

COOPER GREETED BUFFALO BOYS

A Personal-Political Speech by the Democratic Presidential Candidate TO SOME OLD FRIENDS.

A Plea for His Party and Incidentally One for Himself.

The Ex-President Sees Around Him Several With Whom He Used to March While Carrying a Torch—He Is More Interested in the Campaign of To-Day Than He Used to Be Thirty Years Ago—Mr. Cleveland's Side Partner Addresses a Large Audience in Brooklyn—Other Speeches Made Yesterday and Last Night.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—The reception at the Imperial Hotel to-night given to ex-President Cleveland by the Buffaloes of Cleveland Club, was attended by about 200 persons, consisting of members of the club and a few invited guests.

Mr. Cleveland's arrival was the occasion of applause, and all those present remained standing until the speeches of the evening, which lasted for almost an hour, were over.

After a preliminary speech calling the meeting to order the guest of the evening was introduced as one whose name created enthusiasm even when mentioned in a Republican meeting.

What Mr. Cleveland Said to Friends. Mr. Cleveland spoke as follows: I hope it is not necessary for me to tell you how much I enjoy being with you to-night, and how exceedingly gratifying is every reminiscence suggested by this occasion. Its best and most pleasant feature is, of course, the presence here of many old Buffalo friends, which recalls to my mind incidents and associations which have been so carefully kept by memory for my delight.

You have among you with me to a Democratic club which had in hand the task of electing Stephen A. Douglas to the presidency. I do not believe that either of us expected a moment that our candidate could be defeated, provided we marched far enough and made noise enough, and had enough of honest old running shoes from our torches down our backs. I am thus reminded of a time when my participation in the activities of politics meant a disrepute for a man or a cause, a great deal of excitement and noise, plenty of hope and confidence, generally followed by a bitter disappointment, soon forgotten. I hardly think you will be surprised to know that in 1852, when my relation to politics was a rather more sober complexion, I recall my share in the campaign of 1850, and all its work and disquietude, and the comparative pleasure. Others do the marching and shouting now, but I believe they are enjoying the campaign more than I am now, and I cannot help thinking that I am rather more closely related to the present campaign than I was when Douglas ran for president. [Laughter.]

Reminders of His Legal Work in Buffalo. Another of your members was a student in my Buffalo law office. This reminds me of the days when, in the city of Buffalo, I tempted by the practice of law to obtain honest living as was possible in that town. Those were pleasant days, and I do not mind confessing that they were badly exchanged, so far as my personal comfort and enjoyment are concerned, for the perplexities and troubles of public life. I must not neglect to mention the gratifying circumstance that the appearance of the name of this member upon your rolls indicates the progress that his political career has improved, as well as his knowledge of law, since he was associated with me in Buffalo. I knew another young man when I lived in Buffalo who was a very pleasant fellow, but who, from a Democratic standpoint, and especially from the point of view of a Republican, was one of the most good-naturedly aggravating Republicans in the city. I want to mention the fact that his good nature and good-heartedness over his former partisanship by mentioning the fact that I have a Buffalo friend in him, as your secretary, an invitation to join this organization, which I understand to be pledged to the support of a Democratic candidate for the Presidency.

Other Buffalo Friends All Around. At the head of your club I find a comparatively new acquaintance whose generosity as a friend, and whose success in business were fully explained to me when I found that he formerly resided in Buffalo, and had been educated in her public schools. I will not refer to the other members of your organization whose presence here brings to mind pleasant incidents of many days, but will do myself justice to say that my sensations are such at this moment, and in the atmosphere of personal kindness and hospitality, that I nearly forget that this organization has political plans and purposes. I am glad, too, that when these plans and purposes occur to my mind they merely add to my grateful appreciation of your personal kindness. You encourage me to believe that, though you have associated together in support of certain political principles, the fact that you are all Democrats in trouble on account of his political opinions, and needs your help, has something to do with your organized political activity. [Laughter and applause.]

Therefore, while my heart is full of gratitude to the friends I see about me, I cannot forbear the suggestion of my belief that your organization not only demonstrates your personal attachment to the principles of the party, but it also indicates that you are fully alive to your duty as good citizens. You know how devoted to the principles of the Democratic party, and your knowledge of the will, I am sure, acquit me of insincerity when I express the opinion that the result of the pending political struggle means more to our country and our people than any in which you or I have ever been engaged.

He Traffics the Masses. On one side the claim is defiantly and arrogantly announced that the functions of the Government must be performed in the benefit of certain special interests, with at best a very remote regard to the welfare of the masses of the people. In opposition to this an appeal is made to our fellow citizens to hold fast to the doctrine that their Government should at all times be administered directly for them, and that they should not be obliged to receive, as their share of the blessings of the free Government, the small portion which is made to filter through to them in the process of making special beneficiaries rich. In other words, the Democratic party is insisting upon the honest application of the rule that a Government by the people should be a Government for the people. [Tremendous applause.]

It is as needless as it is foreign to my purpose to discuss in detail before you so thoughtful and intelligent as my Buffalo friends, the differences between the political principles and purposes presented to our support by the Democratic party. I desire to assure you that the gratification which your personal attachment affords is greatly enhanced by the consciousness that it is the attachment of those who are thoughtful and patriotic, and by the conviction that the support you give in an organized way to our old townsmen cannot create in your minds the least suspicion that such support is in aid of principles at all inconsistent with your highest duty as American citizens.

It only remains for me to say that, whatever may be the result of the pending campaign, I shall always remember as its most precious result the opinion that the evidence it furnishes of the consideration and devotion of the Buffalo friends I see around me. Mr. Cleveland was followed by Lieutenant Governor Sheehan, who spoke of the certainty of New York's going for the

DEWEY AND HIS WIT

Entertain a Large Crowd at the Philadelphia Academy of Music.

A PECULIAR DEFENSE OF EGAN,

The Speaker Telling How His Opinion of Him Was Changed.

REPUBLICAN PRINCIPLES UPHOLD

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—Chauncey M. Dewey spoke here this evening at the Academy of Music, under the auspices of the Union League, to an audience that taxed the building to its greatest capacity.

Mr. Dewey's speech was a campaign oration in favor of protection and the principles of the Republican party. Throughout Mr. Dewey eschewed deluging his audience with torrents of statistical figures, and confined himself to a general exposition of his party's principles.

Samuel B. Huey, Vice President of the Union League, introduced Mr. Dewey, who received a great applause. An abstract of Mr. Dewey's speech follows: Mr. Chairman and Fellow Citizens: It always gives me great pleasure to come to Philadelphia, but especially to-night, as the representative of the Union League of New York bringing greetings to the Union League of Philadelphia. If there ever was a time when the mind of the country should be educated in regard to its real interests it is now. The most impressive sight I ever saw in my life was 150,000 people gathered together in one building, before the Columbian celebration. I saw a million and two more or less, on my way to the building. I saw a million and two more or less, on my way to the building. I saw a million and two more or less, on my way to the building.

Waterston's Tribute to Protection. Waterston, the subject of the address in the country to-day, and introduced the free trade plank in the Chicago platform. Yet Waterston, in the glowing oratory of the fervid South, described the phenomenal growth and prosperity of the great American civil war. It was a proud product of a proud people celebrating a proud event, and calling upon the world to look upon their prosperity.

For some reason I went from Chicago to Indiana. I then made a detour to my old home in Indiana. At Indianapolis was the entire population. At Indianapolis was the entire population. At Indianapolis was the entire population. At Indianapolis was the entire population. At Indianapolis was the entire population.

40,000 IN ONE AUDIENCE.

An Enormous Crowd Listens to Governor McKinley at Danville, Ill.

DANVILLE, ILL., Oct. 26.—Probably the largest crowd ever seen in Eastern Illinois assembled in Danville to-day. The attraction was Governor McKinley, of Ohio. A perfect autumn day lent pleasure to McKinley's visit. The city was profusely decorated. Spectators from Springfield, Decatur, Lafayette, Warsaw, Chicago, Paris, Moline and other points rolled in loaded to the guards. When the Governor arrived he was conveyed to Ellsworth Park, where an assemblage estimated at between 35,000 and 40,000 yelled a tremendous welcome.

Mr. McKinley, introduced to the audience by Hon. J. G. Cannon, said among other things: There is resting upon us an important duty, that of choosing an executive who shall lead the people for four years and a House of Representatives who shall make our laws for two years. The Democratic platform contains two striking and astounding declarations. First, it is proposed to abolish the 10 per cent tax on State bank notes. This is a tax which is imposed by Congress to destroy and retire this currency, and now after 30 years it is proposed to rehabilitate it. The policy pursued by the Democratic party, which gave us as the acme of its legislation, was to take the money, two-thirds had to be accounted for: Is the bank solvent? Is the bill counterfeit? Our present currency is good for nothing but to pay over American trade goes. A dollar is worth 10 cents. Why? Because it has the best Government in the world behind it. No class suffers so poor from money as the poor man. The rich can protect themselves. The Democratic platform makes another declaration for British free trade. No party was ever so brave before. Mr. Dewey, do you say you are for free trade? Then you are not a Democrat this year. [Laughter.] You say you are for a tariff for revenue only. That is the way England raises \$100,000,000 every 12 months.

CAMPBELL SCORES CARNEGIE,

Declaring That He Was Responsible for All the Trouble at Homestead.

ELWOOD, IND., Oct. 26.—The great Democratic demonstration and celebration of the Macbeth lamp chimney factory of this city was held here to-day. The barbecue feature was given up at the last moment, and the multitude who came here expecting to be fed were hungry or bought their dinner at the hotels and restaurants. Elwood never saw a crowd. The speakers of the day were Hon. James E. Campbell, of Ohio; Hon. W. D. Bynum, of Indiana; Hon. George W. Houck, of Ohio, and Hon. John W. Lamb, of Indiana.

The speaking began in the grove north of the factory. The speaker, James E. Campbell, delivering an answer to Major McKinley's speech in this city September 15 last, in regard to the issue of protection. It was a restless crowd that filled the grove and stood under the drapings listening to the leader of the Democratic party of Ohio as he hurled defiance in the face of the Republican stronghold of protection, its anchor, and the political party that champions that cause.

Ex-Governor Campbell discussed the Homestead affair, and denounced Carnegie as the source of the trouble that ended so disastrously there. He briefly referred to the force bill, and in closing claimed New York never connected with the Democrats at the approaching election. To-night a monster torchlight procession was given on the streets of Elwood, fully 6,000 men being in line.

BEECHER'S SON BETS ON CLEVELAND.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Oct. 26.—[Special.]—The iron manufacturers of this city were given a banquet to-night at the Todd House by E. R. Beecher, a son of the late Henry Ward Beecher. He is at the head of a casual company which carries the risks of personal injury to employes for all the rolling mills in this section. He is a staunch Democrat, and while here he watched considerable money that Cleveland will carry New York State and that he will be elected.

SOME ITEMS FROM BOTH CAMPS.

EX-SENATOR EVARTS will address a Republican meeting at the Clermont Avenue Hotel, Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 28.

Texas will be no fault in Nebraska, according to latest accounts, Democrats there preferring to give undivided support to Cleveland.

The Attorney of the First Infantry, Chicago, was packed to the doors last night by an enthusiastic crowd to hear a characteristic speech by ex-Governor Foraker, of Ohio.

C. B. Sprosser, a Democratic candidate for the Legislature in the Second Legislative district of Dauphin county, has filed papers of withdrawal at the State Department.

A TELEGRAM from Kingman, Kan., denies the story that Judge S. H. Snyder has deserted the People's party and tendered his services to the Republican party. Snyder is campaigning for the fusion ticket.

CHICAGO Democrats claim to be more satisfied with the result of the registration, which closed Tuesday in that city, than the Republicans. In the opinion of politicians between 200,000 and 270,000 voters' names have been placed on the lists.

The contract for printing the election ballots for Fayette county has been let to the J. Stevenson Democrat. There will be 48,000 of the official and 2,700 of specimen ballots. The contract price for the official ballots is \$1,000 and for the specimen \$1,000.

The caucus for Fayette county will be held there next week.

REPUBLICAN UNITED STATES INSPECTOR,

on which the inspector, in every case when the right of an applicant to register is doubted, is expected to enter these details: Age, residence, length of residence in State, length of residence in township or county, whether the person was previously registered, or a repeater, and whether of foreign birth, and if so, by what court and at what place and time the papers were issued. Republican members of the registration boards are expected to use the checks also.

KER BEATS M'ALEER.

The Letter's Name Will Not Be Printed as the Democratic Nominee.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—Judge Simonon, of the Dauphin County Court, to-day decided that the nomination papers of W. W. Ker were valid, and that Mr. Ker's name should be printed on the ticket at the Third Congressional district. This is the district represented during his life by Samuel J. Randall. William McAleer, Democrat, is the present Congressman from the district. Mr. Ker obtained the nomination of the "regular" faction of the Democracy at the convention, defeating McAleer. McAleer's friends immediately held a convention of their own and named him. The Republicans later on informed McAleer and placed his name on the ticket, whereupon Mr. Ker withdrew, leaving the field to his opponent. He failed to withdraw his official nomination papers, however, and under the new ballot law he was still a candidate.

RAE JOINS THE FLOPPERS.

The Ex-G. A. R. Chieflain Is With Grover on the Veto Question.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 26.—The great sensation in political circles here to-day is the announcement that Judge John P. Rae, ex-Commander in Chief of the G. A. R., and a lifelong Republican, has come out for Cleveland and Lawler. It had been arranged to spring the news on Monday night, but business prevented and the fact of the conversion was not known until yesterday. The Republicans are astounded, and refuse to believe the story, but Judge Rae confirms it with his own tongue.

AN APPEAL TO M'LEOD

Not to Let His New Railroad Be Abused by the Democracy.

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 26.—Senator Chandler to-night sent the following dispatch: To A. McLeod, President Reading Railroad, Philadelphia: Two years ago the State of New Hampshire was flooded with half a million dollars for corrupt use by the Democracy party, which money had been unlawfully taken by President Chandler from the Boston and Maine Railroad from the Maverick National Bank of Boston. As an inducement to the bank to return the money to the State, the Boston and Maine Railroad funds were placed therein, and the deposit existed when the State was being flooded with money in 1891. To-day the Boston and Maine Railroad is again being used as a great political machine for the Democracy party. I appeal to you, now the leader of the new railroad combination, to put an immediate stop to this kind of political use of the powers of the Boston and Maine Railroad, and to make it a non-political enterprise. Will you give a public assurance that you will do so?

A BURGESS NOT NATURALIZED.

ALBANY, Oct. 26.—An interesting decision, touching the question of naturalization, has been rendered in this city on the application of San C. P. Burgess, to become a citizen of the United States. In his decision Judge Danaher holds that a native of Burma, being neither a white alien nor an alien of African nativity nor a person of the Indian race, cannot be naturalized and admitted to become a citizen of the United States.

IN A LADY'S CHAMBER.

Two Tramps Enter a Greenfield Avenue Residence and Brutally Use Two Ladies, Incidentally Carrying Off Some Silverware—Robberies in Other Parts of the City.

Highway robbery, burglary and petty thieving are becoming an every-day occurrence in Pittsburgh. Early yesterday morning on Greenfield avenue in the Twenty-third ward, a bold robbery was committed. Mr. Keeland has a residence on the Flinn property and just now two young ladies from the University hall of the night Mrs. Keeland and the two ladies were in the theater. During their absence two tramps entered the house and hid in the cellar. The ladies retired about midnight. An hour later one of the young ladies was awakened by a man getting under her door. He called a big ruffian, who said as she tried to scream: "If you make an outcry I'll strangle you!"

AN AMOSKEAG AND AN AHRENS.

Chief Brown Will Buy One Each of Those Makes of Fire Engines.

At Chief Brown's request a conference was held in the Mayor's office yesterday, at which Controller Morrow and Chief Humphries were present. The merits of the two engines offered in answer to the Chief's advertisement were discussed, and it was practically decided that the city should buy one Amoskeag and one Ahrens engine. The Clapp & Jones engine, the only other kind offered, and the lowest priced, was described as the poorest by Chief Humphries, and he offered to prove his statement by the testimony of leading experts. The contract will be let next Saturday.

LOTTERY AGENT ARRESTED.

He Was Selling \$1 Coupons Entitling Holders to a Chance at a \$25,000 Prize.

Eugene Brown, a smooth-tongued stranger representing himself as an agent for the European Obligation Company, was arrested on Sixteenth street last night. He was in the act of explaining his scheme to a crowd of prospective dupes when arrested. The scheme is a drawing for a grand prize of \$25,000, the agent selling coupons at \$1 each, entitling the holder to a chance at the prize. The drawing, he said, will occur on January 1, and the winner gets all the money.

BIGLOW DEMANDS A SETTLEMENT.

To Hold the Citizens' Traction Company to an Agreement He Calls a Hoax.

By Chief Biglow's order the Citizens' Traction Company was yesterday stopped from proceeding with laying its tracks on Frankstown avenue for its branch electric line to Wilkinsburg. Five men were placed on guard to prevent resumption of work until the company pays an assessment of \$21,400 to the city as the company's share for the paving of the street. The company agreed to pay this much or offer to get its franchises. For fear the debt might be repudiated after getting the tracks down Mr. Biglow has decided the company must settle before they proceed.

KILLED BY BURSTING IRON.

David Hilly, an employe of the Monongahela Iron Works, at Hayes' station, was killed yesterday by a bursting ball of iron. He was 62 years of age. The inquest will be held to-day.

FRAUDS IN DETROIT.

Democratic Repeaters Have Their Photos Taken by Means of a Kodak.

DETROIT, Oct. 26.—The Boards of Registration began their sessions to-day, and will continue sitting for four days. Already there are reports of fraudulent registrations. It is stated that An Burr, Chairman of the consolidated Board of the city and county committees, this morning, left from one Registration Board to another in the river districts of the First, Second, Third and Fourth wards carrying a kodak, which he caught the pictures of persons marked by detectives in the employ of the Republican Committee as either repeaters or aliens. The pictures are taken to be used as evidence to prosecute the persons accused of trying to register illegally. Chairman Burr says. The names of over 300 persons, Mr. Burr further says, have been secured by the detectives. They are persons who have taken up quarters at cheap lodging houses along the river, and who intend, it is said, to register and vote the Democratic ticket. Chairman Burr says he does not think the Democratic Committee is responsible for the colonization which the repeaters are trying to effect. He thinks, done in the interest of particular candidates.

At the several Democratic headquarters the charge of colonization is emphatically denied. As a further means of detecting persons who seek to register they have not legally entitled to do so Chairman Burr has given packages of blank checks to every

TOM DIXON TRAPPED.

The Young Baptist Preacher Fined \$155 for Shooting Birds.

WITH NEITHER LAW NOR LICENSE.

He Tried to Run Away From the State Game Protector, but Is

CAUGHT AND MADE TO PAY THE PRICE

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., pastor of the Twenty-third Street Baptist Church, started out yesterday morning on a little gunning expedition. It proved, no doubt, to be the biggest one-day trip he had ever taken. The woods of Staten Island was where Mr. Dixon chose to shoot. He was accompanied by a colored boy, who carried his shooting jacket, leggings and rubber shoes packed in a valise. His Gausch-John, double-barreled gun he carried himself.

Arriving at the island Mr. Dixon donned his shooting clothes and entered the wood, accompanied by the colored boy. He beat along to the south, and the crack, crack of his gun could be heard for a mile around. When he emerged from the woods it was evident that he had got something. His face was radiant with smiles, and the colored boy chuckled and bestowed looks of admiration on his employer. To change his clothes and rack the valise was only the work of a short time, and then Mr. Dixon and the boy were prepared to start for home.

Caught by a Game Protector. Mr. Dixon carried the gun and the boy lugged the valise containing clothes and baggage. At the ferry slip at 24 George, at the arrival and departure of every boat, there stands a State fish and game protector. Many persons don't know this, and Mr. Dixon was one of those persons. Game Protector John W. Lisk was standing there when Mr. Dixon got off the train. He noticed the tall preacher walking toward the boat, but would probably have let him go had not the colored boy attracted his attention. For another reason than that the boy accompanied the man did he look again, and then it was that he saw that Rev. Mr. Dixon carried a gun partly concealed.

He noticed Mr. Dixon, touched him on the shoulder, and said, "Come with me."

"What for?" asked Mr. Dixon.

"Well, I think you have got some game."

"Are sparrows game?" asked the preacher.

"No," replied Lisk, "is that all you have got?"

"Well, about all," replied Mr. Dixon.

"The Preacher Had to March Along."

"I guess you had better come along," said Lisk, who was getting a little tired. He caught Mr. Dixon by the coat, but the preacher, so Lisk says, broke away and ran for the boat. Lisk caught him before he reached the boat. Then the game protector drew his club and poked the preacher with it.

Two policemen who had seen the little scuffle, ran to Lisk's assistance, and Mr. Dixon gave in. He said he did not know the gentleman was an officer or he would not have resisted.

"I'm a minister," said Mr. Dixon, "and I've got a meeting at my church to-night. Can't I fix up with you?"

Officer Lisk said he did not care who he was, he would have to go along. The colored boy had to go along, too. The trio started for Justice Acker's office in New Brighton, a distance of over a mile. While on their way, Mr. Dixon pleaded with the officer to let him go, saying he was ignorant of the game laws. He didn't know that any bird except a quail was game, and for that reason he ought to be released.

Anxious to Know the Cost.

On the way up, according to Lisk, Mr. Dixon repeatedly asked what the officer thought it would cost. He asked Lisk not to press the charge of resistance, as he was a minister, and Lisk softened and said he would not.

Justice Acker was not in his office, so a carriage was called and the trio were driven to the Justice's house. The carriage fare was \$1. Mr. Dixon did not have 75 cents, but he borrowed 25 cents from the colored boy. Justice Acker returned to his office, and Mr. Dixon was arraigned.

When the valise was opened 31 song birds were found wrapped up in a paper with three sparrows. There were also three thrushes, 3 sparrows and one yellow wren. Justice Acker read the law, and said he would be obliged to fine Mr. Dixon \$5 for each bird and \$10 for shooting on Staten Island.

Mr. Dixon pleaded hard to be let off, and he seemed to feel so bad that the Justice did not impose the \$10 fine, and the costs, amounting to \$25, were paid by Officer Lisk. Mr. Dixon did not have \$25, but he borrowed his check. After much consideration the Justice accepted the check.

Wants Some of His Money Back.

Mr. Dixon wanted to know if there was no higher in authority who might give him some of the money back. He was referred to Edward J. Dodge, the Secretary of the Fish Commission. Mr. Dixon took his address and said he would call on Mr. Dodge. As he started away Mr. Dixon said: "Can't I take the birds with me, now?"

Lisk smiled and said he could, but if he was caught going on the boat with them he would surely get the dose repeated.

"Don't want them! Don't want them!" exclaimed Mr. Dixon.

After Mr. Dixon had gone away the paper wrapped around the birds. It was a sporting paper, and on the first page was a copy of the game laws.

HORSE GOODS FOR ALL EQUINES.

SOLOMON & RUBEN

HAVE AN ENORMOUS STOCK OF

HARNESS, BLANKETS, ROBES, ETC.,

Which they are naming at sensationally low prices.

Thanks to the merit of honest goods, exceptional values and an incomparable assortment, we are doing a corking business in this department.

Here Are a Few of Our Trade Compellers:

Good Heavy Street Blankets..... 99c

Substantial Stable Blankets..... 99c

Extra Quality Horse Blankets..... \$1.25

Best All-Wool Jamestown Blankets..... \$3.39

Extra Fine English Kersey Blankets..... \$5.00

Genuine All-Wool Lap Robe..... \$1.50

Extra Quality Persian Gait Robe..... \$3.00

Extra High Quality Plush Robe..... \$3.00

Fine Scoured Wool Imported Lap Robe..... \$3.50

Select Hudson Bay Wolf Robe..... \$6.75

Extra Quality Beaver Fur Robe..... \$8.75

Single Driving Harness, well made..... \$4.99

Good Quality Phaeton Harness..... \$5.99

Strictly Hand-Made Single Buggy Harness, with genuine rubber Trimmings..... \$12.50

Do not leave out of sight the fact that we are carrying a comprehensive line of TRUNKS, VALISES, SATCHELS, and all kinds of leather goods.

SOLOMON & RUBEN

SMITHFIELD AND DIAMOND STREETS

FASHIONABLE AUTUMN DRESS GOODS.

SILKS:

Everything points to greater popularity for Silks this fall than these most desirable goods have yet attained. We show some choice new Two-Toned Shot Silks of the Tafetta and Surah varieties, which are the best quality for the money ever offered. The prices begin at 75c. The new Autumn Silks are here in greatest variety. Rich and beautiful novelties for evening wear. Our Black Silks are a surprise to everyone. They are really extraordinary at the prices.

BLACK DRESS GOODS:

Ladies wearing mourning, and those determined to wear black on account of its pretty plainness, will find that in addition to the Henriettes and Silk Warp goods so popular last season, that Epingalines and smooth rep Dress Goods are to be considered now before deciding a purchase. You can't possibly hope to match prices prevailing here. They range from 50c to \$3.

ENGLISH DIAGONALS:

Ladies contemplating the purchase of these stylish Suitings will find our 48-inch goods at \$1.25 worthy of their consideration.

WATERPROOF CLOTHS:

Only a few days ago these gray, 54-inch Waterproof Suitings sold at 50c a yard. We have placed the popular price, 25c, on these same goods for all this week.

PLAIDS:

Very rich and stylish are the Plaid Dress Goods here shown. Prices anywhere between 15c and \$1. Buyers are sending friends back for these excellent values.

If you are interested in what the best dressed ladies of Pittsburg and Allegheny are going to wear this fall, come into our store and see this Economical Dress Goods Exhibit.

T. M. LATIMER

138-140 FEDERAL STREET, 45-46 SOUTH DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY, PA.

WEDDED A DANISH DOCTOR.

Miss Bettie Fleischmann Finds a Husband to Her Liking.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 26.—[Special.]—Miss Bettie Fleischmann, the American girl who refused to marry Count Logothetti, now manager of the Fleischmann agency in Chicago, because he wouldn't become an American citizen, was married this evening to Dr. C. H. Holman of this city. The ceremony was performed at the Scottish Rite Cathedral by Rev. Mr. Thayer. It was the grandest event of the kind ever held in this city.

The bride is the daughter of Hon. Charles Fleischmann, the millionaire distiller and race horse owner. He is also well known in Republican politics, and was a delegate to the Minneapolis Convention. The groom is a Dane, and has a national reputation as an oculist.

Canada Will Receive Rags Again.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 26.—An order in council has been passed, repealing the orders of some weeks ago, forbidding the importation of rags from Great Britain.

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF IT?

But One Opinion Possible.

Disorders are rampant throughout the land, especially heart disorders, which can be cured by the use of Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure. Dr. J. L. Garner, Gypsum City, Kan., had heart disease; pulse 90 to 140 a minute, heart beat so violent it could be heard across a large room. Took Dr. Miles' remedy, was cured, and writes that he feels like a boy. Six months ago my wife was taken with heart trouble. Symptoms of heart disease: Rapid pulse, burning sensation in windpipe, oppression in chest, acute breathlessness, pain in side. Remedies sold on positive guarantee. Book free as gratuity or Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.