MONDAY.

FORTY SEVENTH YEAR.

THE FIRST CASE as to Carr's whereabouts before he came to OF THE PLAGUE **OUT OF GOTHAM**

Occurs Yesterday in the Old New Jersey City of New Brunswick, Where

A CANAL BOATMAN SUDDENLY SICKENS.

He Dies of Genuine Cholera at His Boarding House After a Few Hours of Awful Agony.

THE TOWN HEALTH BOARD PRONOUNCES IT ASIATIC,

And Their Diagnosis Is Confirmed by an (fficial Medical Inspector Sent From New York.

The Victim Carried Home With Him a Beastly Jac Saturday Night-His Bed Mate Can Hardly Escape, and Many Townspeople Are Exposed-Islip Authorities Offer No Opposition to the Landing of Pest Ship Passengers on Fire Island-The Threatened Rebellion Only Wind-Immigrants Take Possession of Sandy Hook-No New Cases in New York City-The Latest Plague News From Europe' Is Reassuring-Mexico Frightened Into a Quarantine-Huns at Braddock Packed Like

INDUCTAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, 1 NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 18 .-What the physicians assert is a positive case of cholera was discovered here this morning by Dr. A. V. N. Baldwin, Secretary of the Board of Health, who had been called to attend James Carr, a boatman living in the lower part of this city.

Dr. Baldwin went prepared to treat the patient for bowel complaint or some minor ill, and was amazed to find Carr with all the symptoms of a well-developed case of Asiatic cholers. Dr. Baldwin administered what remedies he had at hand to relieve the Board of Health, with regard to placing the house in quarantine. Orders were at once ferned by the board to have the house inspected and to fumigate thoroughly all the

The patient died this evening at 1:20 in horrible agony and will be buried to-mor-

All the Inmates Prisoners at Home. The inmates of the house, which comprised Mrs. Carr. mother of James: Hugh Crosson wife and one child were ordered not to move from the premises under any circumstances. John Connolly, a fireman who slept with the afflicted man last night, and who was at the house when Dr. Baldwin arrived, was also detained there, although he protested vigorously. The physicians expected that Connolly had been infeeted with the disease through contact with Carr. The man has shown no signs yet of it, but the doctors say he can hardly escape. Both Carr and Connolly were about the lower part of the city all day yesterday. They were both apparently in good health and visited several saloons. Carr in his visits partook of a great quantity of liquor and drank with many friends. Great apprehension is felt by the physicians because of his contact with them, and the Board of Health this afternoon detailed special officers to seek out all who were in Carr's company.

He Carried a Jag the Night Before. When the afflicted man returned home last evening, between 11 and 12 o'clock, he was in a beastly state of intoxication. He made no complaint, however, of being ill, and went to bed with his friend Connolly. who had been with him all day in his

About 4 o'clock this morning, Conn olly was awakened by Carr's lond groanings. The man lay all cramped up, while his face was almost purple and his body cold. He did not know what was the matter, but aroused all the household. Mrs. Crosson, his sister, applied what simple remedies she had at hand, imagining that her brother was taken with some bowel trouble.

Late this morning they became aware that Carr was in danger of death. He vomited a black substance and shrieked aloud that he was being torn to pieces. His friend Connolly was dispatched for a physician, and Dr. F. M. Donohue and Dr. A. V. N. Baldwin were notified. Connolly, also, went to the police station, but did not know there what was the trouble

Several of the Townsmen Exposed. In his search for a physician Conpolly came into contact with several people. Some of them, thoroughly slarmed at the

possibility of having taken germs of the disease from him, presented themselves to-night for treatment. Drs. Baldwin and Donohue pronounced Carr's case a very severe type of Asiatic cholera, and said that his death was a matter of only a few hours. Realizing the gravity of the situation, a call was at once made for a consultation of the Health Board and the county officers this afternoon. At the meeting it was decided to take the most stringent measures to stamp out the disease. Chief of Police Harding was ordered to guard the house on all sides, not to allow any one to enter or leave the premises except the physicians, "and if efforts are made by any one to do so," said J.

down. We cannot take too stringent methods to hold the pest where it is." He Had Been to the Lower Bay.

Kearny Price, Presiding Judge of the Mid-

dlesex County Courts, "let him be shot

New Brunswick Friday night was from neighbors. They said Carr was employed on the canal boat Harry Cahill as a boat hard. The cansler, up to August 26, had been lying at the foot of Thirtieth street, East river, New York, and after that date was transferred to the East Sixteenth street wharf. There the best was believed to be in the New York street cleaning department and used to convey garbage out to the

lower bay.

Carr left the boat Friday and went to South Amboy, where he boards part of the time. There he met his sister, Mrs. Hugh Crosson, and her young child, and that evening they went to New Brunswick on the steamboat New Brunswick, which plies between New York and this place. At that time Carr exhibited no symptom of any disease. The neighbors say he has been leading an intemperate life, so that he was very susceptible to disease.

The Whole Town Excited.

The Whole Town Excited. This evening Sheriff Thomas Acken called pecial officers together and dispatched special officers together and dispatched them all over the city with circulars issued by the Health Board recommending sani-tary rules for the observance of the citizens during the menace of cholera. The City Hospital has been thoroughly fumigated and fitted up for the reception of any possi-ble patients. A disinfecting wagon has also been distributing fumigants on the streets this afternoon.

streets this afternoon.

The whole town is thoroughly alive to the situation. The healthy sanitary condition of the town has a reassuring effect upon the

Dr. Edson, of New York, has been sent for, and will make an examination of the body before the interment for the satisfaction of the local physicisms. By order of Mayor Vancleef the body was to-night wrapped in antiseptic blankets and buried

A guard has been placed at the pest house because of threats to burn it. Dr. Walton, a New York Health Board inspector, prounces the case one of cholera

PEACE AT FIRE ISLAND.

assengers Land There and on Sandy Hook

Without Opposition. FIRE ISLAND, N. Y., Sept. 18 -Not the dightest opposition was offered by the Islip health authorities or baymen to the landing of the Wyoming's passengers today. The belief among the military and civil officers in charge is that the hostile demonstrations made were due to the people not being thoroughly acquainted with what had transpired during the early part of last week. They did not know that the resolu-tions, of which copies were served yester-day, had been adopted on Tuesday, imme-diately after the landing of the Normannin's passengers, and that the Islip Board of Health had within a few hours an-nounced that no further protest would be made, but suits to recover a penalty would be begun and the matter taken to the Grand

At Camp Low, on Sandy Hook, the un-fortunates who have been detained on ships and at Hoffman Island during the last two weeks were landed to-day. They are steer-age passengers from the Normannia and Rugis. According to stories told by several of the passengers they were all treated with brutality by the German officer in charge, except a few women, with whom, it s said, he was on terms of great friendli-

Health Officer Jenkins is pleased with Camp Low, and said that the sanitary arrangements were simply perfect. He stated that he would send the cabin passengers of man's awful suffering, and immediately communicated with the police and his inther, Dr. H. R. Baldwin, President of the would send the camp within a few days. He also said he had not anticipated that the quarantine would be maintained for longer than a

PACKED LODGING HOUSES.

Diminutive Hungarian Rookeries in Brad dock Raided by the Police.

BRADDOCK, Sept. 18.-[Special.]-The Hungarians who are huddled together in close quarters here will be thinned out. Their condition is filthy beyond description. In one house of four rooms as many as 24 persons find a habitation. Last night Chief of Police Spangler ordered a raid on the boarding house of Joseph Plavish, which contained but three rooms. Seventeen persons were arrested and three kegs of beer were confiscated. In addition to this crowd the landlord had taken in a lodger and his wife, providing them with an extra bed. Health Officer Gibson has suggested that it is necessary to do something in order to insure safety from disease from these sources Thomson, has tendered the use of the old Elder Hotel building at Brinton, where a rendezvous will be provided for at least 200 of these people.

Notwithstanding the statement of Balti-

nore and Ohio officials that trains carrying mmigrants would be quarantined at Rankir o matter what the authorities of that bor ough might say, no attempt at quarantine within the borough limits has been made as yet. All trains are taken through to the city from stations two miles west, where passengers are inspected.

HAMBURG RECOVERING.

Large Decrease There Both in Deaths and Fresh Cases.

HAMBURG, Sept 18 .- There were 286 fresh cases and 127 deaths reported here resterday. These figures, however, include 6 fresh cases and 45 deaths which occurred on previous days, thus showing a big decrease both in the number of patients and the mortality.

The usual concerts were given in the Saint Pauli beer garden this afternoon for the first time in several weeks. Other At Berlin, a waiter who had formerly been employed as an attendant in a hospital at Hamburg, was yesterday stricken with

The Worst Over in Russia.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 18 .- Forty-one fresh cases of cholera were reported here yesterday, and 15 patients died during the same time. The returns throughout Russia show a steady decrease in the virulence of the scourge.

Cholera Deaths in Galicia.

VIENNA, Sept. 18 .- Four deaths from Asiatic cholera have occurred at Podgorze, in Austrian Galicia. It is supposed the in-fection was introduced there from villages on the Russian side of the Vistula.

A Bad Pest Ship at Valparaiso. VALPARAISO, CHILE, Sept. 18 .- The steamer America has arrived at Buenos Ayres from Genoa. She had on the voyage 24 deaths from cholers, and has strictly quarantined.

No Cholera in Mexico. CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 18.—The truth of the rumors that cholera had appeared in Vera Cruz, San Luis Potosi, Monlavia, Querelaro Candelara and this city is officially denied.

Cholera Breaks Out in Naples. PARIS, Sept. 18.—The Petit Journal says: Cholera broke out in Naples several days ago and eight or ten deaths have occurred daily.

The Record in Paris and Havre. PARIS, Sept. 18 .- In this city and suburbs The only information that could be gained | yesterday 50 fresh cases of cholera and 13 | fighting.

The same of the sa

deaths from the disease were reported. In Havre the number of fresh cases was six nd the deaths three.

NEW YORK UNTAINTED.

Bacteriologists Fail to Find Cholera Spiril-

lum Even in Mary Conerty. NEW YORK, Sept. 18 .- [Special.]-"No cases or suspected cases of cholera have appeared in the city since the last bulletin. No deaths from cholera since Tuesday, September 13. Number of deaths between September 6 and 13 was five." This is the latest bulletin issued to-night from the Health Office. There is no good Possibilities of a Western Democrat reason to believe that the diagnosis of the attending physician was incorrect in the case of Peter Callahan, of 318 East Forty-seventh street, who died September 10 (a suspected case of cholera), and the death is, therefore, recorded in the Bureau of Vital Statistics as from "diarrhea and

exhaustion." In the suspected case of Mary Conerty, now at the reception hospital, Bacteriologists Briggs and Dunham have reported to the board that they have failed to find the spirillum of Asiatic cholera.

A DEATH AT QUARANTINE.

The Corpse of a Fireman Found on the

Steamship State of Nevada. NEW YORK, Sept. 18 .- [Special.]-John Knox, a fireman on the steamship State of Nevada, which arrived Wednesday from Plasgow and detained at Quarantine until saturday, was found dead at 7 o'clock tonight on the hatch of the steamship. He had a severe attack of diarrhosa in the after-The Health Department was noti-

fied.

The State of Nevada left Glasgow September 2 and carried 115 first cabin, 108 second cabin and 55 in steerage. Sailing after September 1, she came under the President's 20-day proclamation, and although she reported no sickness she was, accordingly, detained. Her cabin passengers were released Thursday, but Dr. Jenkins announced that he should detain the ship and the steerage passengers until they were released by direction of the Treasury Department. They were released Saturday.

MEXICO BADLY SCARED.

Ports to Be Closed to New York and In

fected European Ports. TAMPICO, MEX., Sept. 18 .- Collector Customs Martinez has received orders from the City of Mexico to close the port of Tampico against vessels from all cholerainfected ports.

Several vessels are en route to Tampico from New York, Hamburg, Antwerp and Liverpool. Intense excitement prevails in official shipping circles. Government offi-cials state that in case cholers extends westward from New York a rigid quaran-tine will be established on the border.

TORONTO, Sept. 18 .- At a conference beween the Provincial Board of Health and the Ontario Government, it was decided to fight cholers in Ontario by inspection, dis-infection and isolation, and not by attempted

TWO OHIO WRECKS.

A Number of Passengers Injured on a

CLEVELAND, Sept. 18 .- A rear end collision occurred between two sections of a G.A.R. excursion train on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at Kent, O., this morning. Two sleeping cars were badly damaged and several passengers were hurt, though not seriously. The injured are:

Henry J. Knopp, Eigin, Ill., cut about the head; Mrs. Julia M. Rhodes, New Mexico, injured in back and internally; unknown injured in back and internally; unknown woman, arm broken and injured internally, unconscious when taken from the wreck; Mrs. Isabel Fuller, Pawnee City, Neb., trampied upon; Mrs. Bowen, Lincoln, Neb., three fingers cut off and hand smashed; P. J. Hall, Memphis, Neb., badly bruised and injured internally; J. Kerwin, Fillmore county, Neb., head cut; Jesse D. Scott, Lafontaine, Ind., nose broken and arm injured. The blame for the collision has not been

located. The company was trying to keep the two sections of the train one station apart, but through somebody's blunder the order was not followed. A wreck occurred at Lodi, O., on the Wheeling and Lake Erie Raulway, at 2 o'clock this morning, a passenger train running into the rear end of a freight. The accident was caused by fog obscuring signal

lights. The passengers were roughly shaken up, but the only serious injury was to Engineer Milis, of the passenger who broke his leg by jumping.

HARRY KERNELL STEALS HIS CHILD. He Takes Little Harry From His Mothe Over to Asbury Park.

ASBURY PARK, N.J., Sept. 18.—[Special.]
—Harry Kernell came here this week for a three weeks' rest. He had canceled an engagement at Shay's Theater, in Buffalo, for two weeks at \$500 a week. He has acted in a very peculiar manner since coming here. He went to New York yesterday afternoon on the train leav-ing here at 2:10. Before leaving he ing here at 2:10. Before leaving he said he was going to New York and would steal his eldest son, Harry Kernell, Jr., and would bring him back with him. A few minutes after 9 o'clock last evening Mr. Kernell returned here and stated that he had Harry, Jr., with him, and that he had stolen him from the house of his wife. Queenie Vassar, who is playing in "A Trip

to Chinatown."
All sorts of statements were made about his stealing the child from its mother. He undoubtedly fears her coming here. There is no one in his cottage beside the cook and his valet. This evening Mr. Kernell was about town and showed unmistakable evidence that if he is not crazy his mental condition is such that those who have any interest in him should take proper measures to have him placed in restraint.

PARNELLITES STILL DISSATISFIED.

They Hold a Meeting in Limerick Which McCarthyites Refuse to Attend.

DUBLIN, Sept. 18 -At a meeting held in Limerick to-day, a resolution was passed, urging the Government to release Daly and the other Irish Americans now imprisoned in English jails for political offences. The McCarthyite members of the House of Commons and the Mayor of Limerick declined to attend the meeting. Michael Davitt wrote to the Committee of Arrangements that he would not take part Arrangements that he would not take part in the proceedings, owing to insulting statements which had been made concerning him by the promoters of the meeting. He said these utterances might be repeated at the meeting, and in that event would, doubtless, lead to much disorder.

Mr. Redmond, one of the speakers at the meeting, hotly denounced the refusal of the McCarthyites to attend. If Mr. Dillon had the private assurance of Mr. Gledstone that

the private assurance of Mr. Gladstone that the prisoners would be released, he chal-lenged him to say so. Until then, declared Mr. Bedmond, the Independents would continue to hold amnesty meetings, and would accept no home rule measure as satis factory unless it provided for the release of the prisoners for whose freedom they were

Chairman Carter Called to the Capital to Confer on the Selection of

THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Being Chosen This Time.

A LEADING POLITICIAN WANTED. Fenator Eherman Sure the McKinley Law

Will Help His Party.

HE'S VERY CONFIDENT OF THE RESULT

PERSONAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Chairman Carter is expected here to-night or to-morrow morning to confer with many of the prominent Republicans who are members of the Grand Army of the Republic. His coming was intended to be kept secret, but the fact leaked out to-night that apartments have been reserved for him at the Arlington House. Owing to the pressure upon the railroad companies in connection with the Grand Army encampment the incoming trains are running several hours behind

Chairman Carter proposes to use the Grand Army to help the Harrison cam-paign, and General Sickles' declaration at the Chicago convention that no Union oldier will vote for Cleveland will probably be worked for all it is worth among the

General Alger, of Michigan, Senator Proctor, of Vermont, General Morrow, of Kansas, and many other ex-Union soldiers who are conspicuous in national politics are invited to attend the Carter conference. It is said that the question of selection of

a new Commander in Chief for the G. A. R. during the coming year will also be considered at the conference. The Republican managers are not favorably inclined toward Colonel Lincoln, Deputy Commissioner of Pensions, who is making a fight for the honor. They suggest that Wisconsin or Illinois should furnish the Commander this year, and the man selected should be of considerable prominence in national poli-tics. It is possible that a Democrat may be chosen. The men who are manipulating the wires are keeping quiet pending the arrival of Chairman Carter.

arrival of Chairman Carter.

Colonel Lincoln's following seems to be confined to the local veterans, and the triends of the other aspirants are doing but little taiking on the subject. There are now over 100,000 veterans in the city, and on every hand there is a general expression. of regret at the prospects of the President's being absent during the encampment. General B. F. Butler, Senator Palmer, of Illinois; Senator Proctor, of Vermont; "Uncle" Jerry Rusk and others are con-

spicuous among the veterans who are to appear in G. A. R. circles wearing military hats with gilt cord. General Sickles promises to be quite a hero during the meet-

SHERMAN IS CONFIDENT,

He Sees Only Success in November-The McKinley Bill a Sure Winner-A Sound Currency Also Good for Republican Votes-Where He Will Speak.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 18 .- [Special.]-Senator Sherman was here during the past week in attendance on the Ohio State fair, a custom which he has followed for many years, as it gives him an opportunity to meet the people to whom he owes his political advancement and on these occasions be can see many of his rural friends whom he otherwise would not meet in many years. The Senator was the center of personal attraction at the fair and at his hotel in the evening where he was tendered a reception and citizens called irrespective of political affiliations. He talks confidently on the outlook for November and will make his first speech of the campaign at North Fairfield, Huron county, next

week, and then go to Philadelphia and spend some time in the campaign in New York. Sherman is enthusiastic over the McKinley law in this country, and says there never was an enactment more popular, and it will not only be the leading issue, but will meet with a hearty indorsement at the Novem-ber election. He does not think the money per election. He does not think the money question will be so prominent an issue, for the reason that the parties do not differ so much in their positions on the silver ques-tion, and he believes that Cleveland, in his letter of acceptance, will repudiate the Democratic plank in regard to State bank pirculation, as it is a very poor character of resumption. The Senator lays more stres upon the McKinley law and sound specie and circulation than he does on any alleged

dissentions which may prevail among the Democracy in New York. The Senator notes the lack of bluster and enthusiasm in the campaign, but calls at-tention to the fact that there is less dissatisfaction with the present administration than is usual, which is due to the fact that the country has been prospering and the people have very little of which to com-plain. There is the fullest confidence in the administration and the people will be slow to make a change in the present prosperous drift. He never was so confident of Republican success as this year and he is of opinion that the more public questions are discussed and public affairs reviewed, the more certain will be the choice of President

Harrison to succeed himself at the Novem-McKinley is no less enthusiastic over the outlook than Sherman, and believe it is going to be a clean sweep-up this time, so far as the State and national election is concerned. These gentlemen, however only voice the sentiment of all prominent Republicans throughout the State and the reports which are coming in at headquar-

ers bear them out in their assertions. Republican traveling men who go over the State with Columbus as a center are picking up a number of bets that Harrison will carry New York and Indiana and be

NO POLITICS ON SUNDAY.

How the Democratic Nominees Managed to Put in the Day. WINSTON, N. C., Sept. 18. - General stevenson and party arrived this morning. Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson attended the Presbyterian Church in Winston this morning

and the Moravian Church of Salem this A telegram from Buzzard's Bay, Mass. says: Mr. Cleveland spent the day quietly at Gray Gables. Boyd Winghester, of Louisville, Ky., was a visitor at the Cleve-

JACKSON, MISS., Sept. 18.—Referring to a statement of a correspondent from this State to the National Economist that Gov-Stone has emphatically declared he port, One man died on board resterday,

will not allow any electoral vote for the People's party in Mississippi in 1892, the Governor says the statement is too absurd to be dignified with a denial or refutation, is wholly without foundation in thought word or action, and is a pure fabrication o the correspondent.

PROCTOR NOT ALARMED.

SEPTEMBER 19. 1892.

He Believes Harrison Will Win With Ease-Why There's No Noise.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Senator Proctor, of Vermont, is in Washington to attend the encampment of the G. A. R. In an interview he said to-day: "The majority the Republicans got in Vermont's local election was less than usual, but it was not due to any lack of interest in the national election nor of any falling off of interest in the party. There was no reason for great activ-

party. There was no reason for great activity and they felt easy, there being no fight, such as there is in a doubtful State. The majority was about as large as we expected. The result gives no indication of increased Democratic strength.

"As to the general outlook I am very confident of Mr. Harrison's election. I know more about New York than I do about the situation in other States outside my own. I have had no uneasiness about Mr. Harrison's carrying New York at any time during the past three months. I think that many of Mr. Hill's friends outside the city—out in the country—will act without consulting his wishes and will vote against Mr. Cleveland, in resemment of what they consider the bad treatment of thill. In the city, of course, they cannot do this. Tammany will have to give a big vote to prove loyalty. vote to prove loyalty.
"I think, of course, that Cleveland's unpopularity with the soldiers will hurt him

greatly and Mr. Harrison will have an im-mense soldiers' vote."

A BIG RAILROAD PROJECT.

An Airline Road to Be Built Between New York and San Francisco-The Distance to Be Shortened 800 Miles-Thorough Work Being Done.

DETROIT, Sept. 18 .- William Dallin, of Chicago, Vice President and General Manager of the Atlantic and Pacific Construction Company, while in Detroit temporarily, gives an interesting account of an airline railroad to be built between New York and San Francisco, which will be a shortening of the distance of over 800 miles and a pro-

of the distance of over 800 miles and a pro-portionate saving of time. He had the fol-lowing to say on the subject:

"Ever since October last I have been at work perfecting plans of the company. Pre-liminary surveys have been made and char-ters secured in Illinois, Ohio and Pennsylvania, in addition to the work already done in Indiana. We are now engaged in surveying the route through New Jersey. The work of grading for the roadbed and laying rails will commence in 1893, and the entire road will be completed and in operation in

the year 1900, "The cost of the division from New York to Chicago will be \$100,000,000, and the Chicago-San Francisco end \$600,000,000 This includes everything. We will be very thorough in our work in the various States, and will secure a right of way extending 20 miles on each side of the road."

ANOTHER BIG LOCKOUT IS ON.

Cincinnati Furniture Makers Refuse Give Up Their Organization.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 18 .- Some time ago the furniture operatives in the city made a united demand on the manufacturers for a nine-hour day at undiminished wages. The manufacturers declined to accede to the denands, and announced that on and after September 19 they would shut their factories, if the men did not continue working ten hour per day. Now 16 of the 50 manufacturers have made conditions to their operatives, to go into effect to-morrow. These conditions are 10 hours work per day; no employe to give moral or financial aid to locked-out orkmen; operatives to sign contracts as individuals, not as union men.

The workmen, at a big mass meeting this afternoon, resolved not to consent to any of these terms. This means a strike and lockout to-morrow of certainly 1,500 and probably 5,000 furniture werkers.

MURDERED WITH A TABLE KNIPK

The Slayer Attacks His Sweetheart From 1

Hedge on the Wayside. Mr. HOLLY, N. J., Sept. 18.-Lizzie Peak, aged 22 years, was murdered here this morning by Wesley Warner, with whom she had been living in Brooklyn for three years. The couple had been attend ing the fair here, where the girl's parents ing the fair here, where the girl's parents reside. Lizzie was in town and was returning home in company with her sisters and three young men, when Warner sprang from a hedge by the roadway and stabbed her with a knite he had taken from her father's table, killing her instantly.

Warner was arrested and is in jail. The murdered girl is a sister of Barclay Peak, now in the State prison for killing Katie Anderson.

CAHEASLEYISM A TOPIC

That May Be Discussed by the German Catholic Societies at Dubuque, DUBUQUE, IA., Sept. 18 .- The thirtyseventh annual convention of the German Catholic Central Society of North America

opened here to-day. The orator of the day was Bishop Marty, of Sioux Falls, S. D. His sermon was devoted almost entirely to the objects of the German societies represented in the convention. He referred briefly to the school question, holding that the education of children, as at present conducted, is on the wrong plan. There was no reference to the Faribault system nor to Cahensleyism, but it is intimated that both these subjects may be considered by the convention itself.

A POLITICIAN'S WICKED SON

Brought to Toledo to Stand Trial or Clear Case of Mail Robbery. TOLEDO, Sept. 18.-John G. Thompson who was arrested in Salt Lake City a few days ago on a charge of mail robbery, committed while he was postal clerk on the Hocking Valley Rallroad, between this city and Columbus, in 1879, reached here

to-day and was placed in jail to await trial. The evidence is very strong.

Thompson is a son of John G. Thompson, once a noted politician of Columbus, and for several years Chairman of the Demo-

LABOR REFUSES TO PARADE.

It Won't Indorse the World's Fair So Long as the Gates Are Closed on Sundays. CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—The Trades and Labor Assembly to-day, by vote of 119 to 40, declined the invitation of the World's Fair Directors to take part in the parade during the dedication exercises next month. Several hot speeches were made for and against the acceptance of the invitation. It was finally declined on the ground that workingmen could not indorse the Fair as ong as its gates are closed on Sunday.

OCEAN SPRINGS, MISS., Sept. 18 .- An apparently well founded report is in circulation here that the vessel Rosina Smith, now loading at Ship Island, has yellow fever aboard. She came from an infected

He Says His Reports Have Not Been Destroyed and That They Won't Be.

NO MUGWUMPS TO GET 'EM.

They Were Given to Him in Confidence, and He Will Go to Jail

BEFORE HE BETRAYS THE TRUST.

He Admits the Figures Were a Disagreeable Surprise to Him.

SOME HARD KNOCKS FOR MR. ANDERSON

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] NEW YORK, Sept. 18.-Labor Commissioner Peck intends to make things lively for those who have questioned the correct-ness of figures in his now famous report. He came to New York to-day, and was seen at the Victoria Hotel by a DISPATCH reporter. He talked freely and seemed to be perfectly content with the ontlook in the mandamus proceedings which will be settled this week. When asked as to the truth of the state-

ment that he had burned or caused to be destroyed the individual reports from which his report was compiled, he said: "The papers have not been and will not be estroyed, but Mr. Anderson and the other Mugwumps or Anti-Snappers, as they call themselves-will not get them. I obtained most of those reports on my personal pledge that no names should be disclosed. I could not have obtained the data otherwise, as the law does not give me power to require facts concerning any man's private business. The same rule holds good n all the States where there are statistical bureaus, and also in obtaining figures for the United States census. In Massachusetts it is by statute made a misdemeanor to reveal such facts.

Mr. Peck Was Himself Disappointed. "I wrote personal letters to thousands of nanufacturers who had refused to send the figures asked for in my circular, and on my promise to keep their names secret they entrusted me with the facts. I will not break my plighted word, no matter what will be the consequence. I will go to jail first. As to the correctness of my figures themselves, they were a surprise—disagreeable, if you will, but a surprise—to me. I had expected it to be all the other way, and the first tabulation on the silk industry was our way, but nine-tenths of the others, both in-dividually and by trades, showed large in-crease in both production and the wages paid.

paid.

"It was the most searching investigation ever made in this State, and the figures published are correct. They are borne out by those obtained by Commissioner Wadlin, of Massachusetts, and by Commissioner Peele, of Indiana, who is a stanch Democrat. He, like myself, began the investigation in the expectation of obtaining different results. I worked on the line of the facts obtained from manufacturers, while he took this obtained from the workmen themselves, yet our figures coincide exactly. His is an elective office, and he is a candidate for re-election in his State on the Democratic icket this year.

Fully Sustained in His Co "I have heard from both departments, in I have heard from both departments, in fact, from a majority of the 28 in the United States, approving my course in refusing to give names asked for by that person, Anderson, and his fellows. I have a strong letter on the subject from Commander Hotchkiss, of Connecticut.

Commander Hotchkiss, of Connecticut.

"The most amusing thing to me in all this is that the word of a State officer, who has held the office without complaint for ver nine years, and who was good enough to be appointed by that superlatively pure patriot, Mr. Cleveland, should be doubted. Now these impudent persons say they want abstracts and affidavits, and they will get them. As a matter of fact they do not want them, but I intend they shall have them until they are sorry they ever made their little bluff. By Tuesday or Wednesday of this week Tuesday or Wednesday of this week I will give them certified transcripts of 20,000 individual cases of increased wages and production, and I intend to give them over 89,000 before I'm through, and they

over 89,000 before I'm through, and they will all be sworn to.

"If Anderson wanted the names and facts he could get them almost as easily as I did. I took Wilson's Business Directory and wrote to the manufacturers whose name were in it. Let him take the names of those in New York City, and seventenths of them will admit that they hav sent reports to me, and that in their cases the facts are as stated. But these howlers for purity do not want facts.

Cleveland's Fool Friends Blamed. "The trouble is, Mr. Cleveland has a lot of fool friends, and he has thousands of them who should be killed off before his chances of election are totally gone. Mr. Whitney are totally gone. Mr. Whitn-has done what he could, but it's too large has done what he could, but it's too large a contract for one man. These foolish persons are so elated at having stiffled the voice of the true Demorcacy of New York State, and of having defeated the choice of the real party of the State, that they seem to imagine that they own the universe. They are sadly mistaken, and they should be called off. The National Committee could do it but dear not. mittee could do it, but does not. So

much the worse for the party.

"The organs of these Mugwumps are no abusing Senator Hill and his friends as they did, but the individuals are as bad as did, but the individuals are as ever, and we all know the papers will break out in abuse of him just as soon as the election is over and their end has been served. The World is trying to read me served. The World is trying to read me out of the Democratic party. I have been a Democrat all my life, while that paper has bolted time and again. It wants me out because I have told the exact truth. It's

any party for the same reason.

"The Sun pleases me, in some things. I like it, and if it would only add to of 'no negro dominaits platform of 'no negro domina 'No mugwump domination at the North,' I will be heart and soul with it. I am think ing of getting out a few parallel columns of what these mugwump and bolting organs have said of me in the past and are saying

GEN. TORRENCE'S GIFT.

Chicago Will Probably Accept His Offer of a Site for Four Hospitals. CHICAGO, Sept. 18-General Joseph Torrence, of this city, has offered to give 20 scres upon which to erect four hospitals, one each for cholera, smallpox, diphtheria and scarlet fever. The proposition, which was made to Mayor Washburne and Dr. Reilly, of the State Board of Health, was at once accepted, and it was decided to raise \$75,000 to erect the hospitals. and a hotel

It is General Torrence's idea to have the

sanitary station used the year around and as a cleaning house for all immigrants com-ing to or going beyond Chicago. The land lies in an isolated spot about a mile from one of the belt lines, just south of the city limits. A railroad switch would connect limits. A railroad switch would connect the sanitary station with the belt line. Therefore, instead of the city health inspectors running out a few miles to inspect incoming immigrant trains, all trains carrying immigrants can be run into the sanitary station and a corps of physicians there will perform the inspection. No immigrial come into the city, but they identify into the city, but they city in the city, but they city in the city in the

HER CONDITION /AV She May Be Removed to Washington as Early as To-Morrow-Her Physicians Very Well Pleased at Her Present Rate

of Progress Toward Recovery. LOON LAKE HOUSE, N. Y., Sept. 18-Special |- The President and the members f his household are more encouraged than ever to-day over the favorable reports made to them by Dr. Gardner in regard to the condition of Mrs. Harrison. That gentleman made the following statement of the ease to a reporter in the presence of Russell Harrison and Lieutenant and Mrs. Parker, while they, with others, were enjoying a sunbath on the beautiful lawn in front of the Loon Lake House this afternoon.

"Mrs. Harrison is improving very rapidly. Since the last operation there has been no reproduction of fluid in the cavity of the pleura, and, so far as this effusion is con-cerned, Mrs. Harrison may be considered out of danger. Of course, I cannot say posi-tively that the fluid will not form again, but I do not think it will. I see no necessity for another operation, and there will be none unless there is an unlooked-for accumulation of fluid. Mrs. Harrison is now able to sit up in bed, with her back propped up with pillows, and she has rested quietly in that position nearly all day. She is now tables a proper part as the did by taking as much nourishment as she did be-fore the appearance of the recent complication, and is gaining steadily in strength. That's about all I care to say about the case

at present."
While the members of the family assert that no plans have been made for the future, it is learned on undisputed authority that arrangements are being made for the early removal of Mrs. Harrison to Washington, and that a start will be made as early as Tuesday morning next providing the present favorable condition continues. Mrs. Harrison appeals every day to the President to take her to Washington, as the best possible way of bringing about her restoration to health, and her physician has finally consented to her removal provided her present rate of improvement continues a few days longer.

It is the opinion of the family that the

fatigue of the long journey will be more than balanced by the contentment and peace of mind which the invalid will feel in the fulfillment of the desire now engressing almost her entire attention. It is safe to predict that the journey will not be at-tempted unless all concerned are fully sat-isfied it can be successfully accomplished. The details of the proposed trip are pur-

ne details of the proposed trip are purposely suppressed.

Religious services were held in the parlor of the hotel this evening, under the leadership of Private Secretary Haltord.

An arrangement was effected this evening whereby Dr. Trudeau, of the Saranac Sanitarium, will come here to-morrow to consult with Dr. Gardner as to the possibility of Mrs. Harrison's transfer to Washington,

M'KINLEY'S BROTHER DEAD.

A Stroke of Paralysis Carries Him Off at San Francisco. CANTON, O., Sept. 18 .- [Special.]-Hon, David McKinley, of San Francisco, died to-day of paralysis, at his residence in that place. He was the oldest brother of Governor William McKinley, Jr. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. William McKinley, Sr., reside here. A telegram was received this morning, saying that Mr. McKinley was suffering from a stroke of paralysis, but it was not considered dangerous. The second telegram was received to-night from Claus

Spreckels, the prominent sugar man, saying that David McKinley died to-day. The aged parents are 85 and 80 years old, respectively,
Deceased was 63 years of age. He leaves a wife and one daughter, who assisted at Governor McKinley's inaugural reception last winter. David McKinley served from 1881 to 1885 as United States Consul to the Hawaiian Islands, and at the time of his death he was Consul for the Hawaiian Gov-ernment at San Francisco. Attorney Charles R. Miller yesterday received a telegram from David McKinley telling him of his good health, and speaking pleasantly of a

recent visit to Ohio. ASSIGNEE STOCKWELL ARRESTED.

The Fight Over the Receivership of th Iron Hall's Bank Is Renewed. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 18 .- A. E. Stockwell, of the Banking, Surety and Safe De-posit Company, of which he was also counel, was arrested Saturday on a warant based on an affidavit made by George S. Graham, the receiver for the Order of the Iron Hall for Pennsylvania. The affi-davit charges Stockwell with conspiracy with others to divert the funds of the Iron Hall into various unlawful channels, but particularly into the Mutual Banking Comparticularly into the Mutual Dalland pany, which obtained, as it has been re-vealed, \$170,000 of the order's money. that the proceedings to oust Stockwell as assignee of the Mutual Company are to be renewed, if they have not already begun. Counsel for Stockwell to-day filed in Common Pleas Court a demurrer to the petition of James F. Failey, of Indianapolis, re-ceiver of the Supreme Sitting of the Iron Hall, denying that there are grounds for

WORSE THAN CHOLERA.

Kentucky Community Suffering From Epidemic of Flux. RIVERTON, KY., Sept. 18 .- Reports reeived late this evening from Garner say that flux is raging there to an alarming ex-

tent. Twelve deaths occurred during the past two days, and others are hourly expected.

Physicians seen unable to cope with the disease. The victims are selzed with horrible pains in the bowels and subsequent purging and vomiting, which continue until death, which usually occurs in from three to five days. In some cases the screams of

satients can be heard for half a mile. EMIN PASHA IN PERIL.

He Is at the Mercy of the Arabs and Walting for Outside Assistance. BERLIN, Sept. 18 .- Dr. Stuhlman, writ-

ing from Tahera, repeats that Emin Pasha is within the power of the Arabs at the south end of Albert Edward Nyanza, waiting for assistance to escape. The Arab revolt in the Kongo Free State is spreading to German territory.

Mound Builders Cremated Their Dead. PHOENIX, ARIZ, Sept. 18.—In digging a sewer on Madison street workmen have broken into a burial place of a prehistoric race, and the find will settle many disputed questions. The fact that they cremated their dead is proven by the finding of several urns containing the ashes of bodies, together with the teeth and pieces of skull.

YET SUSPICIOUS.

THREE CENTS

Still Uneasy Over the Supposed Condition of Affairs at Hamburg.

SOME ACTS OF BRUTALITY

That Would Shame Even the Worst of the Fire Islanders.

A. Mob Jumps on a Defenseless Pole Who Was Overcome by Intoxicants-A Chief of Police Orders Beer Sellers and Others to Use Fly Traps-Hamburgers Boycotted Socially and Commercially Throughout Germany-The Free Port Gets Indignant at the Parsimony of Berlin-Hirsch and His Cheap Way of Shipping Emigrants-Germany's Increased Taxation.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.] BERLIN, Sept. 18.—[Copyright.]—Despite daily assurances from officials that all danger from cholers in Berlin is past, the peoole continue to be suspicious and uneasy. In view of the persistent falsehoods of the Hamburg authorities, it is difficult to persuade Berliners that nothing is witheld by the health board. This apprehension has gone far toward lightening the work of the sanitary inspectors. It has enabled them during the last few days to enter the slums and withour opposition to fumigate suspected tenement houses in which, a fortnight ago, they would have been stoned and

In many cases, however, the popular fears have resulted in acts of brutality which even the Fire Islanders would be ashamed to attempt. It is exceedingly dangerous for anybody to acknowledge sickness in the streets or even in the drug stores. For instance, on Thursday, a Polish Hebrew, staggering drunk, was seized with nauses in the Niederwall strasse. A crowd gathered in a twinkling, and, howling for the police, the Hebrew ran, jumped into a cab and shouted to the cabman to drive off. The crowd surrounded the cab, dragged down the cabman, and while some held the horses others pulled out the Hebrew and began kicking and stoning him.

Merely a Case-of Too Much Hebrew Beer, The Pole was unconscious and bleeding when rescued by mounted police. He was conveyed to the Meabit Hospital, but was ound to be suffering merely from too much been The cab was fumigated and let go, and on Friday the man was released. The Chief of Police of Dilleogen, Rhenish

Prussia, has sent out the follow! The public is hereby informed that flies ontribute to the spreading of cholers, and the inhabitants of Dillengen are hereby ordered to make every effort to destroy flie in their houses under a penalty of 30 marks or imprisonment for each offense, Sellers of beer are ordered to keep several glass flycatchers on their counters. The Berlin dailies continue to attack the

Hamburg should not be allowed to exist as an autonomous State. Throughout Genmany persons from Hamburg are boycotted, socially and commercially.

Hamburg authorities for incompetency and

falsehood, some of them demanding that

Hamburg's Way of Making Even. A few newspapers deprecate the unreaconableness of the denunciation and boycott, and contend that the folly of the Hame burg authorities has been more than counterbalanced by the marvelous activity, seal and devotion of all classes of Hamburg ditizens since the plague has been at its worst.

Nevertheless, the bitterness of other
cities of Germany against Hamburg is so
intense that the appeals of the relief committee are no longer heeded. In Berlin
the burgomaster's fund for the stricken city
is virtually nil, Beside the Emperor's 30,000 marks hardly a contribution has been
sent from this city to Hamburg. The Empress, the Princess Henry and Princess Bismarck have set examples by sending 2,000
marks each, but nobody seems willing to
imitate them. and devotion of all classes of Hamburg citi-

imitate them.

The parsimony and prejudice of Berlin have aroused resentment in Hamburg, and the people there now declare through the newspapers that they do not wish Berlin money, and that other cities may keep their meager contributions, as the city is now prepared to care for its own. In deference prepared to care for its own. In deference to earnest private remonstrances from Ham-burg, the Imperial Government has aban-doned the plan of including the Hans cities under the provision of the new Imperial health law.

Hamburgers Want to Be Cautious, Hamburgers will probably live to rue the Hamburgers will probably live to rue the day when the Imperial Government granted their requests, for should cholers break out after the passing of the health bill, all Germany, outside of Hamburg, would be closed to the people of that port.

The dealings of Baron Hirsch with the shipping companies have excited considerable comment here, especially in view of the persistence with which the Hamburg. American Company continued to carry his emigrants after their infection became an

emigrants after their intection became an absolute certainty. Truth about this dealing is difficult to ascertain, as all persons officially involved in them are very zealous in their efforts to hide the facts. Since the breaking out of the cholera Hirsch's agents, who are almost exclusively Hebrews, have absented themselves from their posts. The commission formed in Berlin in the interest of the Hirsch enterprise consists of ten Hebrew bankers. The officers are Herr Heinrichsen, Chairman; Simon Loewen-stein, Vice Chairman; Herr Warburg, Treasurer.

It is asserted that the contracts with the

It is asserted that the contracts with the Hamburg-American and South American Steamship Companies were canceled because the Hirsch people knew that the Imperial Gavernment was drafting a bill to prevent the entrance of Russian Hebrews into Germany. The contracts referring to the transportation to the Argentine Republic were canceled because they refused to bring that amigrants to whom a landing was reback emigrants to whom a landing was re-fused.

Cheap Fare for Wholesale Shipme Recently Hirsch made a contract with the Recently Hirsch made a contract with the North German Lloyd to ship a large num-ber of Russians. The terms are kept secret, but undentably they are very low-much lower, in fact, than previous terms, which have been 108 marks a head on steerage lower, in fact, than previous terms, which have been 108 marks a head on steerage ships, 110 on mail ships, and 120 on orack liners. The rate to Buenos Ayres, however, fluctuates between 180 and 200 marks a head, with a discount of 15 to 20 per cent, according to the size of the parties. The six ships of the South American Companies were laid up yesterday.

All the bitterness of partisan politics habeen revived here by the official admissi that the new military bill will involve