great free land of equality and frater-

CABINET making ought to reach a perfection in France by reason of a constant practice in the art, that is unapproachable France they change Ministers, in south America they wage war and depose Presidents or Dictators, as the case may be. Evolution makes itself manifest even in Latin

An extra session of Congress would be s temptation of Providence hazardous for the dent-elect and distasteful to the country. It would be an extra unmitigated and

NEW ALBANY and Jeffersonville are ri vals for the elopement business, which comes across the Ohio from Kentucky. Competing marriers create oft-recurring riots in their ardent pursuit of fees. This condi-tion of affairs is one of the many indications of the benefits to be derived from obtaining a uniformity of marriage laws in all States

RAPID transit vehicles in this city are afflicted with a mania for collisions and accidents in general just now that demands prompt and heroic treatm ent for its cure

IP any citizen of Pittsburg be satisfied in the absence of free bridges, he need only to listen to the wondering and scornful comment of strangers from cities of an equal age on the ubiquity of the toll system in this municipality to make him wonder whether perchance there be no room for improvement here.

ST. LOUIS, having decided that its water supply is not the cause of the typhold fever epidemic, might as well overhaul its drain age system.

PROMINENT AND POPULAR.

GAIDAN, chef of the late Emperor William, bears a striking resemblance to Napol-eon III.

REV. WILLIAM A. SPERRY, of Manchester, N. H., has accepted the call to become President of the Olivet, Mich., College, and will enter upon his duties February 1, 1893.

Among the evidences of Governor Russell's genius cited by Bostonians of convivial tastes is this: He is left-handed, but often raises a cocktail to his lips with the right hand.

EMPEROR WILLIAM has apparently entirely recovered from his recent indisposi-tion. He left Potsdam yesterday for Silesia, where he will hunt on the estates of the Prince of Pless.

ALVINZA HAYWARD, one of the earliest

of the gold millionaires of California, is very old and feeble now. He is worth prob-ably \$20,000,000 or more, but has dropped completely out of sight behind the newer DR. WEKERLE, Hungary's new Prime Minister, is a German, and was formerly a farm bailiff. It is said to be the first time

that a man who was neither a Magyar nor service of that country. THE Prince and Princess of Wales will embark on the British royal vacht Osborne at Marseilles about the middle of January,

and will visit Naples, Palermo, Corfa and

Athens, returning to the Riviera in time to be present during the carnival. THE President has designated Mr. John A. Stocks, Chief Clerk of the Treasury De-partment, as the representative of that de-partment on the Board of Control of the Government exhibit at the World's Fair Exesition in place of Assistant Secretary Nottleton, resigned.

THE Secretary of State has designated Mr. J. C. Heywood to act as the representa-tive of the Department of State at the Vatican to assist in the selection of the articles that should be carried to Chicago and to attend the packing and shipment of the Co-lumbian historical relies. Mr. Heywood will serve without compensation and has cheerfully undertaken the duties of the place. He is an American gentieman of formerly of Philadelphia, but now a resident of Rome.

The Return of Another Flend Chicago Tribine.)

The cheerful but exasperating idiot who writes it Xmas is upon us again.

ANNEXATION COMING.

The Opinion of a Canadian Manufacturer Who Is in No Hurry for a Change-A Red-Hot Campaign Being Waged on This Issue.

W. WILSON, a Toronto manufacturer, registered at the Central Hotel yesterday. When approached he was busy reading in THE DISPATCH the account of the big annexa-tion meeting held in Montreal, where Mr. Myers, the principal speaker, who favors smalgamation with the States, was almost mobbed. Mr. Wilson was greatly amused. He is against annexation, and this is what

he said on the subject:
"I am not personally acquainted with Mr.
Myers, though he lives in Toronto. I know of him by reputation. He is a windy man, and doesn't have much influence in the country. The fact that the police had to be called in to preserve order proves this fact. He tried to get up a meeting in Toronto but failed. Then I suppose he went to Montreal. Last week, one, McDonald, who was an Alderman and a fellow of not much account, advertised a meeting in my town. When it came off about 20 people were present, and the newspapers made fun of him. Times are hard in Canada just now and the annexation agitators are at work. When people begin to feel the pinch of poverty they become restless, and they long for a change, But I can say frankly that the bulk the Canadians are against annexation at

Waiting for the Proper Time.

"THEY feel that the time has not arrived, and I am sure that the States would not care to take in a divided country. Such a step would only produce discord. The prices of farm products have declined. The competition is keener than in former years, and it doesn't pay very well to ship cattle and grain to England. The trouble with Canada s that we have too many manufactories for the size of the country. The population is about 5,000,000. I requently find American drummers across the border. I say to them that I am surprised to see them soliciting trade from a small nation when they have such a great population at home.

"The French party in Canada is opposed to annexation, but the priests are responsible to a large extent for this feeling. They are affaid that if the States and Canada were united that they would lose their grip on the people, and undoubtedly they would. The priests are very influential, and they don't want to drop their power. I am not in love with the French party. It holds the balance of power, and always insists on its price. The two main parties are constantly compelled to make overtures to the French leaders for their support, and we are all tired of it. Certainly also the old men in the country don't want to be annexed. We are pretty well satisfied with our form of government. We have no prejudice or illfeeling against the Americans. The two nations are virtually one people, and it is a pity they did not go together at the start. Then things would be different.

Annexation May Come Eventually, "OUR customs are about the same, and each country has a good influence on the other. Still, we are a patriotic people and we love our own. I am inclined to believe that the coming generations will not be so devotedly attached to Canada as the old men, and annexation will come in the

"You know we wanted reciprocity with the United States, but your Government wouldn't have it except on the condition that we exchange our farm products for manufactured articles. Of course, we couldn't accept that because Canada is also a manufacturing country. We were all disappointed over the result. I know Sir Charles Tupper, who was our representa-tive, very well. He is not an Englishman, as many people here think, but a Nova Scotian. The Canadians respect the Americans and have a warm regard for them. think the feeling is reciprocated, at least never discovered anything in the States to

indicate that it was otherwise.' From Pittsburg hunters who returned recently from Canada, it was learned that a red-hot campaign with annexation as the main issue, is being waged. The number in favor of it is growing from year to year, and it is only a question of time until the two countries are united. The line of Custom houses along the border is very irksome to the Canucks, and there is gree rejoicing over the success of the Democratic arty. They fondly imagine that the tariff will be removed.

DEATH OF JUDGE J. P. CONNOLLY.

Relapse From an Attack of Pneum

Carries Off a Well-Known Lawyer. SCRANTON, Nov. 29.—[Special.]—Judge John F. Connolly died at 1:30 o'clock tais afternoon, after an illness of four months, during which he was attacked with pneumonia, from which he rallied. He carelessly wen out one day and was immediately prostrated again. Cirrhosis of the liver setting in, his condition quickly became critical, but he souin rallied and would have soon been able again tained and work as a soon see a steel with to be about, had he not been attacked with heart weakness on Sunday. From that hour he sank rapidly. For 35 hours he lay in a complete stupor, during which a dozen re-ports of his death went out. Judge Connolly was born in this city in

Judge Connolly was born in this city in 1833, and was graduated from the law school of Columbia College in 1873. He was admitted to practice at the bar of New York State at the general term of the Supreme Court, before Judge Noah Davis, Judge Brady and Judge Daniels. Later he was admitted to the bar of this county, was elected District Attorney in 1883, and was promoted to the bench in 1887. He had five year's to serve at the time of his death. He was among the best known of all the law judges in the State, owing to his pronounced views in regard to the naturalization of citizens, he refusing to naturalize all who could not speak the English language.

VACANCIES IN THE ARMY.

Three Good Places at the Top of the Ladder Soon to Be Filled.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.-Three army officers of high rank will retire in the next two ceks, and three vacancies and promotion in all corps affected will accordingly result. The first of these to be placed on the retired list on account of the age limit will be Briggen Beekman Du Barry, Commissary Gen eral of Subsistence, who relinquishes further

eral of Subsistence, who relinquishes further active service December 4. On the same date Colonel Anthony Heger, surgeon, will retire; and December 11, Colonel Alexander J. Perry, Assistant Quartermaster General, will cease active duty in the army. All of these officers will be placed on the retired list on account of age.

There will be two vacancies in the Commissary Department when General Du Barry retires, and one each in the Medical Corps and the Quartermaster's Department, all of which are Presidental appointments A vacancy also exists in the Adjutant General's Department, caused by General Kelton's retirement last June.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE DELAYED.

It Will Be a Few Days Late and No Shorter . Than the Last,

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.-Owing to his pres ent affliction, the President will be unable to complete his annual message to Congress in time for submission to that body on the opening day of the session. The present indications are that he will be precluded from making any progress whatever during the remaining days of the present week. Consequently it is more than probable that the completion of the message will be delayed until the end of next week or the brighning of the following week.

The President will probably send a brief message to Congress on Monday next, explaining why the regular message is delayed. It is learned on good authority that the annual message will be about the same length of last year, and will include a complete review of the work of the present administration. It will contain about 15,000 words. ndications are that he will be precluded

Competition Will Bring Relief. Philadelphia Record. 1 THE PITTSBURG DISPATCH complains that

railroad improvements are put off, and dis-criminating railroad rates put on, in that city, because the people cannot belp them selves. The truffic originating in Pittsburg is a magnificent contribution to railway is a magniment contribution to railway earnings; and it is no wonder that Pitts-burgers should ask for better rates and improved facilities. But they will never get what they ask for except as a result of com-

REGULAR CLEVELAND LUCK

The President-Elect Is Now Bagging Ducks

by the Hundred. EXMORE, VA., Nov. 29 - President-elec-Cleveland, with Cut Hargis, to-day succeeded in bagging 126 ducks in a little over an hour's time. Of these 53 were brought down at one spot. Four black ducks, which left the water and flew over the beach, also fell victims to the fowling piece of the President-elect. Mr. Cleveland then returned to the cottage for lunch and remained indoors throughout the entire afternoon. During the afternoon Samuel Kelly, a venerable man of over 70 years, who was born on Broadwater Island, and has never traveled

Broadwater Island, and has never traveled further than Norfolk, called on Mr. Cleveland and was pleasantly received.

While out gunning on the beach Mr. Cleveland was an eye witness of a thrilling spectacle. Five residents of Cobb's Island were on their way in a two-sailed boat to Broadwater for the purpose of paying their respects to the President-elect. While in the great Machipongo inlet, between White Point and Coe Point, opposite the United States Live Saving Station, the boat capsized, throwing the occupants into the water. All of the party would certainly have been drowned had it not been for the prompt assistance of the life saving crew, who immediately went to their assistance and succeeded in bringing them safely to land. Mr. Cleveland watched the capsizing and rescue with great interest. and rescue with great interest

HARLAN FOR STATE TREASURER

The Chester County Statesman Shies His Castor in the Ring.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29 .- [Special.] -- Ex-Senator A. D. Harlan, of Coatesville, Chester county, was in the city to-day and formally announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for State Treasurer. Senator Harlan, who served for ten years in the Senate and who occupied the important position of Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, said, in discussing his prospects Agriculture, said, in discussing his prospects:
"I have been in correspondence with Republican leaders in different counties of the State, and have promises of support from more than 20 of the counties. I was a candidate two years ago, but had not announced myself, when it became apparent that the western part of the State would claim the Treasurership, because of the fact that a Philadelphia man, Mr. Boyer, had been chosen the last time. In view of the complications which my candidacy would have created, and in the interest of harmony, I withdrew at that time. The prospect, so far as my canvass has proceeded, warrants me in announcing myself."

Ex-Senator Harlan, to whose management is largely due the success of the Republicans

is largely due the success of the Republicans in carrying Chester county in the late elec-tion, will have his own delegates solid for him, and counts likewise on Delaware, Lan-caster and other contiguous counties at the outset.

THE COMET THAT DIDN'T COME.

OUT of sight .- Columbus Dispatch. APPARENTLY the comet missed us .- New York World.

THE comet missed us and we still have the arth.-Nashville American.

OLD BIELA's comet appears to have signally failed to make a hit.—Boston Herald. THE fact that the comet did not strike the earth gives new hope to the People's party. -Tole:lo Blade.

Ir was too cloudy to see whether the comet hit us or not. But, at any rate, we are still here .- Baltimore Herald.

THE shower of shooting stars did not materialize. Just like human stars who now and then disappoint,-Philadelphia Call. Ir appears to be quite as difficult to make

predictions concerning comets as it is to foretell political results .- Washington Star. THEORIES about the comet have bumped into each other, but the comet itself is not in the bumping business .- St. Louis Globe

BigLa's unknown wriggled out in a thor oughly disappointing manner and showed that it had no heart for a scrap.-Philade phia Times.

HAD the comet carried out the programme and switched us in the face with his long tail, we might have been in a comet-ose state for the rest of Harrison's term .- Albany Argus.

Ir anything struck the earth nobody noticed it, and if there was a meteoric display it was invisible on account of the clouds. So the crisis is past and the engagement off.—Indianapolis Journal.

SNAPS FOR PENSION SHARKS.

One of the Ways in Which They Bleed the Ingenuous Applicant.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 29 .- [Special.]-Pension sharks are plying their business in Pennsylvania as well as at Washington. As many of the applicants for Government bounty rom this State have lost their papers they service in the Union army at the Adjutant General's Department. A large number have been induced to pay exorbitant fees to men who make a habit of bleeding pension

men who make a habit of bleeding pension claimants.

This means of securing necessary certifi-cates is unnecessary, as they can be secured from the Adjutant General's Department by writing for them.

DEATHS HERE AND ELSEWHERE.

Rev. L. Z. Ailer, McDonald.

Rev. L. Z. Ailer, the young colored Bap-Rev. L. Z. Alier, the young colored Bap-tist preacher, dropped dead Monday night while on his way home from the evening service at his Spring Garden Church, near Mt. Pleasant, Pa. He was walking along the street at the time with several members of his congregation when they noticed him staggering. He said he felt light-headed, and permitted them to help him a few steps and then he sank to their feet a corpse, a vic-tim of apopiexy at the age of 25 years. The home of the deceased was at McDonald, Pa., to which place the body was taken for burial.

William J. Cummins, New Castle. William J. Cummins, proprietor of the Opera House Cafe, of New Castle, died at his opera House Cate, or New Castle, died at his home yesterday morning, aged 32 years. His disease was acute pneumonia. Cummins was formerly a variety actor and was well known in Pittsburg. He was a member of the Uniform Rank, K. of P., of the Elks, and had a wide acquaintance with theatrical people. He leaves a wife, but no children.

Ex-Senator G. N. Fitch.

Ex-United States Senator G. N. Fitch died at his home in Logansport, Ind., yesterday morning, at 6 o'clock, aged \$2. Two daughters, Mrs. Denby, wife of Colonel Denby, United States Min-ister to China, and Mrs. Dr. Asa Coleman, of Logansport, survive him. Death was due to a general breaking of the system caused by old age.

Miss Martha Neely. Miss Martha Neely, sister of Rev. W. C. Necly, of Coraopolis, and daughter of the late Samuel and Sarah Neely, died at the residence of her brother at Coraopolis yesterday after a brief liness. The funeral will take place from her late residence to-morrow at 2 P. M.

Mrs. Mary Heisel,

Mrs. Mary Heisel died suddenly yesterday at her home at Herron station, Pittsburg and Western Railroad, of heart disease. She was a sister of Father Sebastian, of St. Anthony's Church and a sister-in-law of Aiderman Hartman,

Michael Truter, the well-known baker of the Southside, died suddenly yesterday morning of heart disease. He was 50 years of age, and leaves a widow and several children.

Michael Truter.

Obituary Notes. HON. VANCLEVE DALRYMPLE, ex-Justice of

the Supreme Court of New Jersey, is dead at his home in Morristown, in his 72d year. ALEXANDER H. WYANT, the famous American landscape painter, died of softening of the brain yesterday morning in New York. He was 56 years old and a widower. WILLIAM G. BLANCHARD, one of the founders of the New York Associated Press, and for many years its New England agent at Boston, died in Roxbury, Mass., recently at the age of 76 years.

in London Sunday. Mr. Winans was a son of the late Ross Winans, of Baltimore, the famous inventor and Russian railroad constructor. He was 53 years old. BREVET BRIGADIER GENERAL RICHARD H

BEFVET BRIGADIER GENERAL RICHARD II.

JACKSON, Lieutenant Coionel of the Fourth Artiliery, died Monday evening at Atlanta. On May
16, 1864, he was made Brevet Major for gallant and
meritorious services in the battle of Drury's Bluff,
Va.; Lieutenant Colonel on October 7, 1864, for
spiendid services at New Market Heights, Va.;
full rank of Colonel on March 13, 1865, and later he
was breveted Brigadler General for meritorious
services during the war. Services during the war.

ZACH HENNY, the slayer of five men, died at his home in Kansas City Saturday. He was a bosom friend of Quantrell, the guerida. Just after the war Henry had a fight in Kentucky with a father and four sons. They shot him so badly that he was crippied for life. Later he met the father and his sons in a street in Harrisburg, and in the right that followed Henry shotsix times, killing every one of them. Henry was acquitted the next day.

A YELLOW WEDDING.

Pretty and Novel Decorations at the Marriage of Miss Alice P. Lyon and Mr. Charles A. Morris-A Milkmaids' Con-

vention-Gossip of Society. THE wedding season is a brilliant and prolific one, in spite of the fact that November generally regarded as a favorite month for marriages. There have been several fashionable weddings already this month, and last night not the least important of them took place in Allegheny. The North Presbyterian Church was filled with the friends of the bride and groo The edifice was beautified with tall palms and ferns around the reading desk and plat-form, while different colored leaves were placed here and there to assist in brighten-ing up the church. Yellow is always a pretty warm color for winter, and this year it is more popular than ever. Yellow ribbon was employed to mark the pews for the guests, and the organ was partly hidden by yellow drapery. The bride was Miss Alice P. Lyon, daughter of Mr. D. E. Lyon, and she was attired in a gown of silk mulle, fashloned in girlish mode. A large hypers of yellow chryster. mode. A large bunch of yellow chrysanhemums formed her bouquet. The bride themums formed her bouquet. The bride-groom was Mr. Charles A. Morris, of Tyrone. The maid of honor, Miss Westanne, wore white tulle and carried white chrysanthemums, while the bridemaids, Miss Madi Forsythe, Miss Mary Lawrence, Miss Julia Watson, Miss Annie Rhodes and Miss Lida Morris, were in yellow and carried yellow chrysanthemums. Rev. John Fox performed the ceremony, assisted by Rev. Mr. Davies, of Tyrone. The best man was Mr. Thomas K. Morris, and the ushers were Dr. William Blair, Mr. Norman McClintock, Mr. Allan Wood, Mr. James Mathers, Mr. Henry Fay and Mr. John An-derson.

derson.

After the church ceremony there was a small reception at the house, Ridge avenue, after which the bride and groom left on their wedding tour, which will end at Tyrone, their future home.

THERE was a large audience in . Carnegie Music Hall, last evening, to enjoy the second entertainment under the auspices of the Young Men's Organization of the Ninth U. P. Church, Allegheny. The Schumann Lady Quartette of Chicago, and Prof. W. F. Wentworth, of Boston, impersonator and humor-ist, provided the amusement. The first num-Der was a Chopin Muzurka, on the piano by Miss Maud Parr, which was played with Miss Maud Parr, which was played with great delicacy and expression. Among the selections rendered by the quarrette were the "Swedish Wedding March," "I Know Not Why I Dream To-Night," "What Her Fan Says," etc. Their work was excellent, as it a ways is. Prof. Wentworth recited Howells' "The Steeping Car," "The Charlot Race," and "The Popular Preacher." The Schumann Quartette is composed of Mary D. Hall, first sopranc; Ada Haines Kidston, second soprano; Maud Parr, first contraito; Gortrude Sprague, second contraito. The entertainment was an entire success, from a pecuniary as well as artistic point of view.

Social Chatter.

The annual dinner of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society of the M. P. Church and a bazaar, under the auspices of the King's Daughters, will commence to-morrow in the old postoffice building and will continue during Friday. The ladies can be depended upon to serve a tempting and substantial meal, while the preparations for the bazaar show that it is to be as artistic and beautiful as fair hands can make it. The old postoffice will be a pleasant place in which to spend an hour or two on Thursday and Friday.

A "MILEMAIDS' CONVENTION," under the A "MILEMAIDS' CONVENTION," under the auspices of the Young People's Mission Band of the Central Allegheny R. P. Church, is to be held to-morrow evening in the Fourth ward school hall. There will be no regular admission fee, but every person attending will be given the opportunity of contributing a silver coin, from 10 cents to \$1, for the benefit of the mission work. A pleasant entertainment is promised.

The third of January is the date set for the mrrriage of Miss Kate Cassidy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cassidy, to Mr. William Metcalf, Jr. It is expected to be a brilliant wedding in every way.

The marriage of Miss Leila Ada Boardman, of Allegneny, to Mr. William B. Sawyer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is set for Wednesday evening, December 14, in the First Presbyterian Church, Allegneny. This evening an entertainment and recept

tion are to be given in Curry University Half, under the auspices of the William Pitt Literary Society, for the benefit of the library lund.

don day. THE ORDER OF VESTA IN COURT.

An Attempt to Prove It Has Violated the State Insurance Laws.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 29 .- [Special.]-The case against the Order of Vesta was on trial in the Dauphin county court to-day. It was contended by Deputy Attorney General Stranshan and John H. Barnes that the rder had violated the insurance laws of this State, and that its charter should be forfeited in consequence. Application was also made in the proceedings for the appointment of a receiver, but the court decided to hold the matter over for considera-

for the Commonwealth Mr. Barnes en-deavored to show all the evidences of insur-ance concerns in its extensive business. For the defendant order J. Levering Jones antagonized the statements of the Common-wealth, claiming that the order, instead of being on the insurance plan at all, was a beneficial order for the purpose of "encour-aging social relations among its membera." The court took the papers in the case.

A CORNER ON A STRIKE.

Telephones to Take the Place of Railroad

Telegraph Operators. ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 29 .- [Special.]-The New York and New Jersey Telephone Company was on the jump to-day putting in long distance telephones in all the signal towers along the line of the New Jersey Central, and it is believed this move is meant to indicate that the company is preparing to lock borns with the Order of Railroad Telelock horns with the Order of Railroad Tele-graphers, in case the latter go on strike, and that the telephones will be utilized to help the company out in the emergency.

If the telephone is in operation, it will do away with the need of having a telegraph operator in each tower, and the railroad company will have just so many less new men to procure in case of a strike, while if some of the tower operators remain loyal to the railroad they can be put to work at other points. other points.

ANTI-SNAPPERS NOT ASLEEP.

They Propose to Get a Place on the Australian Ballot Next Year.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29 .- [Special.]-If the Legislature does not postpone the election ow down for February 14, for delegates to the constitutional convention, it is said there will be at least three State conventions to nominate candidates. Beside the Demo-cracy and the Republicans, it was said to-day that the anti-snappers will also hold a convention to nominate delegates at

convention to nominate designation of Pairchild and that the organization of Fairchild and Grace will in all probability nominate candidates in every assembly district. They think this proceeding would give them standing under the election law as a regular party, so that they may have a full ticket in the field in the election of 1833.

CONTRACT COTTON LABORERS.

The Memphis Grand Jury Investigating Charges Against Employers.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 29.-The grand jury of the Federal Court in session here, is investigat-ing the alleged violation of the act prohibiting the alleged violation of the act prohibiting the importation of atien contract labor.
Members of half a dozen large cotton firms,
representing Liverpool houses, have been
summoned to testily.
United States District Attorney Hawkins
has information that several former employes of these firms and residents of
Memphis have recently been discharged and
their places given to men who have been
sent from Liverpool under contract to perform the labor.

form the labor. The Electoral College Meets January 9, HARRISBURG, Nov. 29 .- It is generally un-

terstood that the electoral college meet at Harrisburg, December 7, next. This is a mistake. The college will not meet here to cast its vote for President and Vice President until Monday, January 9, that being the time fixed by the act of Congress of May, 1887. Gederal Weaver's Daughter a Bride.

DES MOINES, Nov. 20. — Ruth Weaver, daughter of General Weaver, the late People's party candidate for President, was married here to-night to Harvey Dunny, of this city.

CURIOUS CONDENSATIONS.

-England boasts of an electric dairy. -The entire empire of Persia has but one

-A rat-catching hen is the property of

an Oregon farmer. -Minneapolis is making 38,000 barrels of

four on an average a day.

are sold cooked snails in packages.

-Russia produced in ten years, from 1882 to 1892, 875,680,400 gallons of pure alcohol. -The coolie, fed on rice, is more active and can endure more than the negro fed on

-Celery coffee is a new drink. It is said to give renewed strength to the brain and nerve.

spent their honeymoon in the depth of an old coal mine.

-Tungsten added to pure aluminum

Baron Hirsch, in Hungary, shot 20,870 part-ridges in three days.

-Since November 8 to date it has been estimated that 78 Democrats have been killed by powder in celebrating the victory.

-A student in a Western college pro poses to deliver a lecture on commen

-The auger that bores a square hole consists of a screw auger in a square tube, the corners of which are sharpened from within, and as the auger advances cuts the round hole square.

-Twenty-seven men in the English mercantile marine who were candidates for masters' and mates' certificates last year were rejected through their inability to dis-tinguish colors. -The Pennsylvania Railroad depot in

Philadelphia promises to be the most magnificent structure of its kind in the world. It will be modern gothic, granite and brick, ten stories high, with a tower 240 feet high. -A well-known French physician asserts that the bilious fever so characteristic of

his black bread, onion and water-melon. The Smyrna porter eats only a little fruit and some olives, yet he walks off with his load of 100 pounds. -The amount of coloring matter in a pound of coal is enormous. It will yield

-No less than 2,000 daily and weekly ournals are printed in Paris. This is only a little more than a third less than those printed in the provinces. They are repre-sented by 3,180, Algeria by 123, and the other French possessions by 48.

a different key. It will also repeat a hexa-meter line, or another scattence which can be spoken in two and a half seconds. -The total number of letters carried in

-Foreign physicians are agreed almost unanimously as to the importance of adopt

-The Roman soldiers, who built such wonderful roads and carried a weight of armor and luggage that would crush the everage farm hand, lived on coarse brown bread and sour wine. They were temperate in diet and regular and constant in exercise.

-A Trans (Italy) doctor has the following notice affixed to his portal: "Prof. Ricca -The said Prof. Bleca will use for making his salves live snakes and large serpents wolves, bears, monkeys, marmots, weasels and numerous other kinds of wild animals, alive and in good condition." -On the bank of the river Naha, between

times. A peculiarity of this echo is that al-though the original word or sentence be uttered in a whisper, yet the volume of the sound increases many folds in the echo.

been covered to the depth of nearly an inch. The phenomenon is attributed to volcanic eruptions in Iceland, hundreds of miles -In France there is an unwritten but

matter what the wishes of the owner may be. And now a literary and artistic congress in session at Milan, Italy, has decided that the right of reproduction does not pass to the buyer of a picture. -The keeing poles of the Haida Indians, of the Queen Charlotte Islands, according to Mr. Alexander Mackenzie's account of

-In many parts of England, in Germany, and in the north of Europe there are numerous superstitions concerning the cuckoo, all of which, however, unite in ascribing to it oracular powers. In the maritime High-lands and Hebrides if the cuckoo is first heard by one who has not broken his fast, some misfortune, it is believed, may be ex-

Ville, at Bremen, there are a dozen cases of holy wine which have been preserved for 250 years. If the cost of maintaining the

A STUDENT'S LAMENT.

Now will play most active parts, But those long baired football players, Have ensuared all maldens' hearts, A PUZZLER.

Woman wants a great deal here below, but wants that great deal short, remarked the hubby when the clerk showed him the latest style

AS IT IS IN 1892. "Who is to be your best man?" "I don't know yet. I furnished Bradstreet a list of names and he is looking them up. He'll be worth a case of aliver at least."

A TOAST. Here is a toast: Come, boys, let us drink; It is not to last season's dears,
For they have sipped well of the social cup,
And now it's their turn to shed tears,

-The costliest dresses in the world are

worn by the women of Sumatra. -On the railroads in France passengers

fat mest.

-A recently married Kansas couple

-The shipping entering the Mersey was n 1800, 400,000 tons per annum. It is now 10,000,000 tons.

obviates all difficulty from attacks by water, salt or otherwise. -A party of sportsmen at the chateau of

-Electrotype reproductions of rare sleces of silver, such as are found only in museums or valuable art collections, are among the latest fads.

-The largest telephone center in the world is that in the Exchange in Berlin, Germany, where 7,000 wires are connected with the main office.

ment day on "The Relation of the Wheel-barrow to American Elections."

tropical countries is due to a special bac-terium, which, though motionless itself, is accompanied by numberless moving spores.

-The Spanish peasant works every day

and dances half the night, and yet eats only

enough magenta to color 500 yards of flannel, vermillon for 2,500 yards, aurine for 120 yards, and alizarine sufficient for 155 yards of turkey red cloth.

-In the Roman Campagna, at the sepulchre of Metella, wife of Sulla, there is an echo which repeats five times, each being in

France during 1891 was 570,000,000, as compared with \$12,000,000 in 1877. The number of post cards during the same period increased from 30,000,000 to 41,000,000 and newspaper wrappers from 192,000,000 to 300,000,000.

ing immediately the repressive treatment of cholera by opium, acting upon the theory which assumes the worst symptoms of cholera to be the result of loss of fluid. This is Mrs. D. Herbert Hostetter's recep-

> Ringen and Coblentz, there is an echo capable of tepeating a sentence 17 different

-Volcanic ashes often travel a long distance. A remarkable shower of volcanie ashes has occurred recently in several parts of Finland. The ground in some places has

immutable law that a painting shall not be exhibited without the artist's consent, no

them, were erected to commemorate the event of a chief taking position in the tribe by building a house and making a distribu-tion of all his property. Each pole has also an individual distinguishing name.

-In the famous cellars of the Hotel de 200 years. If the cost of mere tupon the original value of the wine and other incidental charges are all considered, a bottle of this choice wine has cost \$2,000,000, each glassful \$270,478, and a single drop could not be sold without loss under \$200.

ORIGINAL AND JOCOSE,

Put away the leather footballs, Canvas jackets, preeches, too; Buy a lot of good court plaster For the cuts that are not few. Latin, Greek and other studies

"I can't, for the life of me," said a dear young creature, "see how humorists think of new jokes every day."
"That's exactly what puzzles me." said the funny man as he jotten down a laugh that he had read somewhere about a month ago."

eal coat and told him the price,