PITTSBURG, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 30,

1892-TWELVE PAGES.

THREE CENTS.

COMPROMISE IS SUGGESTED

As the Best Way for the Dem- ocrats to Settle the Extra Session Matter,

A SHORT SPRING MEETING.

Representative Mutchler Advocates Some Such Move

IF THE TREASURY'S CLEANED OUT.

A Speaker Could Be Chosen and the Most Important Committees Named-By the Time Congress Next Met the Tariff and Revenue Messures Could Be Blocked Out - Speaker Crisp's Former Opponents Now Working for His Re-Election - Governor Savers Expects It to Pe by Acclamation-Senator Stockbridge Says This Senate Won't Help the Democrats Out of Their Quandary-It Will Stand Pat on the Tariff Question.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29. - Representative Mutchler, of the Eighth Pennsylvania district, is recognized as one of the most cautious members of Congress, and any opinion by him upon any subject is given great weight. He gave to-day an interview which will unquestionably have much influence in shaping the action of the members of Congress who move the machine, and not only they, but citizens generally, look upon it as the sensible way of solving

Everyone acquainted with the methods of proceedings in Congress is aware that to call an immediate session to continue until some legislative action is accomplished would mean a great waste of time. Any work in view would inevitably be referred to a committee, and months would be consumed in perfecting it. Therefore the project of calling an extra session simply to anthorize committee work during the rebe the only wise action, and Mr. Mutchler, in his statement, undoubtedly speaks the mind of the majority of Democrats, and practically makes a prediction of the action of the new Congress.

Restoration of the Sugar Duty.

Mr. Mutchler's idea of restoring the duty on sugar is one which is impressing itself on members more and more, and it is safe to predict that this will be the chief method of increasing the revenues. Mr. Mutchler's view of the situation is as follows:

"The only thing which would render an rtra session of the next Congress really necessary would be a deficiency in the Treasury. Whether there is or is not such a deficiency can only be known after the coming short session gets to work, though there is good reason to believe that a deficiency exists. In any event, I think it would be wise to call the Fifty third Congress together next April and have it organized. The Speaker could be elected and the committee assignments made. Then the important committees, such as that on Ways and Means, Approprintions, and Pensions, could sit during the summer, while Congress took a recess till October or an adjournment till the regular time of meeting in December. The Ways and Means Committee, during its summer sessions, would be able to frame a tariff bill on careful and conservative lines, so as gradually to bring us back to a tariff for revenue without seriously disturbing the industries that have been built up on the present tariff.

One Reason for Paying a Bounty.

"Granting there is a deficiency, the first thing I would do would be to repeal the angar bonney, and restore the duty on sugar. Placing sugar on the free list deprived the Government of \$50,000,000 annually in revenue, and the bounty paid to the planters increased the loss to the Government \$8,000,000 or \$10,000,000 more. And this was never done to cheapen the price of sugar to the consumers. It was done in order to enable the Republicans to increase the tariff on woolen goods, carpets and other articles of absolute necessity in every household, and thus protect the favored manufacturers of those goods.

restore the duty on tea and coffee and add a little to the tax on whisky and tobacco. In this way you will get a genuine revenue to iff on articles that are not real necessaries of life, while you could take off the duties on articles of clothing, blankets and carpets, which every human being and every household must have in a climate like this. Something of this kind must be done to meet the vast pension and other ex-penditures of the Government. If it is not, then the alternative would be an in-come tax, in favor of which some strong

A Word About an Income Tax,

They say an income tax is inquisitorial; that it is not right for the assessors to know how many bonds a man has got. But is it more inquisitorial than a tax on houses and more inquisitorial than a tax on houses and lots? Is there any better reason why the assessor should insist on knowing how many houses you own than on how many bonds you own? No; the real objection to the income tax is that it puts a premium on perjury; that the honest man would pay it, while the unscrupulous man would escape it altogether by swearing he did not have enough income to bring him within its pro-

On the pension question Mr. Mutchler said he tayored a revision of the pension rolls to find out how many frauds there were on them; a reorganization of the Pen-sion Office, and making it a bureau of the War Department, so as to get the whole pension system out of politics as far as possible.

A TRICK OF POLITICS.

How the Republicans in Massachusetts

Elected Several Congressmen. WASHINGTON, Nov. 29. - [Special.]-Representative Joe O'Neill, of Boston, who has arrived here, says the Republicans in Massachusetts played a sharp but somewhat expensive trick at the recent election to ent down the Democratic representation in the next Congress. Just after the nominaspeakers proceeded to appeal to the workingmen in the factories in behalf of tariff reform. The arguments appeared to be having a good effect from a Democratic stand-

point, when suddenly the Republican leaders increased the wages of the workingmen in every direction, and the result was the election of several Republican Congressmen in place of Sherman Hoar, J. Fred Williams, John F. Andrews and others.

Mr. O'Neill rendered himself somewhat conspicuous in the organization of the House last winter by refusing to vote for any of the regularly entered candidates for the Speakership, but practically threw his vote away upon one of his Massachusetts colleagues. His reason for so voting was that he was pledged not to vote for any man who was not pledged to oppose the free coinage of silver. O'Neill did not burst into tears and mingle his sobs with those of Sherman Hoar and J. Fred Williams because Mills was deteated, nor did he turn three flipflaps backward for joy when Speaker Crisp was elected. His explana-Speaker Crisp was elected. His explana-tion of his peculiar actions appeared to be satisfactory, for he captured an assignment to the Committee on Appropriations, which is one of the star places in the House.

SPEAKER CRISP'S WALKOVER.

The Men Who Formerly Opposed Him Now Boom Him for Re-Election-Governor Sayers Working to Have the Georgian Honored by Acclamation,

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.-[Special.]-Speaker Crisp and his friends have been making a quiet but important canvass among the members, with the result that the semi-official announcement is made today that there will be no opposition to the Georgia man's re-election to the Speakership when the Fifty-third Congress meets. The Crisp men are led to this belief by the fact that the gentlemen who voted as Mills'

fact that the gentlemen who voted as Mills' lieutenants are now the ones to come forward with assurances to Mr. Crisp of generous support from what used to be called the "Mills" set.

One of the men closest to Roger Q. Mills has always been ex-Governor Sayers, of Texas. It was Sayers wno kept the Mills tally a year ago, and who never gave up the contest until the break came which swept away all other candidates and made Judge Crisp Speaker. It was a hard blow to Crisp Speaker. It was a hard blow to Sayers, because the election of Mills would Sayers, because the election of Mills would have made Sayers the recognized leader of the floor of the House. As it was, he failed to receive the Chairmanship of the Committee on Appropriations, to which he felt entitled by right of seniority, and Watchdog Holman became the financial head of the House. But now Governor Sayers voices the feeling of the old Mills set by declaring that Speaker Crisp has earned a re-election and that he will get it without any opposition. Governor Sayers ithout any opposition. Governor Sayers said this afternoon:

said this afternoon:

I have no doubt that Mr. Crisp will succeed filmself. I do not believe that there will be any opposition of a serious nature to his reelection. Mr. Crisp is a man of firmness and character, and there is more to him than people have been generally led to believe. He will not only have the same strength which secured his elevation in the first instance, but he has been growing stronger. He has been making friends among the members of the House, not only by his uniform fairness and impartiality, but also by the fitness which he has manifested for the important position he holds. These friends will be of great use to him in his approaching contest for re-election, as they will support him in a body.

The assurance that Speaker Crisp will

The assurance that Speaker Crisp will have united support from the various ele-ments, as indicated by Governor Savers' ments, as indicated by Governor Savers' remarks, will bring a harmony to the Democrate of the Fifty-third Congress which they have been far from enjoying during the Fifty-second Congress. The defeat of Mills left a factional strife which has run through all of the important legislation and has at times threatened to embarrass the accomplishments of the bulky majority. It is now likely that Speaker Crisp will be re-elected by acclamation, and that Governor Sayers will be the man to make the necessary motion. cessary motion.

THE SENATE TO STAND PAT.

It Will Not Help the Democrats to Pass Free Wool or Any Other Tariff Reform Measures-Senator Stockbridge Speak of the Situation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29 .- ['pecial.]-Senator Stockbridge, of Michigan, is the first Republican Senator now in Washington who is willing to express an opinion as to what may be expected of the Senate during the coming session. John Sherman, Frank Hiscock, Eugene Hale, Redfield Proctor, Messrs. Chandler, Cullom, Dolph, Manderson, Morrill and other Republican Senators have refrained from saying anything for publication on the subject, but Senator Stockbridge, in his customary straightforward way, comes out and says the Republican Senators will hold a caucus as soon as a sufficient number arrive in Washington, to map out a line of policy on the tariff and other questions.

There is no chance for the passage by the

Senate of the Springer free wool and the various other Democratic tariff measures which are now in the Senate Finance Co mittee. The disposition among the Re-publican Senators is to allow the Democrats of the next Congress to assume the entire burden of tariff legislation. Senator Stockbridge continued:

I must say that I don't see how they are I must say that I don't see how they are going to face the question, for the income of the Government is down to a point where, he Treasury is barely able to get along, and it cannot stand any further reduction of the tariff, as we are practically down to the basis of a revenue tariff already. If the single change to free wool was made it would reduce the revenue about \$25,000,000, and would carry the incomes of the Government below the point of actual expenses. Under these circumstances I would like to know how Mr. Cleveland and his revenue reform advisers intend to get up a tariff bill which will reduce the duties.

Senator Stockbridge does not think Mr. Cleveland will make the clean sweep of Cleveland will make the clean sweep of Republican officials that is popularly expected. "This is Mr. Cleveland's last public service," said be, "and I think he will feel so independent and untrammeled that he will serve the people rather than his party. The place hunters will do considerable waiting when Mr. Cleveland comes in. I expect to see most of the Republican post-masters in Michigan and elsewhere serve out their terms, although the Democrats in most of the towns are already getting up petitions for postoffice appointments."

STAGE ROBBERS SHOT.

They Attempted to Scale the Walls of the

California State Prison. SAN QUENTIN, CAL, Nov. 29 .- William Miner, serving a sentence for stage rob-bery, and John Marshall, for burglary, attempted to escape from the State prison this morning. The guard fired upon them, killing Marshall and seriously wounding

It was subsequently found that the two prisoners had drilled the locked bolts off the inside of their cell. They had on long rubber costs and socks over their boots, and had a rope and book with which to scale the

A \$1,000,000 LAKE

The Bone of Contention Between a States man and an Ice Company.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 29 .- The first steps in what promises to be a long legal fight have just been taken in the commencement of the action by Hon. Frederick Cook ex-Secretary of State, against the Silver. Lake Ice Company to establish the owner-

HOME RULE STORIES

Published in American Newspapers Laughed at in London by Those

WHO OUGHT TO KNOW BEST

Gladstone Pledged to One, Not Four, Parliaments for Ireland,

AND IRISH ARE TO BE CONSULTED.

The Real Bill Probably That of 1886, but Somewhat Revamped.

ALL THE MINISTERS ARE OUT OF TOWN

LONDON, Nov. 29.-A mild sensation was caused in English political circles to-day by cable dispatch from New York, summarizing an article published in American newspapers purporting to give the details of Mr. Gladstone's latest home rule plan for Ireland. It is impossible to say at this moment how much truth, if any, there is in the story. Since the Cabinet Councils ended last week, all of the Cabinet Ministers have been out of town, and direct personal communication with them cannot at

In the best informed circles, however, the story is received with absolute incredulity. When a press representative called at the National Liberal Club this evening, the concensus of opinion among the members seemed to be that the outlined plan is an echo of an old proposition of Joseph Cham-berlain's. The establishment of four provincial councils with a central administrative body in Dublin, was suggested by Mr. Chamberlain before he seceded from the Liberal party, but finding the suggestion scouted as impossible by his Liberal col-leagues, he never formulated his plan.

An Old Measure Revamped. The Associated Press representative re-cently received from John Dillon and other Irish leaders assurances that the new home rule bill is substantially the same as the bill of 1886, with, however, some important alterations affecting the representation of Ireland in the Imperial Parliament and the power of veto. If any further changes are made in Mr. Gladstone's scheme, the As-sociated Press has assurance upon which it can rely that such changes will be the sub-

ject for a special communication for the in-formation of the people of America.

John Morley, Chief Secretary of Ireland, has in the past few days been holding con-ferences with Irish landlords in Dublin on ferences with Irish landlords in Dublin on the revised draft of the home rule bill. The special correspondent of the Associated Press in Dublin telegraphed to night that he is enabled to say that there is no ground for the report that the bill provides for provincial governors and legislatures. "Prominent Nationalists," the correspondent continues, "laughed at the idea and said that if a proposition was ever made the existence of the Gladstone government would be terminated within 24 hours."

Pledged Only for a Central Legislature. Mr. Gladstone has committed bimself in writing to at least two Irish members to propose only a central legislature. Furthermore, both Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Morley have promised the Irish members that no measure will be proposed that has not be-forehand been assured of the support of the Irish party in Parliament, as well as the

Irish party in Farinament, as well as the support of the Irish in America. Said one Irish leader to-night:

You may rest confident that we will accept no provincial legislatures, and that Mr. Gludstone will never propose them. Even the Orangemen repudiated the idea when the subject of provincial legislatures way mouted against years ago, their leader Colonel.

the Orangemen repudiated the idea when the subject of provincial legislatures was mooted some years ago, their leader, Colonel Saunderson, publicly scating that they would sink or swim with the loyalists of the south of Ireland.

Possibly the formation of an Irish House of Lords engages the consideration of the Cabinet, but, in any case, if Mr. Gladstone does intend to recognize a House of Lords as part of the Irish legislature, its powers will be very much circumscribed.

Among the foremost men of the Irish party whom Mr. Gladstone has consulted during the progress of the bill through the Cabinet Committee, are Mesars. Dillon, Sexton and McCarthy. The Associated Press can authoritatively state that none of Press can authoritatively state that none o these gentlemen has heard anything that would indicate an intention on the part of the present Government to depart from the programme to which it is pledged, of estab-lishing one Irish Parliament.

LIZZIE BORDEN INSANE.

Attorney General Pillsbury Thinks There Is No Doubt of It.

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., Nov. 29. Special]-Attorney General Pillsbury believes that Lizzie Borden is insane. This is the secret of the adjournment of the grand jury in the case from November 21 to December 1. The Mercury to-morrow will publish a story based on this assertion. The unexpected recess taken by the grand jury led to the rumor that the Government evidence was so weak that the Attorney General ordered an adjournment in order

General ordered an adjournment in order to strengthen the Government's case with new evidence, if possible.

The Morcary is authority for the statement that the evidence submitted to the grand jury was sufficient for the finding of all the indictments, and that the members were all ready to bring in a true bill; that Attorney General Pillsbury so strongly believed the prisoner was insane that he ordered an examination by experts as to her sanity. The story of her actions at the time of the murstory of her actions at the time of the murder, as told by the witnesses, no doubt had great weight in influencing the Attorney General. The investigation has been carried on since the jury adjourned, and when the jury meets again in court they will be confronted with experts who will testify as to Lizzie Borden's sanity.

CLEVELAND GETS A PARK.

The Deceased Millionaire Gordon Makes a Princely Gift to the City.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 29 .- The will of the deceased millionaire, W. J. Gordon, was made public to-day. The bulk of his property goes to his family.

The city of Cleveland gets a bequest of

one of the handsomest private parks in the West. It comprises 120 acres, and was a part of the Gordon homestead. It is worth \$1,000,000. The park fronts on the lake, and has been exquisitely laid out. The city is required to accept it within a year, as well as to make certain minor improvements.

Another Cigarette Victim. WEST CHESTER, PA., Nov. 29.-Casper Torchill, a barber, who has been an inveterate smoker of eigarettes, was suddenly stricken unconscious to-day, and his death is momentarily expected.

A Bad New York Failure. NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The schedules of Max Schoenthal, dealer in hops and malt, show liabilities of \$262,873; actual assets, \$0,491,

THE VICE PROBLEM.

Dr. Rainsford Not a Believer in Parkhurst Methods-When Vice Is Scattered City Life Is Worse-A Suggestion for Pitts

New YORK, Nov. 29.—A social purity meeting has been held here to-day. It was attended by many divines, one being Dr. Rainsford. After a brief apology for his inability to remain with the meeting any length of time, Dr. Rainsford said that it seemed to him that the main hope of eradicating the social evil was in the education of the children. All efforts to be effective must begin at the fountain-head. The immoral forces were fed to the city from poor, neglected child-ren. It was not possible to estimate the harm that comes to the city from the shameful neglect of the tenement-house children. Then Dr. Rainsford spoke of the kindergartens established by his church and of the good they were doing and saidt

If we do not fill their little lives with use-

If we do not fill their little lives with useful occupations, they will find occupations that are not useful. There is no use in our trying to put the screws on mature vice. If you cut off the source, then you can handle the current. Recognize the duty to the individual no longer, but to society at large. When any semi-religious agencies say they are going to begin at the other end, they are going to fail. The whole idea is wrong. I have seen attempted immorality at an age you would not believe, and it is growing worse every year.

Our whole mission work must be changed, and the only way to change it is to get rid of our petty jealousies. What good would it do to close up evil houses? You would only drive the inmates into the tenement houses, where their capacity for mischief is worse. If you break them up you make like in the tenement district worse. They will invade the hotels and the pariors of boarding houses, and what does auch reformation amount to? Past attempts have already had the effect of making other districts impure.

What we want is to find some plan by which the evil can be thoroughly sequestered. It would be far better to have vice districted by law, where it could not approach near enough to contaminate children. By this method the wholesale bribery of our police force would be eliminated.

FAIRCHILD FIXED FIRST.

He Will Accept the Treasury Portfolio, Ac cording to Friends.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29 .- There is no room for doubt at present that Charles S. Fairchild will accept his old portfolio, according to the Herald. Additional interest attaches to this fact because it is probably the first Cabinet position absolutely determined upon. It became generally whispered around among Mr. Fairchild's friends that he had concluded to accept the position, and caused no little gratification among those who led the fight at Chicago for Mr. Cleveland's nomination through the May convention movement.

May convention movement.

The tender of the Treasury portfolio to
Mr. Fairchild is understood to have been made within a day or two after the election made within a day or two after the election.
One of the ex-Secretary's friends said: "Mr.
Fairehild has finally decided that he sees
his way clear to become Secretary of the
Treasury if the President insists upon his
taking the place." The ex-Secretary declined to have anything to any about the

matter.
The Senatorship continues to absorb the little on the surface to ladid te any opposi-tion to Mr. Murphy, outside of Kings county, where the delegation is unpledged.

THE READING CASE.

McLeod Again on the Stand-President

Roberts Not Up in Freights. PHILADELPHIA. Nov. 29.-The gressional Committee to investigate the Reading Railroad combine met here this morning. President McLeod said if there was no concert of action among the coal producess the market would quickly pecome glutted and it would only be a question of a short time when the financially strong operators would drive the weaker ones to the wall. The result would be the advancement of prices to a higher rate than they are now. Mr. McLeod said that many of the individual coal producers in many of the individual coal producers in the anthracite regions were on the verge of bankruptcy when he arranged to buy their coal. Another sufferer by the lack of con-cert among the coal producers would be lowering of the miners' wages. The Read-ing Coal Company has never, Mr. McLeod said, gotten a reasonable profit in the mar-ket for its coal and that is what it is striv-

ing to do.

President Roberts, of the P. R. R., said he wasn't conversant with the freight busi-ness and was allowed to step from the stand. The remainder of the testimony was of the usual character.

COMBINING FOR SPOILS.

Bleeding Kansas Wants a Fair Share of th Plumbs to Be Passed Around. TOPERA, KAN., Nov. 29.-This was the day set for the healing of the breach between the Democrats of Kansas. The straight-outs who bolted the fusion State ticket called a meeting of all Democrats to ticket called a meeting of all Democrats to discuss the grand old party and incidentally to arrange a division of Federal spoils. The fusion Democrats, comprising the regular State organization, did not attend the meeting. All those present were straight-outs. They discussed the outlook and approinted a committee to visit the national Democratic leaders and get a fair show at the patronage to be distributed in Kausas. They also passed a resolution commending A. A. Harris, of Ft. Scott, for election by the Legislature to the United States Senate.

United States Senate. THE RISE IN COTTON.

Greater Than Any Since the War, and Charged to the Speculators. LONDON, Nov. 30 .- The Times publishes statement from what it deems a trustworthy source, intended to show that the present rise in cotton is without a precedent except during the American Civil War, and that the movement is wholly speculative. Middlemen are buying as fast as they can in the teeth of the bad state of trade and the strike in Lancashire; and in the absence of any proof of a diminution in supplies, the estimate of an American crop of 6,500,000 bales is probably greatly underrated, as was the case last year.

FIRED INTO A CROWD.

A Young Man's Random Shot Kills a Young Lady at Mt. Carmel. Mt. CARMEL, Pa., Nov. 29 .- The wildest kind of excitement exists over a shoot-

ing affray in a confectionery store yester-

day.

A crowd of young people were gathered in the store, laughing and chatting gaily, when Thomas Moser entered, and, with a revolver, fired into the crowd. The buflet passed through the breast of Miss Mary Wytchie, inflicting a fatal wound. Moser is in custody.

MILLIONS IN IT.

\$3,000,000 Fortune Coming From Cuba to a Pennsylvania Family.

READING, Nov. 29.-Members of the Geiger family in this end of the Schuylkill valley are excited over the news that a big fortune is to be distributed among them.
Their information is that Conrad Geiger
died in Cuba, leaving \$3,000,000 behind him,
and this money was coming to them, They
will hold a meeting.

PLANS OF PLUNDER

Conceived by Two Ambitious Would-Be Bandits in a New Jersey Village

SPOILED AT. THE START.

They Hold Up Two Bank Officers and Carry Off All the Cash, but

COME TO GRIEF ON THE HIGHWAY. Their Victims and a Crowd of Farmers

Speedily Lun Them Down. AN FXCITING CHASE IN A SNOW STORM

ALLENTOWN, N. J., Nov. 29.—One of the nost daring bank robberies ever perpetrated n New Jersey took place in this town this afternoon, and only for the courage of two of the bank officers, backed by a score of townsmen, the robbers would have been uccessful.

The Farmers' National Bank is situated n the main street of the town. In fact, Allentown has but two roads, one of which might be called a long alley. The population is less than 1,000, and the houses are

widely scattered. Owing to the storm the main street was practically deserted just before 2 o'clock, when two men stopped just outside the bank entrance. After a moment's hesitation the men mounted the steps. In the bank at the time were Cashier Hutchinson and Teller Smith. They were balancing the books for the day. Within easy reach of the cashier was \$1,894 in bills and a considerable sum of silver. The men stepped up to the desk, and when Mr. Hutchinson looked up his eyes lighted on the barrels of two revolvers, hell close to his face.

Leading Up With Paper Money. "Turn your face to the wall," cried the elder of the men. The teller glanced up at the remark, and the other revolver was instantly pointed at him. He understood the situation, and followed his chief's eximple.
"Now, then," said the spokesman of the

obbers, "is this all the money you have?"
"Yes," replied the cashier, "that is all." In the safe were many valuable papers and quite a sum of money; but, seemingly satisfied with the bills before them, the robbers proceeded to fill their pockets with the bank notes. They shunned the silver. It was too heavy and might retard their

movements.
"That's all," said the robber who was conducting the scheme. "Just keep your face to the wall for five minutes and you'll not be harmed." Then they started for the door, and once in the street they broke into swift run toward the Imlaystown road, 500 yards distant.

An Exciting Chase in a Storm. An Exciting Chase in a Storm.

They had hardly reached the walk when Mr. Hutchinson started after them; followed by his teller. He had on a tinen jacket and a pair of slippers, and although the snow was furiously beating down he did not halt. Both men cried "Stop thisf" as loudly as they could, and, hearing the cries,

loudly as they could, and, hearing the cries, several shopkeepers flocked into the street, and dashed back for their revolvers and then joined in the chase.

The robbers had quite a start, but the townspeople, incited by the appearance of the cashier and teller, gave "Tailyho" and were quickly out-footing them, when they were joined by several farmers armed with shotgums. The 500 yards to the Imlaystown road were quickly travared and then the road were quickly traversed, and then the chase was taken up the road toward the station. The latter is on the road toward Freehold.

Something less than 500 yards of this road had been covered when the thieves, who were almost floundering in the mud, atwere almost floundering in the mud, at-tempted to jump the fence, but the rails were wet and they slipped back. Before they could arise Cashier Hutchinson was upon them, and cried out: "Throw up your hands."

The Two Bandits Surrender.

Turning, the thieves saw themselves confronted by more than a score of revolvers and shotguns, and they yielded. Mr. Hutchinson took their revolvers, and the march to the town was begun. They said nothing on the way, but when they were taken before Justice Ely they were searched and all the money was found upon them. The elder of the robbers, the one who had conducted the plan throughout, said his name was Frederick C. Smith, and that his age was 25. His companion was J. B. Morris, aged 20. They wore "Sunday-goto-meeting clothes," as one of the larmers said afterward, and on Smith was found a card on which was written "Woodstown Bank, November 30." From this it was concluded they had planned several rob-beries, of which the Allentown bank was to be the initial.

They said they had been working for some time on the farm of Thomas Hart, just south of Allentown. Hart, had hired them in Philadelphia. Justice Ely comgrand jury, and at 4 o'clock they started in the stage for Newtown station to catch the train for Freehold, the seat of Monmouth

A MONTANA TRAIN ROBBED.

The Bandits Are Supposed to Have Made but \$25 Out of the Job. GREAT FALLS, MONT., Nov. 29 .- The Great Northern westbound through passenger train was held up by three robbers near Malta, a small station east of here, this morning, between 3 and 4 o'clock. A few minutes after leaving Malta two men climbed over the tender

from the front platform of the express car,

them ask the messenger to open his car, while the third man held the conductor and

brakeman in the snow at the end of a gun when they jumped off to see what was the matter.

The messenger was forced to open the local safe, from which it is claimed only \$25 was secured. He did not know the combination of the big through sale. The robbers decamped without molesting the passen-

PRINCETON'S COMING HERE.

The Famous Football Team Will Play the P. A. C.'s on Saturday. PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 29 .- Arrange-

ments have been made by the alumni to have the Princeton football team play at Pittsburg next Saturday with the team of the Pittsburg Athletic Club. The men will leave here next Friday afternoon.

A Retired Coal Operator's Suicide EAST LIVERPOOL, Nov. 29. -[Special.]-William Brown, a wealthy retired coal poison yesterday and then cut his throat. He would have survived the poison, but will die from the wounds. Domestic troubles and excessive drinking were the operator at Salineville, O., took a dose of

THAT BANDIT ON HORSEBACK.

Chicago's Police Trying Desperately to Catch Him, and Pepper at Innocent Parties-A Handred Men Added to the Force, and Yet Burgiaries Continue CHICAGO, Nov. 29.—The highwayman and police are still at war, and the taxpay-CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—The highwayman and police are still at war, and the taxpayers are sur orting them both. To-day's list of rob!

Surpasses in number that of yesters the lone highwayman to-day, the lone highwayman to day, the lone highwayman to the town, and the police a man on horseback. They peppered the fellow, but he did not prove to be a thiet and that part of the campaign came to naught.

The police were informed that a man on horseback had been seen in Pennoct, a little town northwest of here. Twenty men with rifles surrounded the place and when a man was seen riding rapidly away a hullet was sent after him. It brought down the horse and the rider then proved that he was an hostler returning from a black-smith shop. He was allowed to go and the police came back to town. Mrs. Nettie Warner, of Boone, Ia., told the police to-night that she had been chloroformed in a cab and robbed of diamond rings worth \$600. This job was done by two cab drivers, and as Mrs. Warner is unable to describe them or give their numbers, they will continue in business. Numerous other small robberies are reported from various parts of the city, and the police, though working desperately

reported from various parts of the city, and the police, though working desperately hard, seem unable to check the carnival of Masked burglars, also, are still disturbing Chicago, notwithstanding the City Council last night added 100 men to the police force. This morning brings reports of two saloons robbed by men wearing handkerchiefs over their faces. Since Sunday night a trio thus attired have committed five similar crimes, in one of which a citizen was fatally wounded. The suburbs are terrorized by Dick Turpin's exploits, which have now been going on for a week without the culpritor culprits being arrested.

DISS DEBAR IN JAIL AGAIN.

This Time the Spook Priestess Worked the Slate Trick for \$735.

GENEVA, ILL., Nov. 29.-[Special,]-Ann Odelia Diss Debar, or Vera P. Ava, is in jail here. Opposite her name in the record book is a statement that she is charged with stealing \$735. Mrs. John Mitchell is an Elgin widow, 55 years of age, and she was greatly im-pressed with the spook priestess. She placed great credence in what Diss Debar said, so when Ann Odelia told Mrs. Mitchell that her husband, who had Mrs. Mitchell that her husband, who had been dead a number of years, was in need of money, Mrs. Mitchell furnished the sum mentioned, which was placed between two slates which were tied together, and Ann Odelia placed them beneath the table. When she removed them and untied the string the money had disappeared while on one slate was written the word "thanks."

The late trick was one too many for Mrs. The slate trick was one too many for Mrs. Mitchell.

Mitchell.

After consideration, she concluded to make inquiries. So it came about that Mrs. Mitchell decided to cause the arrest of the spook priestess. This was on October 20, and when the warrant was taken out Ann Odelia disappeared. Later she was arrested in Quincy, and brought here and bound over to the Kane County Court, which meets in February. Bond was placed at \$800, but no one cares to furnish security. Diss Debar refused to be interviewed today, but she wrote out a statement denving day, but she wrote out a statement denying the charge, and signed it "Vera P. Ava."

NO RAIN MADE IN TEXAS.

General Dyrenfurth Stands Aside to Give Nature a Show.

SAN ANTONIO, Nov. 29 .- [Special.]-The weather bureau predicted rain for San Antonio and vicinity to-day, and for that regson General Dyrenfurth refused to give his final experiment at rainmaking. If there are no indications for rain the bombardment will take place to-morrow. Governor Hogg arrived this morning to witness the proposed tests, and was very much disap-pointed to find that they had again been postponed. General Dyrenfurth is very much enthused over the results obtained from the experiments of last Friday He claims that, while the bombardment did not cause a very great fall of rain in San Antonio, yet he has received reports from points five and tan miles around the city which state that an exceedingly heavy rain

tell on Friday night.
The General in an interview to-day stated that he had no faith in the theory of the Chicago man who proposed to produce rain by means of a liquid carbonic acid gas released at a high altitude. He asserts that the only practicable method is by bombard-

\$10,000 FOR BROWN PAPER.

Express Company Officials Trying to Find Where the Fraud Was Perp trated. GALVESTON, TEX., Nov. 29.-This morning's 4:30 train from Houston brought Wells-Fargo & Co.'s express messenger, Harris, who had in charge a package addressed to Island City Savings Bank, Galveston, valued at \$10,000. This package had been received from the Welis-Fargo express messenger on the New Orleans-Houston run and had been shipped out by

Kountz Brothers, New York.

The valuable parcel was taken to the consignees and received and signed for by the bank's teller, John T. McCarthy.

When Mr. McCarthy opened the bundle it was found to centain nothing but brown paper cut in slips about the size of a bank noce and neatly made up into bundles, fastened with rubber bands.

A RIVAL FOR THE G. A. R.

Kansas Populites Organize a Society to Be Known as the Boys in Blue. TOPEKA, Nov. 29 .- The "Boys in Blue" is the name by which an ex-Union soldiers' organization will be known, which will be a rival of the G. A. R. The old soldiers in the People's party are the originators of the plan. The charter was filed to-day. It will oe a National order.
Organizations will be at once effected in

ten States, and more than 50 companies have already been formed in Kansas. It is the intention to make the organization non

SENATOR GIBSON VERY ILL. The Aged Southern Statesman Stricken

With Heart Disease. HOT SPRINGS, Nov. 29.—United States Senator Gibson, of New Orleans, is lying at the Park Hotel in this city dangerously ill with heart disease. He has been here

been unable to leave his room. His physi-

three weeks and for the last 10 days has

her legs this morning by a surgical opera-tion. Several weeks ago her brother re-ceived a painful gunshot wound which would not heal, and the physician decided on this course of treatment.

A Rich Contractor With a Powerful Political Pull Sent to Prison.

2 YEARS FOR WIFE BEATING

The Courts Determined to Break Up a Too Common Practice.

RICH AND POOR TREATED ALIKE.

The Wealthy Man With the Pull Stag-

gered by His Punishment. OTHERS WHO HAVE TO TAKE A LIKE DOSE

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, Nov. 29 .- The Patersonian practice of wife beating will speedily lose its popularity if the courts keep up the record made to-day, when the Paterson General Sessions refused to reconsider its sentence whereby James Collins, a wealthy contractor with a powerful political pull,

was sent to State prison for two years for that offense. Collins is engaged on a large and profitable sewer building contract for Paterson, but owing to his frequent confinement in a hospital his work has been done by a deputy holding a power of attorney. Relieved of the responsibility of his contract, Collins seems to have utilized his freedom from care to get drunk when not in the hospital, and at such times beat his wife severely. Several months ago he got drunk and quarreled with his two daughters, 15 and 18 years of age, because his dinner was not ready. His wife, who is the second Mrs, Collins and not the girls' mother, sought to protect them, and was beaten by her husband for her good intentions. Rev. J. E. Galloway happened to be within hearing distance of the woman's screams, and, aided by the daughters, overpowered Collins and prevented a possible murder, as he had a drawn revolver with which he was beat-

ing his wife. A Pull That Had Its Limit.

Collins' spree continued until he was taken to the hospital again, but some neighbo is insisted upon swearing to a complaint of atrocious assault against him. The policeman who had the warrant to serve when Collins should leave the hospital told the complainants they would have their trouble for their pains, as Collins had too strong a "pull" to fear the courts. When Collins left the hospital he was ar-

rested and gave bail. By the consent of the prosecuting attorney the charge against the prosecuting attorney the charge against him was reduced to simple assault. By advice of his attorney, ex-Judge Francis Scott, Collins entered a plea of non-vult contendere, which, under the practice, the court consisted of Judge John Hopper, President Judge James Inglis, Jr., and Judge Alfred A. Van Horenberg.

Collins' lawyer made a plea for elemency, and presented a petition to the same purpose, signed by many of the prominent county politicians. The court heard some evidence for the people, and then sentenced Collins to two years' imprisonment.

Collins to two years' imprisonment. The Rich Man Fairly Staggered.

Collins was staggered and his lawyer dumfounded, as they had expected a fine of \$10 or \$15 in view of the plea, the defendant's prominedce and the petition in his behalf. To-day ex-Judge Scott again appeared before the court and made an effort or a reduction of the sentence but the for a reduction of the sentence, but the court, without dissent, ordered that the

At the same time Frederick Lockhardt, a

sentence stand as imposed

laborer, without friends, counsel or money, received the same sentence for the same A reporter to-day talked with Judge Van Horenberg about the two cases. "We are determined," said the Judge, "that this thing shall stop. We believe it can be stopped by showing no leniency to this class of offenders. The crime of wife beat-ing has become disgracefully common, and has excited the law-abiding citizens to such has excited the law-abiling citizens to such an extent that a recent grandjury in Morcer county recommended the re-establishment of the whipping post as a punishment for such offenders. Collins has never before been arrested for this, nor I believe any other offense, but the people presented evi-dence that he was in the habit of beating his wife. We hope that, by dealing with these offenders as severely as the law per-

mits us, the frequency of the offense will be diminished." Why Collins Was So Punished. Collins was seen in the county jail. He said that he supposed that the fact that another man who was poor was to be sen-tenced the same day he was sentenced had something to do with the severity of his

punishment.

There are two other wife-beaters in the Paterson county jail waiting trial. While the sentence of Collins has called more than usual attention to the course of the Paterson judges in such cases, it does not mark the beginning of that course. A deputy jailer said to-day that within a short time eight or ten wife-beaters had been sent to prison from Paterson to serve sentences from 1 to 2 years each. Collins has had his full day in court, his plea not allowing him an appeal to a higher tribunal. His only hope is in the Board of Parsions and the Governor, but the sentiment of the best element of the community and the high standing of the Judges who imposed the exemplary sent-ence reduce his chances for pardon to the

BUYER and seller meet through the meetium of THE DISPATCH adlets. They

ost little and are effectual. DESPONDENCY AND DEATH.

A Pretty Woman, Far From Home, Shoots Herself Through the Head.

SAN DIEGO, CAL, Nov. 29 -[special]-Within sight of the parlors of the Coronado Beach Hotel last night, a desperate young roman committed suicide. She was Mrs. L. Anderson Barnard, from Detroit. Her corpse was found on the terrace feading from the hotel to the beach with a bullet through the head. A purse containing \$16 50 was found in her pocket. All that is known of the stranger is that she arrived with no luggage, except a satchel, on the 24th. She seemed ailing and despondent, and said she had career of the stomach and heart trouble. She explained her lack of means, though been unable to leave his room. His physicians are very reticent.

The Senator is 70 odd years of age, and his friends here lear he will not survive many days.

A Missouri Case of Skin Grafting.

Springfield, Mo, Nov. 29.—Miss Alma Emstott, a young lady of this city, had 14 pieces of cuticle taken from one of her legs this morning by a surgical operaher legs this morning by a surgical operaher legs this morning by a surgical operaher legs this morning, after the body was found, a reply came saying she could draw

found, a reply came saying she could draw what she needed. Telegrams have been sent to Detroit and to the bank to discover her friends.