# IAMS FEIGNED

At the Suggestion of the Regimental Physician, Who Desired to Make

HIS PUNISHMENT LIGHT.

The Private Admitted That His Sufferings Were Very Slight.

BOTH FEET TOUCHED THE GROUND.

Officers Who Felt Much Worse Than the Victim of Discipline.

THE CASE TO BE FINISHED TO-MORROW

The defense in the Iams case continued yesterday and a dozen witnesses were examined. The evidence chiefly went to show that Iams' punishment was mild; that a part of his sickness as a result was due to his having swallowed tobacco, and that the doctors, including the defendant, Dr. Grimm, who superintended the punishment actually, did their utmost to avoid causing lams pain or permanent physical injury. The most important witness was soft-hearted Dr. Ullum, who testified that he had agreed with Dr. Neff to make the punishment of Iams as light as possible, and that he, Dr. Ullum, had told Iams after he was cut down to feign ill effects that he did not really feel in order to impress the regiment with the severity of the

The court was not so crowded in the morning as it had been on previous days, but after lunch the spectators flocked in. There were several ladies present, and two clergymen, including the Rev. E. R. Donehoo. It is certain now that the case will go to the jury, probably to-morrow, and that the charge of Judge Porter upon the law will, to a great extent, decide the result. Followed the Unwritten Law.

Colonel Hawkins' cross-examination was concluded the first thing. He was questioned sharply as to his knowledge of miliitary law in general, and in particular as to Article 66 of the Articles of War, which provides that soldiers charged with crime shall be confined till tried by court martial. The witness did not know that the only punishments permissible in the United States were reduction, confinement, confinement on bread and water diet, and ball and chain, nor did he know that flogging, branding, carrying weights, standing on a barrel, placarding, etc., were forbidden in the United States Army. He said that lams' punishment was in accordance with the customs of the United States Army and the unwritten law in time of active

service in the face of an enemy.

Robert W. Herbert was called to prove the state of affairs existing in Homestead before the troops were called there, and the story of his experience as a newspaper correspondent was so intensely interesting that the jury before he had gone far were all leaning forward drinking in every word. Judge Porter was weamed away from his law books and the courtroom was perfectly still. Mr. Herbert also told of his hearing Iams call for three cheers for Frick's assassin, but a more important bit of evidence was the witness' account of an interview he hall with lams.

Threatened His Superior Officers

The latter told the witness on the Monday following the punishment that he meant to shoot Streator on sight and also get even with General Snowden, whom he characterized as "that four-eyed on the Hill." Mr. Herbert also stated that affairs were very ugly-looking in Homestead on July 23, when Iams' offense was committed.

Sergeants J. L. Russell and H. M. Ludwig, of the Tenth Regiment, furnished small links in the defense's account of lams' arrest and punishment, the Court making another ruling in the defense's favor to the effect that a military officer in the field has a judicial discretion in enforcing discipline, and could even kill a soldier to suppress mutiny. Judge Porter assented to the Commonwealth's position that such extreme penalties could not be inflicted without court martial four hours after the

oflense as punishment. Atter dinner Captain H. C. Cuthbertson. officer of the day, when Iams was strung up, testified that he didn't think Iams suffered much, his heels were one inch off the ground, and while he was hanging he made

remarks showing unconcern.

Sergeant Ludwig, recalled, averred that he was more nervous than Iams when he was strung up, and under cross-examination admitted that lams while hanging might have had his full weight upon his toes.

Wanted to Go to the Gardhouse, Sergeant Russell, the next witness, said Iams had told him some days befere July 23 that he wanted four days in the guard-

Surgeon Major George W. Neff gave a minute account of Iams' punishment, showing that in conducting it he exercised huing that in conducting it he exercised hu-manity. He wanted to be as merciful as possible, and although Colonel Streator told him to keep Isms hanging up until se-verely punished, he cut him down as soon as he showed signs of sickness. The knots tied about Isms' thumbs were double one-half hitches, or close hitches, recommended by Dr. Gross, the eminent surgeon, for use in operations as the least likely to injure the flesh. He didn't think Iams suffered much; certainly no permanent injury, and he was not unconscious when cut down. The chaw of tobacco Iams is said to have swallowed might have caused the relaxation of muscles and other symptoms of sickness. Cross-examined, Dr. Neff admitted that he had heard patients under the knife give vent to unparliamentary such as Iams used in reterring to Colonel Streator while he was hanging up. If Iams had swallowed tobacco it might have made him vomit, but not necessarily.

Jams did not vomit.
Dr. Ullum, the Junior Assistant Surgeon of the Tenth Regiment, put a new face on Iams' ordeal. He said that he had objected to obeying Colonel Streator's order to hang up lams, but had been shown by Colonel Hawkins that it was his duty to be present merely. On the way to the fly tent he had agreed with Dr. Nefi that Iams should not suffer physically. When Iams was cut down, out of sympathy for him as a human being, Dr. Ullum had told Iams to play off sick and appear as if he had been suffering. Iams seemed to be all right, the skin on his thumbs was not broken, and the witness admitted that he had suggested to Iams to act as if he had Hawkins that it was his duty to be presen had suggested to Iams to act as if he had been suffering, in order to impress the regi-ment with the idea that the punishment had really been severe. The witness' good-natured face colored up as he made this confession, upon which the prosecution did not cross-examine him. Dr. Ullum also related a threat made on the Monday follow-ing by Iams that he would shoot Colonel Streator. At the same time Iams had told the witness that he was none the worse for

A Witness' Claims to Fame.

J. S. Leasure, of the Tenth Regiment, produced a section of the rope used to hang Iams with, which he had preserved as a relic. Another claim this witness had to

fame, as Mr. Watson put it, was that Iams got his chaw from Leasure's plug.

Rifle Practice Inspector W. S. Brown, of the Fourteenth, gave his version of the Iams punishment, which coincided with the defense's previous evidence, and corroborated the important point that Iams rested the balls of his feet on the ground in hanging while his heels nearly touched the ground. Captain Brown, who was serving then as aid to Colonel Hawkins, saw Iams take the rope off one hand himself when he was cut down.

take the rope off one hand himself when he was cut down.

Licutenant McLain and Licutenaut J. L. Auchendoble contributed unimportant details, the latter's eagerness to testify that lams' punishment was a mere bagatelle entailing severe cross-examination, in the course of which he denied that he had stated in an interview with a Monongahela Republican reporter that the sight of lams hanging up had made him sick.

The last witness for the day was Adjutant S. B., familiarly known as Shad, Haves, of

S. B., familiarly known as Shad, Haves, of the Tenth Regiment, who testified that from what he saw of Iams' punishment he

didn't think it entailed much pain. After fams had been cut down he heard him say: "I wish I hadn't swallowed that tobacco." The court adjourned till 9:30 this morning. It is probable that the defense will get in all their testimony, including General Spander, which was be of some imeral Snowden's, which may be of some importance, this morning, and the presecution may then call some witnesses in rebuttal. The speeches on both sides will take up some time, and the jury can hardly get the case till Friday.

#### WILL CARRY IT INTO COURT.

An Attempt to Have the Bellefield Trac tion Ordinance Annulled.

The Central Traction Company has decided to go into court to prevent the Duquesne Traction Company from proceeding under the ordinance giving them right of way on Center avenue. It is expected the court will be asked to annul the Bellefield Company's ordinance, but on what ground is not known. A director of the Central Company declares that the Pittsburg Trac-tion Company a year and a half ago offered \$100,000 to shut the Duquesne Company out from using the Central's tracks west of Grant street. In the hope of getting a fran-chise to the East End for their line the Centrai refused the offer and accepted \$30,000 from the Duquesne Company. The gentleman claims an agreement was made at that time by the Duquesne and Central officials by which the latter were to get their right of way when they wanted it, but the agree-ment was violated by the Duquesne people.

# GLASS COMPANIES ON THE LOOK-OUT.

Suitable Sites for Factories Said to Hav

Been Found at McKeesport. A dispatch from McKeesport last even ing announced that agents for four of the green bottle-makers of the Southside were prospecting for factory sites in that vicinity. The firms represented were D. O. Cunningham, Wm. McNulty & Co., Thomas D. Wightham & Co., and the Ihmsen Glass Company. This is the following out of the plan recently announced exclusively in THE DISPAT H, and is said to have been suggested by H. Sallers McKee. The plan is gested by H. Sellers McKee. The plan is to abandon the sites of the old factories on the Southside and, on account of their great value, build the glass factories elsewhere on the modern tank system. It is reported that satisfactory locations have been secured. The plan is to build one immense plant, occupying the territory all four would occupy separately, and ultimately unite all into one company.

#### LAUGHED OUT OF COURT.

A New Move in the Triennial Asse

Cases Fails of Its Object. Attorneys Shields and Dickey went into court yesterday with a paper requesting the court to vacate the order made two weeks ago by which the three Common Pleas Court judges are to sit in bane on the triennial assessment cases next Wednesday. In their paper the attorneys deny the jurisdiction of the courts sitting in such a man-ner, allege that a majority of the 260 appel-lants had demanded separate jury trials and claim that the outcome of the suit in equity filed by the appellants and others may render further hearings on the appeals un

Judge Porter expressed surprise that the attorneys should file such a paper. He said it was really a protest against the action of the three courts and politely action of the three courts and laughed the attorneys out of court.

## CAN BE SEEN FOR MILES,

Chief Elliot Selects a Commanding View for

the New Poor Farm Buildings. Chief Elliot and Architect Balph went to the new Poor Farm yesterday and marked out the lines for the buildings. A commanding situation on the second elevation above the railroad will be the site. This will place the buildings where they can be seen for many miles around and between the railroad and top of the hill on which the reservoir will be placed.

Met the Same Fate as His Brother. The body of Martin Brady, who died at the West Penn Hospital on Tuesday, from injuries received at Twenty-eighth street, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was removed from the Morgue yesterday to his home at Stewart's station. Just two years ago this month Brady's brother was killed at Twenty-eighth street and his body was taken to the Morgue. It was identified by the man who was himself taken out of there dead yesterday.

## Hoss and Hoss Now.

Hailoween 12 young men of Oakmont brought a bull wheel from a neighboring gas well and placed it on the streets of their town. The owner of the wheel has had them arrested. They will either have to pay a \$50 fine or return the machinery.

Braddock to Have Free Delivery. Braddock is to have free postal delivery after December 1. Tuesday the Government completed the lease for the Masonic Building for five years. The lease will cost

# COLLIDED WITH THE STATUTES.

JAMES BANETT, an ex-policeman, was sent 30 days to the workhouse. It is believed that he is mentally unbalanced. On \$mith-field street Tuesday night he brandished a knife declaring he had killed his wife. This was an hallucination.

GEORGE KORL last night invited Henry to pay for it. The two went outside the sh loon and got into a fight over the matter. They were arrested and locked up in the Twenty-eighth ward station house.

DAVID SHIELDS, the colored man who stole Knight, of Alleghony, last Saturday, was held for court yesterday by Alderman Hyndman on a charge of larceny. Ball was fixed at \$1,000. It was developed at the hearing that he had tried to sell the rig for \$30.

#### Latest Sales of the Wonderful Vocalion Church Organs.

The Methodist Church, Du Bois, Pa., a large The Methodist Church, Du bois, Fa., a large Vocalion organ.

The Masonic Temple at Circleville, O., a large Vocalion organ.

The Protestant Church of Reynoldsville, Pa., a Vocalion organ.

The new French Catholic Church, Worcester, Mass., a large Vocalion.

The Catholic Church, Blairsville, Pa., a fine

Call at H. Kleber & Bro.'s, 506 Wood street, and hear these famous Vocalion organs.

No Restrictions or Conditions. The new tentine policy of the Equitable
Life Assurance Scolety leaves no loophole
for the lawyers to quibule over. It is a
simple promise to pay, either at death or
end of tentine period. That's the kind you
want. Send your age for a sample policy,
that will show you results at end of tentine
period. Enwand A. Woods, Manager,
516 Market street, Pittsburg.

WANT WET WEATHER.

Towboat Employes Anxious for Rain to Put an End to Their

SPELL OF ENFORCED IDLENESS.

No lime let Fixed for Starting Up the Beaver Falls Mills.

AN INCREASED DEMAND FOR IRON

The prospect of rain has created general ctivity along the wharf. All day yesterday little knots of men gathered anxiously around the bulletin boards at the boat stores earnestly scanning the latest reports from up-river ports and making all sorts of predictions as to the amount of rain it would take to swell the rivers into a boating stage. Those particularly interested are not the operators, but the employes, pilots, engineers, deckhands and others to whom the prospect of work means a great deal after such a long term of idle-

The last boat left Pittsburg on July 5; since that time there has been little or nothing done. The usual work, such as taking empties to the upper pools and returning with loaded barges in preparation for the next rise, has not been carried on owing to the strike among the miners.

Little Coal Ready to Go Out. There is not now more than 4,000,000 bushels of coal awaiting shipment, which, by comparison with last year, is very small. The first shipment after a drought of three months was nearly 25,000,000 bushels.

In speaking of the strike, W. D. O'Neil said the operators would stand firm. The principal argument advanced is that the operators cannot see why they should pay 3½ cents, when the railroad operators pay but 3 cents. He is perfectly satisfied with the situation and will hold out until next July if necessary.
"Several firms in the fourth pool are

"Several firms in the fourth pool are working a few men at the 3-cent rate," he said. "I think when we pile the empties up at the works the men will begin to break and gradually return to work. The reason why there is so little coal is that during the early part of the summer the works were run slack, as is usual when a dry spell is expected, and then the strike put a sudden stop to the output."

Coal Loaded on Barges. Many of the firms have very little coal on hand ready for shipment in case water should come. T. M. Jenkins & Co. have probably the largest amount, almost 1,000,-000 bushels. Joseph Walton & Co. have door bushels. Joseph Walton & Co. have about 360,000; Crescent Coal Company, 150,-000; Advance Coal Company about the same amount; W. W. O'Neil Coal Company, 550,-000; O'Neil & Co., 150,000; Jutte & Co., 300,000, and W. H. Brown's Sons, 500,000 bushels. Others have nothing at all loaded. Horner & Roberts stopped with but half a barge loaded. The fteling is strong among the operators that if they stand together they can win with ease. It was reported that one firm posted a notice on Sunday morning that they would start up the following day at the old rates, but it was taken down on Monday.

The marks below the Davis Island dam The marks below the Davis Island dan showed 4 feet 6 inches yesterday, a rise of 2 feet 6 inches. This is almost enough to al-low the packets to run, and if the rain con-tinues for a day or two this branch of the trade will be started.

#### INCREASED DEMAND FOR LABOR.

Mills Start Up and Will Soon Be Put o Double Turn.

After being idle for several weeks the puddling department of the Moorhead, Mc-Cleane & Co.'s mills at Soho have started up. The increased demand for iron was the cause, and Mr. Moorhead stated yesterday that it would only be a few days until the mills would be put on double turn. The emand could not be supplied at the present rate of output. He said the only parts of the mills now idle were the furnaces, and he expected them to be in operation within a

Continuing he said: "The surplus of pig iron is being rapidly used up, and then the price may be expected to advance. It is now selling for \$12 50 a ton, and there is no profit in it at that figure. I will start my furnaces as soon as there is a better demand for the metal. I know of a number of other furnaces that are waiting for the same thing, when they will be fired. The out-look for the year's business is bright, and after the election business will start up in

## THE HOMESTRAD STRIKE

The Democrats Have Been Making Capital Out of the Labor Struggles.

A former officer of the Amalgamated Association stated yesterday: "The biggest card the Democrats have had to play during the campaign has been the Homestead strike, and they have been working it for all it is worth, too. Mark my word for it, that in less than two weeks after the election the Homestead strike will be a thing of the past. In my opinion, and I have been watching things pretty closely, the only thing that has made men stand out as they have in the face of defeat is that they have been supplied with funds secretly to help the campaign along. Men who did not have a cent when the strike was inaugurated have been and are now spending money lavishly, and yet they only get \$4 a week in benefits from the order. Where do they get it? I will not say, but have seen enough to draw my own conclusions. Just wait until after election and see how flat things will fall."

# STRIKING MINERS DETERMINED.

They Assert That They Will Not Give in Until Spring.

A dispatch from McKeesport last night stated that the river miners are as firm as ever, and that there is no indication of them returning to work. Breaks have been reported at several places, but the miners are said to be in splendid condition, and are willing to stand out until spring if neces-sary, and that within the past week they have resolved to stand out to the bitter end. It is denied that the miners in the Aliquippa mines have returned to work, or any of the mines involved in such numbers as to have any effect on the strike. It is also reported on good authority that should the river operators undertake to form a combine to control the local mar-kets they would have to fight the railroad coal operators, who are determined to hold their present position.

## M'LUCKIE IN ALLIANCE.

Revolver Shots Produce Some Excitement in Homestead.

Great excitement was produced at Homestead last night by the rapid discharge of a revolver near the mill. It is thought somebody fired the gun for a joke. No-body was hurt or arrested. The people take little stock in Sando's scheme to build a co-operative plant. He is expected to return from Washington to-day. It was reported that the boss millwright returned to work yesterday, and that several Government inspectors exam-ined armor plate. Two former laborers asked for passes to visit the mill, but were

Burgess McLuckie is now in Alliance, O., according to a telegram from that town. He denies that he has been in Homestead

Passenger Trainmen Meet.

A meeting of the passenger trainmen, members of the Voluntary Relief Depart-

ment of the Pennsylvania road, was held yesterday in the schedule room of the Union station. Delegates were elected to attend the meeting on November 5, when nominations for members of the Advisory Committee will be made.

## HAD A WALKOVER.

President Eberhart of the Window Glass Workers' Association Is Re-Elected— The Opposition Had No Show—W. E. Springer—Is Re-Elected Secretary.

The Executive Council of the Window Glass Workers' Association yesterday completed counting the votes for the presidency of the association that have been coming in for the past two weeks from the various locals throughout the country. The candidates for the office were the present incumbent, J. P. Eberhart, Edward Phillips of the Southside, and Arthur Faulkner, of Dunkirk, Ind. The total number of votes Dunkirk, Ind. The total number of votes in the association is about 4,000, of which 3,000 were polled at the present election. Mr. Eberhart was re-elected by a large majority. There was no effort in his behalf made by his friends, as he indicated beforehand that should he be re-elected by only a small majority, he would resign. His majority is about 1,700 and his friends consider it as a complete victory. sider it as a complete victory.

Before the election there was some ap

prehension that the opposition to Mr. Eber-hart for political reasons would be considerable, as many members of the order took offense at him for making Republican speeches during the campaign. As the organization is a non-political union, the opposition had even gone so far as to prepare a set of resolutions to be introduced at one of the meetings to oppose his re-election. The resolutions were never brought forward, but the opposition kept up such an active fight that President Eberhart was only induced to remain as a candidate at the earnest solicitation of his friends. The sentiment began to settle strongly toward the president, and when the result was announced it was a complete surprise to his opponents and is considered an indorsement of his conduct in the past. The office of secretary, at present held by W. E. Springer, is not an elective one, but is decided by the Executive Council. He was re-elected for the coming year. the coming year.

#### NO TIME SET TO START.

Manager Dillon Says No Decision Has Been Reached as to the Beaver Falls Mills. The report that Manager Dillon, of the Thirty-third Street Mills, had left the city lacked confirmation, as he was seen by a DISPATCH reporter at the Lawrenceville mills in the afternoon. He now has the

mills in the atternoon. He how has the power to either start up the Beaver Falls mills or let them he idle.

When asked if he would go to Beaver this week, so as to make preliminary arrangements for starting the plant, he said:
"I don't care to discuss the subject, but will say there is no truth in the rumor. It is simply one of those many reports that have been circulated, which do not contain a bit of truth. No, sir; I am not going down there, and what is more nothing has yet been decided upon as to those works. When Mr. Frick says so they will start, and when I tell you that no time has yet been set or thought of, I tell you the truth, and no other reports can be relied upon.

"As to their being no water to run the works in case we so desired, that is not true. We can start them up just as soon as we want to, but when that will be

# don't know, nor has the company yet set date to do so." MATTERS MIXED AT BEAVER FALLS

The Strikers Still Firm and the Busines Men Agree With Them.

The probable starting up of the Beaver Falls mills by the Carnegie Steel Company is the chief topic of discussion among the the strikers at the Twenty-ninth and Thirtythird street mills and they were a unit in coming out and have worked together ever

since the strike was declared.

Robert Warren, one of the leaders of the strikers at the Lawrenceville mills, returned from Beaver Falls yesterday, where he has been conferring with the men. He said that he failed to find a single instance where any of the strikers wanted to return as non union men. They were apparently as firm as when they came out, and while many believed the mills would start up in a short time, no one anticipated trouble. In case an attempt is made to start the mills, he said, the strikers would simply stand firm, believing that the works could not be suc cessfully operated with non-union men. He declared that the citizens' petition was a fraud, and that many who had signed wanted to have their pames taken off the paper.

## ANXIOUS BUYERS

Crowding to That Great Clothing Sale Cor. Grant and Diamond Streets-All Want a Whack at the Big Bargains-Come and See the Largest Stock Ever Placed on Exhibition.

Exhibition.

P. C. C. C., CORNER GRANT AND DIAMOND STREETS.

Everybody in Pitsburg and vicinity has heard of our enormous clothing purchase, and thousands of people are daily taking advantage of the opportunity to buy fine clothing for about one-fourth what they usually pay. We were prepared for a rush, but we hardly thought that our annonneement would create such a perfect furor. Though thousands bought their clothing at our store, corner Grant and Diamond streets, during the past few days, not a single person left dissatisfied. Most of the customers are city people and from the immediate vicinity, but among the vast throng that comes to get the bargains in overcoats and suits are also people from Oil City, Franklin, Altoona, Bradford, Wheeling, Steubenville, Monongahela City, Little Washington, Youngstown, Beaver Falls, Butler, Johnstown, and in fact people from all over Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia. This sale is now in full blast, and we will continue it from day to day until the goods are sold. It's a great chance to buy fine clothing at the most wonder un low prices. No one should miss it, and everybody that wants to save money is directly interested. Come at once, Remember, we refund railroad fare to people living out of town on a purchase o's liv worth or over. Here are a few of the prices. They will make all others who even attempt to quote bargains take a back seat. More goods in this sale than is contained in all the stores of Pitteburg combined:

Men's blue and black double-breasted C. C. C., CORNER GRANT AND DIAMOND STREETS.

of Pittsburg combined: Men's blue and black double-breasted twilled cheviot suits, sizes 34 to 42, twilled cheviot suits, sizes 34 to 42, worth \$15, at.

Men's Meiton overcoats, blue, black and drab, lined with cassimere cloth, also slik velvet inlaid collar, worth \$15, at Men's all-wool cutuway suits, elegant patterns to choose from, all sizes, regular price \$16, at Men's clegant fall overcoats, black, blue, Oxford, tan, brown and gray, silk faced and silk sleeve linings, worth \$18, at. 

prices. Boys' double-breasted suits, sizes 4 to Boys' donble-breasted suits, sizes 4 to 14, worth \$2 50, at. \$76
Boys' neat cassimere suits, pleated or plain, sizes 4 to 14, at. 140
Boys' all-wool suits, double-breasted, nice patterns, worth \$5, at. 248
5,000 pairs of boys' short pants at 48c, 36c, 39c and 17
Boys' ulsters and chinchilla overcoats at \$4 50 and \$5 90, worth double. Many fine long cut ulsters at \$7 50 and \$9 80. Besides hundreds of ther bargains. It will pay you to come to this sale.

P. C. C. C. Clothiers,
Corner Grant and Diamond streets.

Dr Witt's Little Early Risers. Best pill or billousness, sick headache, malaria.

We bought a good-sized quantity-all one of the best, if not the best manufacturer had-and we bought away down in prices-and they're to be sold accordingly-they'll make a stir in the

ALASKA SEAL CAPES. 18 inches deep, large full storm collar, pointed shaped fronts, superb quality,

# \$60 Each.

Everything that is new and has merit is shown in this Fur Department, from the extraordinary offerings of genuine

#### MINK SCARFS

with the animal's head \$5.00 each to Imperial Russian Sable Set, of which the actual value is \$1,000.00. See it, even if you don't want to buy it.

A few good ALASKA SEAL ACKETS, 30 inches long,

# \$125.00.

Fine SEAL JACKETS, newest shapes and best qualities made,

# \$150.00 to \$275.00.

RICH SEAL CAPES and WRAPS,

# \$75 to \$275.00.

ETON JACKET (without sleeves) in genuine mink,

# \$45.00.

Special department for small Furs. Thousands of Muffs and Fancy Scarfs. Muffs. 50c to \$25.00. Scarfs, with heads. \$1.25 to \$25.00.

CHILDREN'S FURS. 75c to \$6.50 a set.

Have you seen our large,

Said to be (by people who ought to know) the largest and best Cloak Room that any store in the country has-we want your opinion. Thousands of Ladies' and Children's Wraps from \$1.25 up to the finest

We're carrying a vastly superior and larger line in these great Cloak Rooms than ever before-selling more and cheaper than ever-quality and styles considered. See for yourself, suit yourself, prove our claims and save money.

ALLEGHENY.



# TRIMMED HATS FOR LADIES AND MISSES.

We introduce this season a unique and welcome feature. Hitherto it has been almost impossible to purchase a neat and stylish trimmed Hat for less than \$5 or \$6. We have, however, made an arrangement with one of the largest manufacturers of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, by which we will be supplied twice a week with exceedingly choice and stylish Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, which we will be enabled to sell at \$1.50, \$2, \$2.25, \$2.75 and \$2.90.

The Hats and Bonnets are fully equal to any that are shown costing

These are bold assertions, but a visit to our Millinery Rooms will convince the public that we have not exaggerated in the least.

# FINE \* PERFUMERIES.

4 OUNCES FOR

WHITE HELIOTROPE, WHITE LILAC. JOCKEY CLUB, VIOLET.

EXTRACT

White Lileo

FLEISHMAN&C.

PITTSBURG

WHITE ROSE AND OTHER FAVORITE ODORS.

# DRESS BUTTONS.

Black Velvet Buttons, per dozen, 10c, 121/2c, 15c, 18c and 22c. Colored Velvet Buttons, per dozen, 20c. Fancy Black Crochet Buttons, per dozen, 15c, 18c, 22c, 25c, 3oc, 35c. Black Silk Buttons, per dozen, 121/2c, 15c, 18c, 20c and 22c.

Colored Silk Buttons, per dozen, 6c. Black Jet Buttons, per dozen, 8c, 10c, 121/2c, 15c, 18c and 22c. Mourning Buttons, per dozen, 8c, 10c, 121/2c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 22c. White Pearl Buttons, per dozen, 8c, 1oc, 121/2c, 15c, 18c, 2oc, 22c, 25c.

White Ball Pearl Buttons, per dozen, 22c, 25c and 3oc. Smoked Pearl Buttons, per dozen, 8c, 10c, 121/2c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 22c, 25c. Smoked Pearl Buttons, with shank, per doz., 20c, 25c, 28c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 50c Gilt Buttons, per dozen, 121/2c, 15c, 18c and 2oc.

# COAT AND CLOAK BUTTONS.

Large Black Crochet Buttons, per dozen, 35c, 5oc, 89c and 98c. Large Black Silk Buttons, per dozen, 15c, 18c, 20c and 25c. Large Bone Buttons, per dozen, 121/2c, 15c, 18c, 22c, 35c, 38c, 50c. Large Pearl Buttons, per doz., 35c, 38c, 45c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 89c, 98c, \$1.25.

#### HANDKERCHIEFS. SILK

Ladies' Fancy Japanese Silk Handkerchiefs.

Scalloped Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs, colored and white embroidery, at 20c, 25c, 35c, 40c, 45c and 50c each.

Scalloped Emb. Silk Handkerchiefs, embroidered in black, at 45c, 63c and \$1 each.

Scalloped Emb. and Revered Silk Handkerchiefs, colored and white embroidered, at 35c, 50c, 63c, 75c and \$1 each.

Hemstitched and Revered Silk Handkerchiefs at 35c, 50c, 63c, 75c each.

Hemstitched Silk Handkerchiefs at 45c, 50c, 63c, 75c, 88c, 81, \$1, 15, \$1, 25, \$1, 58, \$2 each. Black Hemstitched Silk Handkerchiefs at 50c, 63c, 75c, 88c, \$1 each. Colored Hemstitched Silk Handkerchiefs at 50c each.

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