

NOT EVEN A FACTOR

In the General Results Are in the Fall State Elections in the South, SO THE REPUBLICANS SAY.

A Unanimity of Sentiment on That Point at Headquarters.

ANOTHER BOMBHELL FROM PECK. He Gives the Democrats Some More Figures From His Report.

SHOWING THE GOOD OF PROTECTION

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The Republican chieftains at Chairman Carter's camp today made light of the Democratic news from Florida and Georgia. Mr. Carter, Mr. Manly, Ex-Senator Platt, Whitelaw Reid, Dr. Chauncey M. Depew, W. J. Campbell, of Illinois, William O. Bradley, of Kentucky, William A. Sutherland, of Rochester, and C. L. Magee, of Pennsylvania, all said that the big vote of the Democrats would not frighten the Republicans a particle. They said that no harm would come as a result of these elections, because the Republicans of the country will understand that the Republicans had not run State tickets in either of the States. It was not likely, either, that in November the Republicans would run electoral tickets in these two and in States, a number of other States.

The Republican chieftains dispute the statement that the Democrats are confident. They are informed to the contrary. They were also convinced that the statement that Mr. Cleveland is confident of success is erroneous. They base their statements on direct information.

Grace Called Down by Cleveland. It looks as though the Republicans have a straight shot at the Governorship of New York. Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Grace at the Victoria Hotel. Mr. Cleveland made a personal appeal to Mr. Grace not to run a third ticket for the mayoralty, and said that it would be a personal affront to him if Mr. Grace did.

The Republican chieftains said that the Democratic claims about Kansas, Illinois and Louisiana were nonsense. They added that the Democrats would have to fight for North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, West Virginia, Missouri and little Delaware, and Mr. Manly personally was confident that General Warner, the Republican candidate for Governor of Missouri, would be elected.

Mr. Magee was fresh from Alabama and went over the whole situation in the State with Mr. Carter, and afterward remarked that his friends in the Democratic camp were doing a good deal of bluffing. Senator Quay will remain temporarily in Philadelphia to be treated for his vertigo. It is not known when he will come to New York. The Senator was joined in Philadelphia this morning by Dave Martin, of the National Committee from the Keystone State, who has been in New York several weeks co-operating with the committee, the special object of my work being to prevent fraudulent registration and fraudulent voting.

No Politics From a Train. A report was circulated that Chairman Hackett, of the State Campaign Committee, was to send a special train through New York State, and that Dr. Depew, Mr. Platt and William Miller would board from the tail-end of the cars. Mr. Hackett said there was no truth in the yarn. As a matter of fact, though, the Republicans would like to have Dr. Depew take the stump. The National Committee and the State Committee want him to rustle around the State and call the Republicans to arms. It was said that Dr. Depew will start early, and that he will give his message Governor McKinley, of Ohio.

During the closing days of the campaign the Republicans are to have orators on the stump in every inland city, town and hamlet concerning money matters, both at National and State Republican headquarters, no squeaking of the wheels of the machines has been heard as yet. There is plenty of money for legitimate purposes. The Democratic National Committee issued an address for members, "not only to spread the truth among the people," but to "prosecute and punish crimes against the ballot." Continuing, it says: "All anxiety about the State of New York is allayed, and she will give her electoral vote to our candidates. All reports from independent and conservative sources in other parts of the country are exceptionally promising."

Colonization was freely charged from both National Committees, to-day. The Democrats charged the Republicans with bringing in negroes to have them on hand for registration day, while Dave Martin, of the Republican Committee, charged the Democrats with colonization of Italians and procuring for them fraudulent naturalization papers.

WEAVER GOING TO PULASKI. Prospects of a lively time at a Political Meeting To-morrow Night.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 6.—General Weaver, the People's party candidate for President, and Mrs. Lease spoke to 400 people at Hopkinsville to-day. In an answer to a note General Weaver made a public denial of the stories in regard to his conduct at Pulaski during the war. A prominent Nashville politician said to-day that from letters he had received from Pulaski he was inclined to feel uneasy at Weaver's appearance there Saturday. He had no fears whatever from the better class of citizens, the ex-Confederates, and thinking people generally, but that there is an element there that will delight in doing Mr. Weaver any sort of indignity he might know too well to deny. Another prominent politician said the people of Pulaski as well as others know what disgrace they would bring on the State.

These comments run along the line, and Weaver's proposed visit is the prominent thought in the political mind. But that Weaver's determination to go to Pulaski and answer the charges against him face to face is a good move on his part is pretty well agreed upon all around.

The Campaign Opened at Carlisle. CARLISLE, Oct. 6.—[Special.]—The Republican campaign in Southern Pennsylvania was opened in Chambersburg to-night, when General Daniel Hastings, of Bellefonte, the hero of Johnston; Hon. S. J. McCarrall, of Harrisburg; Hon. S. J. McMahon and Hon. W. N. Brewer, of Chambersburg, made stirring addresses on the issues of the canvass.

Bourke Cockran Speaks at East. BOSTON, Oct. 6.—Congressman William Bourke Cockran addressed a big Democratic ratification meeting at Tremont Temple this evening. When the doors were opened the large auditorium was immediately filled with a crowd anxious to hear the Congressman and Hon. James M. Beck, of Philadelphia, who also spoke. Both speakers were heartily applauded.

A Straw From an Indiana Corn. INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 6.—The Supreme Court to-day refused to modify its order

setting October 11 as the day for argument on the motion to advance the legislative appointment suit on the docket. It also ordered that printed briefs and affidavits on Attorney General Smith's motion to dismiss be submitted by the same time. This is generally accepted as an indication that the Court will not decide the case until after the election.

MAGEE'S IDEA OF M'VEAGH.

He Thinks the Ex-Attorney General Has Long Been a Democrat. NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—[Special.]—C. L. Magee, of Pittsburgh, arrived at the Fifth Avenue Hotel this morning. When asked by a reporter what he thought of Wayne McVeagh's action he replied: "Why, there is nothing significant in it. I believe he voted for Cleveland in 1884 and 1888, and he has therefore virtually been a Democrat eight years. His action cannot hurt the Republicans nor help the Democrats. Of course, he is one of the few Republican seceders. From the shouting among Democrats and in the Democratic press of McVeagh's action the public is led to believe that he has up to the present time been a loyal Republican."

Mr. Magee said he had nothing to add to the favorable reports from Alabama. He believes the arrangement effected there will result in a Republican victory beyond a doubt, as Kolb and his followers are fighting mad and determined to have revenge. He said the result of the election in Georgia was not unexpected, as Governor Noon is a popular man and drew votes from Republicans and the People's party. It was a purely local contest without national issues and the best man naturally won. He thinks, however, the vote in the Presidential election will have an entirely different complexion.

PEPPER SCORES WEAVER.

He Thinks the General Did Wrong in Running Away From the South. KANSAS CITY, Oct. 6.—Senator Pepper arrived here to-day to participate in the exercises attending Peck's party day at the fair. Before he received word from Council Grove of the death of his son in a railroad accident, he was interviewed. He said he did not view the bolt from the tusion ticket by the straight Democrats with alarm. They could vote 25 per cent of the Democratic vote and still carry the State by a handsome majority. He regarded the statement that Georgia had given the Democratic ticket a majority of 70,000 as an extravagant exaggeration. The official figures would probably show a majority of 15,000 for the Democrats.

Mr. Pepper said the Southern people did not like to have outsiders mix in their politics. Weaver, he said, did not know how to handle the people there. "I do not think Weaver did right in running away from there," he continued. "It would have been much more creditable for him to have remained and faced the issue. He may have been in some danger, but he knew the situation before he went there, and I think he should have been willing to stay."

ANOTHER PECK BOMB.

New York's Labor Commissioner Has More Prosperity Figures to Offer. NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Commissioner Peck has thrown another bombshell into the Cleveland camp. Two more of his statistical tables on wages and labor have just been made public, and they make almost as big a sensation as his original report. Tables E and F, which were published to-day, make a still more conclusive showing in favor of protection than even table D. They show that of 177,701 men in the construction trades from whom reports have been received, 177,634 had their condition improved by protection, and 47 were prosperous. Table F shows that of 12,342 working people heard from not a single one was required to work more hours, but all had hours of work reduced.

Of the laborers reported 6,342 had their wages increased and 17 reduced. Employers reporting are of both parties. The affidavits of Labor Commissioner Peck and his nine assistants are appended, to the effect that the returns were received from manufacturers and the official representatives of labor organizations in the State of New York for the years 1890 and 1891.

ANOTHER STATE CONVENTION.

Rhode Island Republicans Don't Forget a Word for Good Roads. PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 6.—The State Republican Convention was called to order at 11 o'clock this morning, George A. Littlefield, of Providence, was chosen temporary chairman, and Eugene F. Warner, of Coventry, Secretary, and later the temporary organization was made permanent. A platform was adopted approving the declarations of the National Convention, the present tariff law, silver coinage policy, efforts for a free ballot and pure election regarding restricted immigration and civil service reform of the national Republican administration. The public service of President Harrison was commended, and a pledge to support him in the pending campaign.

The following Presidential electors were nominated: Newport, Louis L. Lorillard; Warwick, William V. Roelker; Bristol, Joshua Wilbur; Pawtucket, John H. Hiskell. A resolution was adopted favoring good roads, and the convention adjourned.

HARRISON'S CABINET WILL WORK

For the Re-election of the Present Chief Executive of the Nation. WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Secretary of State Foster, in answer to an inquiry as to the truth of the report recently published that the President had intimated to members of his Cabinet that he did not desire them to take part in the campaign by making political speeches, denied that any such intimation had been given. The President sees no impropriety in any member of his Cabinet appearing before the public in a temperate discussion of political topics in vindication of the policy and acts of the administration.

It is expected that some of the secretaries will, in the course of the next few weeks, speak in their own States or elsewhere, but no such prolonged absence from their departments is contemplated as will interfere with the proper dispatch of public business.

Miscellaneous Political Gossip.

The Republican convention of the Third Mississippi district nominated G. W. Giles, colored, for Congress.

In a convention held in Nashville to nominate two Senators and ten Representatives, the Legislature a resolution was adopted instructing the nominees to vote for the re-election of United States Senator William B. Carter.

SECRETARY CHARLES FOSTER has accepted an invitation to address a Republican meeting at Chicago on the 24th instant. He will make political addresses in Ohio, Kansas and Missouri, but dates have not yet been finally settled.

The Second Arkansas District Democrats yesterday nominated A. M. Middlebrook, colored, for Congress, but Middlebrook stated that for obvious reasons he would not accept the nomination. No further nomination, however, and the convention adjourned.

Nothing Like It

Ever heard of before. A giant record breaker—our \$10 suit of overcoats and suits, worth \$15 and \$20. Only two days—to-day and to-morrow. F. C. C. Clothing.

Don't Take the Risk Of fire or thieves, but keep your valuable papers, bonds, etc., in the safe deposit vaults of the Farmers' Deposit National Bank, 16 Fourth avenue. Boxes rented at \$5 a year and upward.

NO DALTON GOT AWAY.

Now Asserted There Were Only Five in the Coffeyville Gang.

ALL OF WHOM WERE SHOT DOWN.

Emmet Is Still Alive but Will Die, but Cashier Ayers Survives.

THE WOUNDED BANDIT'S OWN STORY

COFFEYVILLE, KAN., Oct. 6.—The streets are packed to-day with crowds of excited people from all parts of this section, attracted by the Dalton tragedy of yesterday. At the city jail an awning has been improvised under which lie the four dead bandits in coffins provided by the county, with a guard to see that they are not disturbed. Among the thousands which have viewed the bodies are many who have known the Daltons for years, and while their crimes deserve to place them beyond the pale of sympathy here and there are to be found people who can scarce repress a sigh of regret for the fate of the dead men.

The stairway leading to the room where Emmet Dalton lies is at all times surrounded by a crowd of men and women who pass up the stairway to the presence of the wounded man. All sorts of reasons are advanced for these requests, but with few exceptions, they are not complied with.

Emmet Dalton Is Still Living.

The report given out last evening by the coroner that Emmet Dalton had died from the effects of his wounds was untrue, the object being to allay the excitement among the citizens, who were threatening to lynch the dying outlaw. Last night Dalton was closely guarded by a company of citizens under command of a deputy marshal, and his newspaper correspondents were admitted to him.

Through the courtesy of Sheriff Callahan a reporter was allowed to enter the room. Emmet was weak from loss of blood. He said: "I met the National and the three boys near Tulsa. In the course of their talk they asked me how much money I had. I replied \$20. They said they had \$900, and then told me of their plan to rob both banks of Coffeyville and the National Bank, and then to lower Jesse James' record. I tried to persuade him not to try, but didn't succeed, as he had a grudge against the town and wanted revenge for what he had heard the people saying about trying to do about it. I had no money to lend the country, and I also did not think we could get away if we made it finally consented.

"We knew the lay of the land thoroughly, and it was agreed that Bob and I should take the First National and the three boys Condon's bank. Bob thought he and I were better than any six of the others, and knowing the First National to be the hardest to rob, we selected that and assigned Condon's to the others."

Claims to be a Cousin of the Youngers.

He stated that he was a cousin of the Younger brothers, and until he knew that the other boys were dead he refused to say anything; but when their dead bodies were carried up to him for inspection he identified them as Bob and Gratton Dalton, Tom Evans and James Condon. He said he gazed upon the dead brothers. The names he gave to the two latter men are not the names they were known by in this section, but they are not their real names. He said he had no money to lend the country, and I also did not think we could get away if we made it finally consented.

THE DEAD BANDITS WERE BURIED THIS AFTERNOON

in the City Cemetery, in a lot owned by the Dalton family, and it was there were carried to the grave in transfer over to a single mourner or sympathetic friend to assist in the last rites. The mother of the Daltons was telegraphed yesterday, and this morning a message was received from Ben Beasly, of the family, that he would come on here. Ben has never been with the boys in their raids. He is a farmer, living with his mother at present near Muskogee, Okla. Emmet is wounded in the right arm, his right arm is 12 buckshot, the latter being the shot which knocked him off his horse.

The Money Taken From the Bank.

He reached his horse and mounted with the bag of money from the First National Bank when, seeing Ben Beasly, he called to assist him, and it was then he perceived the figure which brought him down. The money secured from the First National Bank amounted to \$20,240, and that from Condon's \$5,000. The amount turned over to the banks exceeded this amount, and serves to verify the statement by Emmet that he had \$900 when they came to town.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—Two men widely known in commercial and literary circles, ex-Congressman R. W. Dunham, of Chicago, and his former partner, Alexander Young, of Milwaukee, came to blows in the Board of Trade corridor to-day. According to Mr. Dunham's statement there have been rather hard feelings between the men for some little time. This morning, just before the opening of the board, the two met on the stairs and angry words passed between them. Young aimed a blow with his cane at Dunham's head. Dunham dodged, but his hat was sent spinning across the floor. Before Young had time to strike again Dunham was upon him and the two men clinched.

By this time a police officer had reached them and the fight was brought to a close. "I demand that you arrest that man," shouted Dunham as the officer laid his hand on Young's shoulder. Officer Brisson took Young into custody. Arrived at the station the ex-Congressman refused to prosecute, and Mr. Dunham, who was formerly the president of the Board of Trade, declined to make any explanation.

Still Another Record Broken.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 6.—[Special.]—Wheeler Lumsden, of Chicago, broke the five-mile world bicycle record to-day by covering the distance in 12:36 3/4. The track was perfect.

HEADQUARTERS FOR PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Mellor & Hoove, 77 Fifth Avenue. Our large warehouses are filled with complete assortment of cheap and medium-priced pianos, as well as a full line of the SUPERIOR CHICKERING & SOONS, and the LARGESON PIANOS, in plain and fancy woods also, the old, reliable and durable Vose and Knauss pianos.

We are still offering special inducements consisting of Chickering's, Steingway's, Harpington's, Hallett & Davis, Dunham's and Schomaker's, Hallett & Davis, Hale and many other makes. These second-hand instruments for one-half price are asked elsewhere. They must be sold to make room for our immense stock of the world-renowned pianos had been paid, and went to Indian Territory. He seemed to be a quiet, quiet boy, except that he had the Indian characteristics of a roving disposition.

YOUNGER KNOWS THEY NOT.

He Is Not Related to the James Boys, and Only by Marriage to the Daltons. STILLWATER, MINN., Oct. 6.—A reporter this morning asked Cole Younger, in the penitentiary, as to the relationship existing between himself and the notorious Dalton gang. Cole said he was not sure of any relationship, but he contained a "I think a third cousin of mine married a Dalton in Kansas years ago, but I know absolutely nothing about the Kentucky family. I cannot see where anyone got the authority to say that because these men were related to Frank and Jesse James they were related to me. This statement is absurd. I am not related to the James boys, and previous to my coming to this prison 16 years ago, there existed a bitter feud between Jesse James and myself."

STILL ANOTHER DELAY

In the Hearing in Commissioner Peck's Case—The Judge Postpones the Matter Till October 18—Claims of Mr. Peck's Lawyers—What the Prosecution Must Show.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 6.—The Peck case came up in the Court of Sessions to-day on the demurrer to the indictment found against the Labor Commissioner for burning public records. Mr. Peck and his stenographer were present, with Mr. Meegan, their counsel. Assistant District Attorney Cohen appeared for the prosecution. Mr. Meegan said the indictment found was a fraud on the court and had been so hurriedly prepared that in his opinion it was improperly drawn, in so far as it did not specify by state just what public records Mr. Peck is charged with destroying. He said that pursuant to the provisions of the code under which these indictments were found the prosecution must show that the records in question were in fact public records; that they were public records; that they should have been filed or deposited, and that such circulars or records had been filed by authority of which the indictment was found on the alleged destruction of certain public records, books, papers and documents, but no specific charge is made of the destruction of the circulars and answers. An argument on which this indictment was found. This indictment charges that certain papers were termed public records, and it was never intended they should be filed. It is alleged in the indictment that the actual details of which the indictment was found in the Commissioner's annual report had been destroyed.

Mr. Meegan held that according to all authorities the circulars and answers were not statistical data, but that the term record which is used in the indictment is a combination of the facts contained in the circulars and answers should not have been filed and could properly have been destroyed after the compilations had been made by Mr. Peck from the original reports. There is no law requiring these circulars or answers to be filed, and the District Attorney, said Mr. Meegan, could cite no law showing these circulars were public records and should be filed. Mr. Meegan said that according to all authorities the circulars and answers were not statistical data, but that the term record which is used in the indictment is a combination of the facts contained in the circulars and answers should not have been filed and could properly have been destroyed after the compilations had been made by Mr. Peck from the original reports. There is no law requiring these circulars or answers to be filed, and the District Attorney, said Mr. Meegan, could cite no law showing these circulars were public records and should be filed.

Mr. Cohen arose to answer Mr. Meegan, saying the prosecution would attempt to show on the trial that these circulars and answers were public records and had been filed in the Labor Bureau. Judge Clute said: "Then I understand the only question you here disagree on is that these circulars were public records?"

Mr. Cohen—Yes, sir. If you decide that they were not public records then we admit we will not be able to destroy them.

Judge Clute—I am not prepared to decide such an important question of law on the arguments presented, and shall adjourn the case until October 18.

CRESPINO'S DECISIVE BATTLE.

He Wins It, and the Capital of Venezuela Is at His Feet.

LA GUAYRA, Oct. 6.—The decisive battle in the Venezuela war has been fought, and Crespo won. Six hundred on both sides were killed. Los Teques is only ten miles from Caracas, and is the key to the city. General Pulido, an uncle of the acting President, was in command of the Government forces, numbering 6,000, and went to Los Teques to take up a position in order to repel Crespo's advance on the capital, which was then in the hands of the Government forces. Acting President Villegas Pulido of his army. All the Government officials at Los Teques and those accompanying the Presidential army are reported to be prisoners in Crespo's camp. Crespo has made a formal demand for the surrender of the capital. He has backed up his demand with the announcement that he intends to enter the city of Caracas to-morrow at the head of the entire revolutionary army. La Guayra is still in the hands of the Government, but it cannot hold out against the victorious Crespietas, as it undoubtedly will, open its gates to ex-President Palacio's old and unrelenting enemy, Crespo.

The report of the battle is, however, declared untrue by the Venezuelan Consul at New York. The Consul says, however, that there was a fight near the little town of Cua and Acaigua, and that the Government forces under General Pulido, uncle of President Pulido, and Generals Quesada and Vegas, of Crespo's army.

BATTLED WITH CANES.

Big Board of Trade Men Belabored Each Other Till an Office Interference. CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—Two men widely known in commercial and literary circles, ex-Congressman R. W. Dunham, of Chicago, and his former partner, Alexander Young, of Milwaukee, came to blows in the Board of Trade corridor to-day. According to Mr. Dunham's statement there have been rather hard feelings between the men for some little time. This morning, just before the opening of the board, the two met on the stairs and angry words passed between them. Young aimed a blow with his cane at Dunham's head. Dunham dodged, but his hat was sent spinning across the floor. Before Young had time to strike again Dunham was upon him and the two men clinched.

By this time a police officer had reached them and the fight was brought to a close. "I demand that you arrest that man," shouted Dunham as the officer laid his hand on Young's shoulder. Officer Brisson took Young into custody. Arrived at the station the ex-Congressman refused to prosecute, and Mr. Dunham, who was formerly the president of the Board of Trade, declined to make any explanation.

WINTER UNDERWEAR.

Winter underwear for ladies. Winter underwear for gentlemen. Winter underwear for girls. Winter underwear for boys. Winter underwear for babies. Best variety! Best qualities! Lowest prices!

FERRISMAN & CO., 505, 506 and 508 Market Street.

Military Trimmings

Can be had at our stores at moderate prices as well as if you want your "uniform" put a bit "wish ornament, flower or feather." E. S. GILBERT, 411 Broadway.

TABLE D'hotel dinner, 6 to 8 p. m., Hotel Duquesne. Best meal in the city for 75 cents.

DEWITT'S Little Early Risers. No griping no pain, no nausea, easy pill to take.

See our perfect fitting kid gloves. JAMES H. ALEX & CO., 100 Fifth Avenue.

WASTING FAST AWAY.

Mrs. Harrison Greatly Emaciated and Now a Mere Shadow of HER FORMER VERY ROBUST SELF.

She Has Lost Nearly Fifty Pounds Since She Was Taken Ill.

ONLY HOPING FOR A PEACEFUL END

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Aside from the usual changes characteristic in consumptive cases, there has been no particular alteration in the condition of Mrs. Harrison since she was brought to Washington from Loon Lake about two weeks ago. Although critically ill, and in a condition which a new complication might speedily prove fatal, her case is not absolutely hopeless, and instances are known where persons in a similarly extremely dangerous condition have so far recovered as to enjoy comparatively fair health for years. Such instances are rare, however.

The President's family and friends cling to the hope that Mrs. Harrison's case may prove one of the exceptions to the rule. The great danger to be feared is the reproduction of fluid in the chest cavity, which might gather in 24 hours and prove fatal, and especially if the patient could not bear the operation of aspirating.

Mrs. Harrison's right lung is entirely consolidated, so that she has no use of it whatever. The left lung is not involved.

Although anxious for prolonged life the patient does not exhibit that cheerfulness and hopefulness that is usually so apparent in the case of consumptives. This is due to the extreme nervous exhaustion from which she suffers. Ever since the commencement of her illness she has been affected with a tremulous prostration, and this has doubtless had very much to do with her present condition. This extreme prostration has been the one great cause which has operated against her rallying.

Probably the most noticeable result of Mrs. Harrison's illness is great emaciation. Her appearance last year was that of a strong, healthy and vigorous person, who did not know what it was to be ill, and she has lost nearly fifty pounds since she was taken ill. Before she was ill Mrs. Harrison weighed 167 pounds, and it is said that she has lost during her prostration between 45 and 50 pounds.

POOL WIRE TAPPERS.

The Prosecuting Attorney Averse to Punishing Offenses Against Law Breakers. CINCINNATI, Oct. 6.—Robert Smith, formerly a Western Union operator; John Smith, his brother, and Charles Dougherty, a lineman, were in the police court this morning, charged with tapping the wires of the Western Union Telegraph Company to defraud pool rooms by holding reports of races until accomplices could place bets on winners. The prosecuting attorney was indisposed to prosecute. Privately he said the pool-rooms were law breakers; the city is trying to suppress them, and he looked upon wire tappers as efficient assistants in breaking up the illegal business. In the court-room, however, he based his objection to prosecution on the ground of defects in the statute under which the arrest is made. The Western Union Company is deeply interested in the punishment of wire tappers and will push the prosecution. The cases were continued until Tuesday.

These tappers had rented a third-story room near the pool-rooms of Regan and had tapped his wire, bringing the connecting wires down the inside of the chimney to the fireplace in their room. They were discovered only a short time before the time for putting their plant into operation. The plan pursued by the pool-rooms is to have an office in Covington and telegraph to it all bets taken in Cincinnati, thus seeking to evade the Ohio law.

A Contrast in the Weather Line.

TROY, Oct. 6.—Snow fell in this city to-day for the first time this season. A year ago yesterday in Troy the thermometer registered 93° above zero.

A Mercer Convict Breaks Jail.

MERCER, Pa., Oct. 6.—[Special.]—Joseph Levin, who was convicted of sending threatening letters to extort money, broke jail here this afternoon.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Patent Medicines.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, 67c.
Burnham's Sarsaparilla, 57c.
Liebig's Beef, Wine and Iron, 47c.
Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, 69c.
Danner's Essence of Health, 74c.
Jayne's Expectoant, 66c.
Nestle's Food, 38c.
Syrup of Figs, 39c.
Carter's Little Liver Pills, 19c.
Beecham's Pills, 14c.
McLaine's Pills, 14c.
Wampole's Cod Liver Oil, 74c.
Dr. Hartman's Peruana, 69c.
Cuticura Resolvent, 74c.
Cuticura Salve, 39c.
Warner's Safe Cure, 34c.
Pond's Extract, 36c.
Horsford's Acid Phosphate, 87c.
Ayer's Vita Nuova, 87c.
Allcock's Porous Plasters, 19c.
Benson's Caprice Plasters, 69c.
Hostetter's Bitters, 69c.

Soaps.

Pears' Unscented Soap, 11c.
Cuticura Soap, 13c.
Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet Soap, 21c.
Woodbury Facial Soap, 9c.
Buttermilk Soap, 8c.
Pure Castile Soap, 8c.
Oakley's Turkish Bath Soap, 4c.

Housefurnishing.

Mrs. Potts' Sad Irons, 3 stands complete, 75c.
Patent Skirt Boards, with stand, 98c.
Family Scale, \$1.48
Genuine Dover Egg-Beater, worth 15c, 8c.
Quadruple Silver-Plated Tea Set, satin finish with embossed and engraved flowers, worth \$6, \$3.98
Quadruple Plated Souvenir Spoons, latest designs, the bowl of spoon heavily gilded, 25c.

China and Glassware.

Dinner and Tea Set combined, 112 pieces, comprising everything required for the table, best English Porcelain, decorated in light patterns underneath the glaze, \$7.48
German China Dinner Set, comprising all the large pieces, elegantly decorated with flowers, \$17.48
English Porcelain Toilet Set, 12 pieces, large ewer and basin, decorated underneath the glaze, \$4.98
China Cuspidors, latest patterns, decorated with floral designs, with enameled decoration, 35c.
Imported Water Sets, consisting of large jug and tumblers to match, and handsome tray, \$1.48
Parlor Lamps, with large burner, bowl and shade decorated, 98c.

DOLLS, TOYS, GAMES, MILLINERY, PICTURES, MEN'S AND BOYS' FURNISHING GOODS, UMBRELLAS, JEWELRY, FANS, POCKETBOOKS, ETC.

HARDY & HAYES.

Tasteful Jewelry

In many different shapes, such as Bow Knots, Fleur de Lis, Hearts, Twists, Flowers, Horse Shoes, Pansies, Sweet Peas, Orchids, and other beautiful styles.

OUR New Art Rooms.

They are filled with beautiful goods specially adapted for WEDDING GIFTS.

HARDY & HAYES, JEWELERS,

529 SMITHFIELD STREET, Take elevator for all rooms. 007-28-3477

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY. F. FLEISHMAN & CO.

Children's Gloves.

Kid Gloves, 74c.
Kid Gauntlet Gloves, \$1.24
Cashmere gloves at 18c, 24c, 34c and upward.
Woolen Mitts at 12 1/2c, 15c, 24c, 34c and upward.

Ladies' and Children's Underwear and Hosiery.

Seamless Balbriggan Hose, worth 15c, 10c
Seamless Black Hose, worth 25c, 15c
Black Cashmere Hose, worth 50c, 38c
Fine Spun Silk Hose, worth \$1.50, \$1.15
Children's Black School Hose, worth 35c, 24c
Ladies' Winter Underwear, worth 50c, 35c
Ladies' All-Wool Underwear, worth \$1.25, 85c
Ladies' Silk Vests, worth 75c, 48c
Children's Merino Underwear, worth 50c, 25c

Laces, Handkerchiefs and Neckwear.