I saw a pretty housewife, with sunny brown hair, a wild rose skin and moss eyes, wearing this dress. Such a woman will harmonize with the gown. A rich brunette, with ivory yellow skin tinged dull red at the cheeks, and with dull black hair, will look the more rich and warm, and on her the dress will seem the softer and more mist like. The only ones who must not wear it are the glossy, sleek women. They will look too vivid, and they will make the dress seem faded. This gown is of



A Housewife and a House Gown.

the softest dull cream, or avory white china silk. The vines are wild rose, and are either embroidered or painted in the natural colors, except that the green of the leaves and the pink of the petals are both softened a good deal. If painted the whole dress should be covered with a fine ivory white net to soften the effect. The three little ruffles are of crisp ribbon or satin. The top one is green like the leaves, the next pink like the petals, and the bottom one brown like the stems. A sash of faint rose color clasps the waist. It should be so faint that it almost matches the pink so faint that it almost matches the pink akin that shows through the pale pink crepe or gauze between the collars. These collars are green, like the top rufile. The lace draped from the edges of the collars over the shoulders, is very fine, and of that dull and rose and brown to a softly cashmere effect. The arms show through the pink crepe or gauze puff that makes the upper sleeve. This puff is finished by turn back pointed cuffs cut to match the collar and made of the green silk. The long cuff below is the ivory silk painted or embroidered like the skirt. That part of the bodice which shows beneath the lace is of the ivory

Of course, any ingenious woman can work out very nearly these effects in cheaper materials. FLORETTE.

A Breakfast Gown Hint.

A Pittsburg society woman was heard to remark the other day that she considered any man had a perfect right to seek a separation from a woman who would sit opposite to him at the breakfast table in a soiled and jagged evening gown-one that she thought too good to give to her maid and tried to wear out for economy sake. Be that as it may, it would be a man of very poor taste who would not think his wife extremely charming in something like the following early morning robe:

A sulphur veilow crepe trimmed with black velvet. The back made with a Watteau pleat and the front like a long blouse, drawn in at the waist by velvet ribbon. Falling from the waist is a silk devant with a lace flounce on each side. The collar is a large ruffle of embroidered tulle and the sleeves are on long puff, daintily edged at the wrist with Another beautiful combination

gown for a lady of mature years is a petti-

coat of light gray silk, with a flounce of embroidered white gauze, headed with a gauze puff run through with old pink rib-bon. The upper robe of old pink crepe opening with revers over the petticoat.
The sleeves are of gray silk, over which the
white gauze is put on in deep puffs. All
the delicately tinted, embroidered muslins, pretty silks and cashmeres are brought forth now as the proper things for house weer. Formerly their sole use was for elaborate evening toilettes or for a bride on her honey moon trip. But then, why should not women make their whole lives one long honey moon so far as pretty house gowns are concerned?

Bits of House Decorat

A fancy of the moment is for dessert and other plates, no two of which are alike. An artist in china painting has selected two dozen plates of as widely different patterns as possible. Each one has a distinct design, the only decoration in common being wide rim in mat gold.

The mounting of cut-glass pitchers, col-

The mounting of cut-glass pitchers, colored and clear, shows a sumptuousness seen nowhere else. Many of these have lids; frequently they are silver gilt.

A popular style of portelle is made of French cretonne and lined with plain sateen. This is used for the doors of morning rooms and chambers where chints and cretonne are used as furniture coverings.

Handsome hall vases and umbrella holders in tapesiry designs, such as broken lines of gilt on a soiid color and hersldic devices, are new.

are new.

It is a favorite fad just now to cover a book with a scrap of brocaded silk, sometimes padding it by a layer of cotton wadding underneath. Two ribbons are attached to opposite sides, by which to tie it together, and a dainty gift is formed which is inexpensive, but rich in appearance.

The Dictates of Fashion.

The woman of an economical turn of mind is completely at a loss how to use up her half worn out gowns at the present day. Time was when nearly every gown was bought with an eye to having it "made over into a lovely house robe" when its usefulness in its original form had ceased to ex-ness in its original form had ceased to ex-ist. That is all past and gone. The indoor dresses of the period are made of the bright-est, newest and softest material. The mode, too, in which they are fashioned is a matter of ne small importance, but it would take an adept to detect the difference betake an adept to detect the difference between them. For instance, if you are attired in a tea gown, which, everybody
knows, is a loose, flowing affair, and tie it
closely around the waist with ribbon, lo,
and behold, you are clothed in a princess
dress. To have your house gown made in
the correct style you must have it cut a la
Pompadour, a la Watteau, a la Empire, a
la anything but wrapper. Nobody wears
wrappers in these days except drygoods
parcels, newspapers and such like.

Costume for a Debutante.

The materials used for a dainty "rosebud" costume for a young girl is a pale rose-colored China silk. The skirt, which fits rather smoothly in front, has just sufficient fullness in the back to make it graceful. At the lower edge is a kilted flounce of pink chiffon, and over this are arranged loops and knots of pink ribbon of a deeper shade. and knots of pink ribbon of a deeper shade. The bodice is high, fits the figure gracefully and has for its decoration a plaited frill of chiffron—each group of plaits being caught with a knot of ribbon, the whole strip being worn as a fichu might be, and draped in at the waist, where it is caught by the waist ribbon of pink. The full sleeves are of the chiffon, tied at the elbows with a band and knots of ribbon, long gloves of pale, rose-colored undressed kid coming up to meet them. The hair is parted in the center, drawn back in a low knot at the back, where it is fantastically tied with a pink ribbon. it is fantastically tied with a pink ribbon. This is quite a delicate, artistic dress, as well as pretty and inexpensive.

A Wish-Bone Bridal Luneheon.

A pretty idea in the way of a bridal luncheon is the "wish-bone." Directly over the table, suspended from the chanivory tint that old lace gets. It may be delier is a huge wish-bone of bridal roses Bazar, the smilax, twined with roses, being carried to the four corners of the table. All the decorations are in cream white.

In the center of the table a floral wishbone rests on two parallel bands of satin ribbon which extend the length of the table, ending in large bows. The menu cards are white and gilt edged. The guests' cards ares quare, and at one side is a genuine wish-bone gilded and fastened to the eard by a bow of narrow satin ribbon. Extending the length of the bone, in small gilt letters, are the words: "A golden wish for you." The favors are gold wish-bone stick

Seen in the Stores. HALF military fur capes, 24 inches long.

PRINCESS dinner gowns of velvet, plain or HALF-LONG jackets having capes for misses.

Ginls' coats with velvet sleeves and cape Silks having singleand Persian-colored designs. HEAVY repped silks for fine woolen dress

accessories. GOLD-EMBROIDERED velvet crowns for even ing bonnets.

Eron jackets of fur to wear with furtrimmed suits. Siles showing tiny dots forming large balls, palms, etc.

Long princess cloaks of silk, velvet, fur and figured cloth. Opp new evening combination fancifully

washing silk. Also in nainsook.-Dry Goods Onding silks for dressy house, evening FRENCH kid shoes tipped with patent

eather for misses.

IMPRISONED IN A BOAT.

The Hard Life Led by Three Westerners on One of the Oyster Fleet-No Escape Possible for Those Beguiled Aboard by False Pretenses.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 15 .- If the statements made in a letter received here by the Grannar Detective Bureau are true, there is need of a greater number of police boats on Chesapeake Bay, for those there are neglecting their duties. The writer of the letter is E. S. Polk. He says while in Philadelphia, some weeks ago, he was out of work and answered an advertisement to go on an oyster boat. He was told he would work from 6 A. M. to 6 P. M., and the evenings were spent on shore in some one of the score of pretty villages along the bay. Polk is a

spent on shore in some one of the score of pretty villages along the bay. Polk is a Westerner, and, not having the slightest idea of oyster fishing, agreed to ship at \$14 per month and all expenses.

With Polk were two acquaintances, who also shipped under the same terms. All three went aboard the Fannie Marie and the voyage began. From that moment Polk says he has been literally a prisoner. The work is of the most laborious character and every complaint is met with kicks and blows, and the men are warned that unless they keep still and hustle, they will be given a task beside which the present one is play. The food consists solely of salt pork, corn bread and molasses. Their only beds are piles of straw without a single covering, and the men, sleeping in their damp clothes, almost freeze.

At sight of other vessels, the Fannie Marie finds dredging better further on and moves away. Not a police boat has been seen. The men are not allowed to go ashore. When a port is made, for any purpose, only the officers are permitted to land. Opportunities for escape are few and the penalty is so fearful that few attempt it and fewer still succeed. Polk says that one who attempted it was shot and killed and the body thrown into the bay. Polk writes for help. He wauts to know what he shall do and how to escape. There is nothing to show when the letter was written, but the envelope is postmarked at Cowart or Corvert P. O., Virginia.

For a clear head and steady nerves

For a clear head and steady nerves Take Bromo-Seltzer—10c a bottle.

MADAME M. YALE

In Pittsburg. SHE WILL GIVE A COMPLIMENTARY LECTURE TO THE LADIES AT THE ALVIN THEATER,

RESERVED SEATS FREE By calling at her Parlors, 54 and 55 Schlosse Hotel, Penn avenue and Sixtn street.



Madame M. Yaie the Famous Beauty and Complexion Specialist from the Yaie Temple of Beauty, New York and Chicago, and who burg on Saturday.

SHE WILL REMAIN BUT TWO WEEKS, And will lecture here on TUESDAY, Novem ber 22, 2:30 P. M., at the Alvin Theater.

She will give valuable beauty recipes free It will be remembered that Madame Yale lectured here last spring to a macked house. Such will be the case this time. You had

such will be the case this time. You had better call for seats now, so as to secure good ones. They are absolutely free.

Madame Yale will instruct the ladies how to obtain and retain a perfect complexion: how to turn gray hair back to its original color; also how to win a husband's affection and hold it; how to remove Wrinkles, Freckies, Moth Patches, Sallowness and every Skin Blemish. She can cure. ANY SKIN DISEASE,

ANY SKIN DISEASE, and make any woman beautiful. You can consult her this week at her parlors, free of charge. Her advice and instructions are worth thousands of dollars—but Madame Yale, ever generous to her sex, will give them to you free of charge. You had better consult her while you can. Remember, she remains here but TWO WEEKS.

TWO WEEKS.

Every woman owes it to herself and friends to look as well as possible. You envy a woman with a beautiful complexion. You can have the same. Madame Yale has made thousands of women happy by her marvelous work. She has obtained more husbands for young ladies than you can imagine. She has made more happy homes than anyone else. She can give you all a pretty face, and that is what will make you happy.

(ALL AND SEE HER. CALL AND SEE HER.

Ladies out of town send 6 cents postage for her Famous Beauty Book.

MADAME M. YALE,
Beauty and Complexion Specialist,
Parlors 54 and 55 Schlosser Hotel, Pittsburg,
Pa.

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KEW ADVERTISEMENTS

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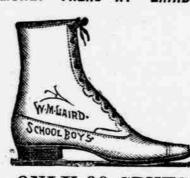
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Ary Man, Woman or Child

Any Size and Warrant Satisfaction.



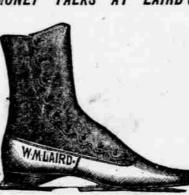
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STORES:

RETAIL Market St. Wood St. nol3-MWF80

BIG PROFIT Clothing Dealers

Would much rather see us quote high prices on these Specialties, as our SMALL PROFIT SYSTEM Weakens Their

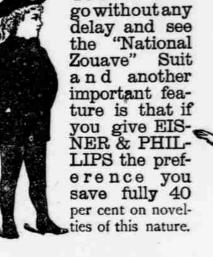
SALES.



Just think! 349 patterns to select from in single and doublebreasted suits. Talk about nobby Reefers. Just see those at 40 per cent less than other clothiers prices.

TAM O'SHANTERS

As low as 50c. Those at 75c and \$1 are beauties.



You want to



In the Boys' and Children's Department purchasers of Suits or Overcoats amount ing to \$5 will receive as a token of appreciation a complete set of Musical Bells or a Noah's

EISNER & PHILLIPS.

THE RECOGNIZED LEADING CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS,

COR. OF FIFTH AVE. & WOOD

It will be well to mention in connection with this article that a great special sale is in progress at this famous establishment. Suits and Overcoats that are actually worth \$16.50, \$18, \$22 and \$20 are arranged on separate counters for \$11.80 until further notice. You can procure Overcoats and Suits as high as \$50 in this establishment.

SACRIFICE SALE

FURNITURE AT COST.



Our sale has started off with a boom. The bargains are being snapped up quickly. If you want to take advantage of this great reduction in furniture you must not delay. This sale will continue only until we get sufficient cash and enough room to put in our holiday stock. We cannot always sell goods at cost. This sale is compulsory. WE MUST HAVE CASH. WE MUST HAVE ROOM,

THIS ELEGANT ROCKER, SOLID OAK, SILK TAPESTRY OR PLUSH SEAT.

ONLY \$2.75.

THIS IS BUT A SAMPLE OF BARGAINS SUCH AS HAVE NEVER BEEN OFFERED BEFORE. SEE FOR YOURSELF. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING.

13 AND 15 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY, PA.

THE LOVERS OF NATALIA

H. SUTHERLAND EDWARDS.

Continued from yesterday. Private Borodin was of course in court, though by previous arrangement with the police authorities he was not called upon to give evidence against his commanding officer. The examining Magistrate had, indeed, at the preliminary inquiry, obtained a full arowal of all the facts from Miliutin himself, who, however, repudiated the extreme inferences drawn from them. Borodin would not have missed the trial even it his absence from the barracks had been likely to bring down upon him the severest punishment. But he had finished his duty early in the morning, and had received permission to go out for a few hours.

When Borodin heard the verdict-exile for 20 years to Siberia-he was shocked beyond measure. He had not enlisted in the army with any idea of becoming o apy, but simply in the hope of getting rapid promotion and a commission so that he might not be deemed altogether unworthy of aspiring to the hand of Natalia Gonscharoff. In a moment of spite, enraged at the idea of Colonel Miliutin's marrying the girl on whom he, Borodin, had set his heart, he had turned informer; and though he deeply regretted his baseness the moment after-ward, he had then already placed himself, as well as Miliutin, beneath the power of the dreaded "Third Section." He was filled with remorse when he thought of the mean, dastar lly part he had played.
"How did you like my speech?" asked
Gorski, as, just outside the tribunal, he met

the indignant Borodin.
"That is how I liked it," replied the young soldier, giving the traitor advocate at the same time a violent blow in the face. Goraki could, had he pleased, have com-plained to the Commander in Chief of Boro-din's regiment. But the man who had just

been condemned to 20 years' exile was much liked by his brother officers; and Gorski knew well that it would be vain to look to any of these for redress. Besides, he hated Borodin personally, and now more than ever; and to hate a man

throughly is to desire his death. He de-termined, therefore, that Borodin should die. He resolved, that is to say, to kill him. This it would be impossible to do ex-cept in a duel. He accordingly, after re-turning Borodin's blow, challenged him to fight that evening in a lonely corner of the island of Basil. Each was to be accom-panied by a second. Gorski took with him a military officer of his acquaintance, Bor-odin was attended by a senior student of the St. Petersburg University. throughly is to desire his death. He de-

the St. Petersburg University.

The antagonists, after what had occurred The antagonists, after what had occurred, could not but cordially detest one another. While, however, apart from all question of wounds or death Gorski was only incurring the danger to which every one fighting a duej exposes himself before the law, Borodin was, in addition, setting at naught the discipline of the severe service to which he belonged.

But Borodin was not destined to be punished by his officers. The combatants were to fire at the same moment, and at the first discharge Borodin fell dead with a bullet in his brain. The student who had acted as his second was in despair. He at once gave himself up to the police, and this led, naturally, to the arrest of Gorski and of the officer who had attended him.

Poor Natalia was broken-hearted when she heard the variety are in the bard the product of the product of the control of the product of t

husband as Natalia was to Miliutin, seven years seemed an eternity.

"If I could only be allowed to go to Siberia with him!" This was now her sole aspiration. "He shall not make the sad journey alone," she said to herself. She

would accompany him if necessary on foot, and she would remain with him until the end of his term of banishment. Then they would either depart from the land of despotism altogether, or would remain in Siberia, where, if nowhere else in the Russian Empire, even in the midst of prisoners, the free man is really free. But Natalia's prayer was not granted. Concessions enough had already been made. It was felt that to allow the young wife to accompany her husband to his place of exile would be to turn a penitential pilgrimage into a easure journey.

Natalia, however, was resolved to accompany him, or, if that should be impossible, to follow him as soon as possible after his departure. In her determination to pursue departure. In her determination to pursue this course, she felt ready, if necessary, to quality herself for Siberia by committing some bonorable crime—the publication, for instance, of a revolutionary pamphlet, or the commission of some justifiable political homicide. If anyone in this world deserved killing it was that treacherous Gorski, who had so shamefully betrayed her husband. What had her husband done? He had striven to raise the moral and intellectual status of the soldiers entrusted to his charge. The books he had given them to read were of an elevating, but not of a revolutionary kind. And now her husband was to pass the seven beat years of his life in Siberian exile, while his vile defamer, traducer, betrayer, was to remain at St. Petersburg to profit by the reputation for eloquence that he had gained at her husband's expense.

Just then Natalia's maid, Masha, hurried

looked once more at the newspaper, "the Borodin I knew, the Borodin that villain Gorski knew, was a tutor; and this one was a soldier. Why could he have enlisted? It was perhaps for my sake that he joined the army. Happily for her peace of mind, Natalia did not know it was through Borodin's jeal-ousy of her husband that Miliutin was first

informed against. Colonel Miliutin was to start on his dreary journey in about a week, during which time Natalia was permitted to see him every day. The sympathy felt for the young officer by St. Petersburg society was general; and endeavors were made in va-rious quarters to obtain for Natalia Miliutin permission to accompany her hus-band to Siberia. But all in vain. * *

Several months passed. Miliutin was now half way on his road to Irkutsk; the grave of Borodin was already covered with grass, and Gorski, after undergoing a comparatively brief term of imprisonmens, had been set at liberty. During the whole period of his imprisonment Gorski had never ceased to think of the enchanting Natslia. To what crimes his passion for this woman had led him! And now, after he had got her husband exiled, and had killed one of her most devoted admirers, his suit was no more advanced than when, his suit was no more advanced than when, in the drawing room of General Gontcharoff, he had gazed upon her for the first time. It Natalia knew the truth; if she was really aware that he had so defended her husband that he was sure to be convicted. If, moreover, she had in any way discovered that his mortal quarrel with Borodin had its origin in Borodin's knowledge of the shameful betraynl he had practiced, then his case would of course be hopeless. But he would asof course be hopeless. But he would assure her—he would swear to her by everything she held sacred—that he had defended her husband in all sincerity, and that if he had allowed himself to be carried away into his brain. The student who had acted as his second was in despair. He at once gave himself up to the police, and this led, naturally, to the arrest of Gorski and of the officer who had attended him.

Poor Natalia was broken-hearted when she heard the verdict against her husband; and on the sentence being pronounced she fainted away and was carried unconscious out of court. An aide-de-camp of the Emperor awaited upon her the same atternoon, to inform her that, in consideration of the function of the same atternoon, to inform her that, in consideration of the function of the function of the same atternoon, to inform her that, in consideration of the function of the function of the function of this purely tactical error was the profound sympathy with which her husband's case had inspired him. If he had atterward quarreled with Borodin, the cause of their talling out was one which Natalia, of all perhaps treated harshly. Why did they for this purely tactical error was the profound sympathy with which her husband's case had inspired him. If he had atterward quarreled with Borodin, the cause of their talling out was one which Natalia, of all perhaps treated harshly. Why did they found the same atternoon, to inform her that, in consideration of the function of this purely tactical error was the profound sympathy with which her husband's case had inspired him. If he had allowed himself to be carried away into an imprudent burst of passion, the origin of this purely tactical error was the profound sympathy with which her husband's case had inspired him. If he had alterward quarreled with Borodin, the cause of their talling out was one which Natalia, of all perhaps treated harshly. Why did they was Borodin who had first informed against the husband's expense.

Just then Natalia's maid, Masha, hurried in with a newspaper, which contained a brief but sufficient account of the fatal due between Gorski and Boroden.

"The wretch has fought and has not been killed! Is there justice in Heaven?" she call due her husband's case h

This, as he himself would have put it, was his case; and with this case he resolved o go to Natelia and throw himself at her

One autumn afternoon at sunset, Natalia

Gontcharoff was gazing from the window of her house on the English quay upon the cold bluish waters of the fast flowing Neva, when a visitor was announced. "Who is it?" asked Natalia. "The man!" stammered out the footman "the man, madame, you know, who-"What man? Has he no card?

"Allow me to enter-without further cere-

mony," said Gorski, who, forcing his way past the servant, walked into the drawing-"Great heavens; you venture to come here!" exclaimed Natalia; "you, who are the cause of my husband's conviction, of

his exile, of my despair!"
"Listen to me, Natalia Ivanovna," cried Gorski. "I have been misrepresented, calumnied-I, who would die to serve you. at has been my misfortune not to be shot by that villain Borodin, who, as fate would have it, fell by my hand. It would have been better had I fallen by his. He was an informer and traducer, and I slew him. Your husband was a hero, and, instead of lessential than the same of the sa ing the part he played, I magnified it, and, inspired by my sympathy and admiration for him, exalted his heroism."

"I have nothing to do with your private quarrels," exclaimed Natalia. "But as regards my husband, you gave him deliberately into the hands of his enemies. Villain that you are, you purposely betrayed him." "You cut me to the heart, Natalia Ivanovna, by such bitter words," exclaimed the barrister. "If, in the ardor of speech, I lost my head, had I not long before lost my heart? If he had been a stranger, I handle the property of the long before lost my heart? should have remained calm; but knowing how dear he was to you, and feeling how dear you have always been to me, I could not restrain myself. I was full of indignation, and my indignation spoke in terms of its own; and you have not one atom of sympathy—not even of pity—for me."

He approached her and made an attempt to seize her hand, which she at once with-

"Keep off, leave me!" she exclaimed. She glanced at a richly jeweled Circasian dagger lying on the table before her. It belonged to her husband, and she had been using it as a paper knife.

Incapable of love, Goraki nevertheless

he had so deeply injured. He again advanced toward her, and taking her by the hand—his touch made her shudder as though she had come in contact with some reptile— he placed his arm around her waist, and tried to imprint a kiss upon her cheek, now scarlet with shame and anger. She seized the dagger, which, in his blind infatuation, Gorski had not perceived, and stabbed him

felt an overwhelming passion for the woman

to the heart. Then she rang the bell, and, on the servant appearing, pointed to the prostrate form of the advocate, and said, "Call the police."

On the details of the trial it is needless o dwell. The act was not to be denied: and the prisoner, for reasons of her own, was not auxious to have if too completely justified. The barrister who defended her, without attempting to emulate the deceased Gorski, made out so poor a case for his client that it was impossible not to send her to Siberia; and four months afterward Miliutin had the happiness of embracing his wife in the too famous city of exile, where he had now been appointed to a place of some importance in the civil administraof some importance in the civil administra-

[THE END.]

FOR DYSPEPSIA

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Dr. Lorenzo Waite, Pittsfield, Mass, say From its use for a period of about eigh veeks, to the exclusion of all other rem dies, I attribute the restoration to health on a patient who was emaciated to the las a patient who was emaciated to the last degree, in consequence of nervous prostration and dyspepsia. This patient's stomach was in such an irritable condition that he could not bear either liquid or solid food. An accomplished physician of many years experience, whom I called in consultation, pronounced his case an incumble one. At this stage I decided to use Horsford's Acid Phosphate, which resulted as above mentioned."

THE BEST IN OUR STORE For \$16-This Offer Good for Thursday

Only-P. C. C. C. On Thursday we will allow you to pick from our magnificent stock any overcoat, any ulster or any suit for \$15. No matter whether it be marked as high as \$45 or as low as \$35—\$16 will buy it on Thursday.

P. C. C., corner Grant and Diamond streets, opposite the Court House. HELD FOR CONSPIRACY.

Told to Consider Himself No Longer 1 Member of the Firm.

Edward Smith, Jennie Smith and Cyrus Lear, of Bridgeville, were arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of conspiracy to defraud, preferred by F. W. Couch. About six months ago Edward Smith and Couch went into partnership in the butcher business in Bridgeville, and Couch says the firm did a good business and made money but that Smith informed him last week that he could consider himself no longer a member of the firm as the expenses of running the business had eaten up all the money he had invested. He also alleges that Jennie Smith and Cyrus Lear willfully entered into the conspiracy to defraud him. The defendants gave bail for a hearing before Alderman McMasters on Monday afternoon

SMALLPOX AT NEW HAVEN.

Two Cases Break Out and the State Hospital Is Placed in Quarantine. NEW HAVEN, CONN., Nov. 15 -- Two

more cases of smallpox have broken out at the State Hospital. Fears are entertained that the disease will become epidemic. The hospital is in quarantine, placing the city in a bad predicament in regard to emergency cases. Efforts are being made to secure the new Homeopathic Hospital in accident and other emergency cases.

A Reception to Railroad Men. The W. C. T. U., of Allegheny county, have an attractive musical programme arranged for the reception to railroad men, in the Baltimore and Ohio freight depot, Grant and Water streets, Thursday night. The reception will occur between the hours of 9 A. M. and 10 P. M., during which time a substantial lunch will be served gratuitously by the ladies. Many generous persons, in-terested in this commendable enterprise, have already contributed money or pro-visions and many more will doubtless do so.

Way is it that people use Salvation Our