

lin, the latter Speaker of the Ohio Legislature, were at Republican headquarters to-General Sickles was said to have been day. Both gentlemen have been on the prompted by the fact that the General had tump in this State and Connecticut, and are been exceedingly restless under the nominn their way home to participate in the unpaign in the Buckeye State. Speaking bolting the ticket ever since he made his of the general teeling in the districts they the lately visited they said; "Our meet-in Washington, Cleveland

Grover Cleveland came down from Green wich, Ct., with his wife and baby early this morning. They arrived at the Victoria Hotel at 9 o'clock. Mr. Cleveland declined to receive callers during the morging, saying he was busy with his mail. In the atternoon Lieutenant Governor Sheehan went over from State headquarters to conter with the ex-President. He remained for an hour. Later Mr. Cleveland went to his office down town. The Democratic National Committee is-suel a statement to-day to counterast the Republican claim that the large registration in the interior cities of the State of New York is in favor of the Republicans. The Democratic and Republican majorities of the last election are given in 30 citles and towns in the interior of the State. They show that in these the Democrats had a majority of 15,211 and the Republicans a majority of 4,797.

address at the Grand Army Encampment in Washington. Cleveland Back in New York. Grover Cleveland come down from Green. ladies of the household. Mrs. Parker brought with her a basket of fresh laid eggs for Mrs. Harrison. Colonel Parsons, of Natural Bridge, Va., called, but he was obliged to confide the object of his visit to Private Scoretary About noon a report was received in this city to the effect that an afternoon paper in Chicago had published an "extra" announcing Mrs. Harrison's death. Private Secretary Halford was indignant, and characterized the act as cruel. Letters and telegrams of sympathy are received at the White House from all sections of the country hourly now, and the executive clerks are kept busy answering them. The gates of the park to the south of the Executive Mansion have been closed, and the President's grandchildren are thus provided with a playground where they can romp and ride their tiny tricycles without fear of disturbing Mrs. Harrison. Mrs. Harrison's Father in Good Health The venerable Dr. Scott weat out for an airing this morning, accompanied by his body servant. The old gentleman, although

The Callers at the White House.

reception was over.

Attorney General Miller was the only official caller during the day, and the Presi-dent kept close to the sick room. Mrs. ation of Cieveland, and had shown signs of

Justice Brewer savs:

ing decision by Justice Brewer in the two cases involving the application of the provisions of the inter-State commerce law. The decision of the court below is reversed and the case remanded. In effect, the Court decides that through

lines are not local lines, aor through tariffs local tariffs within the provisions of the inter-State commerce law. John Osborne, of Scranton, In., sued the Chicago and

He then continued:

able men.

Care in Legislative Contests. "You should be very careful whom you nominate for the Legislature, for a United States. Senator is to be elected. The next Senate will be very close, and you must see to it that a Republican is elected to take the pince of the one whose term has expired." The Coroner's jury is still in session. There are several hundred negroes in this place and Snowden, two miles below, and the most intense excitement prevails among them over the affair. These people were brought here from Virginia to work in the coal mines at the time of the strike at this place and Snowden last winter.

play a joke upon the manager of his office. He wrote the following message and, after signing Chief Ramsey's name to 1t, laid it

Sr. Louis, Oct. 17. -To all Operators and Managers: In view of the fact that the Gulf, Colo-rado and Santa Fe is controlled by the Santa Fe road, we therefore declare a strike on the entire Santa Fe system, to take effect at 10 o'clock, October 17. See that no telegraph-ing is done, no tickets sold, and that nothing is done to Thure our cause. See that the company's property is cared for until you are regularly relieved.

on Manager Sweet's desk:

ake in hearing the issues discussed. They re as a rule great readers in the two States re visited, and tully posted on the quesions of the day. We have yet to meet with nay who voted the Republican ticket in 1888 who will change this year."

Hon. W. M. Hahn, of the National Committee, said regarding the farmer vote in Ohic: "Last fall when McKinley carried our State by over 21,000 plurality the Democrats were busy circulating stories to the effect that the farmers would vote either with them or the People's party, but an eramination of the vote shows that in every farming community the Republican ticket made large gains, and every indication points this year to an increase over last, as they are more fully alive to the advantages of a protective tariff.

No Apologies for the Republican Party. "The Republican party as a party has no apologies to offer. The McKinley bill speaks for itself, and while last year there were certain objections to it because its provisions were not generally undrestood. I can safely say there is not a wholesale merchant in the country or a small dealer who will say prices have advanced because of it. On the contrary, prices were never so low as now for mercantile commodities. We are in daily receipt of letters and telegrams from all over the country, and they are of the most encouraging nature. Still, I wish to impress upon our people the necessity for active work, and they must not be over-confident, but see on election day that every vote is in the ballot box."

Among the callers at Republican headquarters to-day Minister Lincoln was the most distinguished. He expressed himself gratified at the bright prospects of Republican success, but refused to be interviewed regarding polities.

Whitelaw Reid, who accompanied Mr. Blaine from Ophir Farm, was an early caller, and he remained for about an hour in conference with the leaders. Minister Egan also made his appearance, and among other things said that among all the difficulties he had in Chile he was fully compensated by the fact that his entire course was upheld and sustained by Mr. Blaine, the President and the entire Cabinet.

Mr. Egan Thinks the Battle Is Won.

Regarding the political outlook, Mr. Egan said in his opinion there was no doubt as to the success of the Republican ticket; that he had looked into questions thoroughly and carefully since his return, and was satisfied as to the general result.

Senator Hale, of Maine, said: "The outook in the New England States is constantly improving, and I do not regard the wsult as doubtful anywhere. In Massanusetts Governor Russell will get a large ote, but I will be disappointed if Presileut Harrison's majority falls below 20,000. from the West comes nothing but good ews, and any evil forebodings I may have elt regarding New York are gone. Things ook now as though the sharpest kind of a ght will be made in the Empire State. Ve have a desparate foe to contend with nd we shall need to put forth every effort o carry the day and get the benefit of the onest result. I am more concerned over he country vote and the most earnest forts should be put forth in that direction. he issues are all plain, and the more they re presented the better for us. I am to peak in Connecticut this week and New

ork next." Some Serious Charges of Frauds. Serious charges come from Republican

adquarters of frauds in naturalization. It ginning of the winter term,

MINNESOTA'S MIX.

## Attorneys for Republicans and Democr Argue Their Case Before Judge Brill-A Decision as to His Jurisdiction to Be Handed Down To-Day.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 17 .- The mandamus pro ceedings before Judge Brill, of the District Court, by which the Democratic State Central Committee seeks to compel the Secretary of State to put the People's party electors, whom it has indorsed, with the other Democratic as well as with the Populist electors on the ballot, came up for a hearing to-day. The attor neys for Secretary of State Brown waived the question of jurisdiction, but notwithstanding, this the attorneys for the Democratic committee argued at some length that the court had jurisdiction.

Attorney Flandreau argued that the "peculiar grouping" of the electoral nominees, as made by Secretary Brown, was nothing

less in extent than to prevent many citizens from exercising the franchise. If this error was not rectified the Secretary of State could assume arbitrary functions and citi-zens might be disfranchised. The entire argument was on the question of jurisdiction Attorney General Clapp was asked by the Court if he had any argument to make, He replied that, having waived the question of jurisdiction, argument was unnecessary; whereupon C. D. O'Brien demanded that, as an elector, he desired to hear from the Attorney General. Thus far the merits of the case had not been gone into, and Gen-eral Clapp took up the law, and maintained that an executive officer was exempt from judicial interference in the performance of his duties. With all due respect to the learned counsel for the affiant, he failed to

see where they had emasculated the numerous decisions of the Supreme Court in cases which they had cited. If the Court desired to assume jurisdiction, General Clapp said he would then discuss the merits of the case at greater length. The Court announced that a decisio to its jurisdiction would be rendered to-

morrow morning at 10 o'clock. Harrison and the Ohio Society.

# NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- At the regular

monthly meeting and dinner of the Ohio Society, to-night, letters of regret at their inability to attend were received from President Harrison and Whitelaw Reid, president Harrison and Whitelaw Reid, both of whom are members of the society. President Harrison wrote: "It is very pleasant to be held "in the respect of so estimable a body of gentlemen, and to share with them the uncarned distinction of hav-ing been born in Ohio."

# Allegheny College to Be Enlarged.

MEADVILLE, Oct. 17.-[Special]-Allegheny College 1s about to make an import-

ant addition to its buildings, in what will be known as the Wilcox Hall of Science. The new hall will be opened at the be-

90 years of age, resents the intimation that he is feeble. After a two-hours' walk, upon returning to the White House he be almost indignant when the servant suggested that he should take the elevator o upstairs. Mrs. F. S. Newcomer, of Indianapolis, an

aunt of the President, arrived at the White House to-day, and is a guest of the family. The President feels very keenly his inability to give the proper attention to his duties, and of course, he must regret most exceedingly the necessity for keeping aloof almost entirely from the management of the political campaign. There are few in-dications at the White House, or even in Washington for that matter, that a great political battle is being fought, the crisis of which will be reached in three weeks. Sometimes whole days elapse when the subject of politics is not mentioned to the President, and he gives attention only to hose matters that are of the utmost press

ing importance. Harrison and the World's Fair.

The desire of the Chicago people to have President Harrison present at the delica-tory exercises of the World's Fair build-ings was exceedingly intense, and it was pointed out in as delicate a way as possible pointed out in as deficate a way as possible that the trip could be made on a special train, and the return to Washington accomplished with only an absence of two days from the capital. Mrs. Harrison's physi-cian, moreover, advised the President that there would be no great risk in his consenting to this programme, for the danger of a fatal termination of her illness within the fatal termination of her illness within the next two or three weeks is but slight. It was suggested to the President too what must have occurred to him earlier than it did to his friends—that it would be a grive political error for him to allow his rival for the Presidency to selze alone the opportunity for making political capital. But the President refused to listen to any ad vice or suggestion of this sort. He de-termined not to leave the Executive Man-sion for any purpose whatever, the moment

sion for any purpose whatever, the moment he was informed by the physician that there was no hope for his wife's recovery and that it was impossible to state how soon her life might end.

Not Doing a Bit of Election The President fully realizes what a sacri fice he is making by his devotion to his wife, and while, of course, he has not lost wife, and while, of course, he has not lost interest in the campaign, or parted in any degree with his ambition to be re-elected, he is doing almost absolutely nothing in the way of electioneering. He reads the papers, of course, and is kept informed by his iriends in New York, Indiana and elsewhere as to the progress of the campaign in those States, and chats with such political

those States, and chais with such political callers as he feels it incumbent upon him to listen to, but he is in no frame of mind to look after the details of the campaign, and these he therefore leaves almost entire-ly to others. Mr. Harrison's most intimate personal friend among his Cabinet. officers is, of

Northwestern Railway for the recovery of alleged overcharges on corn shipped to Chicago. In January, 1888, he shipped East to Chicago, but finding the through rate to New York was cheaper, a month later he began shipping through, taking advantage of the cheaper rate, and sued for the difference in rates. Judgment was given in his favor for \$225. In his opinion,

Where two companies owning connecting lines of roads units in a joint through tariff they form for the connecting roads practi-cally a new and independent line. Neither company is bound to adjust its own local tariff to suit the other, nor compelled to use a joint tariff with it. It may insist upon charging its local taries for all transporta-tion over its line. If they make a joint tariff, it is not a basis by which the reasona-bleness of the local tariff of either line is de-termined.

bleness of the local minutes of the provision of termined. In the "long and short haul" provision of the law the use of word "line" is significant. Two carriers may use the same road, but each has its separate line. The defendant may lease trackage rights of any other rail-road company; but the joint use of the same track does not create the "same line," so as to compale either company to graduate its to compel either company to graduate its tariff by that of the other. In this act joint tariffs are recognized; and, if Congress had intended to make the local tariff subordi-nate to or measured by the joint tariff, its language would have been clear and specific,

# DIPHTHERIA EPIDEMIC.

An Undertaker Who Buried His Business Partner Improperly Is in Trouble,

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17 .- The report of mortality issued to-day by the Board of Health shows a very large increase of deaths from diphtheria. During the week ending at noon on Saturday 130 deaths occurred from this cause, against but 31 dur-ing the preceding week. During the 43 hours since Saturday noon 33 additional deaths have been reported. Among these fast was an undertaker, who was buried this morning by his business partner.

After the funeral complaint was made to the Board of Health that Einstein, the partner, had not complied with its regula-tions to prevent the spread of the disease, having given a public funeral to his former associate, exposing his body to view, failing to wrap it in antiseptic sheet and allowing the ice box in which it had reposed to re main on the front pavement.

# PROF. SMITH ARRAIGNED.

## The Cincinnati Presbytery Summons Him to Answer Within Four Weeks.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 17.-The Cincinnati Presbytery to-day formally arraigned Rev. Henry P. Smith, a professor in Lane Theological Seminary, on charges of erron-eous teaching, and fixed four weeks from today for him to answer or plead to the charges. The accusation against Prof. Smith is similar to that against Dr. Briggs, of the Union Theological Seminary.

# ITALIANS AGAINST HUNS.

Four Men Killed and Mortally Wounded in a Pitched Battle Near Hazleton.

HAZLETON, PA., Oct. 17 .- A telephon message just received from Milnesville, eight miles from here, states that the Italian-Hungarian race war culminated in a pitched battle yesterday.

All kinds of weapons were used, and the result is one man dead, three mortally wounded, and a dozen seriously hurt. De-tails not yet obtained.

### Mall Carried on a Street Car.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 17 .- [Special.]-The first street railway mail car in the United States made its first trip this morning. It passes three sub-stations., The car is specially constructed, has "United States mail" printed on its sides, and carries a messenger who does the final assorting of the mail on the car. Three trips are made each day.

that now exists prompts me to speak largely upon the tariff question. All the nations of the earth are competing with us in mer-cantile pursuits. It is in foreign countries that you must look to see if the theory of free trade will apply here. Recently I talked with employes of European factories, and we will compare their wages with those received by employes in this country. "In Italian cotton mills women are paid

20 cents a day. If the theory of free trade prevailed here, the cotton mills in this country would not be in operation. In Belgium skilled women in lace factories get 25 cents a day. If you want the women of Detroit to compete with those women, elect Grover Cleveland President and you will be on the high road to it. Belgium is to-day competing with the United States in the manufacture of iron, steel and other commodities.

## What Free Trade Would Surely Do.

"If you should apply the theory of free trade here you could only keep the American mills in operation by cutting wages down to the Belgium standard. The manufacturers of iron and steel in Germany pay \$4 50 a week to able-bodied laborers. Compare that with the higher wages paid here. Now, suppose you apply the the-ory of free trade and allow all these maufacturers to come here to compete, It would result in there not being a single iron or steel mill left in this It would country inside of six months. In England, where free trade is in force, there are very many paupers who are such because they

cannot get work. "Here is a birdseye view of the labor you have to compete with. Can you compete? The Democratic party says you can. I sa you cannot, except you let wages here fall to the standard there. "The Republican party has devised a

scheme to protect your wages and industries against foreign labor. The Republican believes that every man who works should receive wages that will enable him to buy a home, and thereby render him a better citizen. It is a fact that very few skilled laborers in Europe own homes. The protective tariff-the McKinley billwill protect your industries, your labor, your homes and your schools, and you thould vote for the party that upholds it." From here Senator Frye goes to Kalavour

# PHILADELPHIA'S SOCIAL SENSATION.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17. - Through a suit against her father which a very aristocratic little girl from Washington, named Valerie Padelford, brought in the Court of Common Pleas, the fact comes light that Mr. Padelford has not lived with his wife or daughter for four years. Valerie's father, Arthur Padelford, a wealthy Southerner, married Miss Betty Ordway, daughter of General Albert Ordway, chief of the Ordnance Bureau at Washington, in 1885. General Ordway has supported Valerie for nearly five years. Now he thinks that it is about time she should derive a little benefit from her tather's \$25,000 income, and he has, therefore, brought suit through his grandchild. The wedding of Miss Ordway and Mr. Padelford was one of the most notable events of the social season in which it took lace. The couple went to Paris, where Valerie was born in 1887. Then Mrs. Padelford came home to Washington and her husband did not come with ber.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Oct. 17 .- A rin on the Springfield Savings Bank this atternoon caused considerable uncasiness. The run was caused by a suit brought against the the past five years. The bank will fight the suite

Same.

WANAMAKER ON THE STAND.

## He Testifies Concerning His Share in th Keystone Bank Muddle.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17 .- The trial of the suit of Receiver Robert M. Yardley, brought against William S. Torr in the United States Circuit Court, to recover \$37,750, assessment on 750 shares of Key-stone National Bank stock, was enlivened this morning by the calling of Postmaster General Wanamaker as a witness in re-buttal. Mr. Wanamaker was called to the stand by Mr. Yardley's attorney and was examined regarding the two blocks of Key-stone stock which were frequently alluded to when the failure of the bank was being investigated. The Postmaster General's evidence was

substantially the same as his testimony given in the Council Chamber some time ago. Regarding 1,000 shares over which there has been considerable discussion, the witness said he took them to the Girard Trust Company, where he obtained a loan on them for John C. Lucas, to whom he gave the check which he received for the loan. The matter was merely an accommodation for Mr. Lucas. As to the 2,516 shares received by the witness from Mr. Lucas. Mr. Wanamaker explained that he received them to use as collateral for an operation in stocks, and that he subsequently returned the shares to Mr. Lucas' state

# DALTONS STILL DEFIANT.

## Caney, Near Coffeyville, the Scene of Further Bandit Outrages.

COFFEYVILLE, KAN., Oct. 17 .- While all is quiet here, toughs seem to be thick at Caney, near the scene of last week's train robbery. The Missouri Pacific depot was held up there last night, but the robbers got nothing. One of the party was arrested. The relay of horses for the Dalton gang vere taken to Caney after the killing of the Daltons and were stolen. One of the thieves, named Burch, was arrested Thursday by the Marshal of Caney. Both Marshal and thieves exchanged shots and were both slightly wounded. Friday night friends of the thief rescued him and took him to the

territory. In and around Caney are congregated a number of very tough men. There was talk of organizing a vigilance committee, but it was hard to decide who to take in. This town is still guarded. Koehler, the

liveryman, who killed several of the Dalton gang, received tour more threatening letters, postmarked Kansas City, St. Paul, Chicago and Dallas, Tex.

# ELKINS AND DAVIS SUED.

## West Virginia Coal Operator Charges Them With Systematic Bobbery.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 17 .- A sensational suit. instituted against Secretary of War Stephen B. Elkins and ex-United States Senator Henry C. Davis by Alexander Shaw, a leading coal operator, was begun to-day. Mr. Shaw com-plains that he has been systematically robbed by Elkins and Davis, who own a majority of the stock and manage the af-fairs of the West Virginia Central and Pittsburg Railway Company, in which he, too, owns stock. Eikins and Davis are asked for an

accounting, while an injunction is asked to prevent the WestVirginia from disposing of the permanent lease it has on the Piedmont and Cumberland. .

Chicago and New York to Have a Chat.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- Much interest is manitested in the opening of telephonic communication between this city and Chibank by the County Treasurer for alleged taxes to the amount of 568,000 due during the past five years. The bank will fight the he will tatk to Mayor Washburne, of Chi-Cago

Manager Swett, after reading it, imme-

distely repeated the message to the next station, and within 15 minutes it had been received by every station on the entire system. Fifteen minutes later every op-erator on duty had struck work. The op-eration of the road was completely blocked, and Dispatcher Barker's joke was complete.

The Joker Gets His Deserts. Barker is, doubtless, the only man who got any fun out of the joke, and his enjoy-ment of it has probably received a sudden check, when he learns that it has resulted in the complete suspension of all business on the road. It was very serious business for the Santa Fe Railroad. For 12 hours its business was at a standstill. Orders were sent out to all stations to managers to de-

cline to receive freight. Immediately after the news of the strike reached Santa Fe headquarters, General Manager Robinson sought to put himself in communication with Chief Ramsay. After some time it was finally ascertained that the Czar of all telegraphers was in St. Louis, conferring with the Missouri Pacific officers on the proposed new telegraphers' schedule on that system. It took some time to reach him by wire, and when he was reached he could do nothing until he had received an authoritative report of the strike from some of his trusted lieutenants on the line. It was, therefore, not until 7 o'clock to-night that a message was received from him, stat-ing that the order instructing the men to strike was a forgery, and that he desired the men to return to work at once.

At the same time this message was received the operators received an order to go to work immediately. The order was com-plied with at once. During the day the en-tire system, from Chicago to the Pacific const and from Kansas City to Galveston, was practically at a standstill, over 2,000 operators being idle. The only man who remained at his post was the operator at Barciay, Kan., and he says he knew the

order to strike was a hoax. The loss to the company is very great, while the only benefit to the operator is in showing the perfect manner in which they are organized, and in demonstrating that they are in good condition to enforce their

Operator Barker, the joker, has been dis-

BAD FOR THE READING.

## The New Jersey Supreme Court to Appoint Receivers for the Roads.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- Attorney General . John P. Stockton, of New Jersey, struck a hard blow to-day at the Reading Coal Combination. With ex-Judge Frederic W. Stevens, who has been associated with him in the case on behalf of the State, he appeared in the Chancellor's chamber in Jersey City and asked that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the New Jersey

appointed to take charge of the New Jersey Central Railroad, the Easton and Ambog Railroad and the Delaware and Bonn Brook Railroad Company, to enforce the Chancellor's injunction against all the rail-roads in the coal combination in New Jer-sey. Two informations were filed. The Chancellor granted without hesita-tion the prayers in both, and made the rules returnable October 27. The promptness with which the prayers were granted is said by lawyers familiar with court procedure to be an indication that a receiver will be ap-pointed. The Attorney General has filed be an indication that a receiver will be ap-pointed. The Attorney General has filed with his papers a mass of evidence showing that the temporary and permanent orders of the Court, forbidding increases in the price of coal, have been violated.

## 100 Cigarmakers Strike,

LANCASTER, Oct. 17.-One hundred cigarmakers at Dunn & Co.'s factory in Ephrata, Pa., struck this morning for higher wages. Work at the factory is temporarily suppended.

State State

# The Child of General Ordway's Daughte Sues Her Father for Support.

A Run on a Springfield Bank.