

DUTY CALLED HIM

The President Postpones His New York Trip on Account of the Cholera.

HE QUICKLY RETURNS

To Washington Upon Learning of the Moravia's Arrival.

A LATER DATE WILL BE NAMED

For the Speechmaking and Receptions in the Empire State.

HIS LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE DELAYED

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—President Harrison, who came down from Loon Lake this morning to spend the day at White Plains, intended to start back to-morrow morning, making half a dozen speeches on the way.

At dark last evening by direction of the President Charles W. Hackett, Chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee, announced that the return trip had been abandoned for the present because of the appearance of cholera at the port of New York.

The President informed Mr. Hackett that he felt it to be his duty to be in Washington, with the President's approval, immediately.

The speechmaking trip and the reception at Herkimer, ex-Senator Warner Miller's home, will come later. The President telegraphed Mrs. Harrison of the gravity of the situation and left White Plains to-night for Washington.

Chairman Hackett telegraphed to all points on the itinerary made up for the President's return, the necessity for the change in the program.

Warren Greeted by Mr. Reid. The President's train was an hour late this morning, and was flagged at Mott Haven to allow Chairman Thomas Henry Carter and Russell Harrison, the President's son, to get aboard.

White Plains has been asir since day-break. Mr. Reid himself had been at the station an hour or more. He, with Mr. Brookfield, Mr. Hackett, General Thomas and Bartholomew Gedney, 91 years old, waited for the President's appearance upon the arrival of the train, and when there was an apparent delay, Mr. Reid entered the car and soon reappeared with the President.

Mr. Carter led the way, and as the President stepped from the car a cheer went up from the little army of hosts. Mr. Reid's home was reached shortly after 10 o'clock, and on the porch were Mrs. Reid, Miss Reid and the two youngest children, Ogden Mills Reid and Jean Templeton Reid, together with their mother, Mrs. Ogden Mills. The President's welcome was of the heartiest description.

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ANTI-TARIFE REASONS.

Grangers Listen to a Talk Antagonistic to McKinley's Law FROM A FREE TRADE ORATOR.

THE PURCHASING POWER OF WAGES USED TO

SUPPORT SOFT-FOAMING THE AGRICULTURISTS

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

WILLIAMS GROVE, Aug. 31.—The crowd at the Grangers' picnic to-day numbered at least 12,000 people, in addition to the 4,000 who are camped in the grove. The scores of exhibitors were kept busy setting forth the merits of their wares, and the farmers never worked harder to bleed the masses of people. Those partial to speechmaking were entertained during the afternoon and evening in the large auditorium, capable of seating 2,000 persons.

The principal topics discussed were the tariff and prohibition. Congressman Brosius, of Lancaster, was among the orators. He, in the main, duplicated his speech at Mt. Gretna at the farmers' encampment, in which he urged the farmers to participate actively in the primaries, in order that good men might be sent to legislative halls.

He was followed by Senator Brown, of York, in a speech in opposition to the McKinley law, which he said had not been beneficial to either the agriculturist or the mechanic. Incidental reference was made to the depressed condition of agriculture, after which he presented figures to prove his position. There was no satisfaction in the increase of the average duty from 47 per cent to 60 per cent in view of the fact that the census of 1880 showed that manufacturers made a profit of \$1,025,000,000 on \$5,370,000,000 capital invested in their plants.

Wages Compared With Expenses. These profits amounted to 20 per cent, while labor received only 18 per cent as its share. The average daily wages was \$1.10, and the average daily profit to the manufacturer on each man's labor was \$1.20.

Even if wages were twice as high in England (which they are not) and Senator Brown, "why tax us 60 per cent to pay a difference in wages of only 9 per cent. To demonstrate the insincerity of the plea, made by the protected interests, that they ask this sacrifice on the part of consumers solely for the benefit of wage earners, we will take the steel rail industry as an example.

In the 1880's there were 17 corporations engaged in manufacturing steel rails under the Bessemer open hearth process. Their competition brought down the price from \$120 to \$25 per ton. The next step was to consolidate, cheapen and limit production to the remaining 11 companies and there are now only six in operation. They have a total annual capacity of 3,145,000 tons. The price established by the trust is \$30 per ton and would amount to \$94,350,000 a year.

Benefits as He Finds Them. The tariff of \$1,344 benefits the producers to the extent of \$2,368,000. The total cost of production is about \$20 per ton or \$62,900,000; the balance profit over cost is \$31,450,000, or 56 per cent.

Mr. Eric refused to give the labor cost to the Congressional Committee, but Mr. Carroll D. Wright, present Labor Commissioner of the United States, has ascertained it to be \$12.20 per ton and its total amount cannot exceed \$35,320,000. Under the tariff protection over labor is not less than \$4,650,000, which should go to the account of the labor each year, if the steel operators were honest in their position; but instead, it is retained as additional profit and then accounts for the anxiety of the trust for a protective tariff.

Senator Brown charged that McKinley, to entice the wool farmers under his banner, had increased the tariff on wool and the result was a drop in the price of that article of from 30 to 5 cents a pound, the lowest point reached within the memory of any living sheep farmer.

The purchasing power of wages. Statistics were presented to demonstrate that woolen blankets sold for \$2.00 at the retailer at \$4.32, on account of increased duty cost \$9.65 in this country, which, said Senator Brown, "must be paid by the American consumer, be the farmer or mechanic, unless he can afford to import from Europe every season and make all expenses clear in replenishing his wardrobe, as thousands of our aristocracy do."

And this same disastrous discrimination against the farmer, unfortunate enough to work in this free country, is applied to more than 1,800 different articles.

Senator Brown ridiculed reciprocity as a remedy for the depression, and insisted that on our own people instead of reciprocity. Rev. Anna Shaw, of Massachusetts, delivered an address on prohibition in the afternoon to a large audience.

SMALL TALK OF THE TOWN. ELIZABETH F. JOHNSON yesterday issued an execution against J. A. Johnston for \$6,000.

THE WISCONSIN DEMOCRACY

It Nominates a Full Ticket and Adopts a Strong Platform.

LACKED ONLY ONE VOICE

How the Saltburg Conference Nearly Came to an Entail End.

SALTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 31.—[Special.]—The comedy of errors in the conference here is still on. To-day witnessed some lively balloting and the nomination looked very near several times, and one vote would have decided the contest, but as usual they struck a snag at the point. The politicians were on the run to-day and really worked hard, but the result was 24 additional ballots, with a grand total of 337.

Several combinations were worked on the gentle seniors this morning, but they met the death that many others have fared in this conference. The morning session was quite lively, but this evening the stay-alive policy was revived and there is no thing but balloting will continue. Meanwhile the hotel men wear that same old smile.

THE POTTER COUNTY CONFERENCE. Balloting Results in a Tie Vote and a Deadlock Follows.

BRADFORD, Pa., Aug. 31.—[Special.]—The Democratic Judicial conference of McKean and Potter held its meeting to-day and indulged in numerous vindictive personal attacks. Several ballots were taken, which resulted in a tie of three votes for each candidate.

Then a proposition was made to submit the affair to the State Democratic Committee for settlement, but this was lost. An effort to place the matter in the hands of the National Democratic Committee resulted also in a tie vote and was lost in despair. The conference adjourned subject to an order from the Chairman.

Timan's Majority Increasing. COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 31.—The returns of the primary election held in this State yesterday are not yet completed. Up to 9 o'clock to-night complete returns from 19 counties out of 35 have been received. According to these returns the majority for Tillman's total net majority will be 21,638. It is safe to put it anywhere from 20,000 to 25,000.

Points of Political Portent. GOVERNOR BOES will open the coming campaign September 15 at Missouri Valley, Ia. It is practically settled that the Democratic South Dakota will endorse the Independent electoral ticket.

THE Fifth District Congressional Convention of the Fifth District of Mississippi has nominated W. F. Ratcliff by acclamation. The Republican ticket of the Petersburg, Va., Senatorial district yesterday nominated ex-Mayor G. C. Gibbons for the State Senate.

SEVERAL judicial, three Congressional and a number of minor conventions in Texas are despatched. The cause is said to be the split in the recent State Convention.

EX-SECRETARY OF THE NAVY GEORGE B. ROBERTSON and George B. Orfield will be the speakers at the opening of the campaign at Bedford Springs Pa., next Tuesday evening.

SOME UNFORTUNATE MEN. The Accidents Which Occurred in the Cities Yesterday.

About 9 o'clock last night Andrew Nighting, of Bouquet street, Oakland, was struck and seriously injured on Liberty street by a Birmingham electric car No. 21. He is employed by William McCaughy, a city contractor, and was engaged with a gang of men cleaning the street near the depot when the car ran into him. He received two cuts on the head and his arms and legs were nearly flayed. He was carried into Central Police Station, but Sergeant Gray, fearing he might be hurt internally, had him conveyed to the Metropolitan Hospital. His injuries are not fatal. Other accidents of the day were as follows:

WINELAND—W. C. Winegard, of Lawrenceville, a fireman on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was struck by a car at the intersection of a street and the railroad yesterday, while passing Barreel station, and a sudden switch of the engine threw him to the rails. The train was stopped and the trainmen ran back to find the man. He was conscious and only injured by being crushed in the back. He will recover.

DEMENTED Harry Dementing dislocated his arm and was cut about the eye yesterday by falling off his wheel while attempting to turn the corner at Dennison and Fifth streets.

OPENING OF THE FALL CAMPAIGN! SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES. INFANTS' COMPLETE OUTFITS. SILVERWARE. Dress Shields.

LEAD PENCILS. SLATES. SCHOOL BAGS. SLATE PENCILS. MISCELLANEOUS. SCHOOL UMBRELLAS.

LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR, ETC. DRESSMAKERS' SUPPLIES. GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

LADIES' COTTON HOSIERY. CHILDREN'S HOSIERY. SCHOOL HOSIERY. SCHOOL HANDKERCHIEFS.

SCHOOL NECKWEAR. SCHOOL MILLINERY. HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS. MATERIALS FOR FANCY WORK.

CHINA. FLEISHMAN & CO. 504, 506, 508 Market St.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

White Pique Sun Bonnets reduced from 25c to 5c. Infants' Lawn Short Dresses reduced from \$1.25 to 75c.

Reduced from \$6 to \$4.35. Reduced from \$7 to 5.00. Reduced from \$10.50 to 7.89.

Ladies' Percalé Waists, in sizes 34, 36 and 38, reduced from 50c to 24c. Ladies' Muslin Cambric Corset Covers reduced from 25c to 18c.

Ladies' Seamless Balbriggan Hosiery, worth 15c, at 10c. Ladies' Balbriggan Hosiery (extra fine) worth 30c at 22c.

Children's regular-made Hosiery (in brown and navy) small sizes only, reduced from 25c to 9c. Black Seamless Hose, in small sizes only, reduced from 25c to 18c.

Children's black ribbed Cotton Hose, warranted absolutely stainless black, all sizes from 5 to 9, at 2c. Extra heavy and strong black ribbed Hose, double knees, double heels and double soles.