Flats Coming In.

to when the mines will start.

tend to make the miners stand more firmly

There are about 50 mines along the Mo

The following in the fourth pool are work-

THE BEAVER FALLS MILLS.

No Time Set for Starting the Carnegie Plant

and Not Likely to Be.

"The company has not yet reached any

decision as to when the Beaver Falls mills

will be started up, nor has there been a

time set for doing so," Secretary Lovejoy

said yesterdey, "and it does not know when

that will be done. As I stated before,

whenever the mills can be run without

any trouble the subject will be consid-

ered. I don't think the election will have any effect on business

but I have been paying no attention to politics. I simply ignore politics, and the

line. I would like to say with regard to

that they seem to come from the town itself

and not from the company."
"Do you think the Homestead strike had

any influence on the result of the election?"

"I don't know and do not care to discus-

Last night a telegram from Beaver Falls

stated that Superintendent Wrigley re-ceived orders from headquarters, Pittsburg,

mills will be started next day, and that all

the old employes, with few exceptions, will be given their old jobs again. Superin-tendent Wrigley could not be found to ver-

ify this statement. Yesterday a number of

the officials of the Carnegie Company, un-der the guidance of Superintendent Wrig-

ley, made a thorough inspection of the

in good order for a start. On the strength of these developments Manager Dillon is

expected here to-day. The strikers claim

COAL MINERS ON A STRIKE.

Miners at Beaver Falls Idle Because Their

Wages Were Not Promptly Paid.

The miners employed in the coal banks of

Bolam & Son, at Beaver Falls, came out

yesterday on a strike owing to the firm not

giving them their two weeks' pay promptly

on Saturday night. Members of the firm

explain that they were disappointed in

getting expected remittances from Pitts

slack coal. They fear the strike will in-

BY BAIL TO JERUSALEM.

The Line Connecting Jaffa With the Holy

City Is Finished,

The first locomotive from Jaffa has ar-

rived at Jerusalem. In this event we have

a new and ample text for the preachers

The associations of the Holy City and its

contact with the railway system is some-

thing incongruous to contemplate. It will

be sufficient to excite the wrath of Mr.

Ruskin, as it must appear to him to be a

greater sacrilege than that of the British

Letters received from Jerusalem by the

Palestine Exploration Fund, dated the 22d

ult., announced that the locomotive had

reached the city on the previous day.

Trains are not yet running, but the rails

have been laid down all along the line, and

our Paris correspondent says that the line,

which is being made by a French company,

The terminus is unfinished. It will be on the west of the road to Bethlehem, not

far from the south end of the Montefiore almshouses. The Wadi Rababeh, perhaps

separate the railway station from the town;

nd it will thus be about half a mile from

the Jaffa gate. Luckily the temple site

with Geshsemane and the Mount of Olives

is on the opposite side of the town, and will

not be much disturbed by the noise of the

It may be mentioned that the Wadi Ra-

babeh means "The Valley of the Lute."
The Arabs will now have to call it—if
Arabic words can be found for the sentence

A Remarkable Engle's Nest.

Some Swiss papers relate that a sports

man recently succeeded in capturing in the

Savoy Alps an eagle's nest, after killing

the mother bird. The nest, which was

arge enough to hold several persons, was

made of thick branches, covered with straw

and rubbish, and in it he found, besides a

young eagle, the following remains of the

feast: Fresh and stale meat, a recently-killed hare, 27 chamois feet, 4 pigeous' feet, 30 pheasants' feet, 3 chickens' feet, 11

chickens' heads, 18 heads of grouse and other wild birds, and remains of snakes,

squirrels, rabbits, marmots and other game.

Sardinia an Historic Island.

That the world was inhabited long before

authentic history began is now one of the

generally accepted facts. There are said to

be more than 3,000 prehistoric buildings in

Truly a royal feast!

"The Wadi of the Railway Whistle."

better known as the Valley of Hinn

railway.

will be opened on the 29th of this month.

tourist shooting on Mount Sinai.

by parties to whom they had sold

men will have to work half time the

to be as firm as ever.

rest of the winter.

London Daily News.]

the subject, as I have not been studying the

the reports about the Beaver Fails

was asked.

tion said:

The Coal Exchange met yesterday in the

Iron Exchange building, but the business

transacted was rather light. The rise in

the river was looked upon with apprehen-sion as to the outlook for the early settle-

ment of the miners' strike. The sentiment

was expressed that more water would influ-

ence the miners to stand out with the ex-

The First Day Only the Charges Against the Professor Are Read.

A TEST VOTE IS AGAINST HIM.

ls Agreed to, When

THE PROFESSOR'S REPLY IS TO COME

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] NEW YORK, Nov. 9 .- The trial of Prof. Charles A. Briggs for heresy began a 2 o'clock this afternoon in the auditorium of the old Scotch Church in West Fourteenth street, with all the formality and pomp which the Presbyterian Church demands in judicial proceedings. Rev. John Bliss, D. D., the Moderator of the New York Presbytery, sat in the pulpit, with the clerks, Reva. S. D. Alexander and J. H. Hoadley, on either side. Directly under the Moderator sat the defendant, Prof. Briggs, and on the other side of the aisle were the members of the Committee of Prosecution, Revs, G. W. F. Birch, J. J. Lampe, R. F. Sample and Elders J. J. McCook and J. J.

Stevenson. In the first pew just behind Dr. Briggs sat his warm friend, Prof. Francis Brown, of Union Theological Seminary, who is as thoroughly posted on the intricacies of the famous theological case as Prof. Briggs himself. The body of the church was filled with the ministers and elders who constitute the Presbytery, and who are to decide the question of Prof. Briggs orthodoxy. Some of the ministers present were Henry Van Dyke, J. H. McIlvaine, Robert R. Booth, Thomas S. Hastlurs, Francis H. Marling Henry M. Field, C. H. Parkhurst, Edward L. Clark, Howard Duffield, Henry M. Me-Cracken, John R. Paxton, George L. Prentiss, Charles L. Thompson, George L. Spin-ning, Marvin R. Vincent and David G. Wylie.

Many Women Among the Audience.

Around the edge of the galleries was a fringe of spectators, mostly women, watching the proceedings narrowly. In the front row sat a middle-aged woman and two young women who had a keener interest in what was going on below than any of the other They were Mrs. Briggs and the two daughters of the professor. As soon as the roll had been called the Moderator end the resolution of the Gen-

eral Assembly ordering the trial, and called upon Dr. Birch's committee to present their charges. Prof. Briggs was on his feet first. "I do not want to delay proceedings," he said, "but there are certain preliminary objections which I must make on the rights of the Committee of Prosecution to act as an original party."

The accused professor said he put in these objections in order to perfect appeals he may make in the future. The ground of his objections and the answer which was made by Colonel McCook for the committee were old arguments already advanced by both sides.

Rev. Dr. R. R. Booth arose to a point of order, maintaining that discussion was not in place, as the Presbytery must proceed to treat in compliance with the General As-

The Moderator Easily Sustained.

Dr. Briggs asserted that he had a right to spenk again and meet Colonel McCook's ar-guments, but the Moderator decided that discussions should the colonel decided that discussions should stop on the preliminaries, and that the trial should proceed.

Prof. Francis Brown appealed from the decision of the chair, but by a rising vote the Moderator was sustained, 73 to 58. This was the first setback, although on a merely technical point, for Dr. Briggs.
"Now the question comes up," said the
Moderator, "whether the Committee of

Prosecution is ready to present the original or amended charges."

Chairman Birch stepped to the open space under the pulpit and said the committee had prepared amended charges and was offer them. It was 4 o'clock when he began to read them to the Presbytery. Eight specific charges are made in the amended paper, instead of the two made in the original report of the Committee of Prosecution. The old charges were of a very general nature, and the numerous eifications under them brought out the points in which Dr. Briggs was alleged to err, which now appear in the main charges in new dress. The amended charges make a printed pamphlet of 36 pages, which contain many extracts from Prof. Briggs' inaugural and writings, and from the scriptures and the Westminster standards, which are alleged to contradict Prof. Briggs

Prof. Briggs now stands charged by the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America through the Committee of Prosecution with teaching:

The Charges as they Now Read.

That the reason is a countain of dvine authority which may and does savingly enlighten men, even such men as reject the Scriptures as the authoritative proclamation of the will of God and reject also the way of salvation through the mediation and sacrifice of the Son of God as revealed therein; which is contrary to the essential doctrine of the Holy Scripture and of the standards of the sald church, that the Holy Scripture is most necessary and the rule of faith and practice.

That the church is a fountain of distinct the church is a fountain of distinct. lighten men, even such men as reject the That the church is a fountain of divine

That the church is a fountain of divine authority which, apart from the Holy Scripture, may and does savingly enlighten men, which is contrary to the essential doctrine of the Holy Scriptures and or the standards of the said church, that the Holy Scripture is most necessary and the rule of the laith and practice.

That errors may have existed in the original text of the Holy Scripture as it came from its authors, which is contrary to the essential doctrine taught in the Holy Script.

essential doctrine taught in the Holy Script ure and in the standards of the said church that the Holy Scripture is the word of God written immediately inspired and the rule

Omniscience Is Even Denied.

That many of the Old Testament's predic tions have been reversed by history, and that the great body of Messianic prediction has not and cannot be fulfilled; which is contrary to the essential doctrine of the Holy Scripture and of the standards of the said church, that God is true, omniscient

said church, that god is true, omniscient and unchangeable.

That Moses is not the author of the Pentateuch; which is contrary to the direct statements of the Holy Scripture and to the essential standards of the said church, that the Holy Scripture are the Holy Scripture. the Holy Scripture evidences itself to the Word of God by the consent of all the parts, and that the infallible rule of the interpretation of Scripture is the Scripture itsel That Isaiah is not the author of half of the book that bears his name; which is con trary to direct statements of Holy Scripture

and to the essential doctrines of the standards of the said church that the Holy Scripture evidences itself to the word of God by the consent of all the parts and that the infallible rule of interpretation of Scripture is the Scripture itself.

That the processes of redemption extend to the world to come in the case of many who die in sin; which is contrary to the

who die in sin; which is contrary to the essential doctrine of Holy Scripture and the standards of the said church, that the processes of redemption are limited to this world.

world.

That sanctification is not complete at death; which is contrary to the essential doctrine of Holy Scripture and of the standards of said church that the souls of believers are at their death at once made perfect in boliness.

Adjournment of the Presbytery.

The paper concludes: The Presbyterian Church in the United States of America represented by the underprosecuting committee offers in evidence the whole of the said inaugural address, both the first and second editions and all the works of the said Rev. Charles A. Briggs, D. D., quoted therein, so far as they bear upon this case; also the appendix to the second edition of said address, and all the works of the said Rev. Charles A. Briggs, D. D. of the said Rev. Charles a Rriggs, D. D. works of the said Rev. Charles A. Brigges, D. D., quoted therein, in so far as they bear upon this case: the whole of the Holy Scriptures and the whole of the standards of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America.

Prof. Briggs followed the reading closely and smiled when the last clause was read. "I have prepared my answer on the old charges," he said, "and these are so

BRIGGS' TRIAL IS ON. essentially different that I shall need time to amend my answer."

to amend my answer."
Prof. Briggs said that in several points in charge No. 4 the general nature of the charges had been changed, contrary to the instructions of the General Assembly. The book of dicipline gives 10 days to an accused minister to prepare answers to charges against him, and the Presbytery voted to take a recess until Monday, November 28, at 2 P. M., when Prof. Briggs must be ready with his answer. Then the trial will go on continuously until con-cluded. Only members of the Presbytery Adjournment Until After Thanksgiving who were present to-day can vote when the time for decision comes.

THE LIFE OF PASTEUR.

The Great French Savant Is, on Occasion

Very Absent-Minded. Louis Pasteur, the great doctor, is a shortbuilt, thick-set man, considerably rounded at the shoulders, with a closely-trimmed gray beard, and habitually wears a profoundly preoccupied appearance. His sight is very poor, and he walks lamely, being semi-paralyzed on one side, but withal he possesses the traditional politeness of the Frenchman, and never loses his temper with the army of cranks and curio hunters who throng his laboratory almost

Early in life he straved away from the beaten track of medicine into the bypaths of chemical exploration, and first made himself known as an experimenter in molecules. Then he turned his attention successively to silk worm disease, chicken cholera and fermentation, all of which were wonderfully elucidated by his researches. He also enriched pathology with a new horror by discovering the true cause of splenic apoplexy, not content with which, he has also discovered a means of checking it. His system of inoculation against rables—upon which his fame will mainly rest—is too well known to need even passing mention here. In 1888 the Pasteur Institute for the treatment of hydrophobia was opened in Paris. Here he treats all who come free of charge. During the last three years he has treated no less than 3,835 persons bitten by mad dogs, and only 53 of his patients have died. His gigantic scheme to rid Australia of the plague of rabbits by spreading disease among them by inoculation has not been so successful, but he says that some of most important discoveries are vet to be given to the world if his life is prolonged for a few years more. He is a glutton for work, and after inoculating patients all day experiments upon rabbits during the better

He is naturally weighed down with decorations, and has sat in the chairs of five the Forty Immortals, being one of the few men of science without special literary claims who have ever been elected to the French Academy. He is protoundly absentminded, so much so that on the day of his marriage a search had to be made for him by his bride's relatives. He was finally discovered in one of the hospitals of Paris, and declared that he had forgotten all about

TO PLAY MUSICAL WHIST

A Detailed Description of the Latest Fad in Society Circles.

In these days when it is the fashion to understand and study whist, it is interesting to know that as a novelty for a bazaar the game has been introduced as "Musical Whist with Living Cards," says a writer in the Ladies' Home Journal.

Four players are seated upon raised

sents; a large, square cloth, on the floor or on a platform or stage, forms the card table. The cards are represented by persons in appropriate costumes, and the gowns for the court cards may be very original. The clubs usually wear gray and white, the emblems being in black velvet, and have crowns of silvergray and jet. Hearts wear a pretty shade of green, with white, and the emblenes are in red. Spades are in pink with black velvet emblems; diamonds in yellow with deep red. The parts af the smaller cards may be taken by children in gowns of cream-white and mob caps, the cards being indicated in large characters on the front of their dresses or they may carry an immense card, two feet in length, and hung over the shoulders, hanging in shield fashion in front, on which are the spots of the card, and a card should hang at the back also and display the nary kind of a card back. The cards enter to the music of a march and are preceded by two little pages clad in slashed satin suits, capes with ostrich tips, and carrying wands of silver. Shuffling, cutting and dealing are shown by a dance, and the cards then arrange themselves in front of their respective players. Each player indicates in turn the card to advance to the center, with musical accompaniment. The winning card of each trick leads the others to one corner of the square where they form in file, and so on closing up when six tricks are made on either side.

At the conclusion of the game the tricks of the winning side lead off in triumph those of the losing side.

DR. NANSEN'S POLAR SHIP.

The Vessel Is Constructed to Be a Rare Marvel of Solidity.

Dr. Nansen's polar ship has progressed so far in construction that one can now form some idea of its general outline, says Folkebladet, the leading paper in Christiania, Norway. The slanting sides strike the eye at once. Under the supposition that the vessel will be "screwed" by the ice, care has been taken that no projecting points or fia t surfaces exist. The peculiar design is based on the anticipation that all ice, when meeting the vessel, will be forced down under it, allowing it to be raised so much out of water. For the same reason the bottom of the vessel is covered with hard and smooth wood-greenheart, 3 to 6 inches thick. Inside, the vessel is provided with horizontal vertical and diagonal crossbeams, fastened by hundreds of iron and wooden joints, giving the impress of great solidity. The frame is mostly old Besides the outermost covering of greenheart, there are two oak skins. The vessel is provided with a steam engine of 160-horse power. It is rigged as a three-master schooner and will mainly rely on its

sails when in the fce. Its dimensions are:

The hull will be extremely heavy on account of the heavy material used in its construction, yet it is estimated that she will be able to carry 400 tons of coal and provisions, etc. Besides the smaller boats necessary for reconnoitering, etc., two large boats are being built, able to hold the whole crew of twelve men and provisions

If the polar currents are running as Nansen supposes, it seems reasonable to expect that his expedition will meet with cess. His vessel is certainly a marvel of

solidity.

Finest Caves in England.

The finest caves in England are those in Derbyshire, of which the Peak Cave at Castleton is noted for its grandeur. It is rather a succession of caves, and is situated at the extremity of a deep rocky gorge immediately beneath the Peak Castle. The entrance is a large archway in the cliff 42 feet high and 120 feet wide. A long hall or corridor runs for 100 vards into the mountsin, contracting as it proceeds into a mere gallery, and, when this is passed, another large cave is reached.

THE solid silver teaspoons at \$5 per set are the finest offered anywhere. Go to Steinmann's, 105 Federal street, for the best.

A NOTED DUKE DEAD.

Marlborough, of American Matrimonial Fame, Found a Corpse by

A SERVANT IN BLENHEIM PALACE.

The Enchess I oses the Mansion on Which

She Spent a Fortune.

NO CLEW TO THE PARIS DYNAMITERS

LONDON, Nov. 9 .- The Duke of Marlborough was found dead in bed at Blenheim Palace this morning. On Saturday the Duke was in London and then appeared to be enjoying good health. The Duke recently seemed to have been in better health

than usual. The Duke retired last evening, as usual, and when a servant went to his apartment this morning to assist in his toilet, the Duke made no response. The servant approached the bed and at once saw that the Duke was dead. A physician was promptly summoned, and an examination showed that the Duke had been dead for several hours. The cause of death has not yet

been ascertained. All summer he was working hard over a telephone scheme and other ventures in the city. He was the head of a new telephone company which was to revolutionize the existing system, but this company joined the Telephone Pool a few months ago

When the Duchess, formerly Mrs. Ham-mersley, of New York, returned to England after her marriage, she found Blenheim Palace in a most dilapidated condition. Even the locks on the doors and windows had to be replaced. All the expenses of repairing the place were met by the Duch ess, who spent enormous sums in this way.

All this is lost to her, as the palace becomes the property of the Duke's son, who has hitherto been known as the Marquis of

It is probable that when the new Duke takes up his residence at Blenheim Palace he will be accompanied by his mother with this event it will be seen the Duchess will have not even the satisfaction of living at the palace she has gone to so much expense to improve. It is believed that the city residence of the Duke will also pass to his

George Charles Spencer Churchill, Duke of Mariborough, Marquis of Blandford, Earl of Sunderland, Earl of Marlborough, Baron Spencer, of Wormleigh, and Baron Churchill, of Sandridge, all in England, Prince of the Holy Roman Empire, and Prince of Mindleheim, in Suabia, was born May 13, 1844. He served as a lieutenant in the Royal Horseguards. On November 8, 1869, he was married to Lady Albertha Frances Anne Hamilton, sixth daughter of James the First; Duke of Abercorn, and they have a son Charles Richard John, born November 13, 1871. This son now becomes Duke of Marlborough. They also have three daughters.

Lady Albertha secured a divorce from the Duke of Mariborough on her own petition, in 1883. He remained unmarried until June 29, 1888, when he was married by Mayor Hewitt, at the City Hall, New York, to Lilly Warren Hammersley, widow of Louis Hammersley, and daughter of Cicero Price, a Commodore in the United States Navy. Mrs. Hammersley was left a considerable fortune by her former husband, a portion of which was used to aid the Duke in refitting Blenheim House, and otherwise restoring his somewhat impaired condition. The late Duke was descended from the great English commander, John Churchill, whose military career is one of the most brilliant in British history, Blenheim house being named after his famous victory at Blen-

The motto borne by the Duke in his costof arms is, "Fiel Pero Desdichado," which translated means, "Faithful though unfor-

NO CLUE TO THE ANARCHISTS

Who Missed Blowing Up the Carmaux Offices, but Who Played Havoc at a o Paris Police Station-A Woman With

a Suspicious Package. PARIS, Nov. 9 .- Notwithstanding the denial of the Carmaux miners that they had anything to do with the infernal ma chine plot there are plenty of people who place the entire blame upon them. The more the affair is looked into the stronger grows the belief among unprejudiced people that the explosion was not the work of any of the miners themselves, but was due to some Anarchist sympathizer. Notwithstanding the extraordinary efforts of the police to discover a clue to the perpe-trator of the outrage they have not as yet

found the slightest bit of evidence.

It was first thought the wrecked police station would have to be torn down, and that course may be followed after experts pass an opinion upon the structure. Among the crowds of onlookers was a man who declared that the Anarchists were right in plowing up the bourgoise. He had hardly uttered the words before he found himself in the grasp of a gendarme, who locked him up. The Government has decided to prose

cute a number of militant Anarchists. M. de Frapper, a director of the Carman Mining Company, says that as he was leaving the offices of the company at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, he passed on the staircase a woman whose head was covered with a black woolen shawl. She was carrying an uncovered basket from which protruded a curiously shaped article wrapped. He took notice of the woman, for though she was poorly clad, she was going up the main staircase instead of the one devoted to the use of servants. The bomb was discovered five minutes afterward. It transpired that while the woman was entering the building man was observed walking to and fro out

44,000 PERSONS OUT OF WORK.

some of the Effects of the Great Spinners

Strike Beginning to Be Felt. MANCHESTER, Nov. 9.-The strike among the cotton operatives has thrown 44,000 persons out of employment. A proposal has been made on the Exchange to out on half time all the mills in North and Northwest Lancashire in order to assist the

Federation to fight the operatives.

Some of the weaving sheds at Burnley are now working on short time, while others are closed. The stock of yarns has become exhausted as a result of the strike.

Facts About Anchors.

The number of anchors in British ships of war varies according to the size of vessel and the character of the service intended. A large ironclad carries eight anchors, two "bowers," two "sheets," one "stream." one "stem" and two "kedges." Smaller vessels have fewer and smaller an chors; and the "stream" anchor of a large "bower," of a smaller, the difference be-tween "bower," "stem" and other anchors being rather in size than in design.

They Like Changes in Mexico. People who like frequent changes in government may find variety in Mexico. During the past 62 years that country has had 54 Presidents, one regency and one Em-peror—the unfortunate Maximilian. Nearly every change of government has been ef fected by violence.

An Earthquake in Japan. A recent earthquake in Japan disturbed the sea 75 miles from the shore and drenched the American barque Hesper with sea water which was very little below the boiling point. Some of the crew thought that Sa-tan's tea-kettle was just below them, boil-

RIVER STRIKE IN THE BALANCE. THE HOSPITAL FAIR.

A Few Miners Working, but Most of the Men Stand Firm-A Rise in the Water It Is Growing in Popularity and Is Considered Favorable to the Men-Some Attracting Attention.

MANY GUESTS AND GOOD EATING.

A Complete List of the Women Who are

Doing the Work.

THE ART DEPARTMENT IS PROFITABLE

pectation that the river operators would be forced to give in, as they want to get as much coal into the Southern markets as The Southside Hospital Fair in the old The outlook for a general break in the postoffice building was well attended vesteras the miners manifest a desire to stand firmly in their present position. Many of the operators took a brighter view of the situation and predicted an early resumpday. Meals were served to a very large number of guests, and the cuisine was the subject of many encomiums. The fair is evidently gaining in popularity every day, situation and predicted an early resump-tion of work at the reduced rate. Opinion is by no means a unit on the subject. The oper-ators firmly asserted that the strike would be broken before this, and as time passes without any change, their belief in their own opinions has been materially weak-ened. The rise in the river has allowed several empties to be brought from below the Davis Island dam. and there is every reason to believe that it will be the most successful affair of the kind ever held in this city. Among the notable sales yesterday was one of an oil painting for \$50, showing that the art gallery is a good as well as profitable feature of the fair. his will be 'Pittsburg Day' at the fair. The ladies in charge, with their aids, are as follows:

Several operators were seen vesterday, but they were inclined to say little on the Chairman, M. U. Hutchins; Secretary, Miss situation. All were hopeful of an early re-turn. Captain Posey said: "We will Gertrude Pinged. First United Presbyterian Church-Chair turn. Captain Posey said: "We will never have our boats loaded with coal except at the reduced rates. The man, Mrs. McHenry; Mrs. Robert Stevenson, Mrs. Berry, aids; Mrs. Gonsly, Mrs. J. M. Ross, Mrs. M. E. Pierce, Miss Jean Thompriver men went in with the determination to fight this strike out. We have both the son, Miss Amy Miller, Miss Margaret Steven-son, Miss Della McHenry, Miss Daisy railroads and mines to contend with, but are determined to win. I have no idea as

Third United Presbyterian Church-Chair Captain Bunton in discussing the situaman, Mrs. A. Smith; Mrs. Bulger, aid; Mrs. "There has been a slight gain on our side, Scott, Mrs. Percy F. Smith, Mrs. W. I. Sher aden, Mrs. M. W. Porter, Miss Della Floyd but the strike is still on. The expected but the strike is still on. The expected break this week may prove to be another unverified report. Little was done this morning outside of hearing the reports from the river mines." Miss Margery Allison, Miss Willa Mazet Miss Maggie Montgomery. Fourth United Presbyterian Church-

Farland.

Chairman, Mrs. M. Johnston. Grace Reformed Church—Chairman, Mrs. It is stated that while more water would W. A. Schribler; aids, Mrs. Conroy, Mrs. Moyer, Mrs. Ed Prugh, Mrs. Baker, Mrs. for their demands, the bad weather would also tend to induce the men to return to work, as they could find little work elsewhere and would be compelled to Gleffer, Miss Eleaner Schribler, Miss Laure Kleber, Miss Lamb.

First Congregational Church-Chairman Mrs. M. G. Edwards. Mt. Calvary Lutheran Church-Chairman nongahela Valley, and it is estimated that partial work is being done in ten of them. Mrs. Kircher; aids, Miss M. Johnston, Mrs ing to about half of their capacity: Green-field, Crombie, Briggs & Flint, Cedar Hill, John A. Woods & Son, Linnetts and

Joseph Weiler. First Lutheran-Chairman, Mrs. W. F Lang; aids, Mrs. J. Leman, Mrs. Will Black, Miss Goodwin, Miss Shaffer, Miss F. Fackiner, Miss L. Wattles. Universalist Church—Chairman, Mrs. Mc

Congregation Tree of Life - Chairman Mrs. K. Solomon Eighth Street Temple-Chairman, Mrs. C. Reuben; Mrs. M. Lahman, Mrs. Rosenbaum, nids; Misses R. DeRoy, C. Jackson, Lena Berganer, Minnie Joseph, Lillie Zug schmidt, Carrie Joseph, Birdle Likman, Lil

lie Likman. More of the Workers.

Second Avenue Presbyterian Church-Chairman, Mrs. William Morgan; aids, Mrs. T. C. Davis, Mrs. S. S. Ingram, Mrs. Dan Lewis, Mrs. Theo. Hall, Miss Nellie Jones. Fifth Avenue Baptist—Chairman, Mrs. E. Corde; aids, Mrs. M. Brown, Mrs. W. Verner, Mrs. Button, Mrs. A. Johnston.
Thirty-seventh Street Baptist—Chairman,

Thirty-seventh Street Baptist—Chairman, Mrs. T. H. Chapman.
Oakiand Baptist—Chairman, Mrs. R. Henell; aides, Mrs. R. C. Larkin, Mrs. L. S. Dewitt, Miss L. E. Johns, Miss F. A. Dewitt. Lawrenceville Presbyterian Church—Chairman, Nanie Gillespie.
Homestead Ladies—Chairman, Mrs. Dr. Giadden: aids, Mrs. B. Stenger, Mrs. W. H. Beazell, Mrs. H. A. McKee, Mrs. J. S. Irwin, Mrs. W. V. Supuey, Mrs. H. Manoth, Miss Stella Bossart, Mrs. John Gillen, Miss Nellie Russell, Mrs. Law McCune, Miss Zelda Frances, Miss Minnie Parry, Miss Jennie Guffey.

Frances, Miss Minnie Parry, Miss Jennie Guffey.

Eighth Street Reformed Presbyterian Church—Chairman, Mrs. L. R. Sloan; aids, Mrs. T. Boyd, Mrs. John Gibson, Mrs. Wm. Hill, Mrs. S. York, Mrs. Chas. Hasmer, Miss M. Sloan, Miss M. Hill.

Second Presbyterian Church—Chairman, Miss May Maple, King's Daughters of Second Presbyterian Church; aids, Miss Maud McLaid, Miss A. H. Daly, Miss Gertrude Courtney, Miss Elizabeth Evstee, Miss J. Bergen, Miss Kitty Howard, Miss M. Sockt, Miss Etta Beck, Miss Margaret Courtney, Miss Vita McCollough, Miss Cora Beck.

Third Presbyterian Church—Chairman, Mrs. C. L. Rose; aids, Miss E. Ritter, Mrs. J. C. Dicken, Mrs. L. M. Willock, Mrs. R. McClean, Mrs. De Bachly, Miss Clara Dicken, Miss Nottle Dicken, Miss Grace Rhoades.

Sixth Presbyterian Church—Chairman Miss Nettle Dicken, Miss Grace Rhoades.
Sixth Presbyterian Church—Chairmen,
Mrs. A. McCandless, Mrs. R. Petty: nids,
Mrs. J. C. Foster, Mrs. Will H. Brown, Miss
Helen Foster, Mrs. Doenlenger, Miss Sara
Chalmers, Miss Sophia McCallan, Miss Jen-

nie Cavin Eleventh United Presbyterian Church-Chairman, Mrs. M. Workman; aids. Mrs. Tope, Mrs. M. Giger, Miss Annie Taylor, Miss Katie Crommilier, Mrs. G. M. Millin.

Oakland Represented. Oakland United Presbyterian Church-Chairman, Mrs. M. Pierce. First Presbyterian Church-Chairman. Mrs. J. L. Smith; aids, Mrs. S. A. Rankin, Mrs. J. Scott, Mrs. R. P. Houston, Miss T. Westerveil, Miss F. Giffin, Miss B. Ewart, Miss L. Cluley, Miss C. Ulmer. Fifth Presbyterian Church—Chairman, Fifth Presbyterian Church-Chairman Mrs. Watson. Seventh United Presbyterian Church-

Seventh United Presbyterian Church—Chairmen, Mrs. Hamilton: Mrs. Zahniemie. Eighth United Presbyterian Church—Chairman, Mrs. D. Luty: aids, Mrs. J. M. Wallace, Mrs. Brady, Miss Bertha Wallace, Mrs. Musser, Miss Mary Troop, Mrs. Bayfield, Miss L. Graff, Mrs. Inorgan.
St. Andrew's—Chairman, Mrs. Crosby: aids, Mrs. Whitesides, Mrs. Martin, Miss Kearney, Mrs. Croe.
St. Peter's—Chairman, Mrs. McMartees; aids, Mrs. W. H. House, Mrs. J. A. House, Miss Kate Smith. Miss Kate Smith.

Trinity Church—Chairman, Miss Hoag; aids, Misses—unlevy, Miss Ford, Miss Hall, Miss Siagel, Miss McCandless, Miss Ford, Miss Benson.

Miss Benson.
Christ M. E. Church—Chairman, Mrs. G. F.
Bushileld; aids, Mrs. A. H. Norcross, Mrs.
Liaford Smith, Mrs. Will Shepard, Mrs.
George T. Lewis, Mrs. W. Earsman, Miss
Nellie Bates, Miss Lou Hubley, Mrs. Sam Hubley. Some Active Spirits.

Smithfield M. E .- Chairman, Mrs. E. J. Harrison: aids, Mrs. Sterting, Mrs. Crawford, Mrs. Hemerly, Mrs. McCastin, Mrs. Youngson, Mrs. Womclaorff, Miss Lidia Brickel,
Miss Ella Youngson, Miss Dickson, Mrs.
Jack, Mrs. Lerick.

First M. E. Church—Chairman, Mrs. Miller:
aids, Mrs. Daritt, Mrs. Boss, Mrs. McLoy,
Mrs. Gibson Miller, Mrs. Boss, Mrs. McLoy,
Mrs. Gibson Miller, Mrs. Ben Moore, Miss
Nettle Armstrong,
West End M. E. Church—Chairman, Miss
J. A. Wood: aids, Mrs. J. Bly, Mrs. T. Fording, Miss L. Powelson, Miss Ida Powelson.
Oakland M. E. Church—Chairman, Mrs. T.
C. Perrine: aids, Mrs. Lawrence, Mrs. I. N.
Bunton, Miss Lillies Smythe, Miss B. Little,
Miss Lillian Moreland, Miss Lizzie Dawson,
Miss Ailco Lawrence.

Fourth Avenue Baptist Church—Chairman, Mrs. H. W. Stnckler: aids, Mrs. M. S.
King, Mrs. J. H. Stauff, Mrs. W. Badger, Miss
L. McMahon, Miss Carrie Chambers, Miss
Edith Page. Mrs. Hemerly, Mrs. McCastin, Mrs. Young

Rest After Meals Is Necessary

Dr. Carter, of Birmingham, England, delivering an address on brain work and brain workers, called special attention to the danger of working too soon after meals. At least half an hour should clapse before exerting the brain. An hour's close attention to one subject was as much as could profitably be given at a sitting. He strongly deprecated the use of sedative draughts by brain workers who could not

Advised a Compromise. Frank Luckart, a street car conductor, yesterday afternoon charged John Reilly, an Allegheny policeman, with assault and battery. Luckart claims Reilly boarded his car on the night of November 2 and struck him in the face. Reilly avers that Luckart insulted him. Alderman Mc-Kenna advised that the case be compromised and reserved decision.

Killed by a Crane,

Thomas Evans, aged 40 years, was killed while at work in the foundry department of the American Iron Works vesterday afternoon. He was helping to run a crane when the latter fell over on him, crushing the life out of him instantly. The crane weighed three tons. The deceased lived at 53 South Twenty-seventh street, where he leaves a Sardinia. They are almost all in the fertile districts, and are built is groups which are separated from one another by wide and generally barren places.

DYNAMITED THE HOUSE.

An Attempt to Blow Up a Non-Union Boarding House at Sharpsburg-Many Windows Smashed In-The Landlady Badly Shocked.

About 3 o'clock yesterday morning a dynamite bomb was exploded on the window sill of Mrs. Elizabeth Marley's boarding house at Sharpsburg. Mrs. Marley was lying in bed near the window when the explosion occurred, and was shocked into insensibility. Her son Peter, who was sleeping in a room on the second floor, was awakened by the explosion, but supposed it to be the report of a cannon cracker. A few minutes later he heard his mother calling him, and on going to her room found her in a dazed state. The window sash and glass were scattered about the room, severa ceiling, and the floor was covered with de-bris. The window sill, which had been of four-inch pine, had been crushed into two pieces, the first row of brick under the sill had been blown into fragments, and all the glass in the win-dows on that side of the building had been

broken. Mrs. Marley keeps four non-union boarders. The theory that the bomb was ex-ploded by strikers is not believed by the

citizens of Sharpsburg.
Mrs. Marley said last evening: "I think the bomb was exploded by my husband, Landon Marley. He is a puddler, and has several times threatened to kill me. About a year ago he attempted to cut my throat with a razor. Last March, while living at Etna, I left him and have not lived with him since. He lives and works in Sharpsburg, and sometimes enters my house. One night a short time ago I was awakened and found him bending over my bed with a lighted lamp in his hand. At 5 o'clock yesterday morning he came, asked me what had happened and if I suspected anybody."

A RELIC OF THE WAR

The White Towel General Lee Used as a Truce Flag at Appoinattox. Chicago Herald.]

One of the most interesting relics of the late civil war is the piece of white toweling that was used as the flag of truce when the Confederate army surrendered to General Grant at Appomattox. It is owned in this city by General E. W. Whitaker, who was a member of General Custer's staff, and who received it from Captain Sims, of Longstreet's staff, on the morning of April 9, 1865. General Whitaker has treasured it during all these years. He was induced to part with a portion of it several years ago, when he gave half of it to his old com-mander, the late General Custer. Mrs. Custer afterward gave the fragment to the museum at West Point. On the small piece of toweling appears the following statement sworn to by General Whitaker

before a notary public:
"This is a piece of the cloth cut from the identical flag of truce which was used under orders of General R. E. Lee to ask a cessation of hostilities of the Federal army at S o'clock A. M., April 9, 1865, at Appomat-tox Courthouse, Va. This flag of truce, a large white towel, was in the hands of Captain Sims, of Longstreet's staff, when he met Custer's cavalry charge. It was used by me in the rebel lines at the request of Generals Longstreet and Gordon nounce the surrender of Lee to the infantry line of battle and also the cavalry.'

A Serious Political Argument. Herman Kauffield is in the Twenty-eighth ward station charged with assaulting J. Heinrich, son of ex-Alderman Heinrich, During a political argument Kauffield pushed Heinrich off the pavement. The latter struck his head on the curbstone in falling, and was seriously injured.

A Boy's Hand Ground Off. James Martin, an 18-year-old boy, had his left hand ground off in the machinery of steam shovel about 10 o'clock Tuesday morning. He was employed by Booth & Flinn at Forbes street and Woodland avenne. The boy was taken to his home at 4556 Penn avenue.

Amputated His Hand.

While cleaning out a ear on the Penning Andrew Tars sustained such a severe injury to his hand that on his arrival at the West Penn Hospital the injured member

The difference in women. Some women are tireless in their home work. Some are tireless in their work for the church. They laugh, they sing, and are happy.

You remain at home brokenhearted, for you are utterly unable to make any effort whatever.

The horror of "Female Complaints" is upon you; you have that distressing "bearing-down" feeling, your back aches, you are nervous and despondent, don't care to move, want to be left alone, your digestion is bad, and you are wholly prostrated.

Ah! dear sister, don't you know that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will reach the cause of all this trouble, and you will

surely be well. Don't hesitate. Get the remedy at once. It will cure you sure.

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CURES HEADACHE. CURES HEADACHE.

HEADACHE.

Miss Loytic Carson of saranae, Mich., writes:—"I have been troubled with a ferrible headache for about two years and could not get anything to help me, but at inst a friend advised me to take your Burnock Blood Bittens, which I did, and after taking two notics I have not had the headache since." TISSU

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This department offers to-day the following extra values, which you should inquire for at once. This is weather that will make a demand for Flannels, and bargains will fly:

White Domet Flannels, excellent quality, at 6c and 8c a vard.

Heavy Scotch Flannels, in checks and stripes, 30c quality, at 18c a yard.

Heavy Twilled Medicated All-Wool Flannels, 25c quality, at 20c a yard. Good All-Wool, Soft-Finish Country Flan-

nels, regular 30c quality, at 22c a yard. All-Wool, Winter-Weight Country Flannels, including Dress Styles, 40c quality,

Best Printed French Flannels, regular 75e quality, good styles, at 60e a yard.

at 35e a vard.

Our best quality (regular price 75e) Eider-

Beautiful Silk Warp Flannels, extra fine and wide, best goods made, new \$1 a yard.

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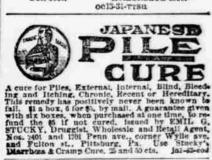
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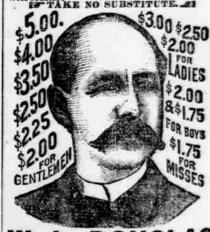
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ever soid at the price. Equals custom made shoes ever soid at the price. Equals custom made shoes costing from \$4 to \$5.

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Winter