EVERYBODY SHOULD READ IT.

PITTSBURG, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12

1892-TWELVE PAGES.

Will contain many exclusive and valuable special features.

THREE CI

FORTY SEVENTH YEAR

A MIXED TICKET LIKELY IN OHIO,

Peculiar Probabilities of the Presidental Battle in the Buckeye State.

THE AUSTRALIAN BALLOT

May Have Caused the Choice of the First Elector on Each Side.

Both Parties Still Claiming the Election of the Rest of Their Electors and Their State Ticket-The Republicans and Democrats Yet Figuring by Different Methods - The Former Counting Sam Taylor's Vote, While Their Opponents Figure on the Presidental Vote-Only Three Counties Report Officially-A Difference of Over 200 Votes in Favor of the Democratic Head of the National Ticket-Latest Returns From the Disputed States.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 11 .- The Democratic Committee worked on the returns till 11 e'clock to-night, when they locked up and Colonel Al Carlisle left for Pittsburg. Three counties are still out, which give an estimated Republican plurality of 1,600. These are Summitt, Hamilton and Wyandotte. The committee claims the election of one Presidental elector sure, and that the official count will be required to settle the Secretary of State contest and other Presidental electors.

There is one phase of the result on Presidental electors which is likely to cut quite a figure on the close vote. Blunders throughout the State are liable to elect Hon. James P. Seward, of Mansfield, who headed the Cleveland electors. Many Democrats who intended to vote the straight ticket put their cross in front of Seward's name, thereby voting for him

One Republican at an Advantage. The same is true of the Hon. Lorenzo Danford, of St. Clairsville, who headed the Harrison electors. The chances in favor of Seward are enhanced because the indications are there were more Democrats than Republicans in Ohio who blundered.

Reference to the report of the Secretary of State shows that last fall, on the first trial of the Australian system in Ohio, there were nearly 18,000 such Democratic mistakes to only 9,000 Republican ones. It is a fair presumption that the ratio will be about the same this year, or about 2 to 1. If it is, Mr. Seward can be elected and the rest of the Cleveland electors defeated.

The Democratic mistakes last fall in favor of ex-Governor Campbell him shead of his ticket, and at the same time reduced Governor McKinley's plurality over him by about 9,000, or the difference between 18,000 and 2,000. For instance, the report shows that while Governor McKinlev received 13,000 votes more than J. K. Richards, candidate for Attorney General on the Republican ticket last fall, the latter's plurality was about 7,000 greater.

Room for a Big Difference.

Governor McKinley's plurality was only 21,511, while Attorney General Richards plurality was in round figures, 28,000. The 9,000 Democratic blunders for Campbell, over and above the Republican blunders for McKinley, made the difference against the latter's plurality.

This is why the Democrats and Republicans are both claiming the State three days after the election. At the Democratic headquarters the chiefs are figuring on the vote for the Presidental ticket, or, in other words, on Seward's vote, while the Republicans are figuring on the State ticket. or on Hon. S. M. Taylor's vote. The Dem. ocrats are claiming the election of the Democratic electors, while the Republicans are just as confident of S. M. Taylor's election.

The Hopes of the Two Parties. The Democrats hope that if Seward is elected he will pull through the rest of the Presidental electors and State ticket, while on the other hand, the Republican believe that the election of S. M. Taylor will save the State for Harrison. Therefore Republicans and Democrats may be perfectly sincere and honest in their re-

spective claims. If the Democrats made anywhere near the mistakes in voting which they made last fall, it can be easily understood how the Democratic mathematicians could claim the election of Seward and presume that the other Democratic electors would follow suit, when in fact they would fall several

thousand votes short. The gist of the whole matter is that the Democratic blunders may elect Seward. There is also a possibility that in a close vote Republican electors, who may have been scratched, will be defeated when the

official returns are canvassed. A Mixed Electoral Ticket Probable,

A mixed electoral vote in Ohio is therefore among the probabilities. Secretary of State Poorman is of the opinion that a mixed electoral ticket will be elected, and the few official returns already received by him indicate as much. The official abstracts of Marion, Knox and Crawford counties have been received. In these counties Mr. Seward runs shead of other candidates. These returns show that 208 voters failed to post themselves on the method of voting a straight ticket. Mr. Danford runs ahead also, and the indications are that both Danford and Seward will be elected. The Republican electors

who fall below Seward's vote will, of course, be defeated. At Republican headquarters at 11 P. M. with all but five counties officially heard from, they claim a plurality of 1,092 for Taylor, and think the Harrison electors will go in by about 700 plurality, with the

probable exception of one, who will be defeated by Seward. The Latest Returns Indefinite.

An Associated Press dispatch from Columbus says: At midnight the Republican State Committee completed their table

and these estimated. Some corrections were received at a late hour from Hamilton and Cuyahoga counties, which are among those not officially reported. These reduced the plurality of Taylor, Republican, for Secretary of State, to 767, and the table shows the Harrison electors to have been chosen by 787 plurality. The committee, however, concedes the probable election of Seward, the elector who heads the Cleveland list.

KANSAS OUT OF PLUMB.

Only Two Congressmen Saved to the Re publicans Out of the Wreck. TOPEKA, KAS., Nov. 11.-The Repub licens of Kansas are now looking around to see if they have really saved anything from Tuesday's wreck. One candidate after another who they thought had survived the general disaster has been found to have gone under, until now their only consolation is in the election of two Congressmen. To-day the unofficial returns show that Congressman Funston has been defeated for re-election in the Second district, and that the Fusionists have secured a majority of 9 on joint ballot in the Legislature. The official count was begun all over the State to-day, but it will not be completed until Monday or Tuesday of next week. The exact complexion of the Legislature caunot be known until that time.

be known until that time.

A Populist majority in the Legislature of course means the retirement of Bishop W. Perkins from the United States Senate, to which he was appointed by Governor Humphrey to serve in the place of the late Senstor Plumb until the Legislature should choose his successor. The successor to Mr. Plumb will be elected at this winter's meeting of the Legislature. A Populist majority would doubtless have to choose between Jerry Simpson and Judge John Martin. The latter is an old-time Democrat of Topeka. He was the chief mover in in-fluencing the Democrats to fuse with the People's party. His chances for election to the Senate appear to be good.

NO INTENTION TO STEAL.

If Judge Morris Has a Majority He Will Get the Governorship.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Nov. 11 .- [Special.] -Chairman Benton, of the Republican State Central Committee, says that he told several of his friends vesterday that he had information which, if true, would show that Judge Morris is not elected Governor of this State. Mr. Benton now says that his information was incorrect. "The Republicans," says Mr. Benton, "do not intend to attempt to steal anything. We shall wait until the returns are all in, and if they show that Mr. Morris has a majority we shall not question his election in any par-Governor Morris says: "I have little ap-

prehension that the Republicans will at-tempt to question my majority this time. I believe if it is attempted it will be the cause for the total annihilation of the Republican party in this State. I have run for Governor three times, and each time my plurality has more than doubled." General Merwin says: "I believe that Judge Morris has a majority, and if that is so I would not countenance any attempt to keep the seat from him."

HILL OUT FOR MURPHY.

The Successor to Senator Hiscock Chosen by Cleveland's Old Foe,

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 11 .- David B. Hill's organ, the Albany Times-Union, is out with a double-leaded editorial to-day favoring Edward Murphy, Jr.'s, election to the United State Senate. It says of Mr. Murphy:

He is a man of collegiate education, rein private life, thoroughly acquainted with the commercial, manufacturing and agricultural interests of every part of the State, well versed in political history, sagacious in council, broadly patriotic, a lover of his whole country, free from sectionalism, and worthy in every way to represent the State of New York in the United States Senate. The Legislature cannot choose a better man for Senator than Edward Murphy, Jr., of Troy, and none that would give greater sa-isfaction to the whole Democratic party of

WESTMORELAND MUCH MIXED.

Democrats and Kepublicans Win and Lose

in a Hit or Miss Fashion. GREENSBURG, PA., Nov. 11 .- [Special.] The official vote for Westmoreland, as returned by the court's count to-day, gives McCann, for Sheriff, a majority of 13. This will develop an election contest, as Thomas, the Republican candidate, claims to be able to show that a much greater number of illegal votes was cast. As stated vesterday, Barnhart, Waugaman and Dale, Democrats, and Murphy, Republican, are elected to the Assembly.

The majorities for the Republican elec-tors and for Dean, McDowell and Lilly, ran between 57 and 60, but Brown, the Repub-lican candidate for the State Senate, wins from Ogden by only 12 votes, and this case may be contested. For Congress, Heiner is beaten in this county by Keenan by 592

Cleveland Wanted at a Banquet,

CANTON, O., Nov. 11 .- [Special.]-Arrangements are being made by the Young Men's Democratic Club for the annual "tariff reform banquet," to be held here on Monday evening, Debember 5. Among the distinguished men to be invited are President-elect Cleveland, Mr. Stevenson, Governor Russell, of Massachusetts, Senator Brice, ex-Governor Campbell, Congressman Tom Johnson, of Cleveland, and M. D. Harter, of Mansfield. A representative of the club will be sent to personally solicit Mr. Cleveland's attendance.

Wyoming Is Republican. CHEYENNE, Nov. 11. - Harrison elector are elected by about 500 majority. Their names are John H. Barren, John C. Dyer, William K. Kilpatrick. Coffeen is elected for Congress by a small majority. Osborn, Dem., for Governor, has about 2,000 ma-jority. The Legislature is Republican by one majority on joint ballot.

'Cleveland's Close Call in Delaware, WILMINGTON, DEL., Nov. 11-The official count shows the following vote for the State complete: Cleveland, 18,573; Harrison, 18,067; Bidwell, 559. Cleveland's plurality, 506. Congress: Causey, Democrat, 18,554; Willis, Republican, 18,060; Price, Prohibitionist, 563. Causey's plurality, 474.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 11 .- Returns from distant precincts are coming in slowly. The Democrats are claiming the Territory for Joseph (D.) by at least 500 votes. The Republicans do not concede

Russell's Majority Is 2,037. Boston, Nov. 11 .- The discovery of an error in the Governor's vote of Marlboro increases Governor Russell's plurality 100 votes, making it 2,037.

them the Territory.

A Substantial Gain in Iowa. DES MOINES, Nov. 11 .- Returns from 79 counties and pluralities from 19 more, and an estimated plurality from one, Humboldt, give Harrison a plurality of 22,872. of pluralities, with all the counties heard Complete returns cannot change the result from officially with the exception of four materially. That may, therefore, be ac- siready been closed.

cepted as the size of the Republican vic-tory in Iowa. If to this is added the Dem-ocratic plurality of last year, 8,213, it shows a total gain of 31,085.

HARRISON GOES FOR CARTER.

HE ALSO JUMPS ON M. S. QUAY AND J. DONALD CAMERON.

He Attributes His Defeat Partly to Mismi agement, but More to the Tariff-He Thinks the Party's Position on That Issue Must Be Modified-The Force Bill Also a Handicap.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11 .- President Harrison talked freely to-day about the recent defeat of his party and the causes which brought it about, says a dispatch from Washington to the Heraid. This afternoon he discussed not only the recent election, but the gravity of the situation which now confronts the Republican party.

The overwhelming defeat of the Republican party, the President said, was due mainly to the position of the party on the tariff question. The Republicans had forced this issue to an extreme, which evidently did not meet with the approval of the people. This expression of opinion on the part of President Harrison verifies the rumor current here some time ago that it was the party and not the President, who took such an extreme position on the leading issues on which the Republican campaign was to be made. He also thought the force bill had something to do with the result.

President Harrison has very decided views as to the conduct of the campaign. does not think very much Chairman Carter, of the Repubof Chairman Carter, of the Republican National Committee. He consented to Mr. Carter's appointment only when it became evident that no more acceptable man could be secured. He said the campaign had been mismanaged and that much better results would have been secured but for the "rainbow chasing" scheme to which Mr. Carter gave counterance. countenance and assistance. The President is particularly chagrin-ned at the result in his native State, and believes that it was largely due to the

lack of good generalship.

The President realized before any of the The President realized before any of the election returns came in Tuesday that he was a defeated man. He hoped for success until the last hour, but admitted he had not expected it. One of the reasons for the President's doubt as to his election was the wall known dissification of a number of the president's dissification of a number of the president of the pres well known disaffection of a number of the prominent leaders of his party. This is evidenced by his statement with regard to Dudley, Quay and Cameron. As to Cameron, the President believes he not only failed to support the ticket, but actually did all the ticket, but actually did all in his power to defeat it. Cameron's influence extends, like Quay's, cameron's influence extends, like Quay's, far beyond the confines of Pennsylvania, and the President evidently realized that both these gentlemen were in a position to do much to injure the ticket in the heretofore doubtful States of New York and Indiana.

CALIFORNIA SHIFTS AGAIN.

Now It Looks as if the Republicans Had Carried the State.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11 .- Returns up to 6 o'clock this afternoon from all but 39 precincts in San Francisco and 258 outside precincts give Harrison 106,730; Cleveland, 103,037; Weaver, 20,997; Harrison's plurality, 3,623. The remaining San Francisco precincts will not be counted until next Monday, when the official canvass begins. The present indications are that the Republicans have carried the State by a small plurality on the Presidental vote.

The State Democratic Committee of California still says that the Democrats get the 9 electors, 6 Congressmen and 1 United States Senator.

HOW INDIANA GROWS.

Cleveland's Majority Now Over 8,000 and Only Two Congressmen Get Away.

Indianapolis, Nov. 11.—Complete re turns from 88 counties in Indiana show a net Democratic gain over 1888 of 10,300. making the Democratic plurality thus far The remaining five counties will 7.952 probably increase this 500. Complete official returns from the Tenth

Congressional district show the election of Hammond, Democrat, over Johnson, Republican, by a plurality of 138. The Con-gressional delegation therefore consists of 11 Democrats and 2 Republicans

Notes From the Battlefield. REPORTS from nearly all the counties in Oklahoma territory show that the Democrats will have both branches of the Legis

LATE last night, after having figurd up returns received during the evening, Judge Clark, of Texas, conceded the election of Hogg for Governor by about 25,000 plurality. CONGRESSMAN JOHN J. O'NEILL, of St. Louis, who is defeated by Charles F. Joy on the face of the returns, has decided to contest by going to the United States Court and ask ing for a count of the vote in the Eleventh district. He claims illegal votes were cast

FREE TRADE DEMANDED

By the Chicago Single Tax Club, on the Strength of the Election. CHICAGO, Nov. 11 .- The Chicago Single

Tax Club has adopted the following resolu-WHEREAS, The National Democratic platform denounces protection as a fraud and a robbery, and declares it to be unconstituand with these declarations sub

mitted the matter to the people; therefore Resolved. That the tidal wave which wept the country last Tuesday was a rightus condemnation of protection. Resolved, That we denounce, as false to

Resolved, That we denounce, as false to the pledges of the Democratic party and inimical to its continued success, every utterance on the part of its accredited leaders tending to justify the perpetuation of any vestige of the protective system.

Resolved, Labor has demanded justice; when monopolists seek protection they should ask it by its right name, and at the place provided for the needy, and not strive to turn the National Government into a gigantic public institution.

PRISONERS EAT RATS.

An Ex-Convict at Moundsville Charge Prison Officials With Cruelty.

WHEELING, Nov. 11 .- [Special]-Lorenzo D. Bright, of Indiana, Pa, late a prisoner in the Moundsville penitentiary for violation of the postal law, has made affidavit that Superintendent Van Peet detained him ten days after the expiration of the term for which he was sentenced without any charge and solely to prevent him from voting; also that many of the prisoners are so cruelly treated, so overworked and so under fed that they have been driven to eatch and cook rats to escape actual starva-tion. The matter may lead to measures for

Preparing for a New Bailro WASHINGTON, PA., Nov. 11 -[Special.] A syndicate interested in the projected new railroad between Connellsville and Wheeling has begun the work of leasing and purchasing coal lands along the contem-plated route. Deeds for some big tracts, aggregating many hundreds of acres, have

MONEY MUST BE HAD

To Cover a Deficit in the National Treasury Amounting to \$52,000,000.

PENSIONS CAUSED IT ALL.

An Extra Session of Congress May Have to Be Called to Meet

THE CONDITION, NOT A THEORY.

Other Things That Might Demand Attention of Legislators.

TARIFF REVISION POSSIBLE ALSO

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] WASHINGTON, Nov. 11 .- There is a growing impression here that an extra session of the next Congress will be called shortly after the inauguration of Presidentelect Cleveland next March. Beside the revision of the tariff and the repeal of the Federal election laws the most urgent reason requiring an immediate extra session is the impending financial embarrassment of the Treasury.

Either the present Congress must provide increased revenues for the expenses of the Government, which is altogether unlikely, or the Treasury will be obliged to default on account of public works now authorized by law, such as new ships, fortifications, coast defenses and river and harbor improvements, in order to provide for the payment of pensions, and this latter alternative seems as unpromising as the first. Consequently an extra session of the newlyelected Fifty-third Congress is apt to be convened to meet the emergency.

liberal appropriations granted by the late session of Congress for the present fiscal

An Appropriation Soon to Be Exhausted The average monthly payments for pen-sions on the basis of the first four months of this fiscal year are \$13,000,000, and consequently the present appropriation would be exhausted before the end of the third quar-ter, or near the close of next March. An appropriation to meet this deficiency would of course still further swell, by its amount, the deficit already foreshadowed of \$52,000, 000, that being the extent of the discrepancy between the estimated revenues and the ap

propriations made.

No doubt the second session of the present Congress would provide an appropria-tion for the pension deficiency, but it is not likely that any steps will be taken at that session to provide increased revenues to neet it. Therefore Mr. Cleveland, when be takes charge of the Government on the 4th of March, will be confronted with a depleted treasury, and in addition, with a budget of outstanding fixed liabilities amounting to at least \$75,000,000 or \$85,-

ress be called to revise the tariff and devise new means of revenue, the very fact of its sitting for that purpose will serve as a notice to all importing interests at home and abroad to wait before making further extensive importations until reduced schedules are formulated and put into exe-cution, so that the result will be to greatly reduce, for a time at least, the Government receipts from customs.

A Guess That Is Awfully Off.

line by many millions in excess of the realization as it will eventuate, and this loss of the Treasury, thus making the necessity of new customs legislation, when once agitated, doubly imperative.

On the other hand, expressions of grave doubt are heard here and there at the wisdom of summoning an extra session under the prevailing circumstances, inasmuch as it would have an undoubted tendency to disturb the industrial interests of the counimportunities of crowds of officescekers and politicians who would naturally be drawn to Washington in greater numbers than otherwise by the sitting of Congress in con-junction with the change in the national

cember, and report a perfected tariff bill on the organization of the next House.

Further Reasons for an Extra Session. present practice, such a commission could readily be appointed by the Speaker of the present House from members-elect to the

next House. From an extreme partisan standpoint there are further reasons for calling an extra session. It is said the President has decided to extend the civil service regulations so as to include the Bureau of Engraving and Printing and the office of the

will follow immediately instead of being delayed for nearly a year.

There are many rich plums at the disposal of the Senate especially, upon which Demoorats are already feasting their eyes. A general shaking-up of the Senate committees will also be an interesting operation. Mackey denies any liability.



The Situation in a Nutshell.

The situation can be stated in a few words. The total appropriations authornzed by the late session of Congress for the fiscal year ending June 30 next, together with the permanent appropriations, amount to \$507,600,188 71, while the revenues estimated by the Treasury Department for the same fiscal year are computed at only \$455,336,350 44, thus foreshadowing a deficit of \$52,000,000. But in addition to this there will be a big deficiency on ac-

From the monthly Treasury statement of receipts and expenditures, issued November 1, it appears that \$52,049,000 has been spent for pensions during the first four months of the present fiscal year—the four months just past since July 1—an increase of \$16,000,000 over the corresponding four months of the last fiscal year, 1892. Allowing that the rate of expenditure should remain the same, the total excess of pension expenditures this year over those of last would be \$48,000,000. The appropriations out of which these expenditures must be made, though, are only \$12,000,000 greater this year than the expenditures for last year, so that the prospective pension defi-ciency cannot well fall below \$36,000,000.

000,000. Should an extra session of the new Con-

In that event the Treasury Department's guess at \$455,000,000 as the probable revenues for the fiscal year 1893, based as it was apon the assumption of a continuance of the McKinley tariff law, will be thrown out of expected revenue will necessarily largely ncrease the vast hole already apparent in

try, and at the same time to hamper the newly-inaugurated President through the

The question is also discussed whether it would not be possible, by wise management on the part of the administration and coperative action by the present House of Representatives, to postpone certain large and pressing obligations of the Govern-ment, and thus avoid an extra session on the score of the Treasury stringency, and in addition to arrange for the appointment of a sort of nune-pro-tune commission, com-posed of members-elect to the next House having experience on tariff matters, to sit during the months intervening between ad-journment in March and the following De-

In harmony with past traditions and

Public Printer. Such a move would leave the Democrats but little patronage at their disposal when they take possession of the Government next March. A reorganization of the Senate and House of Representatives

cure the Practice of Justice Shiras. CINCINNATI, Nov. 11 .- [Special.]-It has been an open secret here for a long time

MAJOR M'KINLEY'S FUTURE.

in Cincinnati Has It That the Governor

Is Anxions to Resume the Law and Se-

It May Be Passed in Pittsburg-Rume

Present Circumstances. WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The President that Governor McKinley is not pleased with his position. Its duties are irksome, and the constant fight of the factions irritates him. It was said some time ago, and widely believed, that he had decided to retire at the end of the term and seek to enter Congress. The recent overwhelming Demo-cratic triumph has, it is now said, con-vinced him that he is out of it for four and

vinced him that he is out of it for four and perhaps eight years.

He has an opportunity to acquire a magnificent law practice and gain a new citizenship in a great city and State. Owing to the entanglements of the late Senatorial fight he will always have a strong faction to fight in Ohio, and it is therefore believed by many here that the report telegraphed to this city this avening that he will resident to this city this evening that he will resign as soon as the Legislature meets and remove to Pittsburg is true. In connection with this rumor it was said that Major Mc-Kinley was to succeed to the practice of Justice Shiras.

George Shiras III. was seen last night concerning the rumor. He denies it and is at a loss to know how such a story would get into circulation. "I did not know that Governor McKinley was in town Thursday until I saw it in yesterday's papers," said he. "If the Governor were to take charge of my father's practice I would certainly know of it. Mr. McKinley is no doubt greatly disappointed over Republican de-feat and possibly it is his intention to re-tire from public life. It may be that he has chosen Pittsburg as his future legal field, but if he has I know nothing of it."

COTTON GOODS ADVANCED

"A number of staple cotton goods had quite an advance yesterday and to-day. We have notices this morning from some of the argest Eastern mills of a rise in price of come of the most stable cotton goods made."

some of the most stable cotton goods made."
"What significance has the advance?"
"In cotton goods, any kind of an advance is a larre advantage, because both cotton iself and all classes of cotton goods have been selling very low the past season."
"How do you account for the advance?"
"Well, to state it plainly, the people have a feeling of confidence in the election of Mr. Clèveland. The election was so decidedly one-sided that all are assured as to the wisdom of the change. The feeling before Tuesday was that if Mr. Harrison was reelected there would be a big boom. I know of many contemplated additions to mills, etc., in this event. A rise in the price of all manufactured goods was looked for. A big advance was expected. But every business man knows the history of booms. The reaction that is bound to follow always more than counterbalances the advantages gained by the boom."
"Has there been any change in the price

by the boom."
"Has there been any change in the price of woolen goods?"

You see except "No, there has not. You see, except through the law of supply and demand, which regulates all prices, there can be no change in time for spring business."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11 .- Advices received from Samoa are to the effect that the difference between the two factions on the islands beaded by Mataafa, the recogntzed King, and by Malietos, the claimant to the throne, have reached an acute phase. To fully protect the interests of the United States it has been decided that a naval vessel should be sent there at the earliest practical moment. Beside this, based on expediency, it appears that under the terms of the tripartite treaty the United States is under obligation to keep a naval vessel at Samoa. There has been no United States naval vessel there for many months, the

Iroquois being the last to call. The Alliance, now at Honolulu with the Boston, was under orders to Samoa, but these orders were countermanded to-day, robably because of the critical condition of Hawaiian politics. It is the present intention to send in her place the Ranger, recently in the Bering Sea. It will require a month's time to prepare the vessel and another month or six weeks for the passage, so she will not be able to reach Samon be-

DIRECTORS FOR SUNDAY OPENING.

They Resolve That to Close the Gates That Day Would Be Discourteous.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11. - At the regular meeting of the World's Fair Directors this afternoon a resolution was passed favoring the opening of the World's Fair gates on Sunday provided that the machinery be not run. The directors declare that as all the pations of the earth have been invited to attend the Fair it would be highly discourteous and inhospitable to inform them that they cannot do on Sunday what they

would do were they at home. The directors say they are in favor of allowing every nation to hold within the grounds such religious services as it may desire on Sunday. They also think it desirable that the gates should be open to allow visitors from different parts of the Union to meet socially at their State buildA CABINET TO MAKE,

THREE CENTS.

And New Yorkers Predict That Cleveland Will Fashion It Himself.

HE KNOWS HOW TO DO SO,

Having Been There Before He Will Have Less Trouble Than

A MAN TRYING IT THE FIRST TIME.

Republicans at Headquarters Say if They Had It to Do Again

THEY'D STICK TO THE M'KINLEY BILL

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) NEW YORK, Nov. 11 .- The two national headquarters on Fifth avenue will be closed to-morrow. The victorious Democratic chieftains will each take the desks at which they worked during the campaign and ship them to their homes, to be kept as souvenirs of the victory. These desks and ink wells, pens and paperweights will be heirlooms in the tamilies of the committee-

The Republicans talked with to-day said that if they had to go through it again they would still stick to the McKinley tariff law.

The warnings of the Republicans who expect the Democratic party to trifle with the great power which has come to them are well appreciated by Mr. Whitney, Senator Gorman, Speaker Crisp and all the leaders of the party who are fully alive to the situation. Certain people began to-day to discuss the

ex-President's prospective Cabinet. Major Jones, of the St. Louis Republic, is in the field as a candidate for a portfolio. The Major has not selected the place he would like to fill. His friends in New York, though, are working for him. Cleveland His Own Cabinet Maker. Some of those close to Mr. Cleveland have

recalled that from being a most ardent sup-porter of the ex-President, Major Jones in May last joined the opposition and in-sisted that a Western candidate should be named at Chicago. The Major was opposed by a great many Western Democrats, par-ticularly Governor Francis, of Missouri. It was said to-day that the ex-President, in making up his Cabinet, would not regard any personal opposition that had been made to his candidacy. At the proper time, it was added, he will make up his Cabinet with gentlemen entitled to represent the best interests of the Democratic party, and due allowance will be made for the usual geographical distinctions. It was said, however, that Governor Francis and others

will endeavor to prevent the appointment of Major Jones to a portfolio. Naturally there was a good deal of gossip concerning the prospects of Mr. Whitney. The ex-Secretary's services in this campaign are appreciated by every Democrat, high and low. He is very popular with the Dem-ocrats. He made a signal success as Secreocrats. He made tary of the Navy.

Whitney the Best of Them.

Mr. Whitney was probably the best all-round Cabinet officer Mr. Cleveland had, and his status as a political tactician, after be disputed. He does not want to go into the Cabinet, though. A number of Mr. Whitney's friends would like to have him sent to the Court of St. James.

One point Mr. Whitney has made clear, and that is that Mr. Cleveland will select his Cabinet himself. The ex-President has had four years' experience, and this will be valuable to him in making his choice. An interesting story was told to-day of the troubles of Presidents-elect in selecting their Cabinets. General Harrison arrived

in Washington three days before auguration. He had been at the Arlington Hotel only a few hours when Colonel mont, President Cleveland's Private Secretary, called, bearing Mr. Cleveland's invi-vation to dinner at the White House that evening. Mr. Cleveland an hour later called and personally invited his successor to dine with him. Cleveland Cheered Up Harrison

Mr. and Mrs. Harrison accepted the invitation, and during the dinner General Harrison told of the difficulties which had confronted him in making up his Cabinet, So many claims had been precipitated upo him, so many political rocks and shoals had confronted him, that General Harrison was downcast over it.

Mr. Cleveland cheered him up, saying:

"General, that is the least of your troubles. It will soon be over. Other and greater difficulties will confront you, so let us be harpy, and I wish you personally a most successful administration." Mr. Cleveland spent a busy day at his nouse at 12 West Fifty-first street to-day. He received many telegrams of congratula-tion and a few callers. Among the latter

was Hon. Patrick A. Collins, of Boston. Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland went out to dinner,

nd callers at the house to-night were informed that they were not at home. A wild rumor from the West struck town A wild rumor from the west struck fown about 5:30 to-day. It was to the effect that Mr. Cleveland had suddenly dropped dead. Although the story was not credited, there was a rush of callers at Mr. Cleveland's house who wanted to be assured positively

that he was alive. The electors for New York State meet at Albany on Tuesday, December 6.

SHORT WEDDED BLISS. Pittsburg Woman Fourteen Days a Bride

Secures a Chicago Divorce,

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—[Special.]—The tale of a 14 day marriage was told in the divorce court here to-day by Mrs. Clara Rhinehart, of Pittsburg. On the stand Mrs. Rhinehart testified that she was married to John Rhinehart, of Pittsburg, four years ago, but two weeks later her husband said he was tired of married life, and after packing up

his belongings he hastily left her. She declared that she played detective and followed him all over the country. finally locating him in Chicago. she tried to win him back, but Mr. Rhinehart had in the meanwhile became infatuated with another woman. So she gave him up in disgust and sought relief in the divorce court. Two Pittsburg parties cor-roborated the story, and a decree will be granted. Mrs. Rhinehart will return to Pittsburg next week.

MRS. PEARY will tell the story of her housekeeping in the Arctic regions in THE DISPATCH to-morrow.

One Tin Plate Project Nipped.

Youngstown, Nov. 11-[Special.]-The Falcon Iron and Nail Company, which has been engaged in the construction of a mammoth tin plate plant at Niles, O., will not start. The work at present laid out will be completed and then the project will be shut down. A member of the company said to-day that they did not feel justified in risking their money in the industry until the Democratic policy regarding the tariff had been determined. been determined.



SOME STRANGE CALLERS

them two or more, hence there will be a NOT A LONG MESSAGE Expected From the President, Under the

Each committee has a clerk, and some of

has begun the preparation of his annual message to Congress on the state of the country. The three weeks left to him for its consideration will undoubtedly prove more than enough time for the purpose. It is extremely improbable that he will devote much space to the questions which have made up the policy of the present adminisration. The message will therefore be shorter and less significant than usual, and will

the past year and a brief reiteration of the President's well-known views on the politi-cal issues of the day.

Two of Them Clergyman-One Plotter Who Is Cheated Squeals. St. John, N. B., Nov. 11.-The grave ard insurance case, in which the jury found C. B. Welton and Dr. Edward C. Randall guilty, but could not agree upon a verdict regarding Rev. Sidney Welton, was one of the most sensational ever brought before a New Brunswick court. Rev. Sidney Welton is pastor of the Main Street Baptist Church in this city and also agent for the Total Abstinence Insurance Company of Chicago. C. B. Welton, his brother, is an insurance agent, but

borough. All three were arrested September 29 on information of John W. Turner, charged with conspiracy to defraud the Total Abstinence Company by insuring the life of a sick man named William H. Read last year for \$3,000. Dr. Raudall gave a certificate of his good health. Turner, in his information, stated that he believed the signature to the application purporting to be that of W. H. Read was purporting to be that of W. H. Read was not his signature. Another policy of \$2,500 had been obtained on Read's life in the

Golden Rule Alliance Company, of Boston,

was formerly a Baptist minister, and Dr.

in the same manner. Read was attended during his illness by Dr. Randall, and died shortly after the applications were made During the trial of the accused, Gideon Read, brother of the insured man, corrobo-rated the charges against the brothers Welton, and his testimony was, to some ex-tent, against himself. He admitted that he accepted \$500 to conceal from his brother's vidow the fact that \$2,500 insurance had been obtained in the Golden Rule Alliance on his life, and to make her believe there was only \$1,000. After the arrest of the Weltons and Randall, Gideon Read learned that he had been their dupe, they having obtained a \$3,000 policy on his brother's life in the Total Abstinence Insurance Company. This

ed him to expose the transaction. RANDALL DIED POOR.

Not Enough Surplus of His Estate Left to

Pay the Costs of Accounting. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11.-Samuel J. Randall, Pennsylvania's great commoner, died a very poor man-how poor in worldly goods was not known until to-day. Mrs. Fannie W. Randall, widow and administratrix of the estate, to-day filed an answer in the Orphans' Court to proceedings brought by a creditor of the estate to compel an ac-

counting. Mrs. Randall simply said in the answer that her husband left no real or personal estate, save a few personal effects, and that after the payment of funeral expenses and the settling of her \$300 widow's exemption, there was nothing to account for nor enough money of the estate left to pay the costs requiring an accounting.

DRIVEN TO SUICIDE BY REMORSE.

The Denouement of a Tragedy in the Chi-

cago Office of R. D. Dun & Co. CHICAGO, Nov. 11 .- A. J. Burrus, who attempted to kill Mrs. Goode and Miss Walters, employes of Dun & Co. in this city, is reported to-day as having committed

suicide by drowning in White Bear Lake. Burrus had been discharged by Dun & Co. because he refused to apologize for a slurring remark concerning the two women.

Both the latter were badly wounded by bullets from Burrus' revolver, and recently Mrs. Goode died from the effects, just after Burrus was released from a short term in the penitentiary. His other victim, Miss Walters, is a hopeless paralytic. The sui-cide is supposed to be due to remorse.

came near killing a traveling corre in THE DISPATCH to-morrow. BONANZA MACKAY SUED.

A French Count Claims the Silver King Owes Him \$34,880 on a Dicker.

WILD HORSES of Thibet and how the

NEW YORK, Nov. 11 .- Justice Andrews, of the Supreme Court, signed an order to-day removing to the United States Court a suit by Count Arthur Dillon, of Paris, against John W. Mackay, the silver king, to recover \$34,880 alleged to be due

probably contain nothing beyond a review of the work of the administration during A DYING MAN INSURED Without His Knowledge and by Forgery for the Benefit of Four Conspirators-

As a Direct Result of the Re-Election of Grover Cleveland. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11 .- The prices of many cotton goods, it is stated, have advanced within the last 24 hours, as a direct consequence of Tuesday's election. W. W. Foulkrod, of Hood, Foulkrod & Co., when questioned to-day regarding the report,

What significance has the advance?

SERIOUS AT SAMOA.

Uncle Sam Will Send a Vessel There Look After His Rights.