

**JONAH LABOUCHERE**

He Would Go Overboard for the Success of the Democracy.

**HE DON'T BLAME MR. GLADSTONE**  
But Thanks Heaven That His Head and Ears Are Still Safe.

**HIS OWN ACCOUNT OF HIS EXCLUSION**

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Mr. Labouchere has in today's *Truth* a crisp account of the circumstances of his exclusion from the Government. He says that he never thought of seeking office, that he never asked a Minister in case or pose for anything, and that he does not contemplate ever doing so. Mr. Labouchere proceeds to confirm the "World's" story, and says: "An emissary informed me, presumably as quid pro quo, that Mr. Gladstone would always be glad to consult me on public affairs." After asking why it should be suggested to him to write a letter renouncing office he says: "I certainly understood that the Queen in some way, direct or indirect, led Mr. Gladstone to arrive at the fact that my joining the Government would not please her."

Victoria Strictly Constitutional.

Assuming that Queen had expressed such sentiment, Mr. Labouchere says he thinks it "so that the good ship Democracy sails prosperously into Joppa," he says, "I care not whether my berth is in the officers' quarters or in the forecastle. Jones or Jonah, all the same to me, and of the thought of my being thrown overboard would render the success of the voyage more certain, overboard I would go with pleasure—all the more I can swim."

He thinks the new administration is hardly in harmony with the Democracy. He does not blame Mr. Gladstone, but says the "Sons of the Horse Leech" have been too much for him. Mr. Gladstone appears, he says, to be still unaware that the Liberal party is not what it was. If he had consulted his chief lieutenants more it might have been different.

Mr. Labouchere says he has most confidence in Sir William Harcourt. He regards Mr. Morley as thoroughly honest and sound on all issues except those of labor, still he considers Mr. Morley more a man "to sink with the ship than to rule in a storm."

Why He Didn't Write.  
Referring to the suggestion that he should write a letter renouncing his claims to office, Mr. Labouchere says: "If I had written a letter which would have been a radical surrender I should have failed in duty to my friends, and given Mr. Gladstone a free hand to bestow on radicals only small subordinate posts. I could not see why, having asked for nothing, I should be called upon to say that I accepted of no posts, and so on. This would have implied that I expected to be held in contempt and would have been regarded as evidence of impertinent presumption on my part. Was anyone ever asked to write such a letter during the formation of any ministry? I may be a political beast, but I could hardly be asked to admit it."

Continuing, he says although his friends urged him not to refuse office, he liked his independence. With reference to the Queen's prejudice, he says: "If the matter had been a purely personal one, the slightest indignity I had met with would have been sufficient, but in this case I think there is something more involved."

**LABOUCHERE AND THE QUEEN.**  
She Stipulated That He Should Not Be Selected for Any Government Post.  
LONDON, Aug. 23.—The *World* to-day says that General Sir Frederick Ponsonby, the Queen's Private Secretary, in conveying to Mr. Gladstone Her Majesty's command to form a Ministry, stipulated that Mr. Labouchere should not be selected to fill any post in the Government.

Mr. Labouchere, the *World* adds, was implored to get Mr. Gladstone out of difficulty by writing a letter declaring that he would not accept office, as he wished to remain independent. This Mr. Labouchere declined to do. Overtures have since been made to him to accept the revived title of his uncle, Baron Taunton.

**THE EMPRESS NOT ILL**  
A Premature Scare That Has Been Officially Dismissed in Berlin.  
BERLIN, Aug. 23.—The report of an accident which was said to have befallen the Empress in her present delicate condition appears to have been exaggerated, a fact largely and principally due to the policy of secrecy adopted by the court authorities.

It appears that there was no danger, but that a premature scare was anticipated at the time, as alarming telegrams were sent out. To-night's Official Gazette publishes a quietus on all rumors by announcing that the announcement of the Empress may be expected to take place during the first week of September.

**HARRISON'S UNFRIENDLY ACTION.**  
The London Standard Doesn't Like His Course in the St. Mary's Falls Matter.  
LONDON, Aug. 23.—The *Standard* calls President Harrison's action in the St. Mary's Falls matter "restrained and un-friendlly," saying: "We suppose it is a pretext to pose as the exponent of a spirited foreign policy."

**TIN PLATE LOW.**  
The Welsh Manufacturers' Writ to Compel and Put Up Prices.  
SWANSEA, Aug. 23.—A subject much discussed on "Change here is the prevailing low prices of tin plates. Several manufacturers have talked of closing their works, while others have advocated a combination of Welsh tin platers to force a rise in prices.

**GARDNER GIVEN CHAPLIN'S PLACE.**  
LONDON, Aug. 23.—Mr. Herbert Colston Gardner, member of the House of Commons for the Salford-Walden division of Lancashire, has been appointed President of the Board of Agriculture, the position held by the Right Hon. Henry Chaplin in Lord Salisbury's Cabinet. Mr. Gardner's wife is the eldest daughter of the Earl of Carnarvon.

**GLADSTONE WANTS TO REFRESH HIS MEMORY.**  
LONDON, Aug. 23.—Mr. Gladstone's letter on Italy's foreign policy, quoted by the *Corriere* of Naples, on Sunday last, was written a year ago. Mr. Gladstone has written to the editor of the *Corriere* asking him to send copies of the whole correspondence, in order that he may refresh his memory on the subject.

A Permanent Peace Bureau.  
BERNE, Aug. 23.—The International Peace Congress continued its session to-day in the hall of the Swiss Parliament. It was decided to establish an International Per-

manent Peace Bureau in Bern and to ask Switzerland to appeal to foreign Governments to assist in defraying the cost.

**EUROPE'S HOT WAVE SPREADS.**  
It Threatens the Crops and Extends into Southern Russia.  
VIENNA, Aug. 23.—The prevalent heat threatens to destroy the Austrian beet crop. In consequence the price of sugar is rising and sugar refiners are buying largely in anticipation of scarcity.

A dispatch from Odessa says: The hot wave has reached Southern Russia. The heat is increasing in intensity, and to-day the thermometer registered 104° in the shade.

**GERMANY'S SHORT SERVICE.**  
The Emperor Thinks a Shorter Term Compatible With Greater Numbers.  
BERLIN, Aug. 23.—A correct interpretation of the Emperor's speech at the recent banquet implies that he considers that a two years' service is only compatible with a large increase of the strength of the army, and that it is necessary for credits to be refused he prefers a smaller and better drilled army. It is not impossible, therefore, that a military bill including a shorter service clause will still be submitted to the Reichstag.

**IRELAND'S CROPS IN DANGER.**  
The Potato Blight Puts in an Appearance and Destroys the Tubers.  
LONDON, Aug. 23.—Severe weather in the south of Ireland has caused great damage to the crops. The hay crop has been destroyed and the potato blight has appeared. The potato crop had promised to be the best in years.

Peace Reigns in Buenos Ayres.  
BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 23.—The conflict between Congress and the Government has ended. The Minister of Marine has answered the interpellation in regard to the Naval expenditures.

Russia Again Exporting.  
ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 23.—A ukase has been issued annulling the prohibition against the exportation from Russia of rye, rye meal and all kinds of bran.

Zanzibar's Sultan Dangerously Ill.  
BERLIN, Aug. 23.—The *Tagblatt* announces that the Sultan of Zanzibar is spitting blood and is dangerously ill.

**GERMAN VETERANS ADJOURN.**  
They Elect Officers and Decide to Meet Next Year in St. Louis.  
KANSAS CITY, MO., Aug. 23.—The German Veterans' Association to-day concluded the programme of athletic contests at Cusberry Park, and afterwards elected the following officers: President, F. Halle, St. Louis; Vice President, Adolph Becker, San Francisco; Secretary, Julius Egglas, Chicago; Treasurer, Louis O. Ertel, Cincinnati; Trustees, F. Reiter, Kansas City, and Ernest Blucher, St. Louis. H. Pfluehler was chosen as representative of the Kreiger Bund, and the meeting will be held in St. Louis some time next September, the exact date not being set.

In the matter of the *Kreiger Zeitung*, it was decided to have the officers receive bids to be accepted not later than October 1, when the present contract with Editor Willish expires, to run the paper for three years. The officers are to take into consideration all matters pertaining to the activities of the paper, including the editor's night at which there was a large attendance.

**OHIO POLITICIANS BUZY.**  
Leaders of Both Parties at Work on Some of the Preliminaries.  
COLUMBUS, Aug. 23.—[Special.]—There were only four members present at the meeting of the Democratic State Executive Committee to-day. It was decided to open the campaign at Mt. Cleared September 10, when the Democratic candidate for Secretary of State will make the principal speech. The Presidential campaign was not mentioned in the committee. It is the general understanding that no attention will be paid to the Presidential campaign by the committee in this State.

Chairman Dicks, of the Republican State Committee, and President Squires, of the Ohio Republican League, were to-day in consultation relative to the preparations during the campaign. Mr. Dicks will arrange to be in Columbus all the time after September 1. It has not yet been decided when the campaign will be formally opened. The Woodard meeting will receive the encouragement of the committee, but will not be recognized as the opening.

**POLISH CATHOLICS IN CONVENTION.**  
They Elect Officers and Prepare to Transact Considerable Business.  
MANISTEE, MICH., Aug. 23.—The convention of the Polish Roman Catholic Union of America met here to-day with 116 delegates present from all parts of the United States. Peter Kielbasa, City Treasurer of Chicago, called the convention to order.

The election for President resulted in the selection of Joseph Reich, of Milwaukee, as secretary. Bishop Richter, of Grand Rapids, will be present and address the Convention, which will be in session for several days.

**FIFTY YEARS A PRIEST.**  
Canada's Venerable Cardinal Celebrates an Anniversary.  
QUEBEC, Aug. 23.—To-day was the fiftieth anniversary of Cardinal Taschereau's consecration as a priest. This morning His Eminence officiated at pontifical high mass at the Basilica. The ceremony was of a most impressive character. The old church, which was decorated with much taste, was filled to its utmost capacity. This afternoon the venerable Cardinal was banqueted at the seminary and to-night a concert was given in his honor at the *Laval* University.

**GLOUCESTER'S BIRTHDAY.**  
Its Two Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary Appropriately Celebrated.  
GLOUCESTER, MASS., Aug. 23.—Gloucester's 250th anniversary exercises began to-night with a reunion in the City Hall. Mayor Andrews delivered an address of welcome, and an interesting musical programme was carried out. There was also a parade of antiquaries and horribles this evening, which filled the streets to overflowing with spectators from this city and places roundabout.

**CLEVELAND HAS TWO CALLERS.**  
BUZZARD'S BAY, MASS., Aug. 23.—President Cleveland had two callers this afternoon. Hon. William H. Everett, of Quincy, and Captain W. H. Blannan, one of the Police Commissioners of New Orleans. Regarding his visit to Gray Gables, Mr. Everett had nothing to say for publication. Captain Blannan, who is well known in business circles, is certain that Louisiana will give increased majority for Cleveland.

**ROSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.**  
Marked as a Fact.  
A teaspoonful added to a glass of hot or cold water, and sweetened to the taste, will be found refreshing and invigorating.

More rooms have been rented through the central advertising columns of THE DISPATCH in the last six months than on any other paper. To be convinced try a few small ads.

**IN DANGER OF RAIDS.**

Thousands of Miners Massed on the Kentucky Side of the Line.

**CARNES WANTS MARTIAL LAW.**  
Convicts to Be Returned to the Mines by the Authorities.

**CITIZENS FEAR FURTHER OUTBREAKS**

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]  
NASHVILLE, Aug. 23.—Captain Morton, commander of Morton's battery, has returned from Coal Creek to confer with Governor Buchanan concerning the situation there. Captain Morton thinks the situation is quite serious and that trouble may occur. He said that General Carnes had information that between 2,000 and 3,000 miners were congregated at Jellico, on the Kentucky border, and there was danger of their making a raid on Coal Creek at any time.

Captain Morton believed that 75 or 100 miners have been killed. He said that several members of the Sheriff's party were missing, but it is not known whether they were killed or not. Captain Morton said the law-abiding people of that section are very apprehensive of danger to life and property, unless the leaders in the riot are severely and promptly punished, and the opinion is freely expressed that, unless vigorous efforts for the punishment of the rioters are pressed, many law-abiding citizens will be killed or driven from the country and much property destroyed.

Captain Morton will confer with the Governor and consider the advisability of asking the Governor of Kentucky for authority to allow Tennessee troops to go over the line and apprehend any Tennessee Kentucky miners who may have taken part in the riot. Captain Morton said it is General Carnes' desire to have martial law declared, but that Captain Morton thought could not be done. He said Judge East was of the opinion that the Legislature alone could do this, but Attorney General Pickle does not think the Legislature can declare martial law, as it is prohibited by the Constitution.

**PREPARING FOR THE CELEBRATION.**  
High Officials to Be Present at the Columbia Festival in New York.  
NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The Banquet, Reception and Naval Committee of the Committee of One Hundred, having in charge the Columbia celebration in this city next October, met in joint conference this afternoon.

The committee on Banquet decided to invite President Harrison, Vice President Morton, the members of the Cabinet, the Justices of the United States Supreme Court, the Governors of all the States, Mayor Washburn, of Chicago, and the city officials of New York to attend the banquet and participate in the ceremonies attending the celebration in October next. It was also decided to ask the Consuls of the several foreign Governments located in this city to request the nations represented by them to have one or more warships here to take part in the naval parade.

**CONVICTS TO BE RETURNED.**  
The Tennessee State Board of Prison Inspectors Decides Upon This Course—Their Report Referred to the Legislature—An Associated Press Agent Driven Out of Coal Creek.  
NASHVILLE, TENN., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The convicts who were released by the miners at Tracy City, Inman and Oliver Springs and sent back to the main prison in this city, are to be returned to those places. This was determined upon late this evening by the State Board of Prison Inspectors. The stockades destroyed by the miners will be rebuilt as speedily as possible, and within a short time the convicts will be engaged in digging coal.

The board of prison inspectors to-day received the answer of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company to the notice given to it on Saturday last by the inspectors. This notice was that it must remove surplus convicts from the penitentiary. The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company in their answer deny that any other questions will be settled by cancelling the lease agreement. They ask that the company be held liable for the rental of the convicts forcibly released and taken from their possession without their consent, thereby depriving the company of their labor. The company, in their answer, further ask that the convicts that were at Tracy City, Inman and Oliver Springs be returned to the company receive protection from insurrectionaries, and that the company be indemnified.

The company also says that it does not wish to embarrass the State or burden it with debt to maintain the law, and that if the Justices of the United States Supreme Court are of the opinion that the convicts should not be worked in the company's mines the company will agree to immediately cancel the lease upon the fairest and most equitable terms.

After the notice and answer had been discussed for several hours, the board of inspectors decided to return the convicts to the mines and leave the matter of their rental during their term of idleness, together with other questions to be settled by the Legislature, by arbitration or by the courts. A large force in a few days will begin work on the new stockades, and when the convicts are sent to these places they will be required to prevent any attempt to release them again.

A special to the *Banner* says: General Carnes has just forced Associated Press Agent Haggar, from Nashville, to leave the telegraph office at Coal Creek. Cause unknown.

**A LOWER CALIFORNIA STORM.**  
It Does a Hundred Thousand Dollars Damage in a Few Hours.  
GUAYMAS, MEX., Aug. 23.—The steamer Korrgan has brought news that a terrible rain storm occurred in Rosalia, Lower California, the seat of the great French copper mines, destroying \$100,000 worth of property.

A torrent of water, over half a yard deep, poured down on Saturday last by the inspectors, rushing into the mines and doing considerable damage to the railroad, stores and houses. It will take a month to make repairs.

**PLUMBERS HAVE A GRIEVANCE.**  
In Memphis They Think Their Foreman Should Do No Work.  
MEMPHIS, TENN., Aug. 23.—The plumbers of Memphis went on a strike yesterday. Two years ago they struck for shorter hours, and after a long fight succeeded in effecting a compromise. This time they have one grievance, and if they succeed the foreman will be a man of elegant leisure. The plumbers demand that the foreman do no work, interfere in no way with the tools, but merely superintend affairs.

**A MICHIGAN FURNACE OUT OF BLAST.**  
ISHPEMING, MICH., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The Excelsior Furnace here has gone out of blast, throwing 75 men out of employment. The capacity of the Excelsior is 40 tons of charcoal pig iron per day. This furnace is the last of five of Magnetic county's furnaces to cease operations for the first time since 1865, not a pound of pig iron being made in this county. The furnaces here closed down indefinitely, and it is doubtful if they resume until the iron industry becomes brighter.

**Springer Speaking in Michigan.**  
TRAVERSE CITY, MICH., Aug. 23.—Congressman William M. Springer addressed a large and enthusiastic mass meeting of Democrats here to-night. At the conclusion of the meeting the Illinois statesman was given a hearty reception by Democrats and Republicans alike. To-morrow, at the Detroit Exposition, will be political day. Among the speakers will be Congressman Springer, who will deliver an address in behalf of his party.

**Wants to Lease Ohio's Canal.**  
COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—George F. Woolston, a stock broker representing a large syndicate of New York, was here to-day for consultation with the authorities relative to a long lease of the canal of the State. An advertisement would be required, no extended consideration was given the subject by the Board of Public Works or Canal Commission.

**NO INHUMANITY PRACTICED.**

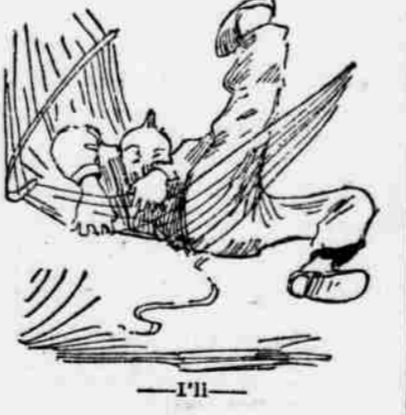
Investigators Find That Idaho Imprisoned Miners Were Not Badly Treated—Prisoners Testify That They Have No Complaints to Make of Their Jailers.

COUR D'ALENNE, IDAHO, Aug. 23.—Frank Croswaite, of the Department of Justice arrived last evening from Wallace, Idaho, where he has been investigating the reports of inhuman and brutal treatment of imprisoned miners there, as telegraphed to the Attorney General by the officers of labor organizations. As a result of that investigation he said that the reports made were based upon inaccurate and exaggerated statements made to the Silver Bow Trades and Labor Assembly, of Montana.

"Immediately upon receipt of the reports by the Attorney-General," said Mr. Croswaite, "he directed me to proceed at once to Wallace and investigate as to their truth or falsity. I have followed his instructions and I find that the prisoners have an abundance of good food and pure water, and all places needing it are disinfected perfectly, and the prisoners are fed without restraint, except the presence of a military guard. I have given prisoners an opportunity to speak in person, and the conditions as they exist do not warrant the reports put in circulation."

"Regarding Peter Breen, who is especially referred to in the reports, I will say that he is held on a requisition from Governor Willey, of Idaho, on Governor Toole, of Montana, and hence he stated to me that he had no complaints to make of the general treatment he is receiving. The report of a military board convened by General Carlisle to investigate in the same case as to facts as found by me. The fact that 23 of the prisoners who had been released on their own recognizance came into court yesterday at Wallace and surrendered themselves to be returned to prison, would seem to argue that there was no truth in the reports of inhuman and brutal treatment. It has been learned on the best of authority that the statements that brought about this investigation were made by counsel for defense."

**HE GOT OUT.**  
Ah, but this is a m o c is comfortable



**THE BUSINESS WORLD.**

Three Receivers Appointed for the Order of the Iron Hall.

**SENSATIONAL CHARGES UTTERED**  
By Deputy Supreme Chief Justice Padger in a St. Louis Speech.

**FIRES, FAILURES AND THE RAILWAYS**

BALTIMORE, MD., Aug. 23.—Late this afternoon Judge Dennis appointed Charles J. Wiener and Joseph C. France, receivers of the order of the Iron Hall. The supreme officers of the order, who reside in Baltimore and were made party defendants in the bill brought by Attorney Weiser, came into court and gave their consent to the appointment of receivers. Then Judge Dennis made the appointments. Notice was served on all the depositories of the funds. These receivers will administer the fund of \$135,000 still remaining in Maryland. Of course they will not assume their duties unless receivers are granted in Indianapolis. Homer, the Supreme Vice Justice of the order, who returned last night from Indianapolis, consented to the appointment of the receivers.

Another bill for an injunction and receiver was filed to-day in the City Circuit Court against the Iron Hall by W. Burns Trundle, attorney for Peter W. Potts. The bill prays that an injunction may be issued restraining the Iron Hall Savings Bank from collecting any money due it on mortgages and from parting with any of the funds of the order now deposited in its vaults. The bill also prays that a receiver be appointed to take charge of and sell all moneys and assets of the order within the State of Maryland under direction of the court. Judge Dennis signed an order granting a preliminary injunction, at this effect and set August 31 as the day for the order to show cause why the injunction should not be made permanent. A bond of \$10,000 was filed.

A dispatch from Indianapolis says: James F. Falley, of this city, has been named receiver of the Order of Iron Hall. His bond has been filed at \$100,000.

A St. Louis dispatch says: At a meeting here last night 1,500 local members of the Iron Hall adopted a plan to support the Iron Hall, agreeing to pay all assessments and support Chief Justice Somerby. The sensational meeting was the speech of Deputy Supreme Chief Justice Padger. He charged Supreme Chief Justice Somerby, former Accountant Walker with being the men who were endeavoring to wreck the order.

**GO TWEEDY & CO.'S FAILURE.**  
It Forms an Absorbing Topic of Conversation in Philadelphia Circle.  
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 23.—The suspension of the shipping firm of George Tweedy & Co., of London, who are principal operators of the North Atlantic Trident Line of steamships between this port and Rotterdam, Southampton, Bristol and London, was made known here to-day at the Maritime Exchange and was the all-absorbing topic of discussion among shipping men, as the firm was regarded as one of the staunchest in London. The news arrived here in a cablegram received by Captain Milburn, of the British steamship Muncifent, one of the chartered boats running on the line. It was from the owner of the ship, Captain Max G. Jorgensen, who had been told by the firm and instructed him not to allow any of his inward cargo to be discharged until such time as a guarantee payment of the freight was made.

Formerly Captain Milburn received another cablegram confirming the reported suspension. In the afternoon the Philadelphia agents of the line deposited with Brown Bros. cash sufficient to defray the inward freight, and the work of discharging the cargo was begun this evening. The embarrassed firm is well known throughout the shipping world and operates the steamships *Askar*, *Bernis*, *Bidar*, *Chonger*, *Delmar*, *Enskar*, *Gouhar*, *Holkar*, *Jezza*, *Kashgar*, *Kashgar*, *Lasser*, *Minira*, *Orlanda*, and *Fonar*, all vessels of large capacities. For years the firm contracted nearly all the Black Sea trade, and aside from this had a large tonnage in the Mediterranean as well as the Indian line in this city. Embarrassment is probably due to the failure of the Black Sea trade, upon which they depended largely for the maintenance of their vessels, and the shipping men here believe the suspension will be but temporary, as the firm has large resources upon which to draw for support.

**AN ECHO OF A DISASTER.**  
Insurance Companies Refuse to Pay Losses Caused by the Park Place Catastrophe.  
NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—There was an echo of the terrible Park Place catastrophe of a year ago to-day, when 13 attachments were issued against property in this city belonging to as many companies. These companies refuse to pay the claims made against them, setting up the defense that the property was destroyed by fire, and that they were not liable for the loss. The names of the companies and the amount of the attachments are as follows:

Prudential, of Boston, \$1,000; Grand Rapids, of Grand Rapids, Mich., \$1,000; Merchants and Merchants', of Pittsburgh, \$1,000; State Investment and Insurance Company, of San Francisco, \$1,000; United Firemen's, of Philadelphia, \$900; Mechanics', of Philadelphia, \$800; Imperial, of London, \$1,100; City of London, of London, \$1,100; Lion, of London, \$1,000; Fire Association, of Philadelphia, \$1,000; Firemen's Fund, of San Francisco, \$1,000; Springfield, of Springfield, Mass., \$1,000.

In favor of Theodore A. Liebler, Jr., Also the Merchants' Fire and Marine Company, of Detroit, \$1,000; in favor of John E. Lunde.

**MICHIGAN CROPS IMPROVING.**  
Drought Prevails in the Southern Section Where Grains Are Suffering.  
DETROIT, Aug. 23.—As indicated by the crop report of the Michigan Weather and Crop Service issued to-day, the past week has been a favorable one for crops in the northern and central portions, while in the southern section the drought still continues. Harvesting of wheat and oats is progressing in the northern and central portions, and a good crop seems assured. Farmers in some sections are putting the ground in shape for fall sowing.

In the southern section, where the drought prevails, small grains are suffering and pastures are drying up. Potatoes and corn are a very poor crop. If it is not raining soon the crop will be worthless. Early apples are a full crop, and in the western counties fruit of all kinds promises well.

**FASTER TIME TO CLEVELAND.**  
Cleveland Will Be Placed Within About Three Hours of Pittsburgh.  
YOUNGSTOWN, O., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The officials of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie and Nypso held a meeting here to-day for the purpose of arranging for a fast time table for passenger trains running between Cleveland and Pittsburgh.

The completion of the double track to Pittsburgh and the Erie having a double track to Cleveland has caused the officials to decide on decreasing the time of trains, and it is probable that the distance will be covered in a little over three hours, each road only making two or three stops.

**BUSINESS BRIEFINGS.**  
The Government of Uruguay will negotiate a loan of \$2,000,000 in Paris. In addition to the number of Cuban cigar

factories already shut down, those at Bejunal and Santiago de las Vegas suspended work Monday night.

A movement started in New Wilmington, Pa., some time ago looking toward the building of a plant to supply that town with water, culminated last night by the organization of a company.

The Comptroller of the Currency has received an application from Fred Pabst and associates of Milwaukee, Wis., to organize the Wisconsin State Bank of Milwaukee, with a capital of \$1,000,000.

The Northwestern Steamship Association is in session at Galveston to discuss insurance differentials on foreign cotton between Galveston, New Orleans and New York. No conclusion was reached at yesterday's session.

The largest industry in Newark, O., the Newark Star Glass Works, is to be enlarged. Another large tank furnace is to be built. The capital stock of the concern has been raised to \$200,000, \$40,000 of which was taken by Newark citizens. Work on the plant will begin at once, and when finished will give employment to 300 more men.

**RAILWAY INTERESTS.**  
The approximate net earnings of the Baltimore and Ohio Company for July are \$834,312.

It is announced that all the property of New England Terminal has been purchased by the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company for \$3,250,000.

JRQES MASTERSON, of Houston, Tex., has refused to appoint a receiver for the Gulf Railway of Galveston, holding that the receiver should be appointed by the Board of Directors of the company.

The Executive Board of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association will meet at Atlanta, Ga., to-day to consider the application of continuing the Washington treaty in force in view of the fact that it has been denounced of every clause by which any special privileges were conceded to Canadian citizens, and urge the abrogation of the treaty, and the resumption of the Washington treaty, so far as trade and the use of the canals are concerned, and the levying of tolls on United States vessels passing through the Welland Canal, such tolls to be in addition to the usual tolls Canadian vessels are required to pay in the St. Mary's canal.

It was further decided to-day to carry to the notice of the British Government the abridgment of continuing the Washington treaty in force in view of the fact that it has been denounced of every clause by which any special privileges were conceded to Canadian citizens, and urge the abrogation of the treaty, and the resumption of the Washington treaty, so far as trade and the use of the canals are concerned, and the levying of tolls on United States vessels passing through the Welland Canal, such tolls to be in addition to the usual tolls Canadian vessels are required to pay in the St. Mary's canal.

**WALZER G. OAKMAN, of New York,** was appointed receiver of the Illinois and Eastern Company yesterday with bonds fixed at \$100,000. Mr. Oakman will act apart from Foster and Hulsecker, the receivers of the Richmond and Danville, as the company's interests are carefully looked after in the settlement of the affairs of that big corporation.

The people of the State of Illinois, through Attorney General Hunt, yesterday began suit in the United States Circuit Court against the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Railway Company for debt and damages aggregating \$240,000. The action is brought to compel the railroad company to settle its accounts with the State Auditor.

**THE FIRE RECORD.**  
St. Paul, Minn.—Wagoner & Co.'s row of stores burned last night, causing a loss of \$100,000.

Norfolk, Va.—The carriage factory of A. Wrenn & Son, one of the largest in the State, has been partially destroyed by fire. Loss about \$200,000.

Meadow Springs—A fire on the roof of a house occupied by Frederick Cooper, an insurance agent, East End, caused a loss of \$30,000. The fire started at 5:30 last evening. It was extinguished with slight loss.

Zanesville, O.—The South Zanesville Clay Works burned down yesterday, causing a loss of \$5,000. The fire originated from a tar roof over a shed owned by the works. A railroad train carrying the goods was passing over the bridge at the time. A large quantity of tar was stored on the roof. A large quantity of tar was stored on the roof. A large quantity of tar was stored on the roof.

**THE GEOLOGY OF ENGLAND.**  
Huge Glaciers From Scandinavia Landed on the British Isles.  
Pearson's Weekly.

Recent investigation of the geological history of England has brought out into very clear light some of the wonderful scenes of the glacial epoch. Geologists long thought that there were indications in the north of England of two successive invasions of the ice, between which the land had been depressed some 1,500 or 2,000 feet, so that the sea flowed deep above it.

**WILL NOT RETALIATE.**

Canada's Ministers Will Reimburse Its Shippers for Loss Sustained by the New Tolls.

**SUSTAINED BY THE NEW TOLLS.**  
No Additional Tariffs to Be Levied on the Welland Canal.

**THE WASHINGTON TREATY MUST GO**

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—It has been decided that the Government will reimburse the Canadian shippers for this season, any loss they may sustain through the imposition of tolls on freight going to a Canadian port through the St. Mary's Canal. A meeting of the Cabinet was held to-day to discuss the outlook and the probable effect of President Harrison's proclamation on Canadian lake shipping.

A member of the Cabinet stated to-night that no attempt at retaliation will be made in the direction of imposing discriminatory tolls on a merchant vessel passing through the Welland Canal, as has been suggested by some of the Government press.

The Hamilton Spectator, one of the Government organs, urges the repudiation of the Washington treaty, so far as trade and the use of the canals are concerned, and the levying of tolls on United States vessels passing through the Welland Canal, such tolls to be in addition to the usual tolls Canadian vessels are required to pay in the St. Mary's canal.

It was further decided to-day to carry to the notice of the British Government the abridgment of continuing the Washington treaty in force in view of the fact that it has been denounced of every clause by which any special privileges were conceded to Canadian citizens, and urge the abrogation of the treaty, and the resumption of the Washington treaty, so far as trade and the use of the canals are concerned, and the levying of tolls on United States vessels passing through the Welland Canal, such tolls to be in addition to the usual tolls Canadian vessels are required to pay in the St. Mary's canal.

**THE DEVELOPMENT OF FISHERY.**  
It is very interesting to notice the development of the fishery from its original form to the shape it is found in to-day. You will find the Eskimo using a piece of bone with a bent nail stuck through it, the lure being rendered more attractive by the addition of two