PITTSBURG, MONDAY.

For Four Years or Thereabouts

the Big Man of Tammany

Will Be Boss of

# **GOVERNOR GRAY** SURE OF A JOB

In Cleveland's Cabinet, and Pattison May Be One of His Colleagues.

ANOTHER GRAY IS BOOKED

For the Place Occupied Under Harrison by Blaine and Foster.

This Would Allow Bayard to Return to the Senate-Carlisle Also Spoken of as a Mighty Good Man to Advise the New President-The Indiana Man Sisted for the Interior Department and Pattison's Place the One That Whitney Used to Have-Lots of Talk at the Capital About an Extra Session of Congress - The Radical Free Traders the Only Ones Who Demand It-How the Neal Plank Came to Get Through at the Chicago Convention-It Was Done to Prevent Delay in the Nomination of Cleveland.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR ! WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 .- One of the most prominent and influential Democrats in Congress was in the city to-day, fresh from New York, where he took an active part in the recent campaign. He stood close to Cleveland during the fight, and was posted at all times about what was going on. To THE DISPATCH correspondent this

Democrat-who will not allow the use of his name because he is in the confidence of the President-elect in a measure-said tonight that he felt confident that Mr. Cleveland had given no serious thought to the make-up of his Cabinet except so far as one name is concerned. That is the name of stated with positiveness, has already been selected for a portfelie. The Democrats | nents. with whom THE DISPATCH correspondent talked said, however, that much informal cabinet gossip had been indulged in by the men who had been active in the campaign management.

Names to Be Kept in Mind.

These leading managers, so the talkative Democrats aver, will hereafter be consulted by the President-elect, and the names of Senators Carlisle and Grav; Wilson S. Bissell, of Buffalo; Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania: ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio; General Patrick Collins, of Boston, and Congressman William H. Hatch, of Missouri, would undoubtedly be kept in mind by Mr. Cleveland,

The appointment of Senator Gray as Secretary of State would be a very suitable and timely one, it is thought, as it would make way for the return of Mr. Bayard to Senate, which would be partie pleasing to him. Should Mr. Bayard get Mr. Gray's seat and Mr. Carlisle go into Cabinet, the former would probably resume his old place as Chairman of the Finance Committee, which promotion he cannot get if Mr. Carlisle remains a Senator and wants it.

The gossip of the slate-makers placed Gray, of Indiana, at the head of the Interior Department, and makes Campbell Postmaster General, Collins Secretary of War, Bissell Attorney General, Pattison Secretary of the Navy, and Hatch Com-

missioner of Agriculture. Gossip About an Extra Session.

Many Democrats have dropped into the city since the elections, and, while they are averse to being quoted on so delicate a matter, they generally agree that the calling of an extra session of Congress, to follow immediately the installation of the new administration, is an imperative necessity. They say that any other course would convince the people of the whole country that the leaders of the party were too timid or too cowardly to face the vital questions upon which they made their fight in the they made their fight in the returns. A comparison of the abstracts campaign, and from the very outset there with the official returns sent to Chairwould be excited a lack of confidence in the sincerity of the charges made against the Republicans on the tariff and other questions, and a strong suggestion that the attacks had been for mere purposes of party advantage and popular deception, and not on account of any deep-seated conviction that the Democrats are right on these questions and sure of the ground on which they have been treading for years, each year reaching out a little closer toward practical free trade.

Not a Question for the Leaders.

It is admitted that no matter what may be the feeling of the leaders, the rank and file will bring so tremendous a pressure to bear in favor of an immediate assumption of the responsibility placed on the party by the elections as to make it almost imposble to do otherwise than to take up the movement in the interests of "reform" at once, in a vigorous and aggressive session

of the Fifty-third Congress. It is clearly evident, however, from con versations with persons now in the city who will play a most conspicuous part in the organization of the new Congress, that they are fearful they will not be able to grappie with the tariff and the silver question in way that will commend them to the con-They confess that it appears it would be disastrous to make any sudden radical changes in the tariff, as it would possibly musettle values to an extent that would produce a prompt and violent reaction against the very policy which has seemed to be indorsed in pronounced manner at the

polls. Great Dread of a Business Panie

The chance of a business panic or a severe business depression, resulting from legislaural causes," in the face of legislative action or agitation, is looked upon with a teeling of deepest dread, not only for its effect on the business of the country, but for its de-moralizing effect on the organization which would in all probability sweep the party out of power with a more decisive verdict than that which has given it control of Congress and the administration for the first time in a quarter of a century. This dread is not a merely passing one in the presence of a new and vast responsibility. It is a sub-stantial one which wrings from the leaders contessions of an almost hopeless inability to wrestle with the grave questions at issue in any way that will not arouse a storm of

Many of the ablest of the lenders who are in the city seriously admit that it would

have been far bester for the party if the Senate had remained in the control of the Republicans, that a share of the responsi-bility for any changes in laws affecting the economic conditions of the country might have been shifted from the shoulders of the

Only One Course Left Open to Them. No matter how confidently they may speak through the medium of the press, their timidity and dread, when they feel that they can talk without reserve, are at times so pathetic as to be decidedly amusing. They seem to think, however, that there is but one course left open to them, and that is to take the bull by the horns at once in an extra session of the new Congress. If this be done it will be, beyond all comparison, the most important session of any Congress held since the days of the war or the scarcely less critical days that followed in the period of reconstruction.

In view of the eagerness of some Dem

crats for an extra session, a statement of revenue-only plank got into the platform of the Chicago Convention becomes interest-ing. It may be remembered that the action of the anti-Cleveland men on the night of the nomination was all devoted toward delaying the preliminary proceedings of the convention, wearying the delegates and scuring an adjournment until the next day, when it was believed that Cleveland mittee on Resolutions had been drawn out to as great a length as possible by anti-Cleveland men on the committee, one of whom was Hon. Larry Neal, coached from the outside by Senator Brice.

A Delay That Was Not Granted. When a peremptory demand for a report convention, Senator Brice sent in word to ferred to the floor of the convention. Mr. Neal's terse and radical free trade plank was therefore designed solely to precipitate a wrangle in the convention and delay the taking of a ballot. That it did not do so was due to the prompt action of ex-Secretary Whitney. Standing on the stage he was informed by a lieutenant of the purpose of the anti-Cleveland men to delay action by a discussion on the tariff. He knew that Cleve land was then stronger in the convention han he would ever be. It was already late "Let them have their plank. Tell our peo de not to waste time opposing it," he said o his staff officers.

The word was promptly passed among the delegations, and Whitney's forces hastened the ballot by adopting his opponents' resolution, giving them a seeming victory, but

de'eating their real purpose.

The ballot on this Neal sub-tariff plank is onsequently wholly without significance so far as the preferences of the delegations on the tariff questions go. It merely repre-sented the confusion and fiasco of a parliamentary trick that had falled. This is the way the convention happened to be so brave and outspoken on the tariff by adopting a Issac P. Gray, of Indiana, who, it is plank which was not intended to be adopted by its proposers, and which was rushed through to get it out of the way by its oppo-

### DAVE HILL'S WEDDING.

The New York Senator to Marry a Wealthy Southern Beauty-The Bride-to-Be Is Widow and Has Three Boys and a Snug Little Fortune,

NEW YORK, Nov. 13 .- [Special.]-David B. Hill's bachelor days are numbered When he returns to Washington in December, to resume his place in the Senate of the United States, it is altogether probable that he will have a partner with him. Those who keep close track of the social life of the National Capital have heard all about it. The Senator is going to marry. It is said that the day is set, but that part has not got out. The lady, who it is currently reported has won the clever politician's heart, is a

Southern beauty. Her name is Mrs. Fannie Iverson. Her home is in Atlanta, Ga. Mrs. Iverson is a widow, on the sunny side o: 30. She retains all of the beauty of of 30. She retains all of the beauty of young womanhood. Her features are regular, her eyes a rich blue, and her hair wavy and golden. She is tail and graceful. She speaks with the accent of the cultured woman of the Southland and is admired for her charming manners.

Senator Hill's visit to Atlanta, the occasion of his first meeting Mrs. Iverson, was made in company with Governor Roswell P. Flower and a number of other prominent New Yorkors, to secure the World's Fair for this city. A later visit, when the acquaintance was renewed, and mutual friends in Atlanta began prophesying that something

ance was renewed, and mutual friends in Atlanta began prophesying that something more would come of it, was made by Senator Hill upon the occasion of the unveiling of Henry W. Grady's monument, last fall. The Senator expressed great admiration for her, and she, in return, did not hesitate to say that the bachelor Senator was a delightfully companionable gentleman. Of course she denied that there had been anything like the popping of the all important question. Mrs. Iverson has three children, all boys, a snug little fortune, and many friends in the fashionable world.

# OHIO STILL IN DOUBT.

Though It Is Apparent That the Republic State Ticket Is Elected. Course Bus, O., Nov. 13 .- Eighteen countie State to-day, but three of the counties were returned for corrections. This makes a total of 36 counties which have sent in their man Dick show but slight changes in man Dick show but slight changes in it of the 18 counties. The net gain for Taylor, Democrat, was 45, and as nearly half the counties have been received officially, it can be seen that the fluctuations are not sufficient to cut a very great figure in the result. Deducting the 45 from Taylor's estimated plurality of 1,054, it still leaves him a plurality of 1,069.

In the 36 counties Danford's total vote is 113,624 and the other Republican electors received 112,795, showing a gain for Danford of S28. Seward, Democrat, received a total vote of 119,995, and the other Democratic electors received 119,159, showing a gain of 837 for Seward.

#### TOO DELICATE TO TALK ABOUT. Senator McPherson's Way of Disposing of

Personal Rumor, Washington, Nov. 13,-Senator John Pherson, of New Jersey, whose name has been prominently mentioned in connection with the Secretaryship of the Treasury, left the city this evening for Virginia on a hunt-ing expedition. The Senator was asked if it was true, as stated, that he was to be offered

"I think," replied the Senator, "it would "I think," replied the Senator, "it would be well to consult Mr. Cleveland before deciding who will be honored with a place in his private council. I am sure there is no such understanding, in New Jersey or clsewhere, within the knowledge of Mr. Cleveland or myself. It is a matter of too much delicacy for a man's friends, however enthusiastic, to indulge in, and I am sure mine have not. Moreover, there is not even a remote probability of such a thing happening."

# THE DEMOCRATS MUST GO.

A Youngstown Iron Company Getting Eve on Account of the Election.

Youngstows, O., Nov. 13 - [ 'pecial.]-Night Superintendent Andrew Welch, in the em-Superintendent Andrew Welch, in the employ of the Falcon Iron Company, was discharged from the company's service yesterday. He claims he lost his place by being a Democrat. Welch says that when he called at the office and asked why he was discharged, an official of the company said:

"Well, sin, this company doesn't propose to employ men who work against its interests. You did this by voting a Democratic ticket last Tuesday."

"But there are other Democrats here."

"We shall get rid of them as soon as practicable."

Governor Hogg's Plurality 39,956. GALVESTON, TEX., Nov. 13.-Complete and estimated returns from 110 counties give Hogg for Governor 120,218 against 80,262 for Clark and 68,048 for Nugent, making Hogg's plurality 39,056.

In Harmony With the Machin BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 13.-In reply to a

question regarding the United States Ser

#### CHICAGO MAY REST EASY.

rman Exhibits for the World's Fair Are Shipped Via Hamburg, but They Can't Carry Cholera Germs-That Is the Opinion of Prof. Koch.

BERLIN, Nov. 13 .- The sending of Gernany's exhibits to the World's Fair by the way of Hamburg is said to have caused no little uneasiness among some persons at Chicago. It is feared, letters received here say, that in this manner cholera germs may | A Short Sojourn at Lakewood Sug-

reach the Garden City.

Privy Councilor Wermuth, Imperial
German Commissioner to the World's Fair, old the Associated Press corresponden that it was true that most of the German exhibits were sent by way of Hamburg. He said it was the most direct and convenient way, and that there was no danger what-ever. Prof. Koch at first declined to talk, as he is opposed on principle to newspaper in-terviews. He referred the correspondent to

he is opposed on principle to newspaper interviews. He referred the correspondent to the publications of the Imperial Health Office, of which he is a member, but finally, however, in view of the interests involved, consented to be interviewed.

"It is out of the question," said he, "that goods or merchandise passing through Hamburg should carry cholera germs. It has never been known that new goods carried such germs. Cholera may be spread by human beings, or by the solied clothing or linen of cholera patients, but never by goods packed in wooden cases, by iron or stone. We knew these facts before, and the recent Hamburg epidemic has simply confirmed our opinion that only through contact with infected persons or their clothes could cholera be spread. If Chicago will take the proper steps to keep people from infected districts away from the Fair, she need fear no invasion of that dread specter, cholera, though the German exhibits were carried through Hamburg."

Mr. Johnson, the United States Consul at Hamburg, was in Berlin recently, having come here to take his family back to Hamburg, a sign that the danger has passed for the present, at least. Consul Johnson told the Associated Press correspondent that not a single package was allowed to leave Hamburg for America without thorough disinfection.

# KANSAS A WET STATE.

The Governor-Elect Says Prohibition

Practiced There Doesn't Work. Topena, Kan., Nov. 18.—[Special.]—Excitement prevails in Topeka and other cities of the State over the statement that Gov-ernor-elect Lewellyn will wipe out the police commission system upon his entry to office and permit the police affairs to revert to the hands of the mayors. The police commis sion law was passed several years ago by the

sion law was passed several years ago by the Republicans for the purpose of taking the government off the hands of mayors in cities where the people rebelled against the prohibitory liquor law and to punish the people of Wichita, Leavenworth and Atchison for electing Democratic mayors. Now it is known that Governor Lewellyn promised the Democrats of these cities that he would wipe out the system, which he can do, and it has created consternation among the Prohibitionists in Kansas.

Already parties are getting ready to open saloons in Topeka. They say they can do so and be unmolested. The Mayor is a Democrat and the new Judge and County Attorney are resubmission Republicans, and would not probably be radical in the punishment of violators. Governor Lewellyn is here to-day, and said either the joints had to be closed in Wichita, Leavenworth and other cities or they should be allowed to run in Topeka, and that as public sentiment was against their closing in these cities, the same freedom should be granted here. Kansas is therefore practically a wet State, and the "speak-casies" are all moving into downstairs rooms in public places.

Week to Apply for Work.

mills here, is that of Superintendent Wrig-

ley, who says that it was the purpose of the

company to publish an announcement of

the proposed reopening of the mills in yes

kind was received at any of the newspaper

offices. It will probably be given out to

thy strike was inaugurated. Owing to the present brisk demand for the mill's product it is the general opinion that when the start is made the company will not spend time waiting for the old employes to make their decisions. They say there will be no applications made, at least by the skilled work-

FRATRICIDE AT A WEDDING.

The Victim Killed While Trying to Per

suade His Brother to Be Sociable.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 13 .- A horrible murder

was committed at the residence of Mrs.

Mary Murphy, on Swiss street, this after

noon, while a wedding celebration was in

progress, Frank Murphy cutting the throat

of his brother, William J. Murphy, from ear

to ear with a razor. Mrs. Murphy's daugh-

ter, Annie, was married yesterday to John J. Kerwith, and a reception was given at

J. Kerwith, and a reception was given at her mother's house this afternoon. Frank Murphy is a drankard of a surly disposition. He looked himself in his room, refusing to mingle with the guests.

When supper was ready W. J. Murphy went to Frank's room and asked him to join the others. Frank refused to open the door and William climbed through the window. What passed between the brothers is not known. In a few minutes Frank came out of the room with his hands and clothing covered with blood and laid a bloody razor on the table. He went directly across the street to the Swiss street police station and gave himself up. Upon investigation it was lound that William was dead, his head having been nearly severed from the body. Frank said he killed his brother in self-defense. The murdered man was a freight conductor on the Lake Shore Railroad. He lived at Collinwood, near this city, and had a wife and two children.

PROTEST AGAINST A VERDICT.

The Release of Lingo Stirs Up a Quiet New

Jersey Community.

CAMDEN, N. J., Nov. 13 .- The acquittal ve-

terday of the negro Lingo of the murder of Mrs. Miller has been a general subject of

conversation here to-day, and much adverse criticism on the outcome of

adverse criticism on the outcome of the trial was expressed. In the borough of Merchantville, were both Lingo and the murdered woman lived, the indignation of the residents found some vent in an impromptu mass meeting in the Town Hall. Thomas C. Knight, President of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, presided and made a warm speech against the acquittal of Lingo and the danger to the community from the negro again coming to live there.

community from the negro again coming to live there.

A committee drew up resolutions extending the sympathies of the residents of Merchantville to John Miller, the murdered woman's husband, and condemning the action of the senior counsel for Lingo in attempting to fasten the murder of his wife upon him. A committee was also appointed to wait upon Prosecutor Jenkins of this country and advise with him as to the best measures to be taken to keep Lingo out of this community for the future.

Niles Tinplate All Right.

Youngstown, Nov. 18 .- [Special.]-Lloyd

the new timplate plant which was reported to have been "bung up" at Niles, O., on ac-

count of the result of the election. A mem-ber of the firm stated yesterday that the company had received no orders to stop work on the mechinery.

A CARNEGIE ULTIMATUM. Scaver Falls Strikers to Be Notified This BEAVER FALLS, Nov. 13 .- [Special.]-The

terday's local papers, but no notice of the offices. It will probably be given out tomorrow. The notice, according to Mr.
Wrigley's statement, will notify the men
that the mills will be started at a given
time, perhaps not until the beginning of
another week, and requests all the old empoyes who desire to return to their former
positions to send in their names at once or
their places will be filled by others. There
is no explanation of why the notice was not
published in Saturday's local papers as Mr.
Wrigley said it would be.

When asked as to their purpose in view of
such a proposition, the strikers return the
stereotyped answer that they are as firm
now as they were the day after the sympathy strike was inaugurated. Owing to the

ock, of Syraouse.
There were other Democrats at the hotel est will be re-elected Clerk of the As Defreest will be re-elected Clerk of the As-sembly. Mr. Defreest is Secretary of the Democratic State Committee, and was the chief licutemant of Licutemant Governor Sheehan in conducting the recent fight in this State. The assistant clerk, William J. Ellis, is also, according to the best author-ity, booked for re-election.

The Ceremony of Casting the Vote, east their votes for Cleveland and Steven son. The indications are that the event son. The indications are that the event will be celebrated with more than the usual ceremony that occurred eight years ago.

Colonel Daniel S. Lamont was then Governor Cleveland's private secretary. As soon as Mr. Cleveland's election was assured in those days he told colonel Lamont that he would not go to Washington unless the Colonel went along as private secretary. Things are different now, and a good many are interested an ascertaining who is to be

Cleveland at the Reform Club. at the banquet hall, Madison Square Garden, Saturday evening, December 31. Grover Cleveland will be the principal speaker and will be followed by other prominent orators.

slightest reason to complain of its treatment in the matter of Federal patronage in this city. He is much pleased with Tammany's splendid work. Rubbish Deluging Mr. Cleveland. Streams of telegrams and letters to Mr. Cleveland still continue. No letters of course arrived to-day, but there were many dispatches. A wagon load of letters is expected to-morrow. The express company made some deliveries of packages on Satur-

NOVEMBER 14

AN ARMY OF OFFICIALS.

gested to the President-Elect

AS A MEANS OF OBTAINING REST.

Washington Cflice Holders Who Did Not Go Home to Vote

ARE LIKELY TO HEAR SOMETHING DROP

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR ) NEW YORK, Nov. 13.-Mr. Cleveland has been urged to take a short holiday out of town. From early morning until late at night his home is besieged by the triumphant Democrats who wish to congratulate him personally. Mr. Cleveland cannot receive even a small number of his visitors, and a dozen secretaries would be unable to reply to the letters and telegrams of con-

Mr. Cleveland's friends have suggested to him that a short rest out of town would be beneficial, and it is possible that he and his family will make a short sojourn at Lakewood or some other nearby winter resort. Concerning the disposal of the great Federal offices in New York City, neither Mr. Cleveland nor his advisors, nor Mr. Croker nor the other Democratic leaders have as yet mentioned the subject even among themselves. At the proper time successors to Collector Hendricks, Surveyor Lyon, Naval Officer Willis, Appraiser Cooper, Postmaster Van Cott, United States District Attorney Mitchell, the assistant appraisers under Mr. Cooper, Brooklyn's postmaster and its United States attorney and all of the unclassified places under

them will doubtless be named. Many People to Be Disappointed. Concerning the Collectorship of the Port, it was remarked to-day by a Democrat high in the party that from all he could learn Mr. Cleveland would regard the suggestions Mr. Cleveland would regard the suggestions of Mr. Croker possibly more than anybody else. This same Democrat also said that it may just as well be understood now as at any future time that there are bound to be any number of disappointments. The Republicans found out four years ago that many of the best places are controlled more or less by the civil service laws. This is not only true of New York, but all over the country, including Washington.

It is known that at the recent election 400 Democrats left their places in Washington

It is known that at the recent election 400 Democrats left their places in Washington to go home to vote. At least, they were furnished with reduced railroad rates for this purpose. The Democratic managers were greatly interested in ascertaining whother any of the 400 declined to take advantage of the opportunity offered them to vote for their party. All who did not may hear something drop, if the advice of certain Democrats is headed.

Speaking of the prospective changes in the Federal service, it may be added that all the Republican chiefs of bureaus are good-natured over the defeat, and have taken the fortunes of politics like philosophers. As are rank Republicans, and are guid of it, and they have no desire to remain longer in their places than will be convenient to the Democratic opposition.

A Sunday Talk About Details.

Hon. William C. Whitney and Chairma Edward Murphy, Jr., of the Democratic State Committee, had an extended conver-sation at the Hoffman House, this afternoon and evening, Afterward the two gentlemen said they had not discussed politics, but had merely gone over a few of the details of the recent campaign. Mr. Murphy declined to discuss the suggestions of Lieutenant Governor Sheehan and others, placing him in nomination for the seat in the United States

Senate shortly to be vacated by Frank His There were other Democrats at the hotel during the evening, and the speakership of the Assembly came up. Assemblyman William Sulser, of New York, is the favorite just now as Dr. Bush's successor as Speaker. The Democratic leaders are partial to Mr. Sulser. The Democratic leaders say that Mr. Sulser. The Democratic leaders say that Mr. Sulser. The Democratic leaders say that Mr. Sulser is a good parliamentarian, and one of the brightest and most intelligent of the younger element in the Assembly.

The new leader of the Assembly is yet to be discovered, and it is quite possible that he will not be known until he is named in the cancus at Albany.

It is a dollar to a peanut that Charles R. Defreest will be re-elected Clerk of the As-

A great gathering of Democrats is expected at Albany, December 6, when the Presidental electors of the State meet to Things are different now, and a good many are interested in ascertaining who is to be Mr. Cleveland's private secretary this time. Colonel Lamont is out of the question. With Mr. Whitney and others he is associated in great business enterprises which in a few years promise to make him a rich man. The private secretary of the President has a good deal to do with making the administration of his chief popular. He must be even-tempered, know everybody, or appear to know everybody, who calls at the White House, stave off the bores and make things as easy as possible for his chief. To meet all these requirements a private secretary of the President is compelled to be very much of a diplomat.

Cleveland at the Reform Club.

The dinner of the Reform Club will be held will be followed by other prominent orators.

Arrangements are now being made to have the occasion equal to the famous dinner after the election of 1888, when Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Carlele, Mr. Boies, Mr. Russell and Mr. Wilson were the principal speakers.

The announcement that Mr. Cleveland had accepted the invitation caused intense satisfaction yesterday among the men who went to Syracuse. They took it as a sure indication that Mr. Cleveland does not propose to sunb the anti-spappers in the slightest degree. Indeed, some people go so far as to say that he means to recognize them in every way in his power, because he is grateful to them for what they did and most of them have been his steadfast friends ever since his nomination in 1884.

Since his election Mr. Cleveland has not indicated that he intended to show favor to any particular set of persons or any organization, aside from the generally accepted fact that Tammany Hall will not have the slightest reason to complain of its treatment to the matter of Federal patrons. Arrangements are now being made to have

large numbers. Very few of these voters are noteworthy from an artistic standpoint. Others "as a guarantee of good faith" send long letters, largely descriptive of themselves, and they don't seem to be appropos of anything in particular. The receipt of all these literary and artistic contributions helped to fatigue Mr. Cleveland and make him feel the need of rest.

Things are quiet at Democratic National headquarters. The noticeable thing there to night was the mascot and a big fire. The mascot is a cat marked almost like a tiger and greatly resembling in miniature the Tammany Hall quadruped. A peculiar thing about the animal is it strayed to headquarters on election night.

### SUNDAY WASN'T BLOODY.

London's Labor Hosts Celebrate in Peace at Trafalgar Square—Plenty of Flam-ing Flags, but Speeches Are Moderate -Police Kept Out of Sight.

LONDON, Nov. 13 .- To-day, the anniversary of "Bloody Sunday" Trafalgar Square was the scene of a great popular demonstration, in celebration of the restoration by the Liberal Government of the right to hold public meetings in the square, and to give notice to the demands of the unem ployed poor upon the Government and locol bodies to start all needed public improve ments, so as to assist in relieving existing

The legions of unemployed, of Socialists and their sympathizers, marched in bodies to the square. A band was stationed there, which greeted the arriving processions, the first three of which were Social Democratic bodies. They carried red banners and were led by a number of girls waving red flags. They took up a position at the base of the

led by a number of girls waving red flags. They took up a position at the base of the Nelson column, about three sides of which platforms were constructed. The balustraded front of the National Gallery provided three other platforms. All of the processions were amply provided with banners and hands, the "Marsellaise" and other revoutionary airs being plaved.

There was a noticeable absence of police within the square, but hundreds on foot and hundreds of mounted men were stationed back of the National Gallery and at other convenient places out of sight. Detachments of three or four were also placed every few yards at the approaches to the square, while an ambulance corps with stretchers and other paraphernalin was on hand ready for service. Scotland Yard, too, was ready for an emergency.

The square was filled with a vast concourse of people by 3:30. It was an orderly growd, however. A majority of the processionists were well-dressed workingmen. There were 40 speakers, including John Burns, James Keir Hardie, M. P., H. M. Hyndman, Ben Tillet, Bernard Shaw and William Saunders, M. P. Burns was loudly cheered. He moved the resolution anent the unemployed. His speech was moderate. He said that 29 per cent of the engineers and workmen in the steel, iron, tin plate and ship-building industries were out of work, but he attributed this unfortunate condition to previous overproduction. With an eight-hour day's work he declared this would be remedied. He expressed regret that the overworked employes instead of the railroad directors had been killed in the collision at Thirsk.

The resolutions were put from all the platforms at 4:15 r. M. and were declared the words of the pesolutions being heard beyond the platform. At the head of one procession was a graybeard on horseback, representing the Red Spirit.

### AN ESCAPED KEELEYITE

Crazy and Badly Frightens the In mates of a Priest's Dwelling. DUNKIEK, N. Y., Nov. 13.-[ pecial.]-Yesterday there alighted from the Lake Shore train a man whose peculiar actions excited mmediate attention. Within ten minutes he was a raving maniac and took the town by storm. People in the street ran frightened into their houses and locked their doors. The madman rushed into the pard of the rectory of the chapel of the Sacred Heart, up the steps, and into the house No sooner was he inside than he bolted and barred the doors and began chasing the nmates all over the house. Every now and then he would mount a table and give a could reach the door to escape he would assail them. The priest finally flung up a window, thrust his head out, and eried "Murder," lustily.

Crowds had collected, but could do nothing

Crowds and collected, but could do nothing until a crowbar was precured and the door forced open. Even then the lunatic resisted the efforts of a half dozen stalwart men to capture him. Finally he was overpowered and taken to jail. Here he displayed another phase of insanity, most abject cowering fear of being killed, and kept up a constant cry, "Don't let them kill me!" It was discovered that the unfortunate man was a patient at the Keeley Jag Cure, at Westfield, who had escaped while under treatment for alcoholism. He is said to live in Brocten, though the institute authorities will not disclose his identity. In a moment of apparent lucidity the patient said he lived in Buffulo.

# FALSE TO HIS TRUST.

A State Department Agent Under Charge

of Falsifying Reports. WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 .- The Fost published an article to the effect that Ivan Petroff, a special agent of the State Department and formerly in the Census Office, has been deected in the act of furnishing false information to the Government in relation to the seal industry of Alaska, which has been embodied in the preparation of the Bering Sea case for arbitration. Petroff is a Russian by birth, who moved to Alaska when the country was a Russian province, and he lived there 40 years. He is now 60 years of age. He has been an adventurous spirit all his life. He took the census of Alaska in 1880, and it was upon the recommendation of General Francis A. Walker that he was se-General Francis A. Walker that he was se-lected to furnish the Alaskan statistics for the census which has just been completed. Officials of the State Department and In-terior Department, when showed the article this evening, affirm lits correctness, but de-clined to say anything further. Petroff can only be removed. There is no law to cover his case.

# TWO PENNSYLVANIA AFFRAYS.

n Ex-Sheriff Shoots a Hunter and a Con stable Is Shot Dead by an Unknown. LANCASTER, Nov. 12.-Abram E. Frankford was shooting rabbits on the farm of ex-Sheriff George Tomlinson to-day, and was Frankford says that he was obeying the command when the ex-Sheriff fired at him with a shotgun, and nine of the shots en-

with a shotgun, and nine of the shots entered Frankford's body. He is badly hurt, and to-night he swore cut a warrant for Tomlinson's arrest.

A dispatch from Shamokin says: John Graeff was murdered in the outskirts of this town hast night. He was employed by an installment house and had been making collections. About three years ago he was constable of Coal township, and while serving a warrant John Yocombonus had a scuffle with the constable, which ended in Graeff killing Yocombonus. The court acquitted Graeff, but many were dispati-field with the verdict, and it is supposed Graeff was murdered by the friends of Yocombonus.

#### TRAMPS BAID A VILLAGE. They Attack Six Houses Simultaneously

and Overawe the Town. HAZLETON, Nov. 13 .- Early this morning gang of tramps at White Haven robbed a number of houses and for a time had the town completely under their control. Two weeks ago six of that fraternity came to White Haven and quartered themselves in the Lehigh Valley sand house. Nightly depredations were committed in the neigh-borhood. Last Monday six others arrived in town and also took quarters in the sand

Last night a concerted raid was made by the visitors, who took the town by storm. Six houses were entered simultaneously. In some cases revolvers were used. In a short time the village was aroused. The robbers, however, were well armed and easily kept the crowd at bay. They succeeded in reaching the mountains and escaped. An indignation meeting was held by the citizens and an armed posse is now in pursuit.

Japan Still Growing. made some deriverses of packages of balance and any which included several dolls for Miss Ruth Cleveland.

In a several dolls for Miss Ruth Cleveland.

In a several dolls for Miss Young and Still Growing.

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Young Miss Ru



# MISS MATHER MARRIED

The Fair Actress Is Scarcely Off With the Old Love Than She

IS ON WITH ANOTHER THAT'S NEW

his Time the Captures the Son of a Milhonaire Brewer.

GUS PABST, OF MILWAUKEE, THE MAN

[ FPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] MILWAUKEE, Nov. 13.-Captain Pabst, he millionaire brewer, was very much shocked to-day to receive notice from his eldest son, Colonel Gustave Pabst, that he was married to Margaret Mather, the actress, in San Francisco last Wednesday. This was the first the family knew of Colonel Pabst's infatuation,

The latter is a handsome, well-educated young fellow of 26 years, who has been noted for his modest bearing, attention to business, and his love of outdoor sports. He is a graduate of the Pennsylvania Military Academy. He afterward took a course in the brewing school in New York. On his return to Milwaukee he entered the big Pabst brewery and was made Vice Presibig Pabst brewery and was made Vice President of the concern. He was generally looked upon as Captain Pabst's successor when the latter should retire from business. His sudden marriage is a great shock to the family, as well as to Colonel Pabst's warmest friends in Milwankee.

Last summer Miss Mather passed the season at Lakeside, a resort in the lake region, west of this city. Lakeside is on the north side of Pewankee lake. Just across, a mile away, on the south shore Colonel Pals of the away, on the south shore, Colonel Pai at had a hunting and fishing lodge. It was while out there that he met Miss Mather. None

even of his intimate friends suspected anywhen Miss Mather left Lakeside, about when also matter left lakeside, about two months ago, Colonel Pabst went West, ostensibly on a pleasure trip. He returned a few weeks ago, at the time of the absorption of the Falk brewery by the Pabst Company. As soon as the details were arranged he left the city. It seems now he went directly to San Francisco, where he met Miss Mather, and the marriage was celebrated very cutetty. rated very quietly.
The inct that Colonel Pabst was nothing

The fact that Colonel Pabst was nothing at all of a ladies' man, and preferred hunting trips to mingling in society, adds to the surprise. His title comes from his position on Governor Peck's staff, where he serves as aide-de-camp, with the rank of Colonel.

Captain Pabst was seen this evening, but would say very little. He admitted that Colonel Pabst and his bride were new starting eastward on their wedding trip. Though Captain Pabst did not say so in so many words, the inference was that he had made up his mind to accept the inevitable and extend parental forgiveness to bride and groom.

groom.

A special from San Francisco says: It was the intention of Mr. and Mrs. Pabst to make public in this city the fact of their union, but the actress' engagement here was far from successful, and notwithstanding young from successful and notwith-standing young Pabst's entreaties, she decided to let the marriage remain a secret for the present. Young Pabst has been devoted to Margaret Mather for the past year, following her over the entire country. It is said she secured a divorce from Haberkorn, the Pittsburg orchestra leader, last summer with the avowed intention of marrying Pabst.

#### ENGLAND THE SUFFERER. And Not Canada, by the Passage of the

McKinley Bill. OTTAWA, ONT., Nov. 13 .- [Special.] - General Manager Hague, of the Merchants' Bank of Canada, writing to a friend in this city recarding the announcement recently made before the London, England, Chamber of Commerce, that Canadian exporters were in condition of commercial paralysis, says: "At the very time when Sir John Lubbock s speaking about our export trade bein; paralyzed, we are ourselves handling a far larger amount of foreign bills based on Canadian exports than we did last year, and from all I hear the other Canadian banks are doing likewise. The circulation returns are doing likewise. The circulation returns of our banks show an extraordinary activity in the matter of purchases of exports are ticles, all of which tends to confirm the accuracy of the Custom House returns of exports as given in official statements.

"Sir John Lubbock probably funcies that the McKinley bill has paradyzed us. He evidently does not know the only effect the bill has had is to divert many of our former exports to the United States to the direction of Europe. The Merchants' Bank has for some time back been cashing bills on England drawn against exports thither of articles for which we formerly cashed bills on the United States."

# HUNTINGTON'S IRON DEAL.

Mexico's Metal Mountain Is His, but Nor Knows What He'll Do With It.

DURANGO, MEX., Nov. 13 .- C. P. Hunting ton, President of the Southern Pacific Enil road, has been warmly received by the people of this city. Mr. Huntington has made a close study of the wonderfully rich mining resources of this section. He has visited the famous Iron Monntain, which, believed, he recently purchased, but he refuses to make any statement for publica tion concerning the consideration involved or his plans in regard to utilizing the im-mense deposit of iron.

Mr. Huntington, also, has some valuable silver mines in the State of Durango, and it is reported here that he will soon establish a large smelter in this city.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Justice Lamar, of the United States Supreme Court, has not been feeling very well for the last two or three days, and yesterday he suffered a slight attack of nausea in the court room and had to return to his residence. He soon recovered, and to-night he expects to be in his seat on the bench to-morrow, as usual.

# DIVORCED BY PROXY.

An Astonished Boston Widow Surprised by a Will-Queer Proceeding of Her Husband-A Pittsburg Lady Interested in a Case Out in Colorado

DENVER, Nov. 13 -[ Special. ]-Mrs. H. Nellie Powers, of Boston, is in Denver for the purpose of having a decree of divorce set aside which was granted to her late hus-band, who never resided in Colorado, but secured it by proxy. Charles E. Powers, a wealthy retired merchant of Boston, died in September last. He possessed property worth about \$200,000. On opening his will the astonished widow was, she alleges, apprized for the first time that he had pro-cured a divorce from her. A reference to such proceedings was made in one clause of the instrument.

The will recited that a divorce had been

duly awarded by the County Court of Arra-pahoe county. Attorneys in Denver were at once notified to search the records and once notified to search the records and ascertain whether such proceedings were had. They found that on July 2, 1891, as the files and county record books showed, a decree of absolute divorce had been awarded to Charles E. Powers from H. Neilie Powers. In her petition to set aside this judgment, Mrs. Powers says that both she and her nusband had at all times their residence in Boston.

Under Powers' will Lineus Mason Childs, Under Powers' will Lineus Mason Childs, John Goidthwaite and Marion Powers Lowrie, of Boston, and Florence Agnes Powers Harding, of Pittsburg, were appointed executors and they have entered upon the discharge of their duties. Judge Miller, of Denver, yesterday made an order that the defendants show cause on or before December 5 why the decree should not be set aside.

he set aside.

Mrs. Powers asserts that the divorce was secured by a fraud, since she never received any intimation of divorce proceedings and that her into husband never left Boston. She further asserts the divorce was secured to defraud her out of his wealth in favor of another.

A PREACHER MURDERED.

sinated by a Democrat. RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 13 .- [Special.]-Rev Dr. J. R. Moffett, pastor of the Baptist Church in North Danville, and the recognized Prohibition leader in Virginia, is dead and J. T. Clark, a lawyer and and J. T. Clark, a lawyer and Democratic politician of that town, is in jail charged with murder. Dr. Moffett and Clark had trouble at the polis Tucsday. The latter charged the former with trying to defraud the people with bogus tickets. The Prohibition leader denounced this as false, and slapped Clark in the face. Friday night Dr. Moffett went over to the city of Danville, to be present at the opening session of the General Association of Baptist Churches of Virginia. When the preacher was witnin 100 yards of the First Eaptist Church be encountered the lawyer and received a shot in his abdomen. It was thought at the time that the wound was slight. Dr. Moffett was able to walk away, and went to the Retreat for the Sick, and his physicians said he would be out in a day or two. Last night the patient grew rapidly worse, and this morning at 2 o'clock by the disc. Dr. Moffett's day or the product of the product of the day of the day of two. rapidly worse, and this morning at 2 o'clock he died. Dr. Monfett's dying statement was that Clark was in the dark and opened fire on him without warning. The prisoner claims that the worselve. on him without warning. The claims that the preacher began the

# FOUND BOUND AND GAGGED.

Mystery Surrounding the Discovery of Confidential Clerk's Predicament. LOUISVILLE, KY., Nov. 13 .- | Special 1- Abre am Goldberg, general manager for E. Hoffheimer & Co., was found in his of-fice to-night gagged and with hands and feet tied. He was almost and leet tied. He was almost unconscious when discovered. He was robbed of \$100 and \$120 was taken from the safe. He said some one seized him from behind and he knew nothing more until found. Barned paper was found on the floor. It is known that the firm bad valuable napers relating to the celebrated case of the United States versus Hoffheimer. The local detectives think that Goldberg had a confederate who tied him up and then destroyed the papers which could not be found. Goldberg claimed to have not be found. Goldberg claimed to have been chloroformed. A prominent physician who was called in denied that chloroform had been given him, and could find no bruises that would result from a blow forcible enough to stun. It is probable that Goldberg will be arrested to-morrow.

#### ELECTRICITY LEAVES NO MARK On a California Man Killed White Tinker-

ing With an Arc Light. STOCKTON, CAL., Nov. 13.-Charles Bartold, an employe at the electric works, was in-stantly killed last night. On his way home with his wife and two children, he noticed the light needed attention. He went to the pole, and without taking the usual precaution to stand on a non-conductor, he at-tached a crank while standing on the earth, and in-tantly fell, doubled up and almost dead. He died after taking only a few breaths.

When the body was examined no mark was found on it, nor was there any sign of burning. Some of the electricians at the works thought Bartold was not killed by electricity, because no burns were seen.

# SIGNIFICANT WORDS

Dropped by Wanamaker to His Sunday School Class Yesterday. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 13 .- "The strife between God's people and His enemies is like that between two great political parties, a conbetween two great political parties, a con-tinual and ceaseless wrangle," said Post-master General Wanamaker in his address to Bethany Sunday school yesterday atter-noon. "On the one side are the righteous, on the other the unrighteous. There is no third side. We must choose one or the other. Indifference is tatal. Every man stands with or against God." The Post-master General did not designate which party occupied the right.

A Red Hat for Mgr. Satolli. Rone, Nov. 13.—It is probable that Mgr. Satelli, whose prolonged sojourn in America is partly due to his denouncing the papai policy toward France, will be made a Cardinal on his return to Rome a year

# BULLETS FLYING AT HOMESTEAD,

Non-Unionists and Strikers Open Battle and Many Men Are Shot.

PEOPLE PANIC-STRICKEN.

Deputies Are Attacked and a Mob of 2,000 Men Runs the Place.

Boarding Houses of the Colored Men Raided and One Is Nearly Torn Down-The Trouble Started in a Common Fight-Officers Are Stoned and They Open Fire-Women and Children Take a Hand in Defense of the Strikers-Many Arrests Are Made-Coal and Iron Police Called On for Assistance-A Remarkable

There was another miniature war in Homestead vesterday. Three strikers received gunshot wounds, while two colored non-unionists were seriously beaten. The battle lasted less than 20 minutes, but over 50 shots were fired and Fourth avenue was in a wild state of panic.

The wounded are Pritchard, Peter Mc-Fadden and James Jones. The names of the colored men are unknown. Rumors were afloat last night that numerous others had been injured, but this could not be verified. Before quiet was restored a mob of over 2,000 men had gathered and someone struck Deputy Sheriff Montgomery with a stone.

The fight started on Fourth avenue early in the atternoon. Two colored men, who work in the mill, were walking toward the mill when they met a striker who said something to them. They replied, and the striker knocked one down. With the same extraordinary suddenness which always characterizes Homestead, so far as the gathering of crowds is concerned, about 200 persons, including children and women, assembled. Both colored men fought, but stones began to fly and the men were besting them when one colored man drew a revolver and opened fire. By this time there were fully 500 persons on the street, and the bullets whistling over their heads started a panic. Three men knocked down the second colored man, and when he arose he had two revolvers in his hands and began running, shooting wildly backward as he

An Unknown Boy Shot.

It is said a boy received a flesh wound in the leg, but his name is unknown. By the time the men had reached City Farm lane, six other colored men came along and were assaulted. They all drew guns and rau down Fourth avenue in the direction of McClure street, near where their lodging house is situated. Some one hurled a brick which hit Washington Paul on the head. He opened fire and so did the others. In a minute the air was full of bullets and in front of the colored men was a terrified crowd rushing into houses for shelter or dodging up alleys. A woman too frightened to run stood on the street, and as they passed one of the non-unionists shot at her three times. One bullet passed through her shawl, which she had thrown over her head. Two bullets went through windows of residences, and one buried itself in the window sill of a second-story frame occupied by the Coulter family, who were looking out at the time. While the non-unionists were running, men dodging along parallel alleys would throw stones at-

them. When the colored men reached the house they ran in and barred the door. The Mob Tears a House Down.

In a minute the house was surrounded by an infuriated crowd, who soon tore down the fence and shattered every window with stones. When the deputies and borough officers arrived some persons were suggesting that they burn the house, and some one began to yell, "Let's lynch the nigger blacksheep." This was taken up and cries of "hang 'em" were heard on all sides. The officers went in to arrest the colored men. They found the latter huddled in one room greatly terrified and expecting to be killed. One man, however, was not atraid and said he would be the first to leave. As he was taken out some women hit him with a frying pan, cutting his head. The deputies tried in vain to keep the crowd away while they took the man to the lockup, but the prisoner was hit with several clubs. Stones were also hurled, and Deputy Montgomery was struck. The officers then drew their revolvers and announced that if any more stones were thrown they would have to open fire. A Slav threw a rock which crashed through a window already half shattered. He was arrested, but the authorities seemed almost powerless, for, by this time, over 2,000 persons gathered. Several other colored mea were beaten on the way to the lockup.

Colored Men Mass for Attack. About this time another alarming report was circulated through the crowd. It was in effect that the colored non-unionists living on Shanty Hill, hearing of the assault upon their brethren in town, were about to upon their brethren in town, were about to come down and rescue them. This was really the case. Over 50 of the colored men were ready to make an onslaught at a mo-ment's notice, and the Coal and Iron police had much difficulty in restraining them. Marion Conrad, another non-unionist, owns a house above Ann street on Fourth

avenue. During the shooting a large crowd gathered in front of his home and when he appeared began to threaten him. Conrad is appeared began to threaten him. Conrad is sworn in as a deputy sheriff, and he stood in his door, a revolver in either hand, and said he would shoot the first man who entered the gate. Several deputies arrived at the time and joined him, thus keeping the crowd back for an hour, when it dispersed. After all the colored men had been removed from the bearding house of Norris, the excitement subsided as rapidly as it had begun, and by nightful no unusual crowds were noticeable on the streets.

His Forehead Turns the Ball.

His Forehead Turns the Ball, Peter McFadden, who first engaged the colored men in a fight, was shot through the left arm and cut on the hedd. James Jones, his friend, who came to his assistance in the nt friend, who came to me assistance in the attack, had an escape from death which is little less than Providential. He had grasped one of the colored men and struck him. As he did so the fellow shoved his gan in Jones' face and fired. The builet struck on the striker's forehead above the eyes and glanced, plowing over the left eye a bloody furrow.

Jones and McFadden were arrested has