THE ONLY REASON Pittsburg Dispatch. THE ONLY REASON The For the continued increase of THE For the continued increase of THE **DISPATCH** adlets is that they give **DISPATCH** adlets is that they give satisfactory returns. sa tisfactory returns. PITTSBURG, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4 1892-TWELVE PAGES. FORTY SEVENTH YEAR. York goes Democratic; \$25 to \$25 that Bynum is elected by 1,500 majority; \$10 to \$50 that Chase is elected; \$500 even that Harrison has a majority in the electoral college; \$100 to \$75 that you cany a me three Northern States that Cleve and carries Indiana. The is a state of the second college to \$400, or any participation of the elected; \$500 to \$400, or any participation of the second carries Indiana. The is a stated is a state of the second carries indiana. The is a state of the second carries indiana. The is a state of the second carries indiana the second carries indiana. The is a state of the second carries indiana the second carries indiana. The second carries indiana the second c Jersey City. That will wind up the cam-paign in the Applejack State. The grand stand on which Mr. Cleveland to get work. We have not as much money THE ODDS SHIFTING, FEDERAL LAW INTENSE JOHN DAVENPORT as we need to run our department, and we hired these men to work for us for their The grand stand on which Mr. Cleveland will review the business men's parade Satur-day afternoon was erected in Madison square to-day. The stand will hold about 800 persons. This parade will close the fight in the Empire State. The Irish Anti-Cleveland League dis-bands to-day, saying Cleveland would be safer than a Republican President. board and clothing." Tammany Hastens to the Rescue. CHECKING FRAUD. As soon as the news that John I. Daven-Harrison Is Now as Often a On the Leaders at Both Naport had secured the arrest and indictment in the United States Court of Commission **Favorite** as Cleveland tional Headquarters in ers Sheehy and Simmons was flashed to Tamin New York. many Hall, Richard Croker sent a hurry These Late Days of call for a meeting of the Committee of Thirty to be held at 5 o'clock P. M. The He Has Two of New York's EGAN ANSWERS CALUMNIES. district leaders responded with alacrity. and were soon in earnest consultation with **Charity** Commissioners He Writes From His Old Lincoln Home VERY FEW BIG OFFERS. THIS PECULIAR CAMPAIGN. BEAVER FALLS IN A PANIC. Letter to the Republican State Commit-tee-His Nationality Defended Against their chief regarding this last move of the Arrested and Held Six Fires in One Day, and All Probably Republicans and the necessity to checkmate Mugwumps and Democrats. Hoffman House Guests Object to the Incendiary\_The \$25,000 Ax Works in Every Hour Bringing Its Petty it. The result of the conference was that LINCOLN, NER, Nov. 3.-Ministe, Ashes-Pitlar's Notion Store Destroyed the following resolution, introduced by Mr. Gambling There. Annoyances and Burdens. Egan, for many years a resident of Lincoln, to-day sent the following letter from New York to the Republican State -Some Smaller Blazes. FOR A TRIAL AT COURT Croker, was unanimously adopted: BEAVER FALLS, Nov. 3. -[Special.]-At WHEREAS, Citizens have been arbitrarily arrested at the instance of John I. Daven-port, with a view to intimidating them and :30 o'clock this evening fire broke out in HEAVY WAGER AT PHILADELPHIA. TWO STATES THE BATTLEGROUND. Committee, in which he says: the paintroom of the American Ax and port, with a view to intimidating them and thus prevent the free exercise of the right of franchise in this city and, Whereas, Thousands of other arrests for the like unlawful purpose art threatened, and especially on the day of election; now, with a view to protecting all qualified citi-zens in their right to cast their ballots on the ensuing election day, to prevent further unlawful interference be it, When, in 1889, I had the honor to be named. United States Minister to Chile, the entire mugwump and the very large pro-British section of the entire Democratic press foully and faisely assalled me and assalled Persident and the deminic Charged With Securing Wholesale Tool Company's works in this city. After a stubborn fight by the fire department the The Duke of Gloucester Puts Up Thousands Fraudulent Registration. New York and Indiana as Important Facpaint shop and about a third of the hammer and forge shop were burned. Water was scarce and the fire was in bad shape to on the Ix-President. tors as Ever. was scarce and the new was in bad snape to handle. Superintendent Charles W. Hub-bard estimates the loss at \$25,000. The company will resume, rebuilding the dam-aged portion at once. A gas jet burning too close to the walls of the paintroom is supposed to have caused the fire. The loss is covered by in-President Harrison and his adminis They Are Accused of Getting the HOW THE BETTING GOES IN INDIANA REPUBLICAN HOPES THE HIGHEST Names of a Lot of Randall's Island Police Enough to Be Called Out. Paupers on the Poll Lists-Arraigned Resolved, That a committee of five be ap-pointed to wait upon the Board of Police of IFFECTAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.

Before a United States Commissioner and Bailed in \$5,000 Each-How the Arrests Were Made-Tammany at Once Defles the Supervisor and His Forces-Police in Hordes Called for to Buildoza United States Officers at the Polls-Threats of Indictment of Federal Officials by a New York Grand Jury-The New York Democracy Up in Arms.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) NEW YORK, Nov. 3.-John L Davenport to-day brought about the arrest of Commissioners of Charities and Correction Charles E. Simmons and Edward C. Sheehy. The United States grand jury to-day indicted 58 men, whom they termed "patients" on Randall's Island, for false registration. Thereupon United States District Attorney Edward Mitchell made affidavit before ' Commissioner Shields, charging Commissioners Simmons and Sheehy with having procured the false registration of 27 of these "patients."

"It was about time we took some steps," said Commissioner Gilroy after the meet-ing. "We have stood this sort of inter-ference with our elections long enough. Full information as to the proceedings of John L Davenport and his plans for elec-tion day was placed yesterday in the hands of the Democratic National Committee from an authoritative source. The most important fact disclosed is that Davenport has his plans all laid to get out some 6,000 warrants for election day. Four years are Commissioner Shields issued warrants for the arrest of the two commissioners. A de-puty started out to find them. Shortly after noon Commissioner Shields met Commissioner Sheehy in the corridor of the postoffice building. "Hello, Commissioner," said Shields.

"Hello, Commissioner," said Sheehy.

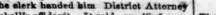
"By the way, Commissioner, I've just issued warrants for the arrest of yourself and Simmons," said Shields.

"Is that so?" asked Sheehy, with serious face. "What's the trouble?" Charged With Illegal Registration,

"District Attorney Mitchell charges you both with procuring the illegal registration of some men on Randall's Island." "I'll go right up stairs with you, Com

missioner. I'll telephone for Simmons." They went up to Commissioner Shields' office, where Mr. Sheehy telephoned to Commissioner Simmons to come down at once with a bondsman.

"May I see the complaint?" Commissioner Sheehy asked. The elerk handed him District Attorney



section of the entire Democratic press touly and faisely assalled me and assalled President Harrison and his adminis-tration for having appointed me, and for no other reason than because I was an Irishman who dared to be independent. When, last year, in con-formity with my duty and with the full ap-proval of my Government, I was engaged in protecting American honor and dignity for no content with all this, a Mr. Wayne MacVeagh, the business partner of Grover Cleveland, was put forward a few days ago at a great Democratic meeting in Cooper Union, and, as reported in the Democratic press, amid the biod content with all this, a Mr. Wayne MacVeagh, the business partner of Grover claveland, was put forward a few days ago at a great Democratic meeting in Cooper Union, and, as reported in the Democratic press, amid the biond cheers of his audience, he dared to asadiers about the Irish Land Leagne funds, and to stigmatize me as a fugitive from oriminal justice. If I were an American born, or had I been born in Sweden, Bel-gium, Germany, France, or in fact, any-wumps and Democratis would never dare to asadi me in this manner. Motong, iet me ask will Irishmen allow to be heaved upon them from those dur-tion dengen dowing words of Presi-dent Harrison, though he has given the concentrated loyalty of his honest heart is ported in subject to every loyal Irish. American, who, in the glowing words of Presi-dent Harrison, though he has given the concentrated loyalty of his honest heart is heativity, to consider dispassionately hash't forgotten enough to forget the land y these pain, simple facis before be casts his ballot on Tuesday next. I do most will how how to punish those who have wantonly insulted the honor of their race, mothey will vote for the re-election of president Harrison and for the Republican ticket. Sincerely your, men cannot do anything else but impress their confidence in the result, not only upon more. their repective followings, but on their personal friends and neighbors. That is The outsider must, however, record that there was detected to-day in certain quarters a feeling of anxiety in both camps. Possibly that is too strong's term to be used. Nevertheless, there was a feeling on the part of all that the quicker the battle is over the happier and more comfortable the campaigners will be. The strain on them is intense. Even though they frankly declare their confidence in the result, every elect Reid. PATRICK EGAN. TO DOWN THE AMALGAMATED Is Said to Be the Object of a System Plan of Campaign Among Employers-The War on the Organization to Be Renewed With Vigor Next Year. ZANESVILLE, Nov. 3.-[Special.]-The

esumption of work at the mills of the Ohio Iron Company last night was not entire and was not reported as such by any member of the company. The non-union men' in the works are operating one furbace and the bar mill. The members of the Amalgamated Association are still negotiating with the managers of the plant with the hope of an adjustment of the difficulties, but there is little prospect of a settlement. An official of the Amalgamated stated to-

day that if the Carnegie mills at Beaver Falls should start with the association men still out it would have a disastrous effect on the organization in this State as well as in Pennsylvania. We said the Homestead fight was lost long ago so far as any possible advantage remaining to be won by the asso-

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- Politics was preerred to trading on all exchanges to-day. surance in Pittsburg and Eastern companies. This made the fourth fire in Besver Falls The members of the New York Stock Exwithin 24 hours—two last night at the re-pair shops of the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad and two dwelling houses. The early fires were incendiary. To-night's developments leave no room for doubt that the city is infested with fire-burgs and non-line surghanism to side change led in the betting, although bets were frequently made on the other ex-changes. George Wheelock, the mysteri-ous customer of Theodore W. Myers & Ca., placed \$30,000 with that firm to be bet on Harrison. That makes \$55,000 placed by bugs and popular apprehension to-night amounts almost to a panic. While the ruins of the \$25,000 fire in the afternoon him altogether. He says he has \$8,000 Ten thousand dollars of yesterday's \$30,000, it was said, was taken by H. H. Hart, the wealthy Secretary of the Stock Exchange Cleveland Club. A. Robertson, a speculator in Philadelphia and Reading,

bet a broker named Dominick \$1,000 even that Harrison would not be the next President. He also bet a like sum with J. H. Sterling that Harrison and Reid would not be elected. That bet is supposed to be favorable to Mr. Robertson, on the supposition that the election might be made by Congress. In which case the Democratic House would elect Cleve-land, while the Republican Senate would

#### Some of the Odds on Harrison

J. H. Sterling bet \$100 to \$90 on Harrison. J. H. Sterling bet \$100 to \$90 on Harrison. James Whiteley made a bet of \$3,000 even with W. H. Granberg, the former taking Harrison. Mr. Granberg also bet \$1,000 on Cleveland with Lowengard & Stern, and a like amount with a broker named Thompson. Arthur Hunter bet Edward Wasserman \$1,000 on Cleveland. E. C. Randolph bet \$2,000 on Cleveland. E. C. Randolph bet \$2,000 on Cleveland with a customer of Clark, Ward & Ca. Daniel Chauncey made a bet of \$1,000 to \$600 on Cleveland carrying New York State. Plunger Atwood bet a Philadelphia broker \$300 to \$200 on Harrison. The betting on the Exchange was even on

The betting on the Exchange was even on general results all day, with the exception

small, although the excitement was gen-eral. At the Consolidated Exchange Will-

No More Betting at the Hoffman

supply of fresh air. No attempt was made to use her own propelling apparatus. She was five days overdue, and Prof. Baker, who was awaiting her arrival in this city, was nearly frantic with anxiety. The boat, which was built in Detroit and originally intended for the torpedo service, will send a water pressure at 80 to 100 feet under the surface. Her motive power is electricity. She will remain here during the winter. The Hoffman House will not take any more bets, the guesis complaining that the newspapers published the bets made there, and they did not like the ides of the hotel

He Doesn't Believe Anybody Will Oppose Them Seriously. The Idea That the United States Is a

Foreign and Not a Paternal Government He Emphatically Deplores-State and Municipal Officers Sure to Get Into Trouble if They Run Up Against Uncle Sam-Marshals and Supervisors Can Go Any Place Around the Polls Where Their Duty Calls Them-General Tom Ewing Denounces Such an Interpretation of the Law.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3 .- Acting Attos ney General Aldrich to-day made an important statement with reference to the authority of United States deputy marshals to supervise elections, in which he announces that all persons who attempt to interfere with those officers bring themselves within the scope of the criminal statutes of the United States regardless of whether or not they act under any State or municipal statute. His statement is as follows:

The attention of the Department of Justice has been called to certain alleged instructions to the police and State officers n Alabama, Arkansas and New York, with reference to their conduct toward such leputy United States marshals as may be in attendance at the polling places. Such instructions bring their authors and all persons attempting to carry them into effect within the provisions of sections 5,518 and 5,522 of the criminal statutes of the United States, which are as follows:

#### The Law Not a Bit Obscure.

"Section 5,518-If two or more persons in any State or Territory conspire to prevent by force, intimidation or threat any person from accepting or holding any office, trust, or place of confidence under the United States, or from discharging any duties thereof; or to induce by like means any officer of the United States to leave any State, district, or place where his duties as an officer are required to be performed, or to injure him in his person or property on account of his lawful discharge of the duties of his office, or while engaged in the lawful discharge thereof, or to injure his property so as to molest, interrupt, hinder, or impede him in the discharge of his official duties, each of such persons shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000, or by imprisonment with or without hard labor not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000, or by imprisonment with or without hard labor not less than \$500 nor more than as ix years, or by both such fine and imprison-ment. "Section 5,522-Every person, whether with or without authority, power, or process, of any State, Territory or municipality, who obstructs, hinder, assaults, or by bribery, solicitation or otherwise interferes with or required to be performed, or to injure him surface, and was raised once every two hours to assist those on board to obtain a supply of fresh air. No attempt was made

hour brings its petty annoyances, its re-ports that must be looked into, and the shifting hours pass slowly along. Pluck That Must Be Admired. The pluck of the opposing com-manders cannot but be admired. Good and had news is the same to them now. They accept the former philosophically and wearily discuss the latter. The situation in New York State and in Indiana was of course the foremost subject. The weather forecasts for the two States were obtained from Washington and elsewhere. It is an eld belief in the politics of New York State that

the fairer the day in the country districts the better it will be for the Republicans. Chairman Carter has accepted this interpretation. He said to-day that unless there was a nurricane up the State on election day the result could be very easily reckoned. But there have been campaigns in the State, and important ones, when the country voters took advantage of a fair election day, either to finish up odd chores or go picknicking. As for Indiana, the weather in that State has had very little to do with the outcome of political battles. Every boy baby born in the State is partisan from the cradie.

distion is cor

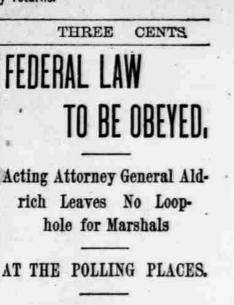
ruins of the \$25,000 fire in the afternoon were still burning an alarm was given at 9 o'clock for another fire. This was in Pitlar's notion store. The bui ding and its contents were destroyed. Louis Hahn's butcher shop and Frank May's dwelling, ad-joining, were badly damaged. Loss, \$5,000. At 9:35 there was another alarm. The stable of a Mr. Remler, in a thickly settled section of the city, had been fired by the incendiaries close to the passenger station of the Pittaburg and Lake Erie Railroad. The incendiaries were seen running away

of the Pittaburg and Lake Erie Railroad. The incendiaries were seen running away from the barn as the flames broke out. This was the sixth fire of the day. These in-condiary fires are not charged to the idle strikers, as one theory is that the incendi-aries, who are burning in hopes of getting plunder, are taking advantage of the situa-tion to throw suspicion upon the large number of idle millmen in town.

the heavy gale of last Friday night when the C. W. Gilcher is supposed to have been foundered. The boat weathered the storm of a few small bets. On the Produce Exchange the bets were by being lowered about ten feet below the

iam Lewis bet \$200 on Cleveland's election. About \$800 was placed by Cleveland men in Chairman Peters' hands against an equal amount of Harrison money. The odds on the State were \$100 to \$70 in favor of Cleve-

AT THE POLLING PLACES.



Mitchell's affidavit. It said, on "informa tion and belief," Charles E. Simmons and Edward C. Sheehy were "at the times hereafter mentioned and now are two of the commissioners of the Department of Public Charities of the city of New York; said department, under laws of the State of New York and the commissioners thereof, possesses and exercises full and exclusive now res for the Government management maintenance and direction of the hospital at Randall's Island, in the city of New York, which is in the Third election district of the Twenty-seventh Assembly district of New York City.

### Patients at Public Expense.

"Heretofore, and prior to the time of this complaint, the persons below named were and still are kept at said hospital at Randall's Island as patients at public expense, said hospital being a place in which no person who is kept at public expense can gain a residence for the purpose of voting, as is provided in section 3 of article 2 of the Constitution of the State of New York. Said bospital is an asylum within the meaning of said provision of the Constitution. Prior to the 13th day of October, 1892, the names of the said persons so kept at public expense at the Randall Island Hospital were entered in a book kept at said hospital and entitled, 'Record of Patients,' but their names were not on any payroll or payroll book.

### Placed on the Island's Payroll.

"On October 13, 1892, the said Charles F. Simmons and Edward C. Sheehy, together with Henry H. Porter, sitting as a Board of Commissioners of said department, adopted this order:

Ordered, that the payroll and payroll book at each institution shall contain the names of all employes whose compensation is board and clothing as well as those receiving salary and board.

"The said patients of Randall's Island hospital above named, so kept at public expense, were thereupon, in pursuance of the order above mentioned, put on the pay roll of the said department at Randall's Island. On various days thereafter said patients were given passes permitting them to leave said hospital on Randall's Island and to visit the city of New York, and said passes were given in the exercise of the powers of the said Commissioners of the said Department of Public Charities and Correction referred to."

### The Sources of the Informatio

Mr. Mitchell goes on to say that the patients named registered as voters while in the city on leave, and had no lawful right to do so, and have been indicted for it, and that the Commissioners are to blame therefor. He then gave the names of the various patients who have been indicted. He says that the surgeon of the hospital and the records are the sources of his information.

Commissioner Simmons arrived at 2 o'clock with John McQuade, of 1328 Lexington avenue, and the complaint was read to him. The two Commissioners were then arraigned before Commissioner Shields, on the charge of having procured and advised 27 men to register draudulently. They pleaded not guilty and waived examination. They were put under \$5,000 bail. Mr. Mo-Quade signed the papers, and everybody shook everybody else's hand, and the Com missioners of Charities and Correction left the building.

Commissioner Sheehy said: "None of the men whose names we ordered to be put on the payroll were committed to the Island by the courts or by us. They are men who were in hard luck and came to us he Democratic State Con Interference Will Be Brooked.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Nov. 3 .- The Democratic State Committee has issued to Arkansas election officers a circular defining the rights of United States supervisors and deputy marshals at elections, which, after a clear exposition of those rights and duties, continues: It is said that United States deput

the city of New York and demand that such instructions be given to police officers as

will insure the free exercise of the right of

franchise on Tuesday next; also to request

the sheriff of the city and county of New York to qualify a sufficient number of spe-cial deputies to attend at all the polling places in this city on that day, in order that the right of franchise may be insured to all citizens, and that peace and order may be mainteined.

Further, That said committee should like-wise wait upon the district attorney of the city and county of New York, and confer with him as to violations of the law of this

State by those who have been concerned in such arrests, and to make of him the request that the same be presented for action to the

The committee appointed by Chairman Gilroy under the provisions of the resolu-

tions are all lawyers. They were armed with copies of the resolutions to-night, and

with copies of the resolutions to-night, and started out on their mission at once. There will probably be quite as many special dep-uty sheriffs at the polling places next Tues-day as United States marshals and any in-terference with the right of a voter on the part of the marshals will be followed by

Gilroy Says Patience Is Played Out.

"It was about time we took some steps,

warrants for election day. Four years ago he had less than 1,400 warrants out, and the

he had less than 1,400 warrants out, and the result was practically nothing at all. The Democratic organization of the city of New York is fully alive to the situation. It has met Davenport before, and rendered his schemes abortive, and the National Committee has full confidence that it will decount this press. The Daven

it will do so again this year. The Demo-crats know very well that bluff is Daven-

port's only play, and measures will be taken to see that he does not refuse good bail this

year for the few men he expects to arrest out of his 6,000. Five well-known lawyers

have written him a letter, giving the names and : ddresses of four prominent and wealth, men whom they will offer as bonds-men for all arrested voters who may be en-

DEFIANCE IN ARKANSAS.

grand jury.

ummary arrest.

titled to bail."

marshals will be appointed at the variou precincts in this State and take charge o he elections. There is no authority in the Federal statutes which authorizes this ex

Federal statutes which authorizes this ex-cept in cities of 20,000 or more inhabitants. Hence the only place in Arkansas where deputy marshals can be ap-pointed is in the city of Little Rock, it being the only city in the State with as many as 20 000 inhabitants. Therefore, if any deputy United States marshals should be appointed anywhere except in Little Rock it would be without authority of law, Rock it would be without authority of law, and it will be the duty of peace officers of the county to uphold and main-tain the State law in keeping the peace at the voting precincts, and a deputy marshal can exercise no more authority at the election precinct or voting place than any other citizen. If they should undertake to take charge of the vot-ing mention both or strengt of the votshould undertage to take charge of the vol-ing precinct or booth, or attempt officially to do anything in controlling or influencing the election. or violate in any manner the State statutes, they should be arrested by the Sheriff, whose duty is is to preserve the peace at the election precincts and see that a fair expression of the will of the people is had.

had. In the exercise of the duties and functions which the isw, both State and Federal, im-poses upon you, the greatest caution should be preserved to do nothing rashly or outside of the inw, and special care should be taken to prevent any disturbance or breach of the peace. At the same time no wilful violation of the law by parties acting under the as-sumed authority of the United State Mar-chal should be tolerated.

# shal should be tolerated.

### VOORHEES ISSUES A DENIAL Of the Statement That He Has Given Up th

Fight. TERRE HAUTE, IND., Nov. 3 .- Senator

Voorhees authorizes a denial of a dispatch from Washington, Ind., to the effect that in conversation with ex-Congressman O'Neill there he was heard to say: "There is no use in denying the fact. We are surely defeated, but we must keep up a bold front to prevent a Waterloo." Senator Voorhees sends this statement to

Senator voornees senas this statement to the Associated Press: "There is absolutely no truth in the publication, and I can hardly conceive of a more ridiculous un-truth. As a matter of fact, I was never so confident that the Democrats will carry Indiana as I am now."

### PROSECUTED FOR BRIBERY.

### A Hoosier Democrat Says He Was Hired to Go Hunting on Tuesday.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 3.-[Special]-Federal marshals will be appointed for the election in Indianapolis, and probably in Ft. Wayne and Terre Haute. Legal proceedings were begun to-day in Shelbyville ceenings were begun to-day in Sneloyville against seven prominent Republicans for raising \$10 and giving it to a Democrat, John Sweeney, to get him to go hunting on election day. Sweeney made affidavit to

The new bribery law gives a voter right to recover \$300 against defendants. This provision of the law is preventing much of this sort of thing.

# A WAIL FROM INDIANA.

The Democratic Chairman Calls tor Hustling to Save the State.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 3.-[Special]-"Hustle for God's sake, or we are lost." This startling sentence ends a circular,

50,000 of which were sent out to Democrats all over Indiana to-day by Chairman Tag-gart, of the Democratic State Committee. The circular warus Democrats that it will require their very best efforts to prevent the State from going for Harrison.

for Harris Worried by Elkins and Mahon

The Democratic national managers do not propose to have Hon. S. R. Elkins run things to suit himself in West Virginia, and neither do they propose to allow Gen-eral Mahone to have a clear track in Virginia. Senator Gorman summoned two of his faithful friends to come to New York City for the purpose of receiving special missions. They were Hon. Eugene Higgins, of Baltimore, and Hon. Freeman Rasin, of the State of Maryland. Mr. Higgins is the gentleman who was appoint-ment clerk of the Treasury Department under Cleveland. He was fired out for decani tating Republicans with dispatch but with out grace or ease. Mr. Higgins will at tempt to make things lively for General Mahone in the Old Dominion, and Mr. Rasin for Secretary Elkins in West Virginia, if the programme of the Democrati carried out

Er-Governor Gray sent word to-day that Indiana was safe beyond dispute for Mr. Cleveland, and J. N. Huston sent word that

NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- On no day during

the campaign were the scenes at the two

national camps more interesting than to-

day. That both sides are confident of vic-

tory expresses freely the outward bearing

the flag flying on both forts until positive

defeat hauls one or the other down. These

politics.

these men. Naturally, they will keep

Speaking of the fight in West Virginia. the conversation of a citizen of that State to-day will be more or less interesting. He is a Democrat, and cannot leave New York to vote. He said: "I cannot get home to is a Democrat, and cannot reave here to to vote. He said: "I cannot get home to vote. Knowing this I wrote to one of my old-time political triends asking him to get some fair and square Republican to pair with me. He wrote back saying that the Republicans weren't pairing with Democrats in West Virginia this year. I then wrote asking him to hire a negro to stay away from the polls, and a negro to stay away from the poils, and give him \$10. I received his reply to-day, saying: 'You can't hire any negroes this year. The Republicans have collared them all.' I cannot get away, and I must lose my vote. This will give you an indication of the severity of the fight in West Vir-

ginia." Weaver's Influence Is Discounted.

The Democratic managers also have their eyes on Delaware, as they very well know the Republicans are making a stir in that little State. General Clarkson has seen some prominent Weaverites, and he was prepared to say to-night that, all talk about Kansas,

Nebraska and Minnesota going for Weaver was in his estimation evidence of incipient paresis. He remarked that in Kansas there were 80,000 Union soldiers who would not to go back on General Harrison. He said there were also many Union soldier and there were also many Union soldiers in Nebraska, Minnesota and the two Dakotas, and furthermore, that many of the followers of General Weaver had been very much nettled by the General's reception in the South.

In the event of General Weaver carrying two or three States in the West, General Clarkson was of the opinion that if neces sary their electoral vote would go to Gen-eral Harrison, but any talk about General Weaver carrying enough States to throw the election into the House was ponsense, in the estimation of General Clarkson.

Whoever gets New York and Indiana rill be elected. That is certain. A mem will be elec ber of the Democratic National Committee ber of the Democratic National Committee said to-day that from the start he never had put any faith in the claims concerning Illi-nois and Iowa. He had believed at first that the Republicans of Wis-consin might not be able to over-come the majority obtained by the Democrats in the State election two years ago. Since then, however, the Republic-ans have behaved themselves on the school and other questions and ex-Senior Lohn and other questions, and ex-Senator John C. Spooner, the Republican candidate for Governor, the Republican candidate for Governor, is as popular as any man in the State. Mr. Spooner while in New York frankly said that he was running for Gov-ernor in the State merely to help Harrison and Reid.

All Eyes on Two Big States.

The Democratic managers, while not inelined to give up Wisconsin, believe that the Republicans are in the van in the fight. The problem, therefore, comes down to New York and Indiana. All eyes on election night should be directed on the returns from them. Ex-President Cleveland and Senator Me-

Pherson are to have a rousing reception to-morrow night in the Oakland Avenue Rink, money.

cerned

It has been stated here, in connection with resumption of work by the Ohio Iron Company, that the mill operators of the Mahoning Valley would take up the fight against the Amalgamated next season, in compliance with a general plan that the fight to render all the big mills independent of it shall be taken up where the Car-negie Company leave it off, the matter at Beaver being the conclusion of the con pany's campaign; also that the Ohio mills have been doing all the work the Carnegie people have offered them, in consequence of being unable to handle it with the new men, this being the case particularly at Youngstown, and that the Carnegie Company will in turn take care of the work the Ohio mills may be unable to handle when the battle ground is shifted to the Mahoning and Shenango Valleys.

### STEAMED HIS PATIENT TO DEATH.

### How a Non-Professional Quack Doctored a Little Hunchback Girl.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 3.-A most shocking case of malpractice was brought to the Coroner's attention to-day in the case of a little hunchback girl who died last night. Gustave Huer, who does not pretend t he a physician, but who claims to cure cer tain diseases, was called on to treat her for darpaical consumption. He steamed her legs over a tub of boiling water until she was literally scalded to death. She lingered in great torture a few hours after the hot bath.

# WEAVERS' WAGES GO UP.

Fall River Manufacturers Voluntarily In crease Employes' Pay 7 Per Cent. FALL RIVER, MASS., Nov. 3 .- The man

ufacturers at a meeting to-day voted to increase the wages of weavers to 21 cents per cut and all other departments in propor-This is practically an advance of about ?

per cent, and restores wages to the standard of 1884. The vote was almost unanimous and was voluntary on the part of the manu facturers.

# GENERAL CRAWFORD DEAD.

Pennsylvania Hero of Gettysburg Passes Away at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3 -- General Samuel Wylie Crawford, who commanded the Pennsylvania reserves at the battle of Gettysburg, died this evening in his room at the Collounade Hotel. Ever since the close of the Rebellion, General Crawford has been a sufferer from the effects of a wound received in battle. Yesterday morning he had an attack of apoplexy and was found lying unconscious on his bed.

### Mrs. Coles' Will Probated.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.-Surrogate Ransom to-day decided to admit to probate the will of Mrs. Elizabeth U. Coles, who died after bequeathing the greater part of her estate, worth \$3,000,000, to charitable and religions organizations, a certain portion to some of her relatives and only \$50,000 to the chil-dren of her brother Edward, while he himself was ignored. Edward Coles con-tested the will on the ground that his sister was not of sound mind at the time she made the will.

### The Gall of McKeesport Burglars.

MCKEESPORT, Nov. & -[Special.]-Mo-Keesport was never the stamping ground of so many thieves, thugs and housebreak ers as it is this fall. Last night housebreakers forced an entrance into the dwelling of John Gannon. When Mr. Gannon demanded to know "who's there," they swore it was none of his business, leisurely finished their task and left with his gold watch, a quantity of clothing and \$18 in eing the center for gambling.

Cleveland money went begging on the general results when offered even early in the evening, and odds at \$10 to \$9 on Cleve-land ruled later. At 10 o'clock Pat Duffy, land ruled later. At 10 o'clock Pat Duffy, of New Orleans, who was loaded down with Cleveland money, was offer-ing \$25,000 to \$20,000. An effort was made to bring Colonel Swords over from the Fifth Avenue Hotel to take up this bet, but the Colonel, who was found in the Fifth Avenue barroom, smiled and said that Mr. Duffy was bluffing. George Wheelock made a dicker with Jim Mahoney, the bookmaker, and the resulting bet was the biggest one that was recorded to-night. Mahoney bet \$10,000 against Wheelock's

Mahoney bet \$10,000 against Wheelock's \$9,000 that Cleveland would be elected, and the money was put up in \$1,000 bills on the spot. More of Mahoney's money was taken up by Colonel H. C. King, who het \$2,000 even with the bookmaker that Harrison would be elected President.

# BIG BETS IN PHILADELPHIA.

The So-Called Duke of Gloucester Puts Up \$20,000 on Grover's Chances

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.-[Special.] William J. Thompson, "Duke of Gloucester," President of the South Jersey Jockey Club, to-day posted more money than has yet been bet by any one man during this campaign. Early this morning he went to Republican headquarters, where he me Magistrate Durham and W. B. Ahern, See retery of the Republican City Committee Mr. Thompson offered to bet \$10,000 that Cleveland would be elected. The two magistrates retired to a private room, and after a conference produced a \$1,000 bill, which they said they would post as a for-feit to take the bet. Abern put up the \$1,000 and asked till 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon to raise the

other \$9,000. This request was granted, and Mr. Thompson put his check for \$10,000 in Mr. Singerly's hands. He then drew his check for another \$10,000, which he said he would give them the privilege of covering if they so desired.

Thompson then offered to bet \$40,000 Mr. as follows: \$20,000 even that Cleveland will be elected; \$10,000 to \$6,000 that Cleve-land will carry New York; \$10,000 even that Cleveland will have 5,000 majority in New Jersey.

Mr. Thompson gives Magistrate Ahern and Durham the first chance to cover these bets, and if they do not, he will stake it with the first comer.

### SMALL BETS IN INDIANA.

A Few of the Little Wagers Show the Hooslers' Feelings.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 3 .- [Special ]political situation in Indiana continues very much mixed. The men who bes on elections, not through sentiment but for the purpose of making money, are slower than usual in coming to the front in Indiana this year. Only a few bets have been made, and they have generally been small ones. The last two or three days though, the bettors have been gathering in places where betting is done, and the sports expect that a great deal of money will be put up Saturday, Sunday and Monday. The following propositions posted about town give some ides of how the betting men forecast their result:

\$1,500 that Harrison is re-elected. in amounts of \$25 or upwards; \$1,000 even that Cleveland carries Indiana; \$50 to \$40 Cleveland carries Indiana; \$10 to \$20 that that Harrison carries every Northern State except New York, Indiana, New Jersey, Connecticut and Michigan; \$500 even that Cleveland carries New York; \$100 even that Cleveland carries Indiana; \$100 even that Cleveland is elected; \$300 to \$270 that Cleveland carries Indiana; \$100 even that Barrison is elected; \$100 even that New

A BIG IRON AND COAL DEAL

A VOYAGE UNDER WATER.

The Cruise of the Fabled Nautilus Is Real-

ized in Real Life.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.-The submarine boat

of Prof. George C. Baker arrived in this city

yesterday from Detroit, and is now, anchored

in the outer harbor. The vessel, which was

towed from Detroit by a tug, passed through

veral Ohio Companies Consolidate With General Offices at Dayton.

DAYTON, Nov. 3.-A big deal has been consummated here in the consolidation of the coal and iron mining interests of Southern Ohio, the property being valued at \$500,000. The purchase was made by Morris L. Sturnberger, of Jackson, O., for

ackson county parties. W. L. Caten left to-night for New York with deeds and papers to make the transfe of the Acme Coal Company, Southern Ohio Coal and Iron Company and the Sandusky Coal and Iron Company to the new owners General officers will be in Dayton.

QUAKER CITY DIPHTHERIA.

### The Ravages of the Disease Increasing Be cause of the Drouth.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3 .- From Jannary 1 to October 31 there have been in this city 3,685 cases of diphtheria. Of these, 1,095 were fatal. The ravages of the disease continue to increase, 26 cases being reported to-day and as many vesterday. It is the opinion of the Health Board tha he present spread of the disease is largely due to the lack of rain. The authoritie have the disease well in hand, however and there is not much danger of its becom ing epidemic. Every house in which the

disease appears is effectively quarantined

TWO LITTLE CHILDREN MISSING. A Rather Peculiar Case of Possible Abd

tion in McKeesport. MCKBESPORT, Nov. 3. - [Special.]-A queer case of alleged abduction of the two little children of John Quiggle was placed in the hands of the police to-night.

Quiggle says that while the children were left alone in the house for a few minutes they mysteriously disappeared and he spent a day or so in search for them before the matter was given to the police. The father seems to be almost distracted and is now scouring the country around for some trace of them.

## TENNESSEE MINERS AGAIN.

### They Openly Set Fire to a Widow's Hous: Because She Sheltered Soldiers.

OLIVER SPRINGS, TENN., Nov. 3.-The house of Mrs. Lewis was completely destroved by fire last night. A crowd of miners marched into town and openly set

the house on fire. Mrs. Lewis was very kind to the soldiers and that is the cause of the deed. Captain Roach called for volunteers this morning and 100 responded and are ready to march at a moment's notice.

Set Upon by the Whole Family. MCKEESPORT, Nov. 3.-[Special.]-Of ficers Evans and Whye went to arrest John Hanion, of speak-easy fame, for a repetition of the old offense. Evans stayed outside the Hanlon house while Whye went in. As the efficer stepped over the threshold the whole Hanlon family-father, mother and son-fell upon him. There was a savfight, and Whye weuld have made no age more arrests had not Evans gone to his rescue. Hanlon is behind the bars.

A Trolley Wire Makes Mischief.

MCKEESPORT, Nov. 3.-[Special.]-A trolley wire in front of the Openheimer building, broken by a stone derrick, fell upon a team this afternoon, knocking both horses down and burning them terribly. Two men went to the relief of the animals, and were badly burned. They recovered from the shock, and seem to have sustained no serious injury.

obstructs, hinders, assure of the with or solicitation or otherwise interferes with or prevents the supervisors of election, or either of them, or the marshal or his gener-al or special deputies, or either of them, in the performance of any duty required of them, or either of them, or which he or they, actions of them, may be authorized to them, or either of them, or which he or they, or either of them, may be authorized to perform by any law of the United States in the execution of process or otherwise, or who by any of the means before mentioned, hinders, or perverts The Free Attendance and Presence

at such places of registration, or at such polls of election, or full and free access and egress to and from any such place of registration or poll of election, or in going to and from any such place of registration or poll of election, or to and from any room where any such registration or election or canvass of votes, or of making any returns or cerof votes, or of making any returns or cer-tificates thereof, may be had, or who molests, interferes with, removes or ejects from any such place of resistration or poll of election, or of canvassing votes cast thereat, or of making returns or certificates thereof, any supervisor of election, the mar-shal or his general or special deputies, or either of them, or who threatens or attempts or offers to do so, or refuses or neglects to aid and assist any supervisor of election or the mashal or his general or special deputies or either of them in the performance of his or their duties, when required by him or them or either of them to give such aid and assistance, shall be liable to instant arrest, without process, and shall be punished by without process, and shall be punished by imprisonment not more than two years or by fine of not more than \$3,000, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and shall pay the costs of the prosecution."

Mr. Aldrich Doesn't Look for Trophle.

In view of these provisions it is not thought that any person, or combination of persons, will seek in any way to interfere with the marshals in the discharge of their duties. Any such interference will be rigorously prosecuted. The marshals and their deputies are at such polling places as peace officers and not partisans, and their instructions allow no discrimination for or against tions allow no discrimination for or against any party. An honest ballot and a fair count is what the law was designed to provide, and its constitutionality has been so strong-ly upheld and the paramount power of the Federal Government so clearly asserted by the Supreme Court that it would be idle to discuss the question. The idea that the United States is not as much the object of the people's lows and

The idea that the United States is not as much the object of the people's love and patriotism as any State is utterly mischlev-ous, although implied in the circulars re-ferred to. A peace officer of the United States who seeks to prevent illegal voting no more invades the rights of American citizens than does the peace officer of a State. The impression that the Federal Government is a foreign power should be obliterated. obliterated.

The statement that section 2021 is the only The statement that section 2021 is the only section authorizing the appointment of deputy marshals, and therefore that no such appointments can be made only in cities of 20,000 inhabitants or upward, is not the view of the law entertained by the Attorney General or myself, nor has such a view been held or expressed by any Attorney General since the enactment of the law.

### Rules Observed for Many Tears.

So far as I can discover the instructions given by Attorney General Taft in his cir-cular letter of September 4, 1878, have been continuously acquiesced in. In this circular he said: "You will observe that the 'special' deputies mentioned in section 2031 of the Revised Statutes have peculiar duties assigned to them: duties which otherwise do not belong to deputy marshals. wise do not belong to deputy marshais. Such 'special' deputies can be appointed only in cities of 20,000 inhabitants or up-ward. But he duties assigned to marshais and their deputies by section 2022, or other like statutes, belong to all duly appointed deputies, whether they be general or be 'special' within the meaning of that and the preceding section. Deputies to discharge this latter class of duties may be appointed to any number whatever, according to the

preceding section. Deputies to discharge this latter class of duties may be appointed to any number whatever, according to the discretion of the marshal in all States in which sheriffs have a similar power." The question whether the deputy mar-shals have the right to be within the guard rail of the polling places is answered in the Attorney General's circular of October SI, 1892, in the affirmative. As will be observed, section 552, revised atautes, prescribes a penalty of imprisonment and fine against any person who, with or without the suthor-ity of "any State or municipality, interferes with or prevents the marshal or his general or special deputies from the performance of any duty, or hinders or prevents their full and free access and egress to and from any such place of registration or poll of election, \* \* or to or from any room where any

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