On petition of the creditors of the financial

house of C. De Murrieta & Co., Limited, of No. 7 Adams Court, Old Broad street, Lon-

don, a receiving order in bankrupsey was made to-day against the company. No details of the matter have yet transpired. The company has been in difficulty for a long time.

Surr for \$1,000 has been brought in the Cirouit Court at Chicago against the Wm. A. Baeder Glue Company et al, by the Monon-gahela National Bank, of Pittsburg. The

bank claims through their local attorneys, Knight & Browns, that for some reason the Wm. Bacder Gine Company refuses to pay draits or any part thereor athough fre-quently requested to do so. Hence the suit for principal and interest.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Joliet, Ilis.—The Joliet Chemical Works urned yesterday. Loss \$50,000. Aberdeen, S. D.—Fire at Westport yester-

day destroyed two large elevators, the property of Allen. Bagley & Cargill, of Minneapolis. Loss partly covered by insurance. A bolt of lightning was the origin of the fire.

the fire.

Traverse City, Mich.—The loss by last night's fire, which destroyed William Bietner's chair and currain poie factory mill, manufactured stock and pine lumber, is \$55,000: insurance, \$10,000.

St. Paul, Minn.—The handsome residence of John F. Eisenmerger at 1015 Mound street, was entirely destroyed by fire to-day. The house cost \$47,000 and had been newly furnished about a year. The house was insured for \$35,000 and the furniture and effects for \$2,600.

for \$35,000 and the furniture and effects for \$2,500.

Lims, O.—The barn owned by Hamilton Post, situat d on his farm, about four miles from this city, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The contents, consisting of 75 tons of hay, and several wagons were a total loss. Loss \$10,000.

THE LAST DAY TO PAY.

Assessments for the Thirty-third Street

Sewer Broome Delinquent.

Yesterday was the last day for payment

of assessments on the two-mile run, or

Thirty-third street sewer, at the City Treas-

urer's office. As is usual on the last day

for paying any form of city money, hun-

dreds had waited for it, and there was a

rush all day long. There being only one

collection book, only one clerk could wait

on the crowd, and as a result many were kept waiting for hours before they could reach the window to pay their cash. To-day the books will go to the City At-

torney, who will complete the collection.
The total assessment was \$256,454 15, but as only about \$100,000 was collected by the City Treasurer, the bulk of the money will be collected by the City Attorney. It is possible that he will collect for a week or ten

days without charging interest, owing to the large number of persons assessed for this improvement, though that is a matter

of his option. After 60 days he must file

liens on all properties the assessments on which have not been paid.

which have not been paid.

The reassessment on the Thirty-third street sewer talked of recently because of the numerous transfers of property made since the property list was copied has been abandoned. The City Attorney will therefore proceed on the list before long, and while it will involve a great amount of work, the law is so arranged that it will be involved to example.

impossible for anyone benefited to escape

PEOPLE COMING AND GOING.

James W. Grove was a passenger for New York last night.

F. E. Randall and wife, of Cleveland,

and J. R. Stauffer, of Scottdale, are regis tered at the Seventh Avenue Hotel.

Lemuel Bannister, Vice President of the

Auditor of the Treasury, passed through the city last evening bound for Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Vogel, of 46 Onio street, Allegheny, have returned from a two weeks' trip to Atlantic City and other Eastern cities.

Mrs. William Rogers and Miss Lillie Rogers, of Charleroi, and Mrs. S.E. Douglass, of Tidioute, were among the guests at the St. James Hotel yesterday.

George B. Kaine of Uniontown; W. L. Bowlus, commercial agent for the Wabash road at Cleveland, and E. R. Hendry, a glass buyer from Honoiulu, are registered at the Monongahela House.

Colonel John Irwin, of the Pittsburg Transfer station, will leave to-night with his wife and son for an extended eastern trip, going to Boston, Orchard Beach and Taun-ton. The trip will occupy two weeks.

William F. Wetzel left for Carlisle last

night to attend the State conference of the Federation of Labor. He goes as delegate from Typographical Union No. 7, of Pitts-burg. It is the regular annual meeting.

PIERCE McCase was committed to jail yes

court on a charge of larceny by ballee, pre-ferred by G. B. Lott, who alleges that Mc-Cabe stole a wagon from him.

Last night Charles Moore fell asleep at

the Hazelwood depot of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and had his pocket picked of \$35. The police were notified.

THOMAS DELASCO and Thomas Demont were

ooked up for fighting in a Wylie avenue

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.-Captain Evans,

commanding the Alaskan fleet, reports to the Navy Department the seizure of the sealer Winitred for violation of the modus

Last Excursion to Atlantic City

Via the B. & O. railroad, Thursday, August 25, at the popular rate of \$10 the round trip; tickets good for 12 days, and good to stop at Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington returning. Trains leave Pittsburg at 8 a. m. and 9:20 p. m.

vivendi, but gives no parsiculars.

saloon. Demont was cut on the head with a

payment.

Atlantic City last night.

UNION AND HARMONY

Urged Upon the Irish Leaders by the Irish-Americans.

ANALOGY OF THE GREAT STRUGGLE

For Home Rule, the Topic of Ex-Congressman Finerty's Address.

WORKING FOR IRELAND'S FREEDOM

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—One of the greatest gatherings of Irish-Americans ever held in the West assembled to-day at Ogden Grove. The occasion was the announcement that Hon. V. M. Gannon, of Omaha, President of the Irish National League of America, would be present at the annual outing of the Irish societies of Chicago, and the knowledge that in view of the just accomplished accession of Gladstone, and the resulting crisis in the home rule movement the gathering would possess widespread significance. Besides Mr. Gannon, the speak ers were John F. Finerty and Hon. Matthew P. Brady, each of whom was enthusiastically cheered by the huge throng.

The First Regiment Hibernian Liffes, Companies A and B Clan-na-Gael Guards, the Robert Emmett Guards and the numer ous clubs of the Gaelic Athletic Association presented a decidedly martial appearance as they proceeded to McCoy's Hotel at 1 P. M. and escorted the speakers to the big grove where the eager thousands of Irish men, women and children were in waiting.

J. J. Fitzibbons President of the South Chicago National Mank, acted as Chairman. ous clubs of the Gaelie Athletic Association

Resolutions were adopted declaring that if the British Parliament, permeated by the evil spirit of the past, should again dash from Ireland's lips the cup of peace and justice, it should be the duty of all who abhor tyranny and love liberty to consider and use other means to right the intolerable wrongs that have made Ireland a by-word among the nations. The resolutions urge upon the Irish leaders the absolute necessity of union and harmony, applaud the resolve of both sections of the Parliamentary party to act independently of all English parties and repudiate the idea of the acceptance of office under the English Government by Irish members until an Irish Parliament duly invested with sovereign power over the internal interests of Ireland is in session in College Green.

Ex-Congressman Finerty's Speech, The feature of the day was the address of ex-Congressman Finerty, who is President of the United Irish Societies, of Chicago. He drew attention to the remarkable analogy of the home rule struggle to the agitation of the British "reform bill" in 1832, foreshadowing what may soon be expected from across the water. "Mr. Gladstone," said Mr. Finerty, "adroitly refused to believe that the House of Lords would reject the home rule bill when it passed the Commons, but Gladstone knew in his heart that the Upper House would reject it at the Upper House would reject it. as it had rejected all other measures of re-

form, until forced to recede.
"In the case of the celebrated reform bill, after Catholic emancipation was called for Ireland, the people of Great Britain who were assisted by the Irish, led by Daniel O'Connell, demanded an enlargement of the franchise so that they might be rep-resented by men who knew their wants. the Wellington-Peel Tory Government resigned in the fall of 1830, and the Whig administration of Earl Grey and Lord John Russell took its place. Russell's first reform bill was ordered to a second reading by the nominal materity of one vote. After by the nominal materity of one vote. After by the nominal majority of one vote. After some efforts at amendment, in order to secure a larger majority, the Whig ministry ordered a dissolution. The elections went greatly in their favor, and they returned to the House with a majority of 113, which, of course, passed the reform bill. The Lords, as was anticipated, threw it out by a major ity of 41. The reformers, however, persevered, and on the refusal of William IV. to permit the creation of enough Liberal peers to carry the measure in the Lords, the Min-

istry at once resigned.

Recalling Similar Liberal Attemp's, "Popular indignation rose to such a pitch that William was threatened on his throne. and Lord John Russell went so far as to permit his secretary to sound Sir Charles Napier, commanding the royal forces in the North of England, as to whether he would, if the emergency arose, march on London and overawe the throne and the House of Lords. Napier indignantly spurned the overture, and afterward, when Russell was Premier, in 1848, used the treasonable letter for the purpose of saving the lives of William Smith O'Brien and his comrades, sentenced to be hanged drawn and quartered for rebellion, in which he was suc-

"However, William IV. became greatly frightened, begged the Ministers to with draw their resignations, and gave them the power to create as many new Lords as they saw fit, in order to outvote the old ones, and on June 7, 1832, the "Reform" bill received the royal sanction and became the w of the land. It is by no means improba ble that the struggle for home rule will be carried out on nearly the same lines and with the same final degree of success, notwithstanding a strong majority of the Lords and the stubborn Queen, who inherits the prejudices of her grandfather, George III., are bitterly opposed to the bill."

Continuing, Mr. Finerty said: "The members of the Irish party, no matter to what section they belong, cannot accept any home rule bill that would fail to give Ireland the control of the judiciary, the police and the revenues of the country. The con-trol of the militia should be included in it if possible. A judiciary nominated by England would be a constant menace to justice in Ireland. A police controlled by London instead of Dublin would be as they are to-day—only a formidable portion of the English garrison.

Must Have Control of the Revenues. "Without control of the revenues it would be impossible for an Irish Government to maintain itself independently. The militis should be organized on the principle of the American States, but, owing to the recent change of organization in the British army, the Irish militia force has become pract cally a portion of the regular establishment the battalions being virtually incorporated with those of the line. But the control of the police and judiciary is more vital under existing conditions than the control of the militia, although both the Canadians and Australians are allowed to control their own military forces.
If the three cardinal points he stated were not guaranteed in the bill, he failed to see how the Irish members of the Home Rule party could conscientiously accept it. Any lack of vital perfection in the bill at the outset might be fatal to Irish self-govern-

ment at a later period.

"As to the retention of the Irish members at Westminster, it would be much better not to have them there at all, because their presence in London would tend to make the Dublin Legislature a secondary body-a mere animated state of English Parliament. But if there was no way out of it, if the home rule bill cannot pass without some such unfortunate concession, the Irish should insist on their full present represenwere termed 'imperial concessions,'

He was glad to observe that Mr. John Dillon, Mr. John Redmond and other influential members had already expressed themselves strongly to that effect.

Ulster's Threatened Resistance. In referring to the threatened resistance of Ulster to a home rule government Mr. Finerty said, that in spite of the Marquis of Abereorn and Major Saunderson, the Pro-testants of Ulster, who were excellent business men, would speedily recognize that the work of the local Irish Legislatures could be much more efficiently and cheaply per-formed in Dublin than in London. As for fighting, the very idea was preposterous.

They would have about as much chance of victory in fighting the English and Irish Parliaments as Rhode Island or Delaware pocket was picked.

would have if either were insane enough to attempt to fight the rest of the Union. The practical good of a majority of the Irish Protestants would speedily put down any attempt at such a mad demonstration.

"It would be a graceful act," the speaker said, "for Mr. Gladstone on his return to office to grant amnesty to the men accused of political crimes of violence, now imprisoned in English and Irish penitentiaries. Even if they were guilty, as tiaries. Even if they were guilty, as charged, Mr. Gladstone should remember charged, Mr. Gladstone should remember that they were only engaged in ringing that celebrated 'chapel bell' of his, which called, in very vigorous lashion, his attention to the intolerable grievances under which Ireland labored at the time when the alleged attempts at crime were made. According to Gladstone's own statement it was the desperate acts of these men that drew his attention to Ireland's grievance.

American-Irish Faithful Friend . "One day of elemency would have more good effect on the Irish heart, home and abroad, than a hundred years of severity. If the crimes charged against these men had the effect of helping to make Gladstone Ire-land's powerful ally, the aged statesman should not be too hard on the apostles who converted him to the faith of human lib-

In conclusion, Mr. Finerty, referring to the two factions in the Irish Parliamentary party, said that from the great meeting which he had the honor to address, and is the name of the United Irish societies of Chicago, over which he had the honor to preside, a mighty cry for union would go forth to their brethren in Ireland, and everywhere beneath the sun. The Amerithe past, and they were willing to do so again, but they firmly and emphatically demanded union. There should be mutual concessions, and men who were recognized as leaders among their countrymen should think less of their own ambitions and hear the burnings and more of the interests of

their common country. Should it be necessary again to dissolve Parliament, in order to force the home rule bill through the House of Lords, he had no doubt that the Irish settled in the American Republic, and in other lands as well, would give millions of dollars to a united Irish party in order to maintain the struggle and accomplish the victory. He hoped they all might live to congratulate Ireland on her freedom nobly recognized, after generations of sacrifice and of suffering such as no other nation had endured, and to hail her old green flag flying proudly above her rehabilitated Senate house, soon to be dedicated to the perfection and the maintenance of her legislative independence. legislative independence.

President Gannon on the League.

President Gannon, of the Irish National President Gannon, of the Irish National League, was given an extraordinary ova-tion. He spoke with even more than his usual earnest eloquence. Referring to Gladstone's return to power, pledged to carry out the great reforms for which Par-nell organized the Irish people, Mr. Gannon said: "What is our duty toward this condition of affairs? Plainly to accept it as far as it goes and as for six years the Irish people under appalling circumstances and goaded by petty Tory malice have implicitly trusted to the promises of the Grand Old Man to continue to give our brethren that moral and material support which heretofore has contributed support which heretolore has contributed so largely to the success of the movement. I may tell you confidently that the peace mission, so much derided in certain quarters, has been largely instrumental in bringing about that unity which hurled Salisbury from power by a united Irish vote. "Eleven years ago in McCormick Hall I

endeavored to answer the question, 'What does the Land League mean?' and said it means a Parliament in College Green with means a Parliament in College Green with the flag of an Irish republic floating from the central dome and citizen soldiery prepared and able to defend it. We are to have the Parliament and for the rest in the language of Parnell, 'No man can place a limit to the march of a nation.' This angered John Bright at the time, but despite all that has been said I fully expect Ireland to give an exhibition of religious tolerance the like of which the world has not yet witnessed." Mr. Gannon then traced the work of his predecessors in office and closed with a fervid peroration. He was wildly cheered by his immense audience. About 15,000

HIS LICENSE DIDN'T GO.

Duquesne Officials Lock an Old War Veteran in a Close, Narrow Cell-They Refuse to Recognize an Official Court

Patrick Fisher, a war veteran over 68 years of age, was arrested at Duquesne and sentenced to spend 48 hours in the village lockup for peddling without a license after exhibiting a license issued to him by the Court of Quarter Sessions. He served 24 hours in a close, tight room, scarce large enough to move about in, without proper

Mr. Fisher, when seen at his home at No. 121 Elm street last night, was greatly in-censed at the treatment he had received at Duquesne, and declared he would take the matter into the courts. "It is the first time fin my experience in peddling about the State," said he, "that my license has not been recognized, and I intend to see if a court license may be trifled with."

He then drew our a license issued September 7, 1885, by Judge Ewing. The document was torn and ragged, but it entitled him to peddle throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as an honorably discharged soldier who had been disabled in "I was in Duquesne last Friday selling

"I was in Duquesne last Friday selling watermelons," said Fisher, "and was upon the point of leaving the village when Chief of Police McBride ordered me to get out of town. I showed him my license, but he said that didn't make any difference with him or the law in Duquesne. I returned Saturday afternoon and was placed under arrest, notwithstanding my license, and I was sentenced to 48 hours in the lockup, and when I protested they said I was using some other man's license. A friend succeeded in getting my release the next evening, but not until I had been three 24 hours. The lockup was too small to move about in and I was not attended to at all. I intend to bring the matter into court.'

HOME FROM EUROPE

Major Montooth Returns From a Few Weeks' Tour on the Continent.

Major E. A. Montooth just returned last light from a two months' tour of Europe. Immediately upon his arrival in the city he repaired to his home on Fulton street. After partaking of a hearty luncheon he went to his apartments and was soon lost in

Mr. Montooth left Pittsburg early in June with O. P. Scaife, Jr. They took passage on board the City of Chicago and were wrecked off the coast of Ireland. The Major reached the shore in safety with the others, and after recovering from his misadventure went to London where he remained three weeks. He also visited all the prominent cities in Ireland and Scot-land and spent a portion of his time in Paris.

A call at the residence of Mr. Montooth last evening found him in bed. His sister volunteered the information that her brother spent a delightful time while abroad. "This is his second trip to Europe," continued Miss Montooth, "but upon the first one he did not have sufficient time to vicit all the places of interest. time to visit all the places of interest. He will be at his office to-morrow."

Lost Three \$100 Bills,

Mrs. Zelph Collins, of Rebecca street, Allegheny, reported to the police last even ing that she had lost a pocketbook, containing \$300, in a Rebecca street car, somewhere between Liberty avenue, Pittsburg, and the Allegheny end of the Federal street bridge. She had just drawn the money, in three \$100 bills, from the Dollar Savings Bank. The police believe that she

N. G. P. BOYCOTT

Urged by the State Federation of Labor and a Jersey

RAP AT THE CARNEGIE COMPANY.

Lancaster Puddlers and Ilmira Iron Workers Accept a Cut.

WHAT AGITATES VARIOUS WORKERS

CHESTER, PA., Aug. 15 .- The meeting of the State Federation of Labor was held here to-day, with Charles A. Miller, of Typographical Union No. 14, of Harrisburg, presiding. After a speech of welcome by the Mayor of Chester, resolutions were passed recommending that organized and unorganized labor refrain from connecting themselves with the National Guard, and that those so connected sever their connection; that the sympathy of the Federation

be extended to the Homstead strikers.

The resolutions also denounced the Carnegie Company as unscrupulous tyrants refusing to treat with locked-out employes; approving the boycott against Olelinger Bros. cigars until the firm agrees to a fair and just settlement with its employes.

Other resolutions were introduced to be submitted for approval by a two-thirds vote of all affiliated organizations providing for a legislative committee of three to further legislation in the following directions: To protect union labels and trade marks against infringement, counterfeiting or imitation; to have the conspiracy laws of the State so modified as to protect the laboring classes as well as capital; to prevent the introduction of Pinkertons. After the ap-pointment of numerous committees the convention adjourned until to-morrow morning.

CARNEGIE CONDEMNED.

New Jersey's Federation of Trades and La bor Union Congress Passes Resolutions Baming the Company for the Recent Troubles-Suggestions for Legislative Enactment.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 15 .- The New Jersey Federation of Trades and Labor Union held their annual meeting here today at the State Capitol. The delegates were welcomed in a speech by Mayor Bechtel. Samuel Meller, Jr., the President, made a lengthy address. He said the law creating the Saturday half-holiday was as constitutional as nine-tenths of the laws enseted. It should not be repealed, but perfected. He condemned the recent partisan legislation and the act which gives mayors the power to appoint municipal commissions. The Legislature was bitterly commissions. The Legislature was bitterly criticised for passing the bill legalizing the great coal combine and the President added "that any representative who so far forgot his constituents as to support a measure of that character should be relegated back to private life, no matter with which party he may be affiliated."

A long resolution was passed condemning the Caraccia mills proprietors for the

the Carnegie mills proprietors for the trouble at Homestead with their employes, "the joint creators of their mills." It was also resolved "that this Congress urges the workmen of New Jersey to avoid all strikes so long as the trouble at Homestead lasts and to give immediate pecuniary aid."

The congress adopted the following, suggested by J. P. McDonald:

gested by J. P. McDonald:

The passing of a law making eight hours a legal day's work for State, county and city officials; that the minutes of the State Legislature be printed weekly during the session; an investigation of the sweating system; to prepare a law favoring compulsory arbitration; the preservation of a lien law for the special protection of wage workers; favoring a printing office to be conducted by the State; that homesteads valued at less than \$1,000 should be exempt from taxation, and that public works for the unemployed should be established; the passage of a bill that prosecuting attorneys shall sue on demand to recover money due for wages without cost to the plaintiff.

The convention elected the following

The convention elected the following officers: Thomas McGovern, President; Samuel Meller, Treasurer; E. J. Meare, Secretary; E. Pries and L. Reed, Vice

AN AMALGAMATED LAY-DOWN. The Association Calls Off a Strike of Over Two Years at Elmira,

ELMIRA, N. Y., Aug. 15 .- [Special.]-The strike in the mills of the Elmira Iron and Steel Rolling Mill was declared off to-day, after having been in force two years and two months. It was an unconditional surrender on the part of the Amalgamated Association. The mills are now in charge of L. D. Dixey & Co. They agree to pay the prevailing scale of wages and to give all the old men work. They do not recognize the Amalgamated Association, and the agreement is a verbal one made between the lessees of the mill and

the men personally.

The latter held off for months on the question of having their association recog-nized, but had to be content without it. About 200 non-union men are now working the mill and will be retained.

DISCHARGED FOR COLOR BLINDWESS.

Trouble Brewing for Michigan Railro Unless Engineers Are Reinstated. KALAMAZOO, MICH., Aug. 15.-During two weeks past, four Grand Rapids and Indiana engineers have been discharged for alleged color blindness. The men are among the oldest in the employ of the com pany, and two of them had their eyes tested by experts.

It was found to be better than the average. The men have asked to be returned to their positions, and it is understood the officials will not accept them. Brotherhood men here say that unless the men are reinstated trouble will follow. The trainmen's unions will support the Brotherhood, and the matter is being looked forward to with

PUDDLERS GO TO WORK.

They Accept a Reduction and the Lancas ter Works Start Up.

LANCASTER, PA., Aug. 15.-The Sus quehanna Iron Company and the Columbia Iron Company started work to-day after six weeks' suspension. The puddlers accepted a reduction of from \$4 to \$3 65 per ton. About 600 men are employed at the

Indianapolis Machinists Outt

Indianapolis, Aug. 15.—The 30 ma chinists employed by the Jenny Electric works, of this city, went on strike at noon to-day. A union man who refused to work on a piece that had gone through a nonunion man's hands was discharged, where upon the other machinists were called out.

Buffalo Tug Firemen Strike.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 15.-The firemer

employed on the tugs in Buffalo harbor

struck this afternoon for an advance in wages from \$35 to \$50 per month. They have no union organization. The tug owners will not concede the demand.

Indiana Switchmen Want an Increase Indianapolis, Aug. 15 .- The switchmen employed by the various "Big Four" lines passing through this city to-day made a formal request for an increase in wages to those paid in Chicago, the highest in the country. The request was taken under consideration by the road managers.

Iron Works to Increase Its Force. Porrstown, Pa., Aug. 15,-Owing to the very general improvement in the iron | Ce metery.

market, the steel works at Stowe, near Pottstown, will increase its force of oper-atives several hundred men and run on louble time beginning August 24.

NO TROUBLE HERE.

Railroad Men Do Not Think the Buffalo

Strike Will Affect Pittsburg. Local railroad officials are not paying nuch attention to the switchmen's strike in Buffalo, Superintendent McCargo, of the Allegheny Valley, does not think that the strike will reach his line or interfere with the handling of freight and passenger business at the other end of the road. He says the wages of the men were arranged a year

ago, and they are satisfied.
At the Lake Eric office Superintendent
Beach said the Vanderbilt lines are not affected, and the strike will not injure their business. He is airsid the men will tie up the Mahoning branch of the Nypano, which would embarrass Lake Erie shipments.

would embarrass Lake Erie shipments.

John Downey, First Vice Grand Master of the Switchmen, left for the West yesterday. He thought the trouble would be settled, but if non-union men are hired in the Lehigh Valley yards a sympathy strike would follow on the Allegheny Valley and Vanderbilt lines. The Switchmen are not war to be stranger in Pittshura but the Bestand very strong in Pittsburg, but the Brother-hood of Trainmen is well organized. The opinion of the men here is that they will take no notice of the Buffalo trouble, neither will they refuse to handle freight from that city if non-union men are hired. Robert Sinnamond says the Brotherhood of Trainmen have not been asked to decline to handle Carnegie products. Such a request has been made to the engineers.

CRITICISED THE COMMITTEE.

Sixth District Finishers Talk Over the 10 Per Cent Beduction Given Them, Youngstown, O., Aug. 15 .- [Special.]-The finishers of the Sixth district of the Amalgamated Association held a big meet-

ing here this afternoon to talk about the 10 per cent reduction given them by the Pittsburg conference.

W. K. Chapman and George Gassman, members of the Conference Committee, were called upon and explained how the different departments would be affected by the reduction, and then followed a general discussion which is said to have been harmonious, al-though in the opinions expressed the Con-ference Committee was criticised. No action

Scale Situation at Cleveland. CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 15 .- The Union Rolling Mill Company, employing 500 men, signed the Amalgamated Association scale on Saturday and resumed operations to-day The Lake Erie Iron Company refuse to sign the scale, but offer to sign a contract em-bodying the rate of wages demanded.

CRAZED BY ANARCHY.

John Bradburn, of Chicago, Goes Insane Thinking About the Government Destroyers-Parades in a Red Sash and Disturbs Solemn Services in a Church. John Bradburn, of Chicago, has been razed by Anarchistic ideas and is now in the Nineteenth ward police station awaiting his removal to a hospital for the

insane. Up to three years ago Bradburn was a resident of the East End. He resided with his sister, Mrs. Mary Schusler, on Apple avenue. About that time it was noticed that Bradburn's actions were very peculiar, and shortly after he left for Chicago where his brother, William Bradburn, a cattle dealer, lived. He has since visited his relatives here off and on, having been engaged in shipping cattle to New York, but never

remained long with them.

About a year ago Mrs. Schusler received word that he had pointed a revolver at his brother in Chicago and threatened to shoot him. Bradburn turned up shortly after this at his sister's house and explained the episode by saying that he only meant it as a bluff. He went into all the details of the matter, stating how he had threatened to shoot his brother just to scare him. Two weeks ago Bradburn again paid a visit to his sister. Shortly after he arrived

he showed signs of mental weakness and was continually talking about Anarchistic societies. Saturday while his sister was out he rigged himself out in a broad red sash, and without any shirt or shoes started to parade the streets, waving a red flug. He returned home and stretched himself out on a sofa, where his sister found him asleep when she returned. She could hardly believe the story that was told her, but the arrival of two policemen, who verified the statements, banished all doubt from her mind. His sister watched him closely all night long from her window. At intervals he went out into the yard and commenced to whittle wood, seeming very nervous. On Sunday morning he managed to get away dressed as he was be-fore. About 11 o'clock, during the most impressive service, which was being con-ducted by the Rev. Father Kane, Bradburn came running up the aisle shouting at the top of his voice. In an instant the entire ngregation was thrown into the wildest excitement and a rush was made for the door. After going up to the altar he dis-appeared almost as suddenly as he came in through the door that leads in to the priest, study. Once in there he was finally captured. He was barefooted and only wore a pair of trousers. The rest of his apparel he had taken off at the front door and had tossed it into the street. Bradburn was finally taken home and a watch was put on him. He escaped again, however, yesterday morning while the man who watched him slept. Officers went after him and found him at the church in the same condition as before. He was taken to the Nineteenth ward police station where his sister sent all things necessary to make him

"I want to have him placed in some institution where he will have the best of care," said Mrs. Schusler to a DISPATCH reporter. said Mrs. Schusler to a DISPATCH reporter.

"He seems to be completely crazed upon the subject of Anarchy. The articles in the papers the other morning denouncing them, excited him very much. He has never been violent. The only time he ever attempted to do any harm was in Chicago, when he pointed the revolver at his brother. He told me he did this just in fun. I will try to get him in St. Francis Hospital. I will try to get him in St. Francis Hospital

BROTHERS FIGHT FOR WHISKY.

One Dead and the Other Injured to That He May Not Survive.

SPRINGFIELD, Aug. 15 .- Yesterday a quarrel between two brothers named Leighton and Joshua Allen, two miles west of here, over the possession of a key to a trunk containing a bottle of whisky, resulted in a shooting affray in which Leighton shot Joshua in the lower part of the face, inflict-ing a wound from which he will probably not recover.

Leighton then placed the revolver to his own head and fired, inflicting a wound from which he died after remaining unconscious for five hours.

WITH MILITARY HONORS.

The Remains of Captain Murdock, of Sewickley, to Be Interred by Militin.

A military funeral will be given the body of the late Captain Jas. H. Murdock, who died Sunday at his home in Sewickley. This morning six Sergeants from the Fifteenth Regiment, as pall bearers, a firing squad and escort from the same regiment, General Wiley and staff will go to Sewick-ley and accompany the body to Wellsville, O., where it will be interred with military

DIED. COFFIN-On Monday, at 5:30 P. M., Dr. John D. Coppin, in the 84th year of her age Funeral services at his late residence, No. 1813 Seventh avenue, Beaver Falls, Pa., on Whidnesday, August 17, at 10 o'clock a. M. Interment private at a late hour in the Beaver

THE BUSINESS WORLD.

Gold Coin Paid Out of the Sub-Treasury for Silver Notes.

ALL OBLIGATIONS WILL BE MET

By the Government, Which Has a Furplus of the Yellow Metal.

FIRES. FAILURES AND RAIL INTERESTS

NEW YORK, Aug. 15 .- A crucial test of the policy of the Government was made to-day when Heidelbach, Yeckelheimer & Co. tendered \$1,000,000 in treasury notes, which were issued on account of silver purchases, and demanded for them one million in gold for shipment to Germany by to-morrow's steamer. The Treasury officials made no demurrer but paid out the million gold in exchange for the Treasury notes, and the gold was carted away and put on the steamer.

The transaction excited some comment, as no home institution or home banking firm has ever in the history of the Govern-

firm has ever in the history of the Government made a like demand on the Tressury, and in some quarters an impression prevailed that the exporting firm took this step not so much to take the profit on the shipment, which in itself is too insignificant for a banking firm to consider, but really for the purpose of foreing a crisis.

Assistant Treasurer Roberts was at the sub-Treasury while the gold for Germany was being carted away. He admitted that it was the first time such a demand was made, although gold has heretofore been given partly for old and partly for new Treasury notes. He said in reply to questions: "No steps have been taken by the administration to prevent or obstruct the administration to prevent or obstruct the export of gold. Its free gold balance now amounts to \$112,000,000."

By this statement of Treasurer Roberts it decided on a plan to pay all the silver Treasury notes in gold if it is demanded. Vice President Cannon, of the Fourth National Bank, said he did not think that the gold surplus would be reduced at present, but that it would be increased instead, as the Treasury is now receiving gold from the Eastern banks for transhipment to the West and the West is paying out currency on account of these shipments. By this step last year the Government increased its gold holdings \$14,000,000.

A JAY GOULD LINE IN COURT.

Suit Brought by a Kansas City Man to Re

cover on Breach of Contract, KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 15. - Jay Gould may not gain coutrol of the Kansas City, Wyandotte and Northwestern road, at least not until a suit filed this afternoon in the District Court, at Wyangotte county, Kansas, is settled. It has been generally thought he had the road practically in his possession, but it has not been formally turned

over to him. over to him.

The suit is brought by E. S. W. Drought, of Kansas City, Kansas, against the Northwestern Construction Company, to recover \$350,000 damages breach of contract. The company built the road and has it on its hands. A few months since the company by suit compelled Jay Gould to co with a contract made by him with the com-pany to take \$500,000 worth of construction bonds of the road. Drought was largely instrumental in the construction of the road. The suit attaches the property of the construction company and ties up the money belonging to it.

RICHMOND TERMINAL PROPERTY.

The Receiver Files His Inventory and Re port in the U. S. Court,

NEW YORK, Aug. 15 .- W. G. Oakman was appointed receiver of the Richmond and West Point Terminal Railway and Warehouse Company on June 22, filed his inventory and report to-day in the United States Circuit Court. The report gives in detail the disposition of the various stocks and bonds held as security on the several mortgages and bonds, and concludes with a recapitulation of the assets of the corpora-tion that actually came into the hands of

the receiver. They are as follows: Stocks and bonds actually in the hands of the receiver, \$7,484,869 77; other paid up stocks, \$2,423,-975; real estate, outstanding accounts, etc. and share in office furniture at office in this city, \$1,505,953 72. Total, \$11,415,748 49. Receipts and expenditures from June 22 to July 30 inclusive, \$20,985 34; disbursements, \$1,333 42, leaving a balance on hand August 1 of \$19,657 92.

RIGHT MILLION-DOLLAR MORTGAGE.

The Wheeling and Lake Erie R. R. Gives It to the New York Central Trust Co. NORWALK, O., Aug. 15.-The largest mortgage ever placed on file in this county has been filed in the Recorder's office and in every county in the State through the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railway. consolidated mortgages of \$8,000,000, given by the Wheeling and Lake Eric Railroad

to the Central Trust Company of New York. The bonds are issued for the purpose laying additional tracks and increasing machinery, rolling stock, building depots, making improvements, and paying its unfunded debts and redeeming its bonds, and for any purpose authorized by law. The bonds are of the demonination of \$1,000 each, payable in gold at the rate of 5 per cent per annum. The mortgage is upon 250 2-10 miles of railway from Toledo to Martin's Ferry, from Norwalk to Huron, and from Portland to Steubenville.

RAILWAY INTERESTS.

EASTROUND shipments of freight from Chicago last week, by all lines, amounted to 47,395 tons, against 52,745 for the preceding week, a decrease of 5,379 tons and against 47,675 for the corresponding week last year, a decrease of 809 tons.

THE Maple Leaf wants to get into the Union Depot at Kaneas City. It is claimed that the company, in case it be denied entrance to the depot, will make a \$1 round trip from Chicago, and hold it there until the other roads are icroed to come to its as-sistance and help it to get an entrance.

THROUGH shipments of flour, grain and pro-visions from Chicago to the scaboard by the roads in the Central Traffic Association amounted during the week to 15,950 tons, against 20,377 for the preceding week, a decrease of 4,427 tons, and against 18,160 for the corresponding week last year, a decrease of

CHAIRMAN CALDWELL, of the Western Pas senger Association, handed down his decison to-day on the application of the Atchison Company for authority to make a round trip rate of \$5 between Chicago and Kansas City on the occasion of the Knights of Pythias encampment at the latter place. The chairman grants the authority asked. S. O. Woods, civil engineer of Los Angeles, Col., is in San Francisco on his way to Cart gena, United States of Colombia, where he gens, onthe States of Colonias, which are goes as consulting engineer in the construc-tion of a line of railroad from Cartagena to Magadela, a distance o. 150 miles. The com-pany by which he is employed is composed of lioston capitains, and the road is pro-jected as a feeder for the Nicaraguan Canal.

A WEALTHY syndicate was recently formed for the purpose of building railroads in Idaho, and is already making preparations to construct a broad gauge road from Weiser, on the Oregon Short Line, Union Pacific system, to the Seven Devils mining region, a distance of 90 miles. Later the road will be extended to Lewiston. It is thought the Union Pacific is the controlling spirit of the syndicate.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

THE property of C. H. Abbott & Co., proprietors of the factories in Chelsea and South Royalton, Vt., has been attached. Liabilities unknown.

YESTERDAY morning at Chambers, Tenn.,

KNIGHTS COMING IN. United States Court Judge Howell E. Jack-United States Court Judge Howell E. Jackson refused to appoint a receiver for the Cardiff Coal and Iron Company, of Chattanooga and Hamilton county.

CANADA's sheep trade with Great Britain has been a failure this season. Shippers have sustained heavy losses and are now dropping out of the market altogether, so the season is practically over. The shipments to date amount to 14,763 sheep, against 25,739 for the same period last year.

On petition of the creditors of the financial

Mayor Gourley Will Welcome the Pythias Members This Morning.

BIG CONTEST FOR INNER GUARD.

Headquarters Opened and Candidates Doing Some Lively Work.

J. J. DAVIS NEXT GRAND CHANCELLOR

The Knights of Pythias will own the town during their stay here. The annual meeting of the Grand Lodge will begin this morning in the Grand Opera House, and by 10 o'clock fully 500 delegates are expected to be present. Most of the officers arrived yesterday, and members came in on all the late trains. The reception committee, consisting of 100 members, was kept busy going to the depots and receiving visitors. The committee held a meeting at the Monongahela House last night and made arrangements to be at the various stations this morning to welcome the Uniformed Rank.

A number of business houses have been decorated with flags, and the words "Welcome Knights" can be seen almost anvwhere along the streets. The headquarters will be at the Monongahela House, and the lobby of the hotel is looking very gay with its garb of red, white and blue. The Central Hotel is most elaborately decorated inside and out.

A Brave Display of Bunting.

Flags wave from every window, and a fine banner of the famous Inland City diviston from Lancaster is stretched across the street. Lancaster will furnish 100 men with a band of 25 pieces, and they will all with a band of 25 pieces, and they will all be located at the Central. The officers expect 5,000 members, and while the hotels will be jammed all the visitors will be cared for. The Lancaster people will come in this morning. Delegations are headed this way from New York, Ohio, West Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania, and by to-night they will all be here ready for the parade to-morrow afternoon.

Among the grand officers in the city are

Among the grand officers in the city are Grand Chancellor Buckman, Grand Prelate J. M. Stratton, Grand Inner Guard C. G. Freed, George Hawkes, Keeper of Records and Seals, Julius Mountney, Oscar Kline and Smith D. Cozens, Supreme Representa-tives. The Grand Vice Chancellor is J. J. Davis, and the Grand Master-at-Arms R. H. Jackson, of Pittsburg. Nearly all the other officers hail from Philadelphia. The meeting in the Opera House will

open this morning with an address of wel-come from Mayor Gourley. R. H. Jack-son will speak for the lodges of Allegheny county, and Grand Chancellor Buckman will respond. The morning session will be taken up with speech making. Where There Is a Lively Contest, In the afternoon the election of the Grand Inner Guard will occur. There is a tremendous contest for the place, The leading candidate is considered to be Dr.

Donnell, of Scrantou. He has opened headquarters in the Seventh Avenue Hotel, and is prepared to do some hustling. Other candidates are J. N. Anderson, Tioga county; William Sellers, Allegheny, and last, but not least, comes Colonel Sewell, of Scottdale, The election is determined by a majority The election is determined by a majority vote of the lodges, and there are 4,000 in the State, so that a candidate must have 2,001 to win. Should nobody have a majority, the election is then decided by a vote of the delegates on the floor. It is difficult to say who will win, for all the candidates

C. F. Heyman, of Wheeling, put up at the Schlosser last night. are working hard.
The result of the other elections which Harry Williams and his family left for have been held was announced yesterday. J. J. Davis, Assistant City Controller, is Sergeant Binger left for the Jefferson Barracks last night with four recruits. the new Grand Chancellor; John Stratton, the new Grand Chancellor; John Stratton, Grand Vice Chancellor; R. H. Jackson, Grand Prelate; C. G. Freed, Grand Master-at-Arms; George Hawkes, Keeper of Rec-ords and Seals; Julius Mountney, Grand Master of the Exchequer, and the Grand Trustees are Messra. Beebe, Hart and Love. F. M. Magee and George McFarland are making a brief visit to Mt. Clemens, Mich. C. A. Gast, assistant editor of the Lancasing News, was in the city yesterday. Archie McKenzie, advance man for the

"Struggle of Life" Company, is at the St. Charles. Some Staff Appointments. Coroner Heber McDowell, marshal of the C. A. Morris, of Tyrone, and Walter Lowther and E. N. Gillespie, of Freeport, are stopping at the Anderson. second division of the Knights of Pythias second division of the Knights of Pythias parade to-morrow, announced his staff ap-pointments yesterday. They are: Chief of Staff, William Angloch; Assistant Chief of Staff, Harry Peterson; Assistant Adjutant, W. H. Hahn; Color Bearer, James Mo-Ateer; Aides, A. K. Williamson, Joseph Van Uilem, Meyer Silverberg, William A. Eichleay, Louis Schirainer, H. A. Hoffman, S. D. Barrows, Ashira F. Westinghouse Electric Company, left for Chicago on the limited last evening. Rev. Dr. Alien, of the Presbyterian Board of Missions for Freedmen, is lying very low at his residence in Shadyside. S. P. Barrows, Thomas Asbury, F. A. Spink, M. Kober, R. S. McDowell, Jasper A. Wolfe, A. Pearlstein, Ed. Huling, W. S. Duff, Thomas Carson, William Lang, L. LeRoy, S. P. Clayburg, C. H. Kramer, Mott Steel, Morris Rosenthal Garage, Trans. M. J. Price, Laborated March 1988, 198 Stewart Hamilton, the day turnkey in the Allegheny lockup, and family have gone to the mountains for a ten days' vacation. T. B. Coulter, of Steubenville, Sixth thal, George Tann. M. J. Price, John Bercham, Frank X. Burns, E. J. Mc-Laughlin, Charles H. Breoning, Richard Nolan, E. J. Shinn, A. Bernstein, R. M. Vance, J. C. Sturtz, Louis Smith, Charles W. Meyer, F. M. Williams, W. D. Houghtelin, George W. Gibson, Dr. W. T. Morgan, W. J. Knox, W. M. Canfield, Oswald Heckman, Joseph Holland, George

> Might Be Dangerous at Large. Frank Sheehan, who was arrested Sunday on suspicion of being a partner of Shea, the Southside burglar, will probably be sent to the Reform Farm, as no direct evidence against him was given at last night's hear-ing before Alderman Succop.

DON'T DOSE THE BABY.

When She Is Sick It Is Usually From Want of Proper Diet and Better Food Is

John T. Dravo, Customs Surveyor, and his family will visit the Mt. Sewickley camp, Leetsdale, for the next two weeks. Mr. Dravo's daugnter, Mrs. McCreery, of Washington City, is making a visit to her family. Necressary. In Fort Ann. N. Y., there is a flourishing bit of sabyhood with bright cheeks, fat and round as one of Blake's dream-children, who owes her health and happiness, like thousands of other children in terday by Alderman Means for a trial at



people believed that if baby was sick baby needed a dose of medicine. People have begun to learn that medicines for infants are more sparingfamilies than in any

others, and that the aver-

FRANCES FARR. age physician, when the mother's milk, for any reason, is not quite sufficient, brings up his own children upon lactated food.

Mrs. Lucy D. Farr, the mother of the pretty baby whose likeness is here given, writes for pa "Lactated food is everything that it is recom-

mended to be. My little girl Frances was fed on it from ave months old. She was a very delicate baby, but as soon as she was put on the food she thrived wonderfully and now has very hard flesh, though, in addition to teething, she has had scarlet fever, whooping cough and la grippe. My physician says, of all the foods, instated food is the best."

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

