

MR. CLEVELAND WANTS A REST.

He Seeks Seclusion Far From the Madding Crowd of Office Seekers.

MURPHY NOT OBNOXIOUS

Say the Hill Men, but Anti-Snappers Tell Another Story.

Different Versions of the Interview Between the Two—One Says the Next President Is Opposed to Murphy's Candidacy and Another Says He Is Not—People Who Present Claims for Appointment Now Will Get Left—Their Applications Will Not Be Considered—Matters of This Kind Set Aside Until After the Inauguration—Bushes of Letters of Congratulation Pour In—Many of Them Held Over to Await Spare Moments, When They May Be Read With Care—The Party to Stay Two Weeks at Exmott.

MRS. LEASE IS WILLING.

She Will Take the Senatorship if It Is Offered to Her Freely.

TOPEKA, KAN., Nov. 22.—Mrs. M. E. Lease today made the first authoritative statement concerning the use of her name in connection with the United States Senatorship. She arrived in town last night, and this morning she held a reception at her hotel. She announced to all callers she would accept the Senatorship if it was offered her, but she would not engage in the struggle.

Impossible to Read the Letters. In speaking of the absolute necessity of relief from the annoyances and excursions which are his daily lot at home he said: "I have been harassed and exceedingly gratified by the thousands of letters of congratulation which I have received since election from the American people of every station in life and from every quarter of the land. It has been, however, utterly impossible for me to read even the letters that with the other interruptions which have thus far seemed unavoidable. I fully appreciate, however, the good will and friendliness which these letters indicate, and shall not omit, as time allows, to read every one of them."

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JORDAN MAY RETURN.

He Appears at the Capitol and Is Thought to Be After His Old Place.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—[Special.]—Conrad N. Jordan's presence in the city today has given rise to the report that he may desire to resume his old place as United States Treasurer under the incoming administration. Mr. Jordan spent some time in the department chatting with the officials there, with whom he was very popular when Treasurer. He resigned the office to become president of a bank, which has since gone out of business, and was succeeded by James W. Hyatt, of Connecticut, who is not apt to be reappointed.

ONLY TEMPORARY.

Congressman Grosvenor Confident That the Republicans Will Win in '96.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—[Special.]—Ex-Congressman C. H. Grosvenor, of Ohio, who has been elected to the next Congress, is in Washington. He is confident the discomfiture of the Republican party is merely temporary, and they will elect their candidate for President in 1896 upon a high tariff platform.

IN TRUE WESTERN STYLE.

Many Wounded While Celebrating the Election of Grover Cleveland.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Nov. 22.—Last night's Democratic rally in celebration of the election of Grover Cleveland continued throughout last night and tonight. This morning found many people still in enthusiastic mood in spite of the following casualties: Colonel A. E. Witt, of Conway, wounded in the leg by a rocket. Chief of Police Sanders, shot in the face by the reckless handling of fireworks. Curtis Bell and J. T. Bentley, of Morrilton, slight wounds from the same cause. Bert Carnahan, thrown from his horse and back broken. Capt. M. C. House, of Lonaka, a broken leg. R. A. Pierson, a painter, and Hon. F. V. Moore, ex-Secretary of State, face severely burned.

OHIO'S OFFICIAL FIGURES.

One Democratic Elector Chosen and the Rest Are Republicans.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 22.—With Franklin and Fayette counties still unofficially rejected, the plurality for S. M. Taylor (Rep.) candidate for Secretary of State, is figured at 973, while Danford, who headed the Presidential electoral ticket, has 1,074 over Edward, and this figure will be accepted as the Republican plurality in Ohio. The elector on the Republican ticket defeated by Seward (Dem.) has not been determined.

FUSION WON IN WYOMING.

The Vote for Senator Will Be 27 Against 23 for the Republicans.

CHEYENNE, WYO., Nov. 22.—It is now certain that the Democratic and People's parties, which fused in this State, will have a majority on joint ballot in the Legislature. The vote for United States Senator will be 27 Fusion against 22 Republicans.

Maine Up for U. S. District Attorney.

MARSHFIELD, O., Nov. 22.—[Special.]—W. A. Mallin, of Youngstown, is an avowed

was said about the Senate. It is learned that in the distribution of Federal patronage the Democrats who have been faithful to Mr. Cleveland during the last eight years in New York State will not be forgotten when the favorers are passed around. Ex-Mayor William R. Grace said today for publication: "Mr. Murphy, in my opinion, will be the next Senator from New York State. I am not personally unfriendly to Mr. Murphy. I have taken no part in the agitation against him, and neither will I."

WANT THE CLERKS.

Several of Them in the Field for Each Gift of the State Legislature.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 22.—[Special.]—Speaker of the present House of Representatives and candidate for re-election, was in the city today. Mr. Thompson is confident that he will be his own successor, notwithstanding Philadelphia and Allegheny counties have each a candidate for the place. These two counties have over 50 members, but this formidable numerical strength seems to have no terrors for Mr. Thompson. Representative Walton is Philadelphia's candidate and Representative Stewart Allegheny's. Resident Clerk Vorhees, who is here, is reasonably certain of being elected Chief Clerk of the House. Ex-Journal Clerk Fetterolf, of Montgomery, is Vorhees' principal competitor, but he is handicapped by the defeat of Austin Taggart, Republican, as a candidate for member of the House. Ex-Chairman Andrews, of the Republican State Committee, on the surface appears to be in the field for Chief Clerk. John D. Patterson, a clerk of the Soldiers' Orphan Commission, is making a fight for Resident Clerk of the House. Edward Smiley has no apparent opposition for Chief Clerk of the Senate.

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THE PANAMA INQUIRY.

A Commission Elected, but the Minority Decline to Serve—Another Election to Be Had To-Day—Unfair Representation Is Alleged by Them.

PAIS, Nov. 22.—In the Panama canal matter today the Chamber of Deputies discussed a motion offered by M. Levalle, providing that all members of the Chamber should have the right to attend the sittings of the Investigating Committee. The motion was negatived by a vote of 40 to 120. M. de Roule announced he did not desire to be a member of the Investigating Committee, and would not allow the use of his name as a candidate, because the minority was inadequately represented. M. Pournoury de Boissin proposed that the Investigating Committee be invested with the powers of an examining Magistrate, but debate on the motion was adjourned until Saturday. The first vote for members of the Investigating Committee was taken formally today, and resulted in the election of 23 Republicans and three Conservatives. Upon the announcement of the result, Vicomte de Villeber-Maroull, in behalf of the Right, declined to take any further part in the appointing of the committee, on the ground of insufficient representation. A representation of only three members on such a committee, he said, is utterly out of proportion with the party's importance and strength in the Chamber. The three elected Conservatives then formally resigned from the committee. Six members of the Left also declined to serve on the committee. The second vote for members of the Investigating Committee will be taken to-morrow.

LOST SOCIAL CASTE.

The Daughter of a Southern General Becomes an Opium Fiend.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—Inspector McLaughlin and several of his staff this morning arraigned the 14 "hence" thieves arrested on Saturday night at the Tombs Police Court. At the request of the Inspector, Justice Grady charged seven of the gang, there being insufficient evidence to warrant pressing charges against them. One of those held, Lillian Stevens, is a personage of some importance. She is 28 years old, and it is said is the daughter of a Southern General. She was born in Baltimore and was educated in a convent in that city. About eight years ago she eloped with a young man, a confidential clerk in a New Orleans cotton house. He abused his wife, became an embezzler and a fugitive from justice. Notwithstanding her husband's ill-treatment of her she clung faithfully to him through all his vicissitudes. She accompanied him to this city, when about two years ago he deserted her. Lillian then, it is said, became discouraged, took to using opium and finally became a so-called "fiend." One night in an opium joint she met one "Kai," a notorious but accomplished crook, with whom she subsequently went to live. It is known to the police, but it is not known that she is personally "crooked."

LADY STUDENTS ON STRIKE.

One Hundred of Them Leave College Because the Building Is Unhealthy.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 22.—[Special.]—The young lady students of the Ohio State University created quite a sensation this noon at the institution by leaving the building in a body because of the bad sanitary condition of the rooms occupied by them. There are about 100 female students, and, according to their story, they sent word to President Scott some ten days or two weeks ago, notifying him that the condition of the rooms was so bad as to be unbearable and unhealthy. Last night they notified him that, as the condition was unimproved, they would leave in a body if the trouble was not remedied. To-day about 100 of the young ladies, 75 of whom live in Columbus, left the institution. President Scott said the trouble grew out of the water supply being cut off, and that the closets needed flushing. The matter will be remedied.

THE COMET DEPARTING.

Father Sees the Flying Star.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Father Seale, of the Catholic University, has made some observations of the comet, and decides it is not Biela's. It is nearest the sun on October 11, and is receding from sun and earth, and is getting fainter. It is about 150,000,000 miles from the earth. It has an elliptic orbit, moving around the sun in about six years. The least distance from the sun is about 200,000,000 miles; greatest distance about 300,000,000. The theory of its approaching the earth, says Father Seale, arose from a mistake of ten minutes of time in the original telegram.

MURPHY IS THE MAN.

The Opinion Prevails That He Will Have a Walkover for the Senatorship.

ALBANY, Nov. 22.—[Special.]—The prevailing opinion here at the capital from the Executive Chamber down to the smallest of the State departments over which Democrats have been placed is that Chairman Edward Murphy, of the Democratic State Committee, will have a clear field and be nominated for United States Senator to succeed Frank Hiscock, without more than a mere nominal contest. It can be safely stated now that there will be no opposition to Mr. Murphy in the Senate and that every Democratic Senator will enter the party caucus which is to name the next United States Senator.

The Democratic majority on the joint ballot of both Houses of the Legislature will be 22. Of the 37 new Democratic Assemblymen a canvass has shown that if Chairman Murphy is not their first choice there is not a man of them who would be disposed to bolt his nomination or who would refuse to enter a caucus where it was known a majority existed favoring Mr. Murphy's nomination and election. The opposition to Mr. Murphy to be successful would have to induce 11 members to refuse to go into the caucus and vote solidly against him in order to obtain even a tie vote. To get 11 good Democrats to do this for their party is more of a job than the hopeful Mugwumps are willing to undertake. The party for Chief Clerk of the Assembly, Charles R. De Freest and Assemblyman Townsend, of Queens, Jacob Rice, of Ulster, are all here to-day and all asserted emphatically that Chairman Murphy is the man.

CLEVELAND'S INDIANA PLURALITY.

It Is Over Six Thousand, With Seven Counties Yet to Hear From.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Nov. 22.—There still remain seven counties in Indiana from which the official election returns have not been received. The official returns, however, supplemented by returns believed to have been accurate, give Harrison 238,681; Cleveland, 262,718. Cleveland's plurality, 6,037.

NEED NO NEW BONDS.

Secretary Foster Says Democrats Will Not Be Forced to Issue Them.

THERE WILL BE A SURPLUS

Large Enough to Disappoint Those Who Talked of Jugglery.

BANKS MIGHT ISSUE CURRENCY

To the Full Par Value of Their Bonds Without Difficulty.

A LOWER CIRCULATION TAX ADVISED

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—In administration and financial circles the statement to the effect that the Democratic Congress may find it desirable to issue new bonds to meet the probable deficit in the Treasury for the month of March next is freely discussed. The proposition of a new loan, or resort to an income tax, does not please the Secretary of the Treasury, however, who still insists that the Democrats will be disappointed if they expect to find the Treasury in a bankrupt condition when they come into power.

MEANS USED IN AN EMERGENCY.

"I will admit that there have been occasions during the present administration when our cash on hand was very low and when we were worried about our outstanding obligations. Our critics often wondered where we obtained the money to keep the mill moving. They appear to have forgotten that the revenue over \$15,000,000 in the national banks in addition to the unexpended balances in the custody of the various disbursing officers throughout the country, would be available to meet all our demands. I directed the Treasurer to pay them only what was required and the balance was retained in the Treasury. When our cash on hand was over \$2,000,000 to meet such demands as might be made upon us. Then there was a lot of small coin that could not be used for the payment of debts, in excess of the amount needed for business purposes. Ten millions of dollars of small coin were utilized, and silver certificates were issued to cover that amount. Thus when the dull months came around, and the revenues fell below what was expected, we had ample means to meet all our obligations. Some persons may find fault with our present style of keeping the accounts, but that is because they have never taken the trouble to give the matter a fair investigation."

MEASURES THAT WERE NOT SECURED.

"Last summer," continued the Secretary, "when the gold was being shipped abroad in such large quantities, we commenced to feel uneasy for fear we would have to draw upon the reserve fund. The question was asked 'What will you do if the shipment of gold continues?' I replied that I would draw upon the reserve fund if necessary to sustain the credit of the Government at home and abroad. There was more gold in San Francisco than in any other city of the ordinary run of business, so we concluded to bring some of it East in case of an emergency. Our movements were carried on with the most profound secrecy, and we imagined that not a living soul but those connected with the transaction knew anything about it. In that we were disappointed for the day the train left San Francisco. THE DISPATCH announced the fact in its regular issue. I do not think any party would be so foolish as to issue new bonds to the Secretary said: 'I cannot undertake to guess what the Democrats may do, but I do not think there will be any new bonds issued. I do not think any party wants now to take the responsibility of increasing the public debt, which we have striven to reduce to save the interest.'"

A SMALLER TAX WOULD BE ENOUGH.

"How low an interest do you think new bonds could be floated on?" was asked. "That would depend on two things," he replied. "If the bonds were such of the national banks could use as security for currency, and they were permitted to issue currency up to the full face value of the bonds, and the tax on the tax on national bank circulation should be reduced from 1 per cent to three-quarters of 1 per cent, I think the bonds could be easily floated at 2 per cent interest."

HANGED IN THE SIGHT OF 10,000.

A Young Man Who Killed His Girl and Tried Suicide Dies Another Way.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., Nov. 22.—The execution of Allen Harrison for the murder of Bettie Adams, April 3, took place here at 2:15 this afternoon. The scaffold was erected in a field two miles from the jail, the procession to the scaffold being in carriages. More than 10,000 people witnessed the execution. Harrison made an auto-mortem statement in which he claimed to have no knowledge of the commission of the crime, but did not deny having done it while under the influence of the poison which he swallowed with the intention of committing suicide.

SEE SOLD LOTTERY TICKETS.

How a Young Lady's Enormous Mail Gave the Snaps Away.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 22.—[Special.]—Canadian Government officials have discovered a peculiar state of affairs in Clifton, Ontario, across the river. A prepossessing young woman, handsomely dressed, came here early this month and secured board in her private house, giving her name as May Abner. She had not been there long before the postal authorities were surprised at the enormous amount of mail matter that came to her.

TO PURIFY THE WATER.

An Experiment to Be Tried at the Allegheny Water Works.

Mayor Kennedy and City Engineer Swan, of Allegheny, visited the Allegheny water works yesterday accompanied by an agent representing the Antwerp system of purifying water. The gentlemen wished to ascertain if the system could be used successfully in Allegheny. Nothing definite was decided upon except to allow the agent to test the system, providing he receive no pay for the experiment.

LEFT AT THE DOOR.

Mrs. McCleary Finds a Baby in a Basket on Her Steps.

While the family of Mrs. Anna McCleary, of 29 Veto street, Allegheny, were eating supper last evening they heard the wail of a child in distress. A basket was found on the steps containing a little baby who was not only poorly clad but nearly perishing from the cold. The little wailer was taken in, but as Mrs. McCleary is poor and has a large family she will turn it over to the authorities.

LOOKING MORE LIKE AN ACQUITTAL.

Disinterested spectators believed when the Commonwealth's witnesses positively identified Critchlow as the man behind the breastworks, the dare-devil rider who had spent the greater part of July 6 taking pot shots at the Pinkertons, that a conviction was in sight. The defense's array of witnesses who were just as positively that Critchlow was sometimes a half a mile and

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COLD COMFORT.

RAIN MAKING DELAYED.

Difficulties Encountered Which Postponed the Experiments Until To-Day.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Nov. 22.—[Special.]—Owing to the difficulties met with in filling the observation balloon with gas here to-day, the rain-making experiments of General R. T. Dyer and party were not begun to-day. It was after 4 o'clock this afternoon when Prof. John L. Ellis started on his real voyage from the post Sam Houston parade grounds. The weather was favorable for the ascent and he rose to a height of 8,860 feet when at point the operators at Alamo Heights discharged 40 pounds of Roselle powder. Prof. Ellis states that the concussion was severely felt by him and that it had a perceptible effect upon the air currents.

The temperature of the atmosphere near the ground was 72.000 Fahrenheit, and at the highest point reached by the balloon it was 39.0 Fahrenheit. The atmosphere from 2,000 feet and upward was very moist, although no clouds were visible. At a late hour last night a drizzling rain set in, and while it was in progress a 40-pound stick of Roselle was exploded at Alamo Heights, four miles north of the signal observation station. Immediately after the heavy discharge the precipitation of the rain was greatly increased, and at the Alamo Heights there was a fall of twenty-three one-hundredths of an inch and at the signal observation two-hundredths of an inch. The experiments will begin on a extensive scale to-morrow.

PUBLIC BUSINESS BLOCKED.

In Toledo by the Exposure of So Many Boodle Councilmen.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 22.—[Special.]—The prosecuting attorney to-day commenced proceedings to secure indictments of Councilmen J. A. Rutherford, W. H. Taylor and Carl Schmal, three more members of the combine organized in Councilman Neuen-dorf's race to extort bribes from franchise seekers. This makes ten altogether. R. O. Manchester, the Sunday School superintendent, was convicted Saturday night. G. M. Doner refused to-day to plead guilty, and was placed on trial. John Daly, the first to be convicted, resigned to-day, and Charles Neuenendorf likewise Saturday night. This makes ten altogether. R. O. Manchester, the Sunday School superintendent, was convicted Saturday night. G. M. Doner refused to-day to plead guilty, and was placed on trial. John Daly, the first to be convicted, resigned to-day, and Charles Neuenendorf likewise Saturday night. This makes ten altogether.

DYNASTIES WILL FALL.

The Crack of Doom Predicted for Them Before the Next Century.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—[Special.]—The twenty-fifth anniversary of the Irish patriots Allen, Larkin and O'Brien, who are known as the Manchester martyrs, was commemorated by the Clan-na-Gael in the big hall of the Cooper Union to-night. In the course of his address Judge Lyman made this prophecy: "The century closes I predict the crack of doom to every dynasty now in Europe. Their armies will not protect them against the demands of the people. Our land is prepared and the work of the Land League is bringing good results. When the crash comes the spirit of Parnell (prolonged cheering) will guide us in the cause for which we have fought so long."

STILL UNDECEID.

The Local Republicans Have Not Yet Fixed Upon a Mayorality Candidate.

The local Republicans are still struggling with the Mayorality nomination. G. I. Magee, who, it is alleged, is opposed to the nomination of Dr. McCandless, has not yet returned from the East, and during his absence the matter of a candidate has not been definitely decided. J. J. Magua, yesterday announced himself as a candidate for the Democratic nomination. It is alleged he will oppose the candidacy of Alderman McKenna.

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GREAT SPEECH FOR CRITCHLOW.

Erwin, the St. Paul Lawyer, Redeems Himself and Surprises the Natives.

ACQUITTAL IS EXPECTED.

The Commonwealth Fails to Shake the Alibi in Rebuttal.

A Few Witnesses Hoard in the Morning—The Prisoner and His Wife Testify—John F. Robb Opens for the Prosecution—He Describes the Riot and Claims Critchlow's Witnesses Didn't Tell the Truth—Mr. Erwin Argues That the Invasion Was Unauthorized and the Resistance of the People Was Lawful—He Denounces the Pinkertons as a Foreign Force Collected in the Slums of the Great Cities—A Great Crowd in the Court Room.

The sensation in the Critchlow murder case yesterday was the eloquent speech of W. M. Erwin to the jury in behalf of the prisoner. It was a surprise to everybody except those who knew him, and they were few in Pittsburgh. The St. Paul advocate learned his business some years ago in the trial of the Chicago Anarchists, and he no doubt gained considerable experience in his frequent wrestling matches with Ignatius Donnelly for the leadership of the People's party in the Northwest.

The jury looked tired and cross when they filed into the box yesterday morning. Well they might, as Judge McCleung suggested in the course of the day, since they

DR. SMITH MUST BE TRIED.

The Lane Professor Badly Beaten on Four Test Votes—The Charges and Specifications Declared to Be Sufficient for a Trial—Objections Overruled.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 22.—The test votes have been taken on preliminary questions arising in the case of Prof. Henry F. Smith, of Lane Seminary, and they show a strong majority opposed to him. The first test vote came upon the sufficiency of the first charge, which declares that Prof. Smith taught that a minister may abandon the essential features of the system of doctrine held by the church which he received and adopted at his ordination and still rightfully retain his position as a minister in the church. Prof. Smith objected to this charge that it was not specific; that it did not point out any doctrine of the church which had been disregarded. The motion was put to sustain his objection, and was lost by 19 in favor and 33 against.

Then the Presbytery took up specification one under that charge, which stated that he had taught in an article in the New York Evangelist that acceptance of the doctrines was only required of the ministers at the time of taking their ordination vows; and specification two, which asserted that he had taught in an article in the New York Evangelist that, whether a minister has departed from the doctrines can only be determined by judicial process. To both these specifications Prof. Smith met the objection that they were insufficient in form and legal effect, and did not support the charge.

STEEL