15, 1892.

Full and complete reports each day in THE DISPATCH of the trial of Homesterd men, commencing

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17.

FORTY SEVENTH YEAR.

TARIFF REFORM SECURES ALLIES.

Senator Peffer Declares the Populists Will Vote on That Question

WITH THE FREE TRADERS.

He and His Wife Are Delighted With the Election Results.

The Westerner With the Historic Whiskers Boasts of the Victory of His Party-He Says the Successor of Cleveland Will Be a Populist-Their Issue Is Silver and Taxation-Cleveland, in His Estimation, Will Be a Good President, as He Was Before-Breckenridge Wants the Senate to Pass the Tariff Bill and Run the Risk of President Harrison's Veto-Preparations for the Coming Short Session of Congress - Appropriations That Must Be Made to Cover Heavy De-

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 HARRISBURG, Nov. 14.-Senator W. A. Peffer, of Kansas, stopped over in the city a few hours to-day, on his way from Topeka to Washington. He was accompanied by Mrs. Peffer and daughter. When asked how the result of the late election suited him the Populist leader said:

"I am delighted with the result, Our party elected seven out of the eight Congressmen in Kansas, we carried the State for the Western electors, and besides elected our candidate for Congressman at large, Colonel W. A. Harris. The Colonel lives at Leavenworth. He is a farmer and stock raiser, and has probably the best herd of short-horned cattle in the United States. He was a Colonel in the Confederate army and at the close of the war migrated to Kansas, where he has since resided. He is the first rebel soldier to be elected to Congress above the Mason and Dixon line.

Measuring the Size of the Victory. "But that is not the extent of our victory. We now have a majority of three in the Legislature on joint ballot. There are several contests on good grounds, and we believe the contestants will be seated. This will give us a large majority, and means that a Populist will be elected from Kansas to succeed the late Senator Plumb in the United States Senate. The People's party will poll five or six times as many votes for President in 1896 as they did on Tuesday

"The next President after Cleveland will be a Populist. Meanwhile, there will be a new alignment of parties. The Populists will take the place the Republican party took in 1856 and 1860. Our issue will be silver and taxation questions, and on them We are strong in the we are sure to win. South and West, and are gradually making ourselves felt in the East !

Cleveland's Election Not a Surprise, "Was the election of Cleveland & surprise to you?" the Senator was asked. "No, indeed."

"It was no surprise to me. Six months ago I made a bet with a friend that he would be the next President," broke in Mrs. Peffer, with a smile.

"I was confident Cleveland would be elected." continued the Senstor. "He is a good man, and will make a splendid President, just as he did during his first term. Yes, the Democrats will have control of the Senate after March 4, and the Populists will vote with them on the tariff question. As a choice between the Democrats and Republicans, we will be found on the side of the Democracy. We do not believe in placing a tariff on necessities, but we do favor the taxation of luxuries."

Bright Hopes for the Future.

A special from Washington says: Representative W. C. P. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, is here on his way to New York, full of Cleveland enthusiasm and bright hopes for the future of the Democratic party. In conversation with a reporter of THE DIS-PATCH, Mr. Breckenridge said he is not prepared to commit himself on the subject of an extra session of Congress because he has had no opportunity to discuss the question with those who will have the responsibility of such an act. So far as the question of responsibility is concerned the Democratic party has no hesitancy about accept-

In view of the frequent suggestions of Republicans since the election that the Democrats should at once take charge of the Government's affairs, Mr. Breckenridge proposes that the Senate at the coming session take up and pass those tariff bills which have already received favorable action by the Democrats of the House. The latter can easily allow said bills to become law without the President's approval, and at the same time maintain the principles of his party.

No Extra Session Really Needed. The people of the country, says Mr. Breckenridge, by their votes of last Tuesday, declared in favor of a reform in the tariff, so if the President is prepared to accept the verdict of the people there need be no extra session of Congress, and there need be no delay in shifting the responsibility of the Government from Republican to Democratic shoulders.

Mr. Breckenridge says he is not personally interested in the question of reorganizing the House in the Fifty-third Congress and the election of a successor to Speaker Crisp. He opposed Mr. Crisp in the present Congress, not on personal grounds, but because he regarded Mr. Mills as the logical candidate. The principle involved in that contest was Cleveland and tariff reform, and the people have declared in favor of that 198He.

A Press dispatch from Washington says* A call will be issued very soon for a meeting of the House Committee on Appropriations at noon on Monday, November 28, next. This will give the committee about a week's time in which to prepare some of the regular annual ap-propriation bills for the action of Congress when it meets for the second session. It is the purpose to push rapidly all of these measures for the maintenance

of the Government next year, and, as the Treasury Department has promised to sub-mit the estimates for the District of Columbis, the pension and the fortification appropriation bills by November 28, there seems to be no good reason why the House should not have one at least of these appropriation bills ready for its action as soon as

Dismay Caused by Heavy Appropriation Dismay Caused by Heavy Appropriations.

The exceedingly heavy payments made by the Treasury during the first quarter of the present fiscal year have caused some dismay among the members of the Appropriations Committee. For the first four months of the year these payments have exceeded by \$16,000,000 the expenditures for the corresponding period in the preceding fiscal year, which means a total increase for the present year of \$48,000,000, while the appropriations for the year are only \$12,000,000 greater than the appropriations for the last year.

for the last year.

In plain English, that means if the estimates of the committee hold good a deficiency on account of pensions of \$36,000,000, will have to be met by Congress at the next session, in addition to an account of the next. appropriation for pensions for the next fiscal year of certainly not less than \$150,-000,000. So the total appropriation that Congress must make for pensions next session will aggregate not less than \$186,-000,000.

With this enormous sum added to the With this enormous sum added to the other appropriations necessary to earry on the Government, and decreased importations (and consequently receipts) expected to result from the agitation of the tariff question, it will be seen that the Appropriations Committee has good reason to feel dismayed at the outlook and to doubt their chility to prevate a deficiency in the result of the control of the ability to prevent a deficiency in the na-

CLEVELAND IS DELIGHTED

With His Triumph, and Hastens to Tell Stevenson So

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., Nov. 14 .- [Special.] -The Stevenson residence was besieged all day by Democrats who congratulated the Vice President-elect upon his election. Mr. Stevenson to-day received a long letter from Mr. Cleveland. It was written at Mr. Cleveland's New York home, 12 West Fifty-Cleveland's New York home, 12 West Fiftyfirst street, election night, after enough
had been learned to show that the country
had gone Democratic. Mr. Cleveland
spoke glowingly of the gratifying news,
and said that throughout the entire campaign he had the most complete confidence
in the success of the Democratic ticket.
He expressed in emphatic and earnest
language his gratification for and admiration of the work done by Mr. Stevenson.
A telegram was received by Mr. Stevenson.

A telegram was received by Mr. Steven-son to-day, from Clark Howell, Grady's successor as editor of the Atlanta Constitution, saying that he and a delegation from his city would arrive here next Monday to extend to the Vice President-elect an invi-tation to visit Atlanta and participate in the ratification meeting there. Mr. Stevenson will doubtless accept the invitation. He will depart to-morrow for St. Louis, to attend a ratification meeting there to-mor row night.

STATE ODD FELLOWS.

Reports of Officers Show the Order to Be in a Flourishing Condition.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 14.-The annual session of the Grand Encampment of Pennsylvania, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, convened this afternoon. The Grand Patriarch in his report spoke in glowing terms of the progress of the encampment branch of the order. He also called attention to the Columbian Exhibition, and expressed a hope that the patriarchal branch of the order would be largely represented at the demonstration of the order, to take place at that time. aking of the military branch of the order, he said that he was of the opinion that its pros-perity would be best subserved by making them a separate organization, with power to organize separate State and National legislative bodies. A large number of Past Chief Patriarchs were admitted, and the Grand Encampment degree was conferred upon them.

The report of the Grand Representatives to the Sovereign Grand Lodge at Portland last September shows a total membership of 740,000 Odd Fellows, and that an increase of 48,870 was added during the tormer year. A communication was re-ceived from the Grand Sire, inviting the encampments in Pennsylvania to take part in the grand demonstration, which was accepted and referred to a committee of five. The following nominations for officers were then made:

then made:
Grand l'atriarch, George Hawkes: Grand
High Priest, E. J. Erisman; Grand Senior
Wardens, Frank R. Keffer; Grand Junior
Warden. Thomas F. Gross, S. W. Jefferies,
S. M. Kane and George J. Busse; Grand
Scribe, James B. Nicholson; Grand
Treasurer, John S. Heiss; Grand Representative to Sovereign Grand Lodge, M. Richards

These candidates will be balloted for in the subordinate Encampments next March James W. Bingham was elected Trustee to the Hall Association.

A SUSPICIOUS DEATH.

The Stomach of George W. Painter Brought

Here to Be Examined for Poison. GREENSBURG, PA., Nov. 14. - [Special.] The sudden death of George W. Painter here vesterday was the means of arousing suspicions that he has been a victim of foul play. He died in great agony, after a very brief attack of some mysterious ailment. On the demand of a number of citizens, Coroner Wakefield called a jury to hold an inquest and the result was that the stomach of the dead man was sent to experts at Pitts burg to be examined. A chemical analysis to discover the possible presence of poison will be made. Painter was apparently an exceptionally healthy man. An examinahealthy condition, but the stomach very much inflamed.

The deceased was a member of several beneficial orders, not less than half a dozen, and the insurance benefits amount to more than \$4,500. These facts have been developed in detail since Painter's sudden death, and there are many features of the case that are not to be given publicity at this time. The matter has created a marked sensation here, and many things that would ordinarily efficie no interest are being investigated. The result of the investigation being made at Pittsburg will be known on Friday, according to advices re-ceived here this evening.

FIVE WERE KILLED.

The Boiler of a Locomotive Explodes With Disastrous Results.

POTTSVILLE, Nov. 14 .- A most distress. ing accident occurred on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad at 2 o'clock this morning at Conners' crossing, a short disance north of Schuylkill Haven, when the poiler of a mogul engine exploded, killing five men and probably fatally injuring an-

other.

The killed are: Henry C. Allison, enginer, residing at Palo Alto, leaves a wife; William Mackey, fireman, Port Carbon, wife and one child; William Cowley, an engineer on the way home to Mt. Carbon, leaves a wife and ten children; William Kendrick, conductor of Port Carbon, wife and four children; William Moyer, Cowhey's fireman, Palo Alto, single. Besides the above, Michael Dobbins, of Mt. Carbon, a brakeman of Engineer Cowhey's crew, was badly scalded and will probably die. The cause of the accident is unknown. It has since been ascertained that the ex-It has since been ascertained that the ex-plosion was caused by low water in the

by Mr. Cleveland if He Can Avoid It, and

HE THINKS HE CAN DO SO.

The Democrats Want a Little Time in Which to Look Around.

A BREATHING SPELL NECESSARY,

Things Have Peen Coming Their Way Entirely Too Rapidly.

NO HURRY ABOUT CABINET-MAKING

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] NEW YORK, Nov. 15-1 A. M .- THE DIS-ATCH is permitted to announce authoritatively this morning that it is the present determination of ex-President Cleveland not to call an extraordinary session of Congress after his inauguration on March 4

It is further announced that in the estimation at present of Mr. Cleveland and his closest friends an extraordinary session would turn out to be a profitless proceed-

His friends say that Mr. Cleveland must have time after his inauguration to look over the ground. There is a natural objection, also, to the reassembling of Congress immediately after the inauguration, on the ground that it would have more or less of an unsettling influence on the business of the country. Another objection to an extraordinary session, in the minds of Mr. Cleveland's friends, is that the Republican party and its allies have demonstrated altogether too eager a desire that Mr. Cleveland should call an extraordinary session. It is not customary for a new administration to accept counsel from the enemy.

Time Wanted to Look Around. But stronger than anything else is the feeling that an extraordinary session could be of no particular advantage, and that the proper thing to do is to give Mr. Cleveland and the Democratic leaders time to look around and determine just what course to pursue. The best authorities said last night that it would take all next summer and fall to get under headway, and that it will be plenty of time to go ahead at the beginning of the Fifty-third Congress, which assembles on the first Monday of December, 1893.

The last session of the Fifty-second Con-

The last session of the Fifty-second Congress, which assembles on the first Monday of December at hand, may take up a bill calling for the repeal of the Sherman law, which makes it obligatory for the Treasury Department to purchase every month \$4,500,000 in silver bullion. The programme concerning this matter, though, has not yet been arranged. Every step over this law, as well as other matters, will be taken only after the gravest consideration.

But even if this Congress does not act on the Sherman law, there is little or no prob-

the Sherman law, there is little or no probability, according to the programme announced last night, that Mr. Cleveland will all an extraordinary session to discuss that

A Vacation Out of Town Wanted. Governor Flower was among Mr. Cleve-and's visitors yesterday. The ex-Presiland's visitors yesterday. The ex-Presi-dent and his family are looking forward to short vacation out of town. Mr. Cleveland does not want to go to Lakewood this year, and has not determined just where they will go. His Cab-inet will not be made up before February next. In 1884 the Cabinet slate was not known until February, 1885, and even after that it was broken. At the proper time, when it is necessary for him to decide upon the members of his Cabinet, he will consider all the claims and petitions submitted to him, and then his troubles

will begin. There is very little probability that Hon. W. C. Whitney will enter the Cabinet. If he should feel like accepting any of the honors of the new administration, a four vears' residence in London would give him omparatively a good rest from his labors, while, if he were to enter the Cabinet, he would be compelled to work like a dray horse, as he did when Secretary of the

It was announced last night that the candidacy of George F. Parker for the private secretaryship was not seriously considered.

Mr. Cleveland to Speak This Evening. Mr. Cleveland is to speak at the dinner at the Chamber of Commerce, this evening. On Thursday evening Henry Villard entertains the ex-President and a number of friends at dinner at Sherry's. The Manhat-tan Club hopes to entertain Mr. Cleveland on Saturday night, and the Reform Club hopes to secure his presence at a banquet in Madison Square Garden on December 3. Chairman Edward Murphy, Jr., Mr. Croker and others conterred at the Hoff-

man House yesterday afternoon. Word was received that Hugh McLaughlin, the Democratic chieftain of Kings, believed that Brooklyn should name the United Mr. McLaughlin, it was learned, favors the young Senator Patrick H. McCarren, of Kings. Mr. McLaughlin will go into the caucus at Albany with 19 votes, 17 Assemblymen and two Senators.

It must not be inferred from this that there will be any strife among the Demoerats over Frank Hiscock's successor. Whoever is selected by the caucus will be heartily indorsed by the up-country Demo-erats, by Tammany, and by the warriors of

Mr. Croker, Lieutenant Governor Sheehan and others favor Mr. Murphy. He has been chairman of the Democratic State Committee for a number of years, and has refused political advancement. He is still silent as to whether he would like the place or not, but his friends are going ahead, and unless Mr. Murphy positively pulls them off he will go into the caucus with a hand-

TALK AT THE CAPITAL.

No Extra Session Is Anticipated by Chief Clerk Kerr-The Democratic Bed Won't Be One of Roses if the Repub

licans Can Make It One of Thistles. WASHINGTON, Nov. 14 .- [Special.]-Chief Clerk Kerr, of the House of Representatives, the former Chairman of the Demogratic Committee of the State of Pennsylvania, was in town to-day and was heartily congratulated by his friends on account of the valiant work he did during the campaign in the interests of the election of a majority for his party in the House of Rep-

by many of the foremost men who will be in the next Congress—that the present Congress, at its final session, will provide means for as speedy an adjustment of the question at issue as could be expected, or as would be advisable in the interests of the stability of the manufacturing establishments of the country, and that if an extra session were colled it would not be able to grapple with the issues with more speed, or with as much calmness of reasoning as though they were taken up with due regard to the great changes which are proposed, and which could not be made without long previous notice except with great risk to the industrial interests of the country.

PITTSBURG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER

notice except with great risk to the industrial interests of the country.

It will be the policy of the Republicans to attempt to force the Democrats to face at once the issues presented in the antagonistic platforms of the two parties, and it is certain that, from the time of the meeting of the present Congress on the 5th of December, the bed of the Democrats who will try to shirk a direct consideration of the tariff and the silver questions, as viewed by a majority of the party which is soon to come into power, will not be of roses.

DANGEROUS DIVORCE.

Mrs. Kirsch Alleged to Have Tried to Take Her Husband's Life.

JOHNSTOWN, Nov. 14.—[Special.]—An-selm B. Kirsch, living near Hicktown, in this county, has procured the arrest of his wife, Maggie Kirsch, on a charge of attempting to poison him. The father of Mrs. Kirsch, Charles Cain, has given bonds for her appearance for trial at the December term of the Criminal Court. The case is romantic and sensational. The young couple are members of prominent families and are well-to-do. They were married last May in the chapel of the monastery at Carrolltown, and soon after their return from an extended wedding tour there was talk of domestic troubles between them.

talk of domestic troubles between them.

Some months ago there was a sensational story current, which was suppressed at the time, to the effect that Mrs. Kirsch had made a well-nigh successful attempt to poison her husband. Recently another alleged attempt was a matter of common knowledge and following close on this affair was the departure of Mrs. Kirsch for Florida, whence she has just returned. Immediately on her arrival she was arrested on the charge before stated and the friends on the charge before stated and the friends and family of the husband promise to push the prosecution to the extent of making some startling disclosures. No motive for Mrs. Kirsch's alleged attempts on her husband's life are stated other than her as yet unexplained aversion to him.

A PITTSBURGER'S CONTRACT.

One of the Things Now Assisting Colombia to Be a Big Country.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14 .- [Special.]-The United States Minister to the Republic of Colombia, John T. Abbott, of Keene, Mass, arrived here this morning on the steamer Adirondack. He has been at his post since June of last year and will return in the middle of January for so much of his term as the new administration may accord him. Upon landing he said to a reporter that the Government and people of Colombia were very partial to investors from the United States and that the latter were now turning their attention to that were now turning their attention to that country. An American company with headquarters at Boston, he said, was now building a railroad from Carthagena to Calamar, on the Magdalena river, and an American from Pittsburg had just obtained a concession from the Government for building a railway from Giradote, on the Upper Magdalena river, to Bogota, thus compacting the capital of the Beauthlie. thus connecting the capital of the Republic with one of the richest districts in the

Colombia was, in fact, making great strides in railroad development, the Minis-ter said, and largely, it not mainly, by means of American capital. Minister Abbott reports also that Colombia is now in a very peaceful and prosperous condition and that no disturbance is threatened from any

JUSTICE SHIRAS BANQUETED.

The University Club Honors Pittsburg's

Member of the Supreme Beach. WASHINGTON, Nov. 14 .- [Special.] -One of the most exclusive and enjoyable of the club banquets which have been held in Washington for years was that given this evening at the University Club in honor of Justice George Shiras, Jr., the new Associate Justice of the Supreme Bench of the United States from Pittsburg. The club membership, including many of the most distinguished literary, professional, business and official residents of the city, was in attendance almost to the last member, and Justice Shiras was the recipient of the

most complimentary attention.

Toward the conclusion of the delightful affair there were brilliant speeches from many University graduates who have distinguished themselves in public life, and the response of Justice Shiras to a toast in his honor was one of the happiest expressions of the affair. Among the guests of the evening were the Chief and Associate Justices of the Supreme bench. Hon, John Dalzeli was also present.

CONFESSED UNDER THREATS.

How a Postmaster Explained Away Charge of Opening Letters.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 14 .- Judge Greer, in the United States Court to-day, heard the case of the Government against George A. Jennings, Assistant Postmaster at Littleton, Morris county, which was interesting by reason of the defendant's description of how the Government detective got him to confess to a crime which he now says he

did not commit,
The indictment was opening letters addressed by Dr. McAlpin, of New York, to John Childs, of Littleton. After the proseention had produced its proofs, including a confession by Jennings and his wife, Jenconfession by Jennings and his wife, Jennings swore that the confession was sequred by threats on the part of Inspector McCreedy, and also by a trick. Jennings says that his family was upset with sickness, and he was willing to do anything to avoid further trouble, and that when McCreedy approached him and told him that the wife had confessed he was induced to make admissions that were untrue. To do make admissions that were untrue. To-day he denied all guilt. He was acquitted.

· A LINSEED OIL TRUST.

Plans on Foot for the Consolidation of All the United States Companies,

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.-It is officially stated that negotiations are pending for s consolidation of the linseed oil interests of the United States. The plan of consolidation includes the National Lead and Linseed Oil Companies as well as other outside concerns, representing in all about 85 per cent of the industry. Controlling interests of the Linseed Oil Company are to meet this week for the purpose of arriving at a basis for the consolidation. The National Linseed Oil Company has

a capital of \$18,000,000 and 52 oil works sit-uated in 42 cities of the United States. The Mr. Kerr is of the opinion that there will be no extra session of the Fifty-third Congress. He does not think that the work of revision of the tariff, nor a treatment of any of the questions which were made subjects of dispute during the campaign, would be hastened by the calling of an extra session. He thinks—and his opinion is indorsed to the company owns 26 plants.

Interpret States. The Mayor of this city and all the members of the City Council were arrested to-day on warrants issued on complaint of several citizens. The company owns 26 plants.

WON'T LET HIM QUIT

GREEN OR SEASONED?

G. CLEVELAND

CARINET MAKER

Knights of Labor Say Powderly Must Be Elected Again.

REPORTS OF OPPOSITION TO HIM

Strongly Denied by the Delegates to the Annual Convention.

IMMIGRATION TO BE CONSIDERED

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) Sr. Louis, Nov. 14.-The annual convention of the Knights of Labor will open in this city to-morrow morning, and a large number of prominent delegates to the convention have arrived. Grand Master Powderly, however, is not here yet.

Reports from Chicago and New York have

reached here that Powderly intended to resign. Prominent officials of the order say there is no foundation for this. "There could be no resignation, as his term is now out," said General Worthy Foreman Hugh Cavanagh. "He might refuse to serve again, but there is no more fear of that this time than there has always been. Mr. Powderly's health is poor, and I heard him at past elections declare that he would not serve again, but the General Assembly would not let him off. They always got around and induced him to accept the office. He is the brains of the labor cause in the United States, and we should all feel sorry if he should give place to anyone else. I have never heard of any opposition o him, and do not believe there is any.

Knows Nothing of Antagonis General Secretary and Treasurer Have de clared that the report was the regular bien-nial newspaper talk. "I have not heard anything about his declining to serve this time," said he, "and should be sorry if he decided to do so. I am confident that he has made no statement of such an intention, because he never talks ahead of time. He has for a long time desired to give up the office, because his health was bad and could not be expected to improve as long as he acted as Grand Master Workman of the Knights of Labor, but we will not let him go."
'Is there any truth in the statement that

antagonism to him exists in the West?" "If there is any opposition to Mr. Powderly I am at a loss to know where it comes from. I do not believe there is a man in the General Assembly who would not vote for him. It Mr. Powderly should vacate the office it will be of his own free will, but you will be very safe in saying that he will continue to be the General Master Workman of the Knights of Labor. They Will Re-Elect Him They Say.

A number of delegates to the convention were questioned, and they all said that there was, as far as they knew, no opposition to Powderly, and if he should want to retire would, if possible, be persuaded to John Devlin, of the Executive Board,

said to-day that among the most important things to be considered by the convention would be the question of restricting immigration. "What steps will the convention be likely to take in the matter?" he was asked.
"I presume, if anything is decided upon,

it will be in the form of resolutions de-claring against unrestricted immigration, and making opposition to it one of the principles of the order. Then Knights of Labor everywhere will agitate the subject and endeavor to create popular sentiment, is about all we can do at first, but it may lead to national legislation to keep out the pauper classes of Europe. It is my firm be-lief that Carnegie's man Frick is trying to bring about at Homestead the same condi-tion of things that he has produced in the mining regions of Pennsylvania. There is a feeling among the Knights of Labor that this ought to be prevented, if possible, and the subject will certainly be discussed by the convention. We do not object to immigration if properly restricted, but we do object to flooding the country with people who have taken the places of industrious and respectable people in the coal and coke

MAY BE BIELA'S COMET.

The Identity of the Approaching Stranger Supposedly Established, ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 14. - Prof. Lewis

Boss, of the Dudley Observatory, finds from calculations made to-day that the comet in Andromeda discovered by Holmes, November 6th, is probably identical with Biela's periodic comet which has not cer-tainly been recognized since 1852. This confirms the telegram from Berlin by Prof. Berberich some days ago.
Prof. Boss thinks there is likely to be a

rery close approach between the comet and the earth on the morning of November 28, in case the supposed identity between the comets of Holmes and Biela proves to be a fact. The observations at present are in-sufficient to demonstrate this identity beyond doubt.

JOHNSTOWN'S MAYOR ARRESTED.

He Is Charged With Keeping the Streets

JOHNSTOWN, PA., Nov. 14 .- [Special.]-

HIS CREED REVOKED.

Presbyterian Preacher Abandons His Faith-Thinks the People Are Tired of Preaching-Other Reasons for His Leaving the Denomination and Becoming a Quaker. NEW YORK, Nov. 14 .- [Special.]-At the

meeting of the New York Presbytery today, in the Scotch Presbyterian Church, the stated clerk read a letter of resignation received from Rev. Robert R. Proudfite, of Highlands, N. J., who gives these reasons for his withdrawal;

While humbly receiving the Scriptures of the Old and New Testament as containing the Word of God, I decline to subscribe to a merely human declaration of their con-tents, even though that declaration be so able and so venerable as the Westminster asie and so venerable as the westminster standards.

I further decline to be called "Reverend," as being too much like being called "Rabbi," against which our Lord expressly enjoined His disciples.

against which our Lord expressly enjoined His disciples.

Again, I decidedly prefer not to be identified with any particular denomination of the followers of Christ, such names and the spirit which they engender seeming to me unscriptural and baneful, rather than beneficial. It is sufficient for me to be a "companion of all them that fear God."

Finally, I suspect that the world and the visible church are somewhat surfeited with preaching, at least of the prevailing type. Like the Army of the Potomac early in 1822, the church has been abundantly, perhaps excessively, organized and drilled.

While thus terminating my especial connection with the Presbyterian denomination, I earnestly pray that the Divine Head of the church may abundantly biess it with all the denominations of His people.

There was no discussion, and Rev. Mr.

There was no discussion, and Rev. Mr. Proudfite was allowed to withdraw without

a word of objection being raised. It is un-derstood that he has become a Quaker. SMUGGLED SIXTY WATCHES.

A Washington Jeweler Captured While

Trying to Evade the Customs. NEW YORK, Nov. 14.-Among the pas sengers who landed last evening from the steamer La Bourgogne from Havre was a well-built, broad-shouldered man in fashionable attire, whose particularly upright bearing attracted the attention of Special Custom Inspectors Brown and Donovan. On examining him more closely Inspector Donovan noticed something larger than a button bulging out at the back of his tightly fitting tall overcost. He was taken into the examination room, and despite his indignant protests was obliged to remove his clothing. Then it was found that he wore about his body something that was a preserver. In it were pockets containing

68 valuable gold watches.

The watches were seized and the man was locked up in Ludlow Street Jail. His name is Louis Marke and he is a resident of some town in Washington, where it is be lieved he keeps a jewelry store. The watches found on him are valued at \$13,600 The prisoner, when arraigned before United States Commissioner Shields, said that his name was Louis Narbet, and that he was a baker and had lived for several years in Seattle. He went to Switzerland in July last and bought the watches there, he said, for \$300. He was held for examination in default of \$2,500 bail.

HAITI UNDER ARMS.

An Uprising Against Hippolyte Expected at Any Time.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.-The steamship Adirondack, which arrived to-day, left Port Au Prince, Haiti, November 5. "On that day," said one of the officers, "almost all of the people seemed to be under arms. President Hippolyte, it was reported, was about to start for cape Haitien, where an uprising against his authority seemed imminent. There is disatisfaction among the people of care Haitien and vicinity with Hippolyte's administration. It was the people of the North who stood by Hippolyte in his fight against Legitime and now they accuse him of ingratitude.

"Hippolyte's cabinet does not suit his former adherents. They think that he leans too much toward his former enemies and there seems to be a very general feeling of unrest throughout the island. The present threatened trouble has been long brewing, but has now assumed such formidable shap that Hippolyte and his followers are grow-ing alarmed. Some of the exiled leaders are leading spirits in the threatened out-break. Legitime, it is said, is living in Kingston, Jamaica, and seems to be intriguing against his old opponent. I think you will soon hear of some more bloodshed on the island.

A DESPERATE CRIMINAL COMING.

Information Received That England Is Sending a Convict Over Here. NEW YORK, Nov. 14 .- Colonel Weber to-day received information that a desperate Irish griminal is on his way to this country, sent here by the British Government authorities. His name is William Nagle, and he was undergoing a 20 years' sentence in the Dublin penitentiary.

The government, it is alleged, pardoned Nagle on condition that he join his brother in this country. They gave the convict sufficient money to come here. Nagle will be stopped and returned to Ireland.

Nebraska Tin Production Commenced.

MAD WITH JEALOUSY,

THREE CENTS.

The Defense of Frank Garvin. on Trial for the Killing of His Bride.

A LITTLE TILT IN COURT

Between Thomas M. Marshall and District Attorney Burleigh.

SENSATIONAL LETTERS PRODUCED.

An Attempt to Prove That Pretty Cors Was Dissatisfied With

HER YOUNG HUSBAND'S SMALL SALARY

The trial of Frank Garvin for the murder of his wife began yesterday before Judge McClung, and was carried forward with such expedition that when the court rose all the evidence for the prosecution and s large part of that for the defense had been tendered. The most interesting point was the disclosure of the line of defense. It will be emotional insanity at the moment of the killing-induced by the outrageous provocation offered Frank Garvin by his wife in her confessed infidelity. The court room



was crowded, many ladies, including relatives of the defendant and members of the Redpath family, being present. Frank Garvin in a black suit, high standing collar with a black tie, was a picture of nervous misery. He shed tears frequently, and his appearance will surely and assist his counsel, the Hon. Thomas M. Marshall and his son T. M. Marshall, in proving him an easy prey to insanity. The Commonwealth was represented by District Attorney Clarence Burleigh.

The entire morning session was given up to choosing a jury, with the following re-sult: John Herren, farmer; N. A. Bendle, clerk, Pittsburg; Samuel A. Duff, farmer; C. S. Eaton, repair man, Pittsburg; Thomas Ferguson, farmer; Horace Gibbons, laborer, South Versailles; Amos Mashey, farmer; Edward Purnell, laborer, Pittsburg; J. G. Smith, glassblower; Peter Stark, bricklayer, Allegheny; Christ Wygand, South Versailles; Burns Wadsworth, millman,

McKeesport. District Attorney Burleigh after dinner opened for the Commonwealth. He described briefly the shooting of Cora Redpath Garvin by her husband, the prisoner, on September 9 last, and characterized it as a cowardly, ghastly, inexcusable murder. Mr. Burleigh dwelt upon the fact that there was no evidence of a quarrel between the three-days' bride and groom, but that positive evidence would be produced to show that he took her to their room, locked the door and shot her to death. He promised

the jury a short trial. Dr. J. Guy McCandless, who made the autopsy upon Mrs. Garvin, testified that one of the four wounds inflicted, which severed the aorta, was necessarily fatal. He added that otherwise the deceased was in a healthy condition. The four succeeding witnesses, Miss Annie Garvin, sister of the prisoner; Mrs. Sarah Agnew, Captain James Agnew, of the Allegheny police,



District Attorney Burleigh, the Prosecutor and John Oxenhart related the facts of the killing with which THE DISPATCH readers are already familiar. The cross-exammation of these witnessess elicited from all of them unanimous testimony to the effect that Frank Garvin after he had fired the fatal shots was in a state of frenzy. Miss Garvin said that her brother told her when she asked his reason for the deed that he was crazy with jealousy. She described between sobs how Frank Garvin knelt over his dead wife, and tearing open her dress rubbed his hands over the wounds and kissed her passionately over and over again. So furious was his mood that the buttons of the dress, as he tore it open, flaw all over the room. All the time he kept ealling upon Cora and protesting his love for her.

Garvin Acted Like a Maniac. Mrs. Agnew, under cross-examination. said that the prisoner appeared like a manisc, his eyes bulging out and his speech incoherent. The pistot used by Garvin, a 38-caliber revolver, was produced Assistant Superintendent of Police John Glenn, and Coroner's Clerk Grant Miller also identified it. Captain Heber, of the Register's office, produced the application for a marriage liceuse and the Rev. J. H. Miller's certificate in duplicate of the mar-riage of Frank Garvin and Cora Redpath on September 6. With this evidence in, the Commonwealth rested at 3:40.

Young Mr. Maishall made the opening speech for the defense. He gave a deciddly sensational twist to the case. In effect this is what he said: Frank Garvin at the age of 19 met Cora Redpath, who was a beautiful girl and a neighbor, under doubtduction for commercial purposes began at Hill City, the location of the Harney Peak Tin Company mines to-day.